$$\lambda = \frac{\text{KUNDEN}}{\text{STD}} = \frac{20 \text{ kVNDEN}}{\text{STD}}$$

$$P(X=25) = \frac{20^{25} \cdot e^{20}}{25!} \sim 4'46'.$$

16. Vaniante. was ist die W. dafür, dass genau 10 Kunden in einem bestimmten Interval von 15 Minuten Kommen?

$$\lambda: 20 \text{ KUNDEN} - 60 \text{ MiN}$$
 $\lambda^*: 20 \text{ KUNDEN} - 60 \text{ MiN}$
 $4 (20)0 - 20 - 4 = 15 \text{ Min}$
 $P(X = 10) = 4 - 181 / 101$

2. Freignis = tocherverlang 1=3 Bricher

$$P(x=0) = \frac{c \cdot \lambda}{x!} = \frac{e \cdot 3}{0!} = 498.$$

 $P(x=0) = \frac{e^{-3}}{x!} = \frac{e^{-3}}{0!} = 498.$ 25. Was is + die W. dafur, dass mindestens 2 Streher in 3 Tagen Verhauft werden?

$$P(X > 2) = 1 - P(X < 2) = 1 - [P(X = 0) + P(X = 1)] = 1 - [e^{-9} = 0] + e^{-9} = 1 - [2^{1}3^{1}] = 1 - [$$

3.
$$\lambda = 5$$
 Annule — 1 Std $\frac{1}{2}$
 $\lambda^* = \frac{5}{2}$ Arrule — $\frac{1}{2}$ Std

$$P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2}} \cdot (\frac{5}{2})}{0!} = 8'2!'$$

5.
$$\lambda = 4 \text{ fuller} - 17ag$$

$$P(X=6) = \frac{e^{-4} \cdot (4)^6}{6!} = \frac{10'42'}{6!}$$

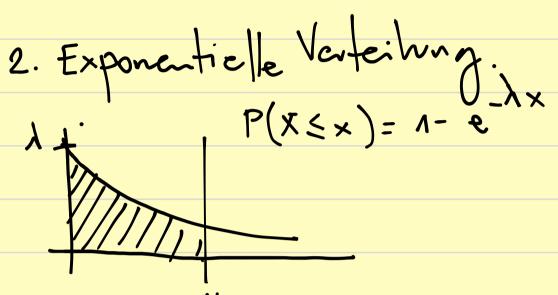
6.
$$\lambda = 6$$
 Landungen Std

$$P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-6} \cdot 6}{0!} = 4!5.10^{5}$$

6b Wasistdie W. Lant, dass mindesteurs 3 Flugrunge in den narchsfon 30 Minuten landen?

$$P(X > 3) = 1 - \left[P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2)\right] =$$

$$= 1 - \left[\frac{e^{-3} \cdot 3}{6!} + \frac{e^{-3} \cdot 3}{1!} + \frac{e^{-3} \cdot 3}{2!}\right] = \cdots$$



1.
$$\lambda = \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}$$

2.
$$\lambda = \frac{1-7ehler}{15minten}$$
 $(X \le 10) = 1 - e^{\frac{10}{15}} = 48^{1}65^{1}/.$

3. WEIBULL · VERTEILUNG.

WDF:
$$f(x; \lambda, k) = \frac{K}{\lambda} \left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)^{k-1} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)^{k}$$

1. FORMPARAMETER:
$$1/5$$
 = K
SKALENPARAMETER: 1000 Std = λ
 $f(x \le 800) = \frac{1/5}{1000} \left(\frac{800}{1000} \right) \cdot e^{\frac{1}{5}} = \cdots$

3.
$$F.P. k = 1/2$$

 $S.P. \lambda = 5$
 $f(X \le 3) = \frac{1/2}{5} \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{0/2} = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^{1/2} = \dots$

5. F.P. =
$$K = 1/1$$

S.P. = $\lambda = 3$
 $f(X \le 2) = \frac{1}{3}(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{2}{3}(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{1}{3}(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac$