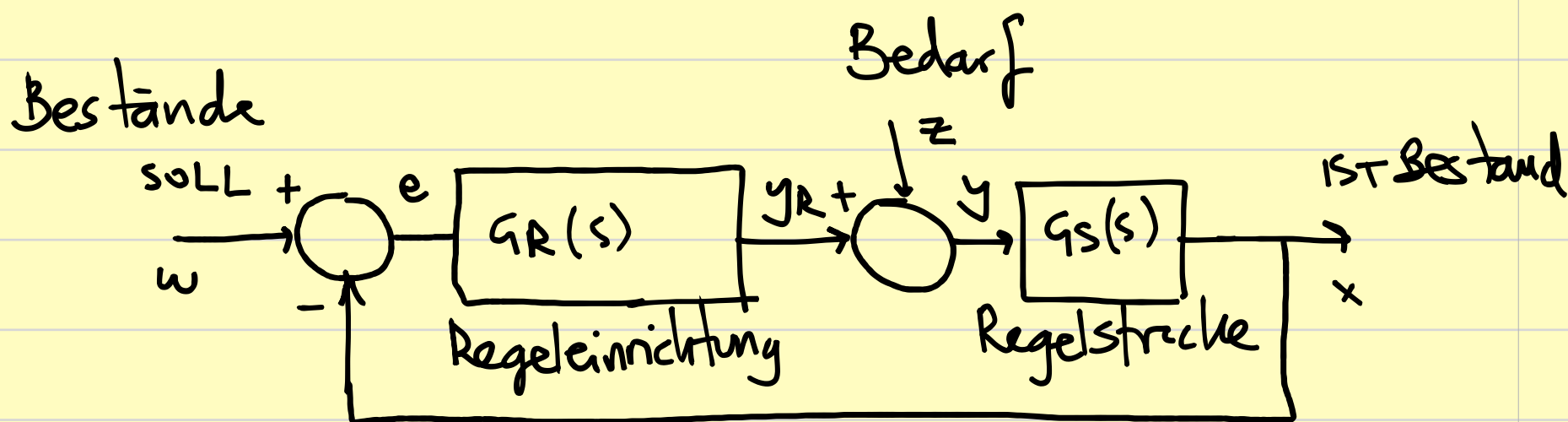
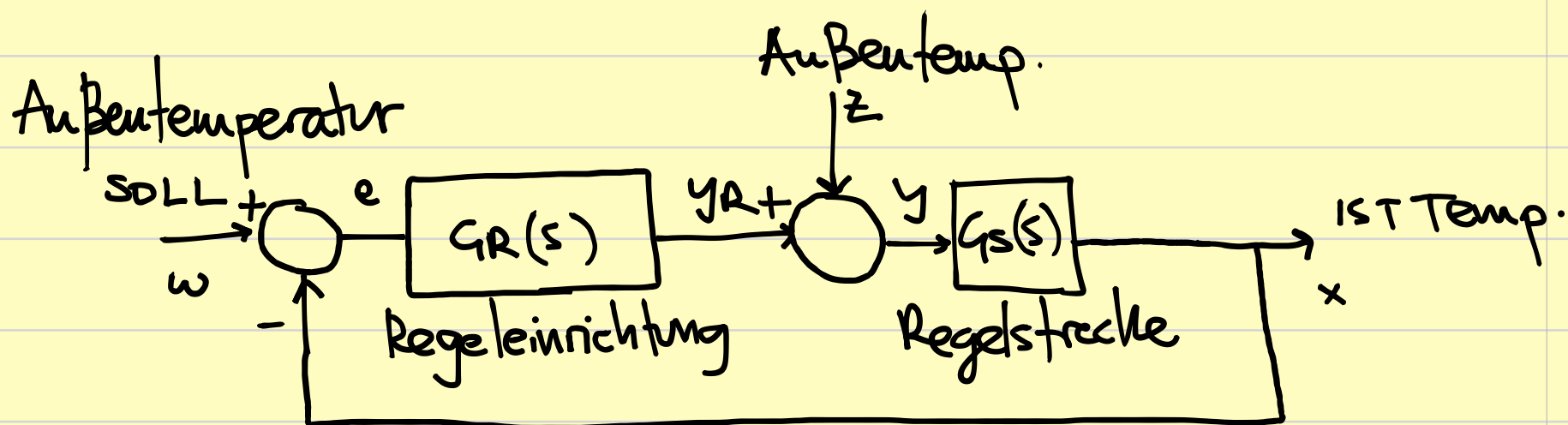


Logistik Regelungstechnik



Bei der Beurteilung eines Regelkreises interessieren u.a.:

a) das dynamische Verhalten der Regelgröße x auf eine Sollwertänderung: **FÜHRUNGSVERHALTEN**.

$$G(s) = \frac{x(s)}{w(s)} = \frac{\text{IST BESTAND}}{\text{SOLL BESTAND}}$$

b) die dynamische Reaktion der Regelgröße x auf eine Störung z : **STÖRVERHALTEN**.

$$H(s) = \frac{x(s)}{z(s)} = \frac{\text{IST BESTAND}}{\text{BEDARF}}$$

FÜHRUNGSTÜBERTRAGUNGSFUNKTION:

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y_R(s) &= e \cdot G_R(s) = (w(s) - x(s)) \cdot G_R(s) \\ x(s) &= y \cdot G_S(s) = (y_R(s) + z(s)) \cdot G_S(s) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$x(s) = \left[\left([w(s) - x(s)] \cdot G_R(s) \right) + z(s) \right] \cdot G_S(s)$$

$$x(s) + x(s) G_R(s) G_S(s) = w(s) G_R(s) G_S(s) + z(s) G_S(s)$$

$$(1) \quad x(s) [1 + G_R(s) G_S(s)] = w(s) G_R(s) G_S(s) + z(s) G_S(s)$$

SONDERFALL: $z(s) \equiv \text{Bedarf} \equiv \text{KONSTANT}$

$$x = x_1, w = w_1 \rightarrow x_1(s) [1 + G_R(s) G_S(s)] = w_1(s) G_R(s) G_S(s) + z(s) G_S(s)$$

$$x = x_2, w = w_2 \rightarrow x_2(s) [1 + G_R(s) G_S(s)] = w_2(s) G_R(s) G_S(s) + z(s) G_S(s)$$

$$\underbrace{[x_1(s) - x_2(s)]}_{\Delta x(s)} [1 + G_R(s) G_S(s)] = \underbrace{(w_1(s) - w_2(s))}_{\Delta w(s)} G_R(s) G_S(s)$$

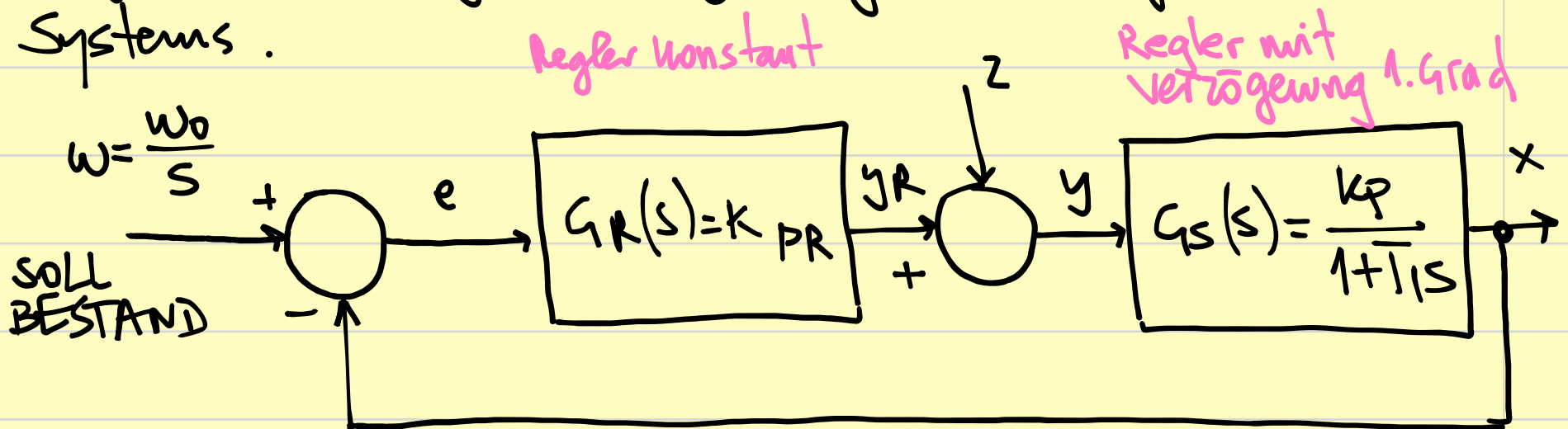
$$G_w(s) = \frac{\Delta x(s)}{\Delta w(s)} = \frac{G_R(s) G_S(s)}{1 + G_R(s) G_S(s)} \quad \checkmark$$

STÖRÜBERTRAGUNGSFUNKTION

$$G_Z(s) = \frac{\Delta x(s)}{\Delta z(s)} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{G_S(s)} + G_R(s)} = \frac{G_S(s)}{1 + G_R(s)G_S(s)} \quad \checkmark$$

Beispiel

Regleinrichtung zur Regelung eines logistischen Systems.



$$x(s) \left[1 + k_{PR} \cdot \frac{k_P}{1 + T_1 s} \right] = \frac{W_0}{s} \cdot k_{PR} \cdot \frac{k_P}{1 + T_1 s} + z(s) \cdot \frac{k_P}{1 + T_1 s}$$

$$x(s) \left[\frac{1 + T_1 s + k_{PR} k_P}{1 + T_1 s} \right] = \frac{W_0 k_{PR} k_P}{s(1 + T_1 s)} + \frac{z_0}{s} \cdot \frac{k_P}{1 + T_1 s}$$

$$z(s) = \frac{z_0}{s}$$

$$x(s) [1 + T_1 s + k_{PR} k_P] = \frac{W_0 k_{PR} k_P}{s} + \frac{z_0 k_P}{s}$$

$$x(s) = \frac{W_0 k_{PR} k_P + z_0 k_P}{s(1 + k_{PR} k_P + T_1 s)} = k_P (W_0 k_{PR} + z_0) \cdot \frac{1}{s(1 + k_{PR} k_P + T_1 s)}$$

$$s^* = 0$$

$$1 + k_{PR} k_P + T_1 s^* = 0 \rightarrow s^* = \frac{-1 - k_{PR} k_P}{T_1}$$

$$x(s) = k_p(w_0 k_{PR} + z_0) \cdot \left[\frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s + \frac{1+k_{PR}k_p}{T_1}} \right]$$

$$= k_p(w_0 k_{PR} + z_0) \cdot \frac{1}{s(1+k_{PR}k_p + T_1 s)}$$

$$k_p = k_{PR} = 1$$

$$w_0 = z_0 = 1$$

$$T_1 = 5$$

$$x(s) = 2 \left[\frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s + \frac{2}{5}} \right] =$$

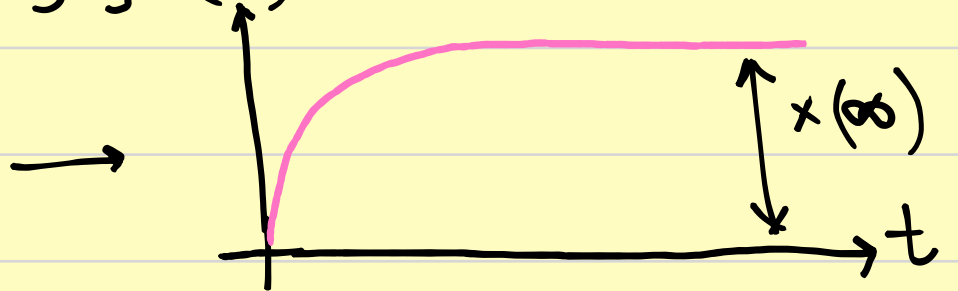
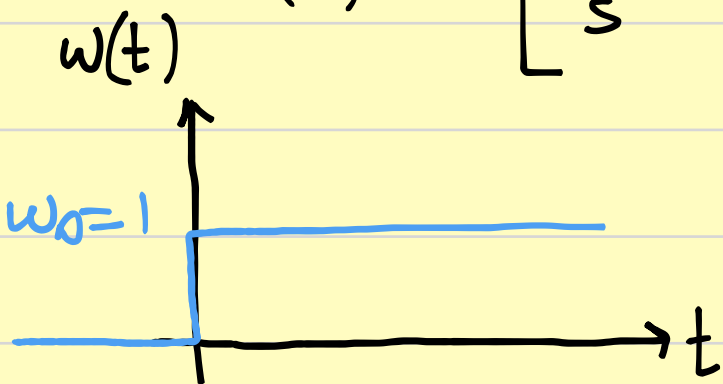
$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{s(2+5s)} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{s\left(\frac{2}{5} + s\right)}$$

$$2 \left[\frac{A\left(s + \frac{2}{5}\right) + B(s)}{s\left(s + \frac{2}{5}\right)} \right] = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{s\left(s + \frac{2}{5}\right)}$$

$$s^* = 0 \rightarrow \frac{2}{5} A = \frac{2}{5} \rightarrow A = 1$$

$$s^* = -\frac{2}{5} \rightarrow -\frac{2}{5} B = \frac{1}{5} \rightarrow B = -1$$

$$x(s) = 2 \left[\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s + \frac{2}{5}} \right] \rightarrow x(t) = 2 \left[1 - e^{-\frac{2}{5}t} \right]$$



$$t=0 \rightarrow x(0) = 2[1-1] = 0$$

$$t=\infty \rightarrow x(\infty) = 2[1-0] = 2$$

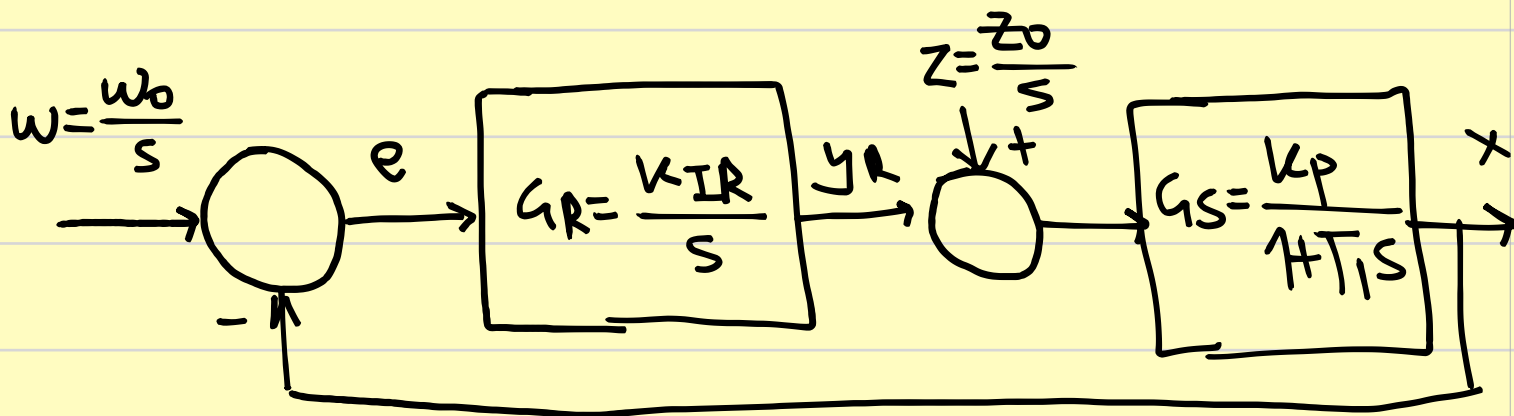
Störverhalten:

$$G_Z(s) = \frac{x(s)}{z(s)} = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G_R(s)G_S(s)} = \frac{K_P}{1 + K_{PR}K_P + T_1 s}$$

$$z(s) = \frac{z_0}{s}$$

$$x(s) = \frac{K_P \cdot z_0}{s(1 + K_{PR}K_P + T_1 s)} = \dots \text{ (wie oben) }$$

Beispiel.



$$x(s) \left[1 + \frac{K_{IR}}{s} \cdot \frac{K_P}{1 + T_1 s} \right] = \frac{w_0}{s} \frac{K_{IR}}{s} \frac{K_P}{1 + T_1 s} + \frac{z_0}{s} \cdot \frac{K_P}{1 + T_1 s}$$

$$x(s) \left[s(1 + T_1 s) + K_{IR} \cdot K_P \right] = \frac{w_0 K_{IR} K_P}{s} + z_0 K_P$$

$$x(s) = \frac{z_0 K_P s + w_0 K_{IR} K_P}{K_{IR} K_P + s(1 + T_1 s)} = \frac{w_0 K_{IR} K_P + z_0 K_P s}{T_1 s^2 + s + K_{IR} K_P}$$

$$= \frac{w_0 K_{IR} K_P + z_0 K_P s}{T_1} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + \frac{1}{T_1} s + \frac{K_{IR} K_P}{T_1}}$$

$$s^* \rightarrow \frac{-\frac{1}{T_1} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{T_1}\right)^2 - \frac{4 K_{IR} K_P}{T_1}}}{2} = \frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{2} = -2$$

$$K_{IR} = K_P = 1 = w_0 = z_0$$

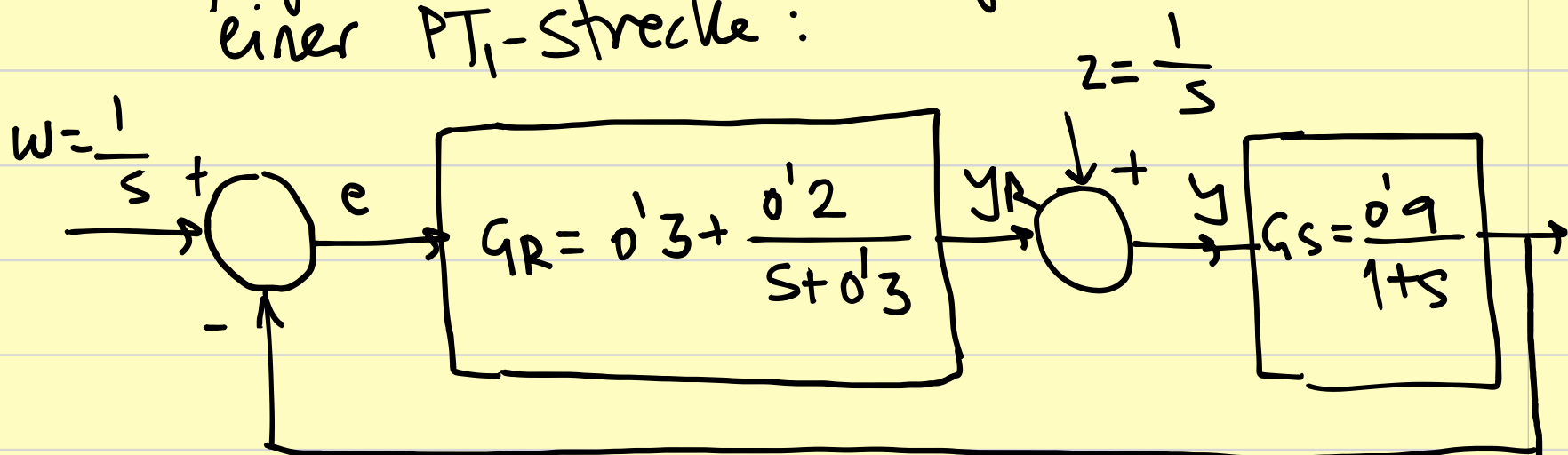
(doppelt)

$$\left(\frac{1}{T_1}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{T_1} \rightarrow T_1 = \frac{1}{4}$$

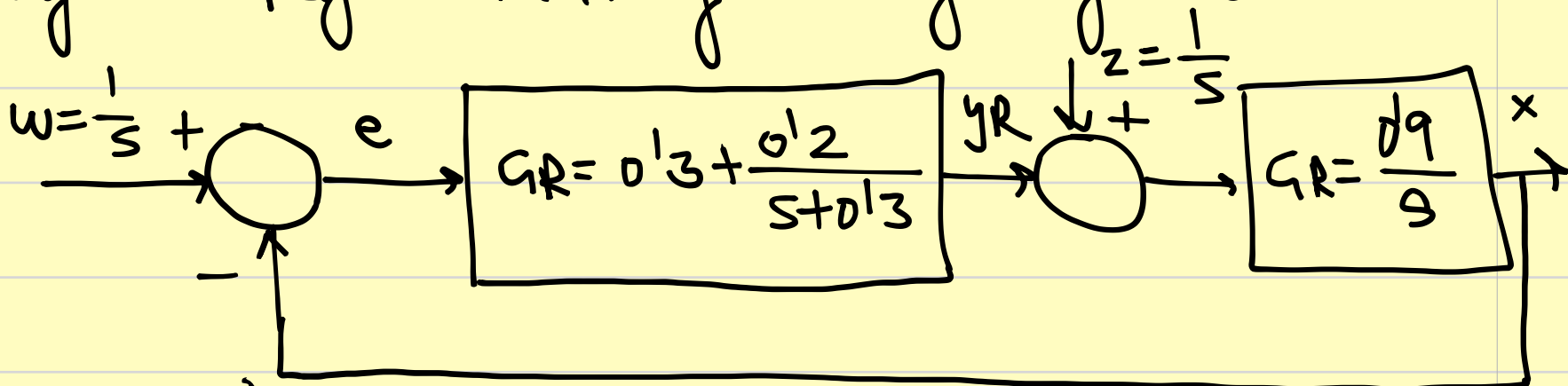
$$x(s) = \frac{1+2s}{1/4} \cdot \frac{1}{(s+2)^2}$$

$$z_0 = 0 \rightarrow x(s) = \frac{4}{(s+2)^2} \rightarrow x(t) = \dots$$

Übung. Bitte Führungs- und Störverhalten der folgenden PI-Einrichtung zur Regelung einer PT₁-Strecke:



Übung. PI-Regel Einrichtung zur Regelung einer I-Strecke



(gleichen Fragen)

