Deep Learning: Modelos Sequenciais

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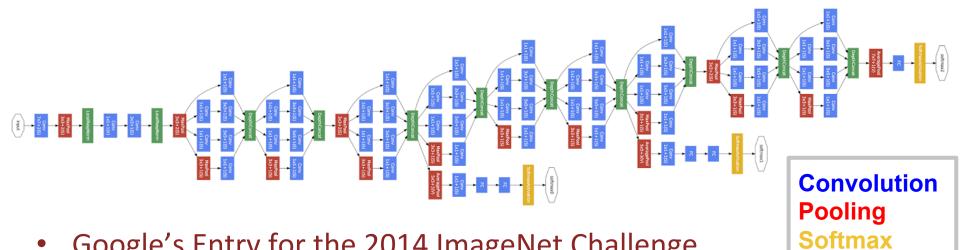


Motivation for Deep Learning

- In theory, feed forward networks with a single hidden layer can compute any function: no need for deep architectures
- However, learning shallow architectures is not always efficient
- Some problems require an exponential number of hidden units



What does a Deep Network can look like?



- Google's Entry for the 2014 ImageNet Challenge
- 5 million parameters 20MB model size

Other



Requirements for Training

- Deal with billions of operations
 - Google had trained some models on up to 16000 cores
- Fast: performance in training time is crucial
- Nearly all operations are matrix operations (multiplications, additions)
 - Optimizing matrix multiplication for speed is hard
- Run on multiple CPUs and on GPUs



Convolutional Neural Networks - CNNs

- Limitations of fully-connected layers
 - Don't take into account proximity
 - Input has fixed size
- But for text
 - Context is very important
 - Input has variable size
- Take into account proximity by learning local patterns in the text
- Deal with inputs of variable size
- Three basic ideas
 - Local filters
 - Shared weights
 - Pooling



Single Layer CNN – Local Filter

- 1D filter
- Windows size = 3

Word Vectors: $w_i \in \mathbb{R}^2$ Weight Matrix: $W \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times 6}$ Local Filter

output =
$$tanh \left(W \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{pmatrix} + b \right)$$

PAD The movie was awesome PAD

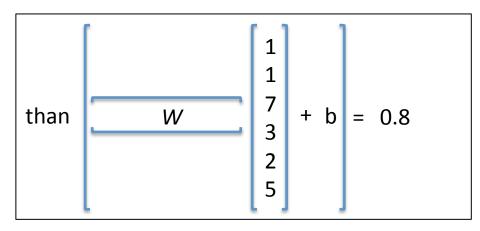




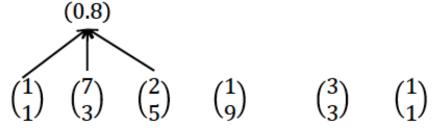
Single Layer CNN – Local Filter

- 1D filter
- Windows size = 3

Word Vectors: $w_i \in \mathbb{R}^2$ Weight Matrix: $W \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times 6}$ Bias: $b \in \mathbb{R}$



output =
$$tanh \left(W \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{pmatrix} + b \right)$$

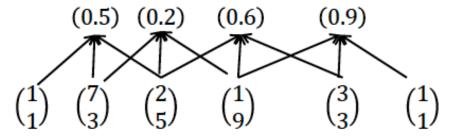


PAD The movie was awesome PAD





Single Layer CNN – Shared Weights



PAD The movie was awesome PAD

- For each window use the same weight and bias values (shared weights)
 - Reduce the number of parameters
- This gives us the same number of outputs as the length of the sentence (variable size)
- How to build a fixed size vector?





Pooling Layer

- Idea: to capture the most important activation
- Example: max-pooling layer
- Let $o_1, o_2, ... \in \mathbb{R}$ denote the output values of the filter
- Compute a max pooling layer:

$$c = \max_i(o_i) \in \mathbb{R}$$

- Deals with fixed-size output: dimension of o_i
- Max-pooling most common in NLP. In Computer Vision, min-pooling and mean-pooling also common.

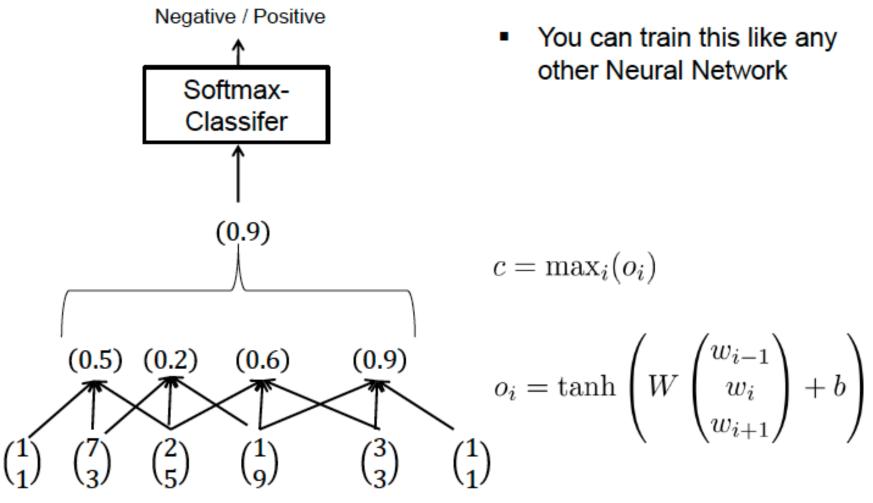




Max Pooling

movie

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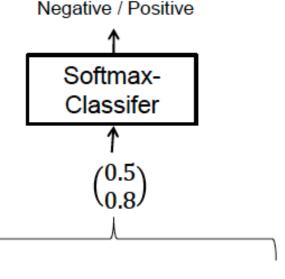
was awesome PAD

cin.utpe.br





Increasing Number of Filters: K=2



 By changing the dimensionality of the weight matrix, we can add further filters:

$$W \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times 6}$$

$$c_j = \max_i(o_{i,j}) \text{ for } 0 < j < k$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0.5 \\
0.7
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
0.2 \\
0.1
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
-0.2 \\
0.7
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
-0.9 \\
0.8
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$o_i = \tanh \left(W \begin{pmatrix} w_{i-1} \\ w_i \\ w_{i+1} \end{pmatrix} + b \right) \in \mathbb{R}^k$$

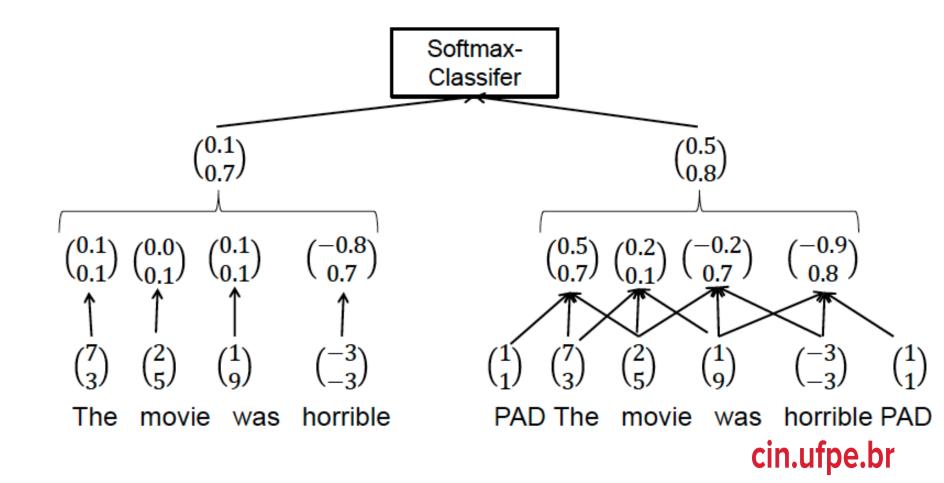
$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 \\
1
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
7 \\
2
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
2 \\
1
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
1 \\
2
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
-3 \\
2
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
1 \\
3
\end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix}
1 \\
3
\end{pmatrix}$$

PAD The movie was horrible PAD



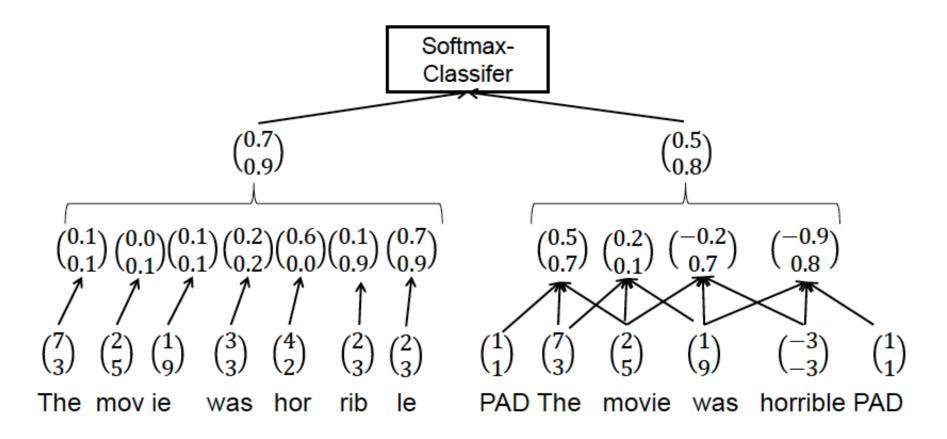
Increasing Windows Size

Combining output of unigrams and trigrams





Different granularity



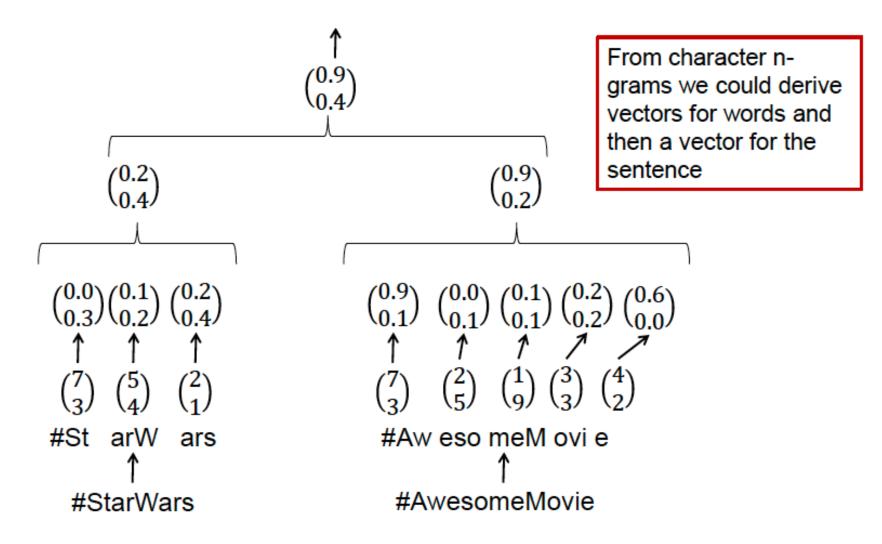
Conv. Layer on character trigrams Conv. Layer on word trigrams

cin.ufpe.br





Stacking Convolutional Layers

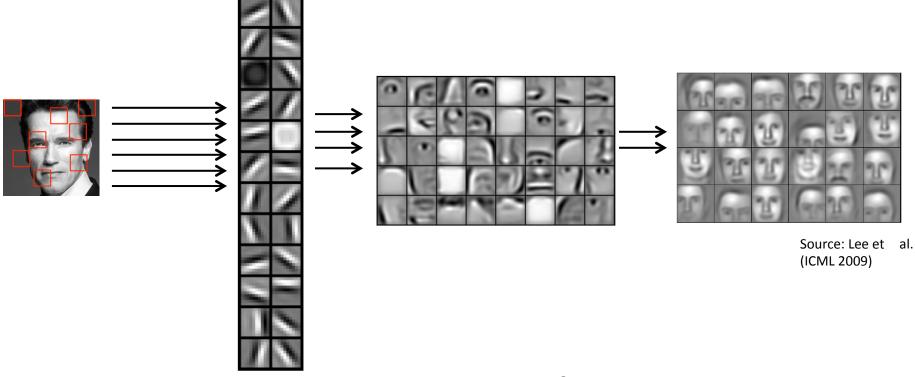






Stacked Convolutional Layers

 Computer vision uses stacked convolutional layers to derive from simple representations high level representations



Input e.g. 40 000 dim Layer 1 9 600 dim

Layer 2 3800 dim

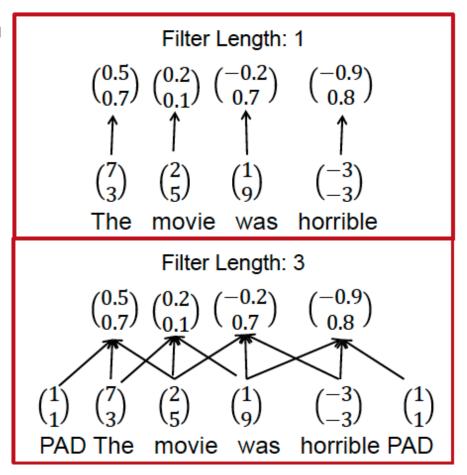
Layer 3
900 dim
cin.ufpe.br





Terminology: Filter Length

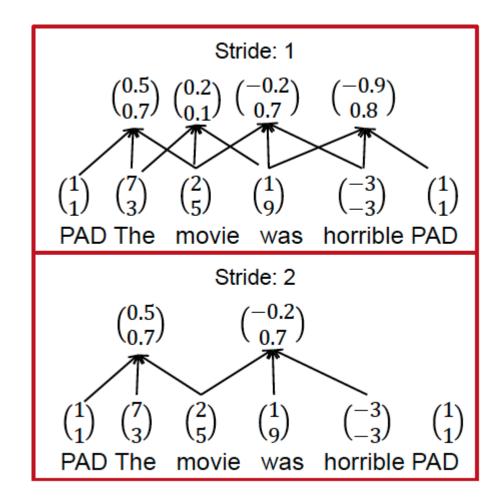
- The filter length is the extension of each filter
- Context window of size n





Terminology: Stride

- The stride specifies the step size we move across a sentence
- In NLP: typically stride=1
- In computer vision: Other values can be used

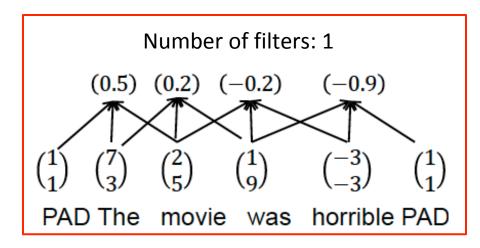


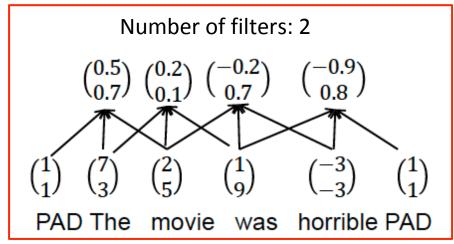




Terminology: Number of Filters

 Size of the CNN's output vector



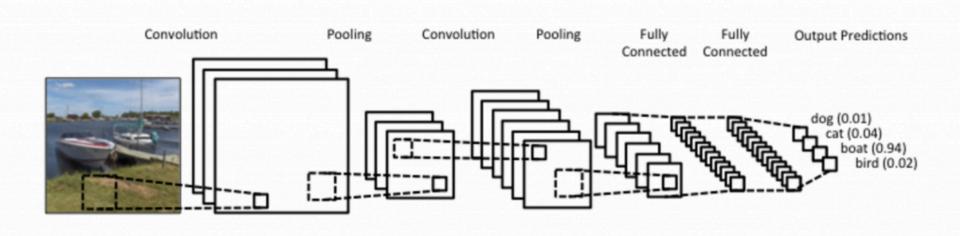






Applications of CNNs

Object detection



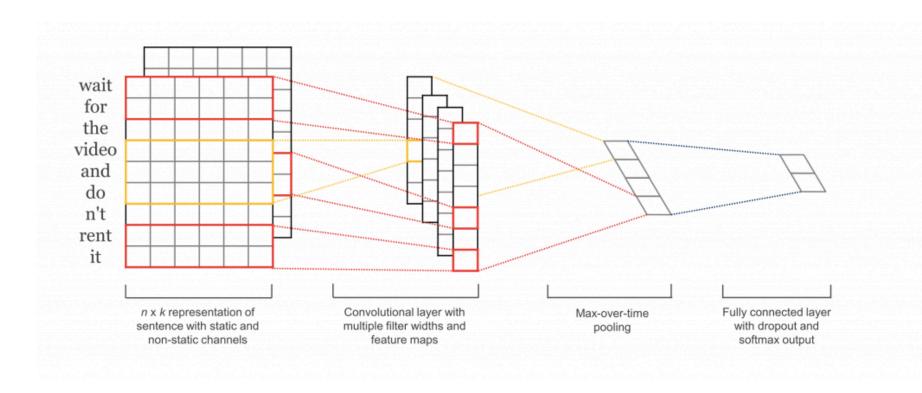
Img-Source: http://www.wildml.com/2015/11/understanding-convolutionalneural-networks-for-nlp/





Applications of CNNs

Sentiment analysis



Img-Source: https://arxiv.org/abs/1408.5882





Applications of CNNs

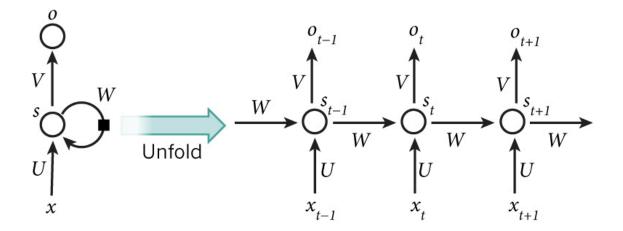
- Video analysis
- Web search
- Drug discovery
- Playing go





Recurrent Neural Networks

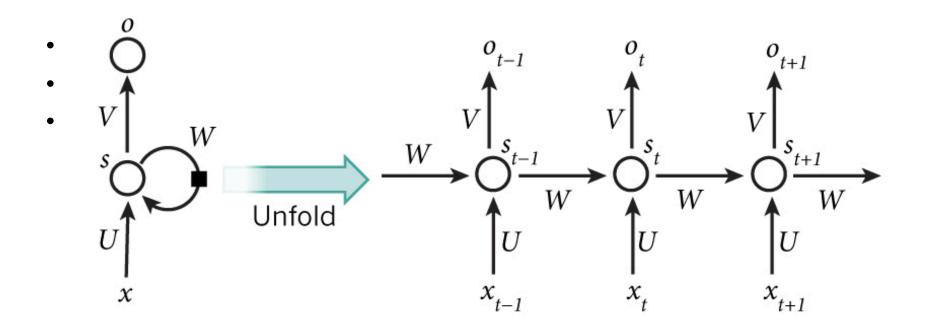
- Traditional NNs: don't take into account proximity
- Used for sequential information



- Perform the same task of every element of a sequence
- Save the memory of what has been calculated
- Shared weights: share the same parameters across all steps



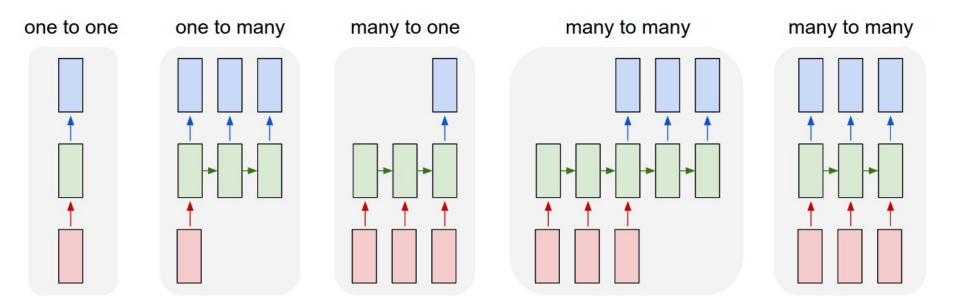
Unfolded RNN







Topologies of RNNs



- 1) Fixed-size input and output: common Neural Network (e.g. feed forward network)
- 2) Sequence output: image captioning
- 3) Sequence input: sentiment classification
- 4) Sequence input and output: machine translation
- 5) Synced sequence input and output: frame classification of a video

Img Source: http://karpathy.github.io/2015/05/21/rnn-effectiveness/



Applications of RNN

- Language modeling and text generation
 - Example: trained from essays in economic topics

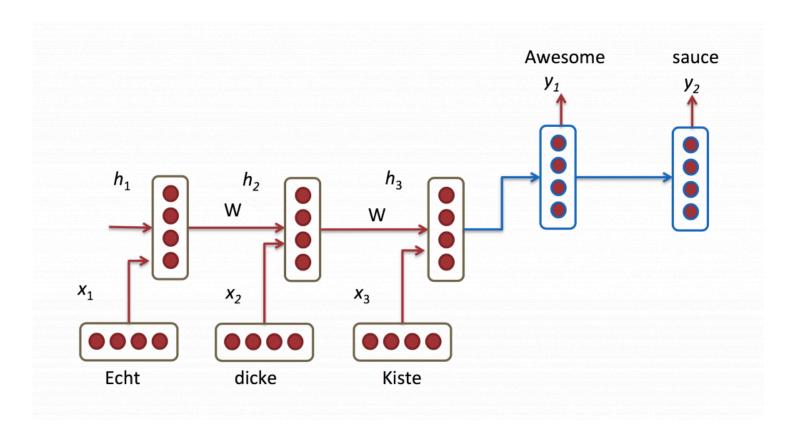
"The surprised in investors weren't going to raise money. I'm not the company with the time there are all interesting quickly, don't have to get off the same programmers. There's a super-angel round fundraising, why do you can do. If you have a different physical investment are become in people who reduced in a startup with the way to argument the acquirer could see them just that you're also the founders will part of users' affords that and an alternation to the idea. [2] Don't work at first member to see the way kids will seem in advance of a bad successful startup. And if you have to act the big company too."





Applications of RNN

Machine translation







Applications of RNN



"man in black shirt is playing guitar."



"construction worker in orange safety vest is working on road."



"two young girls are playing with lego toy."



"boy is doing backflip on wakeboard."



"a young boy is holding a baseball bat."



"a cat is sitting on a couch with a remote control."



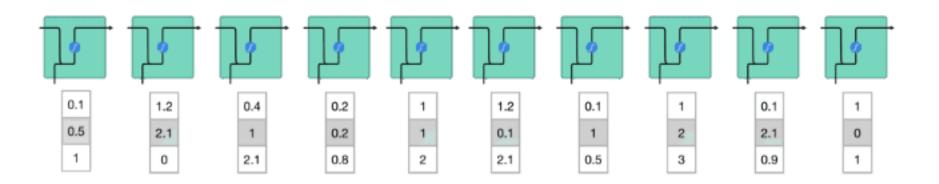
"a woman holding a teddy bear in front of a mirror."



"a horse is standing in the middle of a road."

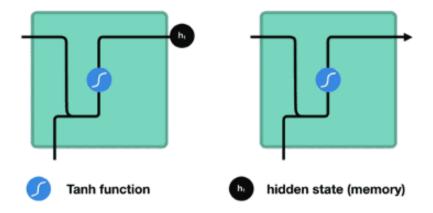


RNN





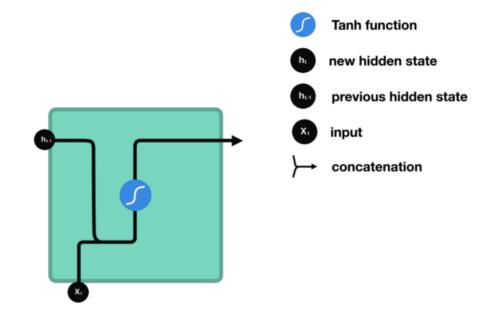
RNN





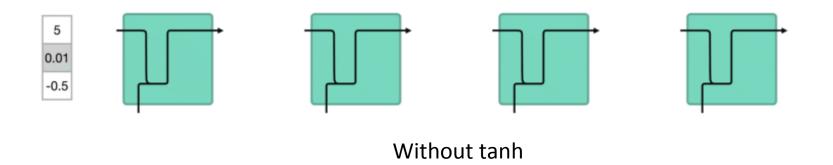


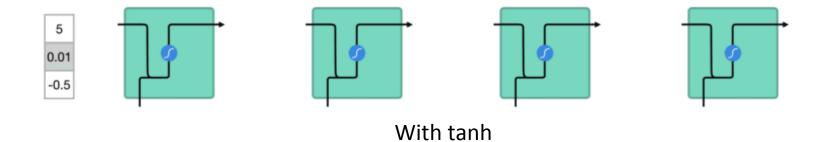
RNN Cell





RNN: Why Use Tanh



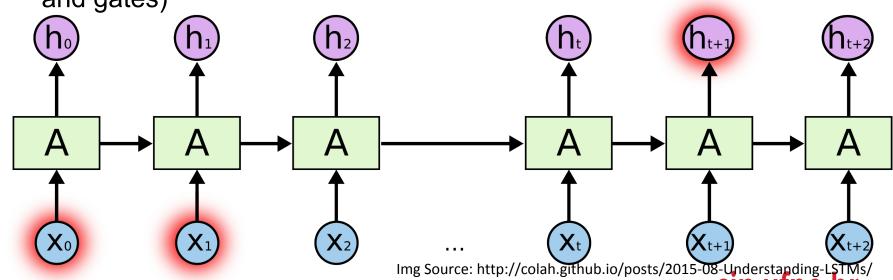




Long-Short-Term Memory (LSTM)

- Long-term dependencies:

 I grew up in France and lived there until I was 18. Therefore I speak fluent ???
- Original RNN is unable to learn long term dependencies
 - Issue: More recent input data has higher influence on the output
- Long-Short-Term Memory (LSTM) models solve this problem (cell and gates)







LSTM Intuition

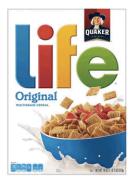
Customers Review 2,491



Thanos

September 2018
Verified Purchase

Amazing! This box of cereal gave me a perfectly balanced breakfast, as all things should be. I only ate half of it but will definitely be buying again!



A Box of Cereal \$3.99



Keep relevant information

Customers Review 2,491



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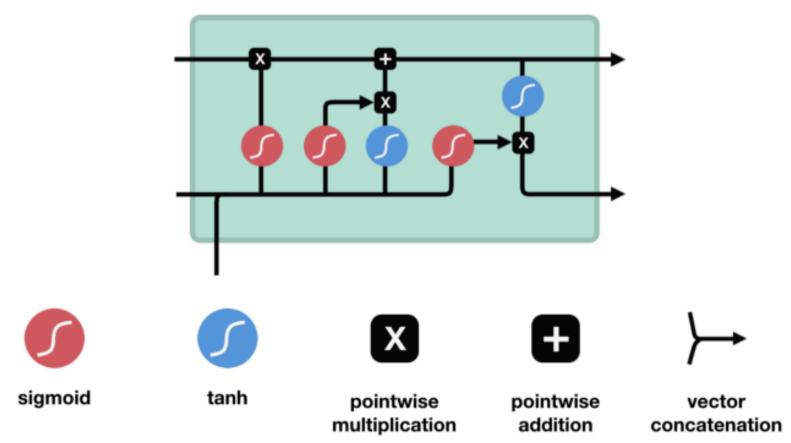


A Box of Cereal





LSTM's Cell



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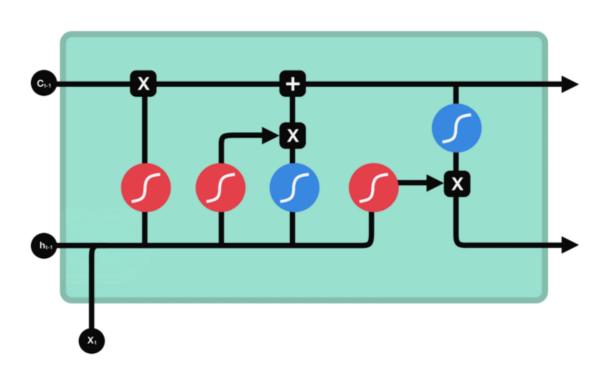
https://towardsdatascience.com/illustrated-guide-to-lstms-and-gru-s-a-step-by-step-explanation-44e9eb85bf21

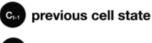
cin.ufpe.br

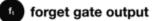


Forget Gate

- Decide what information to keep from previous step
- Close to 1 -> keep







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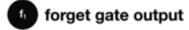


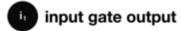


Input Gate

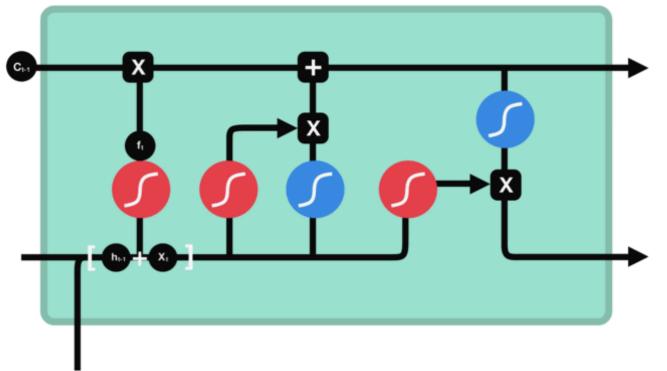
- Help on updating cell state
- Keep relevant information from current step







č, candidate



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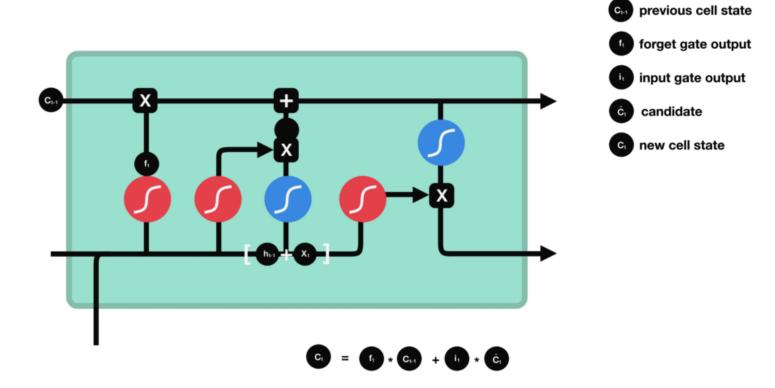
https://towardsdatascience.com/illustrated-guide-to-lstms-and-gru-s-a-step-by-step-explanation-44e9eb85bf21





Cell State

Update cell state



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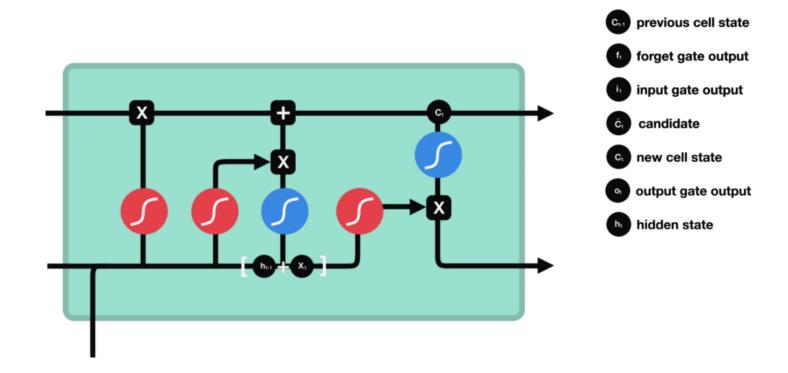
https://towardsdatascience.com/illustrated-guide-to-lstms-and-gru-s-a-step-by-step-explanation-44e9eb85bf21





Output Gate

Create next hidden state from the input and the new cell state



img-source:

https://towardsdatascience.com/illustrated-guide-to-lstms-and-gru-s-a-step-by-step-explanation-44e9eb85bf21

