

# Curso complementario Desarrollo de Back-end con Node.js - MongoDB

**ING - DIEGO CASALLAS** 

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- middleware -> authMiddleware.js
  - Validar token

```
Task_management > middleware > JS authMiddleware.js > [] verifyToken
      import jwt from "jsonwebtoken";
      import dotenv from "dotenv";
      dotenv.config();
      // Middleware to verify the token
      export const verifyToken = (req, res, next) => {
        const token = req.header("Authorization");
        if (!token) return res.status(401).json({ error: "Access denied" });
         try {
          const verified = jwt.verify(token.replace("Bearer ", ""), process.env.JWT_SECRET);
          req.user = verified:
          //See data token encrypted
          catch (err) {
          res.status(400).json({ error: "Invalid Token" });
```

```
Task_management
   config
   controllers
   iii library
   middleware
    JS authMiddleware.js
 > models
   node modules
   routes
   .env
   package-lock.json
   package.json
   JS server.js
```



## • Implementar en las rutas

 llamar el middleware a la ruta que se va a implementar.

```
Task_management > routes > JS auth.routes.js > [@] default

import { Router } from "express";

import AuthController from ' /controllers/auth controller is';

import {verifyToken} from ' ../middleware/authMiddleware.js';

const router = Router();

// Public route

router.post('/auth/register',verifyToken, AuthController.register);

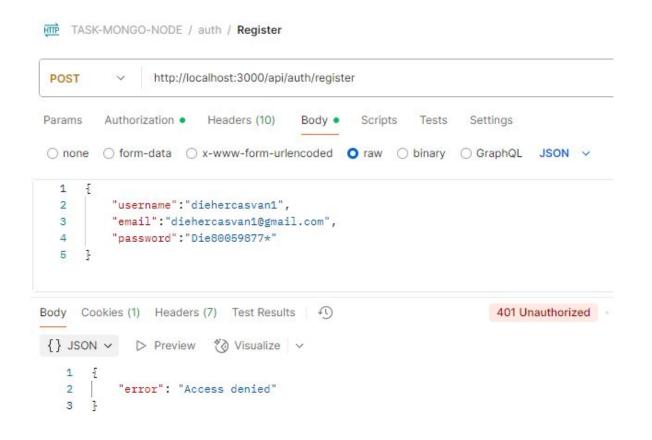
router.post('/auth/login', AuthController.login);

export default router;
```

```
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```



#### Probar



```
✓ 

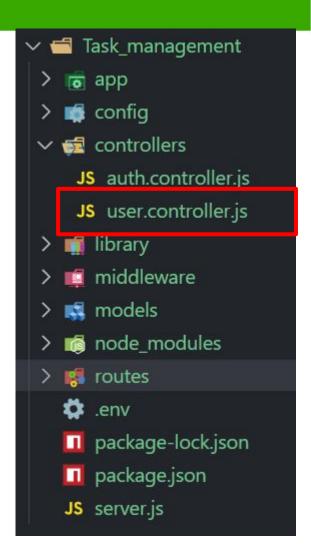
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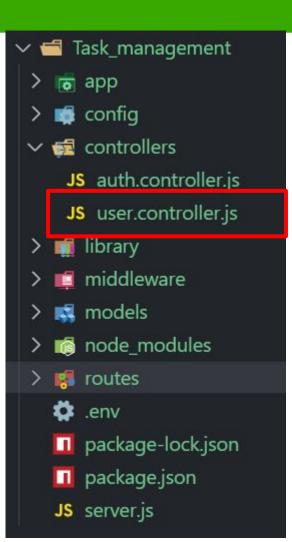
#### CRUD de usuario

- Usamos el mismo modelo de user
- Crear el controlador
- Crear la ruta
  - Implementar middleware
- Realizar pruebas





```
Task_management > controllers > JS user.controller.js > ધ UserController
      import UserModel from '../models/user.model.js';//Import the UserModel
      import dotenv from 'dotenv';
     dotenv.config();
      class UserController {
       // User registration
        async addUser(reg, res) {
          const passwordRegex = /^(?=.*\d)(?=.*[\u0021-\u002b\u003c-\u0040])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*[a-z])\S{8,16}$/;
            const { username, email, password } = req.body;
            if (!username || !email || !password) {
              return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All data is mandatory for entry' });
            if (!passwordRegex.test(password)) {
             return res.status(400).json({ error: 'The password must be between 8 and 16 characters long, with at least one digit, at least
              one lowercase letter, at least one uppercase letter, and at least one non-alphanumeric character.' });
            const existingUserModel = await UserModel.findOne({ email });
            if (existingUserModel) {
              return res.status(400).json({ error: 'The user already exists' });
            const newUserModel = new UserModel({ username, email, password });
            await newUserModel.save();
            return res.status(201).json({ message: 'User successfully registered' });
            res.status(400).json({ error: err.message });
```





```
// Users list
async show(req, res) {
  try {
    const userModel = await UserModel.find();
    if (!userModel) throw new Error('User not found');
    return res.status(200).json({ data: userModel });
} catch (err) {
    res.status(400).json({ error: err.message });
}
};
```

```
✓ 

── Task_management

   app
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    JS user.controller.js
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   middleware
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   routes
   🌣 .env
   package-lock.json
   package.json
   JS server.js
```



```
// Find user by ID
async findById(req, res) {

try {
   const id = req.params.id;
   if (!id) {
      return res.status(400).json({ error: 'User Id is required' });
   }

const userModel = await UserModel.findOne({ _id: id });
   if (!userModel) throw new Error('User not found');
   return res.status(200).json({ data: userModel });
} catch (err) {
   res.status(400).json({ error: err.message });
}

};
```

```
✓ 

── Task_management

   app
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   I routes
   env .env
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   package.json
   JS server.js
```



controllers ->user.controller.js

```
async update(req, res) {
 const passwordRegex = /^(?=.*\d)(?=.*[\u0021-\u002b\u003c-\u0040])(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*[a-z])\S{8,16}$/;
   const { username, email, password } = req.body;
   if (!username | !email | !password) {
     return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All data is mandatory for entry' });
   if (!passwordRegex.test(password)) {
     return res.status(400).json({ error: 'The password must be between 8 and 16 characters long, with at least one digit, at least
     one lowercase letter, at least one uppercase letter, and at least one non-alphanumeric character.' });
   const existingUserModel = await UserModel.findOne({ email });
   if (!existingUserModel) {
     return res.status(400).json({ error: 'User not found' });
   const updateUser = await UserModel.findOneAndUpdate(
     { _id: req.params.id }, // Filtro
     { username, password }, // Datos nuevos
     { new: true } // Devuelve el documento actualizado
   if (!updateUser) {
     return res.status(404).json({ error: 'User not updated' });
   res.status(200).json(updateUser);
  } catch (error) {
   res.status(400).json({ error: error.message });
```

✓ 

── Task\_management config JS auth.controller.is JS user.controller.js library middleware models node\_modules **I** routes package-lock.json package.json JS server.js



```
// User deletion
 async delete(req, res) {
   trv {
     const deletedUser = await UserModel.findOneAndDelete({
       id: req.params.id
     });
     if (!deletedUser) {
       return res.status(404).json({ error: 'User not updated' });
      res.status(200).json({ message: 'Deleted successfully' });
   } catch (error) {
      res.status(500).json({ error: 'Error deleting user' });
 };
export default new UserController();
```

```
✓ 

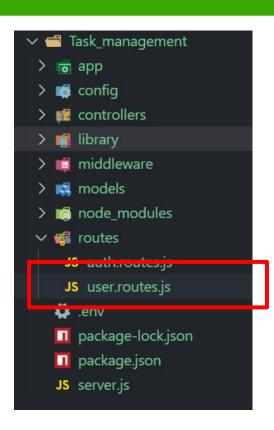
── Task_management

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   env .env
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   package.json
   JS server.js
```



## routes ->user.routes.js

```
Task_management > routes > JS user.routes.js > ...
      import { Router } from "express";
      import UserController from '../controllers/user.controller.js';
                                                                                   CONTROLLER
      import {verifyToken} from '../middleware/authMiddleware.js';
      const router = Router();
      const name="/user";
      // Verify token middleware
      router.use(verifyToken);
      // Route for user registration and list
      router.route(name)
      .post(UserController.addUser)
      .get(UserController.show);
      //Route for user by ID
       router.route(`${name}/:id`)
        .get(UserController.findById)
        .put(UserController.update)
        .delete(UserController.delete);
 18
      export default router;
```



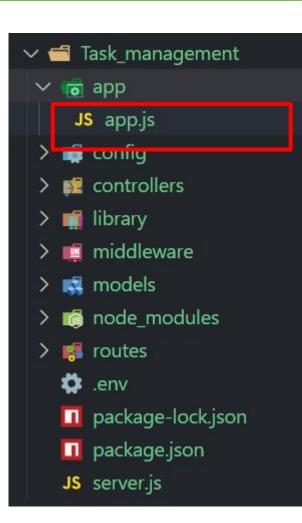


## app ->app.js



**ADD ROUTER** 

```
Task management > app > JS app.js > ...
      import express from 'express';
      import { connectDB } from '../config/db/connection.js';
      // Import routes
      import authRouter from '../routes/auth.routes.js';
      import userRouter from '../routes/user.routes.js';
      const app = express();
      app.use(express.json());
      app.use(express.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
      connectDB();// Call the connection function
      // Use routes
      app.use('/api', authRouter);
      app.use('/api', userRouter);
      app.use((rep, res, nex) => {
       res.status(404).json({
          message: 'Endpoint losses'
        });
      });
      export default app;
```



http://localhost:3000/api/user



#### Pruebas

**GET** 



User

User



#### Pruebas



▼ TASK-MONGO-NODE				
auth				
user				
GET show				
GET showld				
POST add				
PUT update				
DEL delete				

Método	Ruta	Controlador	Modelo	
GET	http://localhost:3000/api/user:id	User	User	



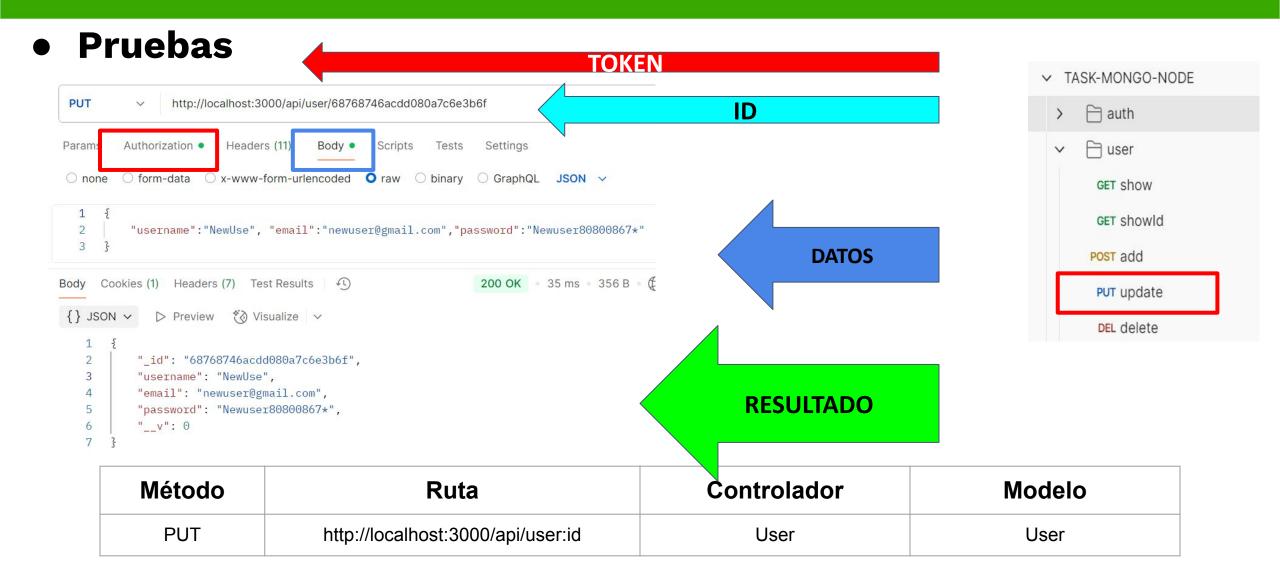




✓ TASK-MONGO-NODE			
	>	auth	
	~	user	
		GET show	
		GET showld	
	L	POST add	
		PUT update	
		DEL delete	

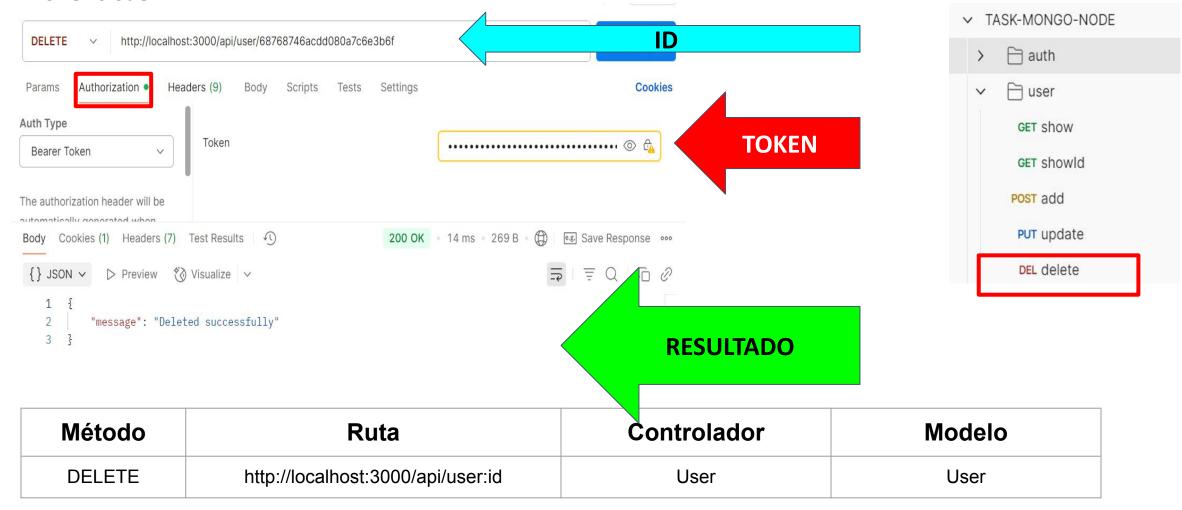
Método	Ruta	Controlador	Modelo
POST	http://localhost:3000/api/user	User	User







#### Pruebas



## **Actividad**



#### Crear el modelo de datos para almacenar tareas

- Con los siguientes campos:
  - Información básica:
    - \_id: Identificador único de MongoDB
    - título, descripción: Detalles de la tarea
    - tipo: Categoría de la tarea (Desarrollo, Diseño, Reunión, etc.)
    - prioridad: Nivel de prioridad (Alta, Media, Baja)
    - color: Código hexadecimal para identificación visual
    - estado: Estado actual (Pendiente, En progreso, Completada, etc.)
  - **■** Fechas:
    - fechalnicio, fechaFin: Rango de tiempo para la tarea
    - fechaCreacion: Cuando se creó el registro
    - ultimaModificacion: Última actualización
  - Personas involucradas:
    - correoNotificacion: Email para notificaciones
    - encargados: Array con los responsables
    - creadoPor: Quién creó la tarea
  - Archivos adjuntos:
    - archivos: Array con documentos relacionados
  - Otros:
    - comentarios: Discusiones sobre la tarea
    - etiquetas: Palabras clave
    - proyectoid: Proyecto al que pertenece

#### Documentación Oficial

https://mongoosejs.com/docs/guide.html

- Crear modelo
- Crear el controlador
- Crear las rutas
  - validar token
- Realizar las pruebas (Postman)
  - Crear documentación



## • ¿Qué es Mongoose?

- ODM (Object Document Mapper):
- Permite interactuar con MongoDB usando objetos y esquemas en JavaScript.

#### Ventajas:

- Validación de datos.
- Middlewares (hooks).
- o Consultas más intuitivas.

#### Diferencia con el Driver Nativo:

 Mongoose añade estructura, mientras que el driver trabaja con MongoDB directamente.



## Instalación y Configuración

```
npm install mongoose
```

## Conexión a MongoDB:

```
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/miDB', {
   useNewUrlParser: true,
   useUnifiedTopology: true
});
```



Esquemas (Schemas) y Modelos

```
const userSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
  name: { type: String, required: true },
  age: { type: Number, min: 18 },
  email: { type: String, unique: true }
});
```

• Modelo: Representación de una colección en la DB.

```
const User = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);
```



Operaciones CRUD

Create const newUser = new User({ name: "Ana", age: 25 }); newUser.save(); Read: User.find({ age: { \$gte: 18 } }); Update: User.updateOne({ name: "Ana" }, { age: 26 }); **Delete:** User.deleteOne({ name: "Ana" });



- Middlewares (Hooks)
  - Usos comunes:
  - Encriptar contraseñas antes de guardar.
  - Validaciones personalizadas.

```
userSchema.pre('save', function(next) {
  console.log("Guardando usuario...");
  next();
});
```



- Populate (Relaciones entre Colecciones)
  - con Referencias:

```
const postSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
   title: String,
   author: { type: mongoose.Schema.Types.ObjectId, ref: 'User' }
});
```

o con Populate:

```
Post.findOne({ title: "Hola Mundo" }).populate('author');
```



## Ejemplo

```
import mongoose from 'mongoose';
const { Schema } = mongoose;
const blogSchema = new Schema({
     title: String, // String is shorthand for {type: String}
     author: String,
     body: String,
     comments: [{ body: String, date: Date }],
     date: { type: Date, default: Date.now },
     hidden: Boolean,
     meta: {
       votes: Number,
       favs: Number
});
```



#### Recursos Adicionales

- Documentación Oficial: mongooseis.com
- Repositorio GitHub: <u>github.com/Automattic/mongoose</u>
- Curso Recomendado: <u>MongoDB University</u>



## GRACIAS

Línea de atención al ciudadano: 01 8000 910270 Línea de atención al empresario: 01 8000 910682



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