UCC501 Homework 2 Solutions

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1 Energy Scales, CO2 Emissions and Renewables

1.1 Energy Scales

- Natural gas consumption year 2012: in Billion Cubic Feet: 2235.169.
- For natural gases btu we have

$$1cf \to 1027Btu$$
 (1)

source: http://www.aga.org/KC/ABOUTNATURALGAS/ADDITIONAL/Pages/HowtoMeasureNaturalGas.aspx, use MATLAB to convert units, we have

$$2012 Yearly btu = 2235.169 * 10^9 * 1027$$
 (2)

Evaluate the equation we get $2.2955*10^{15}\ Btu$, divided by millions we get $2.2955*10^9\ MBtu$.

• From this unit conversion site http://www.eia.gov/cfapps/ipdbproject/docs/units.cfm we have

$$MTOE = MBtu * 0.02520 * 10^{-6}$$
 (3)

Evaluate the above equation we have 57.8471MTOE

• Similarly we have $1MBtu = 1.05506 * 10^9 Joules$ and $1KWh = 3.6 * 10^6 Joules$, thus

$$2012 Yearly GKWh = 2.2955*10^9*1.05506*10^9/(3.6*10^6*10^9) (4)$$

Evaluate the above equation we have 672.7527 GKWh

1.2 CO₂ Emissions

• Assume complete combustion, we have 2235.169 *Bcf* natural gas burned in UAE for year 2012. Assume under normal temperature and pressure the natural gas is measured, we google the bold texts **natural gas density** and get the following:

Density

Since we assume normal density, we use $\rho=0.656g/L=656kg/m^3$. Thus we have the total mass of CO2 burned in year 2012

$$Mass of CH_4 = 4.1525 * 10^{13} kg (5)$$

Since the background is complete combustion, from chemistry we have

$$CH_4 + 2O_2 = CO_2 + 2H_2O$$
 (6)

and introduce a concept from chemistry, molecular weight we have

$$Mass\ of\ CO_2 = m_{CH_4} * \frac{M_{CO_2}}{M_{CH_4}}$$
 (7)

where m_{CH_4} is the mass, the M_{CH_4} is the molecular weight. This equation is deducted by **carbon equilibrium** under complete combustion. Evaluate equation (7) we have $m_{CO_2} = 1.1419 * 10^{14} kg$

1.3 Renewables