

# Case Study: Driver Terminal for Forage Harvester

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# About Me



**Burkhard Stubert**

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- Interesting Projects
  - In-flight entertainment system for US company
  - In-vehicle infotainment system for German tier-1 supplier
  - Driver terminal for Krone harvester
  - Internet radio for CSR
  - VoIP handset for xG
- 15+ years developing embedded and desktop systems
  - Especially with Qt and C++
  - Architecture, development, test, coaching, project lead
- Previous companies:
  - Nokia, Cambridge Consultants, Infineon, Siemens

# Forage Harvester: Krone BigX 480/580



# Project Schedule

Old



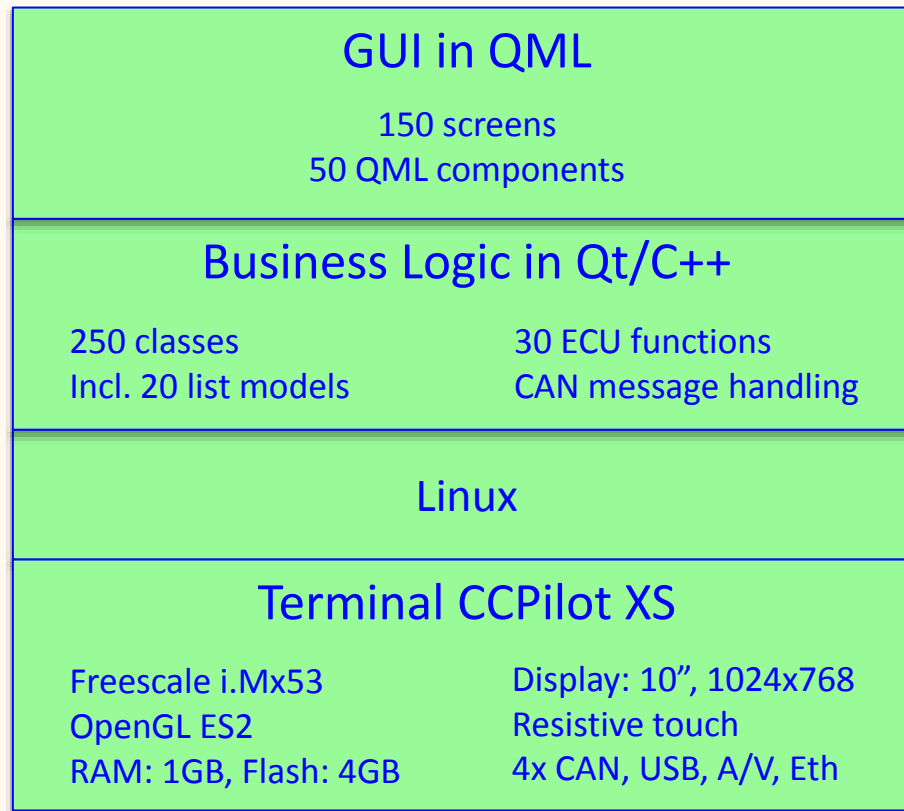
New



- **06/2012:** Project start
- **08/2012:** First prototype in corn harvest
  - Qt 4.8 on Windows XP and Intel Atom
- **02/2013:** Usability test with drivers
  - Qt 5.1 on Linux and ARM Cortex-A8
- **05/2013:** Alpha in grass harvest
- **08/2013:** Beta in corn harvest
- **11/2013:** Shown at Agritechnica
- **04/2014:** Product release

**All done with 3 SW developers  
and 1 UI designer!**

# System Architecture





# Modes: Field, Road, Maintenance

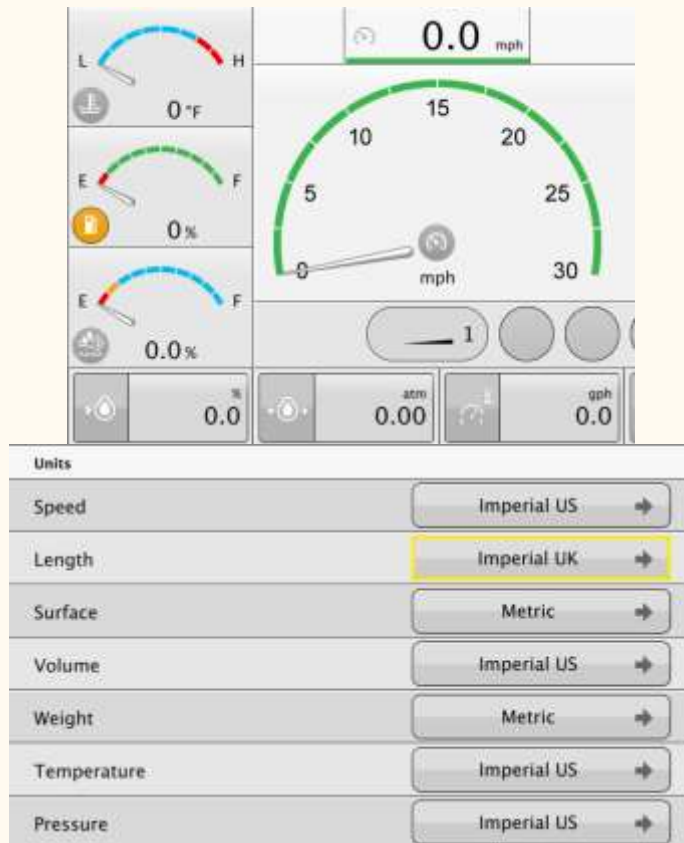


# Modes: Day and Night

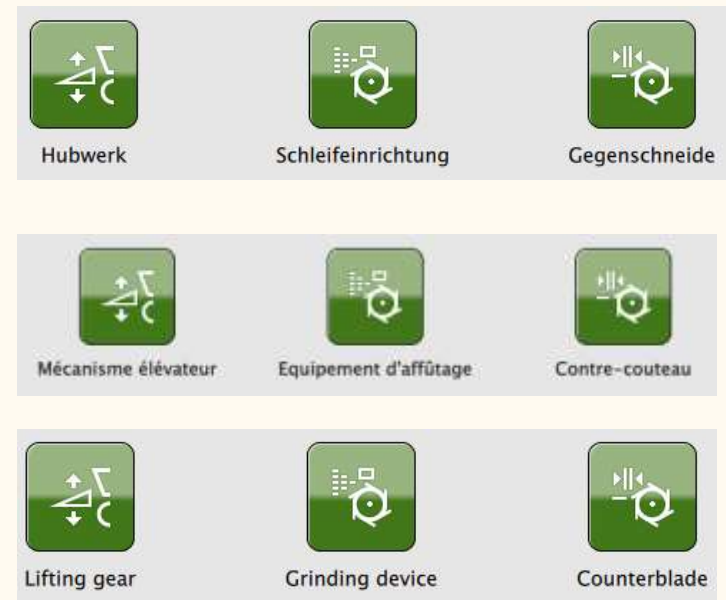


# Internationalization

## Metric vs. Imperial Units



## Multiple Languages





# More Features



- User input with both touch and rotary/push knob
- Crop area management
- Access to machine parameters for fine tuning
- On-Board Diagnosis

The screenshot shows the 'Diesel engine' control interface. It features a table with parameters and their actual values. The table has three columns: 'ID', 'Parameter designation', and 'Actual value'. The 'Actual value' column contains input fields with arrows for adjustment. The 'Interval undercut oil press, alarm trigg.' row is highlighted with a yellow box.

ID	Parameter designation	Actual value
020	max. temperature warning message	220 °C
699	Interval undercut oil press, alarm trigg.	10000 ms
701	Filling level engine tank 1, sup. point 1	0 %
702	Voltage sensor filling level tank 1, sup. point 1	1000 V
703	Filling level engine tank 1, sup. point 2	50 %
704	Voltage sensor filling level tank 1, sup. point 2	3000 V
705	Filling level engine tank 1, sup. point 3	100 %

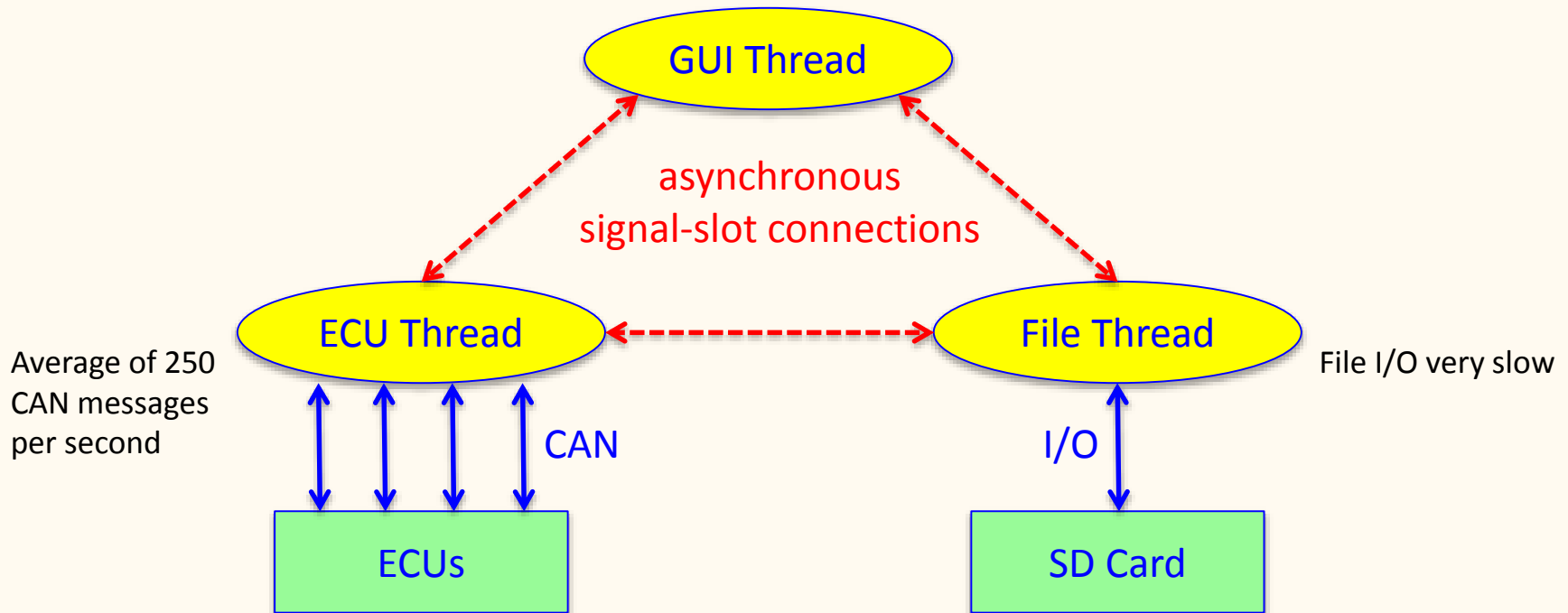
# Agenda

- Multi-Threaded Architecture
- Know Your ListViews Well
- An Efficient Page Stack
- Themes for Day and Night Mode
- Internationalisation

# Agenda

- **Multi-Threaded Architecture**
- Know Your ListViews Well
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# Dividing Application into Threads



# Setting up the Threads

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {  
    QGuiApplication app(argc, argv);
```

```
    QThread fileThread;  
    FileManager::instance()->moveToThread(&fileThread);
```

FileManager and EcuManger  
are single entry point into  
fileThread and ecuThread

```
    QThread ecuThread;  
    EcuManager::instance()->moveToThread(&ecuThread);
```

All singletons used in several  
threads must be created  
**before** threads started!

```
    fileThread.start();  
    ecuThread.start();
```

Starts event loop of QThread  
object. Needed for queued  
signal-slot connections

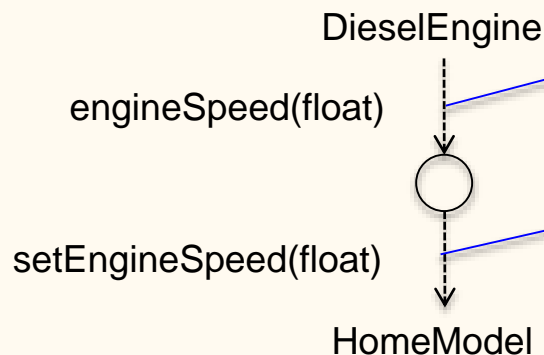
```
    QQuickView view;  
    view.setSource("main.qml");  
    view.show();  
    return app.exec();  
}
```

# Inter-Thread Calls with Signals & Slots

```
// Set up inter-thread connections in HomeModel,  
// which is in GUI thread  
connect(EcuManager::instance()->getDieselEngine(),  
        SIGNAL(engineSpeed(float)),  
        this,  
        SLOT(setEngineSpeed(float)));
```

Sender and receiver in  
different threads. Hence:  
Qt::QueuedConnection

Triggering the queued connection:



Meta object appends slot to  
event loop of GUI thread

When event loop of GUI  
thread executed next time,  
slot is called

**Best of all: No thread  
synchronisation needed!**



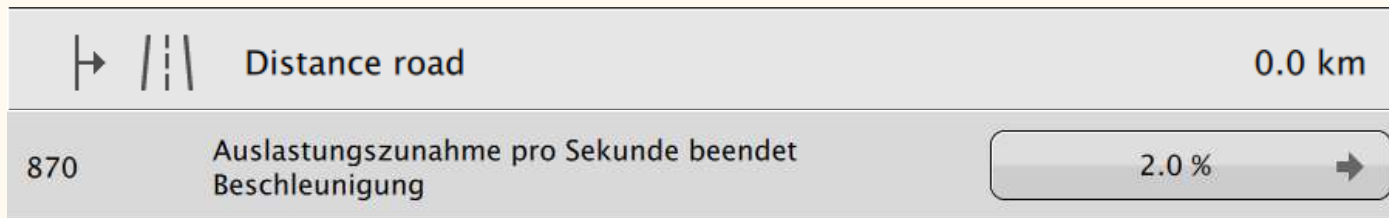
# Caveats

- Arguments of queued connections must be builtins or have copy constructor
  - Examples: `int`, `QString`, `const QList<float>&`
- Don't pass pointers over queued connections
- Don't call into other thread directly
- Create singletons used in 2+ threads before threads started
  - **Before C++11**: No guarantee that synchronisation of singleton creation works on multi-core/processor machines
    - See “C++ and the Perils of Double-Checked Locking” by Scott Meyers and Andrei Alexandrescu, 2004, Dr. Dobbs Journal
  - **Since C++11**: Double-checked locking fixed
    - See “Double-Checked Locking is Fixed in C++11” by Jeff Preshing, 2013
    - But: `instance()` with synchronisation performs considerably worse than without

# Agenda

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# Over-Generalized QML Delegates



- AllInOneDelegate instantiates 10 cells
  - For unused cells: visible: false
- AllInOneCell instantiates 5 types of cells
  - For unused types (4 out of 5): visible: false
- **Problem:**
  - For each visible row, ListView creates 50 objects
  - While scrolling, rows are deleted and created when becoming invisible and visible
- **Result:** Scrolling becomes erratic for 30+ rows

# Over-Generalized QML Delegates (2)

- **Solution:**
  - Write a delegate for each type of ListView
  - Write a component for each type of cell
  - For each visible row, ListView creates 1 object for each cell
    - For the examples: 3 instead of 50 objects created

# Bad Vibrations

Arbeitsbreite

900 cm

- **Problem:**
  - Due to harvester's vibrations and resistive touch, tapping always interpreted as flicking
- **Solution:**
  - Read-only cells used for flicking
  - Editable cells used for tapping (selection)

Reihenabstand

75 cm



# Nested C++ List Models



Front attachment

Front attachment profile: Maize 3-part →

Working width: 900 cm

Row distance: 75 cm →



Front attachment profile

Without front attachment: ✓

Grass: ✓

Maize 2-part: ✓

Maize 3-part: ✓

Direct cutting system: ✓

- Roles of SeasonView
  - pName: QString
  - pValue: EnumListModel\*
- Roles of SingleChoiceDialog
  - eName: QString
  - eValue: int



# Passing EnumListModel\* to QML

// Delegate of SeasonView

```
Row {  
    DisplayCell {  
        text: pName  
    }  
    EditCell {  
        text: pValue.eName  
        onClicked: g_guiMgr.pushPage( "SingleChoiceDialog", { "model": pValue } );  
    }  
}
```



SingleChoiceDialog is ListView  
with pValue as its model

# Passing EnumListModel\* to QML (2)

// In SeasonModel.h

```
class SeasonModel : public QAbstractListModel {  
    struct RowData {  
        QString pName;  
        EnumListModel *pValue;  
    };  
  
    QList<RowData *> m_data;  
  
public slots:  
    void receiveParameters(const QList<ParamData> &params);  
  
    // More ...  
};
```

Slot (in GUI thread) triggered by  
signal from ECU thread

ParamData is copyable object  
providing the data of a row in  
SeasonView

# Passing EnumListModel\* to QML (3)

// In SeasonModel.cpp

```
QVariant SeasonModel::data(const QModelIndex &index, int role) const {  
    // Some checks ...  
    QVariant v;  
    switch (role) {  
    case ROLE_PNAME:  
        return m_data[index.row()]->pName;  
    case ROLE_PVALUE:  
        v.setValue(static_cast<QObject*>(m_data[index.row()]->pValue));  
        return v;  
    default:  
        return v;  
    }  
}
```

Must be QObject\*, because only pointer type registered with QVariant.  
Custom pointer types cannot be registered with QVariant.

# Wrapping Enum in ListModel

```
class EnumListModel : public QAbstractListModel {  
    Q_OBJECT  
  
    Q_PROPERTY(int eIndex READ getEIndex WRITE setEIndex  
                NOTIFY eIndexChanged)  
    Q_PROPERTY(int eName READ getEName  
                NOTIFY eIndexChanged)  
    Q_PROPERTY(int eValue READ getEValue  
                NOTIFY eIndexChanged)  
  
signals:  
    void eIndexChanged();  
  
public:  
    EnumListModel(QMap<int, QPair<QString, int> >&(*func)(),  
                  QObject *parent = 0)  
  
    // More ...
```

Index of the currently  
selected item in the ListView

eName and eValue depend  
fully on eIndex. Hence, no  
setter and same notification  
signal as eIndex

Function with mapping from  
index to pair of enum  
string and value

Getters, setters for properties.  
roleNames(), data(), rowCount() for  
QAbstractListModel

# Wrapping Enum in ListModel (2)

```
// In ParameterEnums.h
class ParameterEnums : public QObject {
    Q_OBJECT
    Q_ENUMS(AttachmentProfile)
public:
    enum AttachmentProfile {
        AP_NONE = 0, AP_GRASS, AP_MAIZE_2 //...
    };

    static QMap<int, QPair<QString, int> > &getApEnum() {
        static QMap<int, QPair<QString, int> > m;
        if (m.isEmpty()) {
            m.insert(0, qMakePair(QString("Without front attachment"), AP_NONE));
            m.insert(1, qMakePair(QString("Grass"), AP_GRASS));
            m.insert(2, qMakePair(QString("Maize 2-part"), AP_MAIZE_2));
            // ...
        }
        return m;
    }
}
```

# Wrapping Enum in ListModel (3)

```
// In SeasonModel.cpp
```

```
// In constructor
```

```
m_mapper = new QSignalMapper(this);  
connect(m_mapper, SIGNAL(mapped(int)), this, SLOT(emitDataChanged(int)));
```

Emits dataChanged(QModelIndex, QModelIndex)  
of QAbstractListModel for row given as argument

```
// In slot receiving data from ECU thread
```

```
void SeasonModel::receiveParameters(const QList<ParamData> &params) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < params.count(); ++i) {  
        RowData *rd = new RowData;  
        if (params[i].pValueType == ParamData::VT_ENUM) {  
            rd->pName = params[i].pName;  
            rd->pValue = new EnumListModel(params[i].enumFunc, this);  
            connect(rd, SIGNAL(eIndexChanged()), m_mapper, SLOT(map()));  
            m_mapper->setMapping(rd, i);  
        }  
        // other value types
```

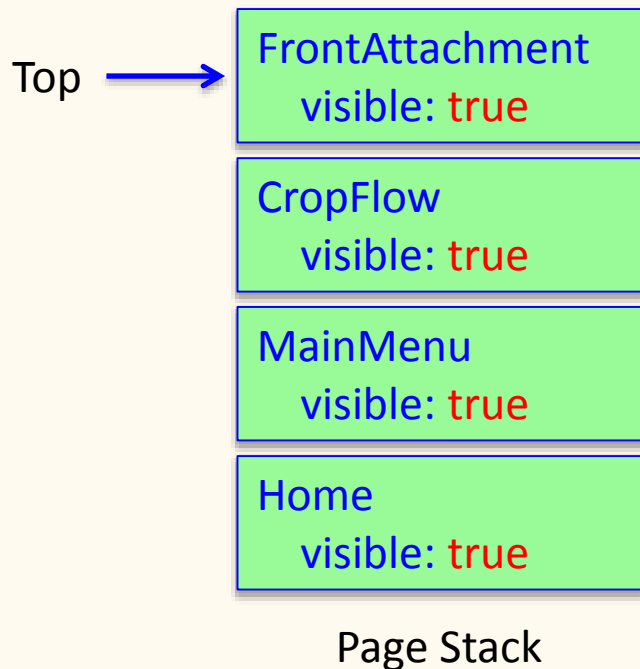
For example:  
ParameterEnums::getApEnum()



# Agenda

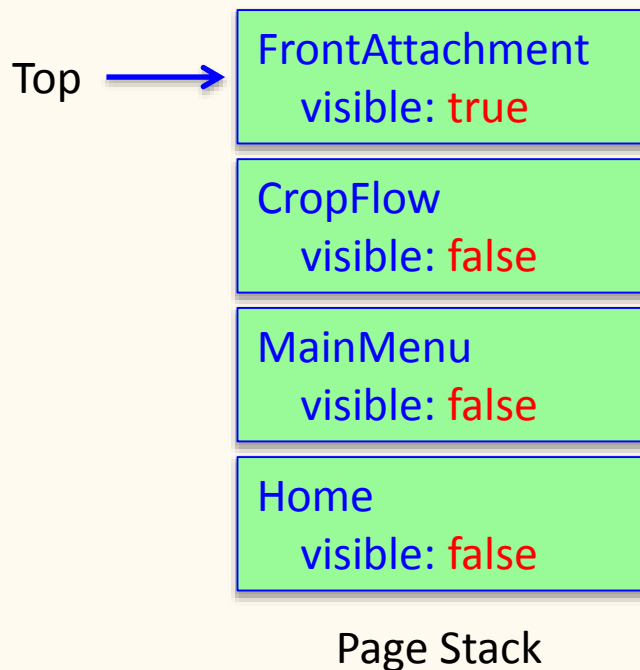
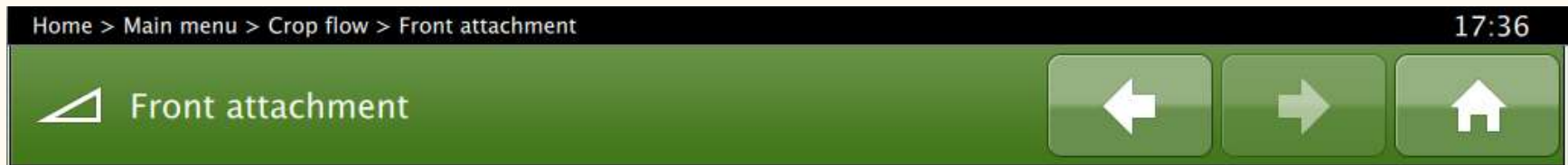
- Multi-Threaded Architecture
- Know Your ListViews Well
- **An Efficient Page Stack**
- Themes for Day and Night Mode
- Internationalisation

# Page Stack: Bad Implementation



- **Problem:**
  - Every QML item with “visible: true” is rendered
  - 4 full screens of 1024x768 pixels rendered!
- GUI hardly responsive!
- Occurred in PageStack of Qt 4.8

# Page Stack: Good Implementation



- **Solution:**
  - All pages except top page have “visible: false”
  - If transition animated, set “visible: false” when animation finished
- Correct in StackView since Qt 5.1
  - But: Too much Javascript!
- Note: Two full screens during animation may be too much for some GPUs

# Agenda

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- **Themes for Day and Night Mode**
- Internationalisation

# Day and Night Mode



- Theme
  - GUI Structure unchanged
  - Look changes: text and background colours, images
- Change between day and night theme at runtime
- Solution: `QQmlFileSelector`

# Changing Theme in C++

```
// In ThemeManager.cpp  
// Exposed to QML as singleton
```

Triggered in QML by  
ThemeManager.theme = "night"

```
void ThemeManager::setTheme(const QString &theme) {  
    if (m_theme == theme)  
        return;
```

Searches for .../+night/Theme.qml

```
    m_theme = theme;  
    QStringList xsel;  
    if (m_theme == "night") {  
        xsel << m_theme;  
    }
```

Day theme is default with empty  
selector list  
Searches for .../Theme.qml

```
    QQmlFileSelector::get(m_qmlEngine)->setExtraSelectors(xsel);  
    emit themeChanged();  
}
```

Notify QML about  
theme change

Extra selectors searched before locale  
and platform selectors



# Theme Selection in QML

// In Main.qml

property alias g\_theme: themeLoader.item

Loader {

id: themeLoader

source: Qt.resolvedUrl("Theme.qml")

}

Connections {

target: ThemeManager

onThemeChanged: {

themeLoader.source = Qt.resolvedUrl("Theme.qml")

}

}

Name of theme file same for day  
and night mode

Singleton managing themes

Loads file variant for new theme  
Binding for every theme variable changes

# Theme Files

## DayTheme.qml

```
Item {  
    property color textColor: "black"  
    property color lineColor1: "#333333"  
    property color backgroundColor1: "#E6E6E6"  
  
    property url bg_centralArea:  
    "images/bg_CentralArea.png"  
    property url bg_tableRow1:  
    "images/bg_TableRow1.png"  
    property url ic_accelerationRamp1:  
    "images/AccelerationRamp1.png"  
  
    // Many more ...  
}
```

## NightTheme.qml

```
Item {  
    property color textColor: "white"  
    property color lineColor1: "#000000"  
    property color backgroundColor1: "#595959"  
  
    property url bg_centralArea:  
    "images/bg_CentralArea.png"  
    property url bg_tableRow1:  
    "images/bg_TableRow1.png"  
    property url ic_accelerationRamp1:  
    "images/AccelerationRamp1.png"  
  
    // Many more ...  
}
```

Property names used in QML code instead of actual values  
source: g\_theme.bg\_centralArea

# Organisation in File System

/path/to/my/app/qml

+night/

images/

bg\_CentralArea.png

bg\_TableRow1.png

AccelerationRamp1.png

Theme.qml

Files for night theme  
in variant directory

images/

bg\_CentralArea.png

bg\_TableRow1.png

AccelerationRamp1.png

Theme.qml

Files for day/default theme  
in plain directory

# Agenda

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# Multiple Languages

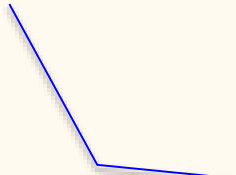


- Change between languages at runtime
- Two solutions:
  - [S1] qsTr bound to languageChanged property
  - [S2] “Theme” for each language

# [S1] QML Client Code

// In a QML file

```
Text {  
    text: qsTr("Areas") + g_tr.languageChanged  
    // ...  
}
```



When property *g\_tr.languageChanged* changes,  
property *text* must be re-evaluated and  
qsTr("Areas") re-executed  
Translation of "Areas" assigned to property *text*

# [S1] Changing Language in C++

```
// In TranslationMgr.h  
// Exposed to QML as singleton g_tr
```

```
class TranslationMgr : public QObject {  
    Q_OBJECT
```

```
    Q_PROPERTY(QString languageChanged  
                READ getLanguageChanged  
                NOTIFY languageChanged)
```

```
    QString getLanguageChanged() const {  
        return "";  
    }
```

Must return empty string to keep  
translated string unchanged

```
signals:  
    void languageChanged();
```

# [S1] Changing Language in C++

// In TranslationMgr.cpp

```
void TranslationMgr::setLanguage(const QString &lang) {  
    if (m_lang == lang)  
        return;  
  
    // Install proper QTranslator for language  
    // ...  
  
    QLocale::setDefault(lang);  
    emit languageChanged();  
}
```

Triggered in QML by  
`g_tr.language = "de_DE"`

Load qm file for *lang* (e.g., "de\_DE")

Set default locale to *lang* (e.g., "de\_DE")

Notify QML about language change



# [S2] QML Client Code

// In a QML file

```
Text {  
    text: g_tr.s_areas  
    // ...  
}
```

Simpler than  
qsTr("Areas") + g\_tr.languageChanged

# [S2] Changing Language in C++

```
// In TranslationMgr.cpp
// Exposed to QML as singleton TranslationMgr

void TranslationMgr::setLanguage(const QString &lang) {
    if (m_lang == lang)
        return;

    // Install proper QTranslator for language
    // ...

    QLocale::setDefault(lang);
    emit languageChanged();
}
```

Triggered in QML by  
`TranslationMgr.language = "de_DE"`

Load qm file for *lang* (e.g., "de\_DE")

**File selector supports locales**  
Searches for `.../+de_DE/Translations.qml`  
Use proper default (e.g., `en_US`)

Notify QML about  
theme change

# [S2] Translation Selection in QML

// In Main.qml

property alias g\_tr: trLoader.item

```
Loader {  
    id: trLoader  
    source: Qt.resolvedUrl("Translations.qml")  
}
```

Name of translation file same for all languages

```
Connections {  
    target: TranslationMgr  
    onLanguageChanged: {  
        trLoader.source = Qt.resolvedUrl("Translations.qml")  
    }  
}
```

Singleton managing translations

Loads file variant for new language  
Binding for every translated string changes

# [S2] Translation Files with qstr

## Translations.qml (en\_US)

```
Item {  
    property string s_arm_rest:  
        qstr("Arm rest")  
    property string s_settings:  
        qstr("Settings")  
    property string s_areas:  
        qstr("Areas")  
}
```

Property names used in QML code  
instead of qstr("string")  
text: g\_tr.s\_areas

## Translations.qml (de\_DE)

```
Item {  
    property string s_arm_rest:  
        qstr("Arm rest")  
    property string s_settings:  
        qstr("Settings")  
    property string s_areas:  
        qstr("Areas")  
}
```

qstr() does the actual translation


# [S2] Translation Files without qsTr

## Translations.qml (en\_US)

```
Item {  
    property string s_arm_rest: "Arm rest"  
    property string s_settings: "Settings"  
    property string s_areas: "Areas"
```

## Translations.qml (de\_DE)

```
Item {  
    property string s_arm_rest: "Armlehne"  
    property string s_settings: "Einstellungen"  
    property string s_areas: "Flächen"
```



Translations written directly into  
QML "translation" files

# Terminal Krone Big X 480/580

