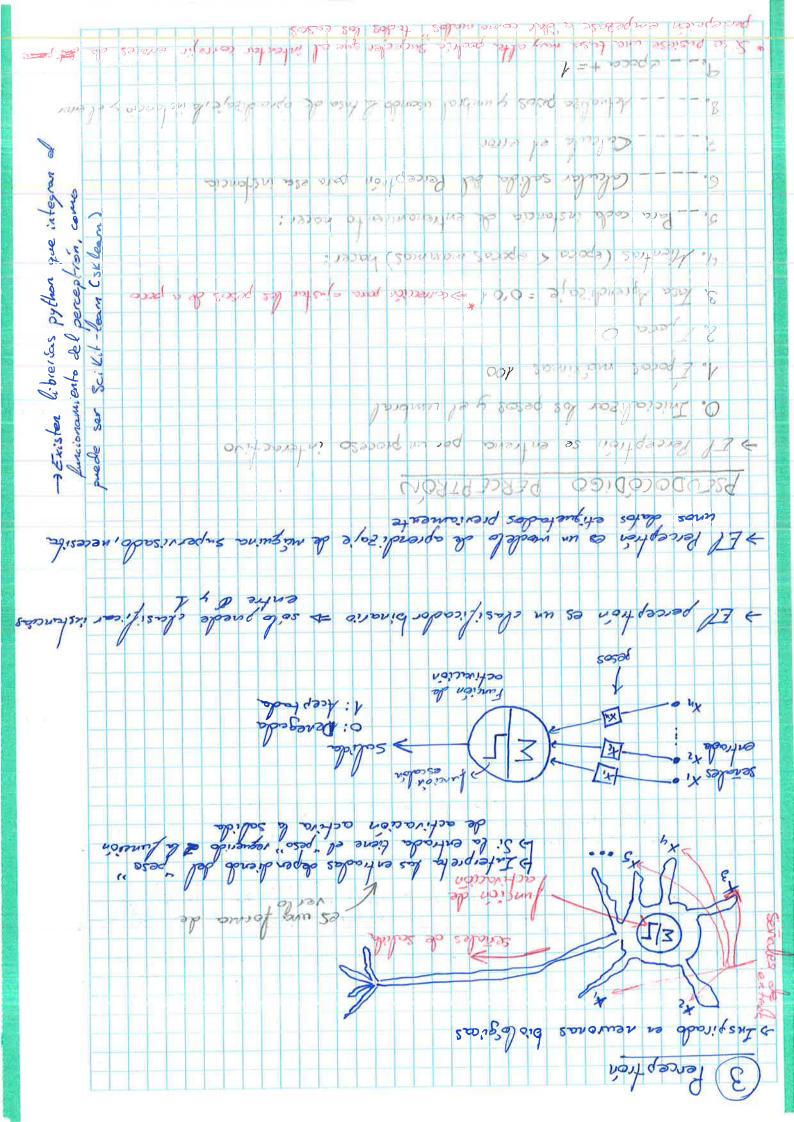
Nols - Spendizere de Mequina 20 40 0 8. 21 3M/ < 49W 25/61 D Misualisación de Elver - Layles de asociacións Apribri. sold do oboud < 5 July Siles of Strangers of F NJUL Relies Heurenales as Sais Super y Lie Super DO LA (2006) - Lisabes a (his bes : L-means (6s + utilisabes) 2 whiles peron detectar portrones (as ruperinientos El algeriture biene que encontrar la estructura subjacente No se tiene una clase que quia el proceso de apiendizaje Seposius & horalizate Superinted - desiring of is ilongit o Aprendizaje Supervisado > desjicación > De Lección & sencram modeles lineales a partir de los chases Requiere de la cada elesa Se hore de dese que quie el praceso de aprendi se la Shy / Sacroso de decision / HAS A Super such > De los clesificación previo Threndizer of Supervisord + Chaificeaion prevent de ्रिकार्क प्र द्राची स्व Ciding Higuina Hachine Leaning Learning IA y Sectione

\$ 15.00 900 mondos print (derivade, (() = m = 89 m)) 900 = 8 STONE (121 1200) / 10 - w/s Z**(E1+m-10058) + Z+*(E+m+02052) + Z+*(9*m-02002) = 10113 (my) down som son a ((1,100) (xo/a) * in = 3/ chibar alov = it 2 (26 - 26) Z madrades de los residuos (R2S): Dus ca el meror enor posible summen les eneres (:) e levades al mouha 792 entrada (artos experiencia) es es 48 01 -> As es un made le opteme, tiene × and water Toler X o ullor verdodero (director (solarie) Long EN 35 000 Elako Luna persona con baros de exp gana 20 000 E/aro del que podrencos sacar datos simples on - SK Learn parter ver descendente

Te debe indicar en que valor se inicialitan las pránetros (desaris)
al mismo resultado independientemento dal valor, siempre que las ite 81:07:00 La hasa de esperaditeje - letine el " temano de esos pasas Para evoluar todos (65 resultados posibles se debe establece.
de "pasos", son las llamadas iteraciones maíninos > se ajusta



@author: Octavio Gutiérrez de Código Máquina

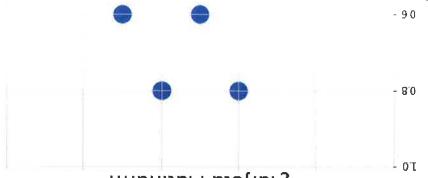
URL del canal: https://www.youtube.com/CodigoMaquina

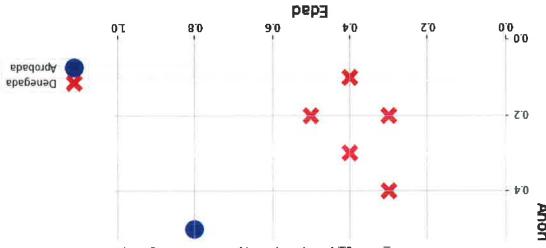
URL del video: https://youtu.be/dkhXGTersP0

Perceptrón

Datos linealmente separables

```
- OT
     Smunital9 etaliatinum?
                                       ()wods.tIq
                                       plt.grid()
                              ((10.1 ,0))milv.flq
                              ((10.1,0))milx.ilq
                                   plt.box(False)
           plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.3, 0.15))
                (ZL=9zizinoi ,"onnoi") lads[v.j[q
                  plt.xlabel("Edad", fontsize=15)
      linewidths=5, label="Aprobada")
     marker="o", s=180, color="blue",
          personas[clases == 1].T[1],
          plt.scatter(personas[clases == 1].T[0],
      linewidths=5, label="Denegada")
       marker="x", s=180, color="red"
          personas[clases == 0].T[1],
          plt.scatter(personas[clases == 0].T[0],
     plt.title("¿Tarjeta Platinum?", fontsize=20)
                       plt.figure(figsize=(7, 7))
           # Gráfica de dispersión (edad, ahorro)
clases = np.array([0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1])
                  рробәиәр : д
                                # I : aprobrada
    ([[5.0 (8.0], [6.0 (7.0]
     [9.0 (2.0] ([8.0 (9.0]
     [8.0 ,4.0] ,[2.0 ,2.0]
     [[1.0 ,4.0] ,[[1.0 ,8.0]
     personas = np.array([[0.3, 0.4], [0.4, 0.3],
         # Datos de 10 personas -> [edad, ahorro]
                  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                               dn ze ydmun froqmi
                                                    :[Ţ] uI
```





Función de Activación (Escalón)

epoca += 1

Calcula el error

10.0 = siezibnərqe əb ezet

0. Inicializar los pesos y el umbral

1. epocas máximas = 100

6

.8

L

9

S

2. epoca = 0

```
(Seaziz .1 .1-)mnotinu.mobnen.an = 2029a
```

- Entrenamiento del Perceptrón

Calcula salida del perceptrón para esa estancia

Para cada instancia de entrenamiento hacer:

Pseudocódigo del Perceptrón

Out[2]: (areay([-0.14362188, -0.2154272]), 0.5691661131756678, 1)

pesos, b, activacion(pesos, [0.5, 0.4], b)

4. Mientras (epoca < epocas máximas) hacer:

Actualiza pesos y umbral usando la tasa de aprendizaje, la instancia y el error

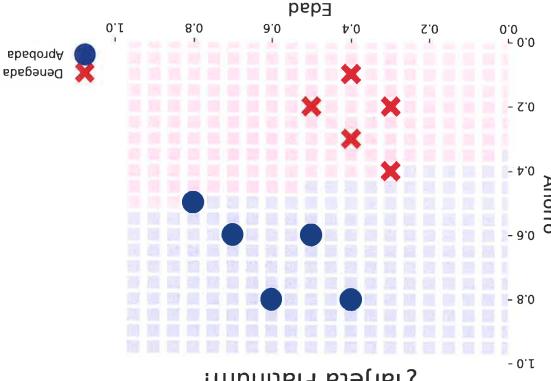
```
τ :[ε];no
                            activacion(pesos, [0.5, 1], b)
                                (" "=bne , Leto__nonne) tninq
                         b += tasa_de_aprendizaje * error
        norna * [1][1]senoznaq * a[exibnarde_ab_eset =+ [1]zosaq
        nonne * [0][i]senozneq * etasibnende_eb_eset =+ [0]soseq
                                error_total += errora
                           error = clases[i] - prediccion
                prediccion = activacion(pesos, personas[i], b)
                              for i in range(len(personas)):
                                        error_total = 0
                                   for epoca in range(epocas):
                                             6bocss = 100
                                   10.0 = 9[ezibnanqe_ab_ezst
                                  (1, 1-)mnofinu.mobnen.qn = d
```

Zonas de aprobación

Gráfica de dispersión [edad, ahorro]

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5), dpi=200)
plt.title("¿Tarjeta Platinum?", fontsize=20)
```

```
- 0'I
                      ?munital9 etajaeT.
                                                             plt.show()
                                                   plt.ylim((0, 1.01))
                                                   plt.xlim((0, 1.01))
                                                         plt.box(False)
                                plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.3, 0.15))
                                     plt.ylabel("Ahorro", fontsize=15)
                                       plt.xlabel("Edad", fontsize=15)
        color="red", alpha=0.2, linewidths=0)
              plt.scatter(edad, ahorro, marker="s", s=110,
                                                         :əstə
       color="blue", alpha=0.2, linewidths=0)
              plt.scatter(edad, ahorro, marker="s", s=110,
                                                if == noloo fi
                  color = activacion(pesos, [edad, ahorro], b)
                              :(20.0 ,1 ,0)egnens.qn ni onnode not
                                    for edad in np.arange(0, 1, 0.05):
                           linewidths=5, label="Aprobada")
                          marker="o", s=180, color="blue",
                               personas[clases == 1].T[1],
                               plt.scatter(personas[clases == 1].T[0],
                           linewidths=5, label="Denegada")
                           marker="x", s=180, color="red",
                               personas[clases == 0].T[1],
                               plt.scatter(personas[clases == 0].T[0],
code/machine_learning_python/perceptron.ipynb at main · CodigoMaquina/code · GitHub
```



Perceptrón con Scikit-learn

```
The [5]:

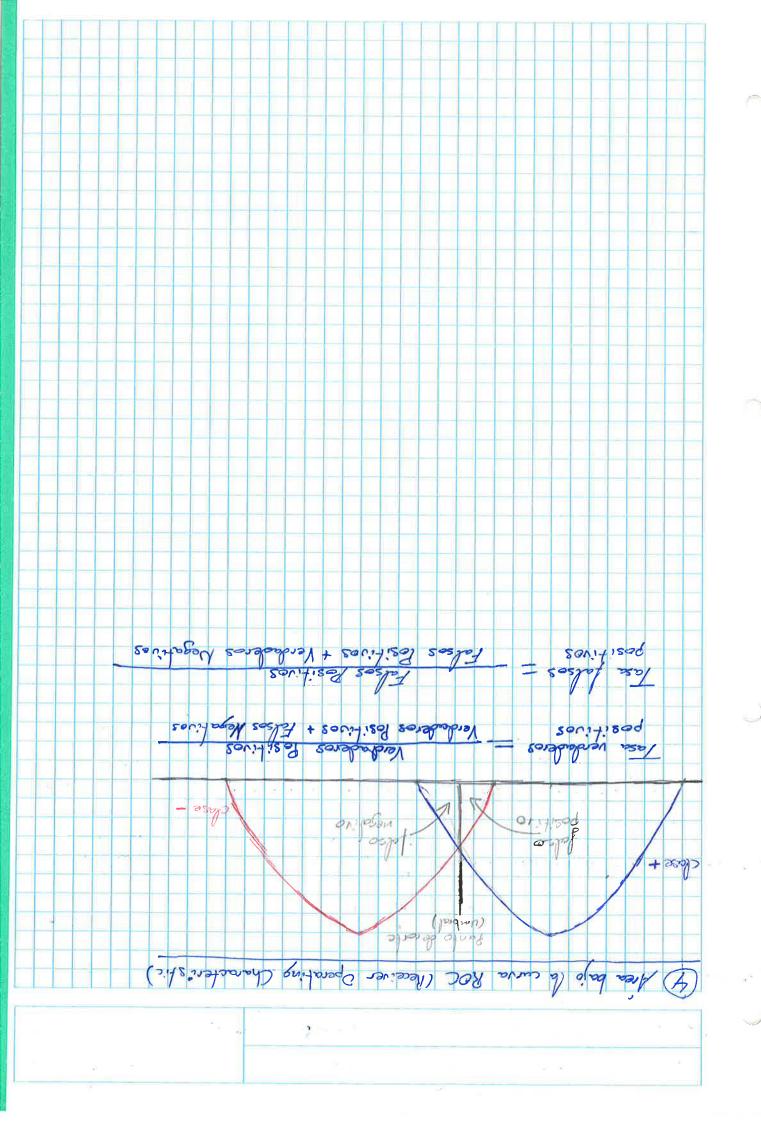
from sklearn.linear_model import Perceptron

perceptron = Perceptron().fit(personas, clases)

perceptron.predict([[0.2, 0.2], [0.8, 0.8]])
```

Out[5]: array([0, 1])

LIL



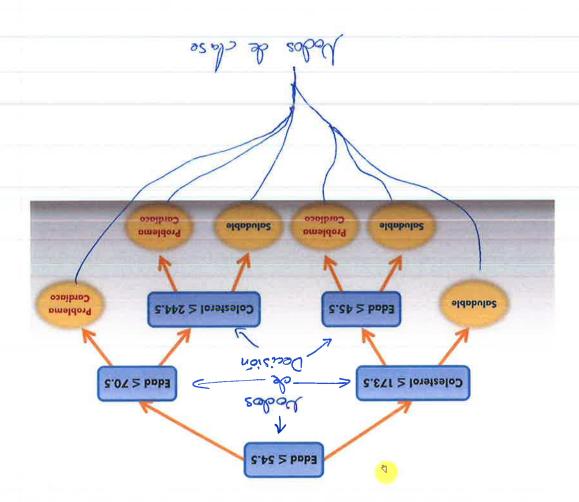
ver la capaciolad de almacenamiento de un valor de Los centroles de decisión son técnicas No PARALETRICAS De hacen · Confamos con 2 tips de Nodos & la clase > lécnices de caja blonce -> Si que la peruniten ->. ej: cí boles de decisiones > Técnicas caja negra - p. ej. & Rabes Deuronales - No permiter ver en que, o Aiboles de decisión usando Entropía con Polhon

Árboles de Decisión

Padecimientos cardíacos Árboles de Decisión



Padecimientos cardíacos



Gráfica dispersión: Edad y Colesterol

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

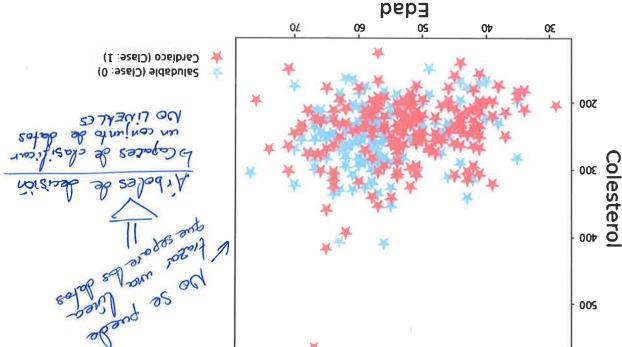
pacientes =

pd.read_csv("pacientes.csv")

saludables = pacientes[pacientes["problema_cardiaco"]==0]

cardiacos = pacientes[pacientes["problema cardiaco"]==0]
```

```
005
                                                                             plt.show()
                                              plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1, 0.15))
plt.scatter(cardiacos["edad"], cardiacos["colesterol"],
    label="Cardiaco (Clase: 1)", marker="*", c="lightcoral", s=200)
  label="Saludable (Clase: 0)", marker="**, c="skyblue", s=200)
                     plt.scatter(saludables["edad"], saludables["colesterol"],
                                        plt.ylabel('Colesterol', fontsize = 20.0)
                                               plt.xlabel('Edad', fontsize = 20.0)
                                                          plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
                                                d ]
  code/machine_learning_python/arboles_de_decision.ipynb at main · CodigoMaquina/code · GitHub
```



Entropía:

Promedio de información almacenada en una variable aleatoria

```
0'T
                                                                  0.2
                                                       dtype: float64
                                                           2.0
                                                                  J00
                                                           5.0
                                                                  0TT
                                                       dtype: float64
                                                           6.25
                                                                   0t
                                                           6.25
                                                                   95
                                                           52.0
                                                                   70
                                                           52.0
                                                                   30
print(entropy(colesterol.value_counts())colesterol.size, base=2)
        print(entropy(edades.value_counts()/edades.size, base=2))
                 print(colesterol.value_counts()\colesterol.size)
                          print(edades.value_counts()/edades.size)
                     colesterol = pd.Series([100, 110, 100, 110])
                              edades = pd.Series([40, 30, 20, 50])
                                              Sof from mont dism mont
                                   from scipy.stats import entropy
                                                                      :[7] uI
```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

datos_entrena, datos_prueba, clase_entrena, clase_prueba = train_test_split(
pacientes[["edad", "colesterol"]], pacientes["problema_cardiaco"],
test_size=0.30)

Datos de Entrenamiento y Prueba

:[٤] uI

:[t] uI

```
|--- Colesterol <= 292,50
                                            |--- Colesterol > 271,50
                                                | |--- cjsz: j
                                               02.52 < bab3 --- |
                                    |--- c]922: 0
                             |--- Colesterol > 226.50
                         --- cjass: 1
                                       - 1
                 |--- Colesterol > 217.50
                         0 :sseto --- |
                 |--- Colesterol <= 217.50
                     |--- Colesterol > 208.50
                            |--- c]922: Ţ
                     |--- Colesterol <= 208.50
                        |--- Colesterol > 204.50
                                    |--- c]922: 0
                      |--- Colesterol <= 204.50
                            |--- Colesterol <= 226.50
                                |--- Colesterol > 202,50
                                            |--- cJ922: J
                              |--- Colesterol <= 202,50 |
                                           02.12 < bab3 ---
 | |--- truncated branch of depth 5
                       02.24 < bab3 ---|
| 2 | --- truncated branch of depth 2
                   02.24 => bab3 ---
                |--- Colesterol > 233.50
                            |--- cjass: 0
              |--- Colesterol <= 233.50
                    |--- Colesterol > 229.00
                            --- class: 1
                    |--- Colesterol <= 229.00
                               02.44 < bab3 ---
                            | |--- cJass: 1
                    |--- Colesterol > 219.50
                               |--- cjass: 0
                  |--- Colesterol <= 219,50
                              02.44 => bab3 ---|
                            |--- Colesterol > 217.00
                                        |--- cjass: j
                          | 00.712 => Loneteelol ---|
                                --- Colesterol > 198.50
                                    |--- cjass: 0
                            |--- Colesterol > 194.50
                        |--- cJ922: 0
                       02.74 < beb3 ---|
                       | --- c]922: J
                       02.74 => bab3 ---|
                           02.44 < bab3 ---|
                           |--- cjass: 0
                           02.44 => beb3 ---|
                               02.54 < bab3 ---|
                               --- cJass: 1
                              02.54 => bab3 ---|
                           |--- Colesterol <= 194.50
                               |--- Colesterol <= 198.50
                                          02.12 => bab3 ---|
                                              02.52 => bab3 ---|
                                           --- Colesterol <= 271.50
                                               |--- Colesterol > 173,50
                                                       |--- cJass: 0
                                               |--- Colesterol <= 173.50
                                                             02.42 => beb3
                                                      --| TTTTTTTTTTTTTTT+'(
```

13/31

Ţ :SSEŢO
02,82 < Edad >
0 сјаза: 0
02.82 => beb3
02.513 < Lonesterol
T :Sselo Class: 1
02.513.50
02.305 < Lonesterol
0 : class: 0
Colesterol > 202.50
02.202 < Lonateacol
00.001 < Lolesterol
02.00 < bab
05.62 < bab
05'65 => pep3
Colestenol > 172.00
172.00 <= 172.00
08.08 => Edad <= 60.55
00.001 => [01esteno]
02.505.50
Colesterol <= 235.00
Colesterol <= 251.50
03.50 <= Edad <= 63.50
Edad > 54.50
0 :2255: 0
0 :2255: 0
7 :2sss: 1 Colesterol > 328.00
Colesterol > 313.00
class: 0
Colesterol <= 313.00
Colesterol > 308.50
class: 1 Colesterol > 308.50 Colesterol <= 313.00 Colesterol > 313.00 Colesterol > 313.00 Colesterol <= 328.00 Colesterol > 328.00 Class: 0 Class: 1 Colesterol > 328.00 Class: 1 Class: 1 Class: 1 Class: 1 Class: 1 Class: 1 Class: 1
Colestenol > 305.50 Class: 1 Clestenol > 308.50 Clestenol <= 313.00 Colestenol > 313.00 Colestenol <= 328.00 Edad <= 42.50 Class: 0 Class: 1 Class: 1
class: 0
Colesterol <= 305.50 Class: 0
Colestenol <= 308.50
Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol <= 305.50 Class: 0
Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol <= 305.50 Colesterol <= 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 308.50 Colesterol > 313.00 Colesterol > 328.00 Colesterol
Class: 1 Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 1 Colesterol > 308.50 Class: 1 Colesterol > 308.50 Class: 0 Class: 1 Cla
Colesterol <= 304.50 class: 1 Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 class: 0 class: 0 class: 1 class: 0 class: 1
Colesterol > 304,50 Class: 1 Calesterol > 304,50 Calesterol > 304,50 Calesterol > 308,50 Calesterol < 308,50 Calesterol > 305,50 Calesterol > 313,00 Calesterol > 328,00 Calesterol >
class: 0 Colesterol > 292.50 Colesterol > 304.50 class: 1 Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol > 308.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Class: 0 Colesterol > 313.00 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 1
Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 292.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 313.00 Coleste
Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol < 308.50 Colesterol < 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 308.50 Colesterol > 313.00 Co
Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 292.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol <= 308.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 313.00 Coleste
Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 278.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol > 304.50 Colesterol < 308.50 Colesterol < 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 305.50 Colesterol > 308.50 Colesterol > 313.00 Co
Class: 1 Clesterol > 278.50 Class: 0 Class: 0 Clesterol > 292.50 Clesterol > 304.50 Clesterol > 305.50 Cl
class: 0 class: 1 class: 0 class: 0 class: 0 class: 0 class: 0 class: 1 class: 1 class: 1 class: 1 class: 1 class: 0 class: 1 c
Edad <= 47.50 Edad <= 47.50 Class: 0 Class: 1 Clesterol > 278.50 Clesterol > 304.50 Clesterol > 304.50 Edad <= 51.50 Clesterol > 308.50 Edad <= 51.50 Clesterol > 308.50 Clesterol > 31.00 Clesterol > 31.00 Class: 1 Cla
Colestenol > 274.50 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 1 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Colestenol > 278.50 Colestenol > 304.50 Colestenol > 304.50 Class: 0 Colestenol > 304.50 Class: 0 Colestenol > 308.50 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Class: 0 Classenol > 308.50 Class: 0 Classenol > 313.00 Class: 1
0. class: 0 classenol < 304.50 class: 0 class

```
|--- cjass: j
                                     00.82 < bab3 --- |
                                  | |--- cJass: 0
                           |--- Colesterol > 347.50
                                      |--- cjsss: j
                         | 02.745 => [onetend ---|
                                     00.82 => bsb3 ---|
                                  |--- Colesterol <= 400.50
                                      --- Colesterol > 337.50
                                          |--- cJass: 0
                                         02.62 < bab3 ---
                                  |--- cJass: 0
                          |--- Colesterol > 311.00
                              | |--- cjess: j
                      |--- Colesterol > 301.50
                      |--- cjass: 0
              |--- Colesterol > 283.50
                  | |--- cjess: Ţ
          |--- Colesterol > 276.50
--- truncated branch of depth 2
           |--- Colesterol <= 276,50
              |--- Colesterol <= 283.50
                         02.72 < bsb3 ---
                          |--- c]922: 0
                         02.72 => bab3 ---|
                      |--- Colesterol <= 301.50
                          |--- Colesterol <= 311.00
                              |--- Colesterol > 266.00
                                          |--- class: 1
                            | 00.66.00 ---|
                                         02.62 => bab3 ---|
                                      02.788 => Ionetebol ---|
                                          --- Colesterol > 251.50
                              |--- cjass: 1
                      --- Colesterol > 249.50
                              |--- c]922: 0
                      |--- Colesterol <= 249.50
                          |--- Colesterol > 248.50
                                  |--- cjsss: j
                          |--- Colesterol <= 248.50
                              |--- Colesterol > 246.00
                                      |--- cjass: 0
                              |--- Colesterol <= 246.00
                                  |--- Colesterol > 240.50
                                             |--- cjass: 1
                                |--- Colesterol <= 240.50 |
                                      |--- Colesterol > 235.00
                                  --- cgsz: 0
                                 02.62 < bab3 ---|
                                  | |--- c]922: J
                                 02.62 => beb3 ---
                                     02.82 < bab3 --- |
                                         |--- cJass: 0
                                   | 02.82 => bab3 ---|
                                  |--- Colesterol > 222,50
```

https://github.com/CodigoMaquina/code/blob/main/machine_learning_python/arboles_de_decision.ipynb

400.50

< Loneterol > --- |

```
|--- cjass: 1
                                          341.00
                                                  Colesterol >
                      |--- cjass: 0
              02.71£ < foresterol ---
                      --- cjass: 1
              02.718 => Loneteelo --- |
                  -- Colesterol > 311.00
                          |--- class: 0
                   --- Colesterol <= 311.00
                      02.505 < foresterol ---
                          |--- cjsss: Ţ
                   00.262 < Lonateblo ---
                      |--- cjass: j
                     02.07 < bab3 ---
                  0 :sseto --- |
                  00.60 < bab3 --- |
--- truncated branch of depth 4
                  00.68 => bsb3 ---|
                      02.07 => bab3 ---
                   00.262 => [onetend] ---
                       |--- Colesterol <= 303.50
                          O2.621 < Lonstealo3 -
                           |--- cjass: 0
                   02.645 < forestead ---
                          | |--- c]988: Ţ
                   |--- Colesterol <= 246.50
                              00.83 < bab3 ---|
                               0 :sseto ---
                              00.88 => bab3 ---
                           |--- Colesterol <= 259.50
                               |--- Colesterol > 228.50
                                       --- cJass: 1
                               |--- Colesterol <= 228.50
                                   02.715 < fonsteelol ---
                                           |--- class: 0
                                   |--- Colesterol <= 217.50
                                       -- Colesterol > 204.50
                                               |--- cjsss: Ţ
                                       |--- Colesterol <= 204.50
                                           00.146 => Ionstesiol ---
                                                      02.50 < bab3
                                           --- cJass: 0
```

