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Daisy Chain Protocol Communication for for Shape-Shifting Displays

Network Protocol Implementation

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Particle network principle

- Particle Chains for Shape-Shifting Displays ¹
 - o network design
 - $\circ \ \mathsf{particle} \ \mathsf{development} \ \mathsf{board}$

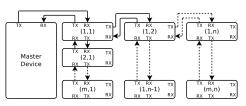


Figure 1: network topology

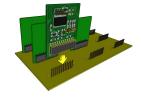


Figure 2: development hardware

Limitation & Motivation

- No existent protocol for the given network topology allowing
 - scheduling of actuation commands,
 - network synchronization and
 - runtime drift compensation.

Conclusion

• Develop a lightweight network protocol tailored for the given structure.

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Development Work Flow

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- daisy chain protocol development
 - Physical Layer runtime drift compensation
 - Data Layer
 - Network Layer time synchronization actuation scheduling
- simulation supported development process
 - automated testing

Project constraints

- use actuators for protocol communication
- single network communication entry point
- daisy chained network without global time awareness

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Development work flow - I

- How to guarantee good code quality?
- How to speed up development?

Solution

- simulate
 - verify result JUnit tests
 - o visualize result: signals, variables, pins, interrupts, ...
 - o inspect result read log

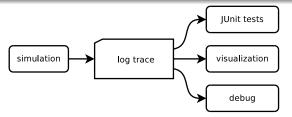


Figure 3: work flow

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Development work flow - II

- IDE independent tool chain
 - o integrating multiple projects
 - \circ allows deployment to real MCU
 - o starts simulation

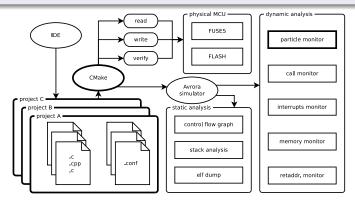


Figure 4: tool chain overview

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Simulation

- framework simulates a whole network
- nodes are defined abstracted as platforms
- each platform is associated with a firmware
- firmware is compiled as usual for physical MCU ATmega16

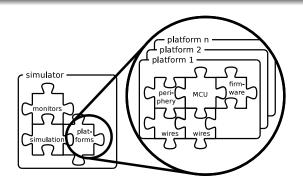


Figure 5: simulator structure

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Simulating with Avrora²

- simulation result may also be used by other tools
 - o friction simulation
 - o network visualization

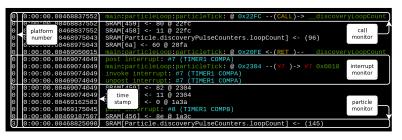


Figure 6: simulation trace

¹http://compilers.cs.ucla.edu/avrora

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Protocol implementation

- state machine
- permanently called

```
void main() {
    while(true) { process(); }
}
```

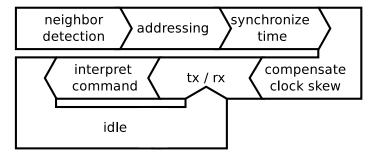


Figure 7: protocol process

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Firmware sequence diagram

- reception, transmission and processing are independent
- may occur effectively concurrent

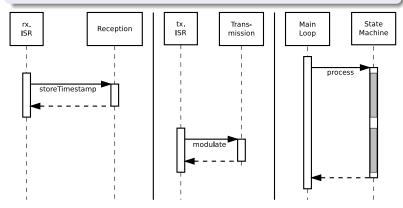


Figure 8: firmware sequence diagram, gray states are blocking

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Encoding

- opted for Manchester coding
 - no clock wire needed
 - o can be exploited to calculate clock skew
 - simple to implement 1st event buffering 2nd decoding

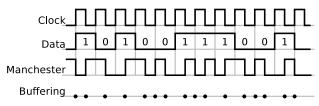


Figure 9: Manchester coding: data = $clock \oplus manchester$

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Reception implementation

- store timestamp of signal edge to circular buffer
 16bit timer-counter value
- decoder consumes from buffer and converts to bit
- interpreter interprets decoded buffer interpret-able

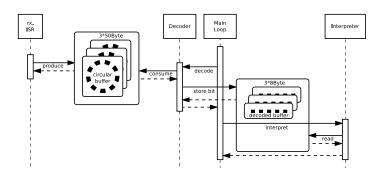


Figure 10: decoding sequence diagram

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Actuation example

1st phase: neighbor discovery

2nd phase: address assignment

3rd phase: enumeration finished

4th phase: time synchronization

5nd phase: send "heat wires at specific time" command

6rd phase: execute command

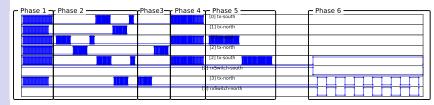


Figure 11: network visualization

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- i) An extend-able daisy chain network protocol that
- executes actuation commands at a given time synchronously, and
- iii) a development tool chain that sustains:
- iii.a) **simulation**,
- iii.b) debugging and
- iii.c) JUnit **testing**.

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- Phy. Layer: considering partially implemented parity bit
- Network Layer: fault detection, fault tolerance
- actuation: power adjustment (PWM tuning)
- time compensation: evaluation of calibration accuracy
- firmware replication: customize boot loader
- forward/backward shaping of 1st row

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