Number data type

Addition is represented by the + symbol.

Subtraction is represented by the – symbol.

Multiplication is represented by the \* symbol.

Division is represented by the / symbol.

The modulo operation is represented by %.

Modulo finds the remainder of integer division.

E.g., 5 % 2 = 1 (because 5 / 2 is 2 with a remainder of 1)

When carrying out arithmetic, we follow BODMAS.

**B** rackets

**O** rder (indices)

**D** ivision

**M** ultiplication

**A** ddition

**S** ubtraction

Division and multiplication are on the same level (are of equal importance)

Addition and subtraction are on the same level (are of equal importance)

Order means indices.