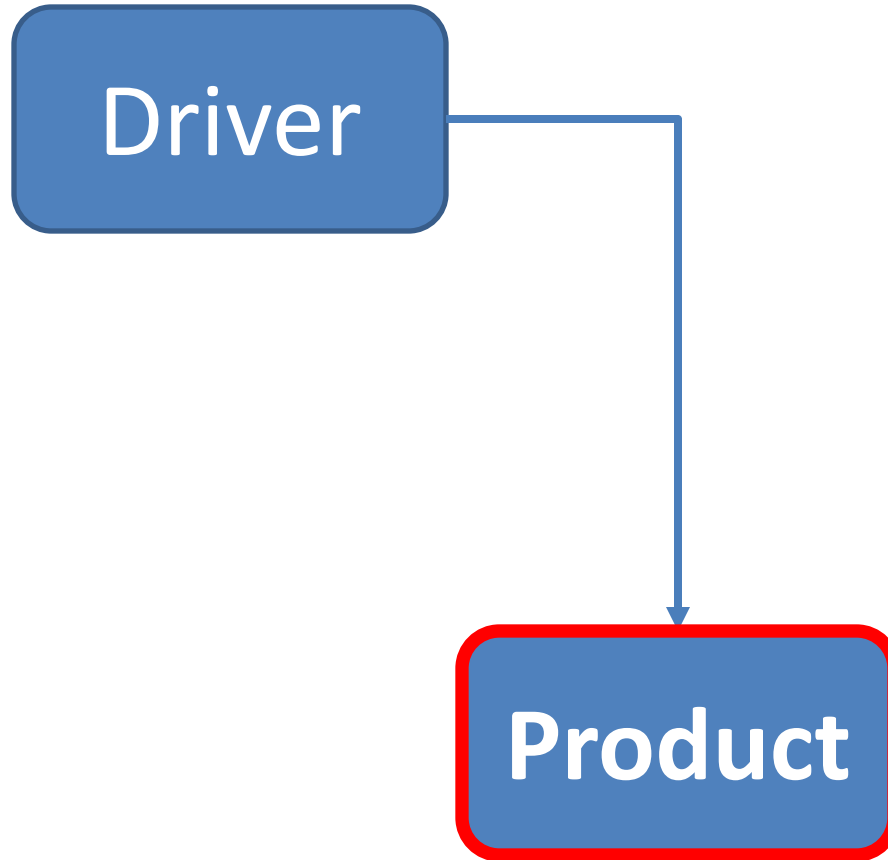


Shop V2.0 - An Array of Product

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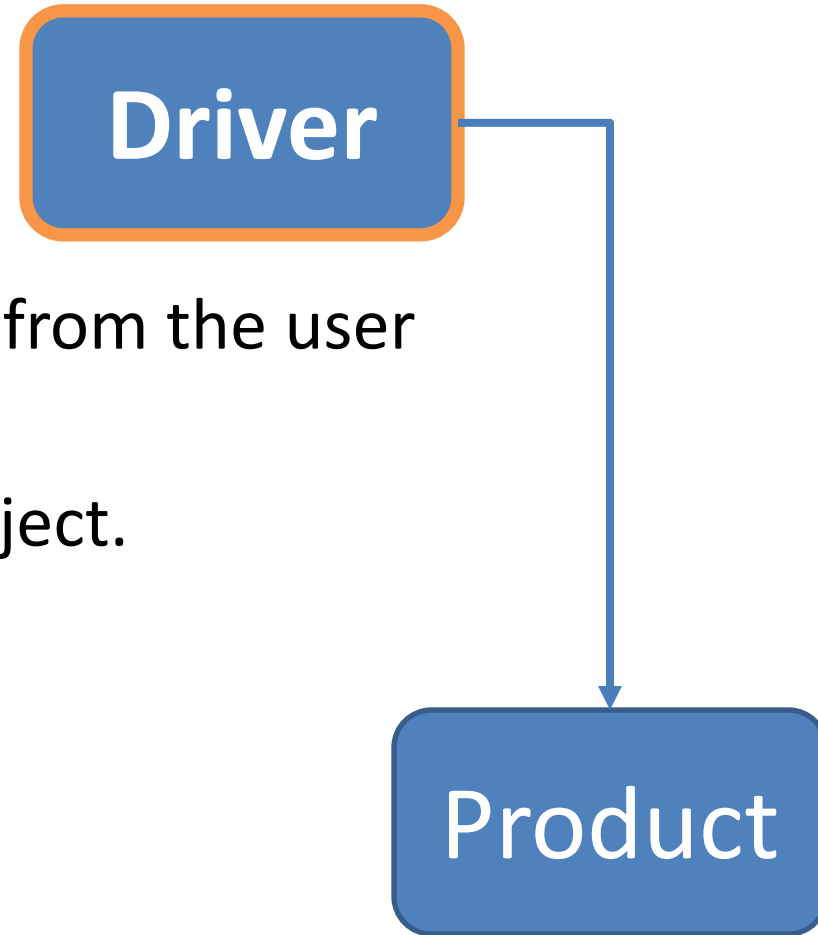
Recap: Shop V1.0 - Product



- The **Product** class stores **details** about a product
 - name
 - code
 - unit cost
 - in the current product line or not?

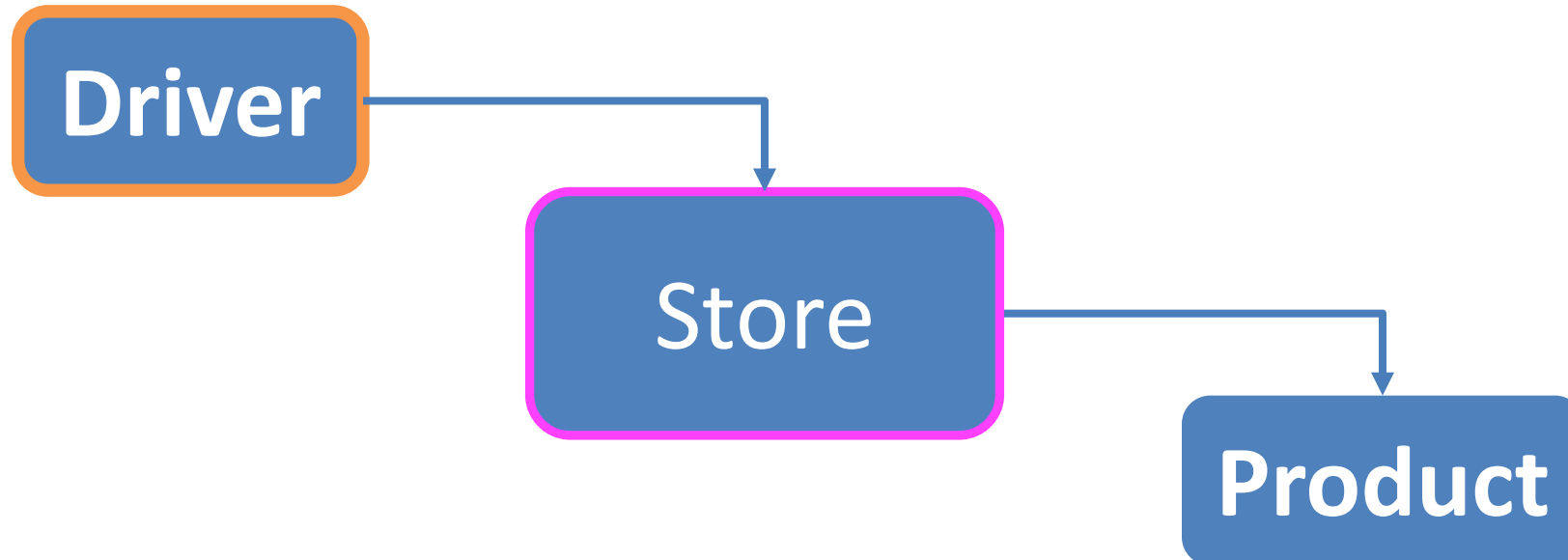
Recap: Shop V1.0 - Driver

- The **Driver** class
 - has the **main()** method.
 - **reads** the product details from the user (via the console)
 - **creates** a new Product object.
 - **prints** the product object (to the console)

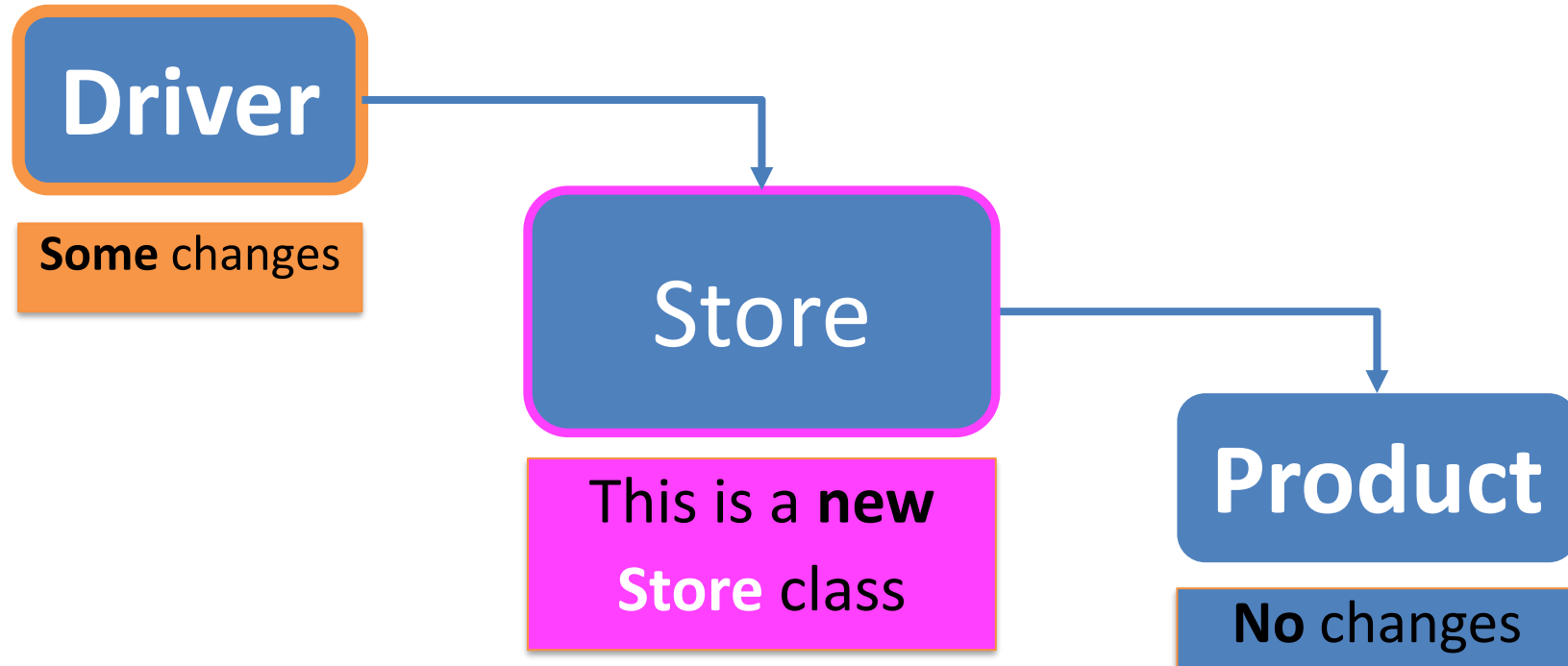


Shop V2.0

- New **Store** class is responsible for maintaining a collection of Products
 - i.e. an **array of Products**.
- **Driver** will now allow the user to decide **how many product** details they want to store.



Shop V2.0 – changes to classes





Store – new class

C  Store

constructor

m 

Store(int)

m 

isFull(): boolean

m 

isEmpty(): boolean

m 

add(Product): boolean

m 

listProducts(): String

f 

products: Product[]

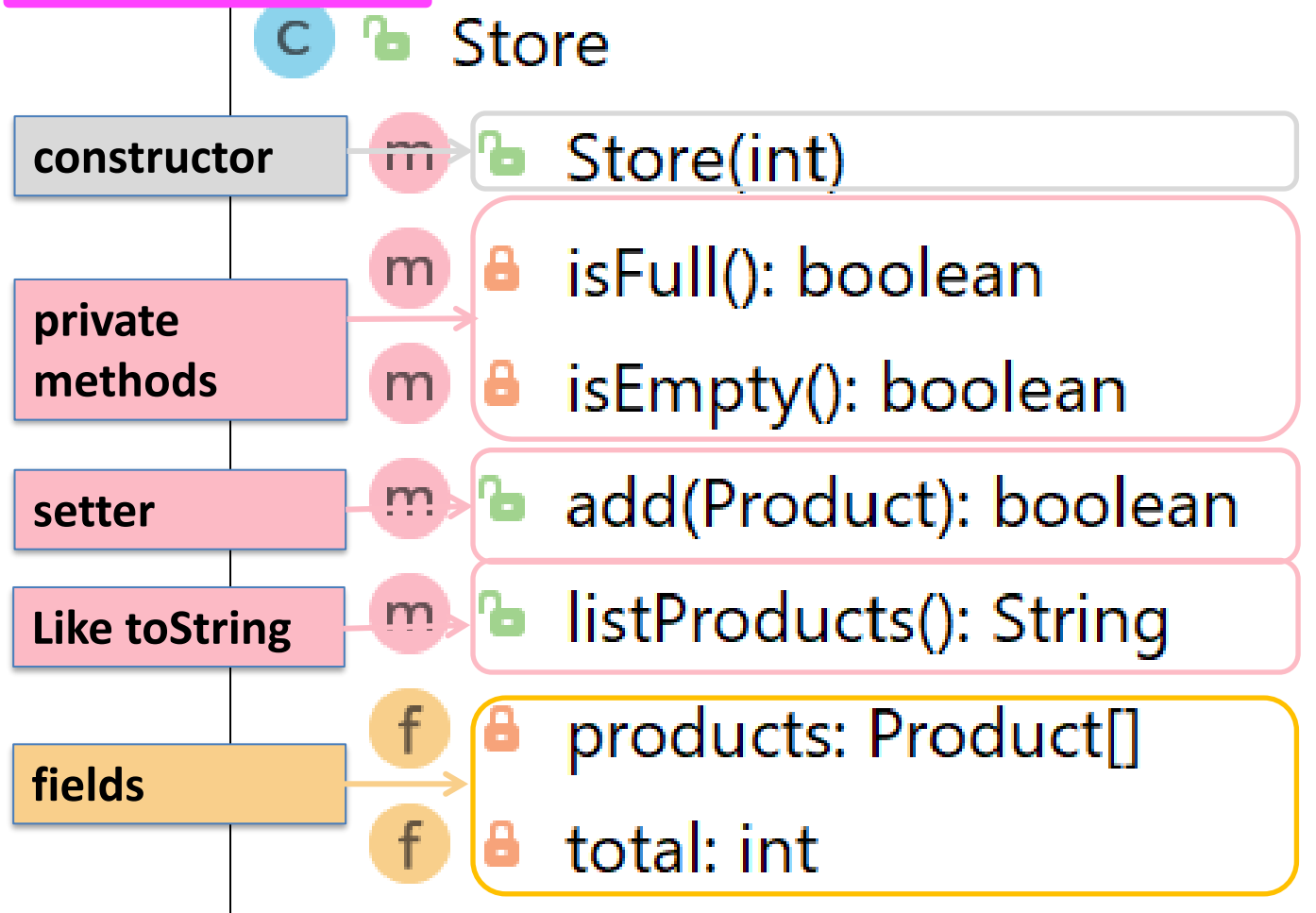
f 

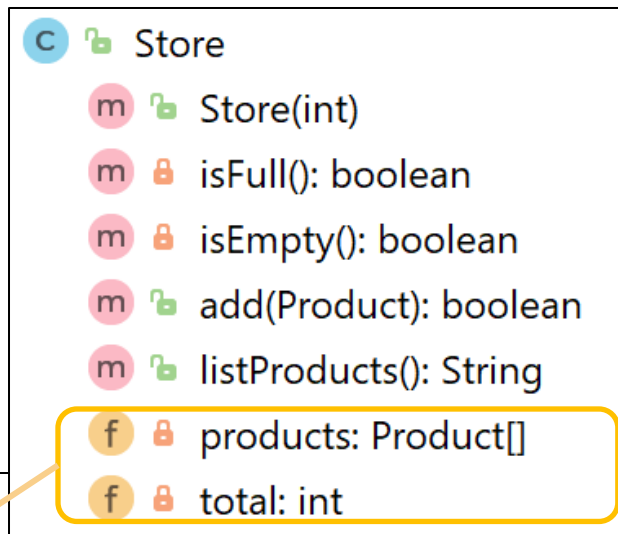
total: int

fields



Store – new class





```
public class Store {
```

```
    private Product[] products;  
    private int total = 0;
```

fields

```
    public Store(int numberItems) {  
        products = new Product[numberItems];  
    }
```

```
    //other methods
```

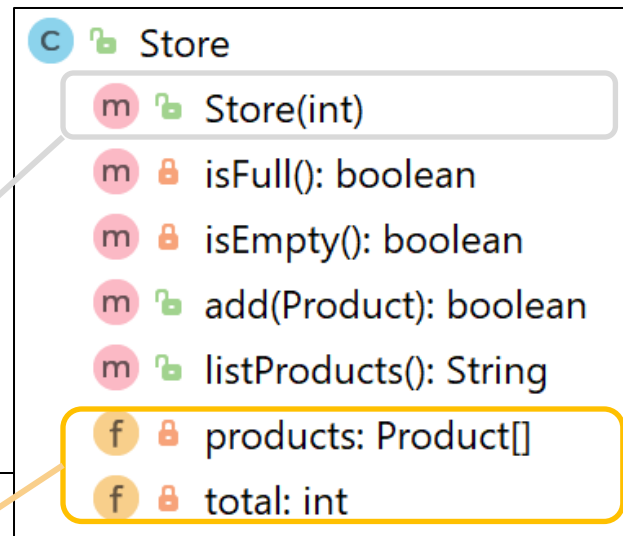
```
}
```



Why private?



```
public class Store {  
  
    private Product[] products;  
    private int total = 0;  
  
    public Store(int numberItems) {  
        products = new Product[numberItems];  
    }  
  
    //other methods  
}
```




fields








Why private?

constructor



```
private boolean isFull() {  
    return (total == products.length);  
}  
  
private boolean isEmpty() {  
    return (total == 0);  
}  
  
public boolean add(Product product) {  
    if (isFull()) {  
        return false;  
    }  
    else {  
        products[total] = product;  
        total++;  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

C  Store

- m**  Store(int)
- m**  isFull(): boolean
- m**  isEmpty(): boolean
- m**  add(Product): boolean
- m**  listProducts(): String
- f**  products: Product[]
- f**  total: int

getters
isFull() & isEmpty()
return state of fields.

They are private
member methods

setter
add() makes use of
private method **isFull()**



```
public String listProducts() {  
    if (isEmpty()) {  
        return "No products";  
    }  
    else {  
        String listOfProducts = "";  
        for (int i = 0; i < total; i++) {  
            listOfProducts += i + ": " + products[i] + "\n";  
        }  
        return listOfProducts;  
    }  
}
```

C Store

- m Store(int)
- m isEmpty(): boolean
- m isFull(): boolean
- m add(Product): boolean
- m listProducts(): String
- f products: Product[]
- f total: int

toString type method **listProducts()**
makes use of private method **isEmpty()**

Driver

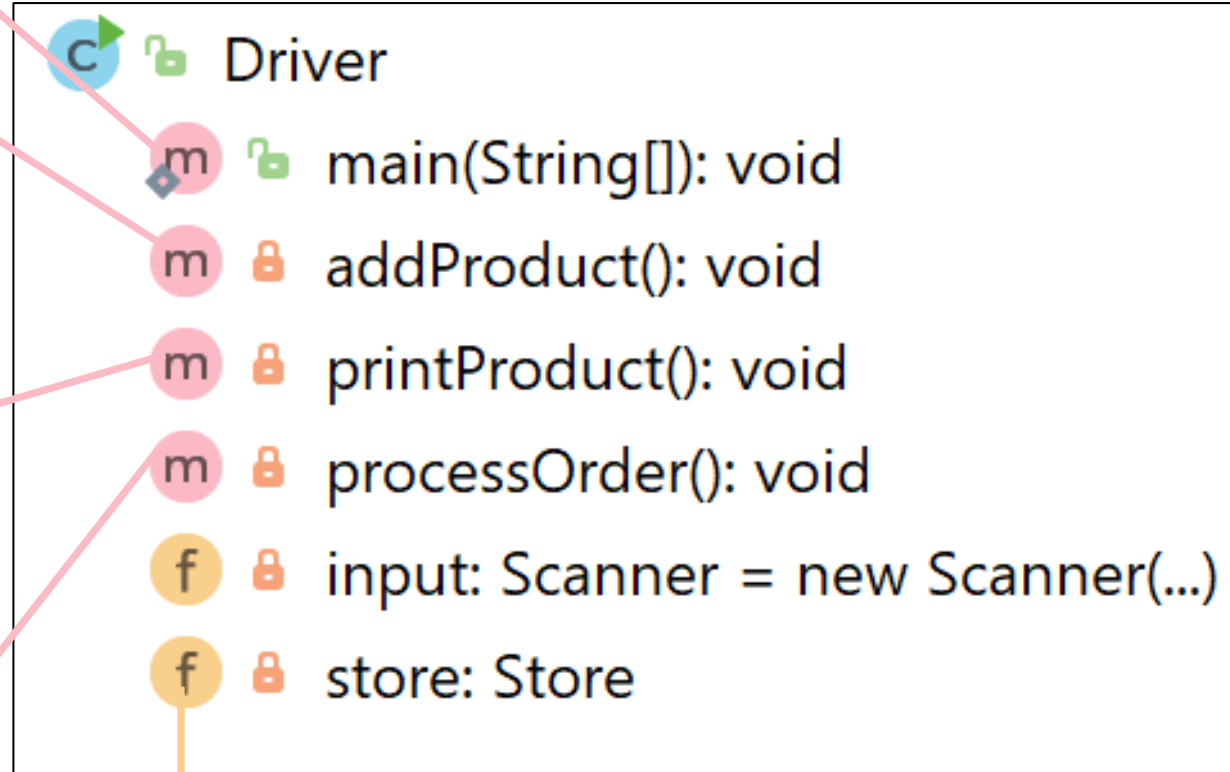
5 changes

4) **main()** changed
to call
processOrder()


2) **addProduct()**
changed to add the
entered product to
the array.

5) **printProduct()**
changed to print out
all products in the
array.

3) New method,
processOrder(),
reads in products
from the user.



1) **Product** object
removed and replaced
with **Store** object.

 Driver

m

main(String[]): void

m

addProduct(): void

m

printProduct(): void

m

processOrder(): void

f

input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)

f

store: Store

Driver

Change - 1

```
import java.util.Scanner;


public class Driver{

    private Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
    private Store store;

    //code omitted
}
```

1) Product object removed and replaced with **Store** object.

2) New method, **processOrder()**, reads in products from the user.

 Driver

Driver

Change - 2

m

main(String[]): void

m

addProduct(): void

m

printProduct(): void

m

processOrder(): void

f

input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)


f

store: Store

```
private void processOrder() {  
    //find out from the user how many products they would like to order  
    System.out.print("How many Products would you like to have in your Store? ");  
    int numberProducts = input.nextInt();  
  
    store = new Store(numberProducts);  
  
    //ask the user for the details of the products and add them to the order  
    for (int i = 0; i < numberProducts; i++){  
        addProduct();  
    }  
}
```













- Asks how many?
- Pass into Store constructor to initialise an array to that size
- Calls addProduct() for each one

3) **main()** changed
to call
processOrder()

 Driver

Driver

Change - 3

-   **main**(String[]): void
-   **addProduct**(): void
-   **printProduct**(): void
-   **processOrder**(): void
-   **input**: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
-   **store**: Store

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Driver driver = new Driver();  
    driver.processOrder();  
    driver.printProduct();  
}
```

Store

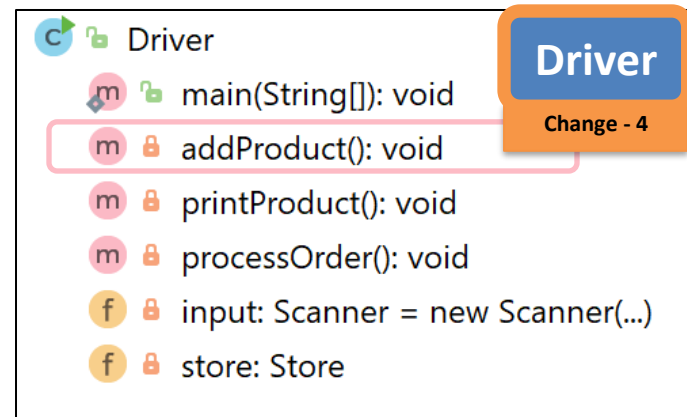
If there is space in the Array, the Product, passed as a parameter is added to the Primitive Array.

A boolean result is returned indicating whether the product was added successfully or not.

```
C Store
m Store(int)
m isFull(): boolean
m isEmpty(): boolean
m add(Product): boolean
m listProducts(): String
f products: Product[]
f total: int
```

```
public boolean add(Product product){
    if (isFull()){
        return false;
    }
    else{
        products[total] = product;
        total++;
        return true;
    }
}
```


4) addProduct()
changed to add the
entered product to
the array.



```
Driver
m main(String[]): void
m addProduct(): void
m printProduct(): void
m processOrder(): void
f input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
f store: Store
```

Driver

The addProduct() method needs to be updated to:

1. Add the product object to the array of products in Store
2. Interrogate the Boolean result returned to let the user know if the update was successful or not.

```
private void addProduct(){
    input.nextLine(); //dummy read of String to clear the buffer - bug in Scanner class.

    System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");
    String productName = input.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");
    int productCode = input.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");
    double unitCost = input.nextDouble();

    //Ask the user to type in either a Y or an N then convert to boolean value
    System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");
    char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
    boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;
    if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))
        inCurrentProductLine = true;

    boolean isAdded = store.add(new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine));
    if (isAdded){
        System.out.println("Product Added Successfully");
    }
    else{
        System.out.println("No Product Added");
    }
}
```

```

private void addProduct(){
    input.nextLine(); //dummy read of String to clear the buffer - bug in Scanner class.

    System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");
    String productName = input.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");
    int productCode = input.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");
    double unitCost = input.nextDouble();

    //Ask the user to type in either a Y or an N then convert to boolean value
    System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");
    char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);
    boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;
    if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))
        inCurrentProductLine = true;

    boolean isAdded = store.add(new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine));
    if (isAdded){
        System.out.println("Product Added Successfully");
    }
    else{
        System.out.println("No Product Added");
    }
}

```

Read in a **string**

Read in an **int**

Read in an **double**

Read in an **char**

Set **boolean** based on char value

```
private void addProduct(){  
    input.nextLine(); //dummy read of String to clear the buffer - bug in Scanner class.
```

```
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Name: ");  
    String productName = input.nextLine();  
    System.out.print("Enter the Product Code: ");  
    int productCode = input.nextInt();  
    System.out.print("Enter the Unit Cost: ");  
    double unitCost = input.nextDouble();
```

```
    //Ask the user to type in either a Y or an N then convert to boolean value  
    System.out.print("Is this product in your current line (y/n): ");  
    char currentProduct = input.next().charAt(0);  
    boolean inCurrentProductLine = false;  
    if ((currentProduct == 'y') || (currentProduct == 'Y'))  
        inCurrentProductLine = true;
```

```
    boolean isAdded = store.add(new Product(productName, productCode, unitCost, inCurrentProductLine));  
    if (isAdded){  
        System.out.println("Product Added Successfully");  
    }  
    else{  
        System.out.println("No Product Added");  
    }  
}
```

The Store add method is called to add the product to the primitive array, if space is available.

Console response if add was successful


Console response if add was unsuccessful

5) printProduct()
changed to print out
all products in the
array.

```
private void printProduct() {
```













```
    System.out.println(store.listProducts());
```

```
}
```

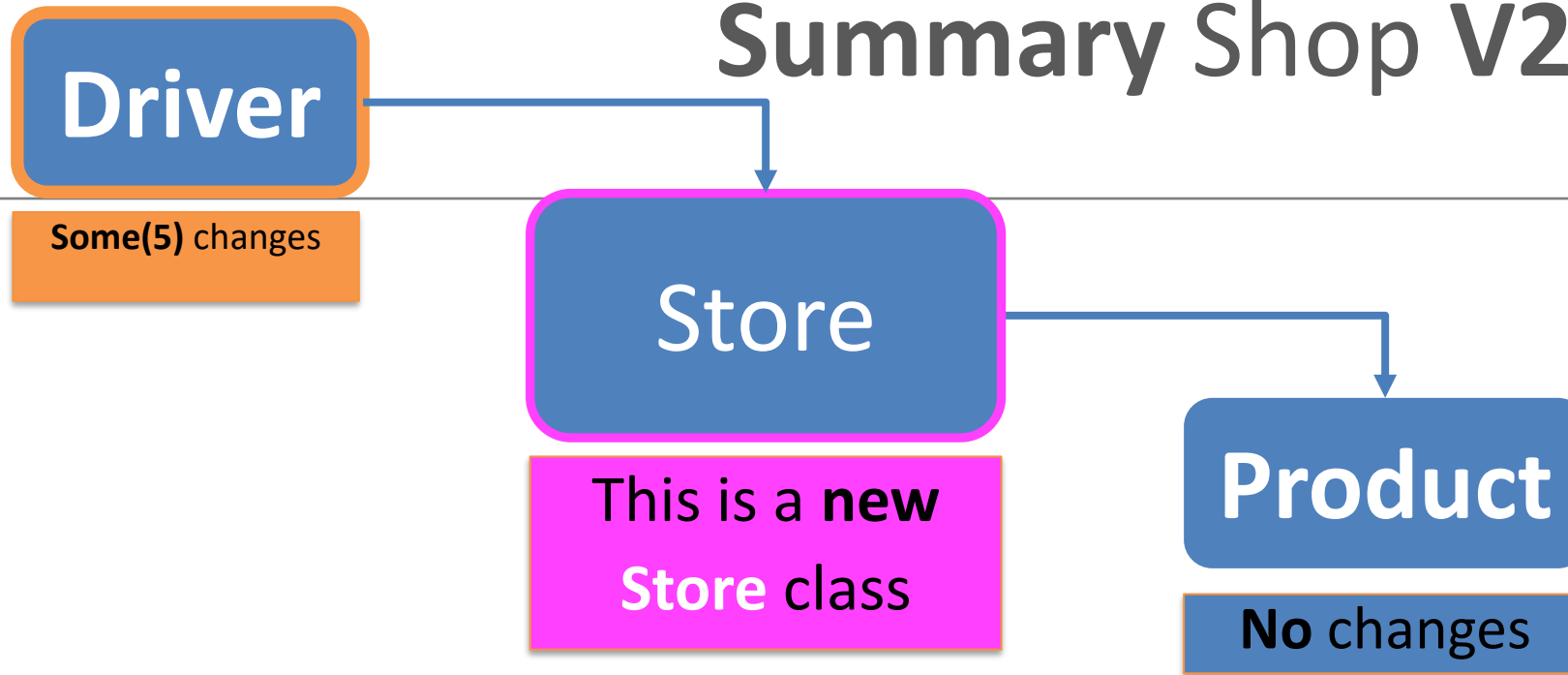
 Driver

Driver

Change - 5

-   main(String[]): void
-   addProduct(): void
-   printProduct(): void
-   processOrder(): void
-   input: Scanner = new Scanner(...)
-   store: Store

Summary Shop V2.0



- **Store** class maintains a collection of Products i.e. an **array of Products**; `store.Products[]`
- **Driver** allows the user to decide **how many product** details they want to store. Methods updated to work with this new **store.Products[]** array

Questions?

