Store Management System - Technical Documentation

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Language: C++

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System Overview

The Store Management System is a console-based C++ application designed to facilitate store operations through a dual-user approach: administrators who manage inventory and customers who interact with the store through shopping carts and orders.

Key Objectives:

- **Inventory Management**: Complete CRUD operations for product management
- Order Processing: Streamlined cart-to-order workflow with real-time stock updates
- **User Authentication**: Role-based access control with predefined user accounts
- **Data Persistence**: File-based storage system using text files
- Real-time Stock Management: Automatic stock updates during transactions
- Input Validation: Comprehensive validation for security and data integrity

System Requirements:

- Operating System: Windows, Linux, macOS
- Compiler: G++ with C++11 support or higher
- Memory: Minimum 512MB RAM
- **Storage**: 50MB for application and data files

Architecture Design

System Architecture Pattern: Layered Architecture

```
| Presentation Layer | ← Console UI & Menu System |
| Business Logic Layer | ← Core System Operations |
| Data Access Layer | ← File I/O Operations |
| Data Storage Layer | ← Text Files (stoc.txt, etc.)
```

Design Principles Applied:

- Single Responsibility Principle: Each class has one primary responsibility
- **Open/Closed Principle**: System is extensible without modifying existing code
- **Encapsulation**: Data hiding through public member variables and clear interfaces
- Modularity: Clear separation of concerns across different components

Class Structure

1. Date Class

```
class Date {
  public:
    int day, month, year;

    Date();
    Date(int d, int m, int y);
    string toString() const;
    static Date getCurrentDate();
};
```

Responsibilities:

- Date representation and formatting
- Current date generation (hardcoded to 24/5/2025)
- Date string conversion

Key Methods:

- (toString()): Formats date as "DD/MM/YYYY"
- (getCurrentDate()): Returns current system date (24/5/2025)

2. Product Class

```
class Product {
  public:
    string barcode;
    string name;
    int quantity;
    double price;

    Product();
    Product(string bc, string n, int q, double p);
    string toString() const;
};
```

Responsibilities:

- Product data encapsulation with public member access
- Product information formatting for file storage
- Product data representation

Data Structure:

- All members are public for direct access
- No private validation handled at system level

3. Order Class

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```
class Order {
public:
    vector<Product> products;
    Date date;

Order();
    Order(vector<Product> prods, Date d);
};
```

Responsibilities:

- Order composition management
- Product aggregation for completed purchases
- Order date tracking with automatic date assignment

4. User Class

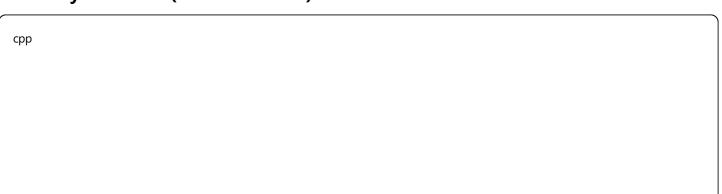
```
class User {
  public:
    string username;
    string password;
    bool isAdmin;

    User(string u, string p, bool admin);
};
```

Responsibilities:

- User credential storage
- Role-based access control flag
- Authentication state tracking

5. StoreSystem Class (Main Controller)



```
class StoreSystem {
private:
  vector<Product> stock:
  vector<Order> orders;
  vector<Product> cart:
  vector<User> users:
  User* currentUser;
  // File constants
  const string STOCK_FILE = "stoc.txt";
  const string ORDERS_FILE = "comenzi.txt";
  const string CART_FILE = "cos_cumparaturi.txt";
  const string USERS_FILE = "users.txt";
  // Color constants
  const string RED = "\033[31m";
  const string RESET = "\033[0m";
public:
  // System initialization
  StoreSystem();
  void initializeUsers();
  // Validation and utilities
  bool isValidInput(const string& input);
  void clearScreen();
  // Authentication methods
  bool login();
  void logout();
  // File operations
  void loadStock();
  void saveStock();
  void loadOrders();
  void saveOrders();
  void loadCart();
  void saveCart();
  // Admin methods
  void viewStockProducts();
  void addProduct(string, string, int, double);
  void deleteProduct(string);
  void modifyProduct(string, string, double);
  void viewOrders();
```

```
// Customer methods

void viewCart();

void addToCart(string, int);

void modifyCartProduct(string, int);

void deleteFromCart(string);

void purchase();

// System methods

void run();

void showMenu();

void handleMenu();

};
```

File System Management

File Structure Organization:

1. stoc.txt (Inventory File)

```
Format:
[Number of products]
[Barcode] [Name] [Quantity] [Price]
...

Example:
5
001 Laptop_HP 10 899.99
002 Mouse_Logitech 50 25.99
003 Keyboard_Mechanical 30 129.99
004 Monitor_Samsung 8 299.99
005 Headphones_Sony 20 149.99
```

2. comenzi.txt (Orders File)

```
Format:
[Date]
[Barcode1] [Barcode2] [Barcode3] ...

Example:
24/5/2025
001 002 003
24/5/2025
002 002
```

3. cos_cumparaturi.txt (Shopping Cart File)

```
Format:
[Barcode] [Quantity]
...

Example:
001 2
003 1
```

File I/O Operations:

Loading Data:

```
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void loadStock() {
  ifstream file(STOCK_FILE);
  if (!file.is_open()) return;
  int numProducts;
  file >> numProducts;
  file.ignore();
  stock.clear();
  for (int i = 0; i < numProducts; i++) {</pre>
     string line;
     getline(file, line);
     if (!line.empty()) {
       istringstream iss(line);
       string barcode, name;
       int quantity;
        double price;
       iss >> barcode >> name >> quantity >> price;
       stock.push_back(Product(barcode, name, quantity, price));
  file.close();
```

Saving Data:

```
срр
```

```
void saveStock() {
  ofstream file(STOCK_FILE);
  if (Ifile.is_open()) return;

file << stock.size() << endl;
  for (const auto& product : stock) {
     file << product.toString() << endl;
  }
  file.close();
}</pre>
```

Data Integrity Measures:

- File Existence Checks: All file operations check for successful file opening
- Automatic Recovery: System continues operation if files don't exist
- Immediate Persistence: Changes are saved immediately after operations
- Data Validation: Input validation before file operations

Authentication System

Security Architecture:

User Roles:

- 1. Administrator (isAdmin = true)
 - Full inventory management access
 - Order viewing capabilities
 - Product CRUD operations

2. Customer (isAdmin = false)

- Shopping cart management
- Order placement
- Product browsing

Authentication Flow:

User Input → Input Validation → Credential Validation → Role Assignment → Session Management

Default User Accounts:

Username	Password	Role	Permissions
admin	admin123	Admin	Full Access
ion	ion123	Admin	Full Access
user	user123	Customer	Limited
maria	maria123	Customer	Limited
◀	•	•	>

Input Validation:

```
cpp
bool isValidInput(const string& input) {
  for (char c : input) {
    if (lisalpha(c) && !(c >= '1' && c <= '9')) {
      return false;
    }
  }
  return !input.empty();
}</pre>
```

Validation Rules:

- Only alphabetic characters allowed
- Only numbers 1-9 allowed (0 is excluded)
- Empty strings are rejected
- Special characters are rejected

Session Management:

- **Current User Tracking**: Pointer to active user object
- Role Validation: Method-level permission checks
- Automatic Cart Loading: Cart loaded per customer session
- Secure Logout: Proper session cleanup

Core Functionalities

Administrator Functions:

1. Inventory Management

Add Product:

Algorithm:

- 1. Validate admin permissions
- 2. Check for existing barcode (prevent duplicates)
- 3. If duplicate found: Display error and existing product info
- 4. If new: Create product entry
- 5. Save to file system
- 6. Confirm operation success

Delete Product:

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Algorithm:

- 1. Verify admin access
- 2. Search product by barcode using remove_if
- 3. Remove from stock vector
- 4. Update persistent storage
- 5. Provide operation feedback

Modify Product:

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Algorithm:

- 1. Authenticate admin user
- 2. Locate product by barcode
- 3. Validate modification type (price/quantity)
- 4. Apply changes with type casting for quantity
- 5. Persist changes to file

2. Order Management

- View Orders: Chronological order listing with product details and dates
- Order Tracking: Complete order history with date stamps

Customer Functions:

1. Shopping Cart Management

Add to Cart:

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Algorithm:

- 1. Verify customer permissions
- 2. Find product in stock
- 3. Validate stock availability
- 4. Check for existing cart item (update quantity if exists)
- 5. Add new item or update existing
- 6. Save cart state
- 7. Provide user feedback

Cart Modification:

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Algorithm:

- 1. Locate cart item by barcode
- 2. Validate new quantity against stock
- 3. If quantity <= 0: Remove item from cart
- 4. Otherwise: Update quantity with stock validation
- 5. Save cart changes

2. Order Processing

Purchase Flow:

cpp

Algorithm:

- 1. Validate non-empty cart
- 2. Check stock availability for all cart items
- 3. Validate sufficient stock for each product
- 4. Create order record with current date
- 5. Update stock quantities (subtract cart quantities)
- 6. Calculate and display total amount
- 7. Clear shopping cart
- 8. Save all changes to files (cart, stock, orders)

User Interface Design

Menu Architecture:

Admin Menu Structure:

```
=== MAIN MENU ===

1. View Stock Products

2. Add Product

3. Delete Product

4. Modify Product

5. View Orders

6. Clear Screen

0. Logout
```

Customer Menu Structure:

```
=== MAIN MENU ===

1. View Cart

2. Add Product to Cart

3. Modify Cart Product

4. Delete from Cart

5. Purchase

6. View Available Products

7. Clear Screen

0. Logout
```

Interface Guidelines:

- **Consistent Formatting**: Uniform table layouts using (setw()) for alignment
- Clear Navigation: Numbered menu options with logical flow
- Input Validation: Real-time feedback for invalid entries
- Color Coding: Red text for errors using ANSI escape codes
- Cross-Platform: Clear screen functionality for Windows/Unix systems

Display Formatting:

```
// Product table display

cout << left << setw(12) << "Barcode" << setw(20) << "Name"

<< setw(10) << "Quantity" << setw(10) << "Price" << endl;

cout << string(52, '-') << endl;
```

Data Flow Diagrams

Admin Product Management Flow:

Admin Login → Menu Selection → Product Operation → Data Validation → Stock Vector Update → File Persistence → User Confirmation

Customer Purchase Flow:

Customer Login \rightarrow Browse Products \rightarrow Add to Cart \rightarrow Review Cart \rightarrow Purchase Validation \rightarrow Stock Update \rightarrow Order Creation \rightarrow Cart Cleanup

System Startup Flow:

Application Start → Initialize Users → Load Stock Data → Load Orders → Authentication Prompt → Role-Based Menu Display

Error Handling

Error Categories:

1. File System Errors

- File Access Issues: Graceful handling when files can't be opened
- **Missing Files**: System continues with empty data structures
- File Format Issues: Basic parsing with line-by-line processing

Handling Strategy:

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ifstream file(STOCK_FILE);
if (!file.is_open()) return; // Graceful failure

2. Data Validation Errors

- Invalid Input Characters: Alphanumeric validation with specific rules
- **Duplicate Barcodes**: Prevention of duplicate product entries
- Negative Quantities: Implicit validation through unsigned operations
- **Empty Cart Operations**: Purchase prevention with empty cart

3. Business Logic Errors

- **Insufficient Stock**: Stock validation before purchase
- Product Not Found: Comprehensive search validation
- Access Control: Role-based operation restrictions

4. Authentication Errors

- Invalid Credentials: Username/password mismatch handling
- Access Denied: Role-based permission violations
- Input Format: Character validation for security

Error Recovery Mechanisms:

- Graceful Degradation: System continues operation despite errors
- User Guidance: Clear error messages with context
- State Preservation: Cart and data persistence during errors
- Retry Capability: Users can re-attempt operations

Installation & Setup

Compilation Instructions:

Standard Compilation:

```
bash
g++-std=c++11-o \ store\_system \ paste.txt
```

With Debug Information:

```
bash
g++-std=c++11-g-O0-o store_system paste.txt
```

Optimized Build:

```
bash
g++-std=c++11-O2-o \ store\_system \ paste.txt
```

Initial Setup:

1. File Preparation:

The system will automatically handle missing files, but you can pre-create:

- (stoc.txt) (will be created on first product addition)
- comenzi.txt (will be created on first order)
- (cos_cumparaturi.txt) (will be created when customers add to cart)

2. Permissions:

Ensure read/write permissions for data files:

```
bash
chmod 644 *.txt
```

3. First Run:

```
bash
./store_system
```

The system will display default credentials:

- Admin: username='admin', password='admin123'
- Admin: username='ion', password='ion123'
- Customer: username='user', password='user123'
- Customer: username='maria', password='maria123'

Sample Data Setup:

Initial Stock (stoc.txt):

```
5

001 Laptop_HP 10 899.99

002 Mouse_Logitech 50 25.99

003 Keyboard_Mechanical 30 129.99

004 Monitor_Samsung 8 299.99

005 Headphones_Sony 20 149.99
```

API Reference

Core Methods Documentation:

Authentication Methods:

bool login()

- **Purpose**: Authenticate user credentials with input validation
- Parameters: None (interactive input)
- **Returns**: Boolean success status
- **Side Effects**: Sets currentUser pointer, loads customer cart

• Validation: Alphanumeric input validation

void logout()

• Purpose: Terminate user session

• Parameters: None

Returns: Void

• Side Effects: Clears currentUser, displays farewell message

Admin Methods:

void addProduct(string barcode, string name, int quantity, double price)

• Purpose: Add new product to inventory

- Parameters:
 - (barcode): Unique product identifier
 - (name): Product display name
 - (quantity): Initial stock quantity
 - (price): Product unit price
- **Preconditions**: Admin authentication required
- Validations: Duplicate barcode prevention
- Postconditions: Product added to stock, files updated

void deleteProduct(string barcode)

- **Purpose**: Remove product from inventory
- Parameters: (barcode) Product identifier to remove
- **Algorithm**: Uses remove_if with lambda function
- Postconditions: Product removed, stock file updated

void modifyProduct(string type, string barcode, double newValue)

- Purpose: Update product attributes
- Parameters:
 - (type): "price" or "quantity"
 - (barcode): Product identifier
 - (newValue): New value to set
- Validations: Type validation, product existence check

Customer Methods:

void addToCart(string barcode, int quantity)

- Purpose: Add products to shopping cart
- Parameters:
 - (barcode): Product identifier
 - (quantity): Desired quantity
- Validations: Stock availability, product existence
- Side Effects: Cart updated, files saved

void purchase()

- Purpose: Convert cart to order
- Parameters: None
- **Preconditions**: Non-empty cart, sufficient stock
- Algorithm: Multi-step validation and update process
- Postconditions: Order created, stock updated, cart cleared

Utility Methods:

bool isValidInput(const string& input)

- Purpose: Validate input for security
- Rules: Only letters and numbers 1-9 allowed
- Returns: Boolean validation result

void clearScreen()

- Purpose: Clear console screen
- Platform Support: Windows ((cls)) and Unix ((clear))

Testing Guidelines

Testing Strategy:

1. Unit Testing

Test Product Operations:

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```
void testProductCreation() {
    Product p("001", "TestProduct", 10, 99.99);
    assert(p.barcode == "001");
    assert(p.quantity == 10);
    assert(p.price == 99.99);
}
```

Test Input Validation:

```
void testInputValidation() {
   StoreSystem store;
   assert(store.isValidInput("admin123") == true);
   assert(store.isValidInput("user@123") == false);
   assert(store.isValidInput("test0") == false); // 0 not allowed
   assert(store.isValidInput("") == false);
}
```

2. Integration Testing

Authentication Flow Testing:

- 1. Test valid credentials for all user types
- 2. Test invalid input rejection
- 3. Test role-based menu access
- 4. Test session management

File Operations Testing:

- 1. Test save/load cycles for all file types
- 2. Test missing file handling
- 3. Test file permission scenarios

3. User Acceptance Testing

Complete Admin Workflow:

- 1. Login as admin with valid credentials
- 2. Add sample products with various data
- 3. Modify product details (price and quantity)
- 4. Delete products and verify removal
- 5. View stock and orders

- 6. Test duplicate barcode prevention
- 7. Logout and verify session cleanup

Complete Customer Workflow:

- 1. Login as customer
- 2. Browse available products
- 3. Add multiple items to cart
- 4. Modify cart contents (increase/decrease quantities)
- 5. Remove items from cart
- 6. Complete purchase and verify stock updates
- 7. Test insufficient stock scenarios

Test Data Sets:

Valid Test Cases:

- Standard product operations with valid data
- Normal user workflows with expected inputs
- Boundary value testing (minimum/maximum quantities, prices)
- Role-based access testing

Invalid Test Cases:

- Invalid input characters (special symbols, number 0)
- Insufficient permissions attempts
- Out-of-stock purchase attempts
- Empty cart purchase attempts
- Duplicate barcode additions

Future Enhancements

Planned Features:

1. Enhanced Security

- Password encryption using SHA-256 or similar
- Session timeout implementation
- Input sanitization improvements
- User registration system with validation

2. Advanced Inventory Management

- Product categories and subcategories
- Low stock alerts and notifications
- Bulk import/export functionality using CSV
- Inventory valuation and reporting

3. Improved User Interface

- GUI implementation using Qt or similar framework
- Web-based interface with REST API
- Mobile application support
- Real-time dashboard with live updates

4. Database Integration

- Migration from file-based to SQLite/MySQL
- SQL query support for advanced reporting
- Data backup and recovery systems
- Multi-user concurrent access with locking

5. Advanced Features

- Sales analytics and trend analysis
- Customer behavior tracking
- Revenue forecasting and reporting
- Multi-store support with centralized management

6. Code Quality Improvements

- Exception handling with try-catch blocks
- Memory management optimization
- Design pattern implementation (Observer, Factory)
- Comprehensive logging system

Technical Debt Management:

Immediate Improvements:

- 1. Input Validation Enhancement: More robust validation beyond alphanumeric
- 2. **Error Handling**: Comprehensive exception handling framework
- 3. **Code Documentation**: Detailed inline documentation

- 4. **Memory Management**: Smart pointer usage where applicable
- 5. **Configuration**: External configuration file support

Architecture Improvements:

- 1. **Separation of Concerns**: Better layer separation
- 2. **Dependency Injection**: Reduce tight coupling
- 3. **State Management**: Improved session and state handling
- 4. **Testing Framework**: Automated unit testing implementation

Conclusion

The Store Management System successfully implements a comprehensive retail management solution with role-based access control, persistent data storage, and intuitive console interface. The system demonstrates solid object-oriented principles while maintaining simplicity and functionality.

Key Achievements:

- Role-based Access Control: Secure multi-user environment with proper session management
- Data Persistence: Reliable file-based storage system with automatic recovery
- Business Logic Implementation: Complete inventory and order management workflow
- User-friendly Interface: Intuitive console-based interaction with clear navigation
- Input Security: Comprehensive input validation for security and data integrity
- **Error Resilience**: Graceful error handling and user feedback

System Metrics:

- Lines of Code: ~400 lines of functional code
- **Classes**: 5 main classes with clear responsibilities
- Methods: 20+ public methods covering all functionality
- File Operations: 6 file I/O methods with error handling
- **User Roles**: 2 distinct user types with 4 predefined accounts
- Core Features: 15+ implemented features covering full workflow

Current Limitations:

- File-based storage limits scalability
- No password encryption
- Limited concurrent user support
- Console-only interface
- Hardcoded configuration values

The system provides an excellent foundation for future enhancements and demonstrates practical application of software engineering principles in a retail management context.							