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# Taxi-cab Service Management System

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Abstract

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# 1 INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 Project Overview

#### 1.2 Problem Statement

The WitsCABS company owns a fleet of taxi-cabs and employs drivers for customer transportation within a city. The city is demarcated into service zones with a single taxi-stand in each service zone. Cab drivers wait for clients at their closest taxi-stand. Each driver has a smartphone, embedded with a GPS, maps and navigational tracking and access to the WitsCabs web application. A centralised Dispatch Control Centre (DCC) receives calls from customers and processes the new requests. WitsCABS requires the software application to organise their taxi-fleet, coordinate drivers and manage new job requests.

# 1.3 Project Objectives

- Create the software requirements specification
- Create the design documentation for front and back ends
- Sprint planning and retrospective for front and back ends
- Implementation of prototype modules for the front end interfaces
- Implementation of prototype back-end modules
- Implementation of an Agile management technique

#### 1.4 Stakeholders

The project stakeholders are divided into Users, Developers, the Project Manager and the Scrum Master. The respective stakeholders and their roles are documented below.

#### 1.4.1 Users

Users are categorised into:

• Drivers

- DCC agents
- Customers

Drivers operate the taxi-cabs, are assigned jobs and pick up and deliver customers. They have access to a driver-specific front-end interface of the WitsCABS application and are able to specify when they accept a job or are on their way as well as state when they have completed a job. Drivers have access to the WitsCABS application through a smart-phone. They also have access to GPS and map navigation and are under navigational tracking.

DCC agents operate the WitsCABS call centre and have computer access to a DCC-specific interface of the WitsCABS application. They have the ability to add new clients to the database and can view active jobs.

Customers phone in to the DCC and provide their details, current location and destination. They are assigned a driver, told a likely departure time and given a cost for their journey.

#### 1.4.2 Developers

Developers of the WitsCABS application are responsible for the front and back end implementation as well as documentation for the system. The developers are:

- Frederick Nieuwoudt (front-end)
- Danielle Winter (front-end)
- Stephen Friedman (back-end)
- Sello Molele (back-end)

Frederick Nieuwoudt and Danielle Winter implemented and documented the prototype front end for the system using *angular.js* and *Twitter Bootstrap*. A pair programming approach was used for the implementation.

Stephen Friedman implemented the back end prototype framework and documentation. Sello Molele contributed to the documentation.

# 1.4.3 Project Manager

The project manager for the WitsCABS project is Danielle Winter. Their responsibilities include organising the development team and managing and integrating the documentation for the project.

#### 1.4.4 Scrum Master

The Scrum Master for the project is Frederick Nieuwoudt. Their responsibilities include managing the sprint backlog and sprint retrospective.

## 2 PART A: FRONT-END

#### 2.1 SRS

The software requirements specification quantifies the scope and success criteria for this project.

The required elements of the front-end of the project as discussed in the SRS that were successfully implemented into the demonstrable prototype include:

- The log-in page
- The driver active job view
- The dispatch agent data entry form
- The dispatch agent active jobs view

With the inclusion of these modules into the prototype allows for the demonstration of the basic work-flow set out for the users of the application.

The modules that have yet to be implemented in future sprints that have been laid out in the SRS include:

• Adding GPS functionality to the application

The major downfalls according to the SRS was the lack of test driven development. This was specified in the SRS as the testing plan to be followed.

#### 2.2 SDS

The Software Design Specification document details the different components of the front-end system and gives the relevant modules, controllers, directives and expressions used for the js file. The required components for the HTML code are described. All required data types are stated for mentioned variables.

The SDS document describes the base functionality of the system, but does not elaborate on any other features to be added at a later date. For example the automatic navigation update in the driver panel has not been elaborated upon. This is due to time constraints in implementing the project and the fact that these additional features were added at a later date. For future work, the SDS must be updated to include these modules.

## 2.3 Prototype Implementation

The basic functionality of the described system was implemented in angular.js and html code. The respective views for the different users of the product were created. Figure 1 and 2 show the DCC view for the system and Figure 3 shows the driver view. The log-in modal view is shown in Figure 4. These views were coded and implemented according to the requirements given in the SDS and SRS. The log-in modal was added as an additional feature for the system. These views satisfactorily represent the front-end product for the WitsCABS application and are a fair indicator of the final system functionality.

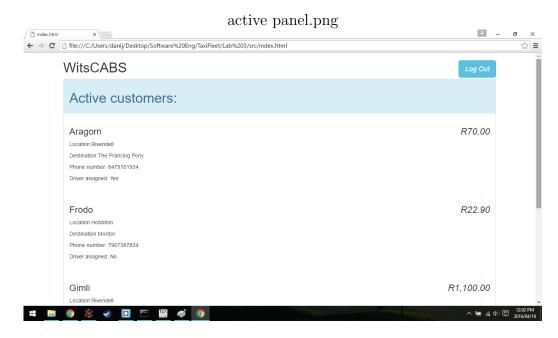


Figure 1: DCC view with active customers panel.

The front-end is implemented using angular.js and Bootstrap3. Included

#### customer form.png

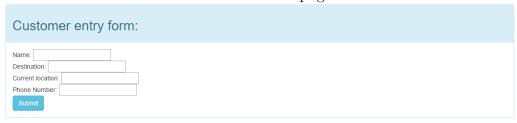


Figure 2: DCC view with new customer form.

in the HTML file are URL source links for the angular.js library, the Bootstrap stylesheets and a jQuery plugin. This means that the user merely needs to open the HTML file, which will run if the user has internet access. No additional programs need to be installed. For coding, the front-end framework, the text editor Brackets was used. The front-end views for the driver and DCC interfaces were coded by Danielle Winter and Frederick Nieuwoudt.A pair programming method was used for implementing this system. The work breakdown for the prototype implementation is given below:

- Frederick Nieuwoudt (Scrum Master):
  - Driver interface implementation
  - Login/log-off
  - Commenting DCC code
  - System aesthetics
  - System modifications
- Danielle Winter (project manager):
  - Driver interface commenting
  - Login/log-off commenting
  - DCC interface implementation
  - System aesthetics
  - System modifications

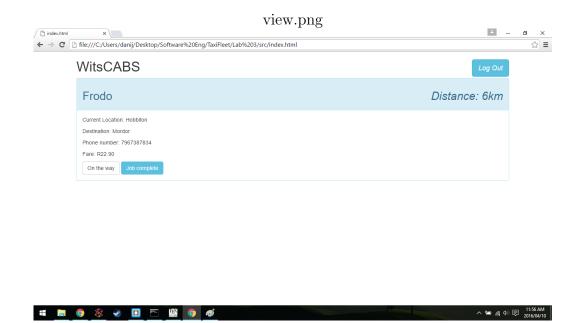


Figure 3: Driver interface view.

# 2.4 Product Backlog

Interface	Features	Expected Time (Days)
DCC	Active jobs panel	5
	Customer form panel	5
	Implement tabbed view (rather than panels)	1
	Automatic address completion using Google Maps API	5
Driver	Assigned job panel	5
	Buttons for "On the way" and "Job complete"	1
	Automatic update of navigation	5
General	Log-in page	5
	Log-in authentication	5
	Create basic interface framework	1
	Set up AngularJS customer directive	2
	Review user experience design (aesthetics using CSS)	5
	Set up google maps API	5



Figure 4: Log-in view with pop-up modal.

# 2.5 Sprint Planning

Sprint planning was undertaken to divide tasks in such a way that the most efficient path was taken.

In order to achieve this the task back log was represented on a gantt chart in order to visualize the product dependencies and which tasks could happen in parallel. The produced gantt char is available in the figure below.

The tasks were divided according to whether they were on the critical path or not. Creating the views for specific users was the most important for the success of the prototype. Tasks such and login authentication and the addition of Google maps functionality were not critical to the creation of a prototype that can visually demonstrate the final product.

# 2.6 Sprint Retrospective

Three sprints were completed to produce the presented front-end prototype. The features implemented in each sprint has been cataloged in the table be-

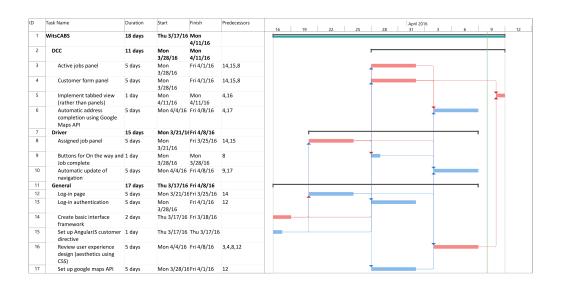


Figure 5: Gantt chart showing all required tasks and their dependencies.

#### low.

Sprint	Features	
1	Create basic interface framework	
	Set up AngularJS customer directive	
2	Driver assigned job panel	
	Create default login page	
	Create login modal	
3	3 Add DCC active jobs panel	
	Add DCC customer form panel	

- 3 PART B: BACK-END
- 3.1 SRS
- 3.2 SDS
- 3.3 Prototype Implementation
- 3.4 Product Backlog
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