```
In [17]:
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn import datasets
         iris = datasets.load iris()
         iris_X = iris.data
         iris_y = iris.target
In [19]: type(iris_X)
Out[19]: numpy.ndarray
 In [7]: | np.unique(iris_y)
         np.random.seed(0)
         indices = np.random.permutation(len(iris_X))
In [33]: |##Random Order - First ten
         indices[:10]
Out[33]: array([114, 62, 33, 107, 7, 100, 40, 86, 76, 71])
In [31]: indices[-10:] ## Last Ten
Out[31]: array([ 88, 70, 87, 36, 21, 9, 103, 67, 117, 47])
In [22]: iris_X_train = iris_X[indices[:-10]]
         iris_y_train = iris_y[indices[:-10]]
In [30]: | iris_X_train[:5,:]
Out[30]: array([[ 5.8, 2.8, 5.1, 2.4],
                [6., 2.2, 4., 1.],
                [5.5, 4.2, 1.4, 0.2],
                [7.3, 2.9, 6.3, 1.8],
                [5., 3.4, 1.5, 0.2]])
In [23]: | iris_X_test = iris_X[indices[-10:]]
         iris_y_test = iris_y[indices[-10:]]
In [24]: # Create and fit a nearest-neighbor classifier
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
In [25]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
         knn.fit(iris_X_train, iris_y_train)
Out[25]: KNeighborsClassifier(algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, metric='minkowski',
                    metric_params=None, n_neighbors=5, p=2, weights='uniform')
In [26]: knn.predict(iris_X_test)
Out[26]: array([1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0])
In [28]: # Note the second outcome above and below
         iris_y_test
Out[28]: array([1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0])
```

In []:	