



THE % > % OPERATOR

%>%
magrittr

Ceci n'est pas un pipe.

The `%>%` operator

- ▶ From **magrittr** package.
- ▶ Used extensively in **dplyr**.
- ▶ `%>%` is a piping operator, and can be verbalised as “*then*”.
- ▶ It takes the output of the left side, and uses it as the first argument of the function on the right side.

magrittr : the %>% operator

```
subset(mtcars, cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt))
```

```
mtcars %>% subset(cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt))
```



R Console

```
> mtcars %>% subset(cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt))
```

	mpg	wt
Mazda RX4	21.0	2.620
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	2.875
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	3.215
Valiant	18.1	3.460
Merc 280	19.2	3.440
Merc 280C	17.8	3.440
Ferrari Dino	19.7	2.770

```
> |
```

magrittr : the %>% operator

```
summary(subset(mtcars, cyl == 6,  
               c(mpg, wt)), digits=2)
```

```
mtcars %>%  
  subset(cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt)) %>%  
  summary(digits=2)
```

magrittr : the %>% operator

```
mtcars %>%  
  subset(cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt)) %>%  
  summary(digits=2)
```

- ▶ Get the mtcars data set
- ▶ **Then** subset it like this
- ▶ **Then** get the summary, with this setting

```
> mtcars %>%  
+   subset(cyl == 6, c(mpg, wt)) %>%  
+   summary(digits=2)  
      mpg      wt  
Min.   :18   Min.   :2.6  
1st Qu.:19   1st Qu.:2.8  
Median :20   Median :3.2  
Mean    :20   Mean    :3.1  
3rd Qu.:21   3rd Qu.:3.4  
Max.    :21   Max.    :3.5  
> |
```