



SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION (SRS) FOR

Kenny's Krew

Digital Dash

Version 2.0

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of the project is to create a GUI that will automate the current manual work of running macros and MySQL statements for the Liberty Mutual team. This will make it more efficient for less technical users and professionals as well as making the application work faster and reducing risk.

1.2 Product Scope

The GUI should be able to manipulate the Liberty Mutual control tables as well as implement solutions for the Audit & Control (A&C) Manipulation Macros.

1.3 Intended Audience

The application is exclusive to the Liberty Mutual IT Department, which consists of the *admins* and *developers* that run and manage the macros.

1.4 User Characteristics

User Types	Description
1) Admin	Ability to sign in and execute queries without needing permission
2) Developer	Ability to sign in and submit queries to an admin to be looked over and executed

2 Functional Requirements

2.1 Login via Azure Active Directory

ID: 2.1

Title: Login via Azure Active Directory

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: User clicks the “Login” [[See Figure 1](#)]

Precondition: Must be on the *Login* page

User’s Goal: To login into their account via Azure Active Directory File System Authentication

Steps:

1. User fills out the username field
2. User fills out the password field
3. User chooses Azure Active Directory Environment
(Development, Test, QA, and Production)
4. User presses “login”
5. Azure Active Directory authenticates user information
6. User is logged in and redirected to the homepage [[See Figure 2](#)]

Alternate Flow: NoneError Conditions:

- 4a. The User inputs incorrect username and/or password, which will cause the application to display an alert box that displays “incorrect username or password”. Afterwards, the user will be redirected to the login page.

2.2 Update Driver TableID: 2.2Title: Update Driver TableActor: *Admin, Developer*Trigger: User selects Update optionPrecondition: Must be logged in

User’s Goal: Send a request or override for an Update to the *driver tables* and update the journal with relevant parameters

Steps:

1. User selects an update option from a list of options [[See Figure 3](#)]
2. User fills in displayed add macro parameters
 1. User fills in driver step id if it pertains to macro option
 2. User fills in audit id if it pertains to macro option
 3. User fills in schedule start time if it pertains to macro option
 4. User fills in run name if it pertains to macro option
 5. User fills in status if it pertains to macro option
 6. User fills in valuation start date time if it pertains to macro option
 7. User fills in valuation end date time if it pertains to macro option

8. User fills in SLA date if it pertains to macro option
9. User fills in SLA time if it pertains to macro option
10. User fills in group number if it pertains to macro option
11. User fills in active step indicator if it pertains to macro option
12. User fills in driver step detail id if it pertains to macro option
3. User selects “Execute”
4. Prompt asks “Are you sure?”
5. User selects “yes”
6. Macro parameters are encapsulated into an update object
7. Update object is written to Peer Review file for pending approval
8. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Peer Review, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
9. User sees alert box saying that request has been processed. An email is sent to all *admins* of macro request.

Alternate Flow:

- 1a. User selects another option after selecting current option
- 3a. User selects “Urgent Exec”
- 3b. Prompt asks “Are you sure?”
- 3c. User selects “yes”
- 3d. Macro parameters are encapsulated into an update object
- 3e. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Override, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
- 3f. Update object is written to the *driver tables*
- 5a. User selects “no” on the “Are you sure?” prompt. The user is then able to continue editing parameters.

Error Condition:

- 5a. User selects execute without inputting all relevant parameters. System displays error message with empty relevant parameters emphasized in a message with an example of the field input for empty parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on inputs given pattern and process is stopped and is sent back to step 2.

5b. User selects execute but has input the wrong type in one or many of the input parameters. System displays error message with incorrect input parameters emphasized in a message with an example of the field input for incorrect parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on the input's text pattern, the process ceases, and the user is sent back to step 2.

2.3 Delete Driver Entry

ID: 2.3

Title: Delete Driver Entry

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: User selects *delete* option

Precondition: Must be logged in

User's Goal: Send a request, or override to delete from the *driver tables* and update the journal with relevant parameters

Steps:

1. User selects a delete option from a list of options [[See Figure 4](#)]
2. User fills in displayed delete macro parameters
 1. User fills in driver run name if it pertains to macro option
 2. User fills in group number if it pertains to macro option
 3. User fills in driver step id if it pertains to macro option
3. User selects "Execute"
4. Prompt asks "Are you sure?"
5. User selects "yes"
6. Macro parameters are encapsulated into a delete object
7. Delete object is written to Peer Review file for pending approval
8. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via "Log" option):
"Peer Review, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date"
9. User sees alert box saying that request has been processed. An email is sent to all *admins* of macro request.

Alternate Flow:

- 1a. User selects another option after selecting current option
- 3a. User selects "Urgent Exec"

- 3b. Prompt asks “Are you sure?”
- 3c. User selects “yes”
- 3d. Macro parameters are encapsulated into a delete object
- 3e. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Override, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro
Parameters, Date”
- 3f. Delete object is written to the *driver tables*
- 5a. User selects “no” on the “Are you sure?” prompt. The user is then able to
continue editing parameters

Error Condition:

- 3a. User selects execute without inputting all relevant parameters. System displays
error message with empty relevant parameters emphasized in a message with an
example of the field input for empty parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on
the input’s text pattern, the process ceases, and the user is sent back to step 2.
- 3b. User selects execute but has input the wrong type in one or many of the input
parameters. System displays error message with incorrect input parameters
emphasized in a message with an example of the field input for incorrect
parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on the input’s text pattern, the process
ceases, and the user is sent back to step 2.

2.4 Add Driver to Table

ID: 2.4

Title: Add Driver to Table

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: User selects an add option [\[See Figure 5\]](#)

Precondition: Must be logged in

User’s Goal: Send a request or override to add to the *driver tables* and update the
journal with relevant parameters

Steps:

1. User selects a add option from a list of options [\[See Figure 5\]](#)
2. User fills in displayed add macro parameters
 1. User selects technology option
 2. User selects category option

3. User selects use case option
3. User selects CMD_text option
3. User selects “Execute”
4. Prompt asks “Are you sure?”
5. User selects “yes”
6. Macro parameters are encapsulated into an add object
7. Add object is written to Peer Review file for pending approval
8. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Peer Review, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
9. User sees alert box saying that request has been processed. An email is sent to all *admins* of macro request.

Alternate Flow:

- 1a. User selects another option after selecting current option
- 3a. User selects “Urgent Exec”
- 3b. Prompt asks “Are you sure?”
- 3c. User selects “yes”
- 3d. Macro parameters are encapsulated into an update object
- 3e. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Override, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
- 3f. Add object is written to the *driver tables*
- 5a. User selects “no” on the “Are you sure?” prompt. The user is then able to continue editing parameters

Error Condition:

- 4a. User selects execute without inputting all relevant parameters. System displays error message with empty relevant parameters emphasized in a message with an example of the field input for empty parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on the input’s text pattern, the process ceases, and the user is sent back to step 2.
- 4b. User selects execute but has input the wrong type in one or many of the input parameters. System displays error message with incorrect input parameters emphasized in a message with an example of the field input for incorrect

Parameters. HTML5 detects incorrect error based on the input's text pattern, the process ceases, and the user is sent back to step 2.

2.5 View Log of Tasks

ID: 2.5

Title: View Log of Tasks

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: User selects log option

Precondition: Must be logged in

User's Goal: To view the driver tasks that user has executed in the system

Steps:

1. User selects what they want to view [[See Figure 11](#)]
2. User is displayed a list or graph of what they have selected

Alternate Flow:

- 1a. User selects another option after selecting current option

Error Condition:

- 1b. User is logged in, however, if the connection to the database is down, the application sends error message that there is no connection to the database.

2.6 Peer Review of Pending Tasks

ID: 2.6

Title: Peer Review

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: *Admin or Developer* selects peer review [[See Figure 12](#)]

Precondition: *Admin or Developer* must be logged in

User's Goal: To accept or decline a pending job request

Steps:

1. Pending tasks are displayed
2. *Admin* accepts pending process to run
3. Database is affected by having process shown as run
4. *Admin* is shown a message of action
5. *Admin* is shown a refreshed list of pending process

6. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Review: Approval, Admin Name, AdminID, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
7. *Admin and Initiator* receives a notification that the macro request has been approved via email.

Alternate Flow:

- 3a. *Admin* clicks decline and process shows as disabled in database
- 3b. Journal entry is written to log file with specified data
(Log file can be seen via “Log” option):
“Review: Denial, Admin Name, AdminID, User Name, UserID, Macro Name, MacroID, Macro Parameters, Date”
- 3c. *Admin and Initiator* receives a notification that the macro request has been declined via email.

Error Condition:

- 2a. User is logged in, however, if the connection to the database is down, the application sends an error message that there is no connection to the database.

2.7 Logout via Active Directory

ID: 2.7

Title: Logout via Active Directory

Actor: *Admin, Developer*

Trigger: User selects logout option [[See Figure 2](#), Top Right]

Precondition: Must be logged in

User's Goal: To log user out of the application

Steps:

1. Remove user credential
2. User is redirected to the homepage

Error Condition:

- 1a. If the user selects logout when they are not logged in, the system will display the error message, “not currently logged in”.

3 Non-Functional Requirements

3.1 Software Quality Attributes

The design of this application would ensure simplicity and user-friendliness. All features are organized and composed in a drop-down menu with details of what the command does. IT department employees would be able to add additional modules at later times in order to improve the performance of the application, seamlessly. The applications interface and organizational structure could easily accommodate additional features.

3.2 Performance Requirements

This application's features run based on the given database, so the performance would rely on how big our database would be. But we only need to find and check the existence of the driver or macros before executing commands, the process will be simple and fast and should not use excessive computing resources.

3.3 Safety Requirements

The application will be compatible on all web browser and not affect any other software or hardware components on the user's pc.

3.4 Security Requirements

The application will require us to use active directory's user credentials in order to protect the application from outside threats. *Admins* and *developers* will have access to all functionals in the application. Only *admins* may be able to approve and run a macro.

4 Future Requirements

4.1 Runtime

The application will later offer a historical runtime module, which will keep track of average run times for all job levels (Batch, Job, Step) as well as overall historical trendings.

4.2 SLA

Tracking Service Level Agreements (SLAs) via the [view](#) module will be necessary after we can add and run them for instance seeing the progress of a pending SLA job.

4.3 Undo

This feature would be able to have such functionality in order to undo changes in the job tables in order to correct possible mistakes made in the driver schedule.

4.4 View in progress Macro

The ability to view in progress macros would help *developers* see the performance of their driver schedule table in order to help them resolve any runtime issues that they could encounter. Such a module would have to dynamically call to the tables in real time while the job is running in order to estimate the current job completion timings.

4.5 Stop in Progress Macro

Via the [view](#) feature the *admin* would have to ability to stop in progress macros. This functionality would be available to *dev* users on request via [peer review](#).

4.6 Macro Definition

Using the [add](#) feature the *admin* would be able to define a new macro definition along with their active run dependencies. Error handling would be included in writing new macro definitions in order to prevent future data corruption (e.g. DELETE ROW *).

5 User Interface

Digital Dash

Welcome, Log in to start

☒ Development
 ☐ QA
 ☐ Test
 ☐ Production

[Log in](#)

[Forgotten password?](#)

FIGURE 1 - Login via Active Directory

The display in detail of Login button in dynamic content section.

Digital Dash



FIGURE 2 - Main Menu

The home screen, with Update, Delete, Add and View four drop down menus highlighted, consists of Log, Peer Review and Logout button and dynamically display section

Digital Dash

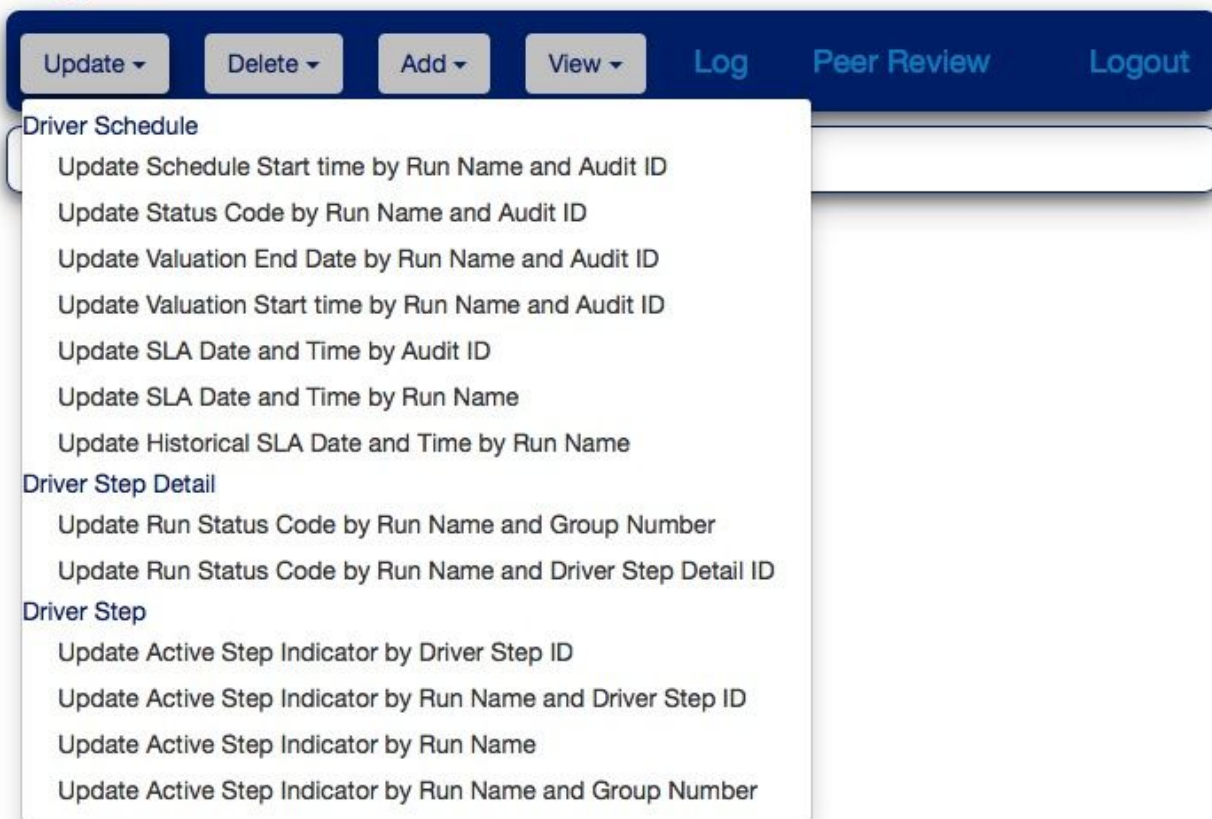


FIGURE 3 - Update Driver Table

The detail macros in Update drop down menu.

Digital Dash

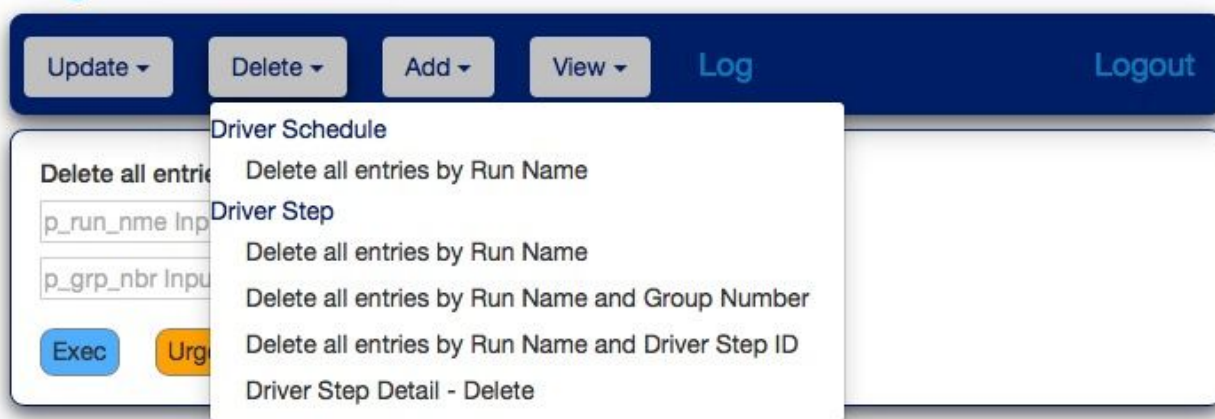


FIGURE 4 - Delete Driver Entry

The detail macros in Delete drop down menu.

Digital Dash

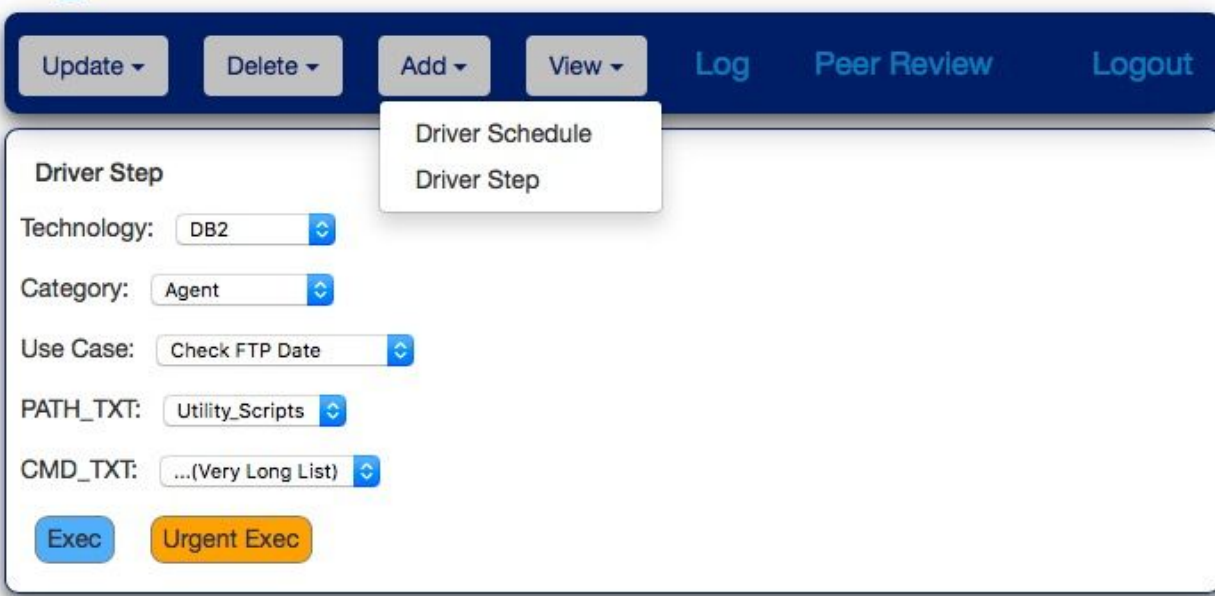


FIGURE 5 - Add Driver to Table

The detail macros in Add drop down menu.

Digital Dash

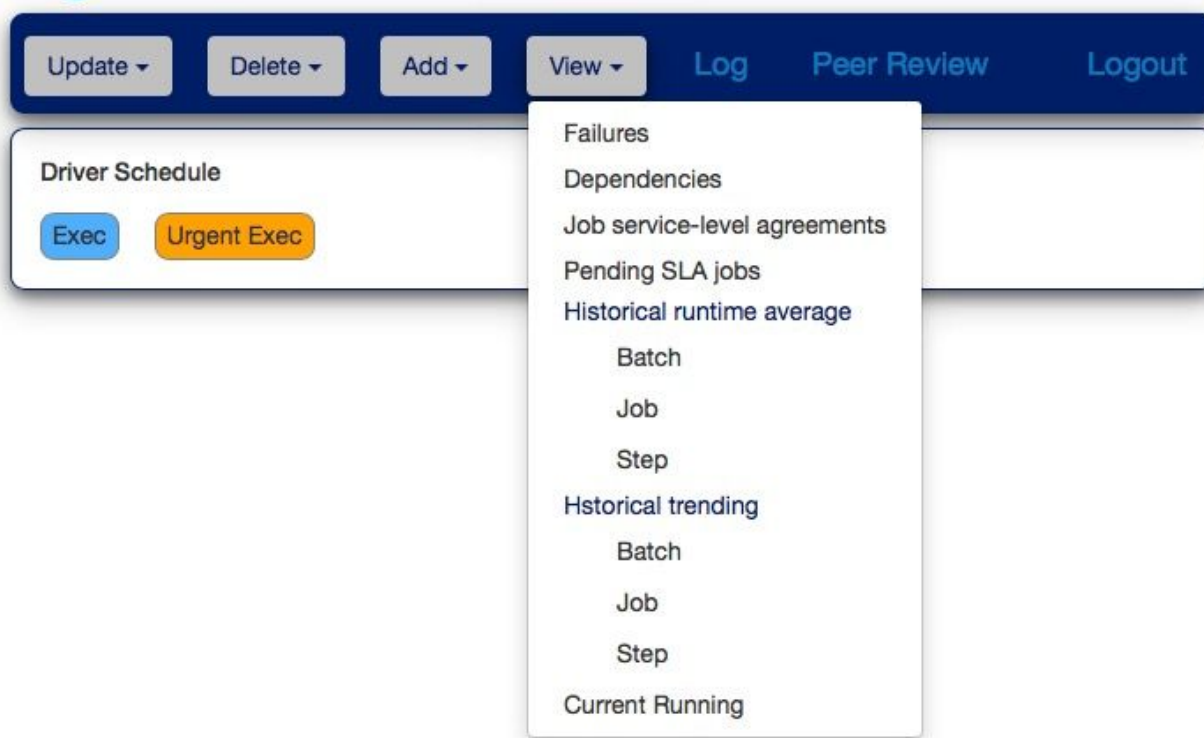


FIGURE 6 - View Feature

The detail view options in View drop down menu.

Digital Dash

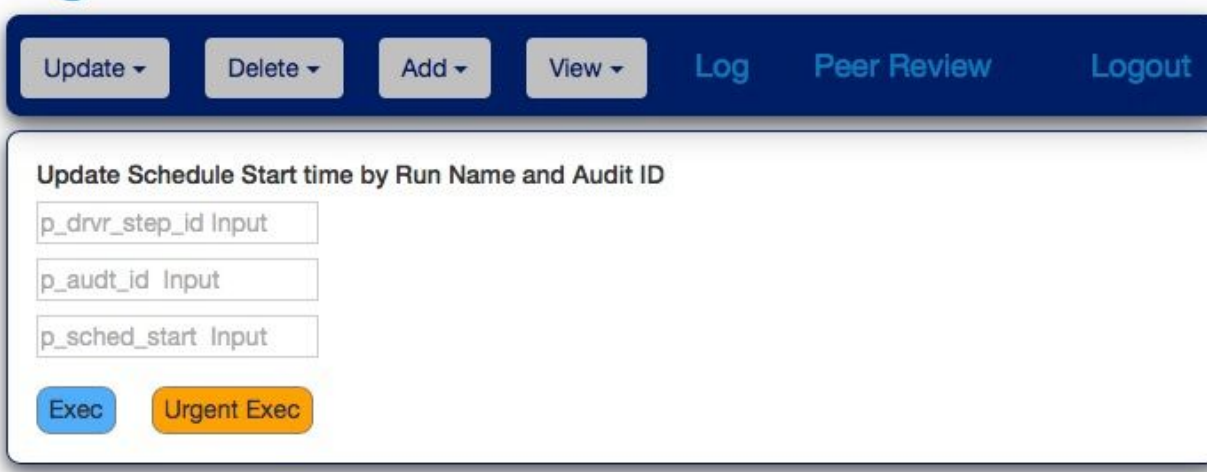


FIGURE 7 - Update Option Example

The display in detail of Update Schedule Start time by Run Name and Audit ID in dynamic content section.

Digital Dash

Update ▾

Delete ▾

Add ▾

View ▾

Log

Peer Review

Logout

Delete all entries by Run Name

p_run_nme Input

Exec

Urgent Exec

FIGURE 8 - Delete Option Example

The display in detail of Delete all entries by Run Name in dynamic content section.

Digital Dash

Update ▾

Delete ▾

Add ▾

View ▾

Log

Peer Review

Logout

Driver Step

Technology:

DB2

Category:

Agent

Use Case:

Check FTP Date

PATH_TXT:

Utility_Scripts

CMD_TXT:

...(Very Long List)

Exec

Urgent Exec

FIGURE 9 - Add Option Example

The display in detail of Add Driver Step in dynamic content section.

Digital Dash

Update ▾

Delete ▾

Add ▾

View ▾

Log

Peer Review

Logout

Failures

Graph is inserted here

FIGURE 10 - View Option Example

The display in detail of viewing failures in dynamic content section.

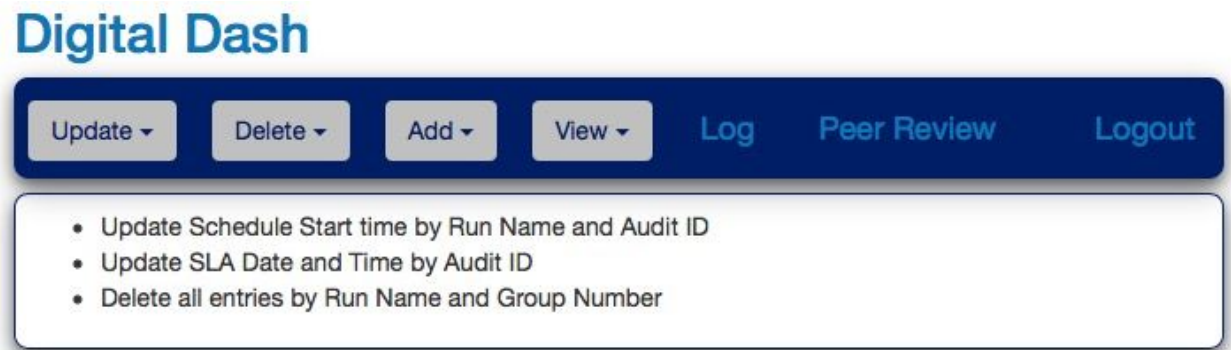


FIGURE 11 - View Log of Tasks

The display in detail of Log content section.

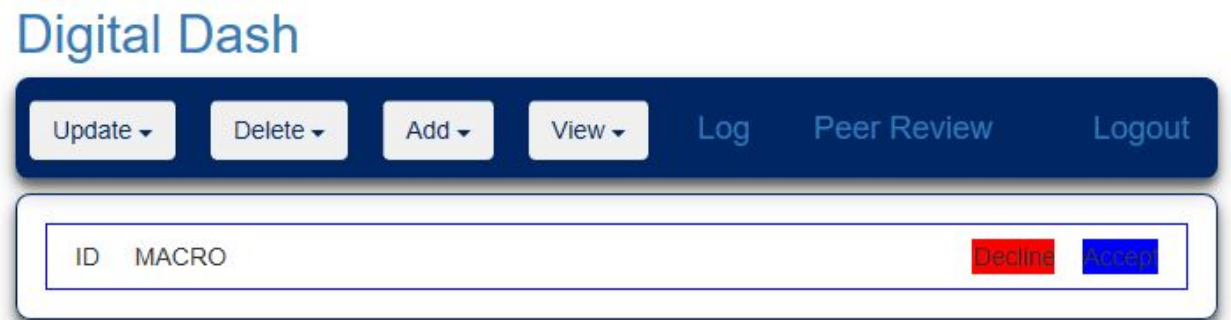


FIGURE 12 - Peer Review Pending Tasks

The display in detail of the Peer Review layout.

6 Glossary of Terms

1. Application - the software system
2. Macro - Contains pre-written SQL statements, can be called with parameters
3. SLA - Service Level Agreement
4. User - Driver Writer that is either an *Admin* or *Developer*

7 References

7.1 Documents Provided by Liberty Mutual

1. Create Run Name Document
2. Dictionary Categories Spreadsheet
3. Macros Document
4. Sample query

5. Universal Driver Control Document

7.2 Overview of project

1. UMass Amherst Capstone Project Charter

7.3 Sample data provided from tables (Liberty Mutual DB [7.5]):

1. C_DRIVER_STEP
2. C_DRIVER_STEP_DETAIL
3. C_DRIVER_STEP_DETAIL_H
4. C_DRIVER_SCHEDULE
5. C_APP_RUN_DEPENDENCY