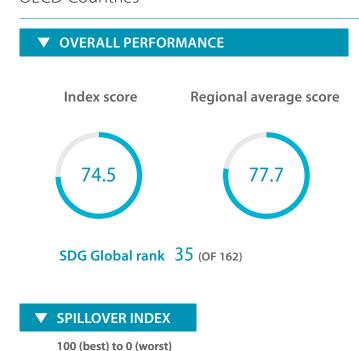
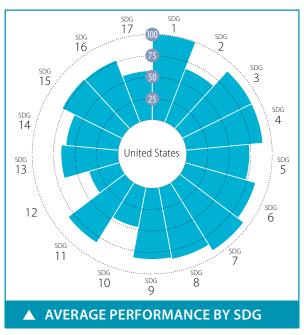
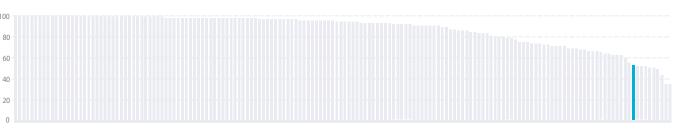
UNITED STATES

OECD Countries











Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

UNITED STATES

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty		Rating	Trend		Value Rating Trend		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.5		1	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)		•	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (% population)	0.7	•	1	Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	70.7	•	
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	17.8	•	\rightarrow	Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.3		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	↑	Population using the internet (%)	75.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.1 0.5	•	↑	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	132.9		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)	36.2		1	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.0	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	8.1	•	†	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	94.3	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.3	•	• •	universities (0-100)	4.3		
(ield gap closure (%)	77.6	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3 2.7		
Human Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)	2.4	•	4	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.1	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population)	46.5	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	14	•	1	Gap in internet access by income (%)	29.1	•	
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.6 6.6	•	↑	Women in science and engineering (%)	28.6	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.1	•	*	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
New HIV infections (per 1,000)	0.1	•	*	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	46.1	•	
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.6	•	1	Palma ratio	1.8	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	22.9	•	
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population) .ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	13	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	- <i>.</i>		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	13			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) (μq/m ³)	7.4		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.8	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	
ife Expectancy at birth (years)	78.5	•	+	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	51.3	•	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	20.6	•	1	Rent overburden rate (%)	15.8	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.1 92	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	87.8	•	*	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.4	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.9	•	*	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	34.9	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	6.3	•	• •	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	15.4	•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	22.1	•	→	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	56.4 NA	•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	11.8		1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5	•	
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action	1.5		
let primary enrolment rate (%)	95.1	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.5	•	
ower secondary completion rate (%) Iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA NA	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	•	
nrolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	91.2	•	• •	People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	1,818.2	•	
opulation age 25-34 with tertiary education (%)	47.8	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	975.7	•	
ISA score (0-600)	487.7	•	• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO2)	0.8	•	
ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	11.4	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%) tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	20.3		• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
esilient students (%)	31.6			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	74.6	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	30.1		
lemand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women	* 82.8	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	44.4	•	
married or in unions aged 15-49)		_	•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	100.8	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	81.6	•	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%) ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	19.6 18.2		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	
ender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	93.0		→	Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	0.0 7.0	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	33.0			Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	7.0	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.2		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	ГА		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (%)	5.4 0.2		
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	22.6	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where			
ported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)	5.5	•	• •	they live (%)	72.4	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	50.4	•		Property Rights (1-7)	5.8	•	
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.0	•	1	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	89.5		7	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%)	71 * 0.0		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990			
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	3.1	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	T	Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	23.7	•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	1.2 8.7		↑	Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	671.1	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0./		7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
	0.0			Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 17.9	•	
djusted Growth (%) revalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	93.1	•	1	Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	2	•	
				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	70.0	•	

^{*}Imputed data point

