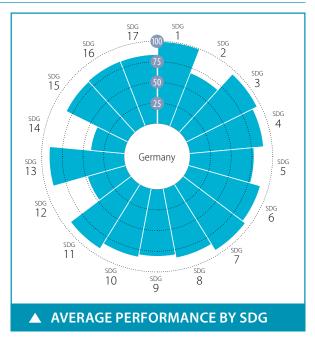
GERMANY OECD Countries

▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 81.1 SDG Global rank 6 (OF 162)



80





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

GERMANY

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating	Trend		Value Ra	ating To
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.2	•	1	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)	1.7	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (% population)		•	1	Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	, 5.5	
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	10.1	•	1	Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	9.3	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	1	Population using the internet (%)	84.4	•
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.3	•	1	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	79.8	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.4	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	22.3 7.2	•	*	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	75.1	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.5			universities (0-100)	, 5.1	
Yield gap closure (%)	77.3			Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.3	•
Human Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.9	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.2	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6	•	1	Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	54.5 14.5	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2	•	一	Women in science and engineering (%)	24.7	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.7	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	21.7	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.5	•	1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	33.4	
New HIV infections (per 1,000)	0.0	•	1	Palma ratio	1.1	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	12.1	•	1	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)		
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population)				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	16	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	12.0	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³) [']	12.0	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.2	•	Ţ	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•
ife Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.0 6.8		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.1	•
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.7		1	Rent overburden rate (%)	5.1	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95	•	*	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	90.7	•	•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	22.8	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.1	•	★	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.0	•
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.2	•	• •	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.5	•
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	29.8	•	1	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	42.3	•
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	18.8	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	205.4	•
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action	0.9	_
let primary enrolment rate (%)	98.8	•	1		0.0	
ower secondary completion rate (%)	* 84.0	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8 -0.5	•
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	-0.5 0.2	
nrolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	99.8	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	878.7	
opulation age 25-34 with tertiary education (%) ISA score (0-600)	31.3 508.0		7	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	25.4	•
ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	15.8		• •	from biomass (€/tCO2)		
status (%)	15.0			SDG14 – Life Below Water		
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	17.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.9	•
esilient students (%)	33.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.0	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	57.3	•
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women	* 83.0	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	80.6	
married or in unions aged 15-49)				SDG15 – Life on Land		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	93.8	•	+	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	78.6	•
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	83.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.1	•
eats held by women in national parliaments (%) ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	30.7 15.5		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•
ender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	91.9		••	Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	* 0.0	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	51.5			Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	11.1	•
	1000			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	•
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	99.2 41.5		• •	Unsentenced detainees (%) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	0.2	
esnwater withdrawai as % total renewable water resources nported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)	41.5 6.7		• •	they live (%)	74.5	•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	96.8	•	• •	Property Rights (1-7)	5.6	•
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.2	•	1	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	95.5	•	★	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	80	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%)	* 0.0	•
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	2.1	•
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	†	US\$ million per 100,000 population) Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	14.4	•
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	•	★	Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	78.5	•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	14.2	•		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	, 0.5	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 120	
djusted Growth (%)	-0.2		• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	* 13.0 0.7	
revalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)	2.0	•	• •	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.7	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	99.1	•	1	Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	•
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	* 0	•
				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	59.1	•

*Imputed data point

