LATVIA
OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

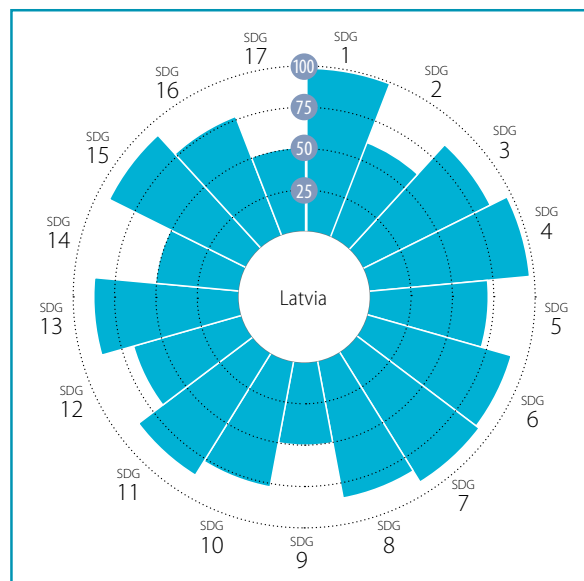Index score

77.1

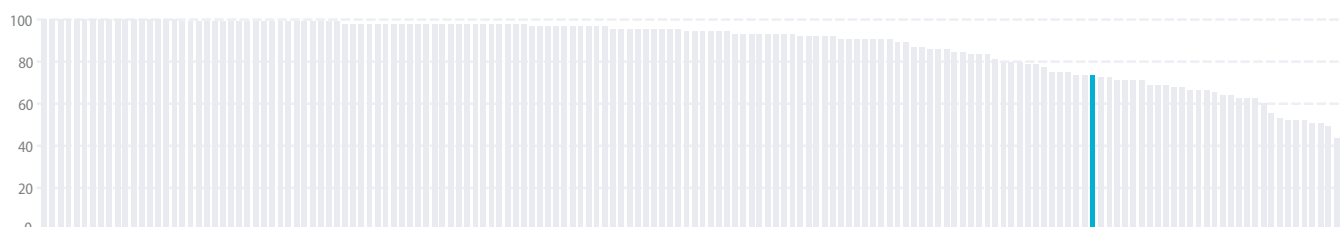Regional average score

77.7
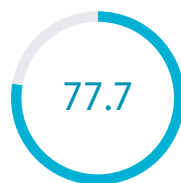
SDG Global rank 24 (OF 162)

▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)

Latvia

▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG

▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD

| 1 NO POVERTY | 2 ZERO HUNGER | 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING | 4 QUALITY EDUCATION | 5 GENDER EQUALITY | 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION | 7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY | 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH | 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE |
| 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES | 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION | 13 CLIMATE ACTION | 14 LIFE BELOW WATER | 15 LIFE ON LAND | 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS | 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS | SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS |

■ Major challenges   ■ Significant challenges   ■ Challenges remain   ■ SDG achieved   ■ Information unavailable

▼ SDG TRENDS

| 1 NO POVERTY ↗ | 2 ZERO HUNGER ↗ | 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING ↗ | 4 QUALITY EDUCATION ↗ | 5 GENDER EQUALITY ↗ | 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION → | 7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY ↗ | 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH ↑ | 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE ↗ |
| 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES → | 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES ↗ | 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION •• | 13 CLIMATE ACTION → | 14 LIFE BELOW WATER ↗ | 15 LIFE ON LAND ↑ | 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS ↗ | 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS → | |

↓ Decreasing   → Stagnating   ↗ Moderately improving   ↑ On track or maintaining SDG achievement   •• Information unavailable

Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".
The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

LATVIA
Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at $1.90/day (% population)	0.6	●	↑
Poverty headcount ratio at $3.20/day (% population)	0.9	●	↑
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	16.8	●	↓

SDG2 – Zero Hunger

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	●	↑
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6	●	↑
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7	●	↑
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	23.6	●	↓
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.8	●	↑
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	●	●●
Yield gap closure (%)	44.6	●	●●
Human Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)	2.4	●	↗

SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	18	●	↑
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2	●	↑
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.2	●	↑
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	32.0	●	↗
New HIV infections (per 1,000)	* 0.2	●	●●
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population)	21.9	●	↑
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	41	●	●●
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	9.9	●	↑
Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.0	●	↗
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.8	●	↑
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	●	↑
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96	●	↑
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	81.9	●	↑
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0	●	↑
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.4	●	●●
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	37.3	●	↓
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	24.1	●	●●

SDG4 – Quality Education

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.3	●	↓
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	96.2	●	↑
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.8	●	●●
Enrolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	97.1	●	↑
Population age 25-34 with tertiary education (%)	41.6	●	↑
PISA score (0-600)	486.7	●	●●
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	8.7	●	●●
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	17.2	●	●●
Resilient students (%)	35.2	●	●●

SDG5 – Gender Equality

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women married or in unions aged 15-49)	* 77.9	●	↑
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	105.6	●	↑
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	82.2	●	↑
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0	●	↓
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	21.1	●	●●
Gender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	123.6	●	●●

SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.6	●	●●
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	92.9	●	●●
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.1	●	●●
Imported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)	6.9	●	●●
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	71.1	●	●●
Population using safely managed water services (%)	81.9	●	→
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	78.4	●	↗

SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	●	↑
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	95.3	●	↑
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	1.3	●	→
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	38.1	●	↑

SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Adjusted Growth (%)	1.5	●	
Prevalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)	3.9	●	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	93.2	●	↑

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)	0.6	●	●●
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	70.1	●	↑
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.9	●	↑

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Population using the internet (%)	81.3	●	↑
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	116.1	●	↑
Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.0	●	↑
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	22.5	●	●●
Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.6	●	↑
Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	●	↓
Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	3.6	●	↓
Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population)	1.2	●	↓
Gap in internet access by income (%)	49.7	●	↓
Women in science and engineering (%)	27.0	●	●●

SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.9	●	↑
Palma ratio	1.4	●	↓
Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	32.7	●	↓

SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu g/m^3$)	13.4	●	↑
Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.0	●	↑
Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.4	●	↓
Rent overburden rate (%)	5.5	●	●●

SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
E-waste generated (kg/capita)	11.0	●	●●
Production-based SO_2 emissions (kg/capita)	2.3	●	●●
Imported SO_2 emissions (kg/capita)	18.7	●	●●
Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	37.0	●	●●
Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	60.7	●	●●
Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.9	●	●●

SDG13 – Climate Action

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Energy-related CO_2 emissions per capita (tCO2/capita)	3.5	●	→
Imported CO_2 emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO2/capita)	0.7	●	●●
People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	NA	●	●●
CO_2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	69.4	●	●●
Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO2)	NA	●	●●

SDG14 – Life Below Water

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	96.0	●	↑
Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.0	●	→
Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	54.5	●	↓
Fish caught by trawling (%)	61.2	●	↑

SDG15 – Life on Land

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.3	●	↑
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.5	●	↑
Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	●	●●
Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	0.0	●	●●
Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	8.1	●	●●

SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.4	●	→
Unsentenced detainees (%)	0.3	●	↓
Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	61.7	●	→
Property Rights (1-7)	4.0	●	●●
Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	●	●●
Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	58	●	↑
Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%)	* 0.0	●	●●
Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US$ million per 100,000 population)	* 0.0	●	●●
Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	19.6	●	↑
Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	221.3	●	↑

SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals

Indicator	Value	Rating	Trend
Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 7.6	●	↓
High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.1	●	→
Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	●	●●
Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	* 0	●	●●
Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	57.4	●	●●

*Imputed data point

Sustainable Development Report 2019 — Transformations to achieve the SDGs