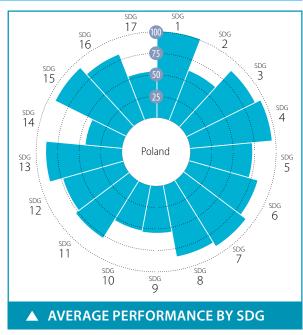


▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Regional average score Index score 75.9 77.7 SDG Global rank 29 (OF 162)



80





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

POLAND

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty		Value Rating Trend				Value Ra	iting T
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		.0		1	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)	0.5	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (% population)		.1			Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	66.1	•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	10	.3	-	→	Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.3	•
DG2 – Zero Hunger		_			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
revalence of undernourishment (% population)		.5 .6		1	Population using the internet (%)	, 0.0	•
revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		.6 .7		↑ ↑	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	154.1	
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)	23			į	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•
ereal yield (t/ha)		.0		†	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	27.3	•
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	(.8	•		universities (0-100)		
ield gap closure (%)	44			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.9 1.0	
uman Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)	2	.4	•	Ψ.	Research and development experiment (% doi) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	5.2	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population)	2.6	•
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	_	3		Ţ	Gap in internet access by income (%)	36.7	•
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		.0		T	Women in science and engineering (%)	41.0	•
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	17			1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
ew HIV infections (per 1,000)		.0		•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	43.9	•
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18	.7		7	Palma ratio	1.0	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations					Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	9.3	•
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population) ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and		38		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) (µq/m³)	20.9	
affic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)		.4	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.8	•
Expectancy at birth (years)	77			↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	54.8	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		.0		1	Rent overburden rate (%)	8.0	•
ths attended by skilled health personnel (%) rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	.8 96		T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	84			1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	11.9	•
bjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		.2		.	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	32.1	•
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2	.8	•	• •	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•
p in self-reported health by income (0-100)		.2		1	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	33.2 11.6	
ily smokers (% population age 15+)	22	.7	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.6	
DG4 – Quality Education					SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0	
et primary enrolment rate (%)		.0		Ť	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.7	
wer secondary completion rate (%)	95			^	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	
eracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) rolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	99	.8		• •	People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	2.7	•
epulation age 25-34 with tertiary education (%)	43			1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	567.7	•
SA score (0-600)	503	.7	•	• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	11.9	•
riation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	13	.4	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO2) SDG14 – Life Below Water		
status (%) udents performing below level 2 in science (%)	16	2 -				02.4	
esilient students (%)		.6			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	83.4 42.8	
DG5 – Gender Equality	5	.0			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	59.9	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women	* 68	.2		7	Fish caught by trawling (%)		•
married or in unions aged 15-49)	00				SDG15 – Life on Land		
male to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	100	.0	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.1	•
male to male labour force participation rate (%)	74			1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	91.8	•
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)		.0		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•
ender wage gap (total, % male median wage) ender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	127			1	Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	* 0.0	•
OG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	12/	.5			Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	3.3	•
	0-				SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.7	
pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97 98			• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Unsentenced detainees (%)	0.7 0.1	•
pulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	98 37			• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	0.1	
ported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)		.3		• •	they live (%)	66.1	•
thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	49		0	• •	Property Rights (1-7)	4.1	•
pulation using safely managed water services (%)		.9		>	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•
pulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	77	.1	-	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%)	* 0.0	•
OG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990		
cess to electricity (% population)	100		•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.1	
cess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100			1	Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	26.6	•
0 ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) are of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	11	.8		7	Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	187.2	•
	11	.ד		7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		0 •		0.0	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 8.5	•
djusted Growth (%) evalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)		.4		• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1	•
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution				1	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	•
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)					Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	* 0	•
					Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	57.4	

^{*}Imputed data point

