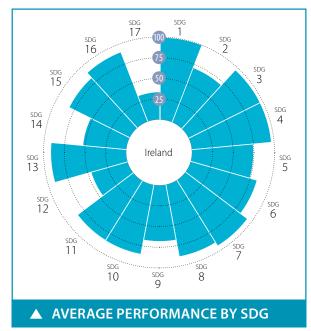


▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 78.2 77.7 SDG Global rank 19 (OF 162)



80





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals



IRELAND

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value R	Rating T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.2	•	- I	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)	1.6	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (% population)	0.2		1	Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	67.7	• '
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	9.8	•	T	Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.1	• •
DG2 – Zero Hunger				SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
revalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5		1	Population using the internet (%)	84.5	
revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 2.6 * 0.7		↑	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	102.0	
revalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (70) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.3		1	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.3	•
ereal yield (t/ha)	8.2		*	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	53.9	•
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.4	•	• •	universities (0-100)		
ield gap closure (%)	74.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	
uman Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)	2.4	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	1.2 12.9	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population)	22.1	
faternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8	•	↑	Gap in internet access by income (%)	25.4	•
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2	•	↑	Women in science and engineering (%)	23.4	•
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.5		Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) ew HIV infections (per 1,000)	7.3 * 0.1		T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.9	•
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.3	_	1	Palma ratio	1.1	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.5		1	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	6.4	•
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population)				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	8.2	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) affic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.0		1	of diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	00.0	
fe Expectancy at birth (years)	4.0 81.5	•	†	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%)	98.8 56.2	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.1		†	Rent overburden rate (%)	11.1	
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92	•	↑	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.9	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	94.5	•	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	10.9	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.0	•	T	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	22.0	•
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	0.1 19.9	_	^	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	46.7	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	18.0		•	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-199.8	•
DG4 – Quality Education	10.0			Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•
et primary enrolment rate (%)	95.9	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action		
ower secondary completion rate (%)	99.4		^	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.8	•
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		•••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-3.4	•
nrolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	97.9	•	• •	People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	1.6	•
opulation age 25-34 with tertiary education (%)	53.5		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	69.2 21.8	•
ISA score (0-600)	509.3	_	• •	from biomass (€/tCO2)	21.0	
ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	12.7	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water		
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	15.3	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.2	•
esilient students (%)	29.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	61.9	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	21.6	•
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women	* 80.2	•	^	Fish caught by trawling (%)	85.9	•
married or in unions aged 15-49)			•	SDG15 – Life on Land		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	105.0	•	↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.9	•
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	79.0		1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.7	•
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.2		7 .L.	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•
ender wage gap (total, % male median wage) ender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	10.6 166.9		••	Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	0.0	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	100.9			Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	14.3	
	00.0		0.0	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.5	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.9		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.8	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	92.2 2.4	•	• •	Unsentenced detainees (%) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	0.2	
nported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)	10.3	_	••	they live (%)	77.8	•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	44.4	•		Property Rights (1-7)	5.9	•
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	98.9	•	1	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	70.3	•	1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	73	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%)	* 0.0	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	↑	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.4	•
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	1	Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	14.6	•
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	•	†	Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	78.4	•
nare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	9.1	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 8.4	•
djusted Growth (%)	7.2	•	• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.3	•
revalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)	1.7		••	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	95.3	•	1	Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	•
OF WILL & FLODIE-HOLLEV-SELVICE DIOVIGEL (%)				Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	Δ	

^{*}Imputed data point

