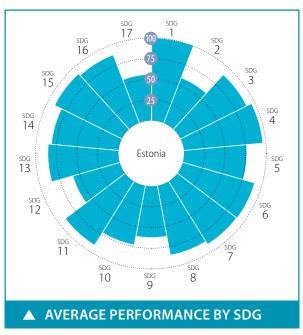


▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 80.2 SDG Global rank 10 (OF 162)



80





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value I	Rating	Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)			1	Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (deaths per 100,000)	0.7	•	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (% population)		•	↑	Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	74.1	•	1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, Poverty line 50% (% population)	15.7	•	4	Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	11.8	•	1
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	004		
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.8 * 2.6	•	↑	Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	88.1 133.4		7
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	* 0.7		*	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.2	•	↓	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.1		1
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.7	•	1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	37.4	•	•
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1	•	4
'ield gap closure (%) Human Trophic Level (best 2-3 worst)	40.7 2.4	•	• • • →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	2.1			Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	6.9	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9	•	1	Triadic Patent Families filed (per million population)	7.4	•	3
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.2	•	†	Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	23.1 35.0		
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.7	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	33.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	15.0	•	1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	37.4		
lew HIV infections (per 1,000) ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.2	•	T	Palma ratio	1.1	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.0	•	1	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	35.7	•	•
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population)				SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	6.7	•	•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.3	•	1	of diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.7		
fe Expectancy at birth (years)	77.8	•	†	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.2		l ,
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.3	•	↑	Rent overburden rate (%)			
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.4	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	93 85.5		T	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	14.4	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.1		*	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	68.3	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.7	•	• •	Imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-4.5	•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	44.7	•	4	Nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	38.0 27.8		
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	21.3	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-recycled Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.7		
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action			
et primary enrolment rate (%) ower secondary completion rate (%)	93.5 108.0	•	+	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	14.2	•	
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9			Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-3.1	•	
nrolment in early childhood learning program (% ages 4-6)	91.2	•	• •	People affected by climate-related disasters (per 100,000 population)	0.5	•	
opulation age 25-34 with tertiary education (%)	43.0	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	29.9 12.1	•	
SA score (0-600)	524.3	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO2)	12.1		
ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	7.8	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	8.8	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.9	•	
esilient students (%)	48.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	72.1		
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	1.3		
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% women	* 78.4	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	29.6	•	
married or in unions aged 15-49) emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	106.6		•	SDG15 – Life on Land	0.4.0		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	80.4		†	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	94.9 93.6		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.7	•	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		
ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	28.3	•	• •	Permanent Deforestation (5 year average annual %)	* 0.0	•	
ender gap in minutes spent per day doing unpaid work (minutes)	89.0	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (per million population)	8.4	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.6	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.6	•	• •	Unsentenced detainees (%)	0.2	•	
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources aported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita)	22.5 4.7		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.9	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	71.9	•	• •	Property Rights (1-7)	5.4	•	
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	81.7	•	4	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
ppulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	92.9	•	1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	73 * 0.0	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	* 0.0		
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	92.9	•	1	Freedom of Press Index (best 0-100 worst)	14.1	•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	1.5 27.5	•	→	Prison Population (per 100,000 people)	214.6	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	27.3		1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
	0.1		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	* 8.9	•	
djusted Growth (%) evalence of Modern Slavery (victims per 1,000 population)	0.1 3.6		• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2		
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	98.0	•	1	Other countries: Government Revenue excluding Grants (% GDP)	NA	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	* 0	•	
				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	50.9		

^{*}Imputed data point

