



```
In [1]: # import datetime
import os
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datlib.FRED import *
from datlib.plots import *
import pandas_datareader.data as web

#FRED.py
. . .
def bil_to_mil(series):
    return series* 10***3
# . .
#fedProject.py
# . .
data_codes = {# Assets
    "Total Assets": "BOGMBASE",
    "VIX": "VIXCLS",
    # Liabilities
    "Total Liabilities" : "WLTLECL",
    # Interest Rates
    "CPI": "CPIAUCSL",
    "Core PCE": "PCEPILFE",
    "Currency in Circulation": "WCURCIR",
    # VIX": "VIXCLS",
    }
rate_codes = {"Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)": "DFF",
# "Federal Funds Target Rate (Pre-crisis)": "DFEDTAR",
# "Federal Funds Upper Target": "DFEDTARU",
# "Federal Funds Lower Target": "DFEDTARL",
# "Interest on Reserves (%)": "IOER",
# "5 Year Forward Rate": "T5YIFR",
# "Unemployment Rate": "UNRATE",
"$U_N$": "NROU"
}

inflation_target = 2

unemployment_target = 4.5
# Select start and end dates
start = datetime.datetime(2000, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime.today()

## year variable automatically adjusts the number of periods
# per year in light of data frequency
annual_div = {"Q":4,
              "W":52,
              "M":12}
### choose frequency
freq = "M"
### set periods per year
year = annual_div[freq]
```

```
In [2]: rate_keys = list(rate_codes.keys())
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]

# freq refers to data frequency. Choose "D", "W", "M", "Q", "A"
# a number may also be placed in front of a letter. "2D" indicates
#       alternating days

if "data_gathered" not in locals():
    data = gather_data(data_codes, start,
                        end = end, freq = freq)
    rate_data = gather_data(rate_codes, start,
                            end = end, freq = freq)
    # transform bil to mil
    data["Currency in Circulation"] = data["Currency in Circulation"].mul(1000)
    data.fillna(0, inplace=True)
    log_data = np.log(data)
    log_diff_data = log_data.diff(year)
    log_diff_data[rate_keys] = rate_data[rate_keys]

    # calculate monthly rates as well. This data will be used for ADF and KPSS tests
    monthly_log_diff_data = log_data.diff()
    monthly_log_diff_data[rate_keys] = rate_data[rate_keys]

    data = log_diff_data
    monthly_data = monthly_log_diff_data
    data_gathered = True

    # use natural rate of unemployment for target
    rate_data["$U_N$"] = rate_data["$U_N$"].interpolate(method='linear')
    unemployment_target = rate_data["$U_N$"]
```

C:\Users\HP\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\internals\blocks.py:402: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log  
 result = func(self.values, \*\*kwargs)

```
In [3]: for df in [data,monthly_data]:
    df["Currency in Circulation / Total Assets"] = df["Currency in Circulation"] / df["Total Assets"]
    df["Inflation Loss"] = df["Core PCE"].sub(unemployment_target)
    df["Unemployment Loss"] = df["Unemployment Rate"].sub(unemployment_target)
    df["Inflation Loss Sq"] = df["Inflation Loss"].pow(2)
    df["Inflation Loss Sq"][df["Inflation Loss"] < 0] = df["Inflation Loss Sq"][[df["Inflation Loss"] < 0].index]
    df["Unemployment Loss Sq"] = df["Unemployment Loss"].pow(2)
    df["Unemployment Loss Sq"][df["Unemployment Loss"] < 0] = df["Unemployment Loss Sq"][[df["Unemployment Loss"] < 0].index]
    df["Loss Function"] = df["Inflation Loss Sq"].sub(df["Unemployment Loss Sq"])
```

```
In [4]: data={"Data":data,
    "Diff": data.diff(year),
    "Diff-in-Diff": data.diff(year).diff(year),
}
monthly_data={"Data":monthly_data,
    "Diff": monthly_data.diff(),
    "Diff-in-Diff": monthly_data.diff().diff(),
}
diffs = list(data.keys())
for key, val in data.items():
    data[key]["Date"] = val.index.astype(str)
```

```
In [5]: from statsmodels.tsa.vector_ar.vecm import coint_johansen
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
from statsmodels.tsa.api import VAR
import statsmodels.api as sm
from arch.unitroot import ADF, KPSS
import copy
import pingouin
from scipy.stats import pearsonr
from datlib.ts_tests import *
from statsmodels.tsa.adfvalues import *
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
import statsmodels
from statsmodels.tools.validation import (
    array_like,
    bool_like,
    dict_like,
    float_like,
    int_like,
    string_like,
)

from statsmodels.tools.sm_exceptions import (
    CollinearityWarning,
    InfeasibleTestError,
    InterpolationWarning,
    MissingDataError,
)

from statsmodels.tsa.vector_ar.vecm import coint_johansen
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
from statsmodels.tsa.api import VAR
import statsmodels.api as sm
from arch.unitroot import ADF, KPSS
import copy
import pingouin
from scipy.stats import pearsonr
from datlib.ts_tests import *
from statsmodels.tsa.adfvalues import *
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
import statsmodels
from statsmodels.tools.validation import (
    array_like,
    bool_like,
    dict_like,
    float_like,
    int_like,
    string_like,
)

from statsmodels.tools.sm_exceptions import (
    CollinearityWarning,
    InfeasibleTestError,
    InterpolationWarning,
```

```
    MissingDataError,  
)
```

```
C:\Users\HP\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:7: FutureWarning: pandas.Int64Index is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.Index with the appropriate dtype instead.
```

```
    from pandas import (to_datetime, Int64Index, DatetimeIndex, Period,  
C:\Users\HP\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:7: FutureWarning: pandas.Float64Index is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.Index with the appropriate dtype instead.  
    from pandas import (to_datetime, Int64Index, DatetimeIndex, Period,
```

```
In [6]: def run_ts_tests(data_dct, lags, adf_dct = {}, kpss_dct = {}):
    def build_result_dcts():
        for key in keys:
            adf_dct[key] = {}
            kpss_dct[key] = {}
            for diff in diffs:
                adf_dct[key][diff] = {}
                kpss_dct[key][diff] = {}
        return adf_dct, kpss_dct

    keys = list(data_dct.keys())
    build_result_dcts()
    for diff in diffs:
        test_data = data_dct[diff][list(rename_dct.values())]
        test_data.dropna().to_csv("TestData"+diff+".csv")
        test_data = test_data.loc[:'2020-02-29'].dropna()
        for key, val in test_data.items():
            adf_dct[key][diff] = ADF(val,
                                      lags = lags,
                                      trend= "c").pvalue
            kpss_dct[key][diff] = KPSS(val,
                                       lags = lags,
                                       trend= "c").pvalue
    return pd.DataFrame(adf_dct), pd.DataFrame(kpss_dct)

def bar_plots(dct, width = 2, length = 3, title = "", title_y = 1):

    fig, ax = plt.subplots(width,
                           length,
                           figsize = (38,25))
    i = 0
    j = 0
    for key, df in dct.items():
        df.plot.bar(ax = ax[j][i],
                    legend = False)
        xtick_labels = ax[j][i].get_xticks()
        ax[j][i].axhline(.05, ls = "--", color = "k", linewidth = 3)
        ax[j][i].set_xticklabels([key + "\n" + diff.replace("Diff-in-Diff", "2-Dif") for diff in diffs], fontsize = 30)
        ax[j][i].set_ylim(0,1)

        if i == 0:
            ax[j][i].set_yticklabels([round(y,2) for y in ax[j][i].get_yticks()], fontsize = 30)
        else:
            ax[j][i].set_yticklabels(["" for y in ax[j][i].get_yticks()])
        i+=1

        if i == length:
            i = 0
            j += 1
            # if i == 2 and j == 1:
            #     ax[j][i].set_axis_off()
    fig.suptitle(title, y = title_y, fontsize = 60)
```

```
fig.savefig(title.replace(":", "-").replace("$", "").replace("\n", "") + ".png")
```

```

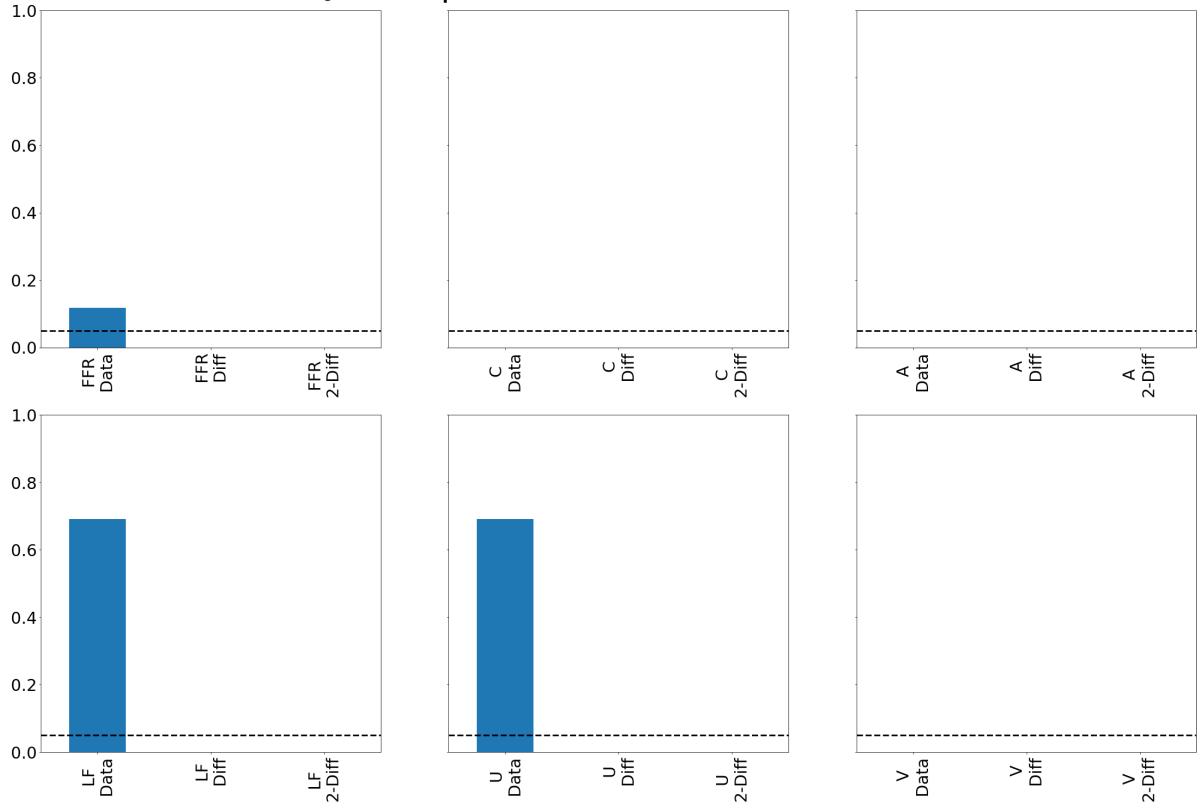
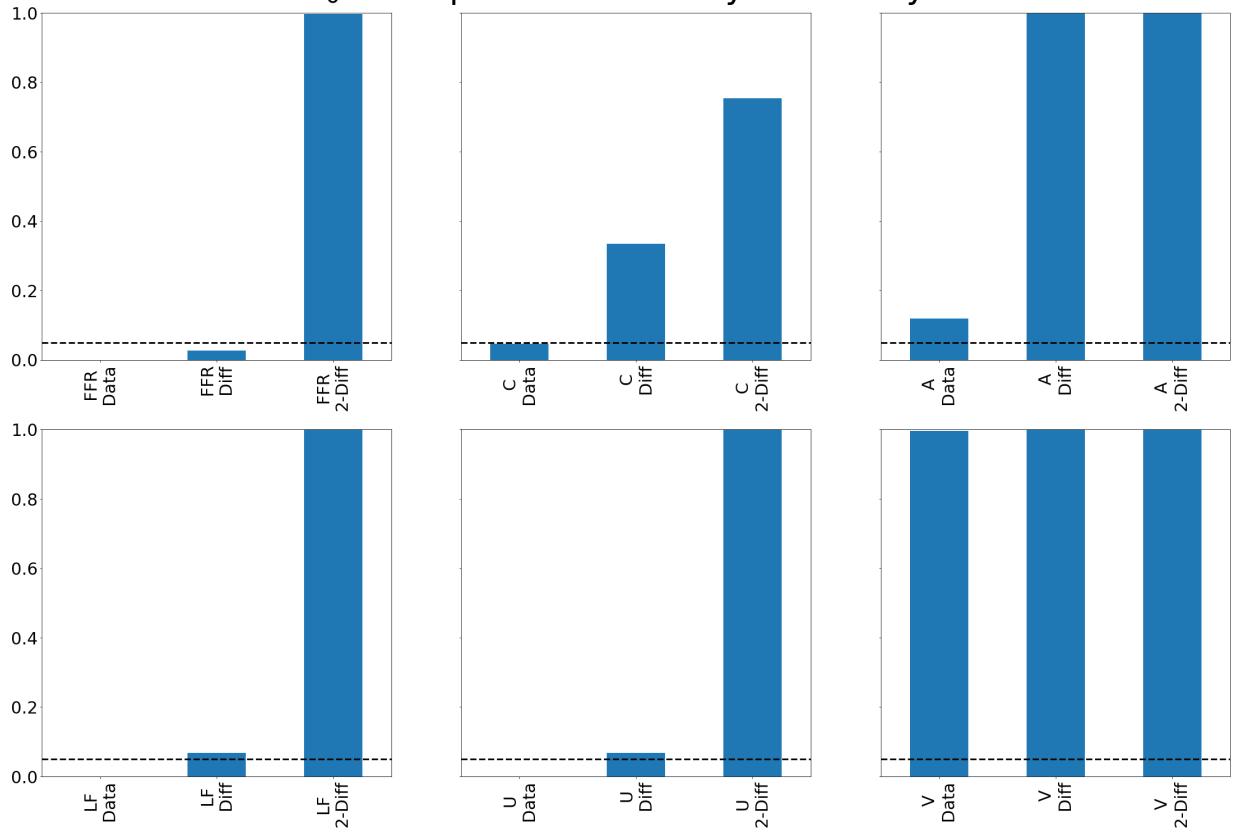
rename_dct = {"Effective": "FFR",
#               "Circulation / Total": "C/A",
#               "Circulation": "C",
#               "Assets": "A",
#               "Function": "LF",
#               "Unemployment": "U",
#               "VIX" : "V"}
abbrev_keys = list(rename_dct.values())
lags = 1
# Lags = year

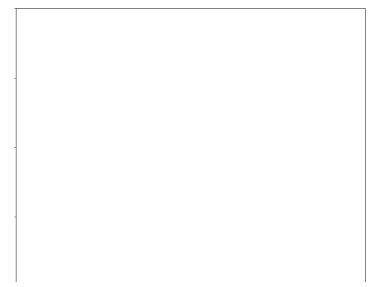
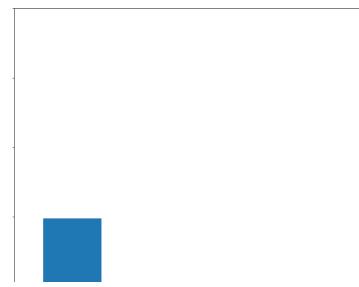
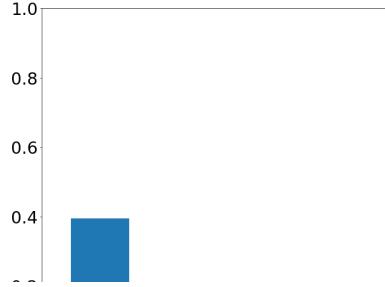
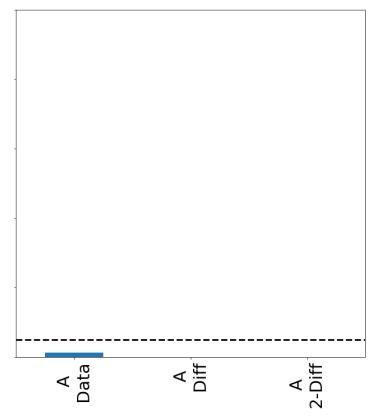
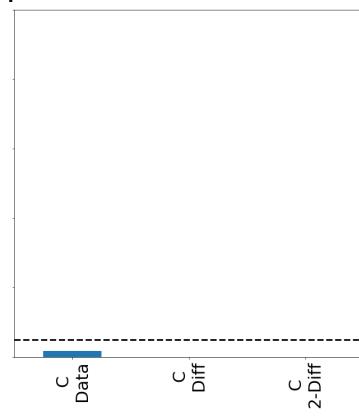
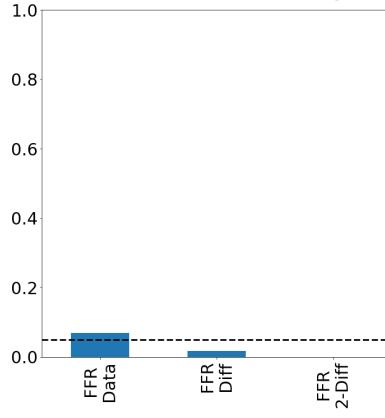
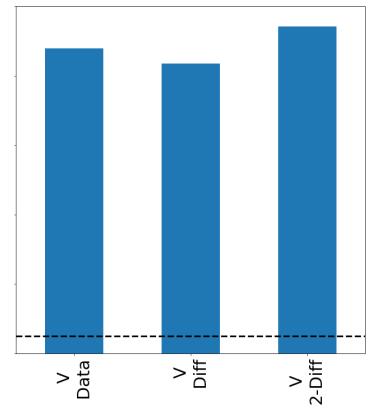
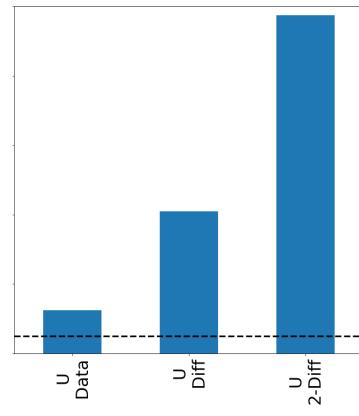
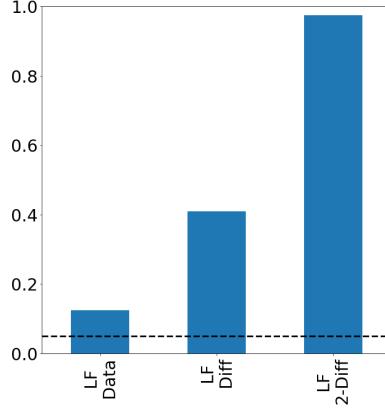
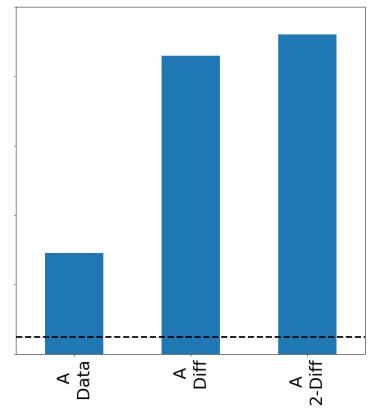
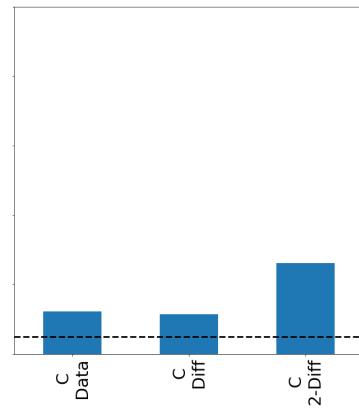
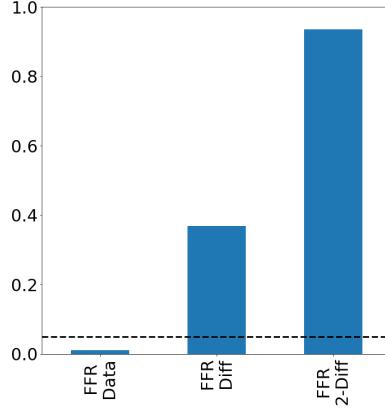
for diff in diffs:
    # test all variables, include loss function components
    test_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX",
                 "Unemployment Loss Sq"]
#    adf_data = monthly_data[diff][test_vars]
    for key in test_vars:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                monthly_data[diff].rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]} for
                                           inplace = True)

    test_data = copy.copy(monthly_data)
    for diff in test_data.keys():
        test_data[diff] = test_data[diff][abbrev_keys].dropna().loc[:'2020-02-29']
    for lags in [1,12]:
        adf_df, kpss_df = run_ts_tests(test_data, lags)
        # plot ADF tests
        # create filler val to get null hypothesis
        val = [i for i in range(10)]
        title = "ADF: " + str(lags) + " Lags\nH_0:$ " + ADF(val,
                                                               lags = lags,
                                                               trend = "c").null_hypothesis
        title_y = .96
        bar_plots(adf_df, title = title, title_y = title_y)

        # plot KPSS tests
        title = "KPSS: " + str(lags) + " Lags\nH_0:$ " + KPSS(val,
                                                               lags = lags,
                                                               trend = "c").null_hypothesis
        bar_plots(kpss_df, title = title, title_y = title_y)

```

**ADF: 1 Lags** $H_0$  : The process contains a unit root.**KPSS: 1 Lags** $H_0$  : The process is weakly stationary.

**ADF: 12 Lags** $H_0$  : The process contains a unit root. $H_0$  : The process is weakly stationary.

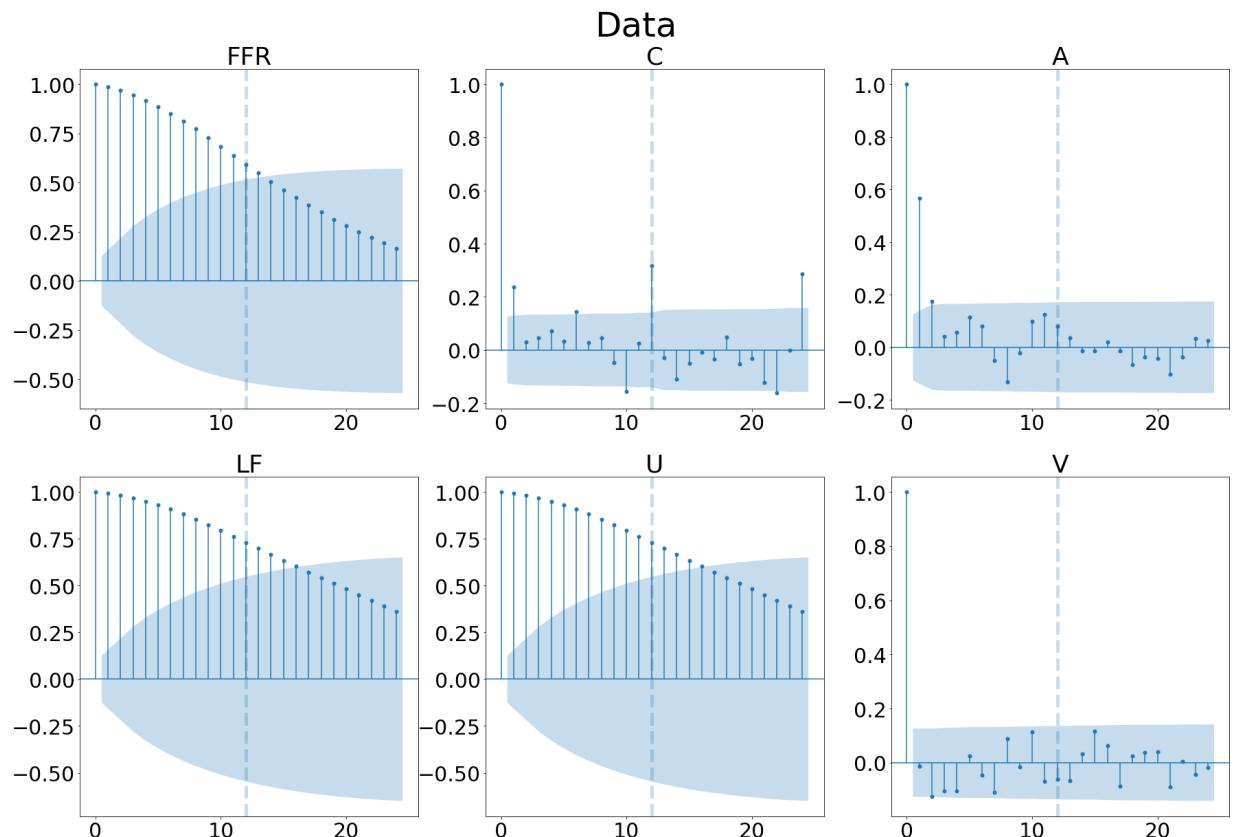


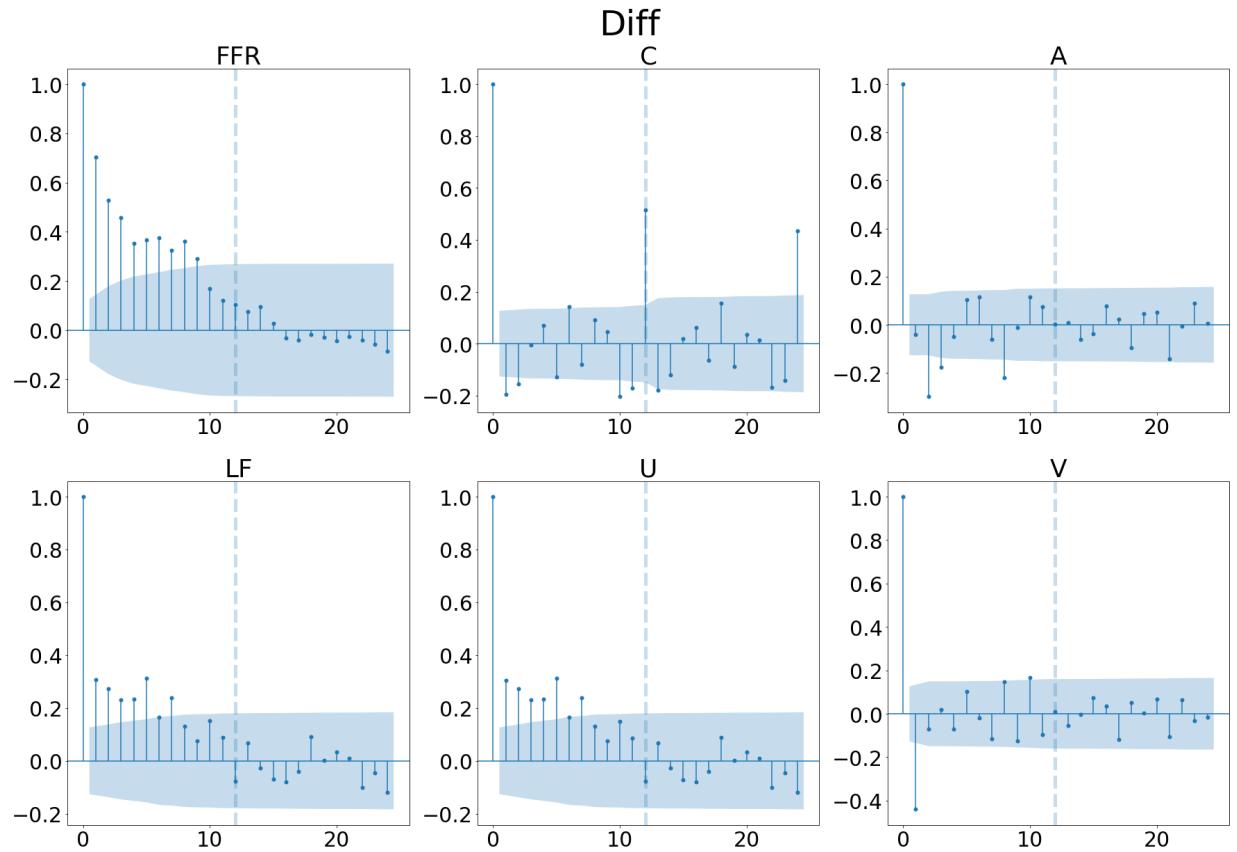
```
In [7]: from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf
plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":30})
width, length = 3,2

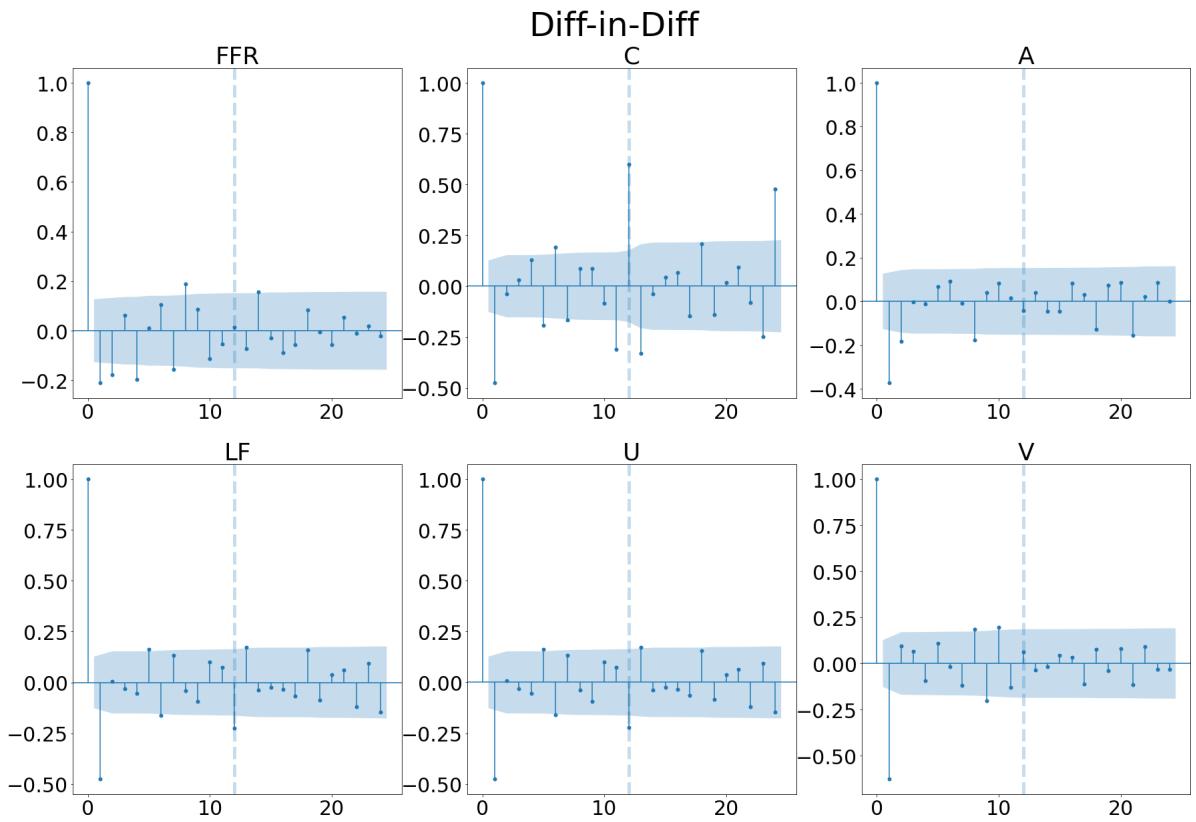
for diff in diffs:
    fig,ax = plt.subplots(length, width, figsize = (30,20))
    i, j = 0, 0
    for key, val in test_data[diff].items():
        a = ax[i][j]
        a.axvline(12, ls = "--", linewidth = 5, color = "C0", alpha = .25)
        plot_acf(val, title = key, ax = a)

        j+=1

        if j == width:
            j = 0
            i += 1
    fig.suptitle(diff, fontsize = 50, y = .94)
```







```
In [10]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2002-12-31", "2022-04-30")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

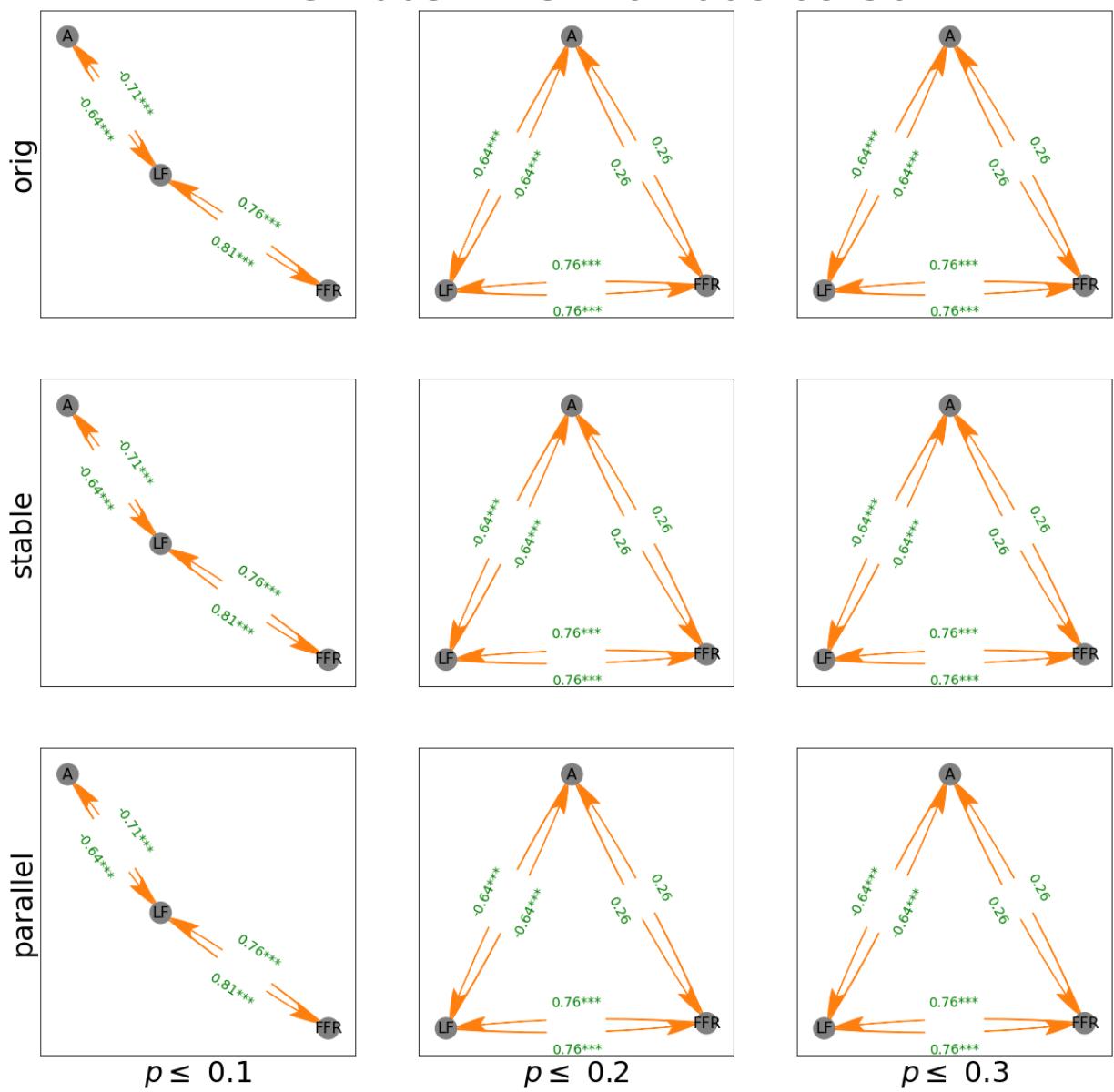
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

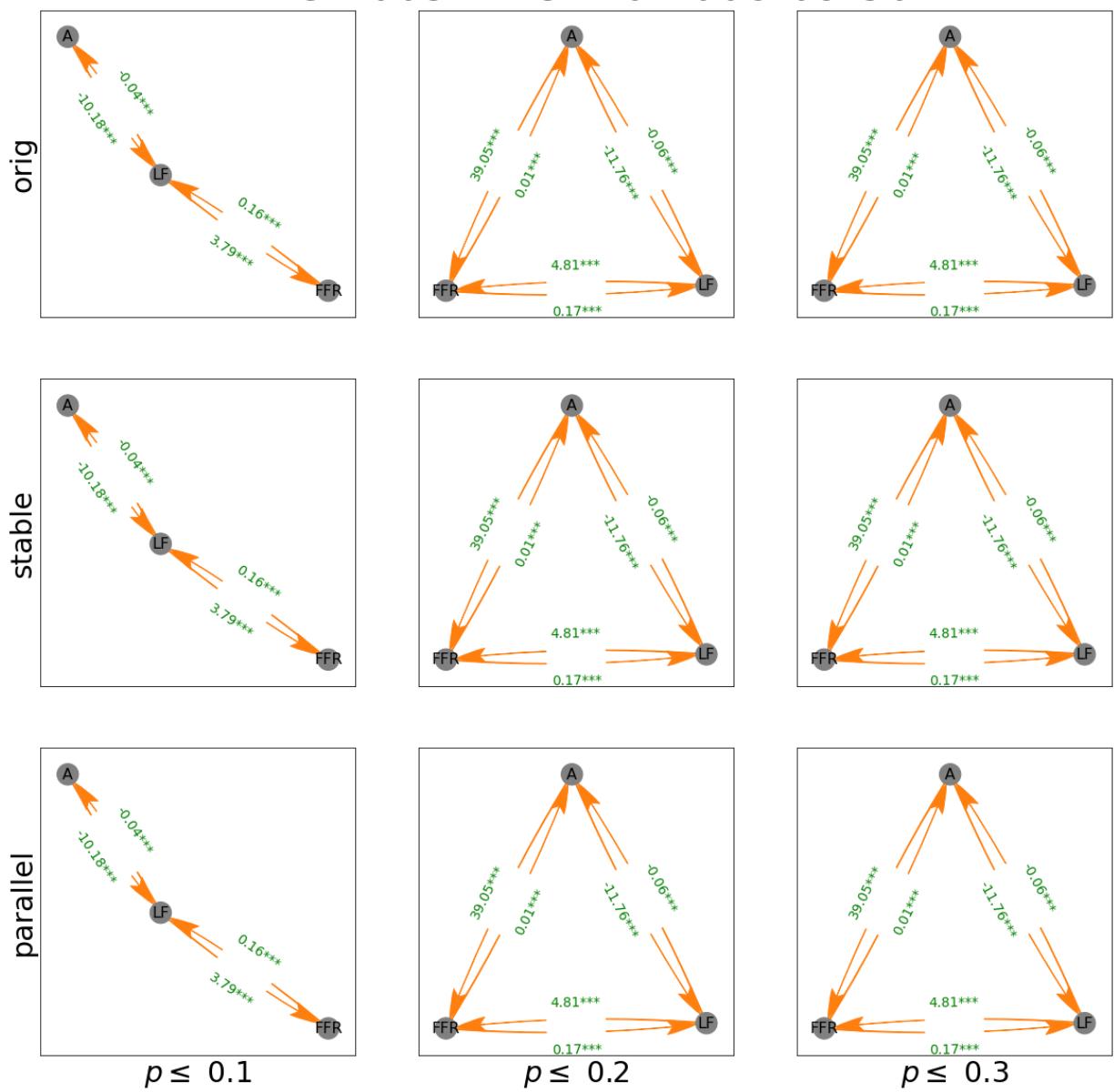
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

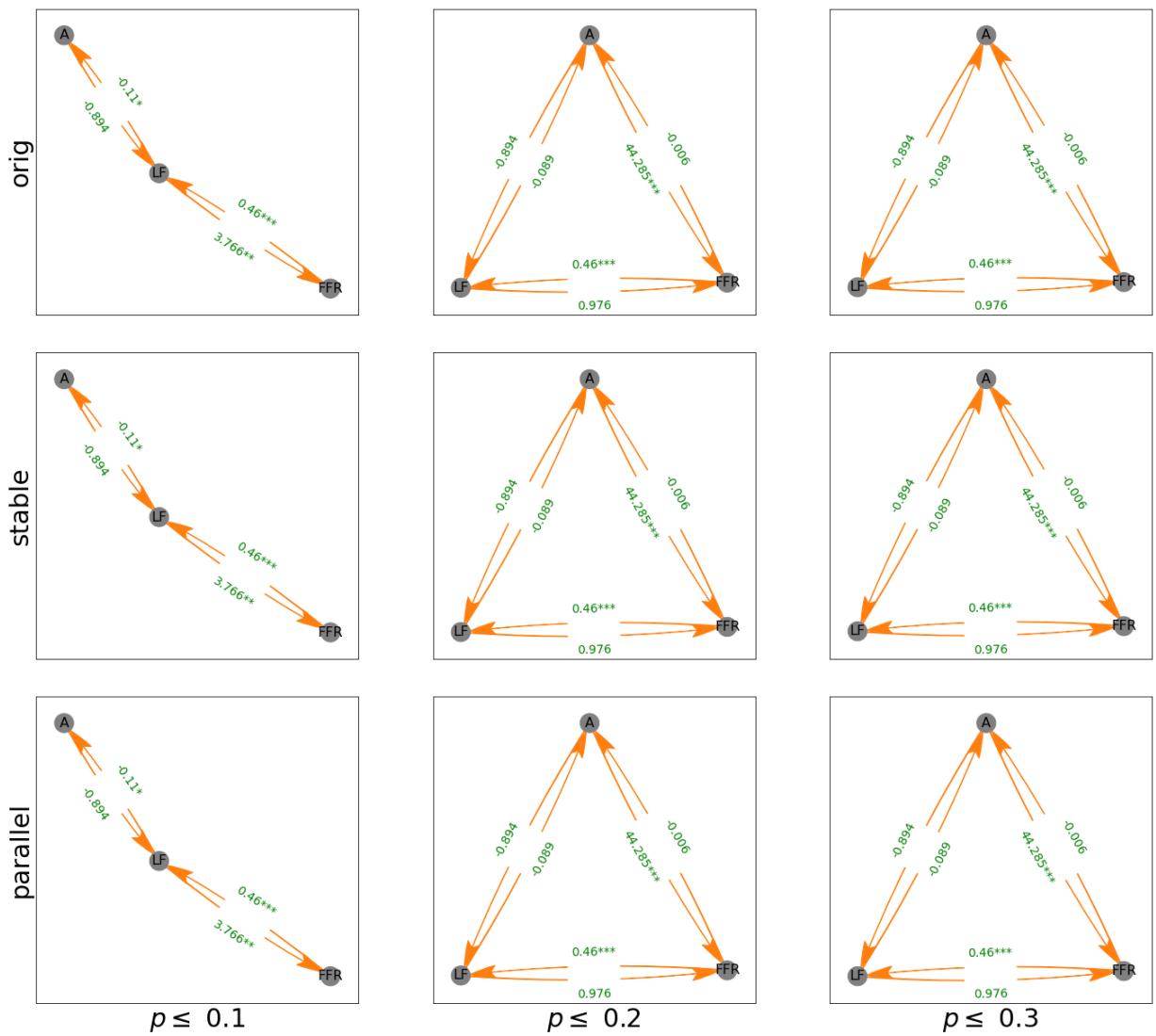


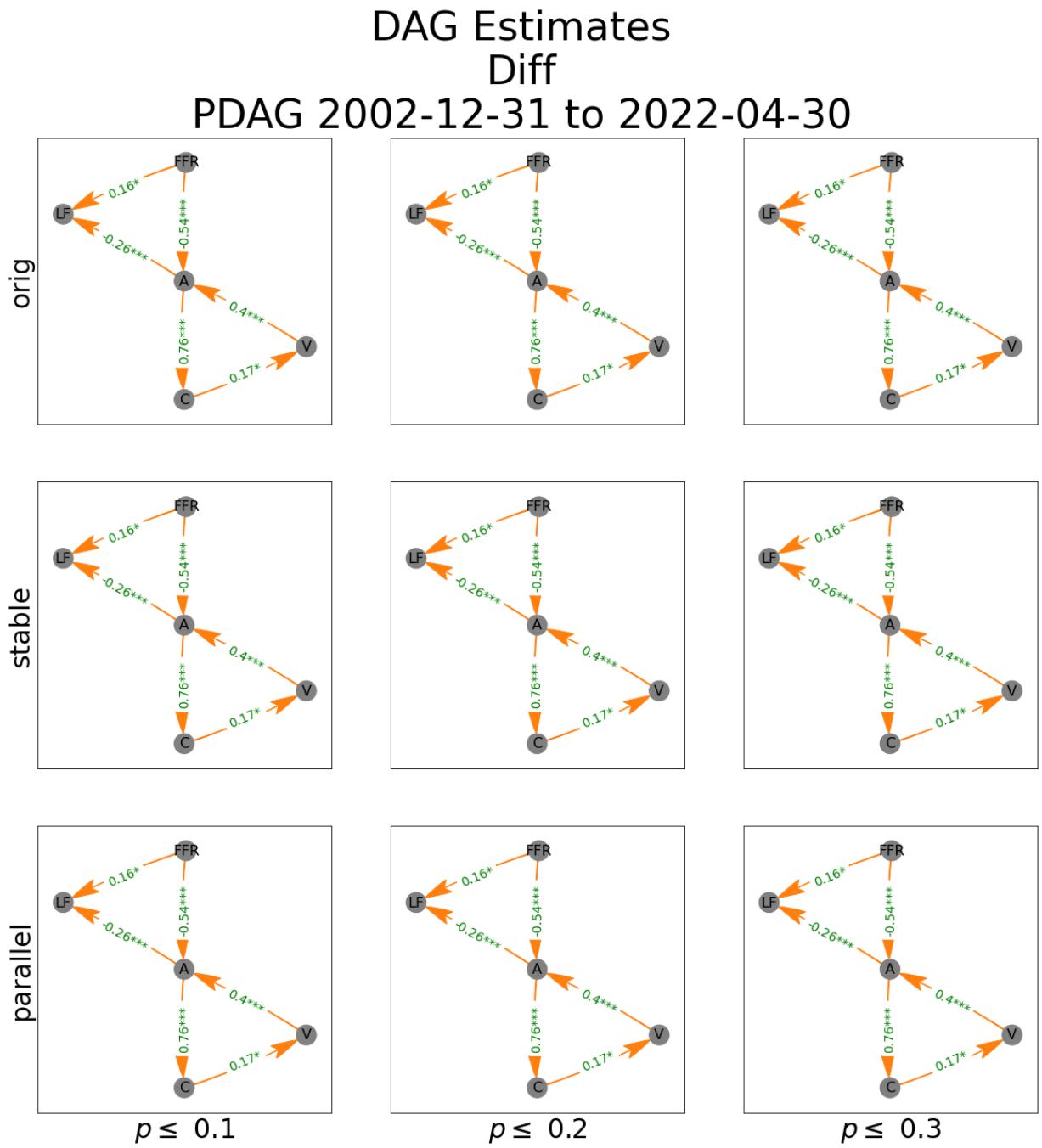
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

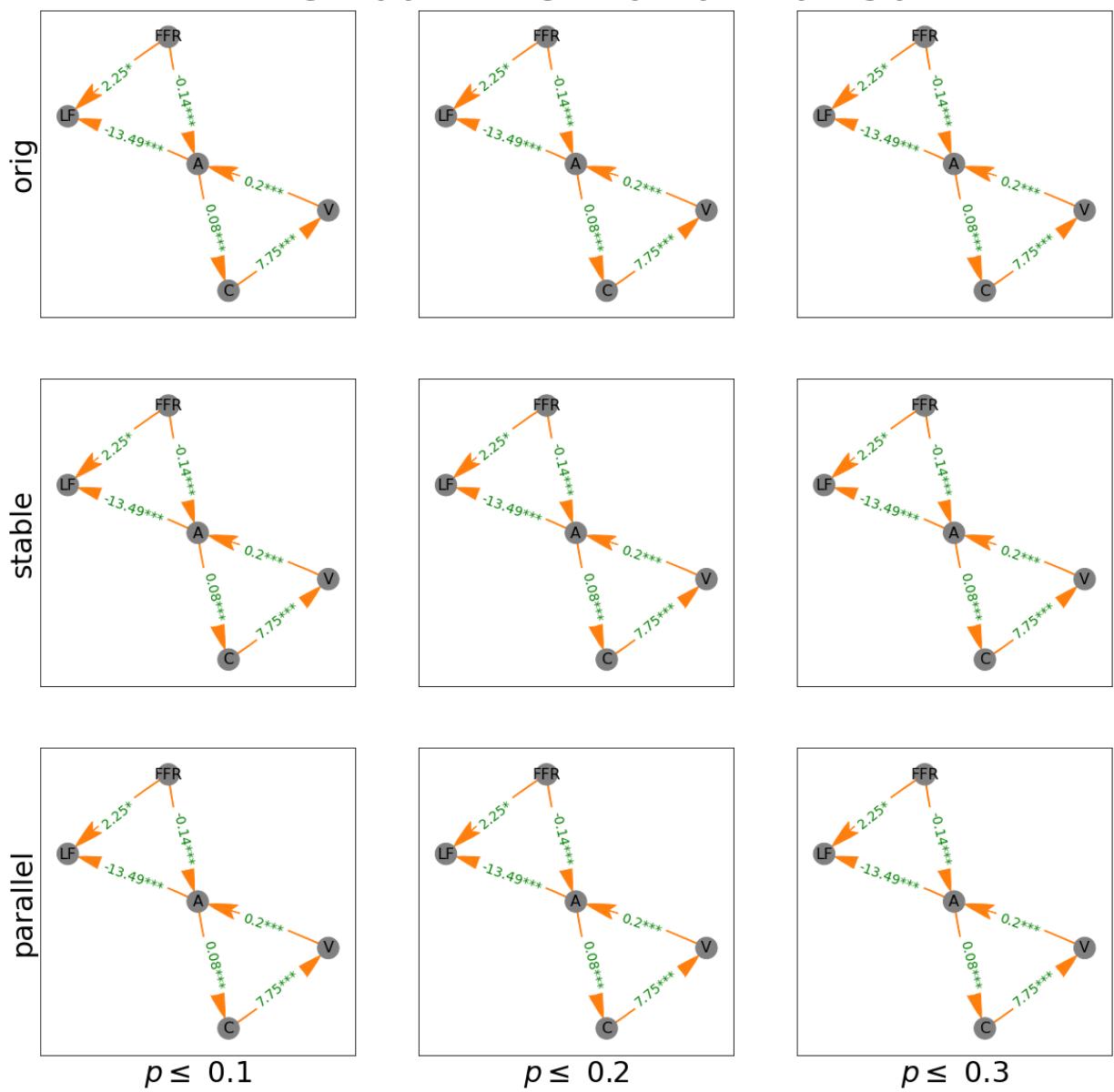




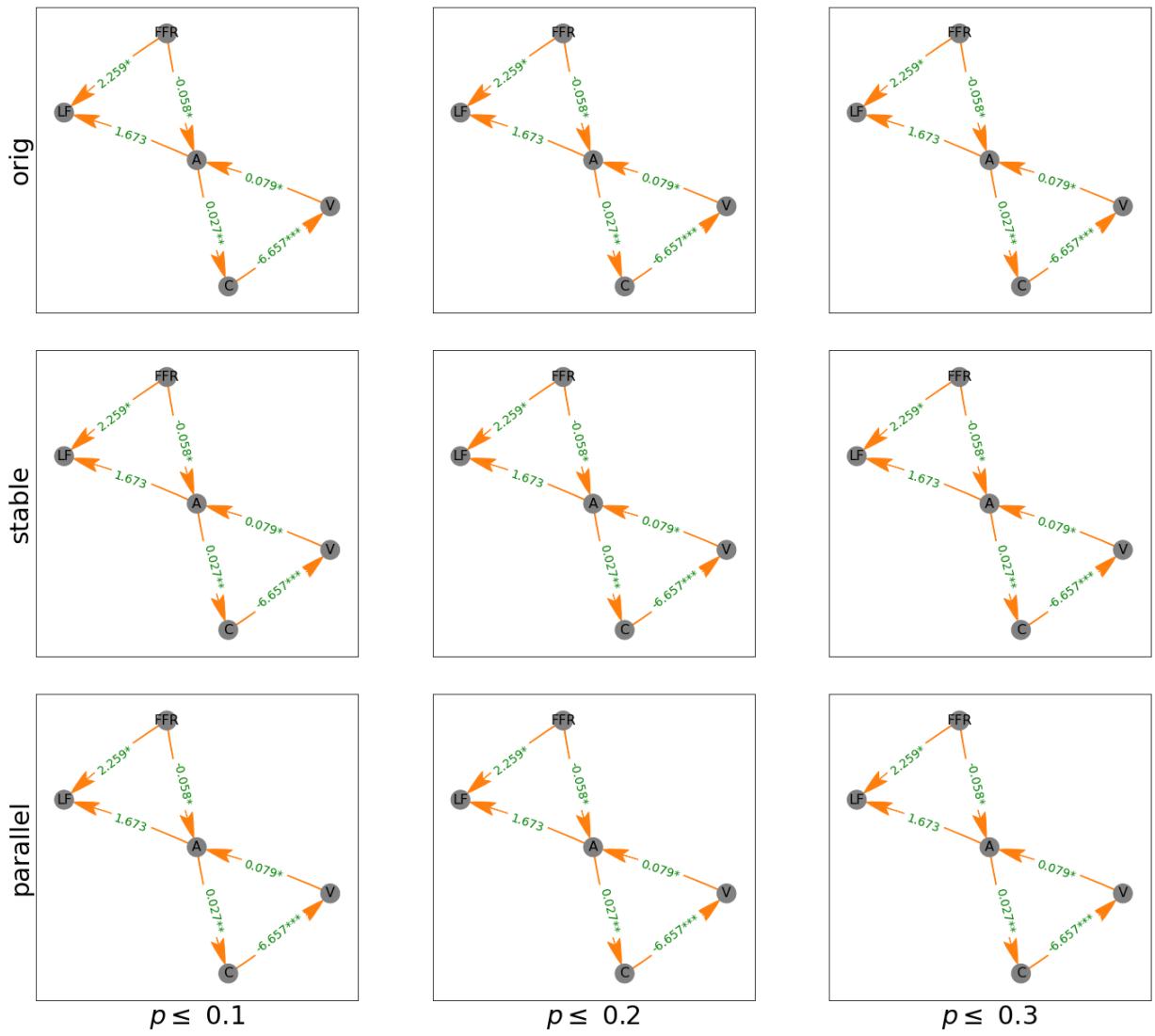


# SUR Estimates Diff

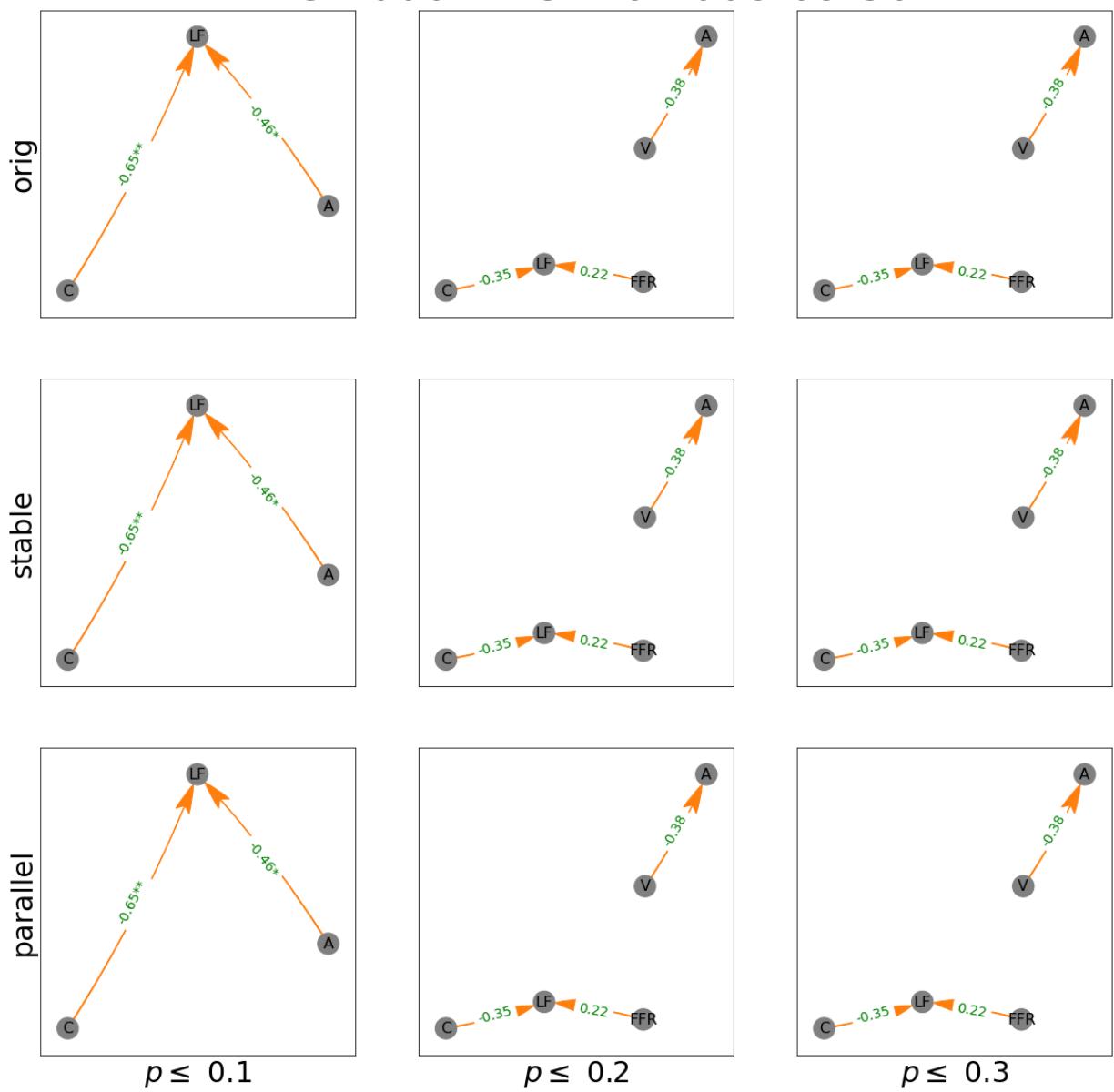
## PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2022-04-30



# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2022-04-30

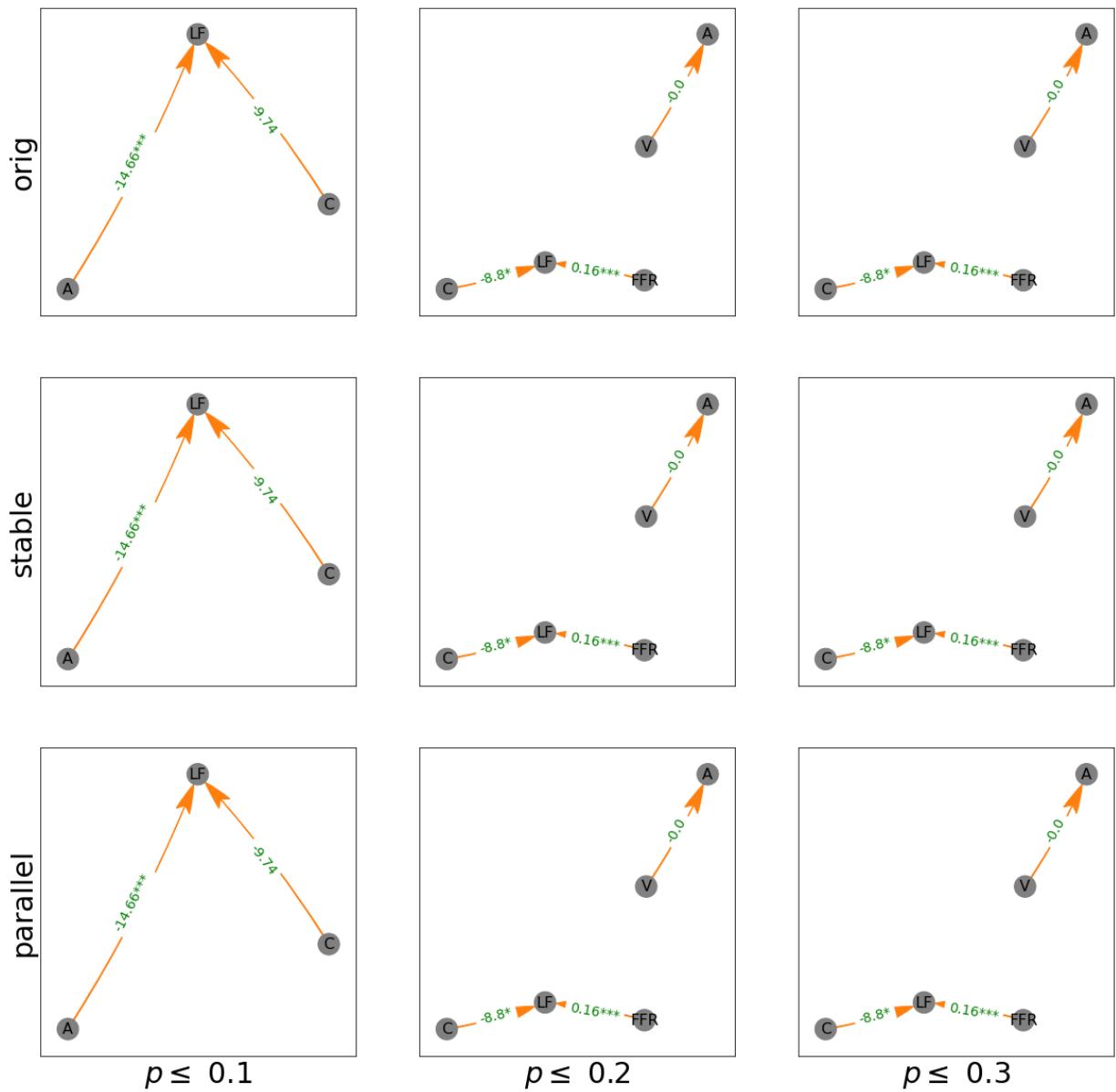


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

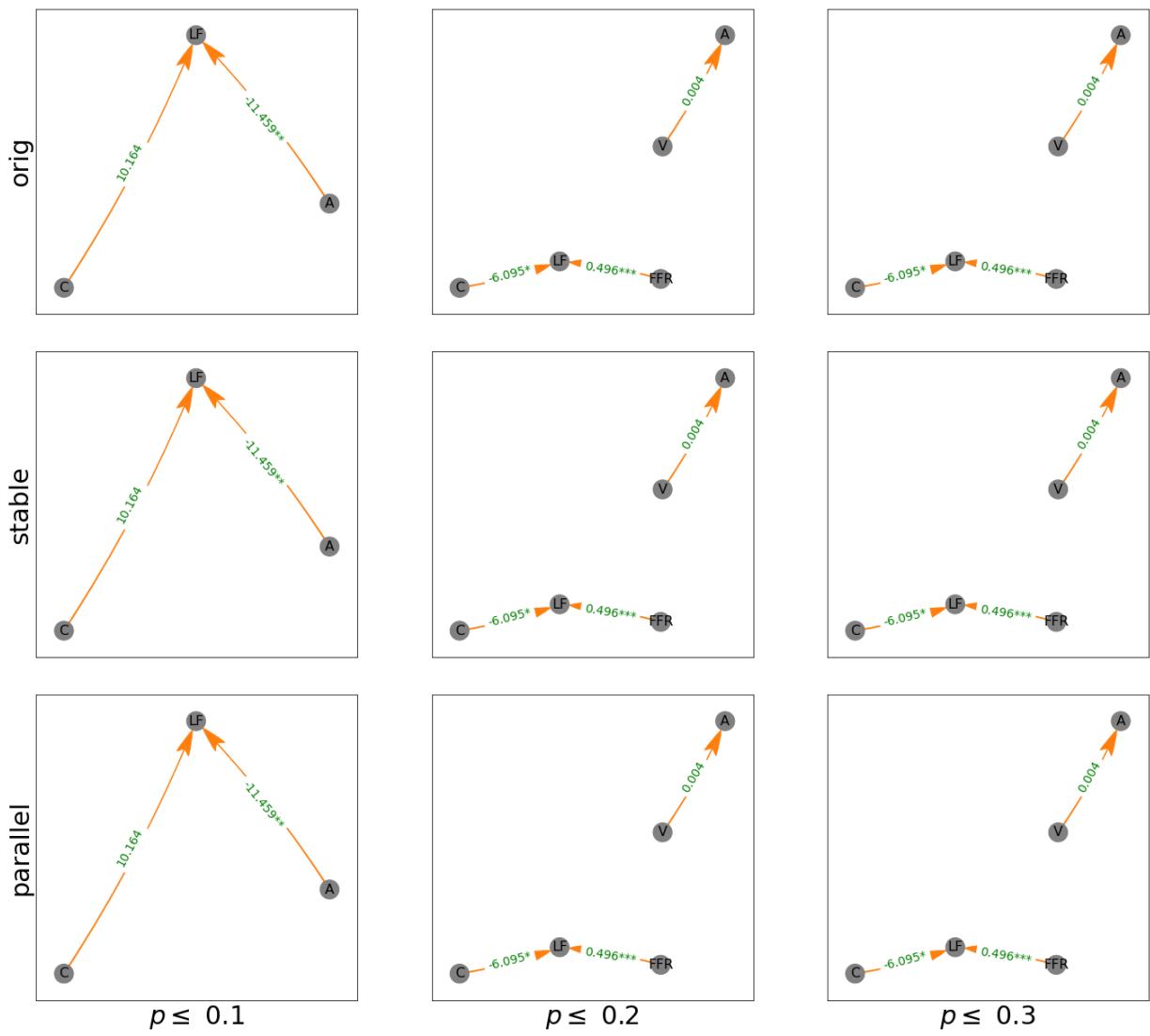


## SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

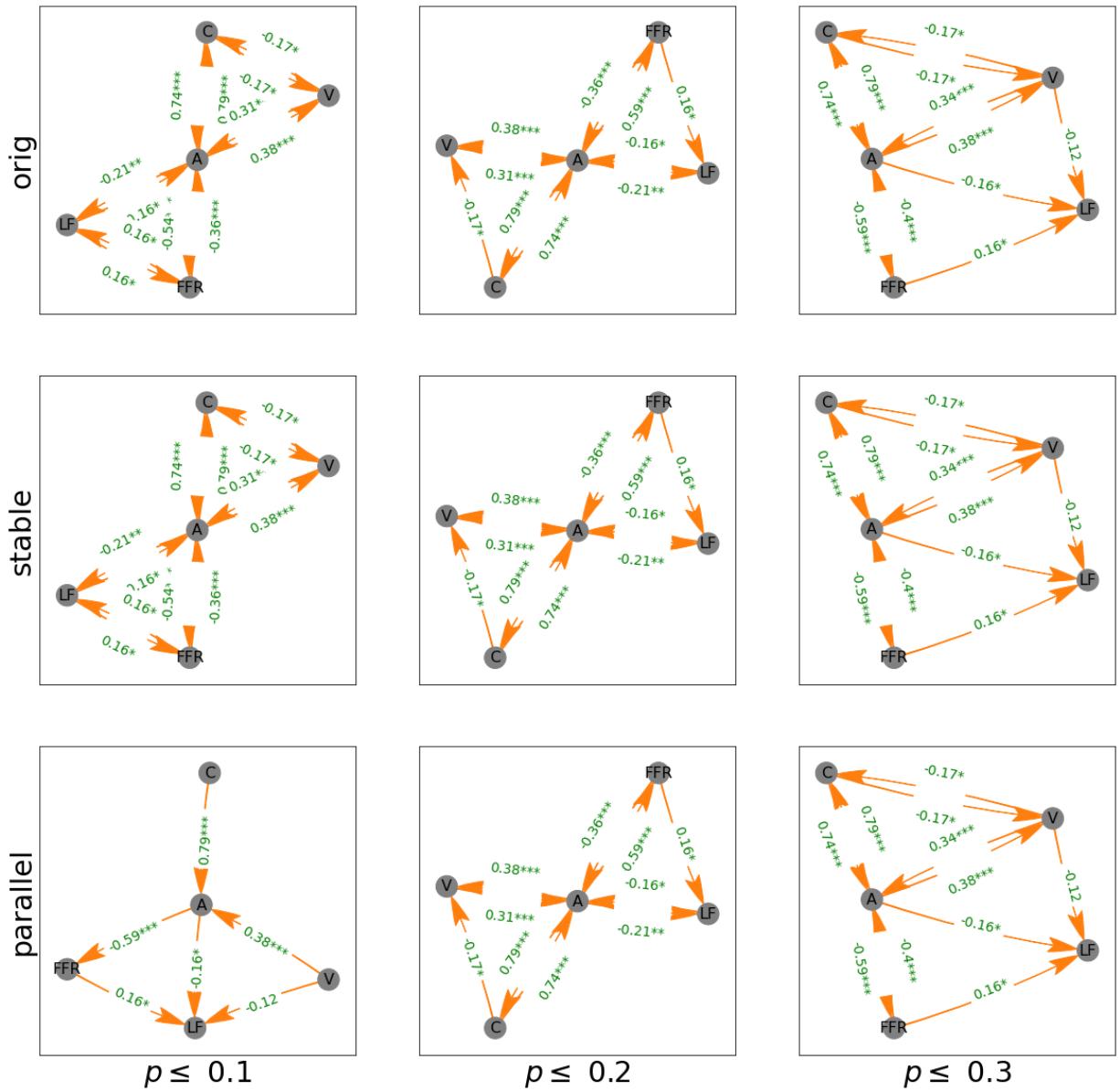
PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



**VAR Estimates**  
**Diff-in-Diff**  
**PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30**

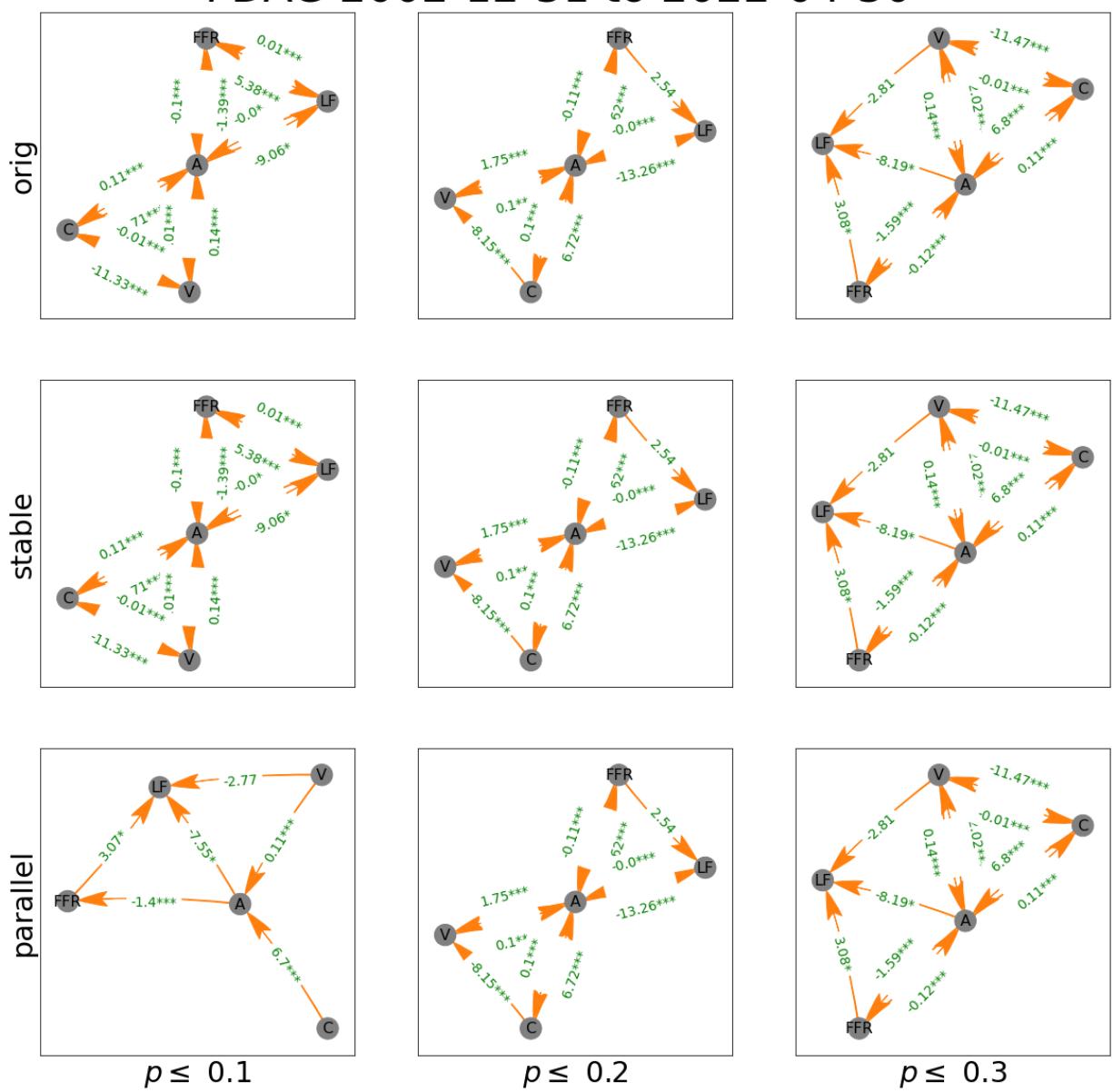


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2022-04-30

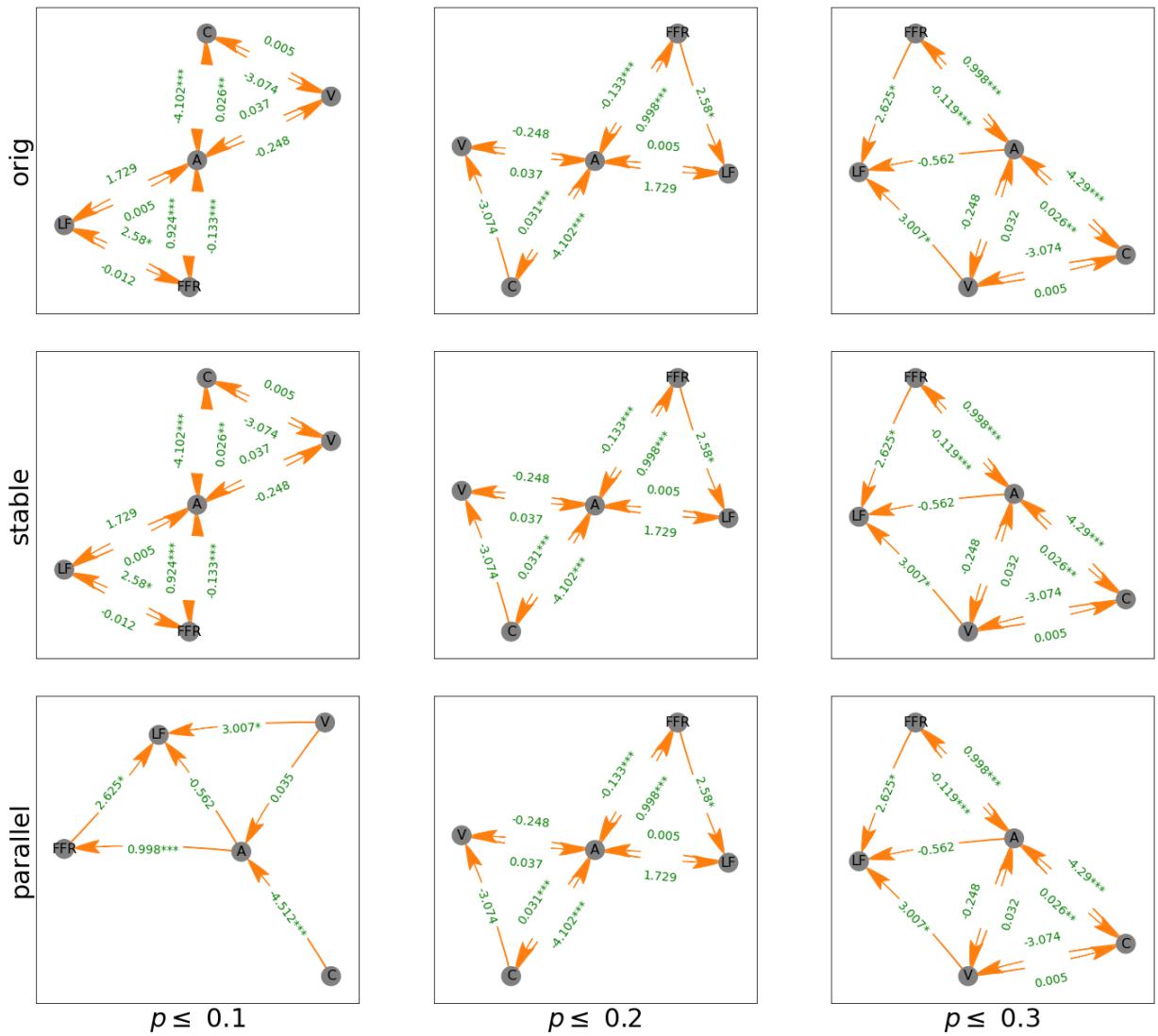




# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2022-04-30



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2022-04-30





```
In [11]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2010-01-31", "2020-02-29")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

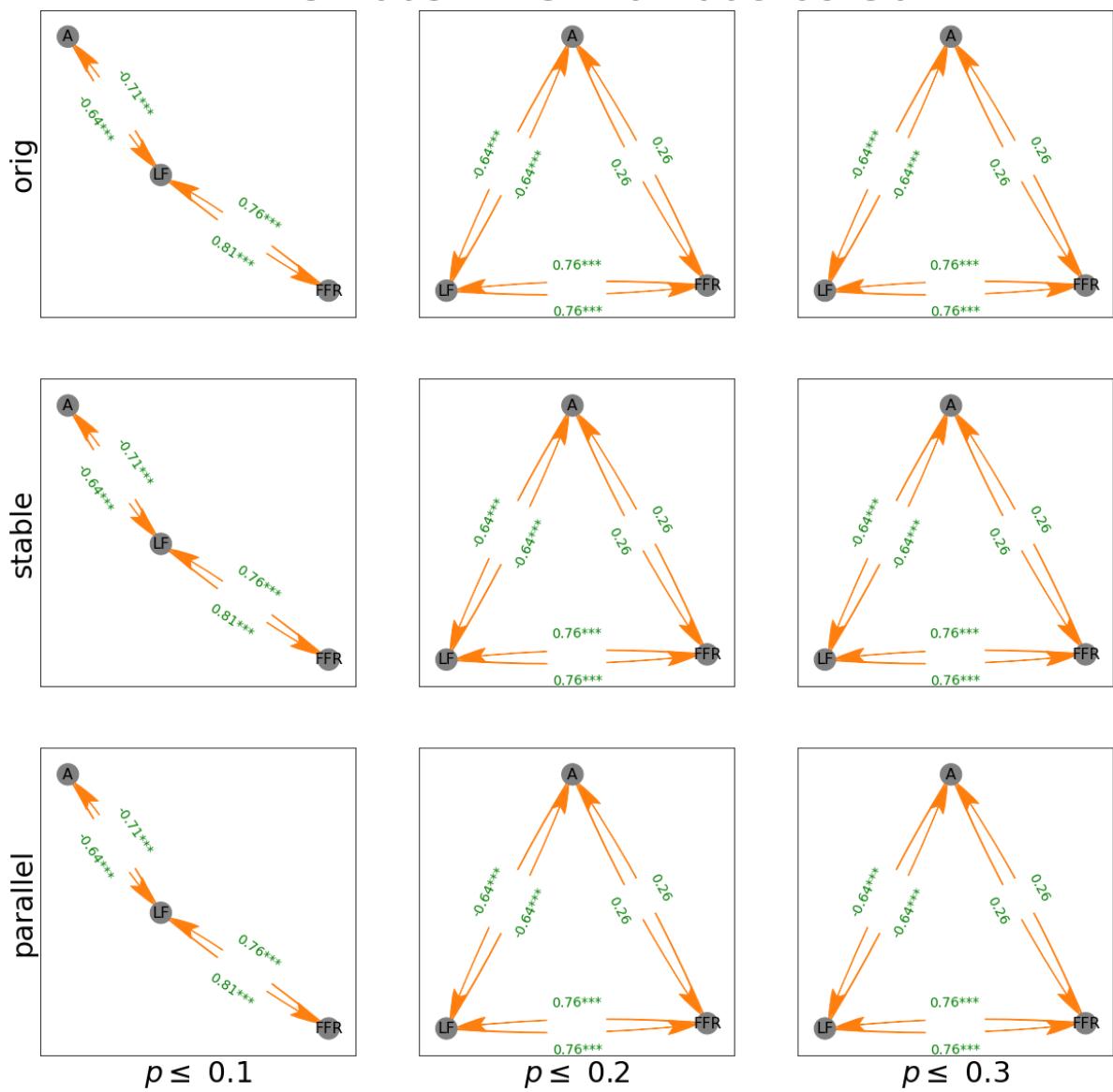
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0% | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

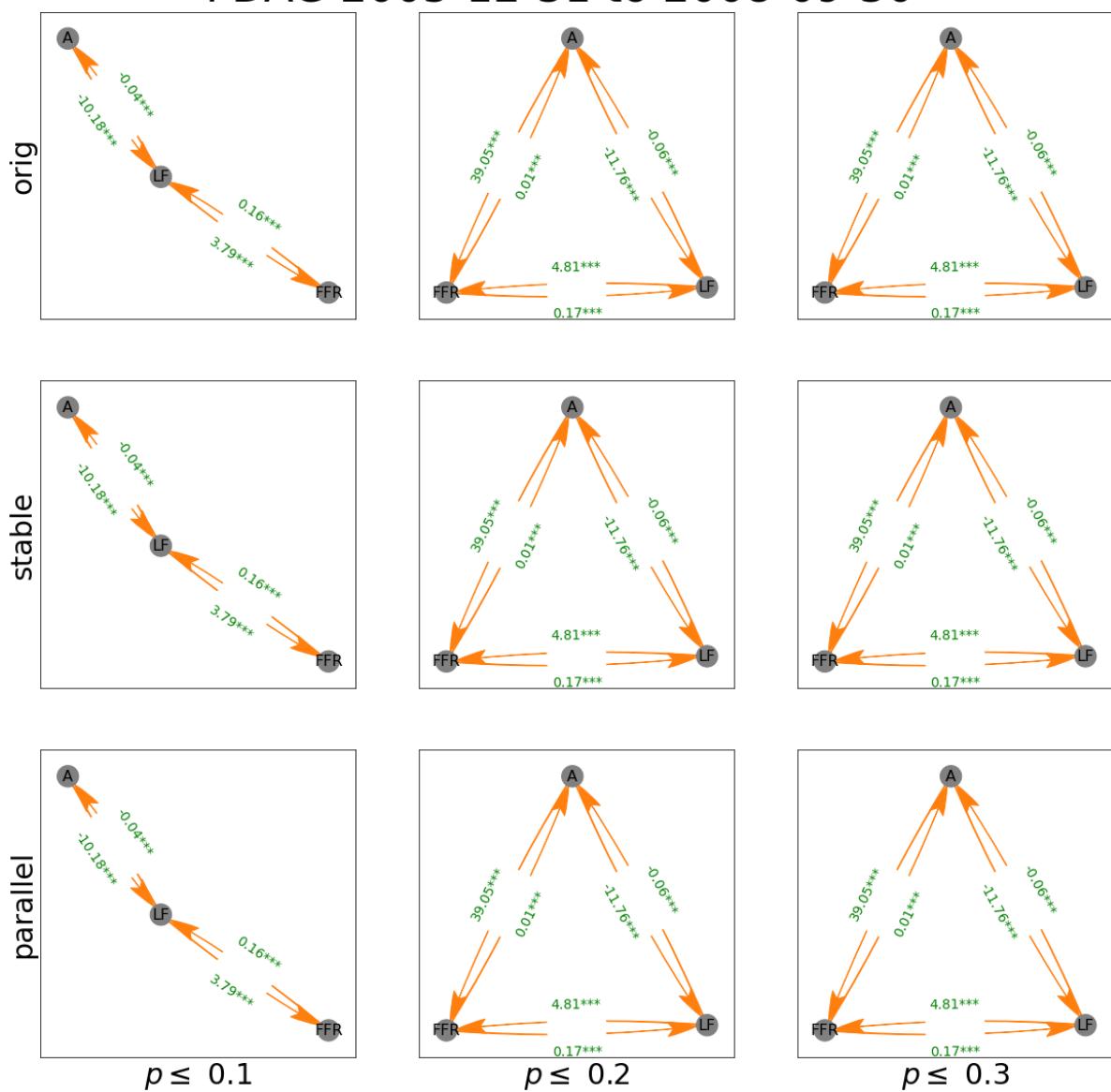
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

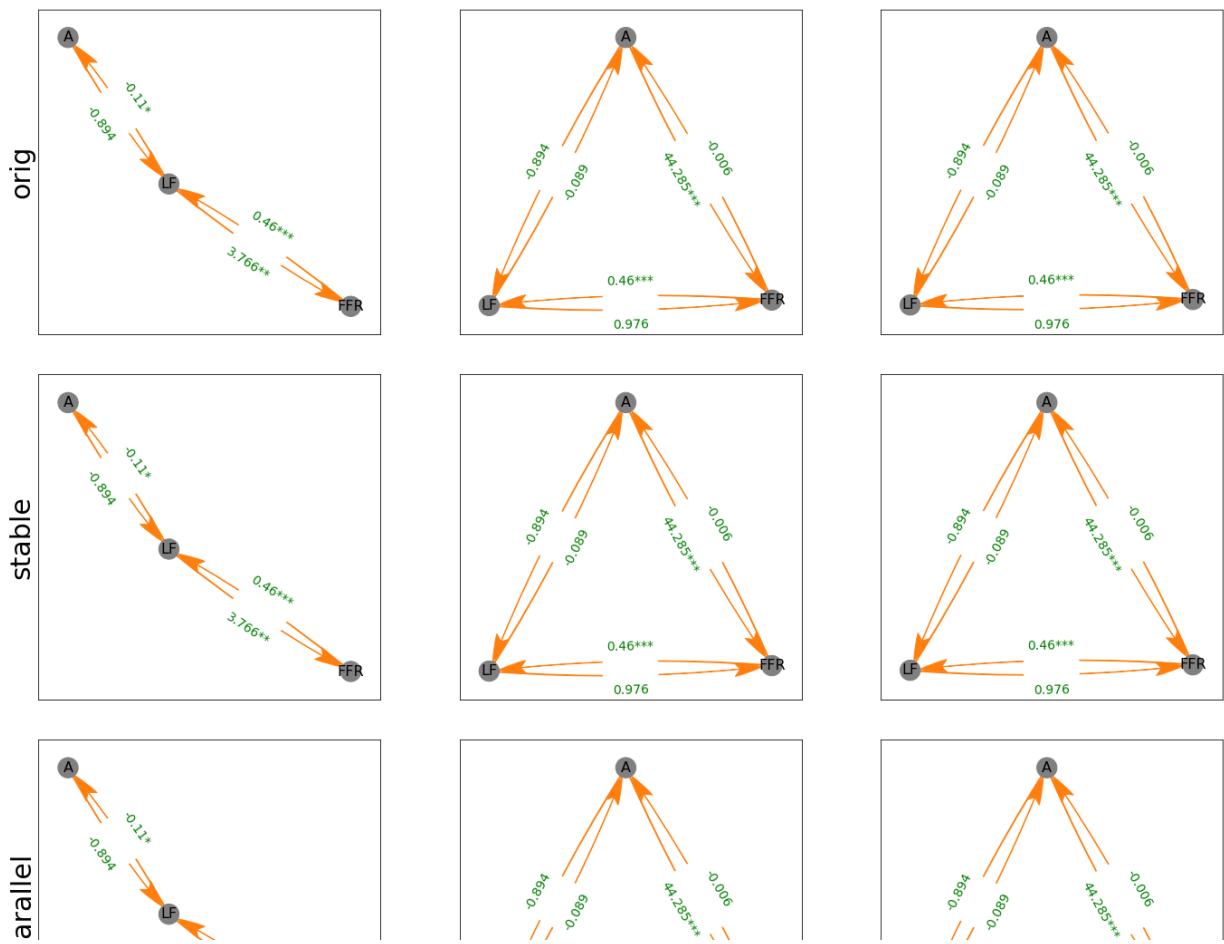


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

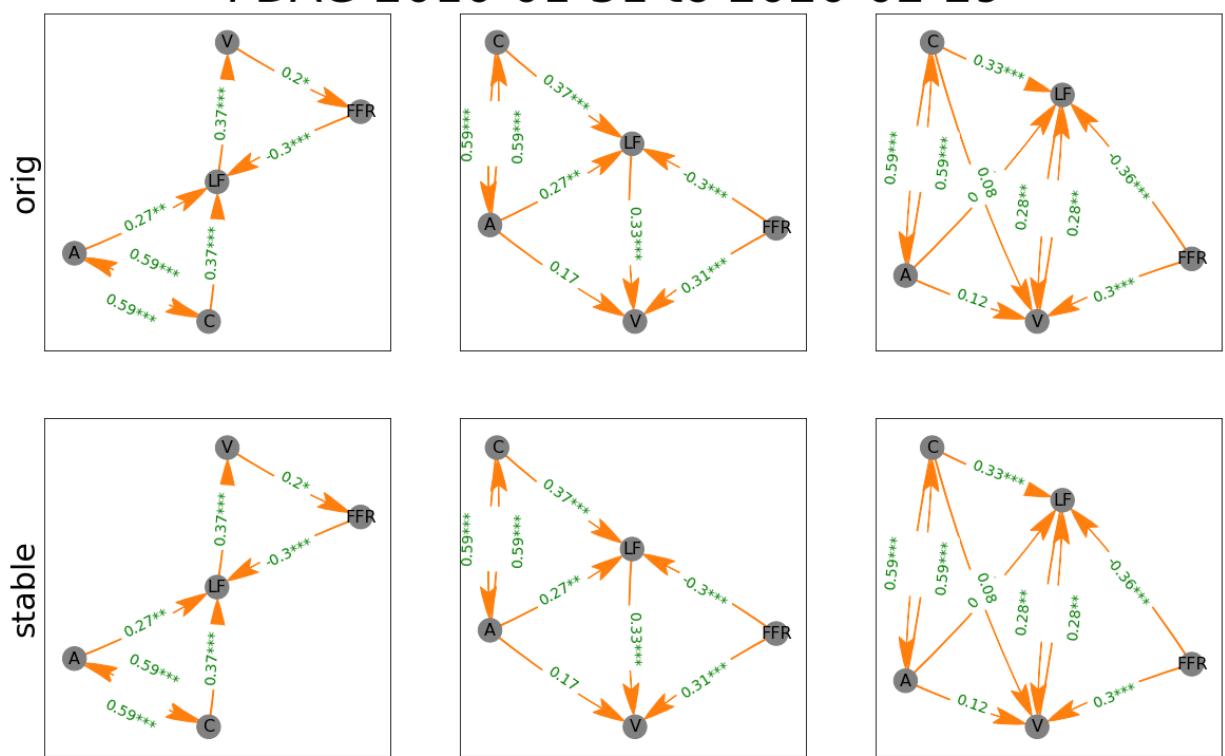


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



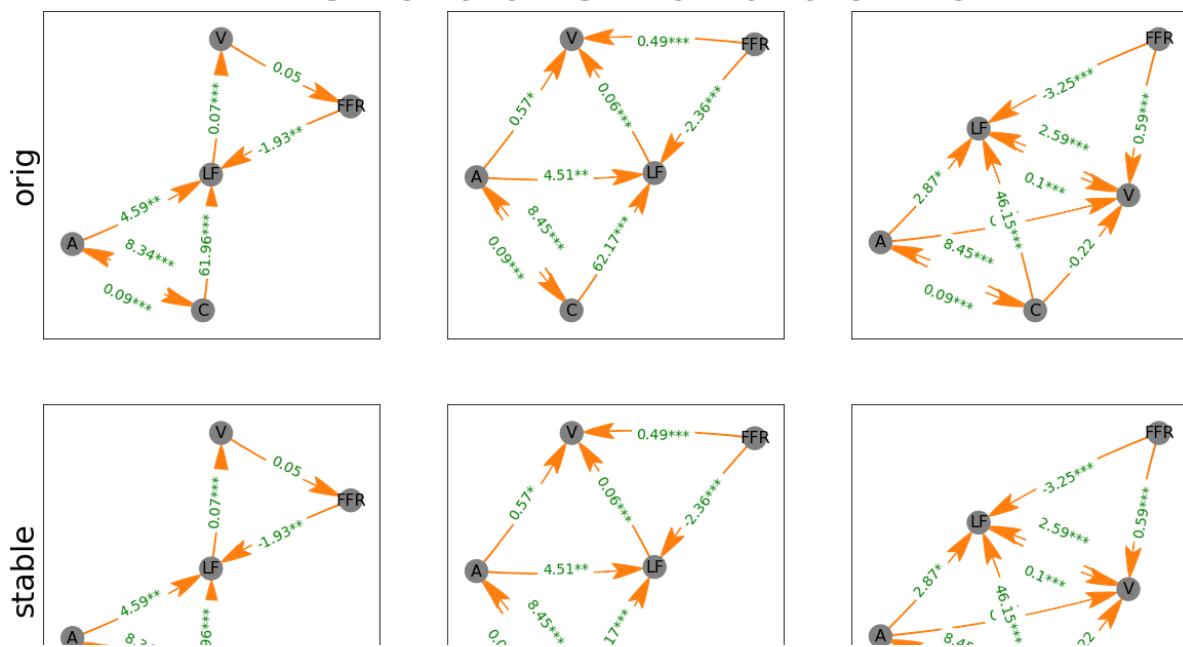
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2020-02-29



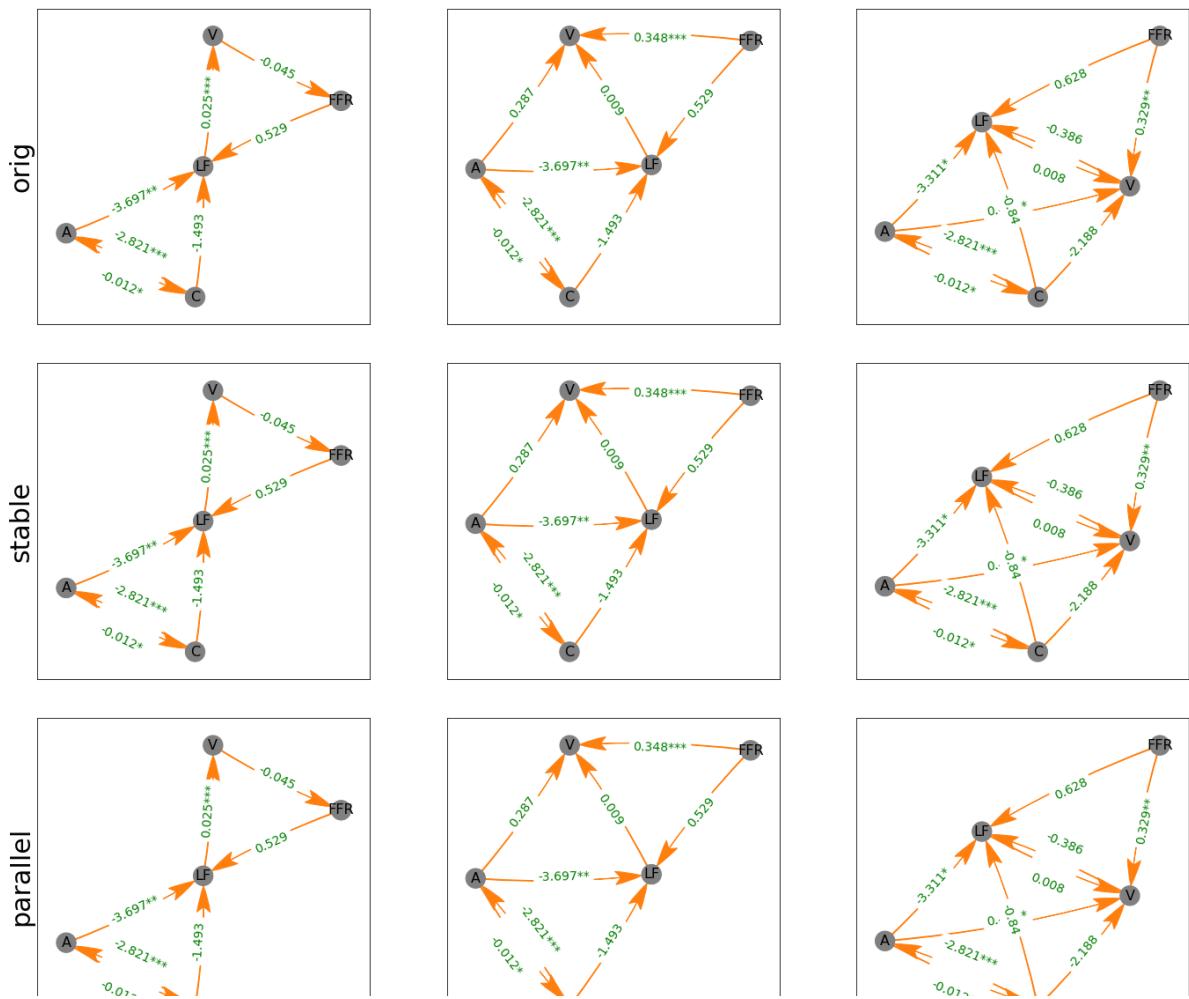
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2020-02-29

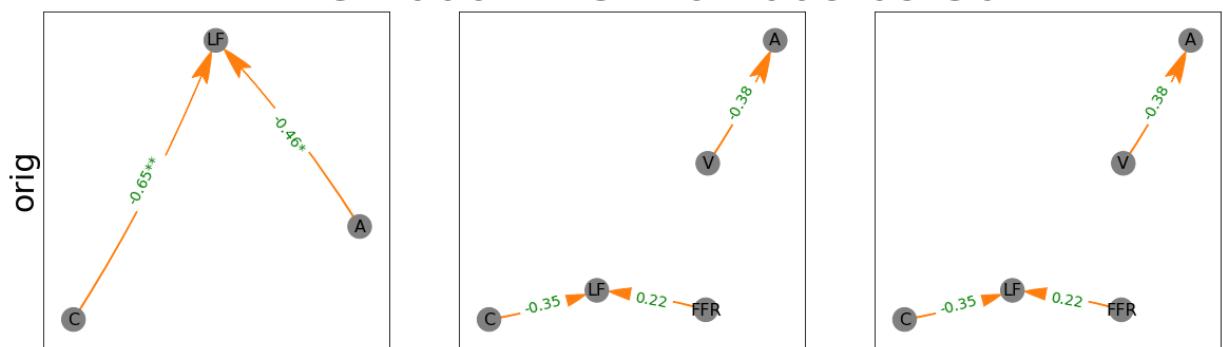


# VAR Estimates Diff

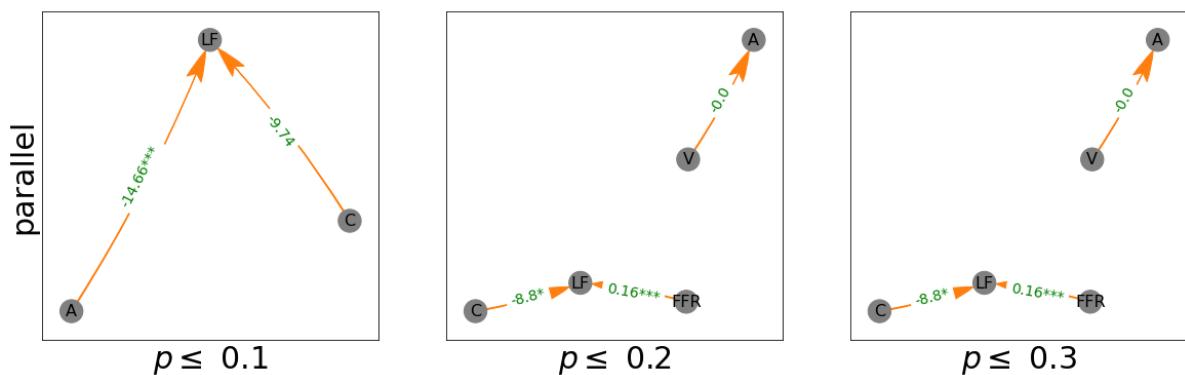
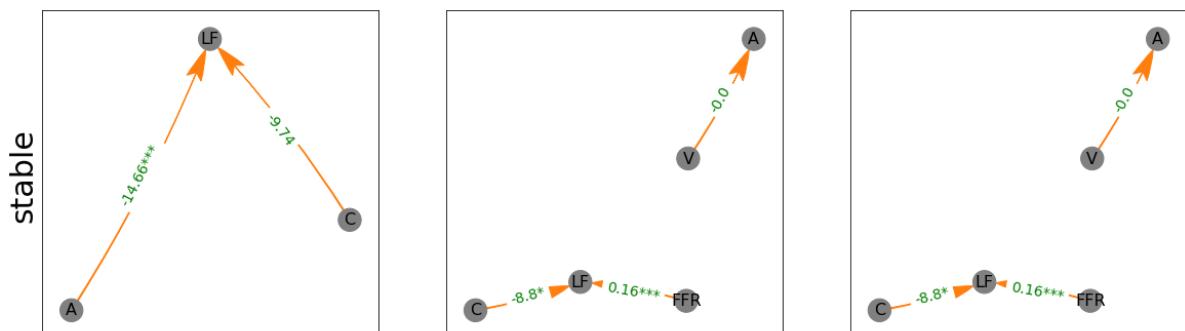
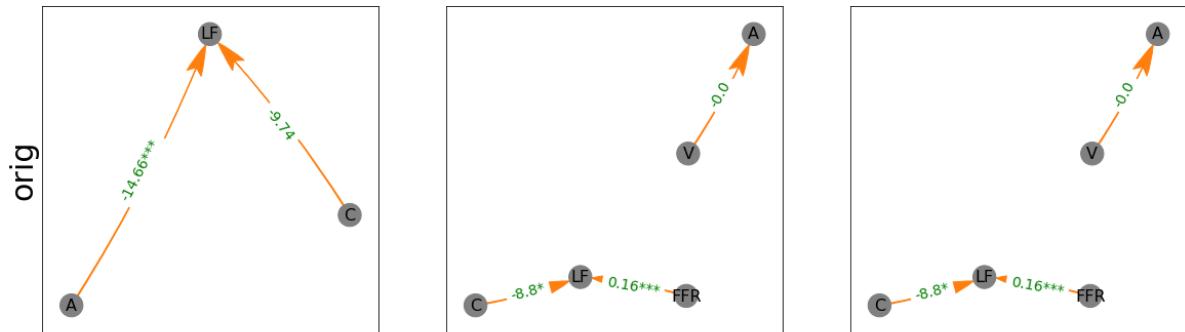
PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2020-02-29



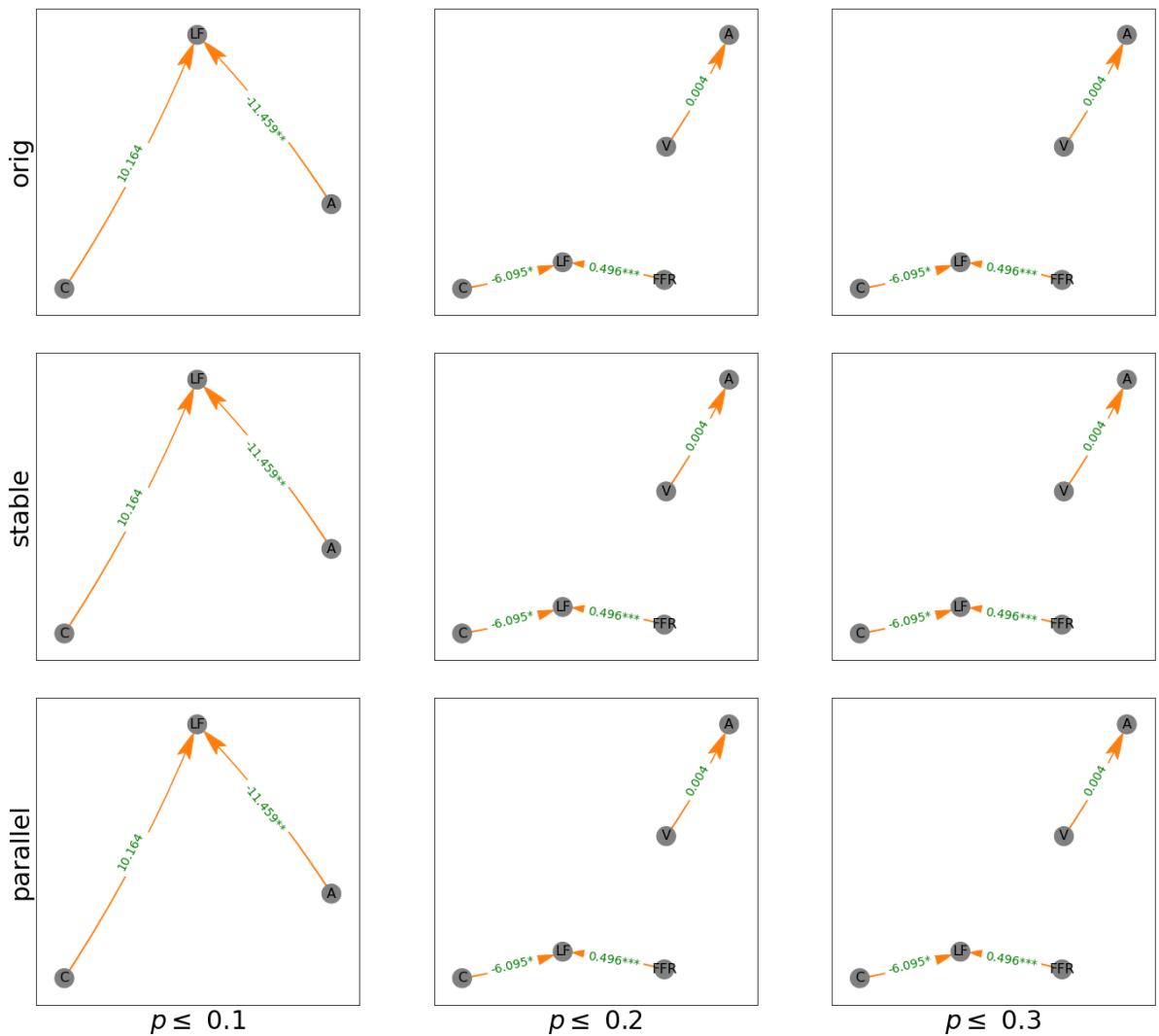
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



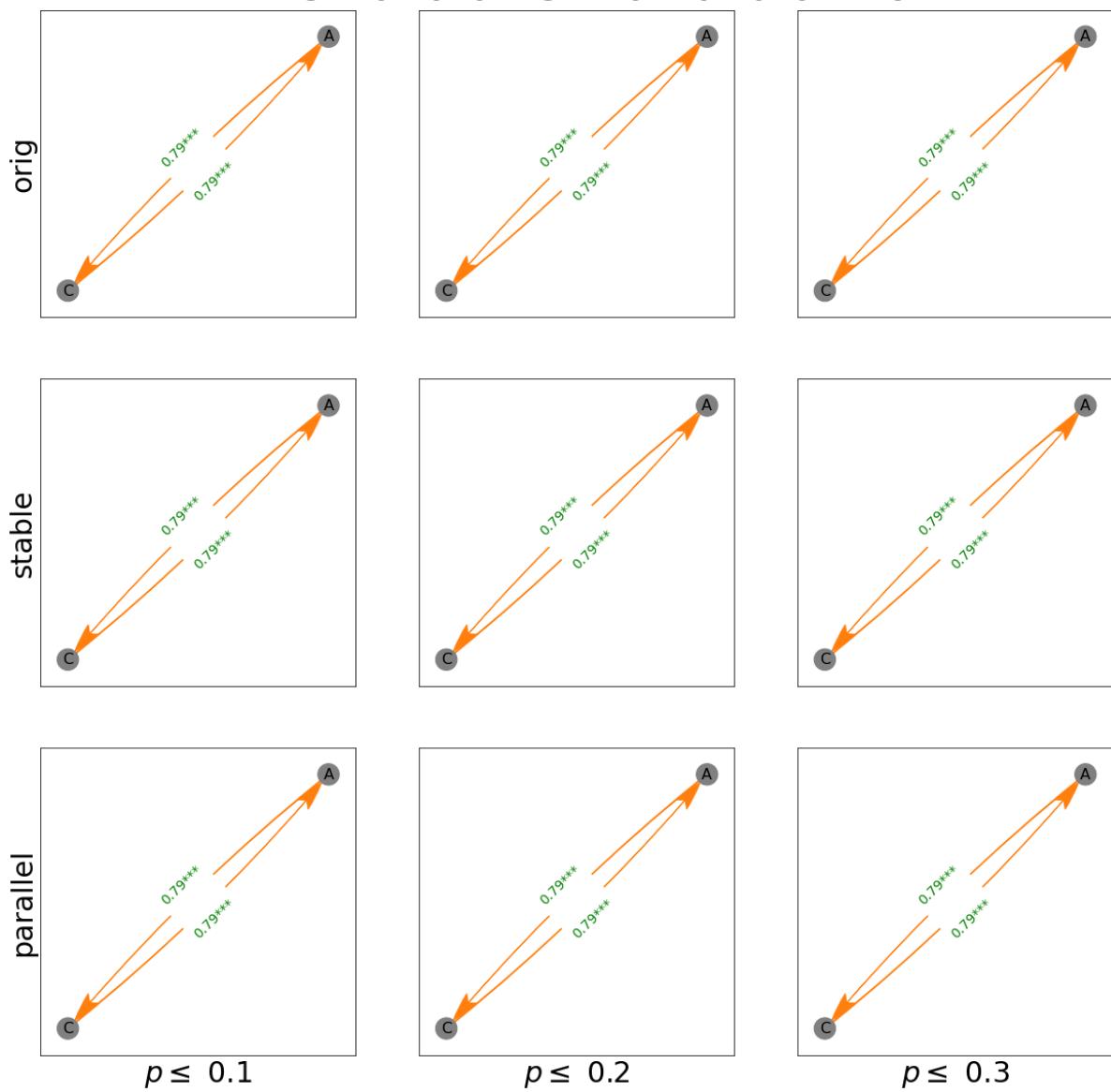
# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

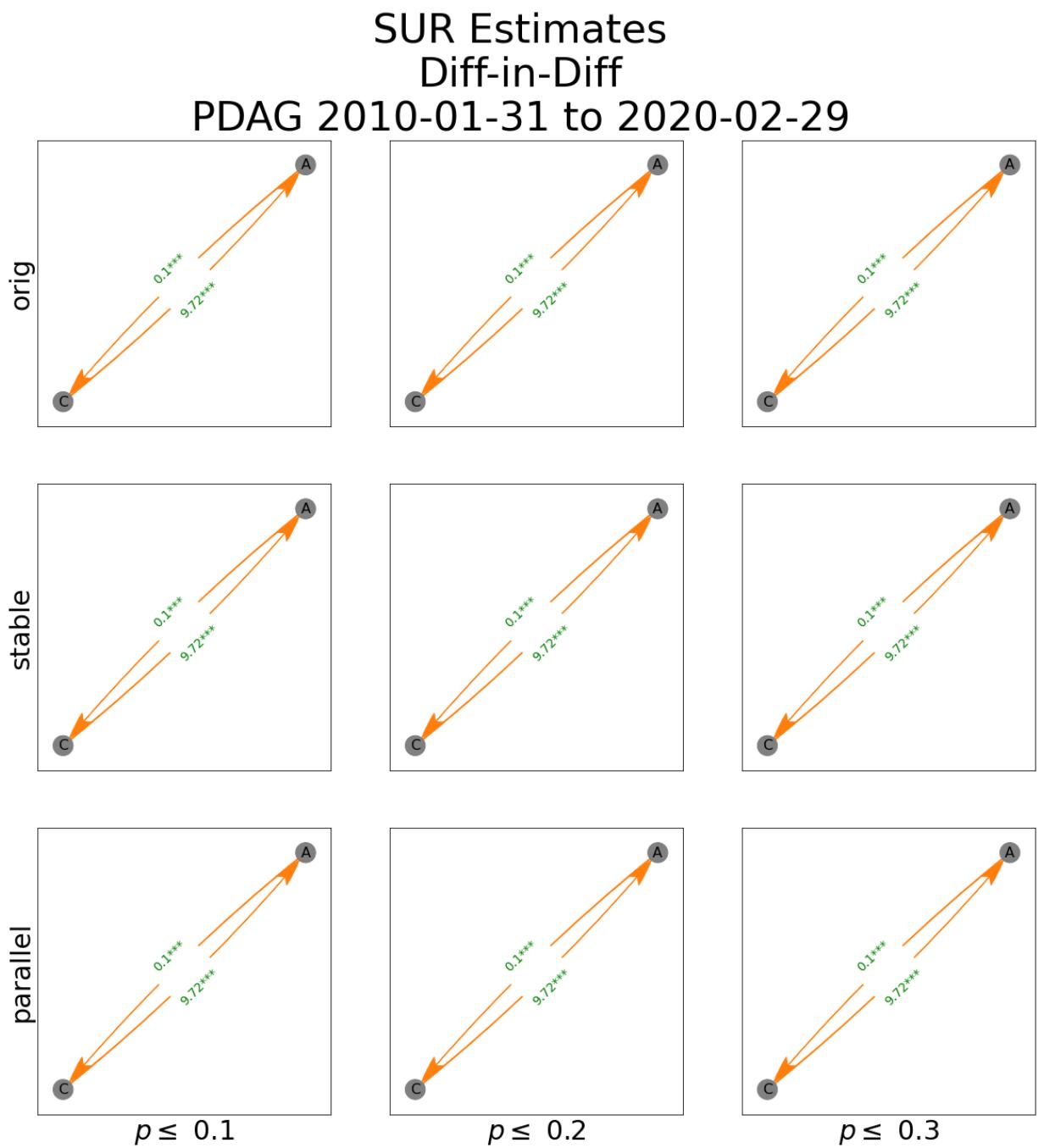
 $p \leq 0.1$  $p \leq 0.2$  $p \leq 0.3$

**VAR Estimates**  
**Diff-in-Diff**  
**PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30**

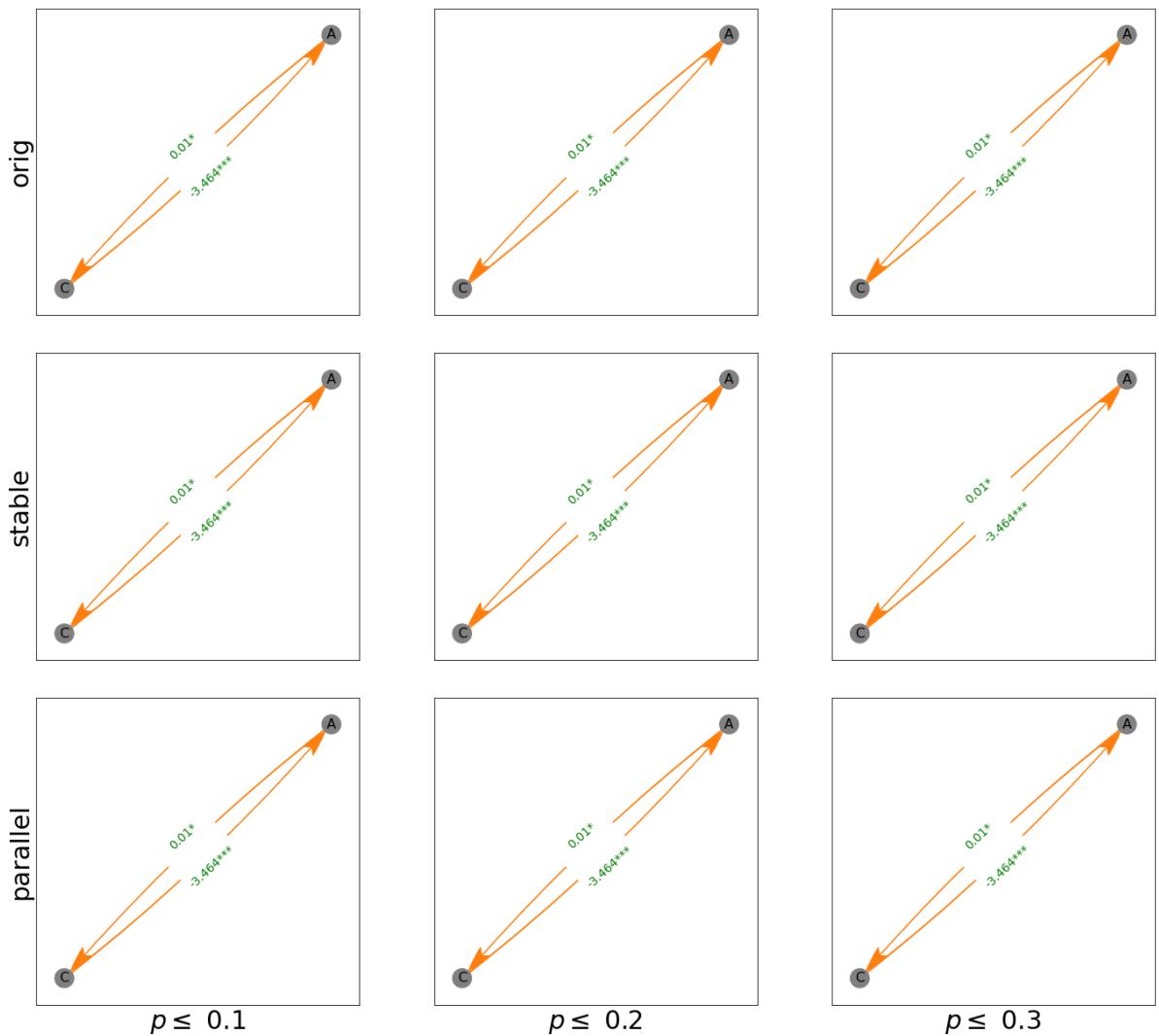


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2020-02-29





# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2020-02-29



```
In [9]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2010-01-31", "2022-04-01")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```

sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

#                                     filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, d
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

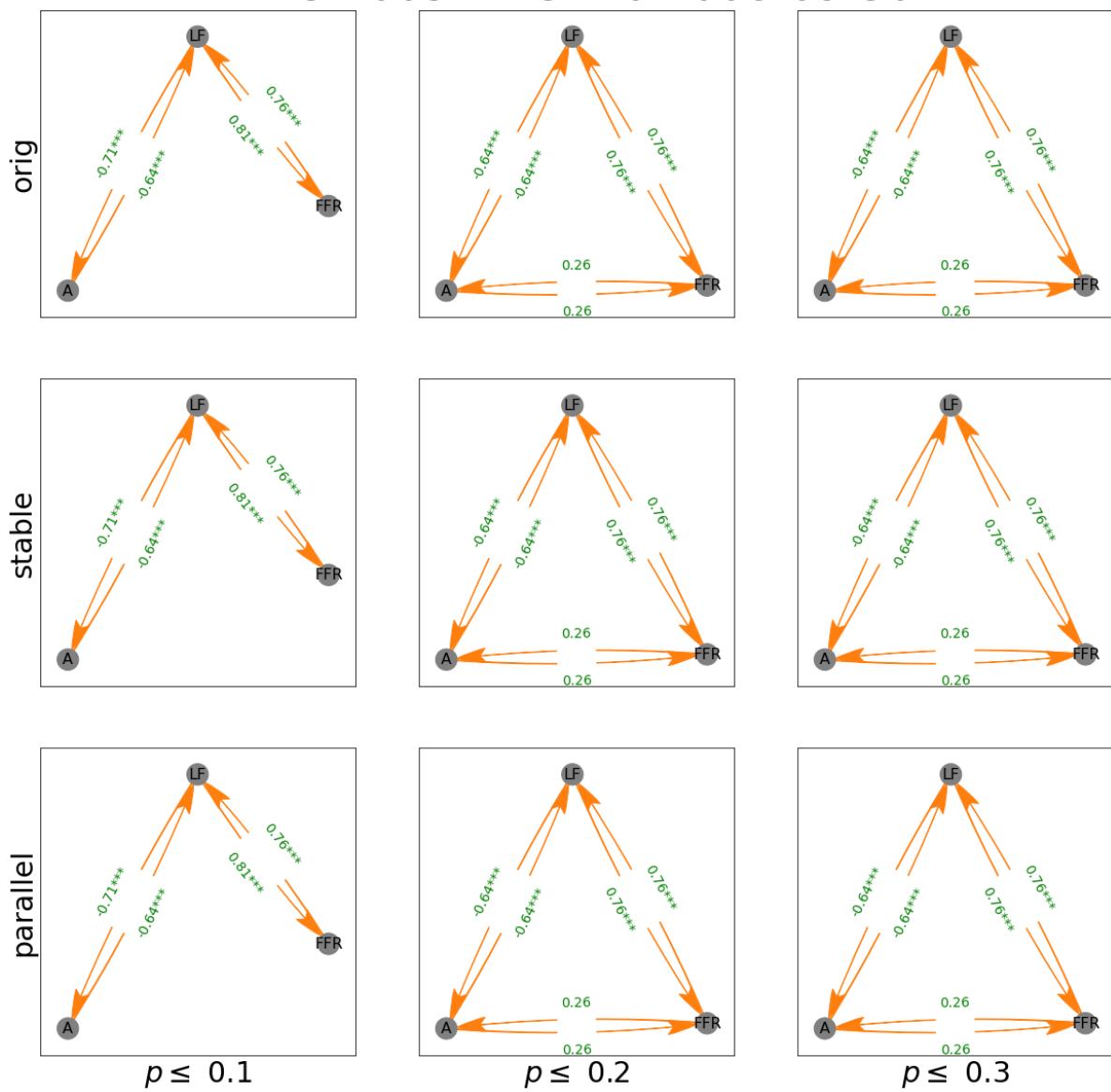
```

0%	0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

```
0%|     | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

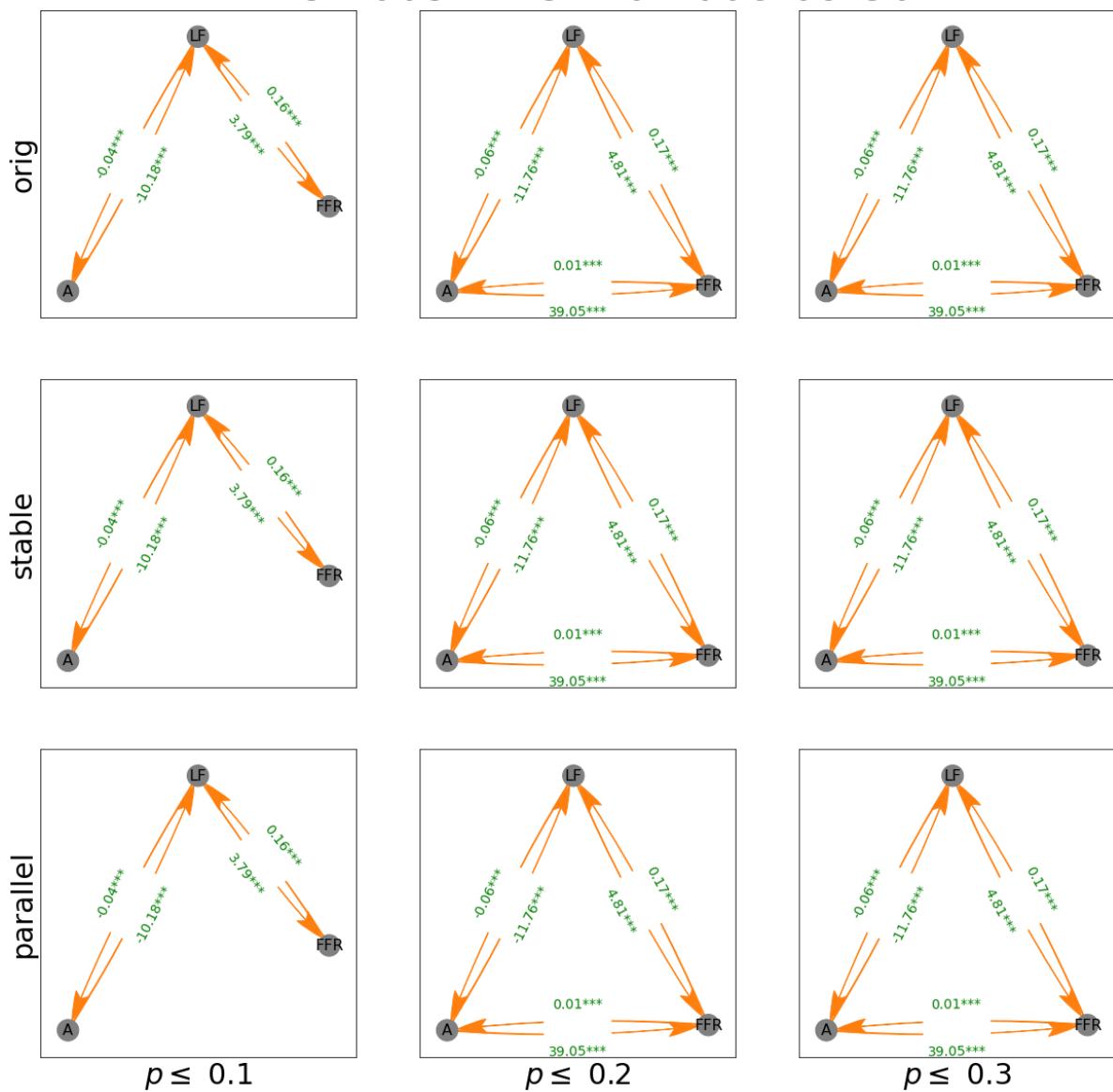
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

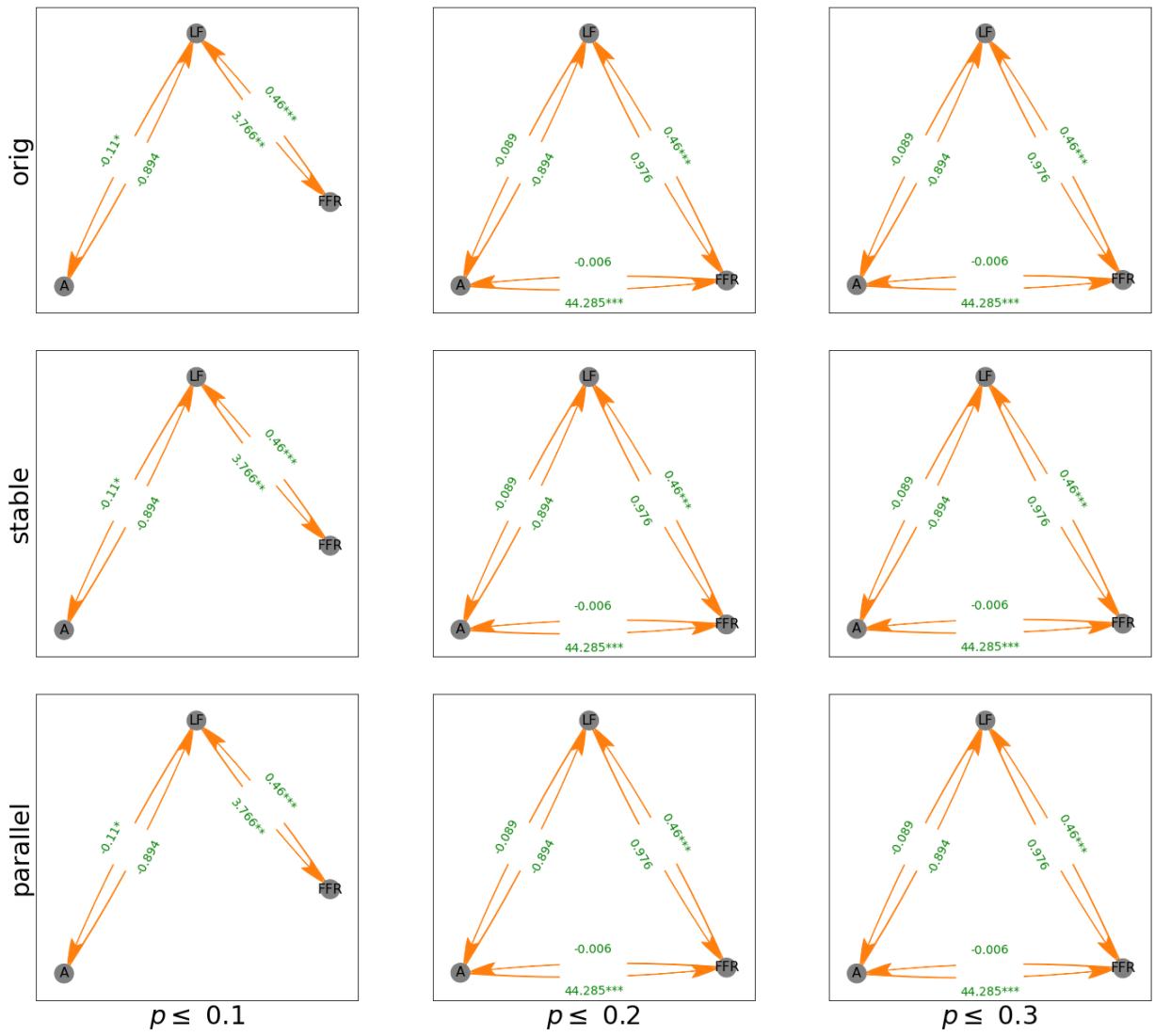


# SUR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

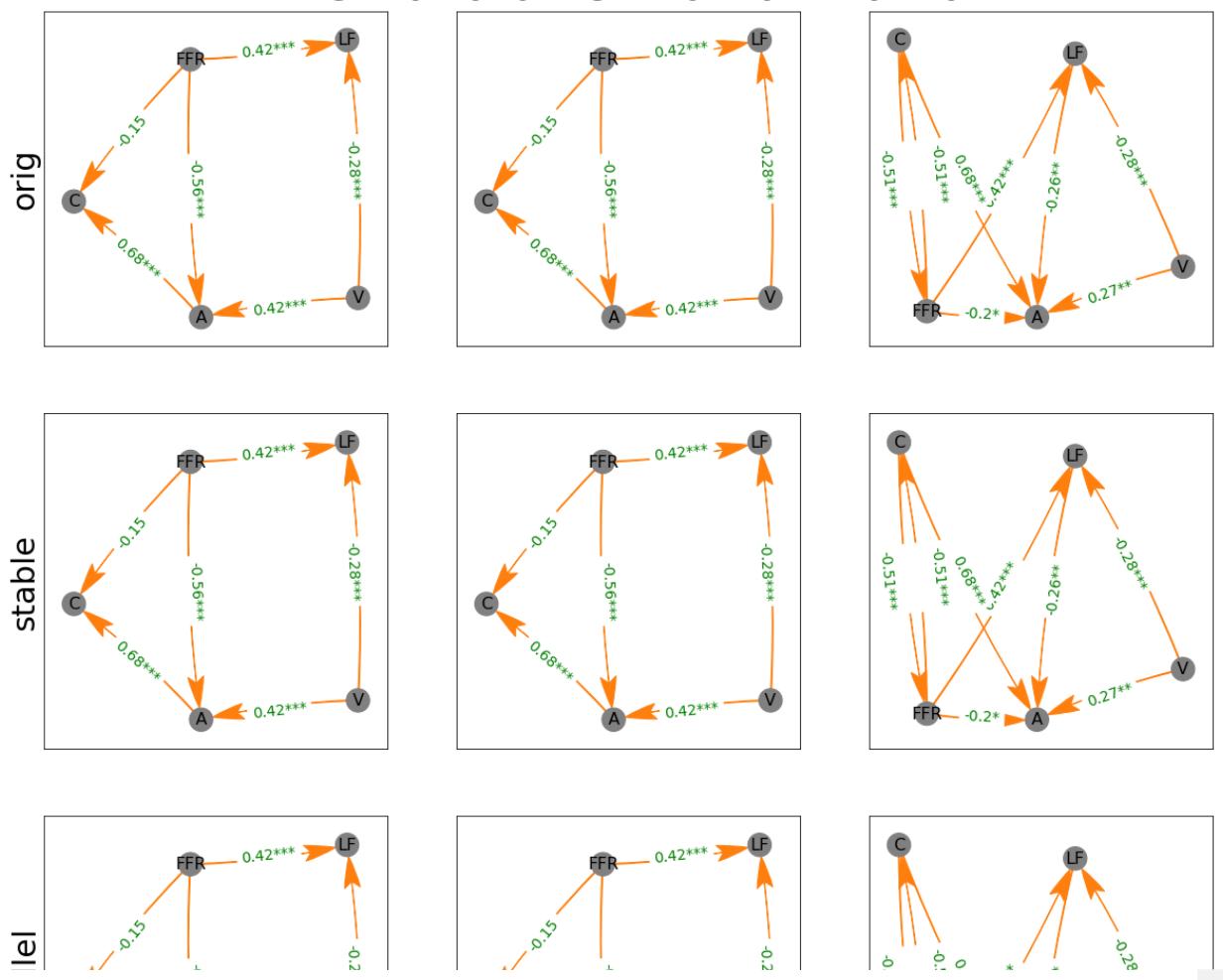


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



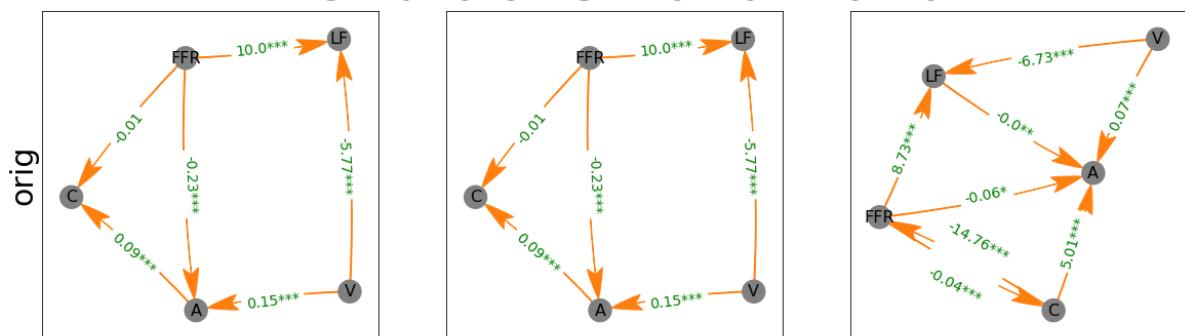
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2022-04-01



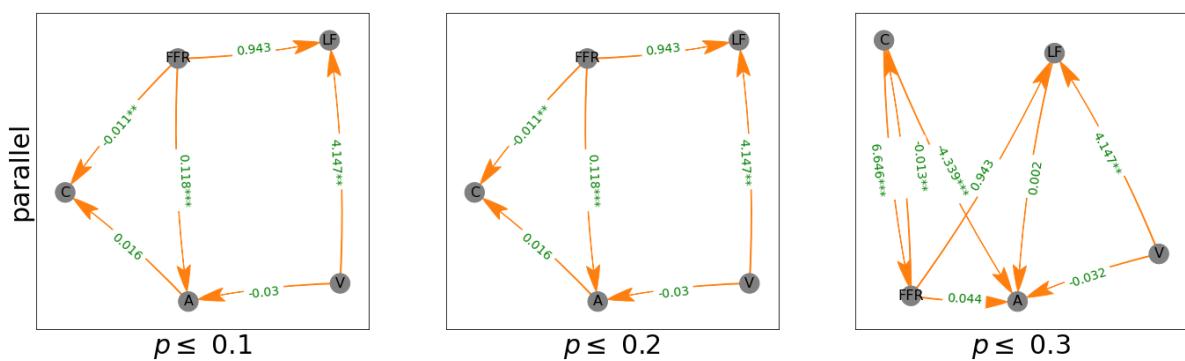
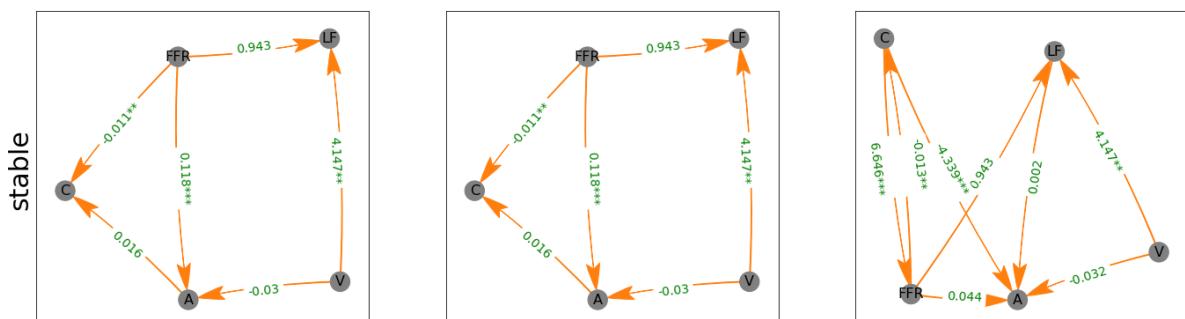
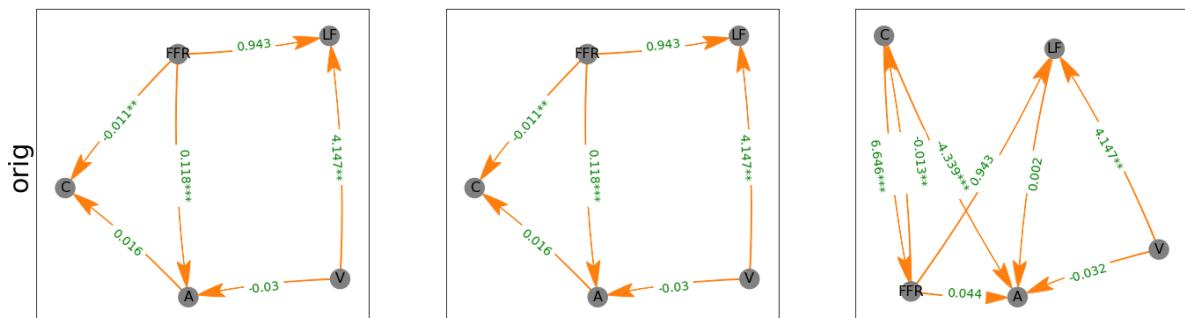
# SUR Estimates Diff

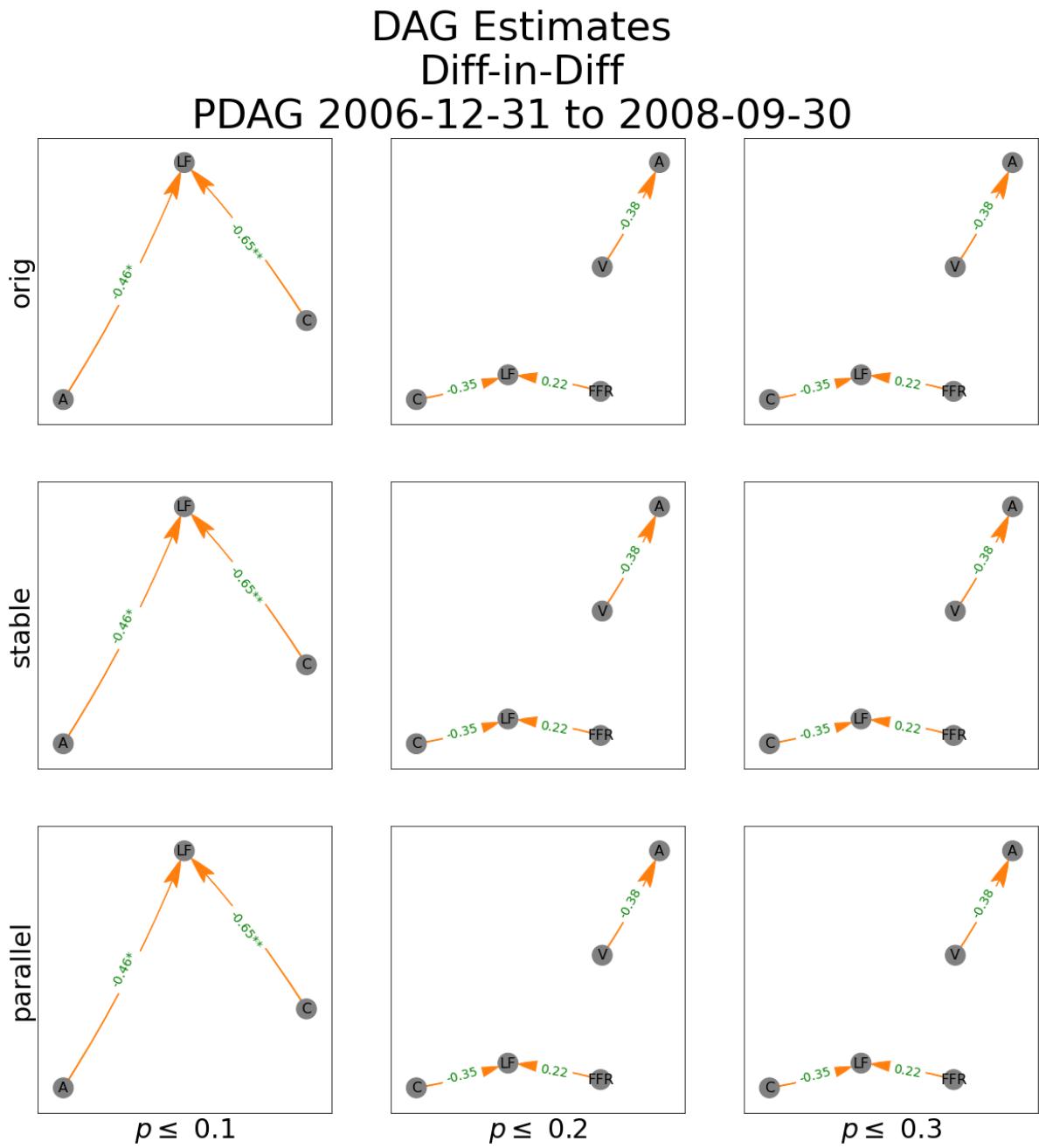
## PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2022-04-01



# VAR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2022-04-01

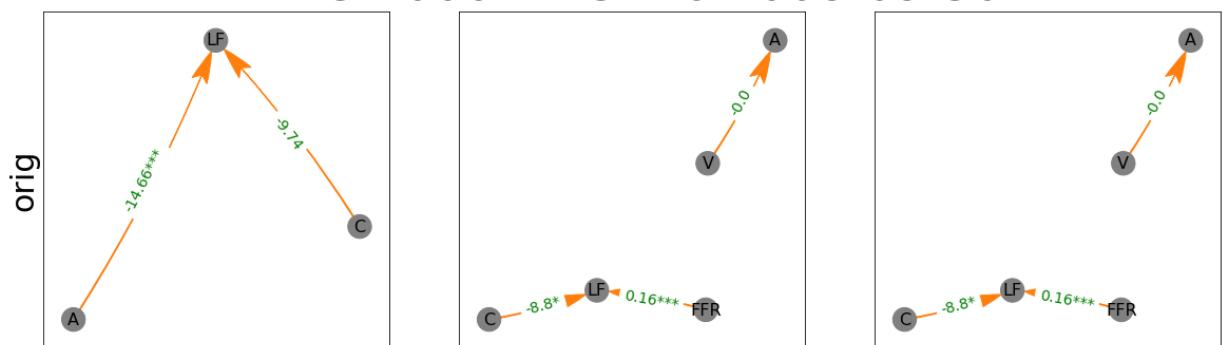
 $p \leq 0.1$  $p \leq 0.2$  $p \leq 0.3$





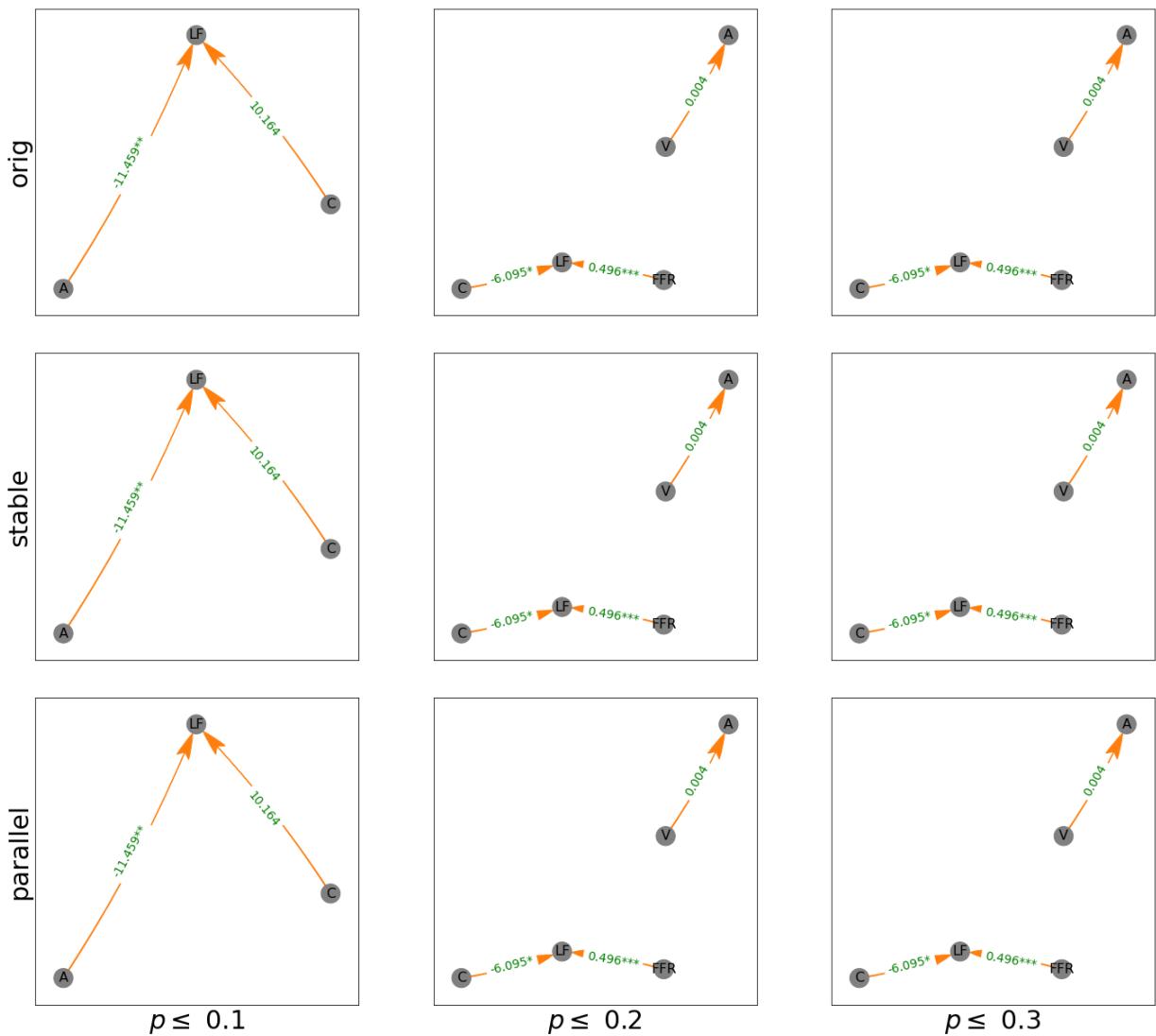
# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

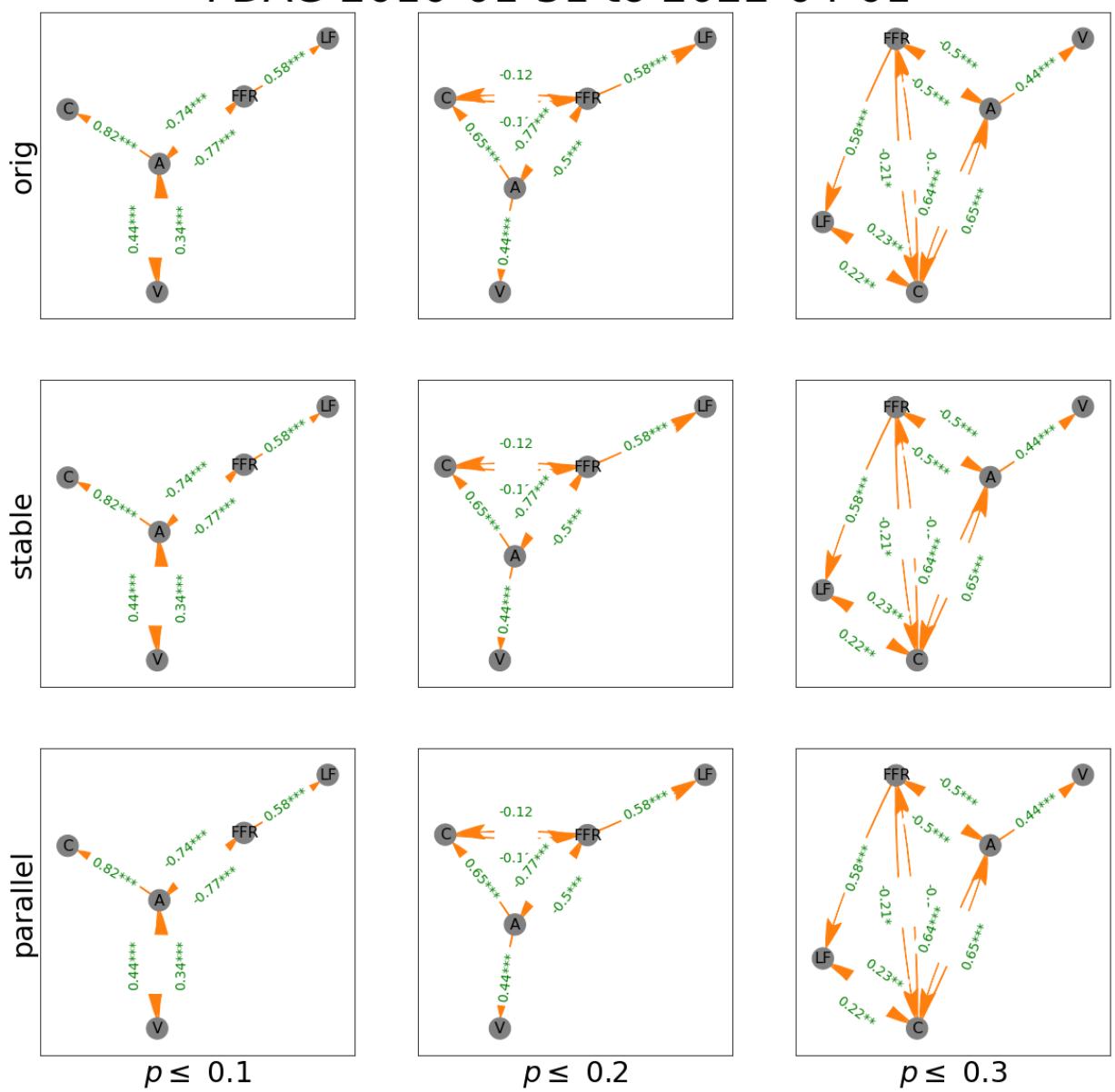


# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

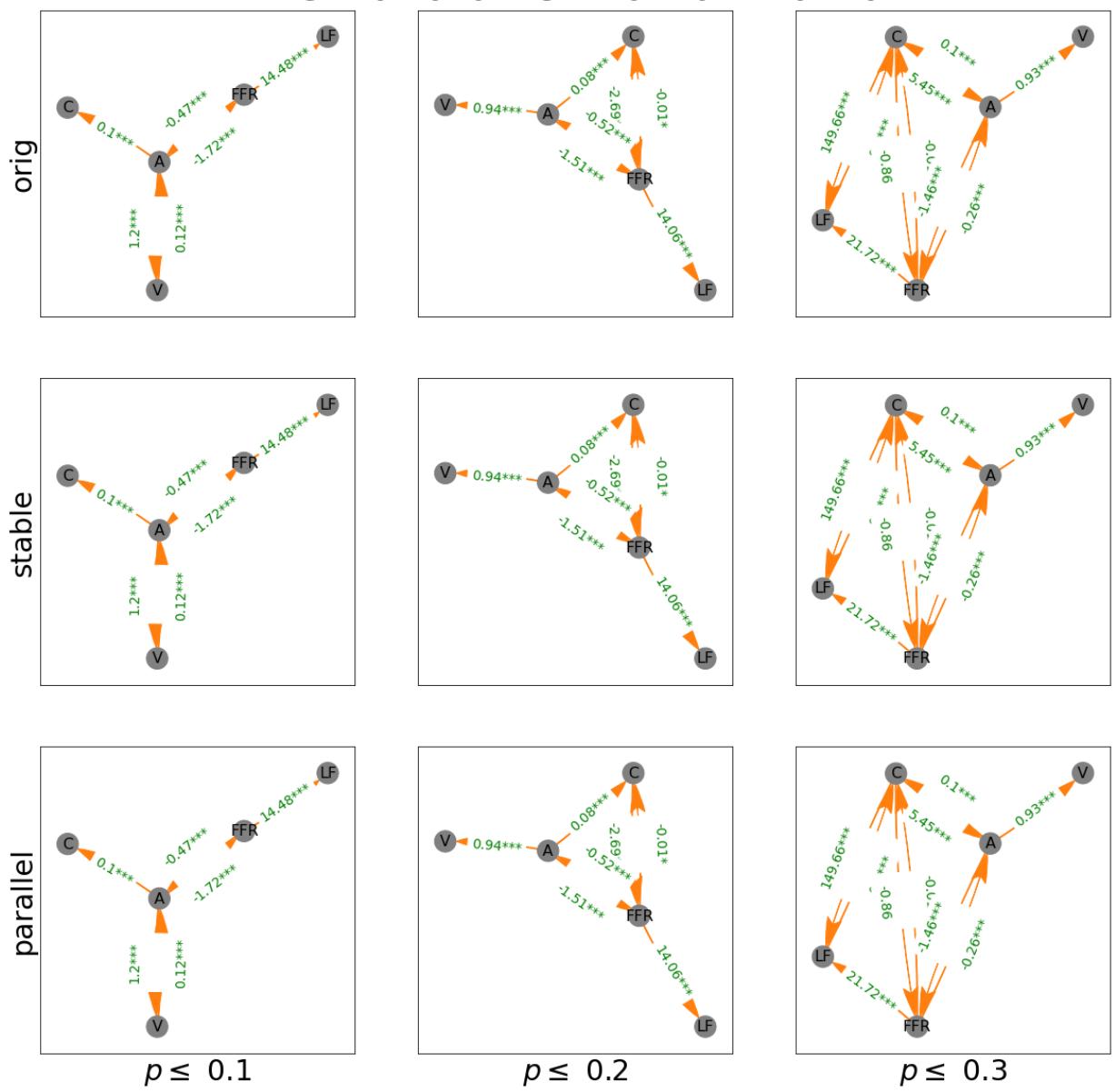
PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



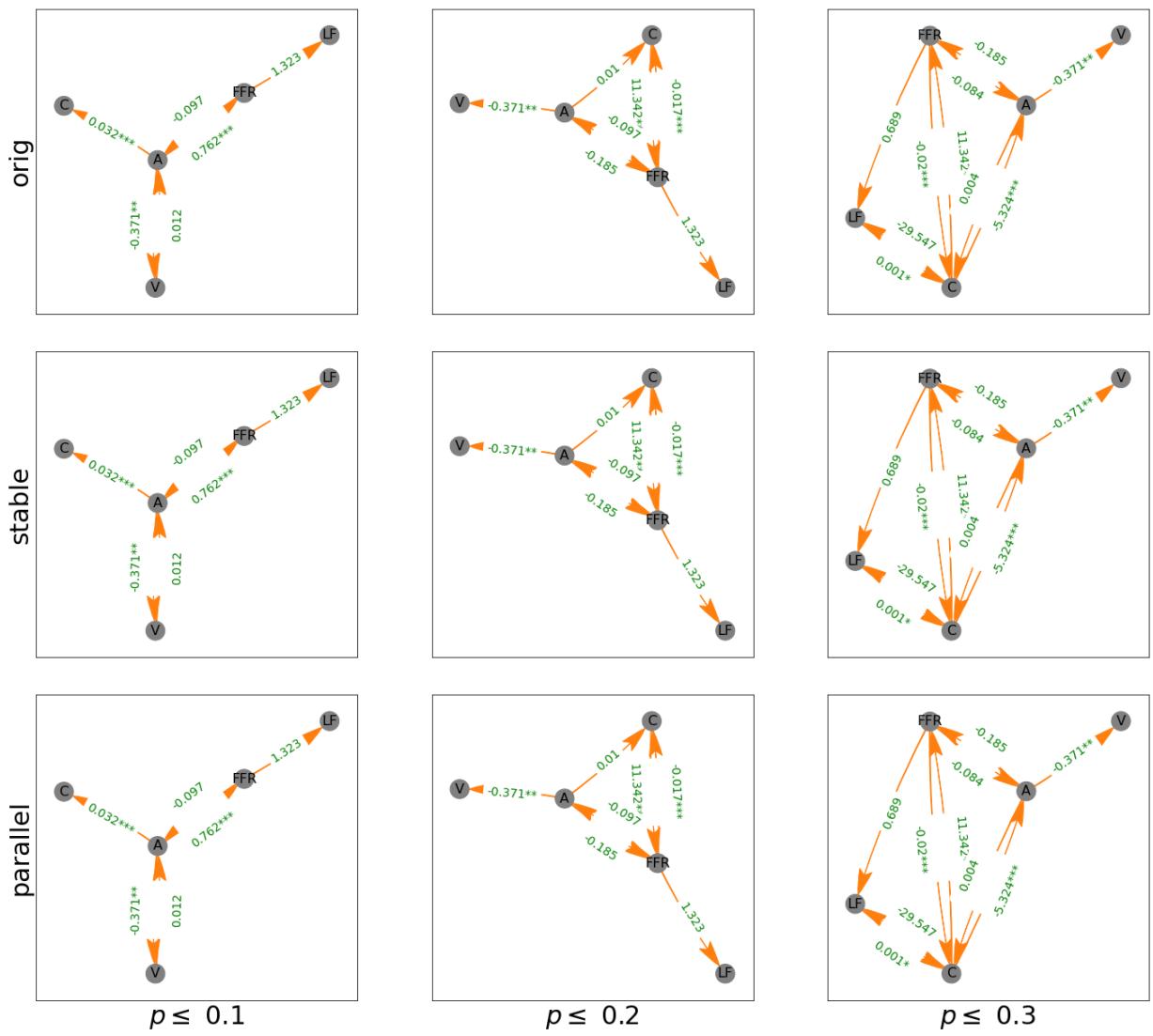
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2022-04-01



# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2010-01-31 to 2022-04-01



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff



```
In [ ]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2010-01-31", "2020-08-30")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
In [10]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2002-12-31", "2020-02-28")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

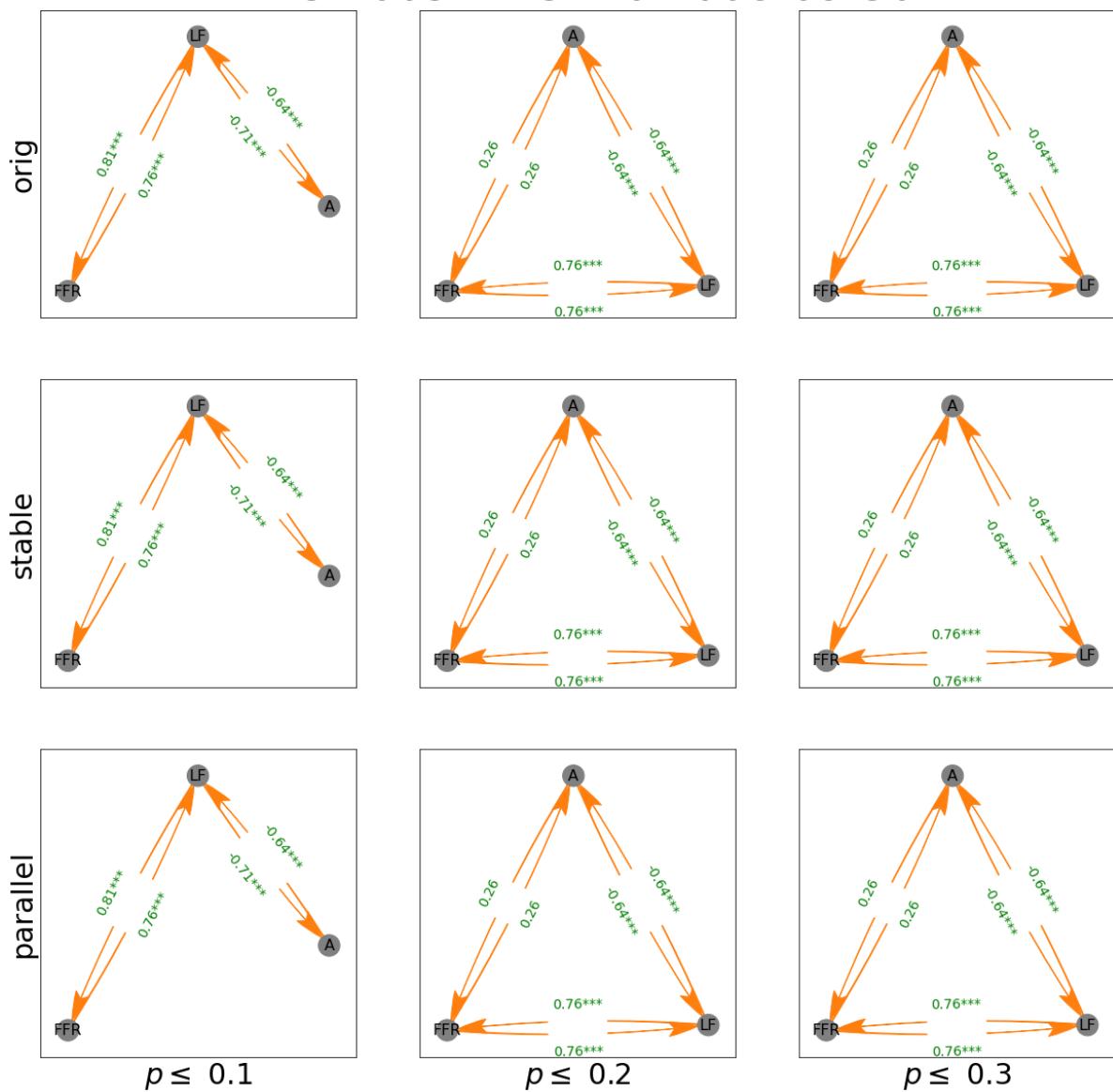
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|     | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

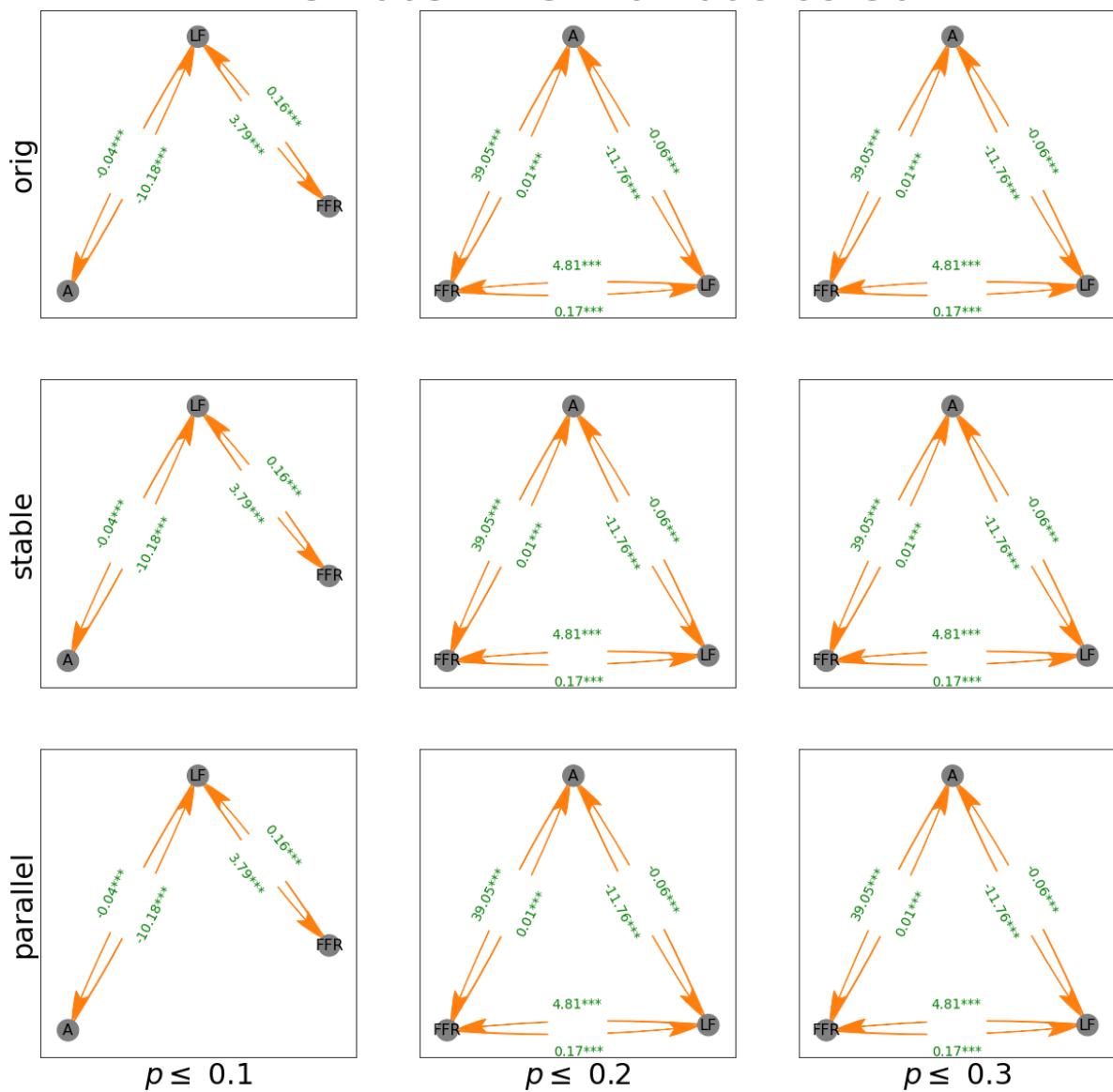
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

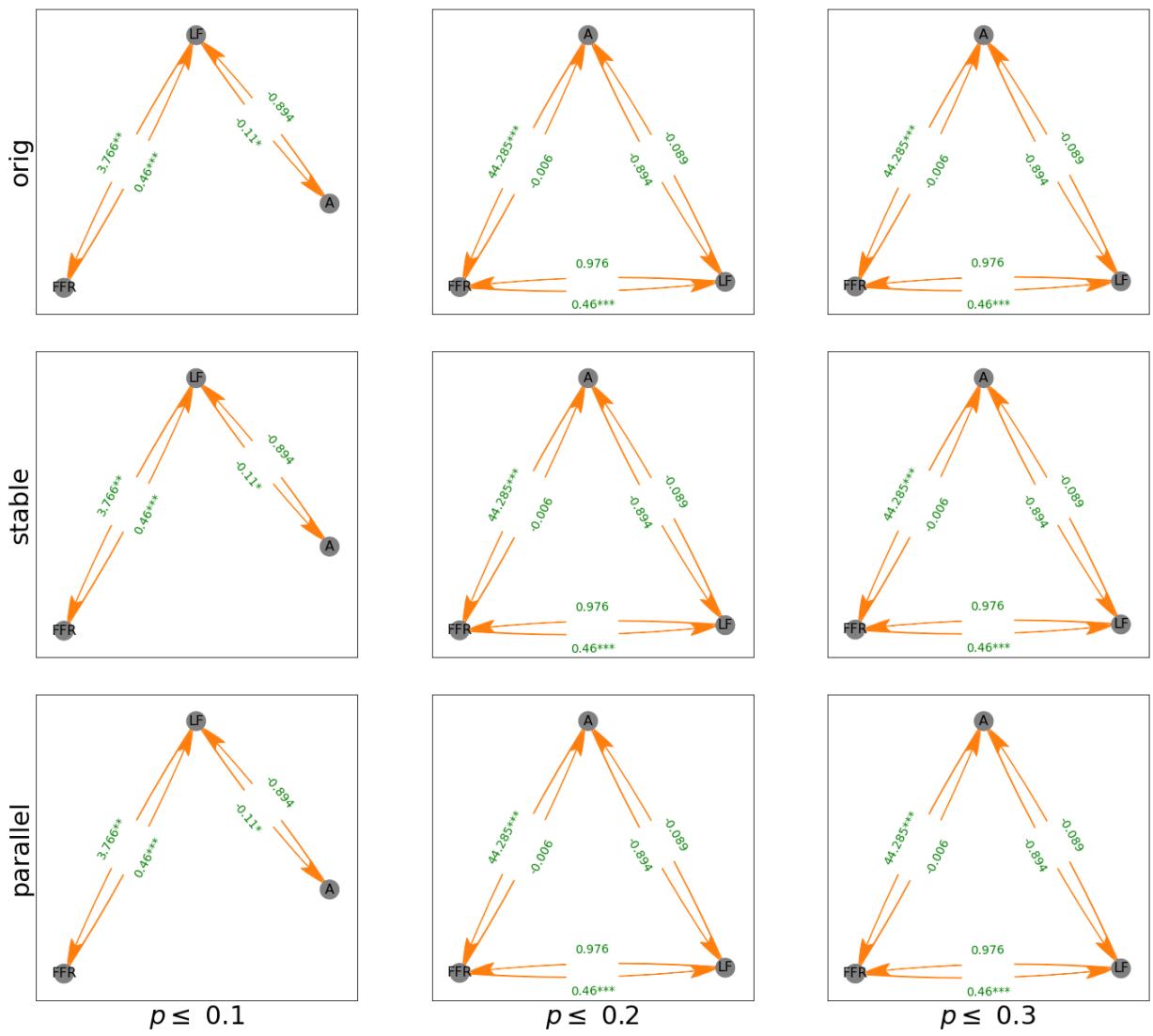


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

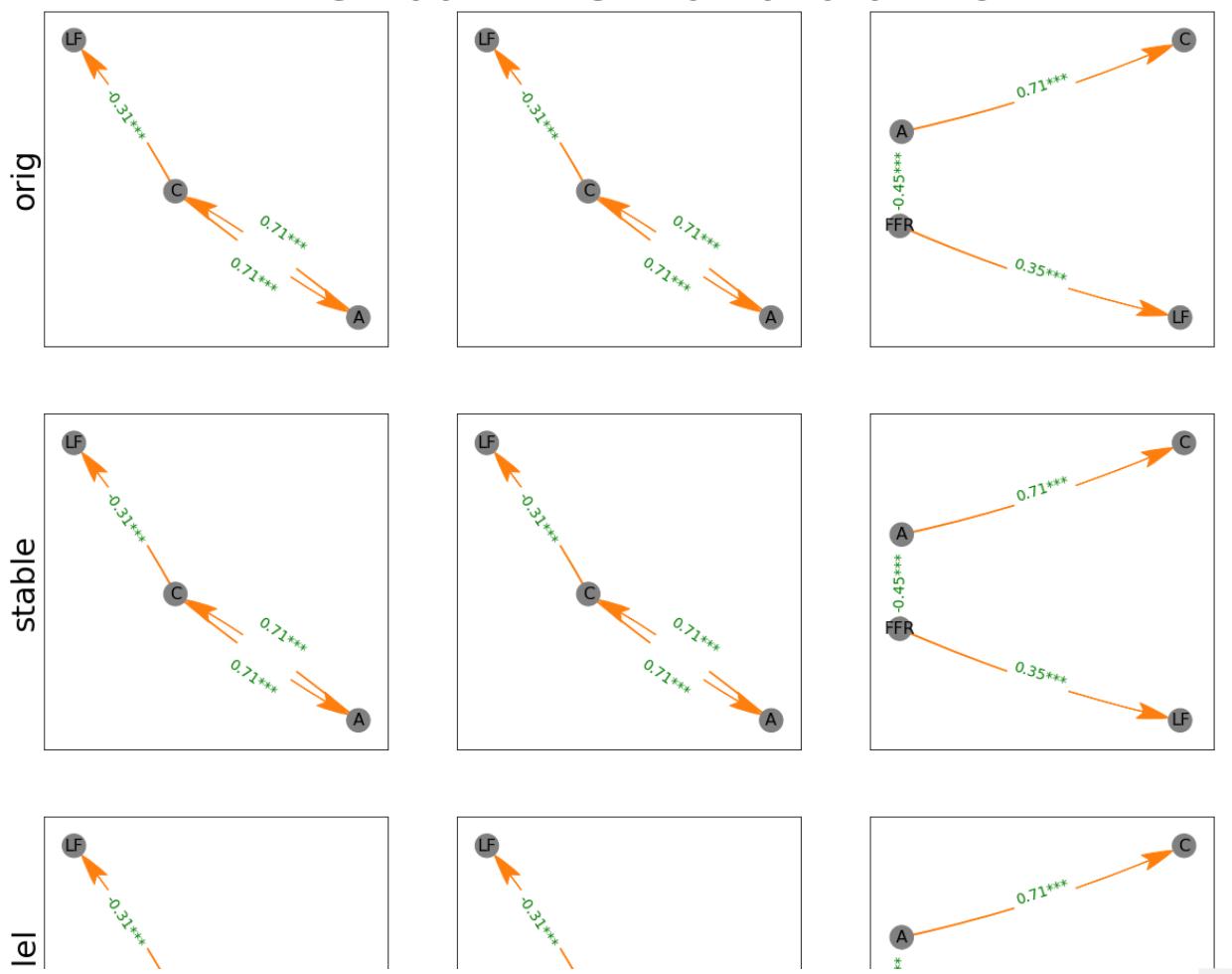


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



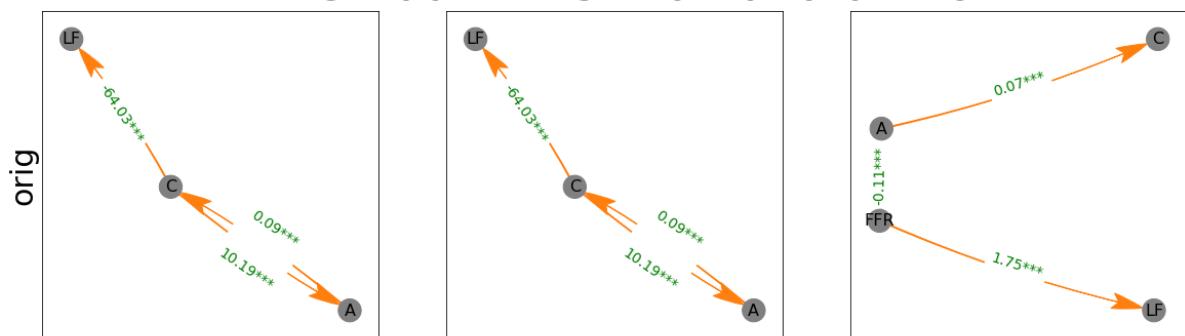
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



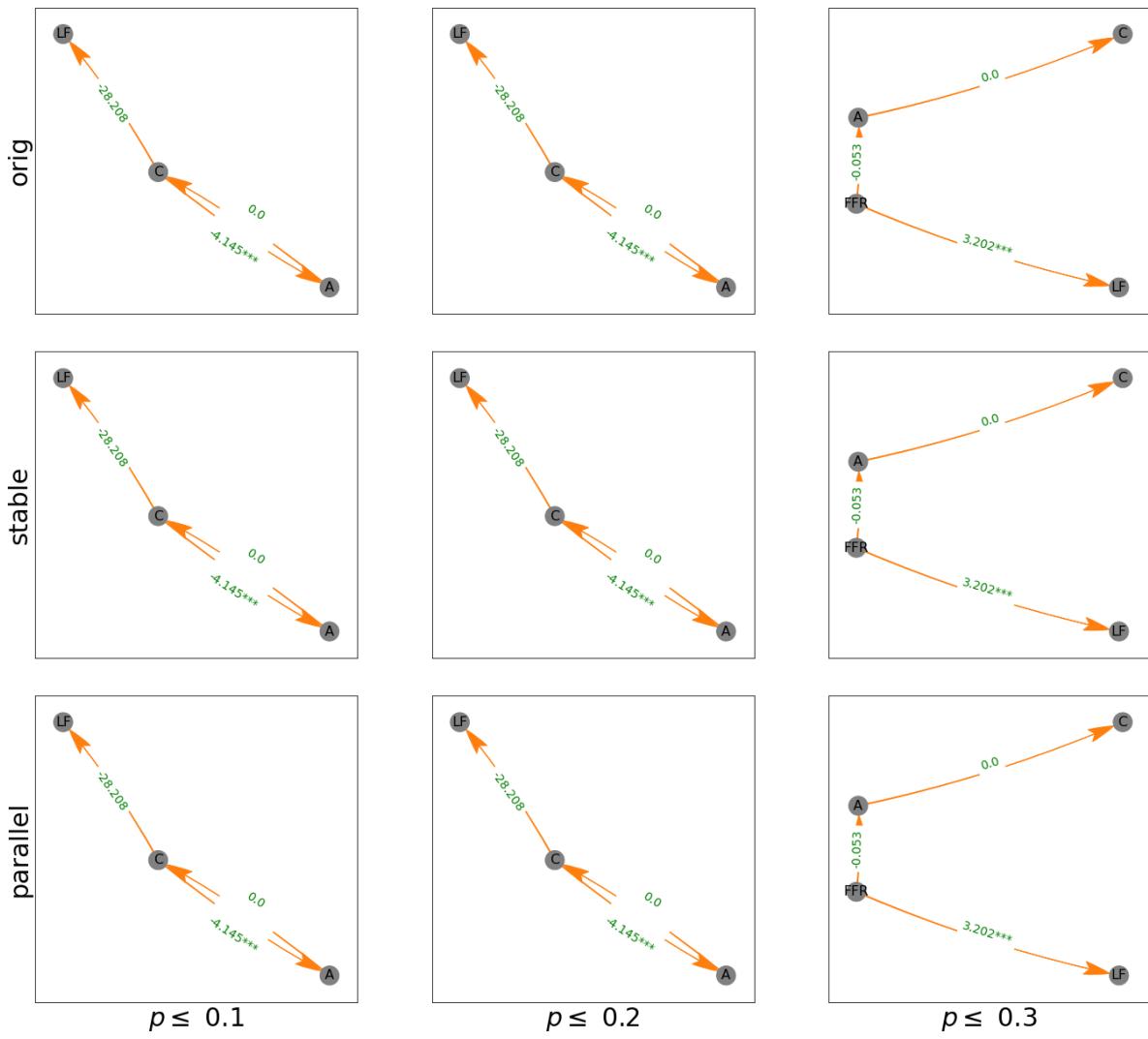
# SUR Estimates Diff

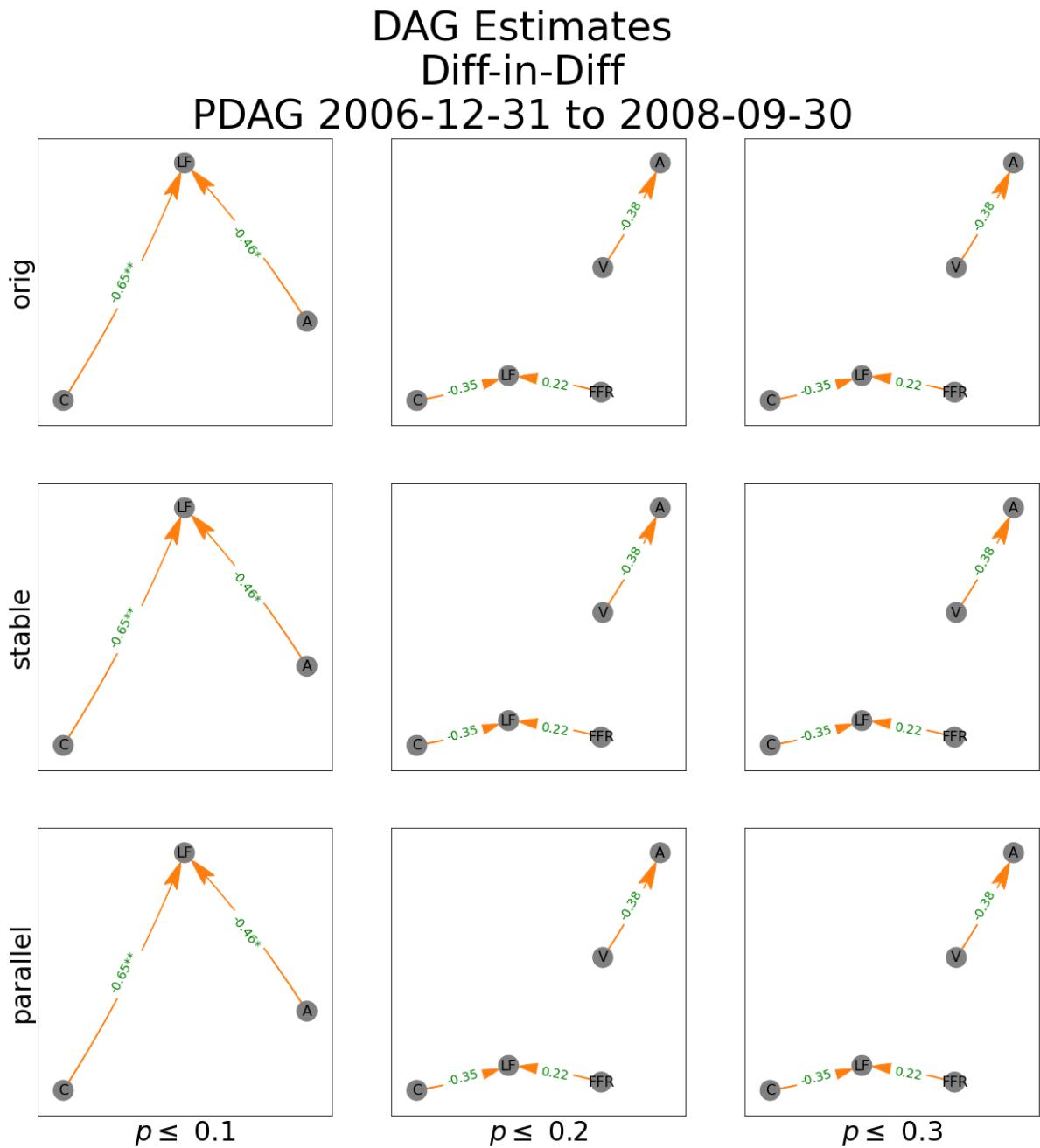
## PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



# VAR Estimates Diff

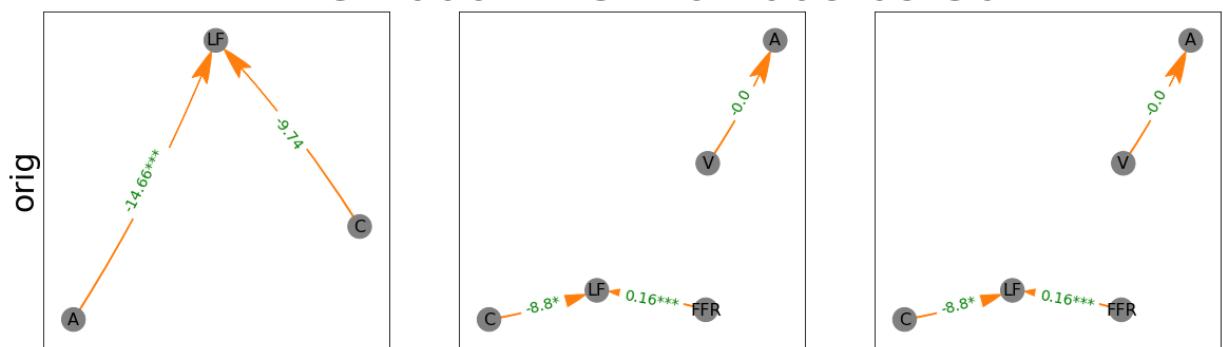
## PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



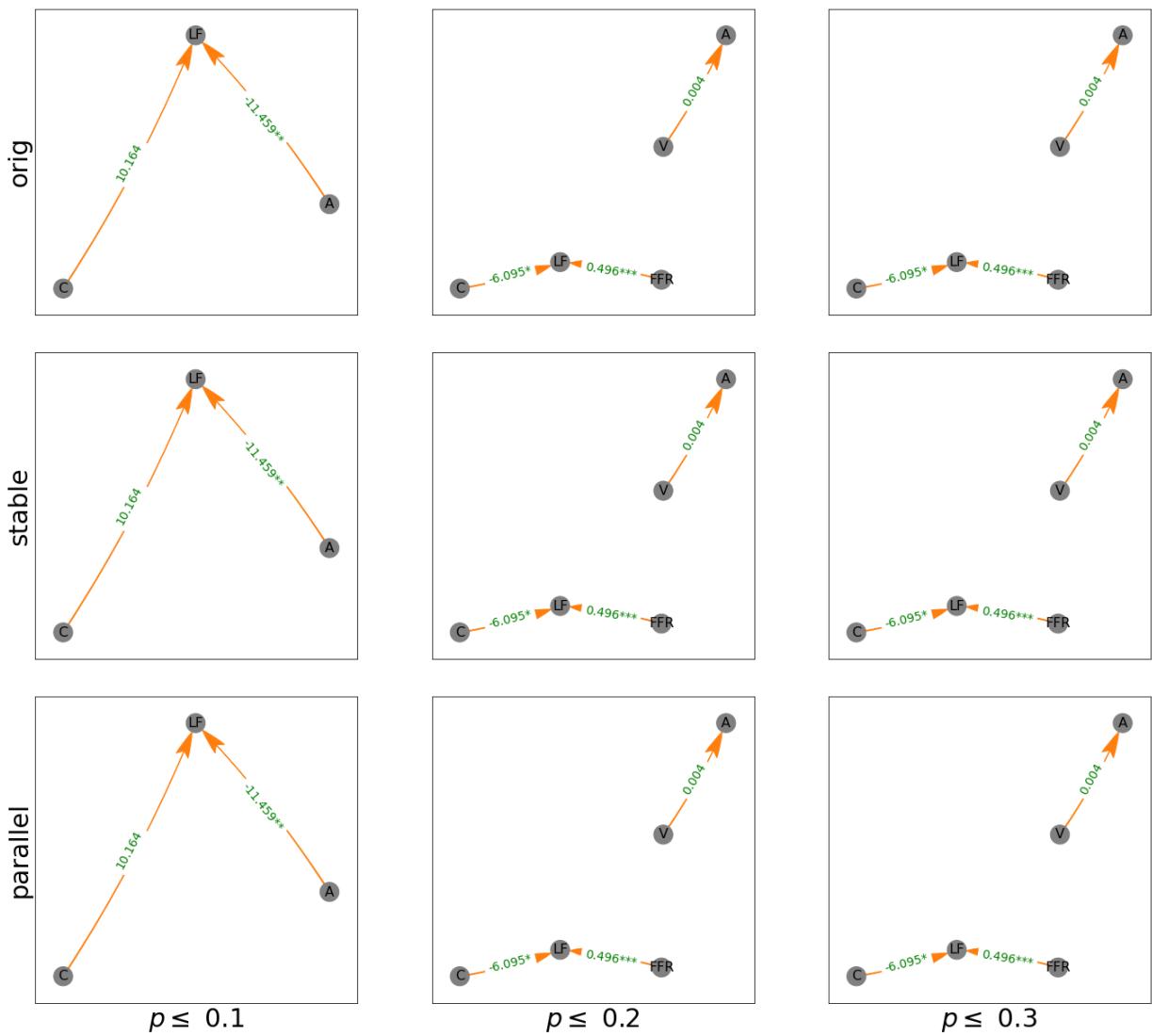




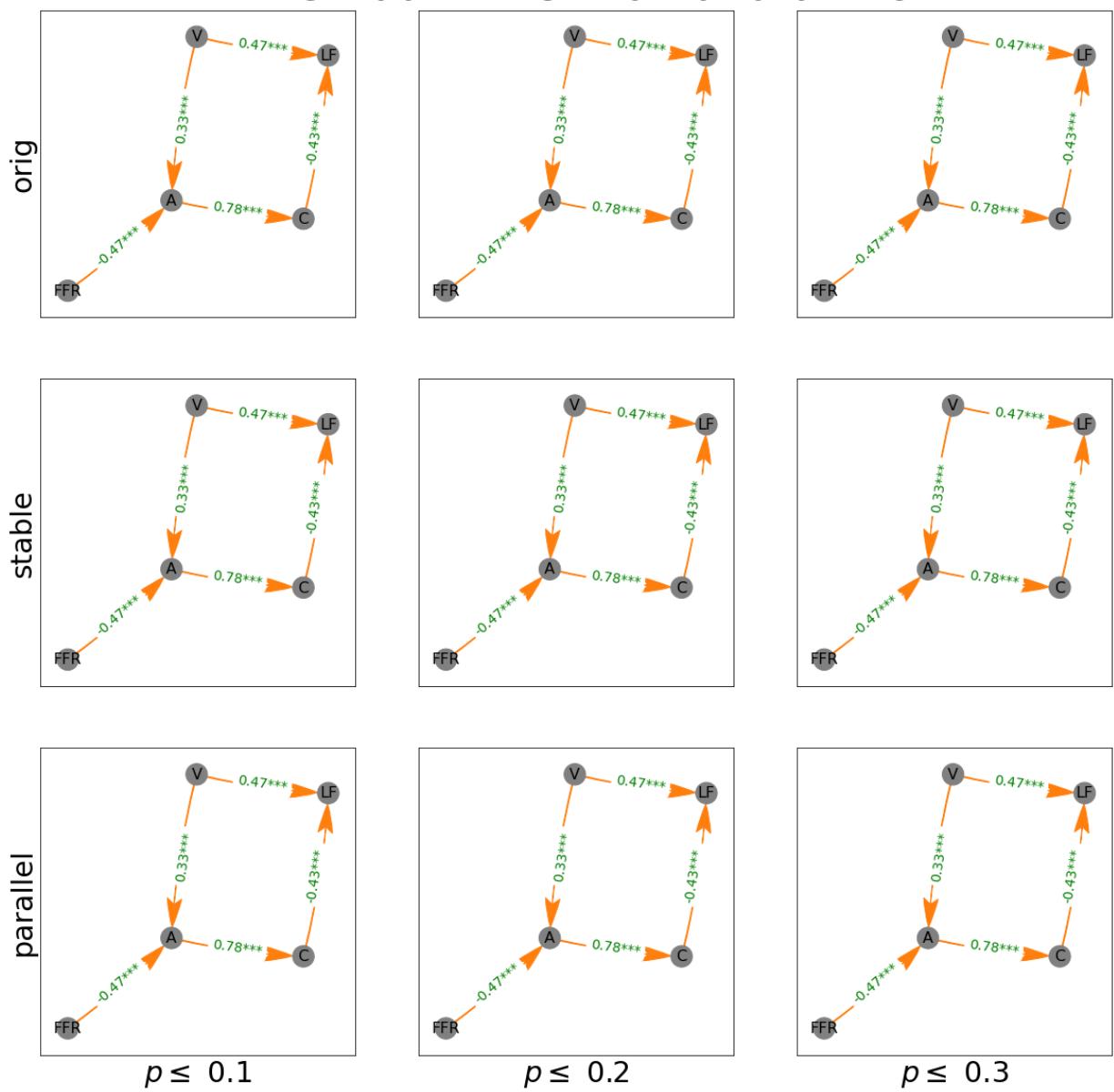
# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



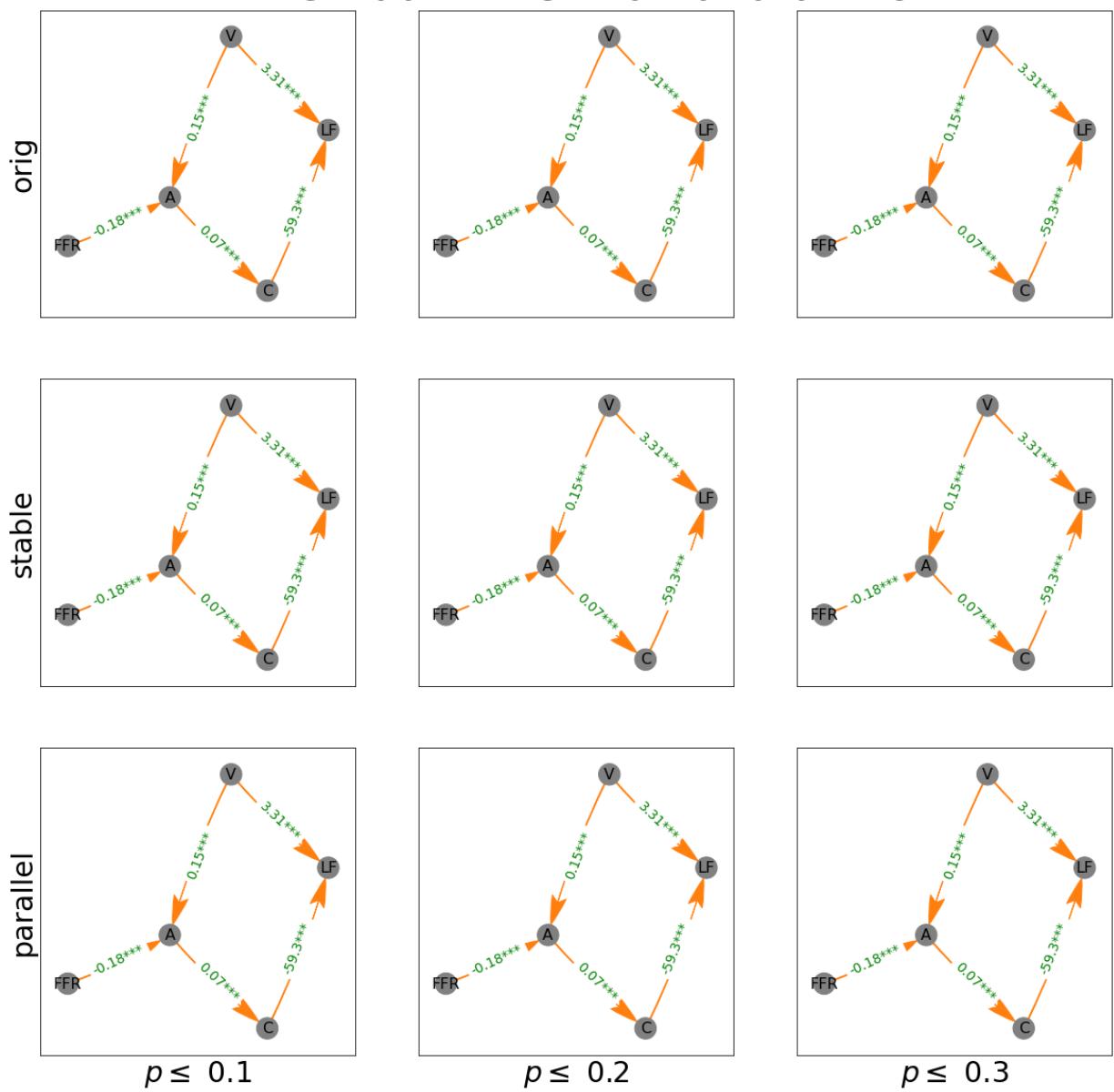
# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



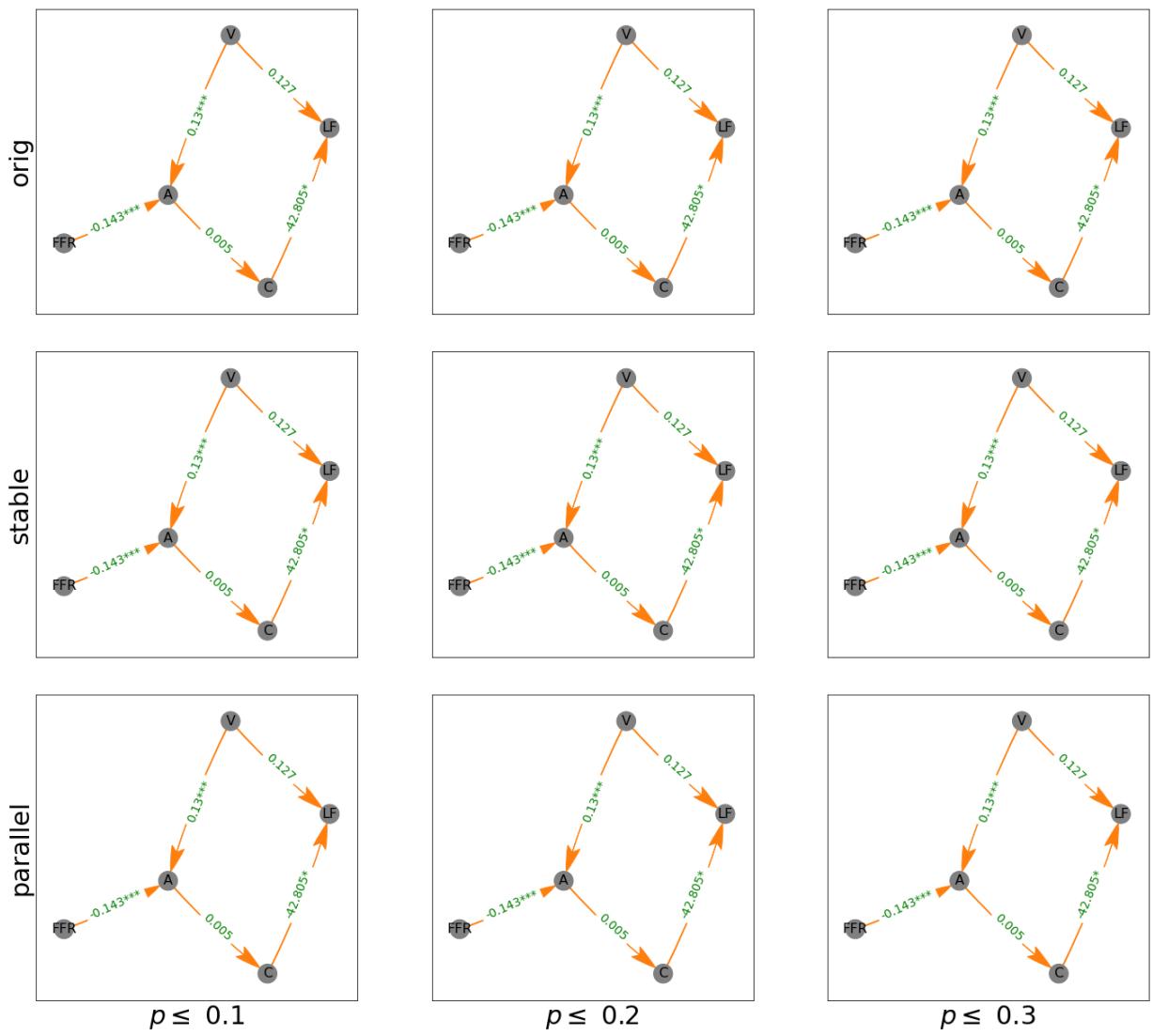
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-02-28



```
In [11]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2002-12-31", "2020-08-28")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

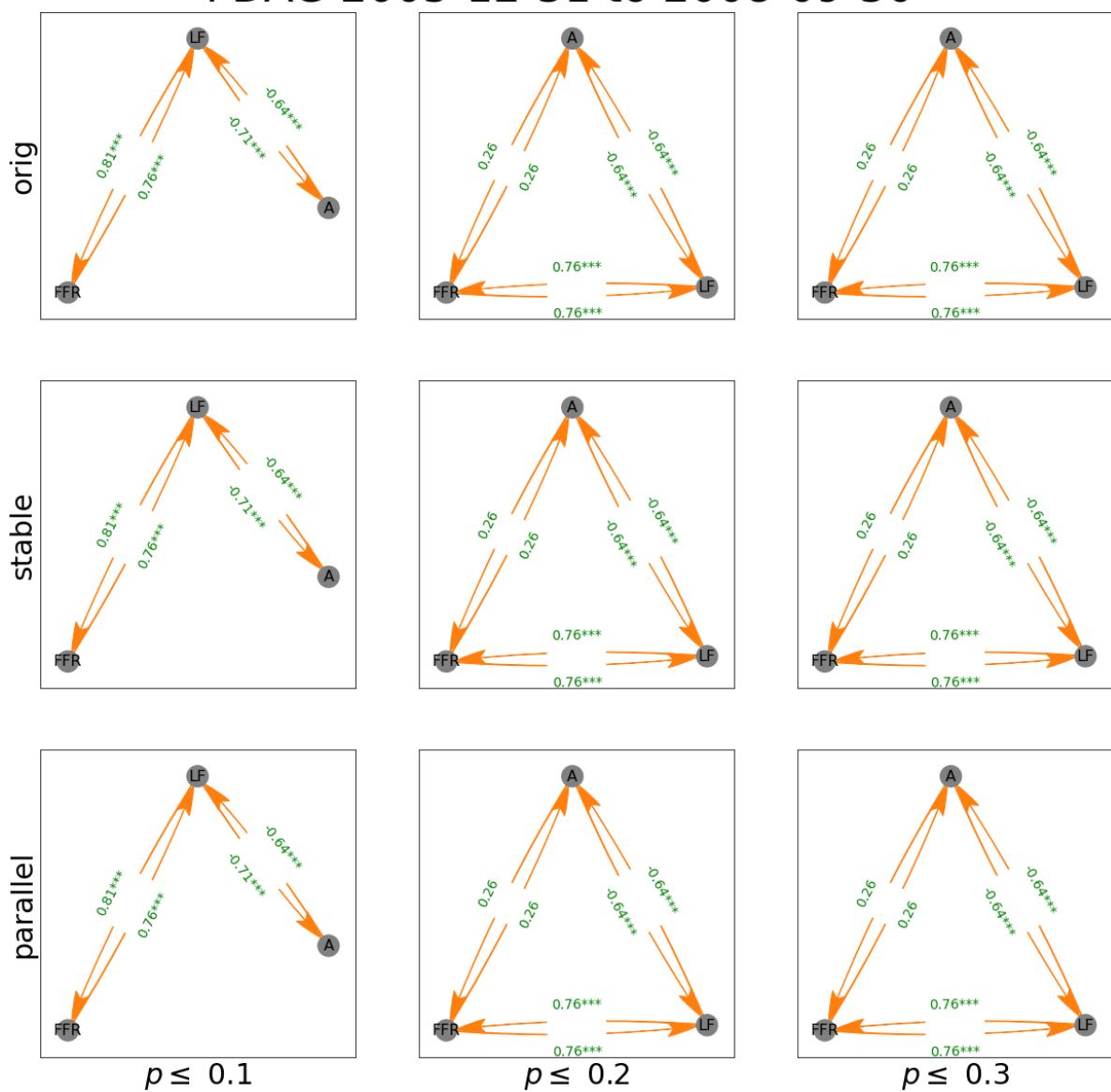
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|     | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

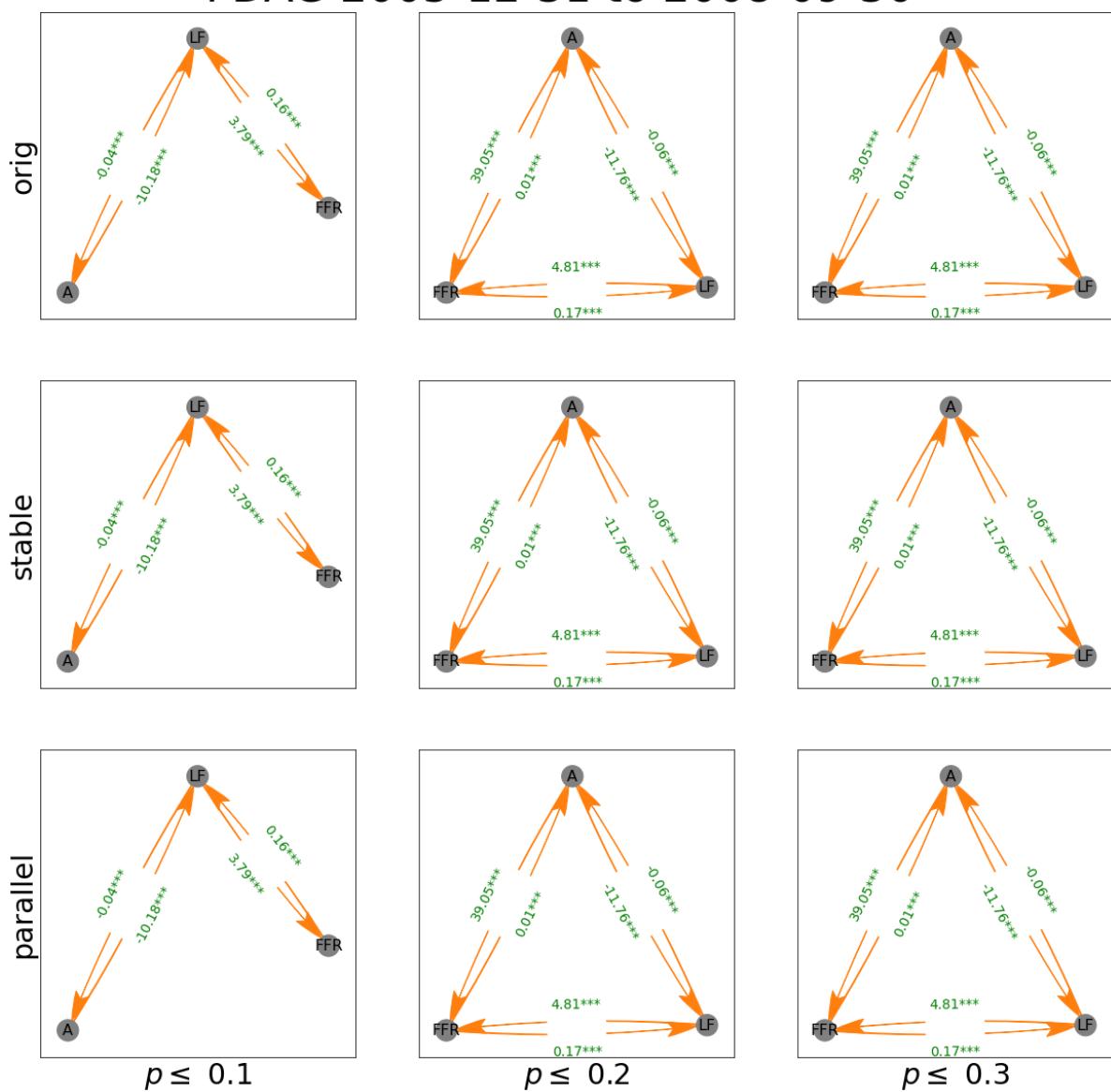
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

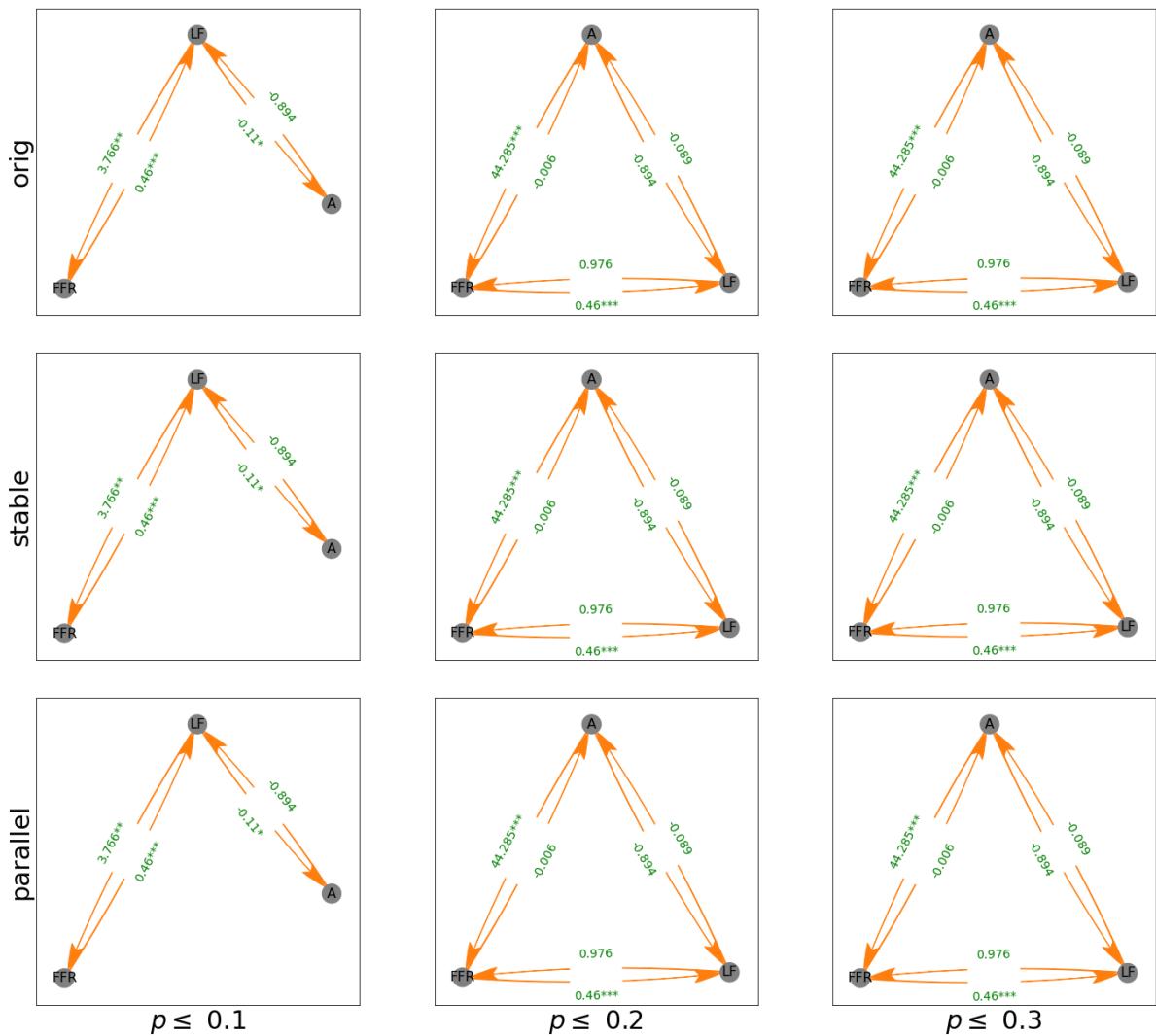


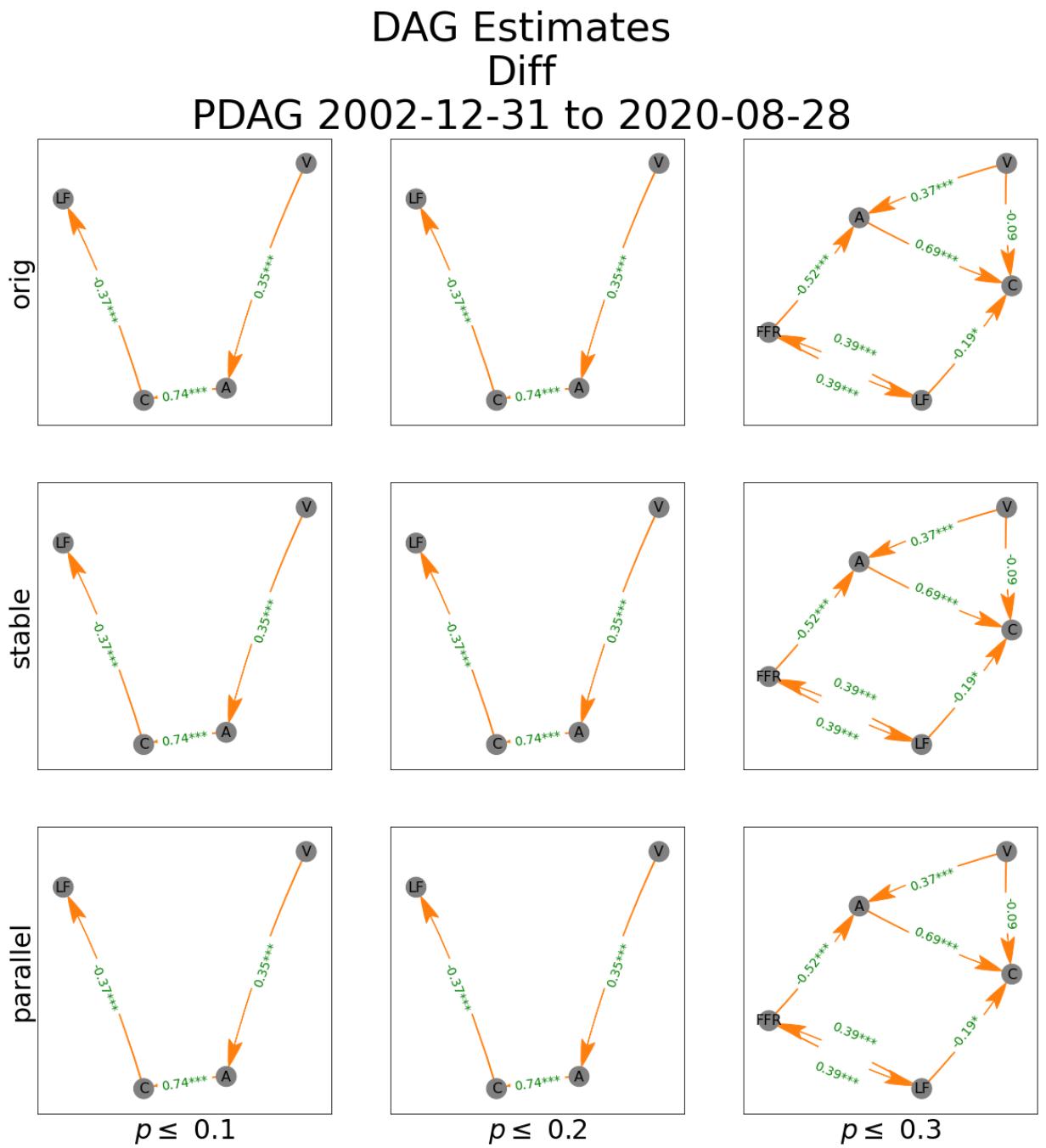
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



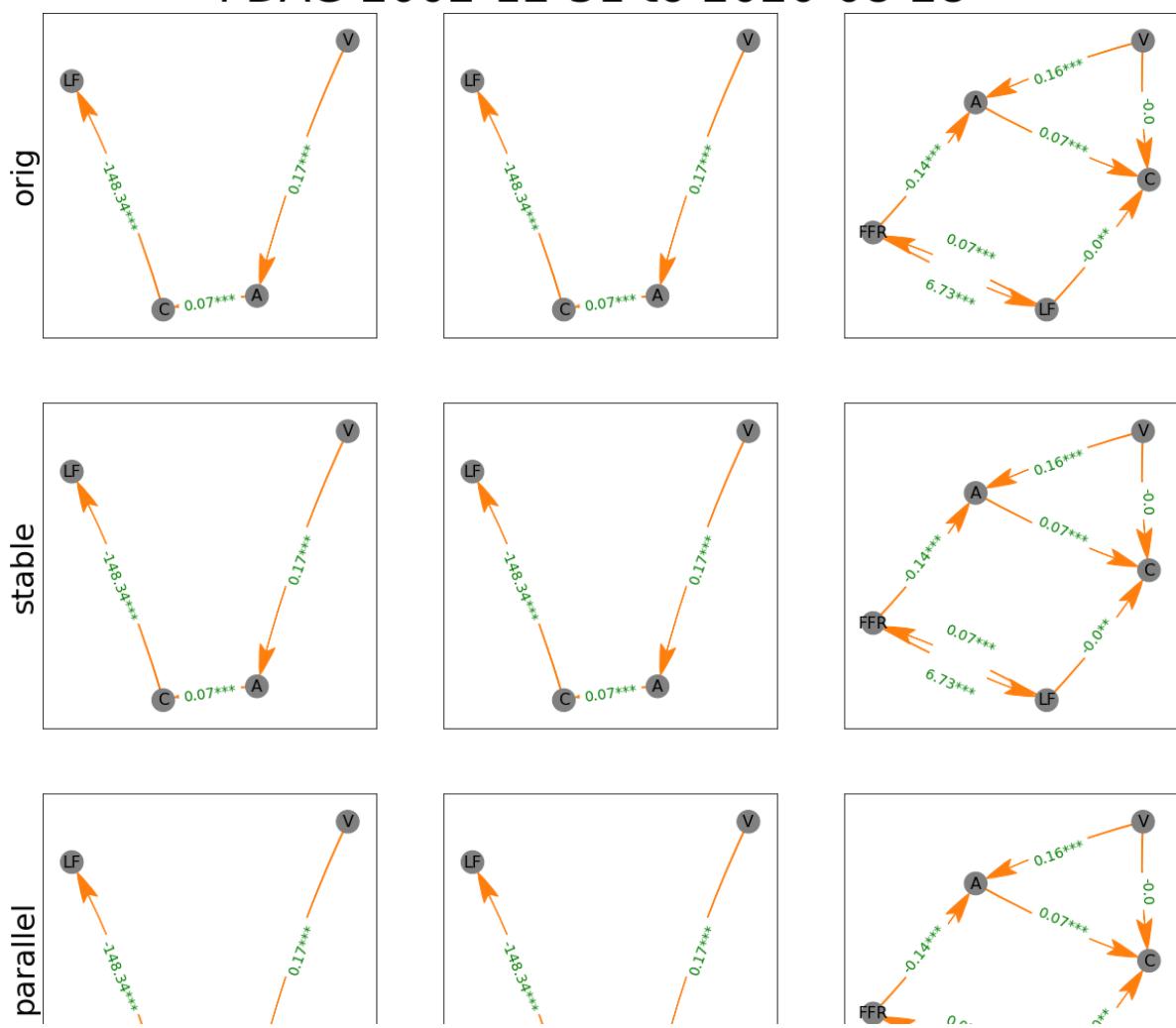
# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30





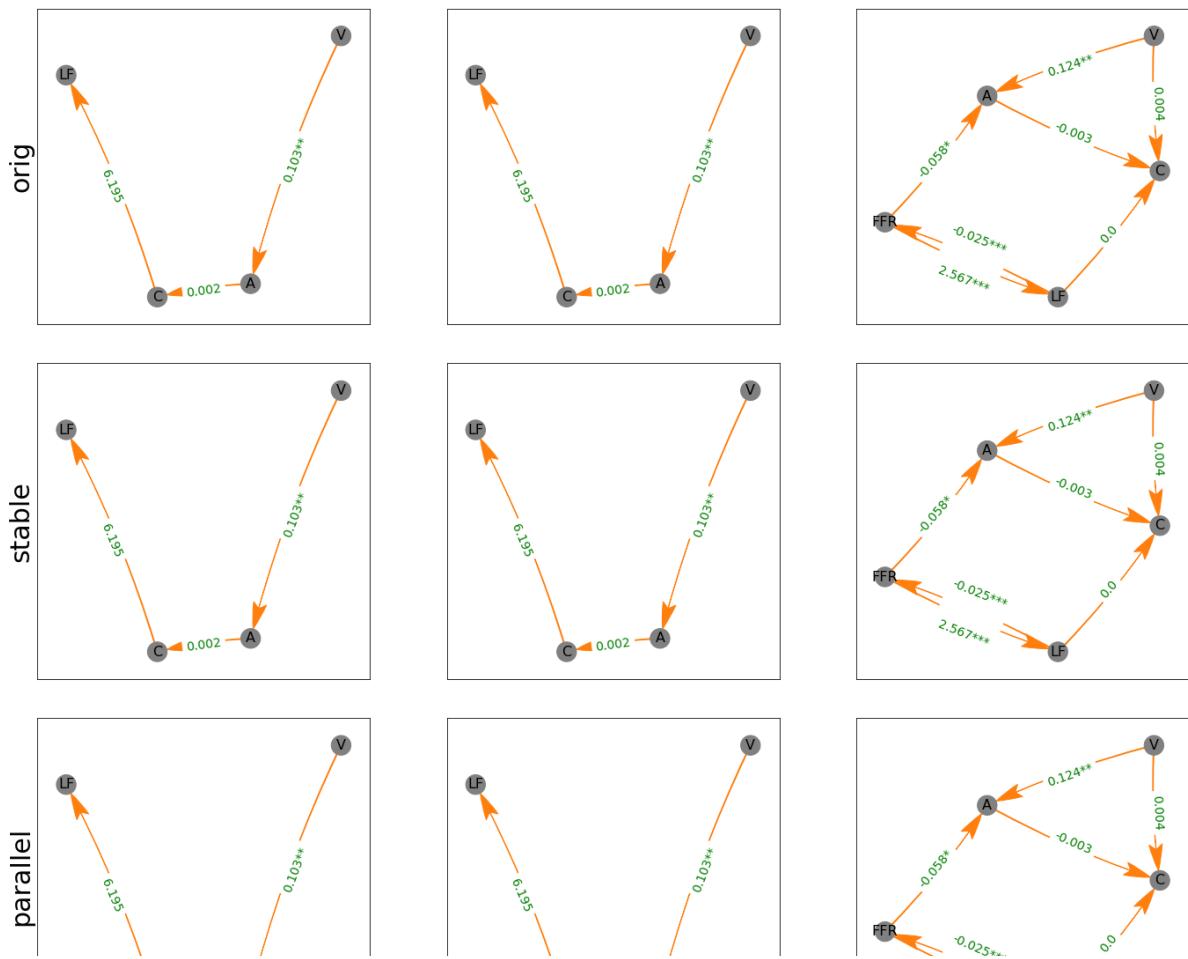
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-08-28

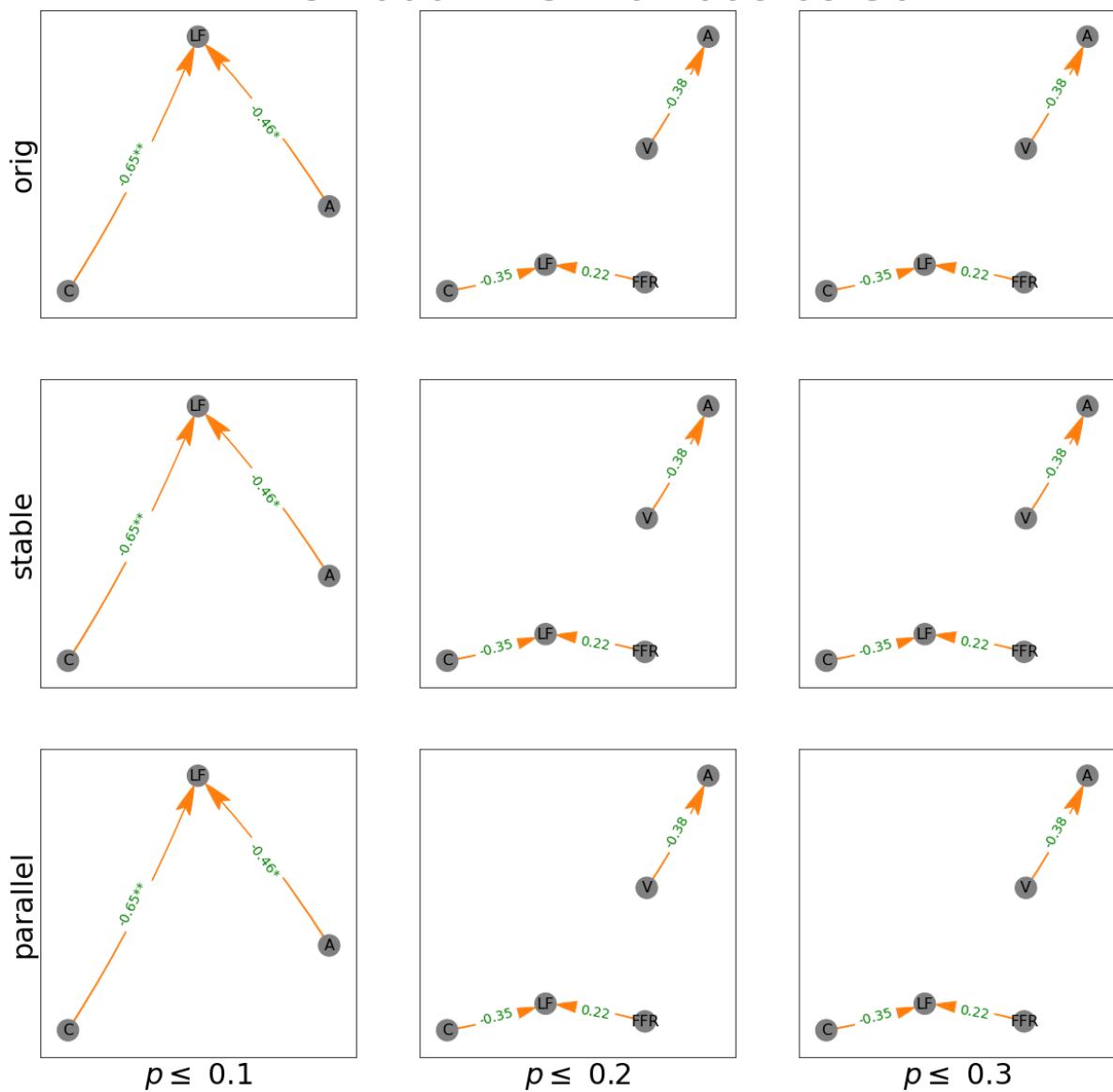


# VAR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-08-28

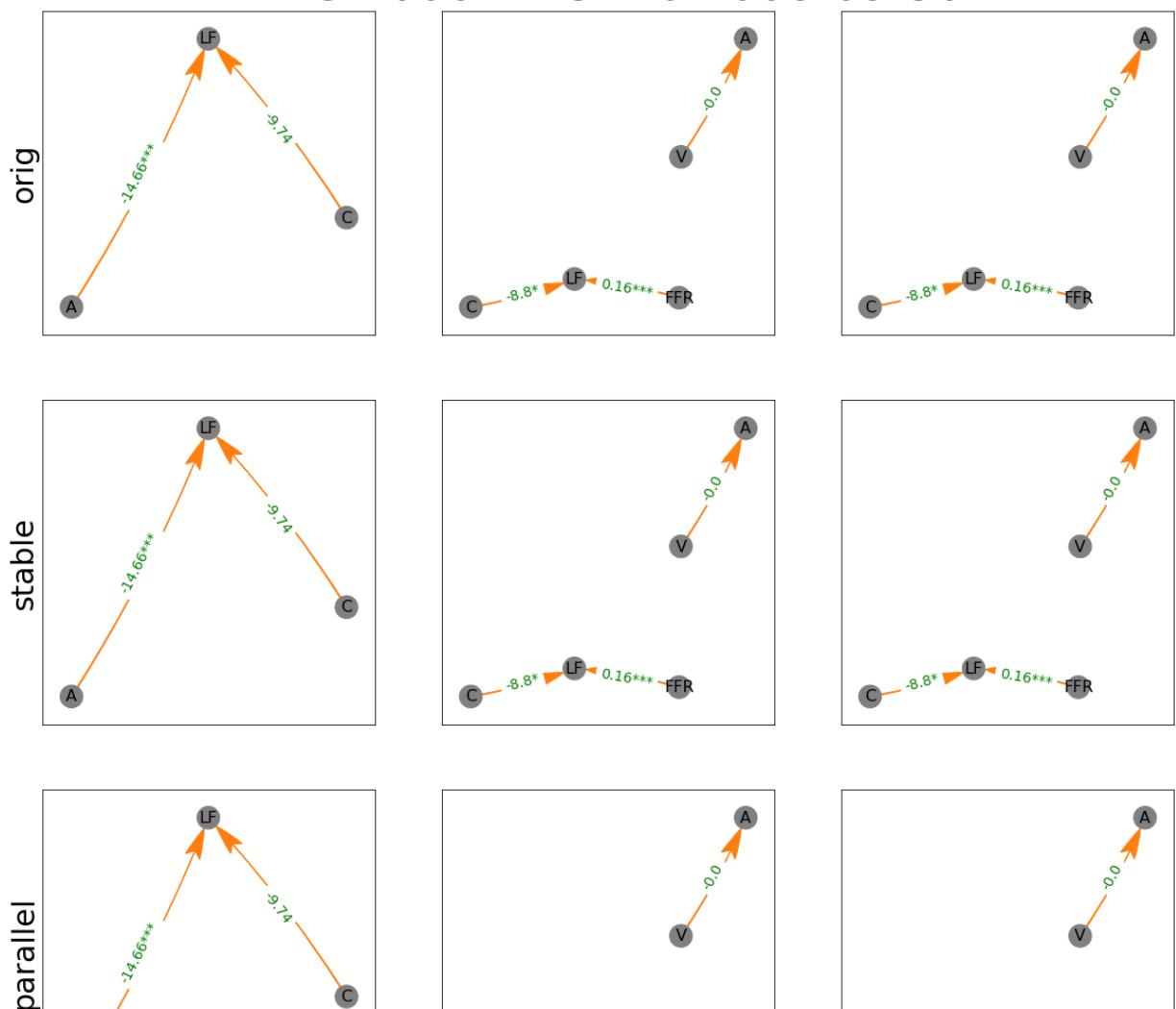


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

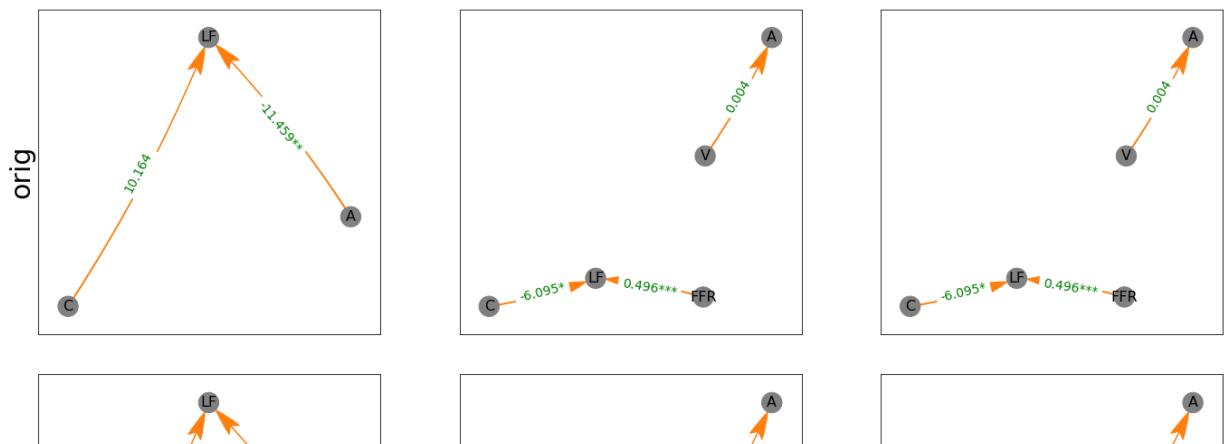


# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

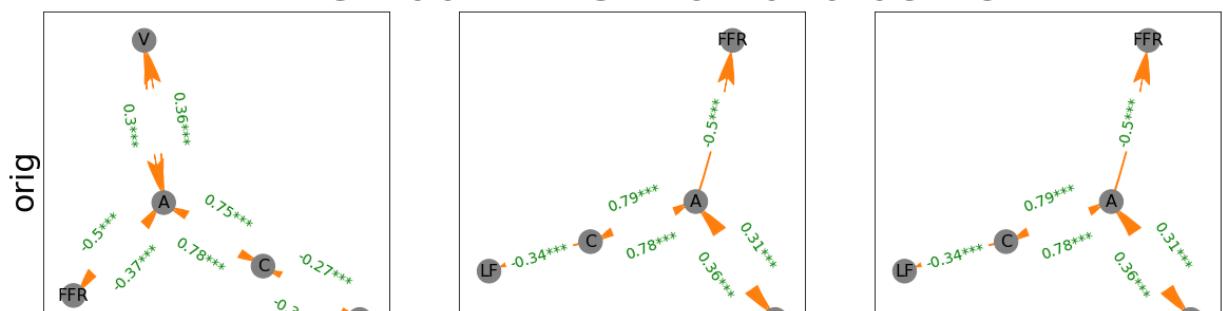
## PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



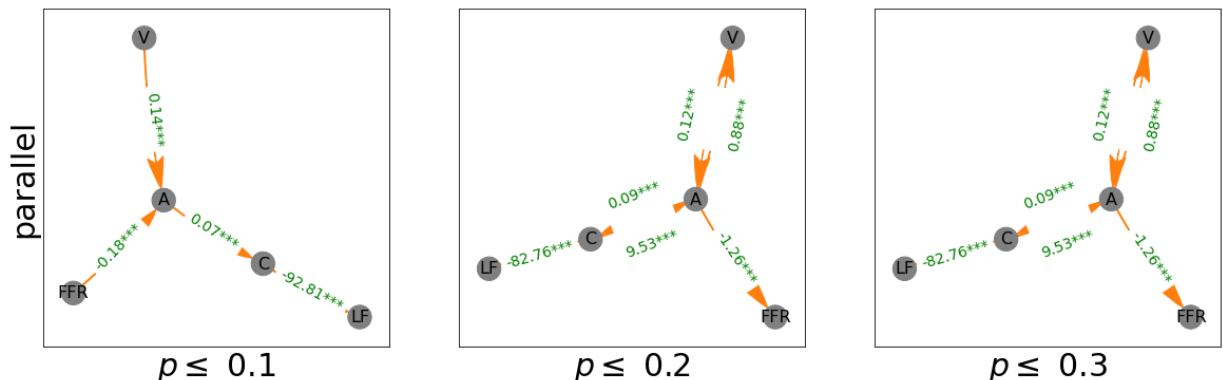
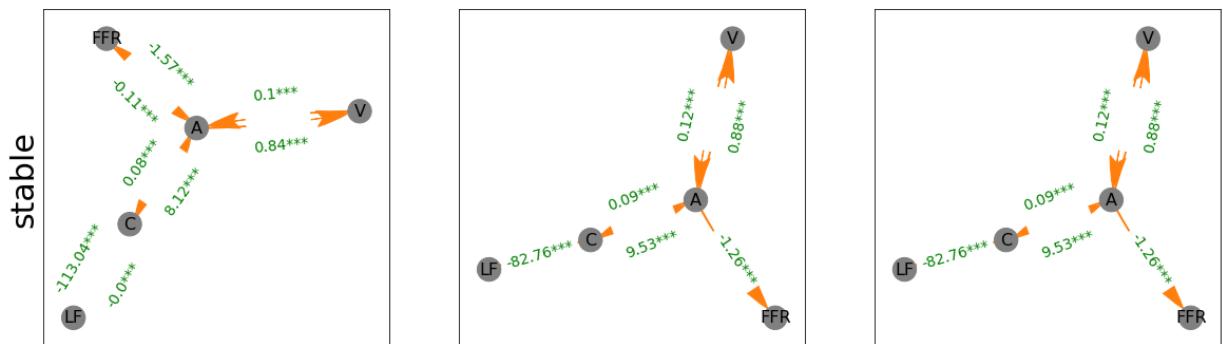
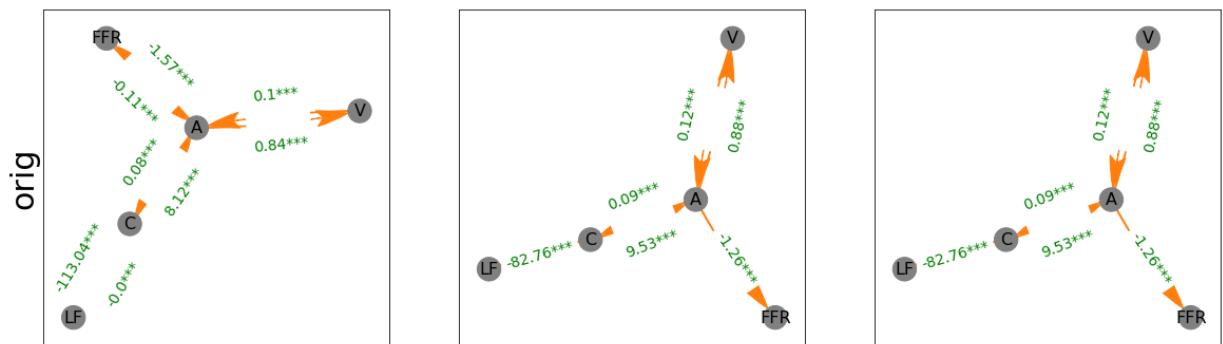
# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

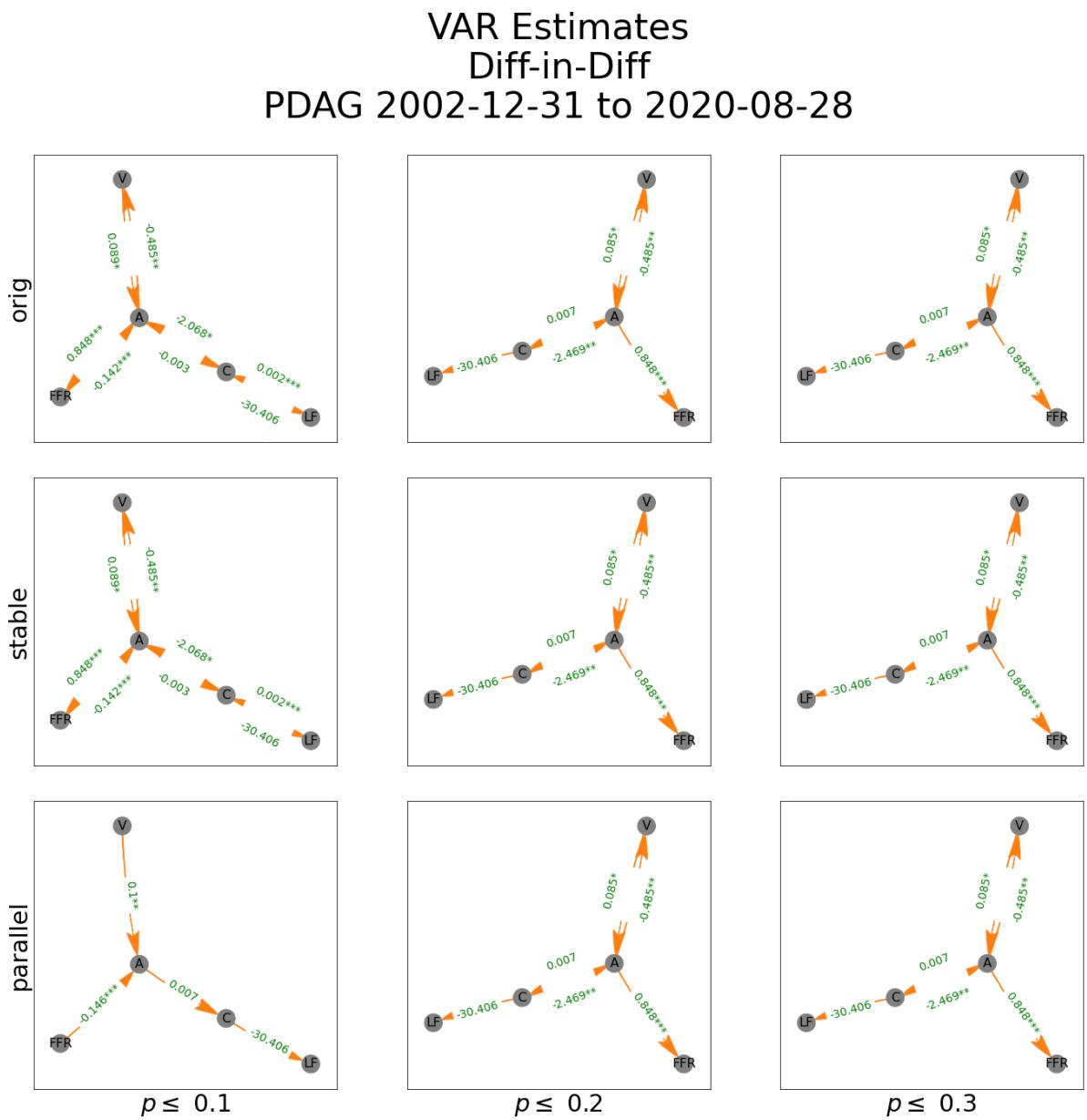


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-08-28



# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2002-12-31 to 2020-08-28

 $p \leq 0.1$  $p \leq 0.2$  $p \leq 0.3$





```
In [8]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-02-01", "2020-08-28")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

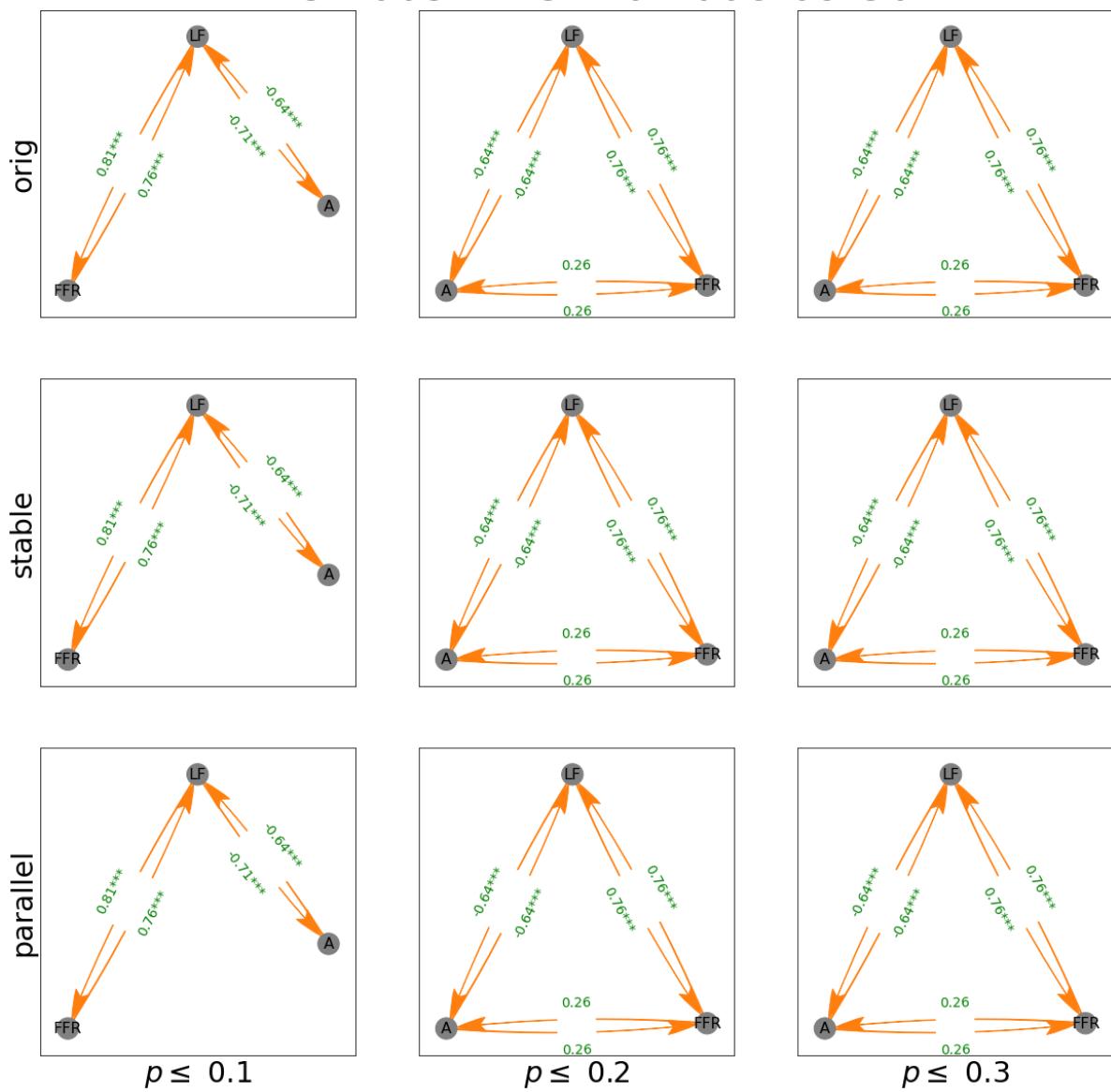
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|     | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

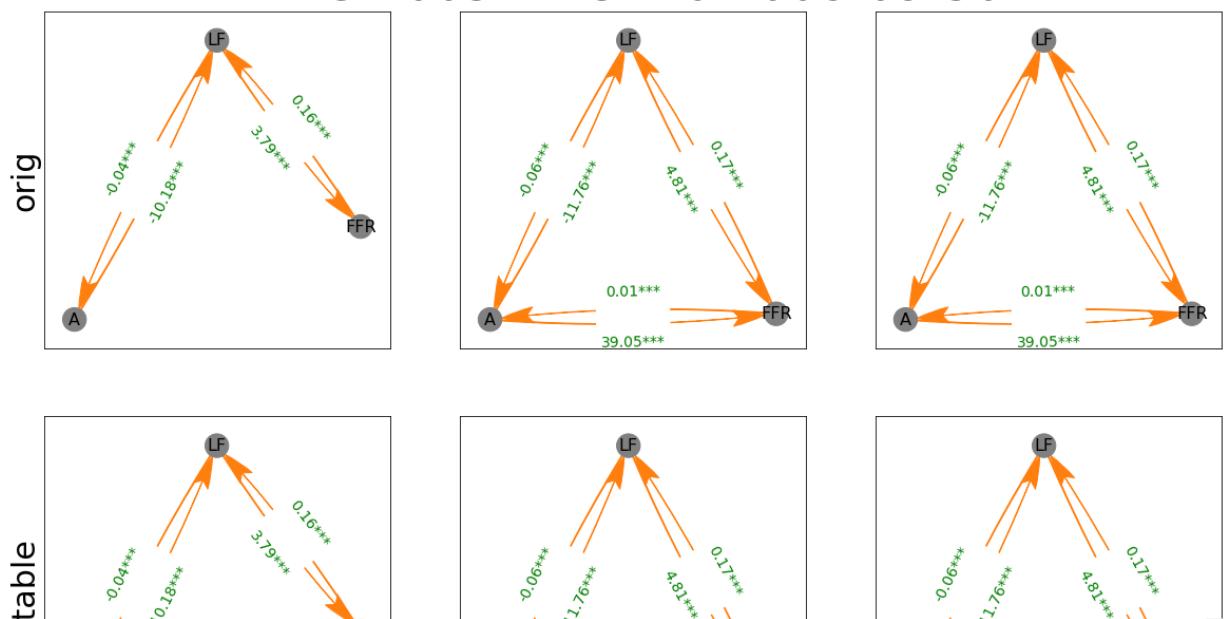
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

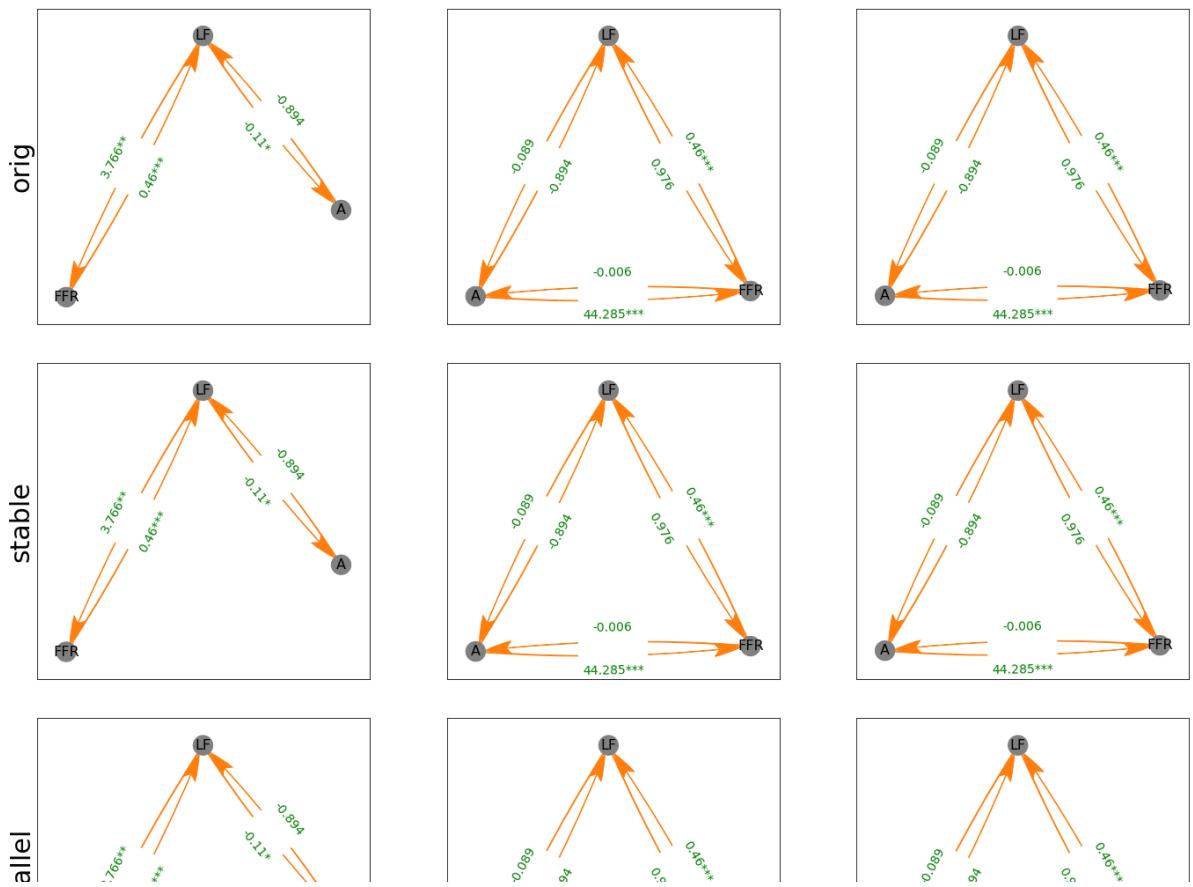


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

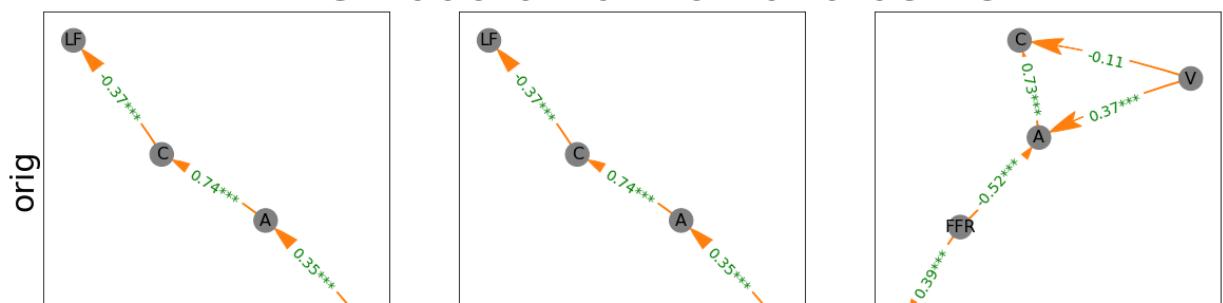


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



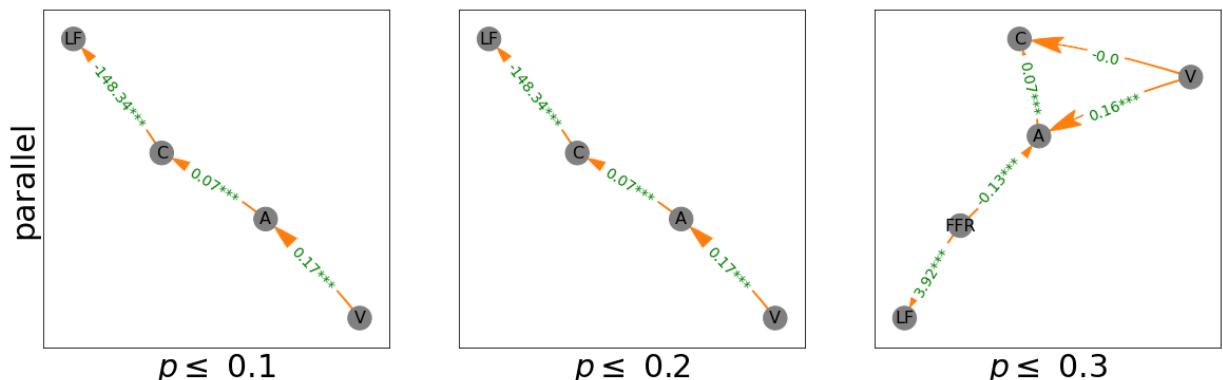
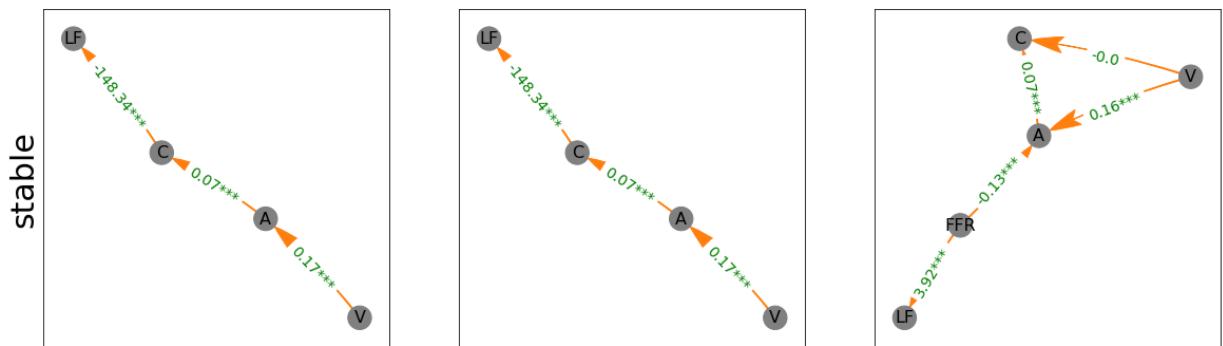
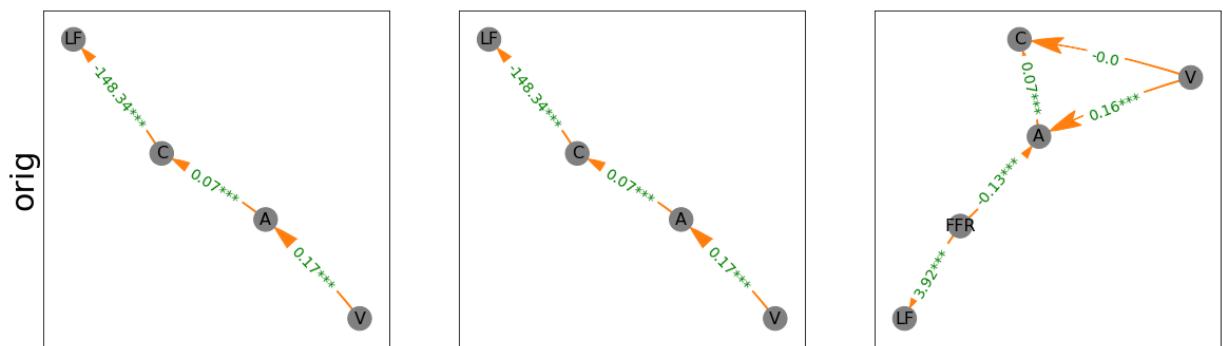
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



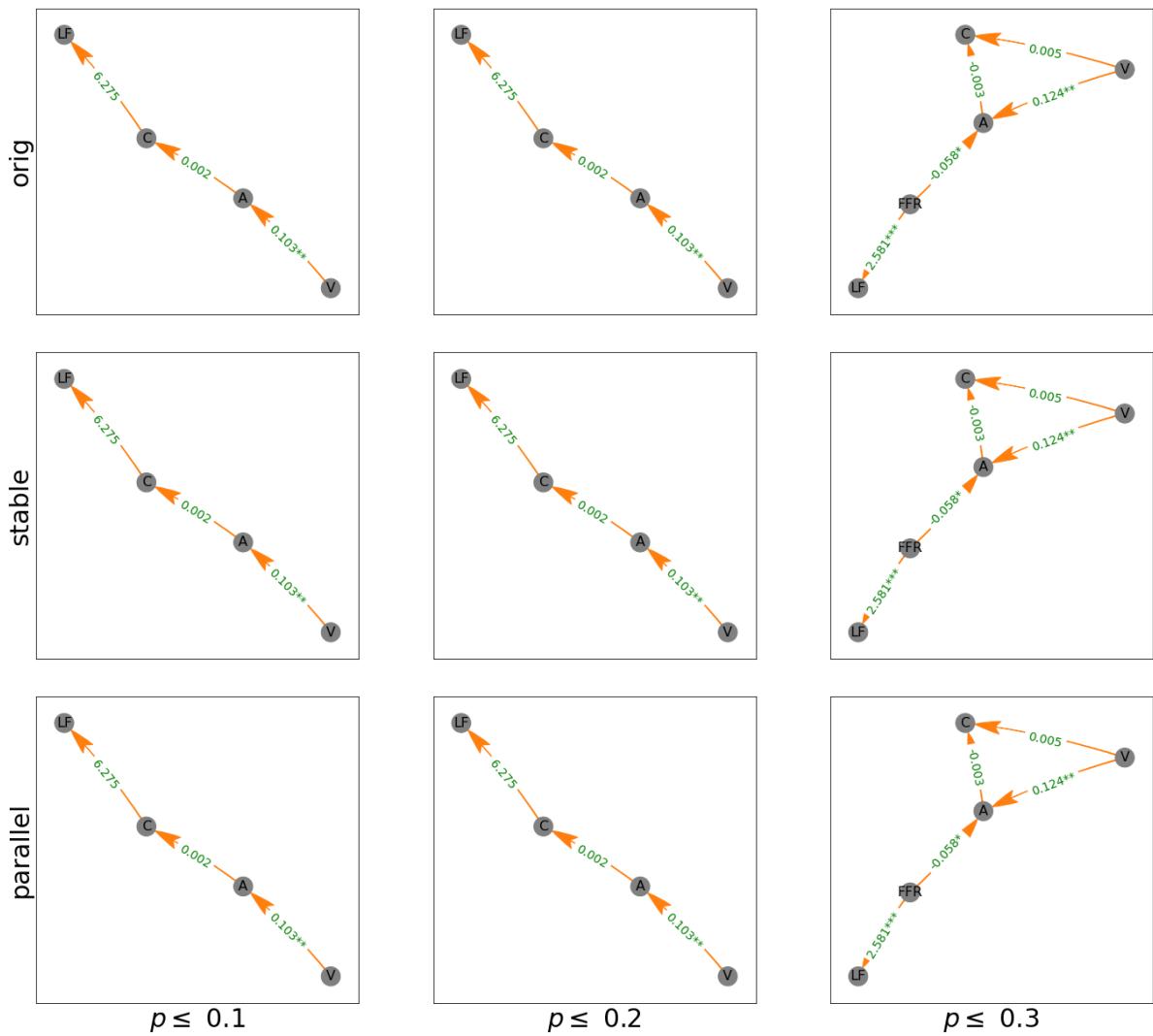
# SUR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28

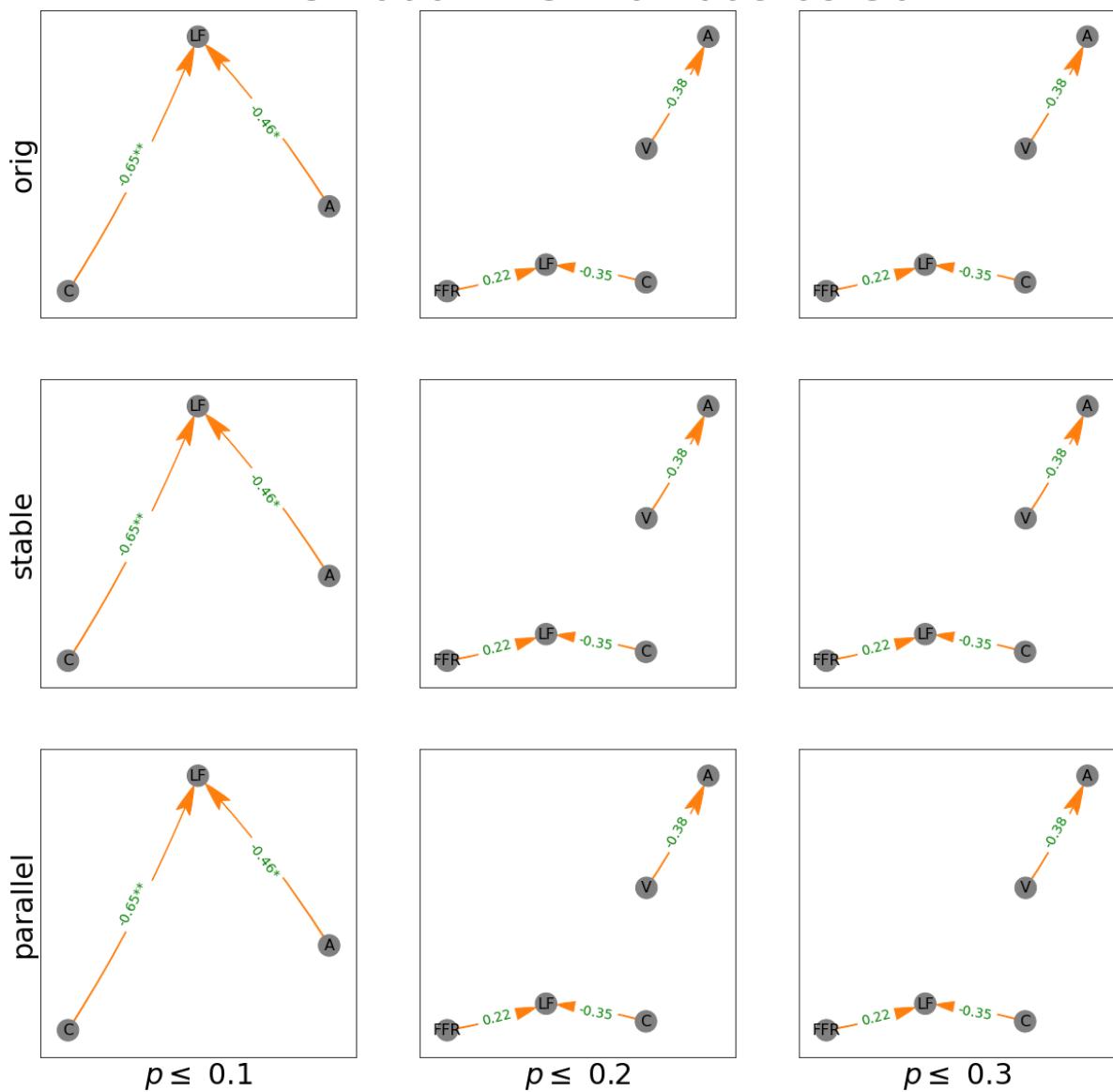
 $p \leq 0.1$  $p \leq 0.2$  $p \leq 0.3$

# VAR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



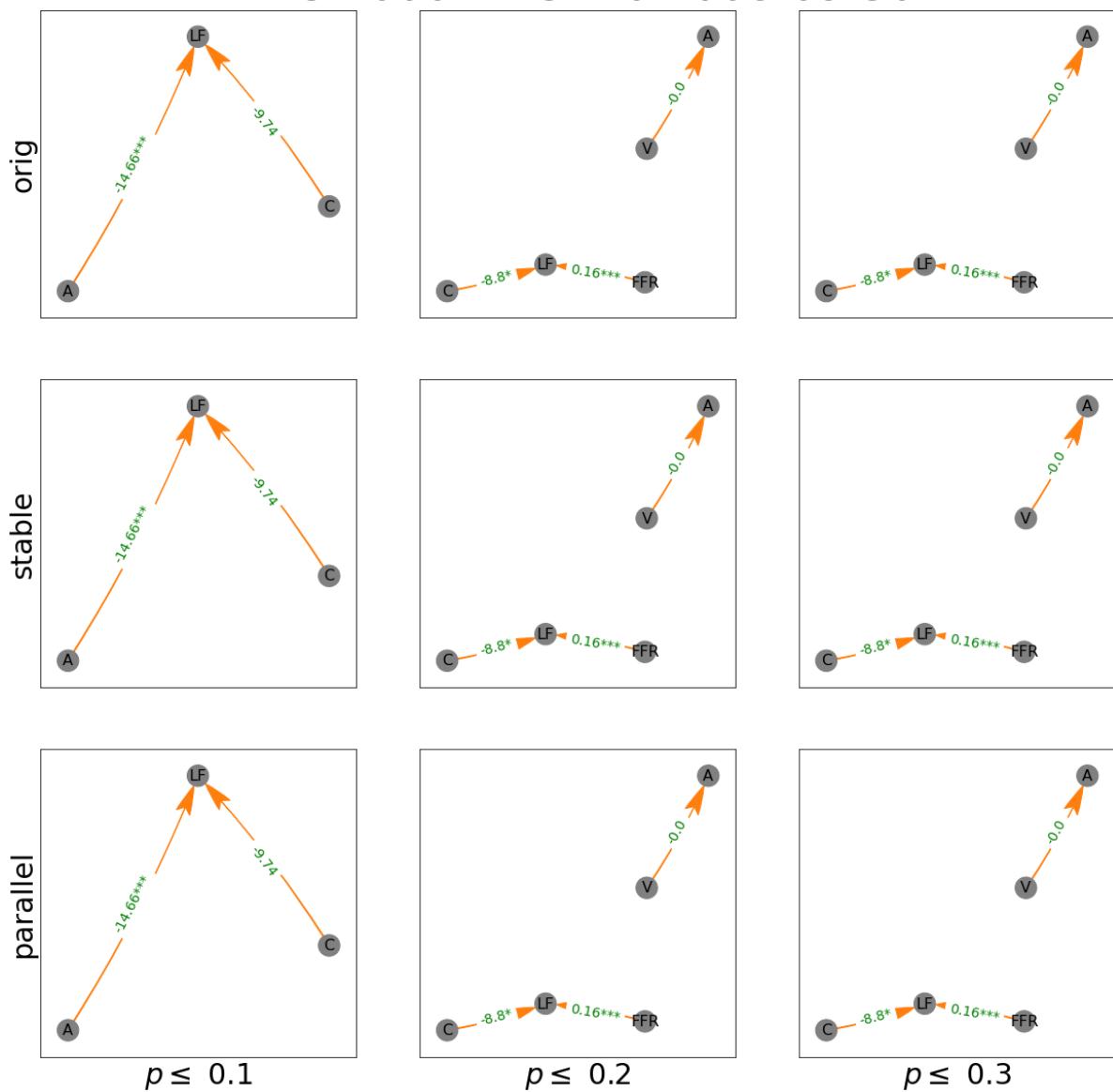
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



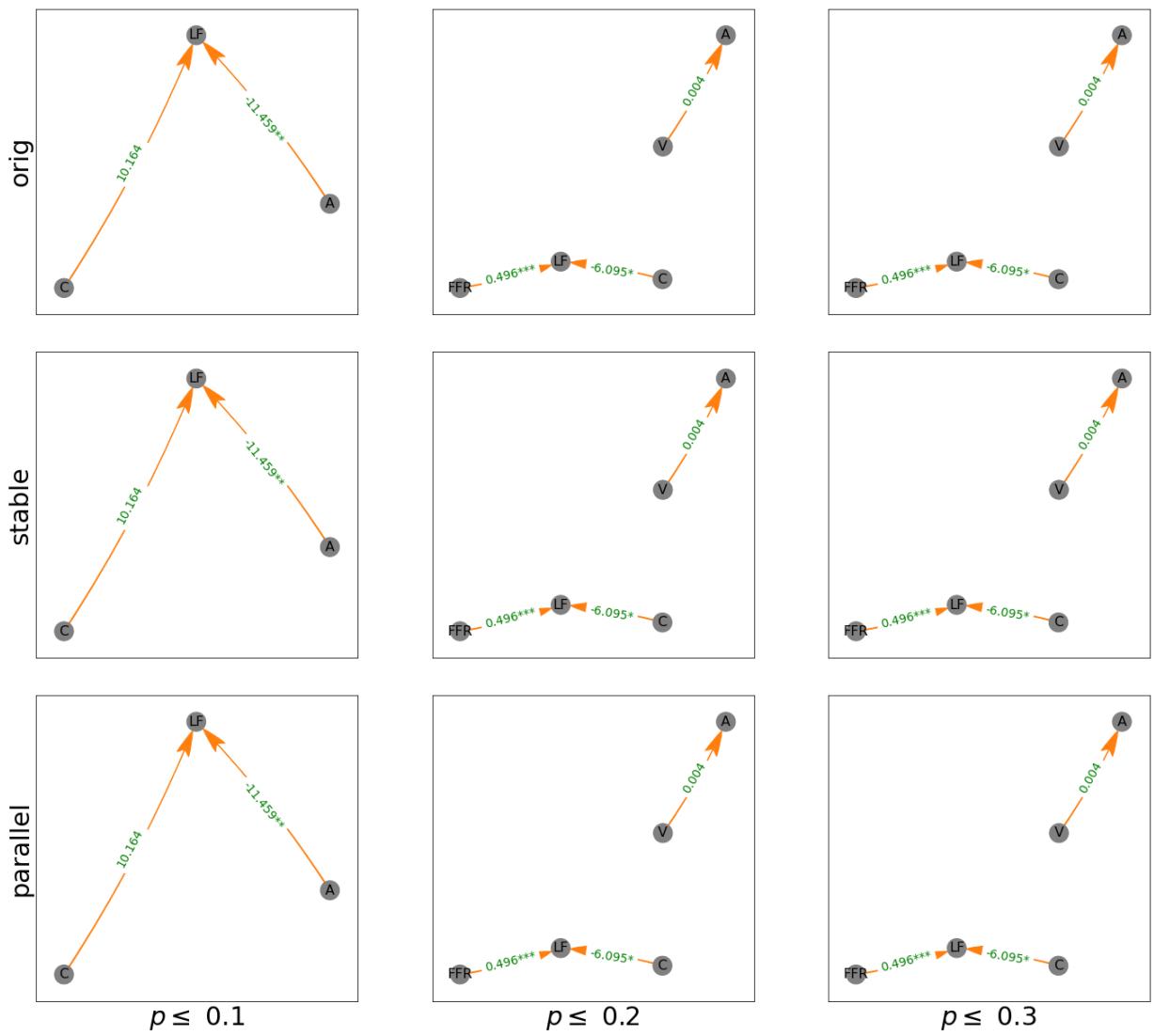
# SUR Estimates

## Diff-in-Diff

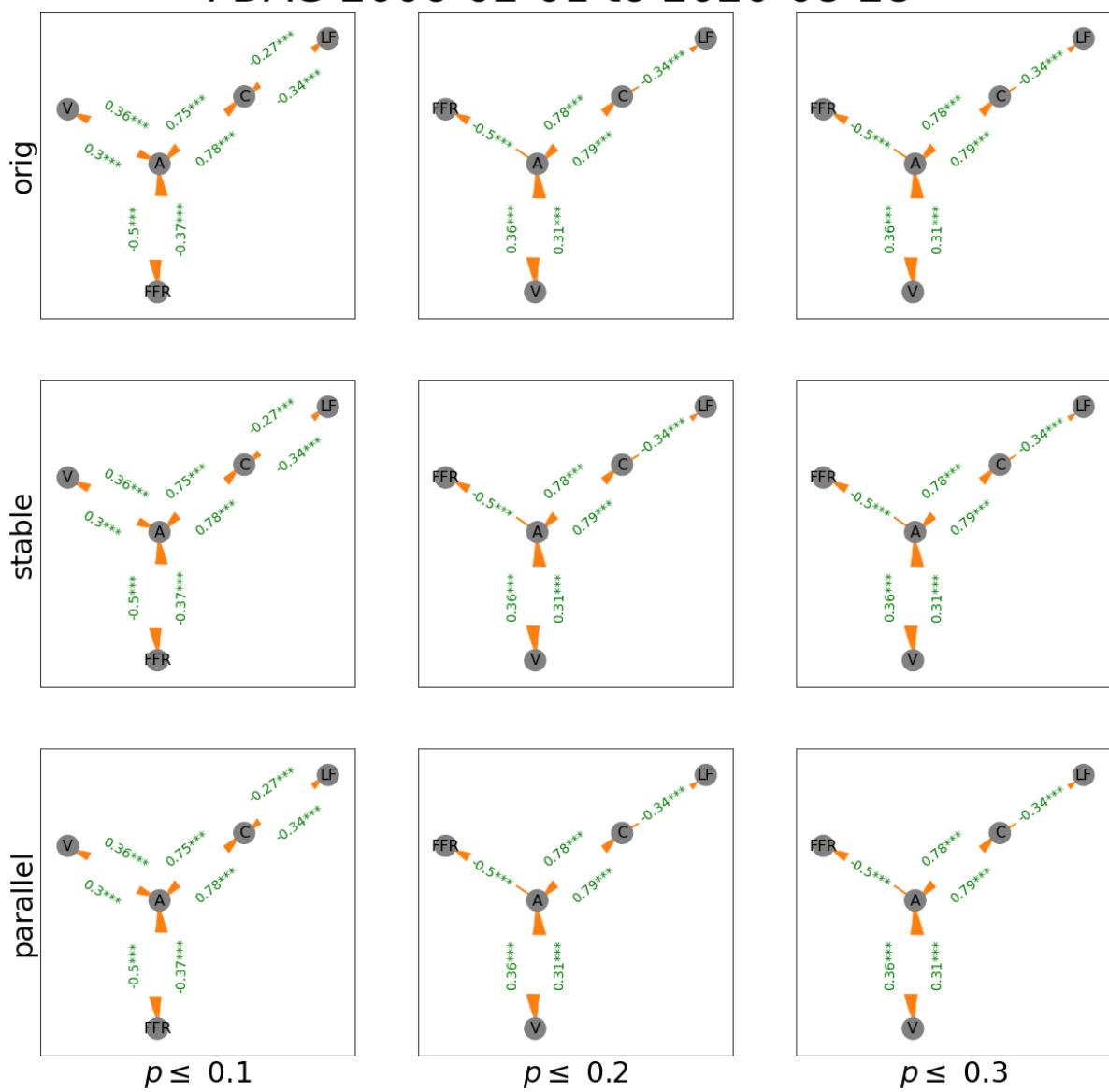
### PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



**VAR Estimates**  
**Diff-in-Diff**  
**PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30**



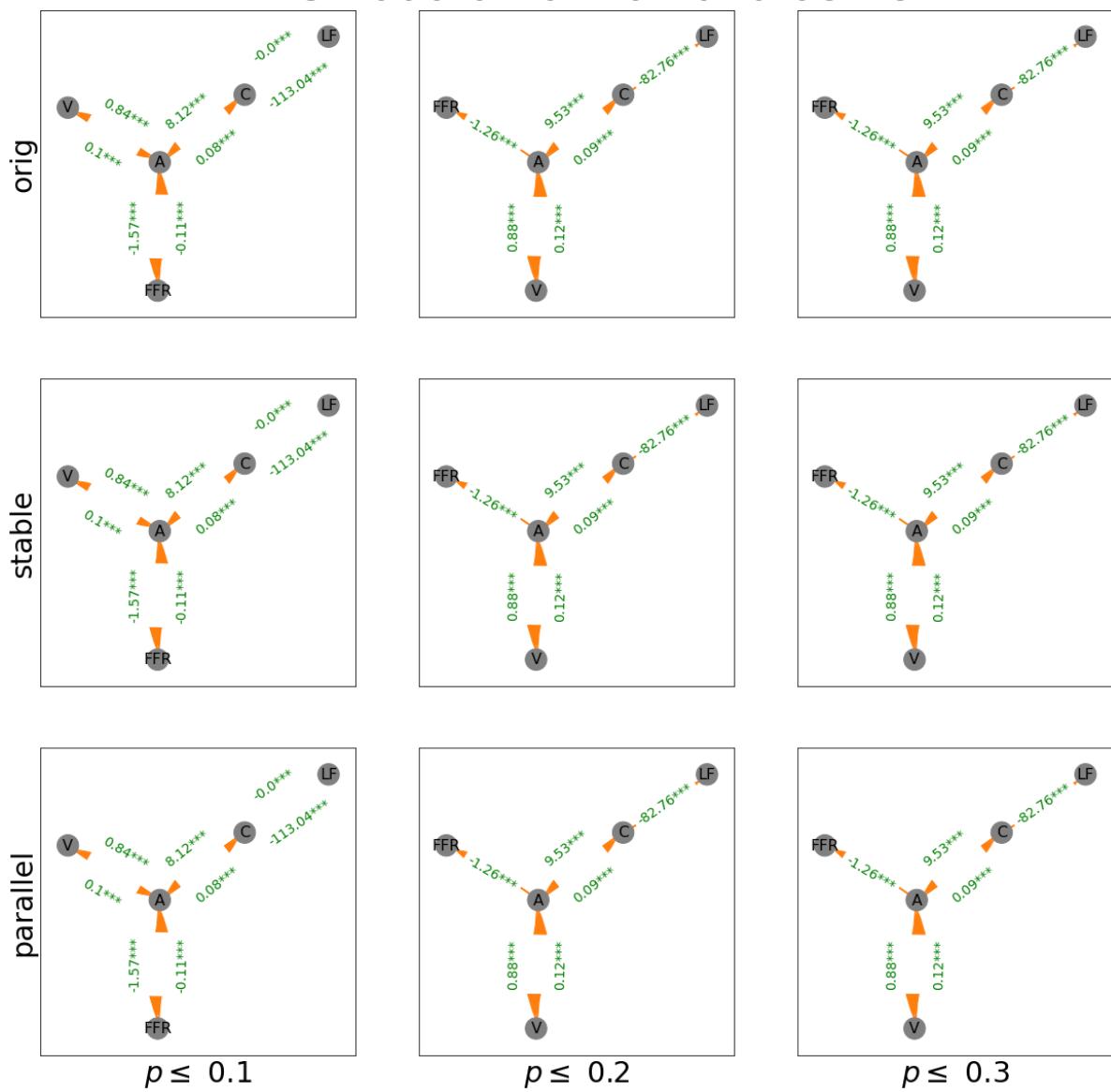
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



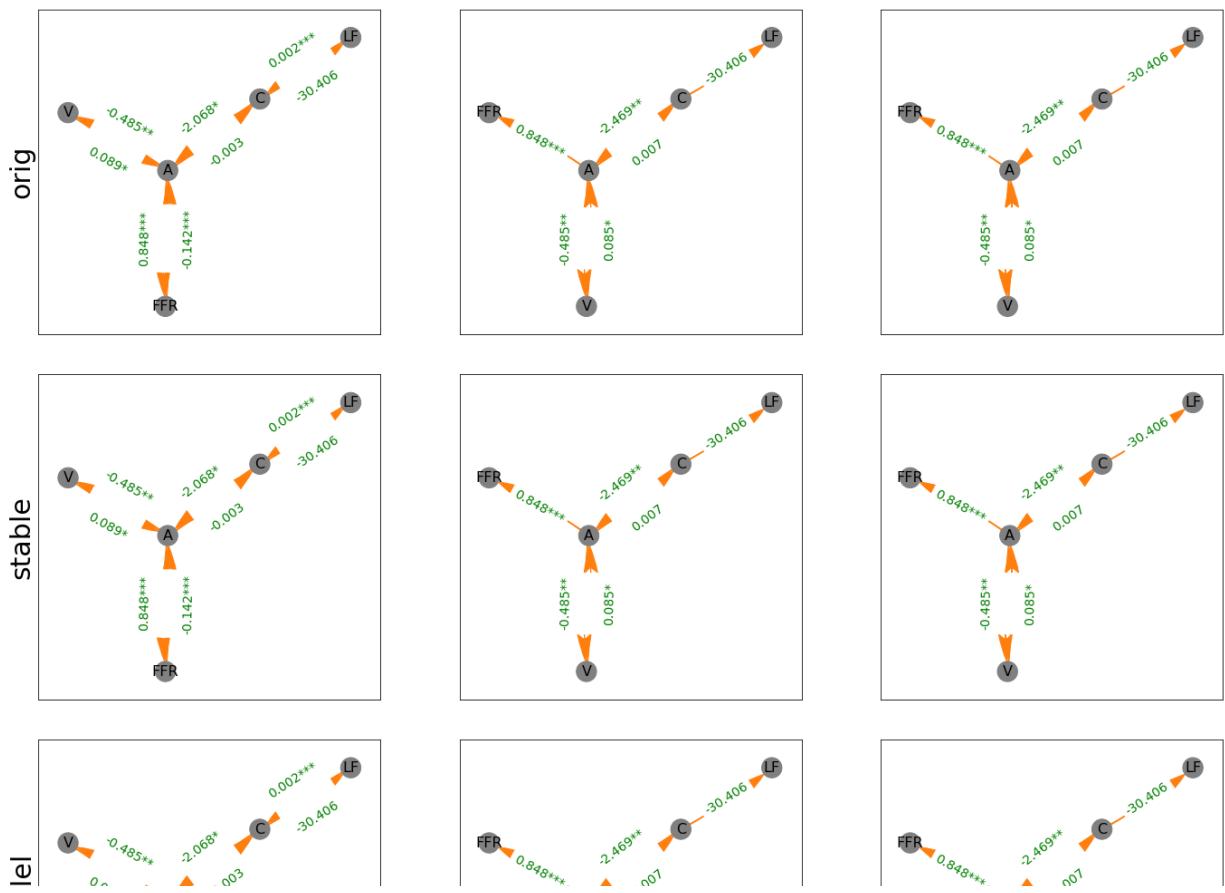
# SUR Estimates

## Diff-in-Diff

### PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



In [8]: #with BOGBASE

```

from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year, 0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:

```

```

i = ""
reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-02-01", "2020-02-28")]
#                   ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
#                   (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start + " to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_1_
                                         # construct graphs with PC labels
                                         graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                                                    dag_df[sig][variant],
                                                    title = "",
                                                    fig = fig,
                                                    ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]

```

```

# identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to detect
# additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

# filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c)
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

```

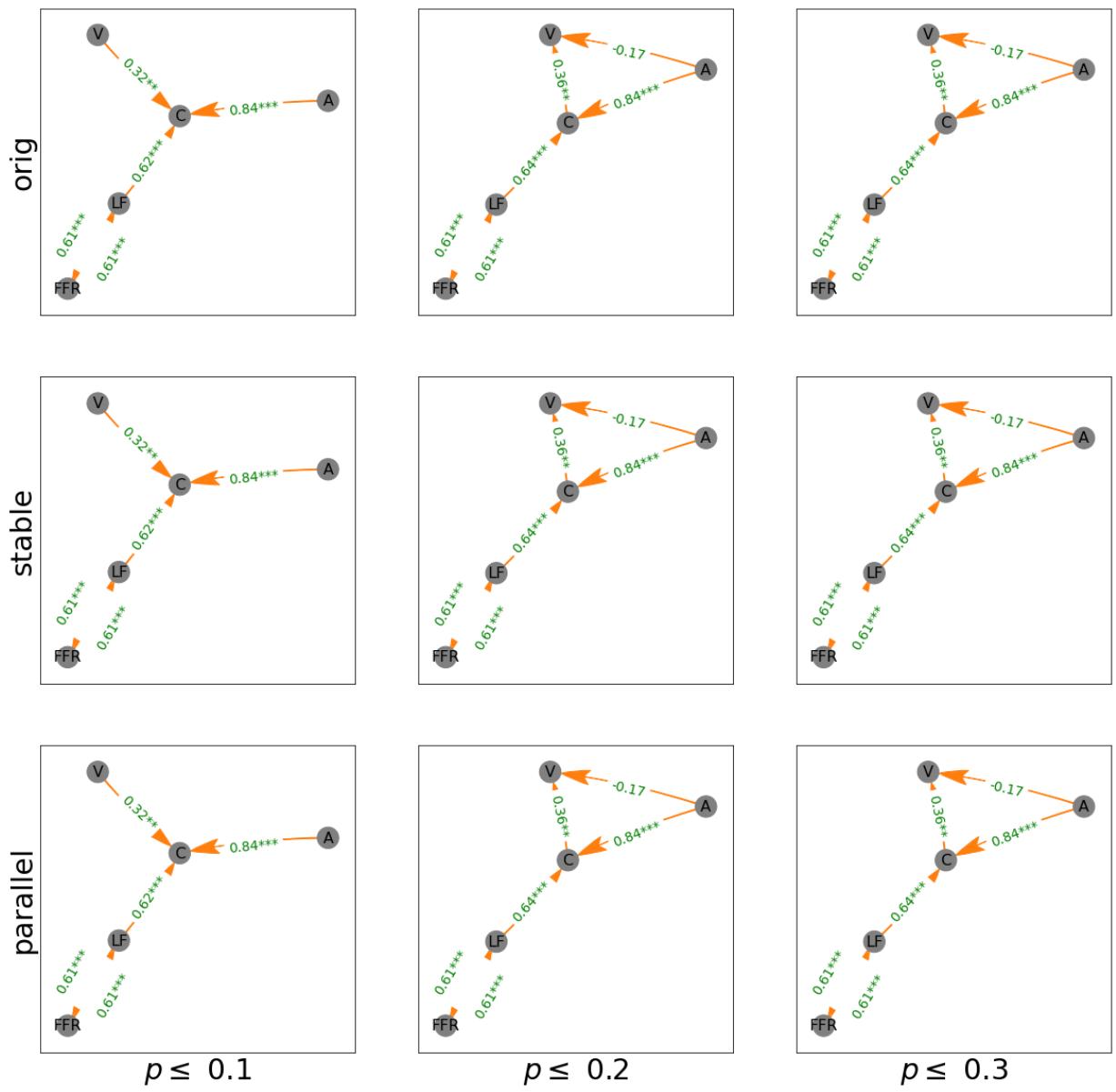
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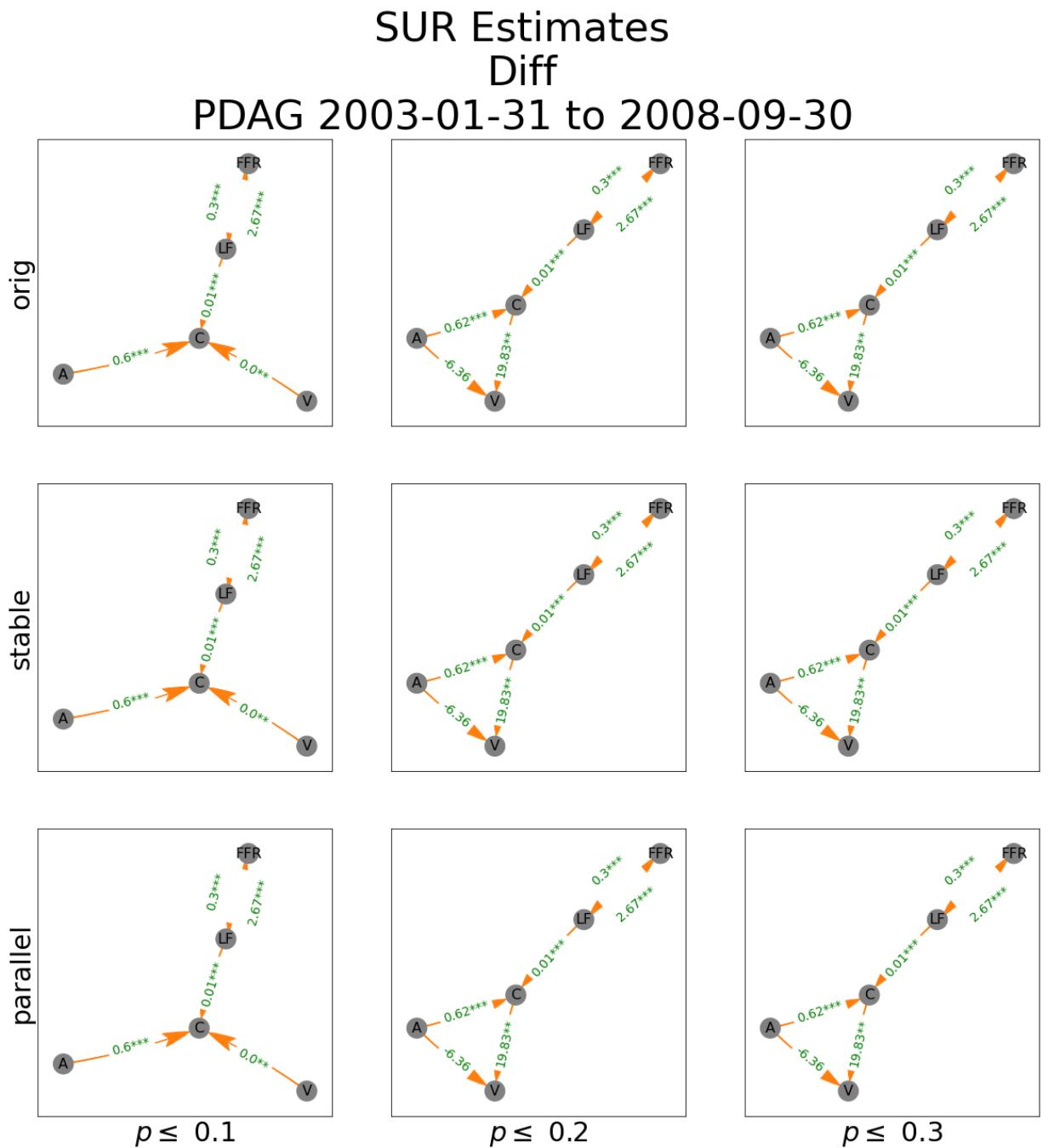
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variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 6.30it/s]
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variables: 3: 100%	
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variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 11.93it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
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variables: 3: 100%	

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  Working for n conditional		 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 9.97it/s]
variables: 3: 100%		
  Working for n conditional		 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 14.81it/s]
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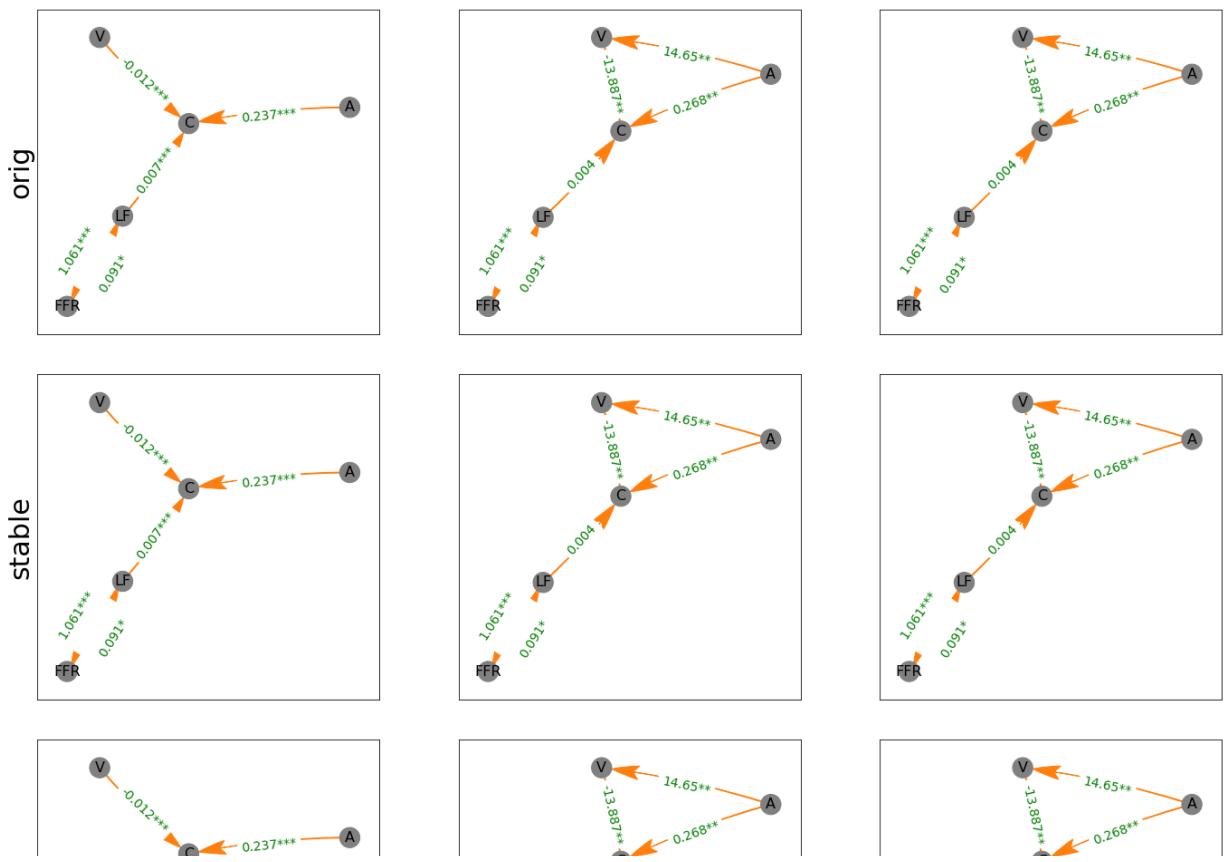
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2003-01-31 to 2008-09-30



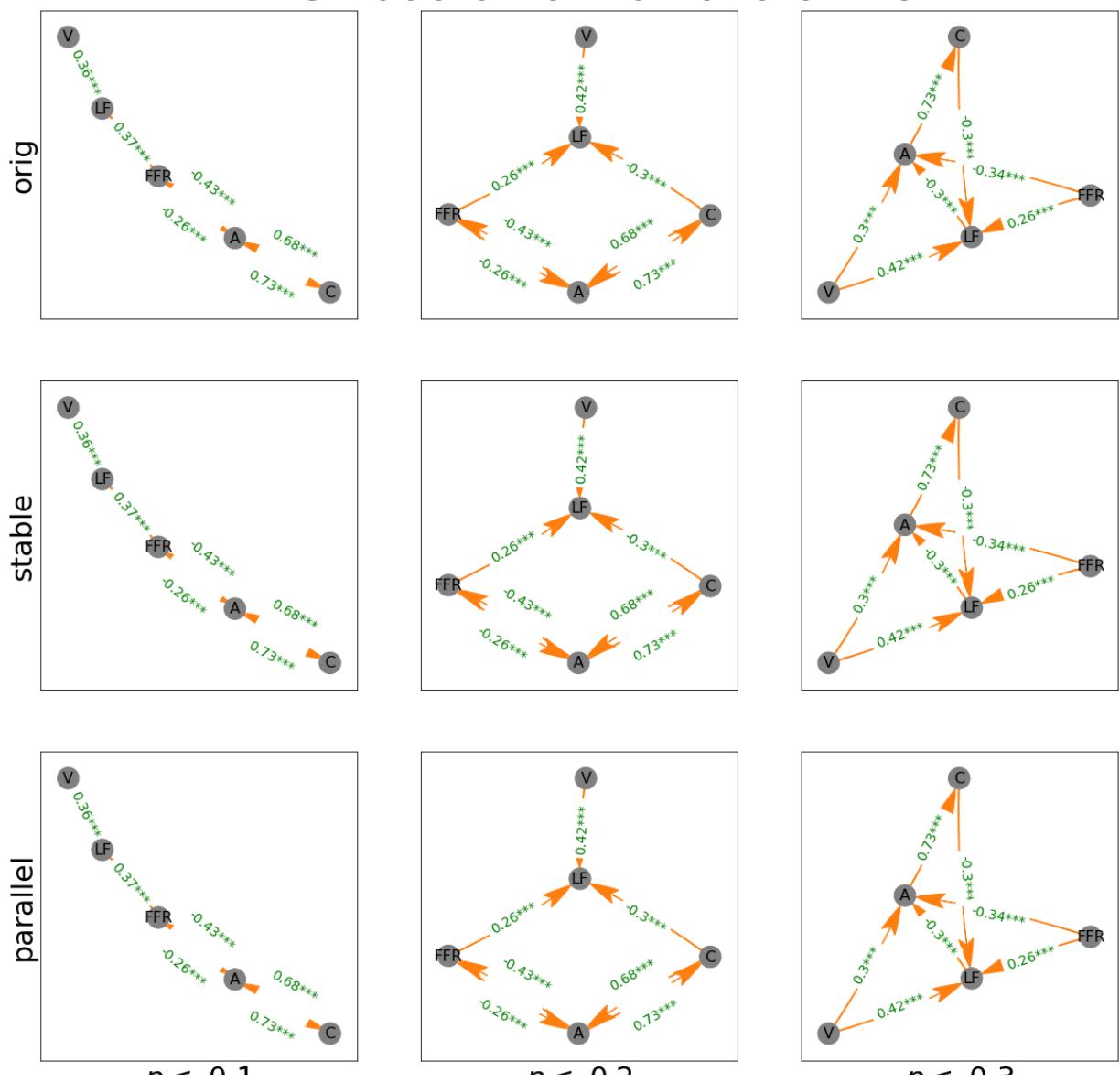


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2003-01-31 to 2008-09-30



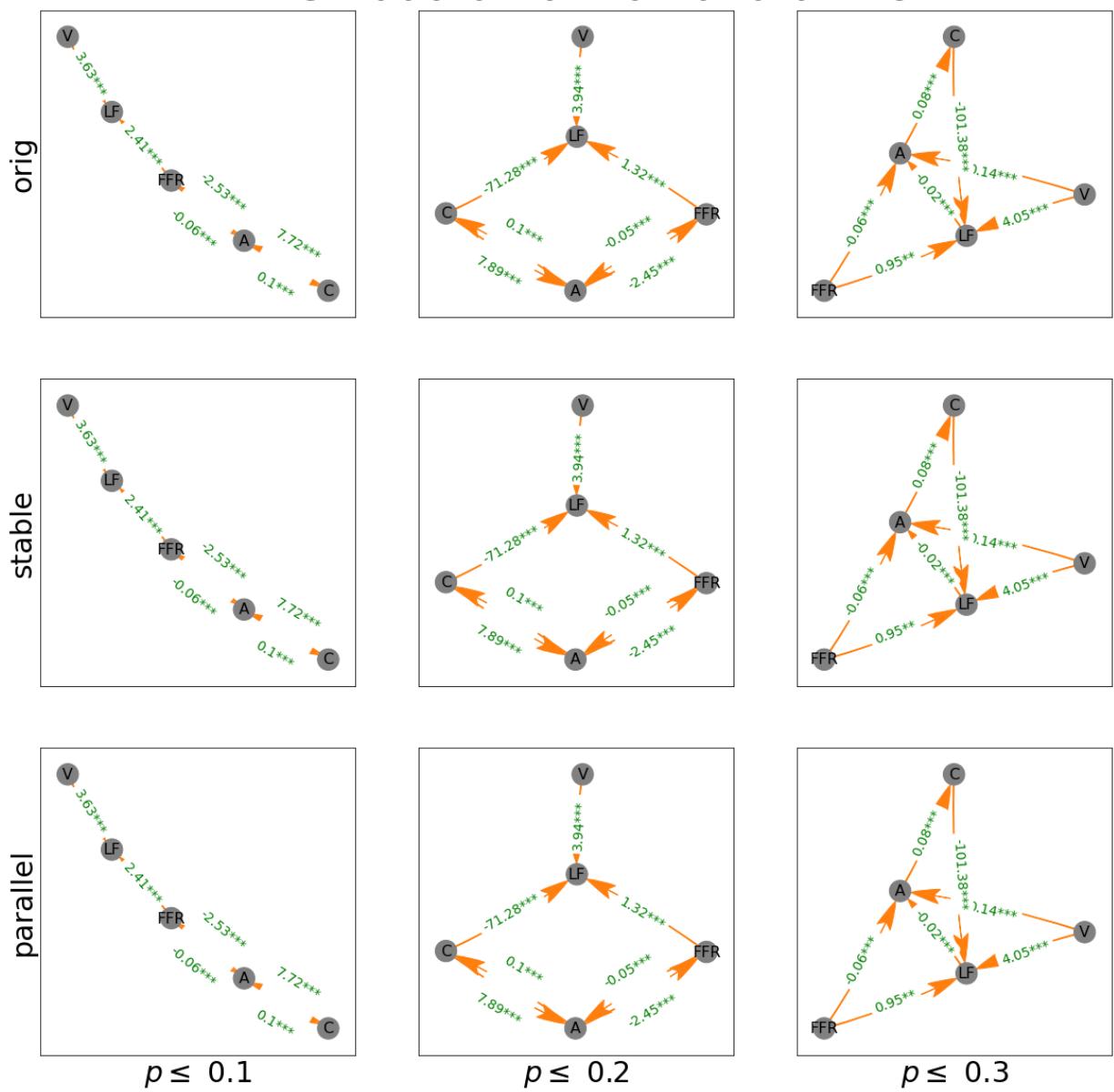
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28

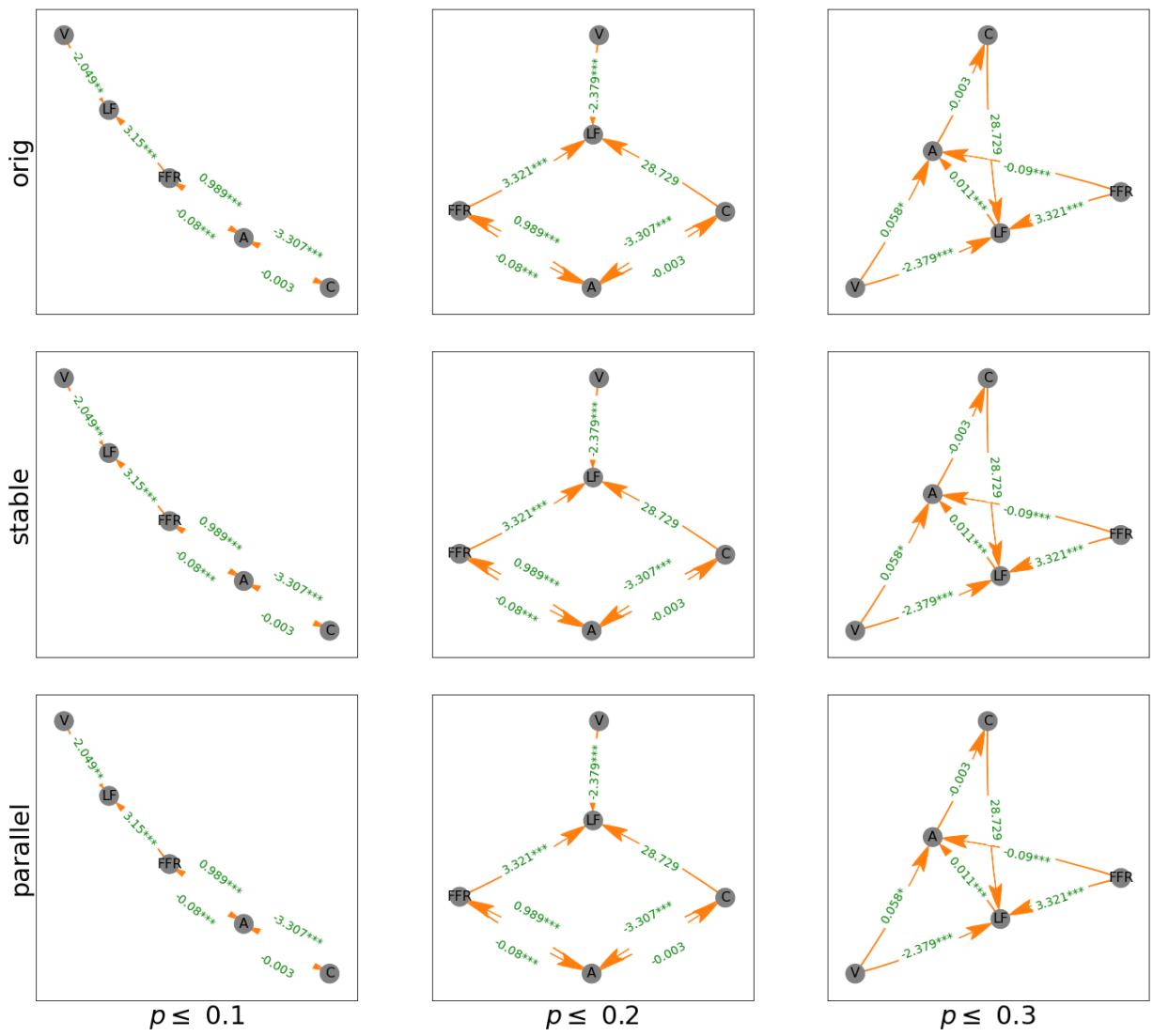


# SUR Estimates Diff

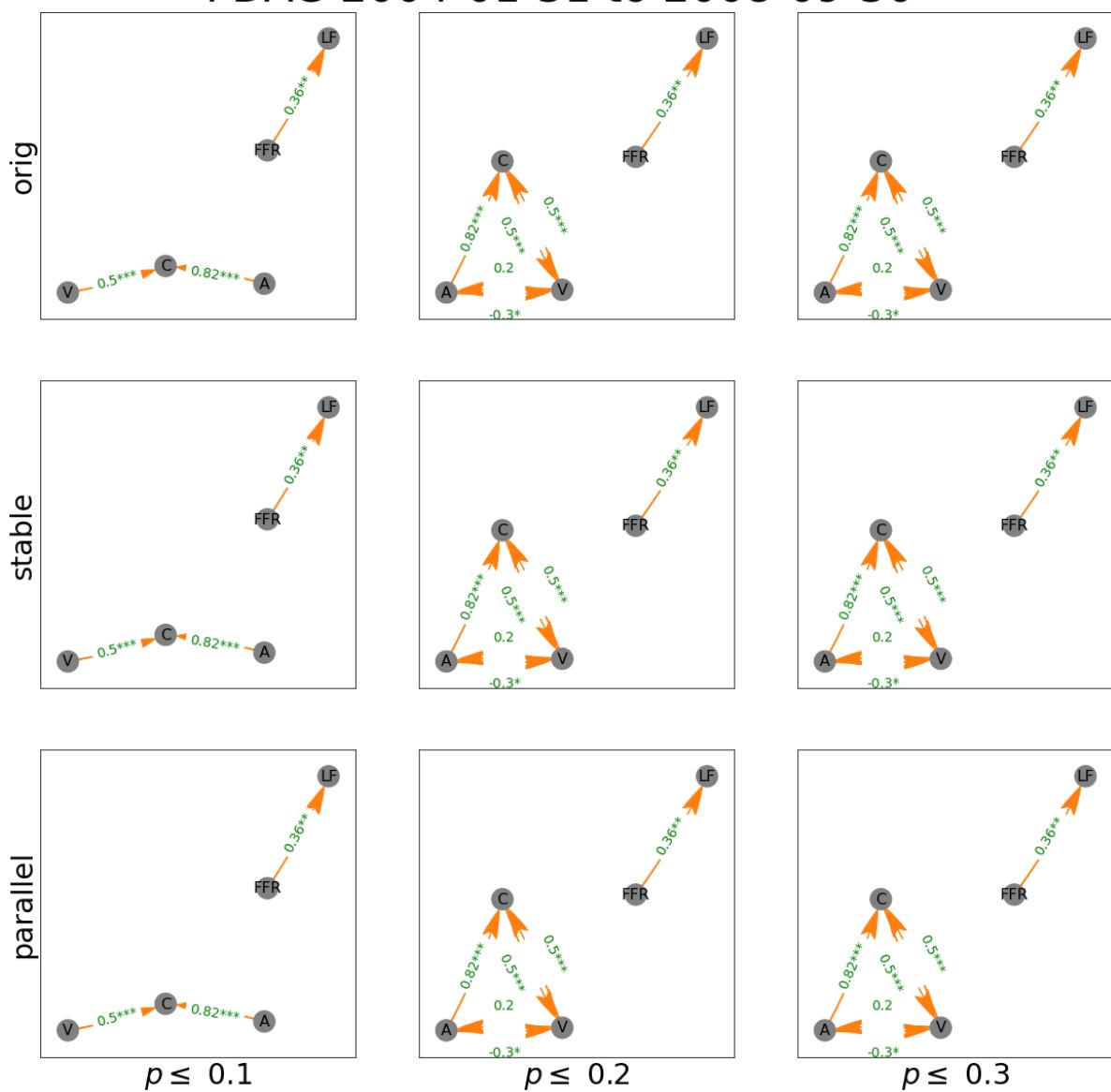
## PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28

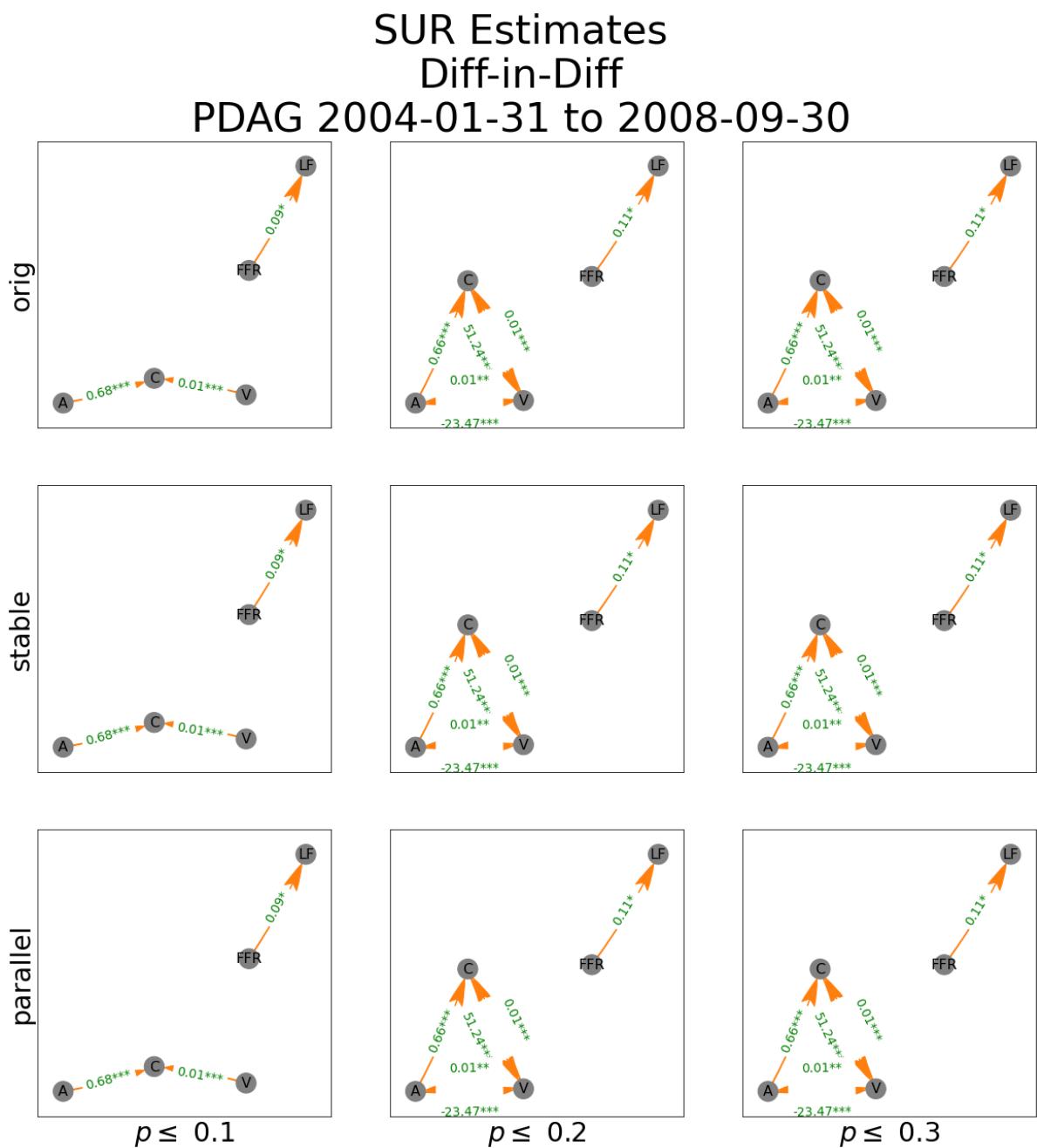


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



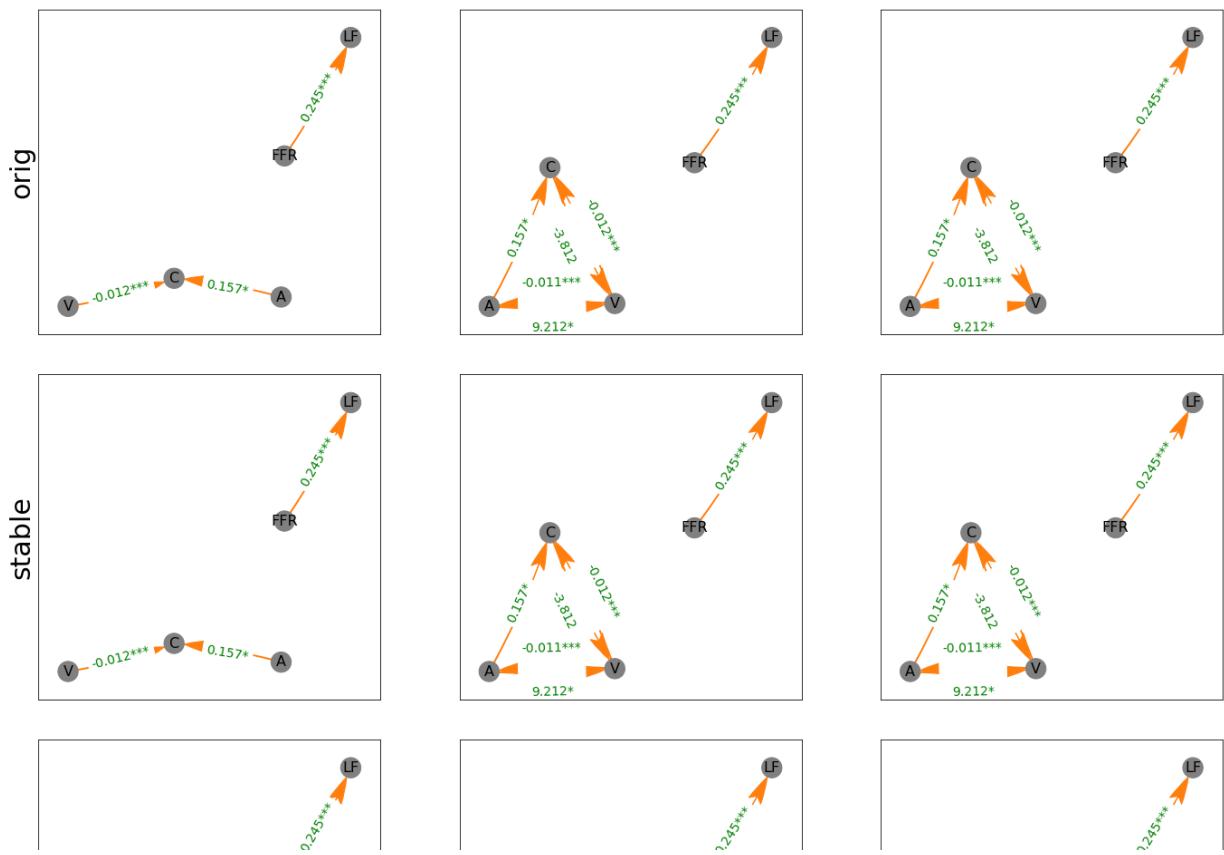
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2004-01-31 to 2008-09-30



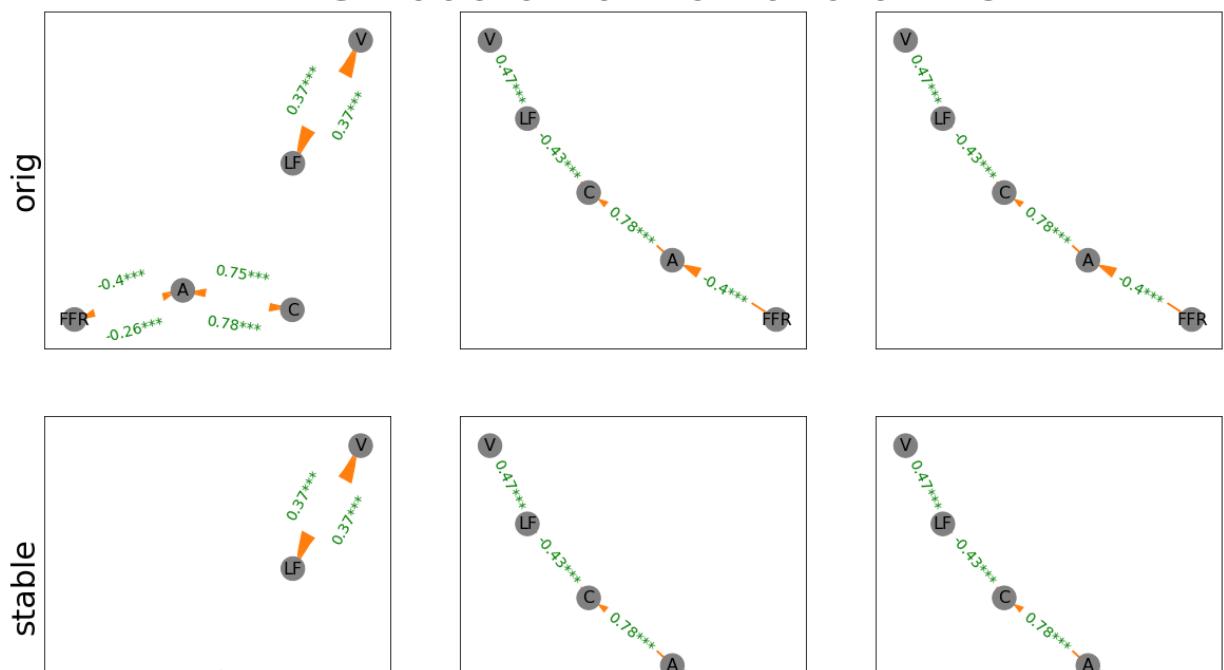




**VAR Estimates**  
**Diff-in-Diff**  
**PDAG 2004-01-31 to 2008-09-30**

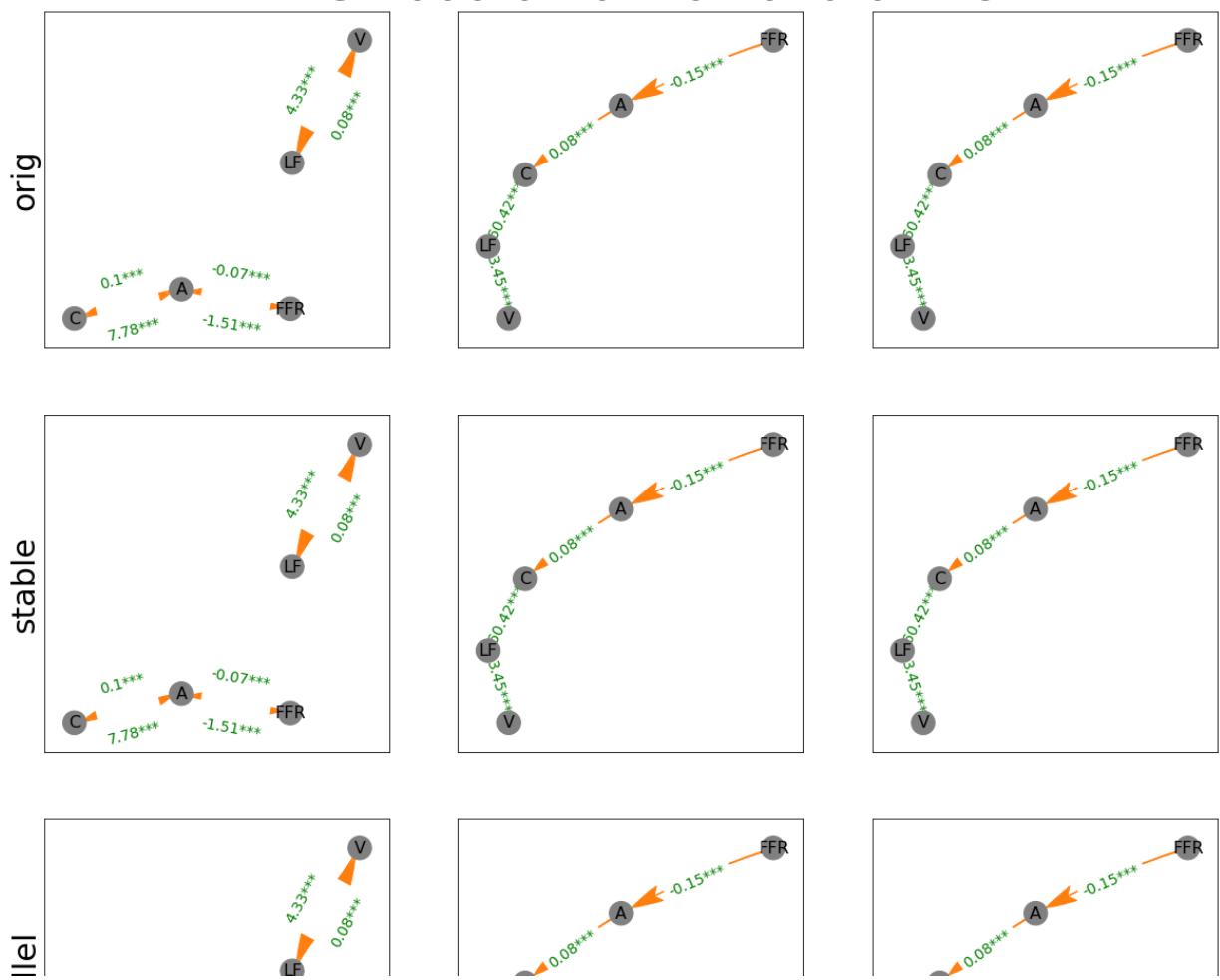


# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28

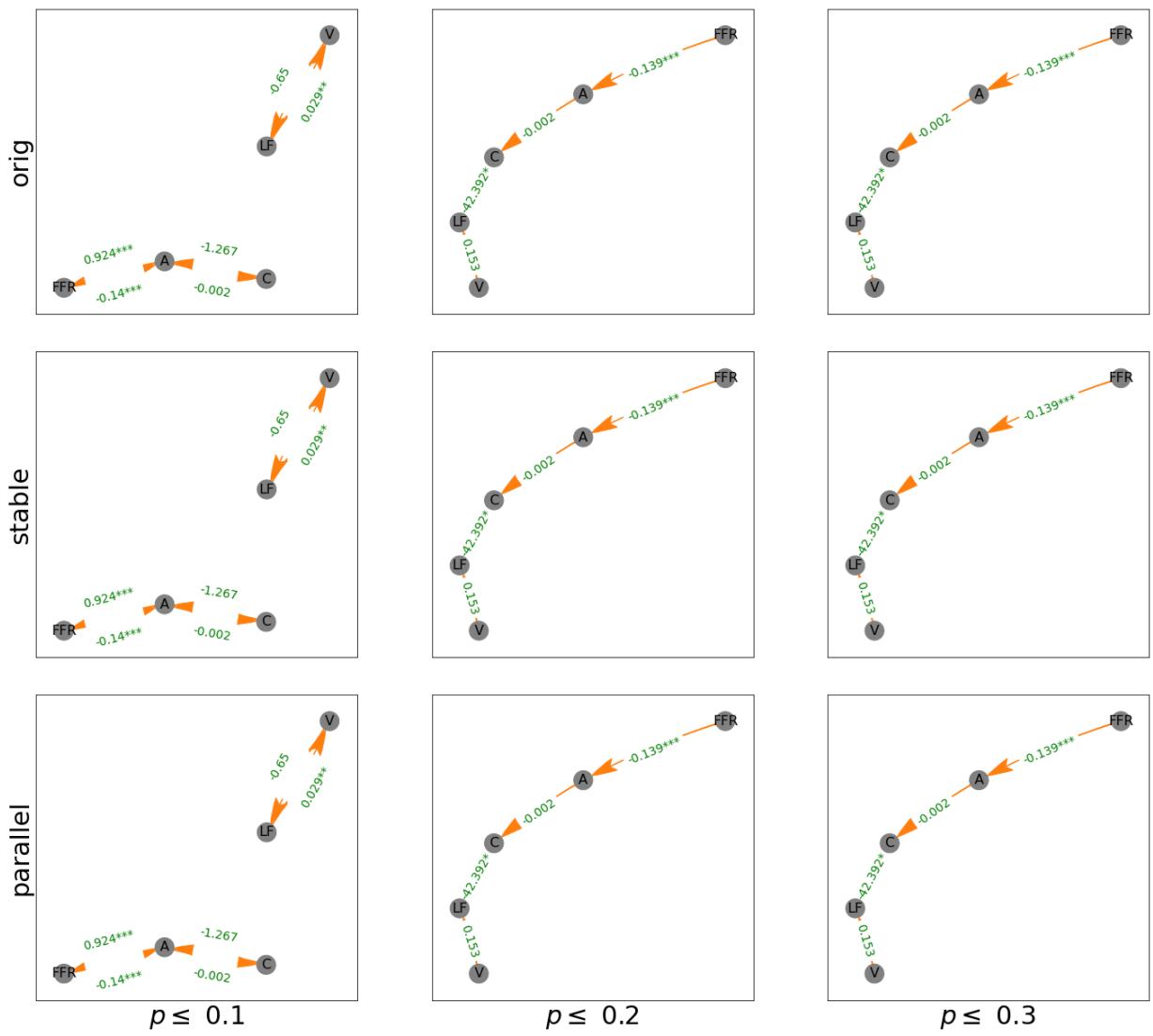


# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



In [9]: #with BOGBASE

```

from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year, 0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.05, 0.1, 0.2]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:

```

```

i = ""
reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-02-01", "2020-02-28")]
#                   ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
#                   (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start + " to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_1_
                                         # construct graphs with PC labels
                                         graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                                                    dag_df[sig][variant],
                                                    title = "",
                                                    fig = fig,
                                                    ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]

```

```

# identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to detect
# additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR c
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

# filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

```

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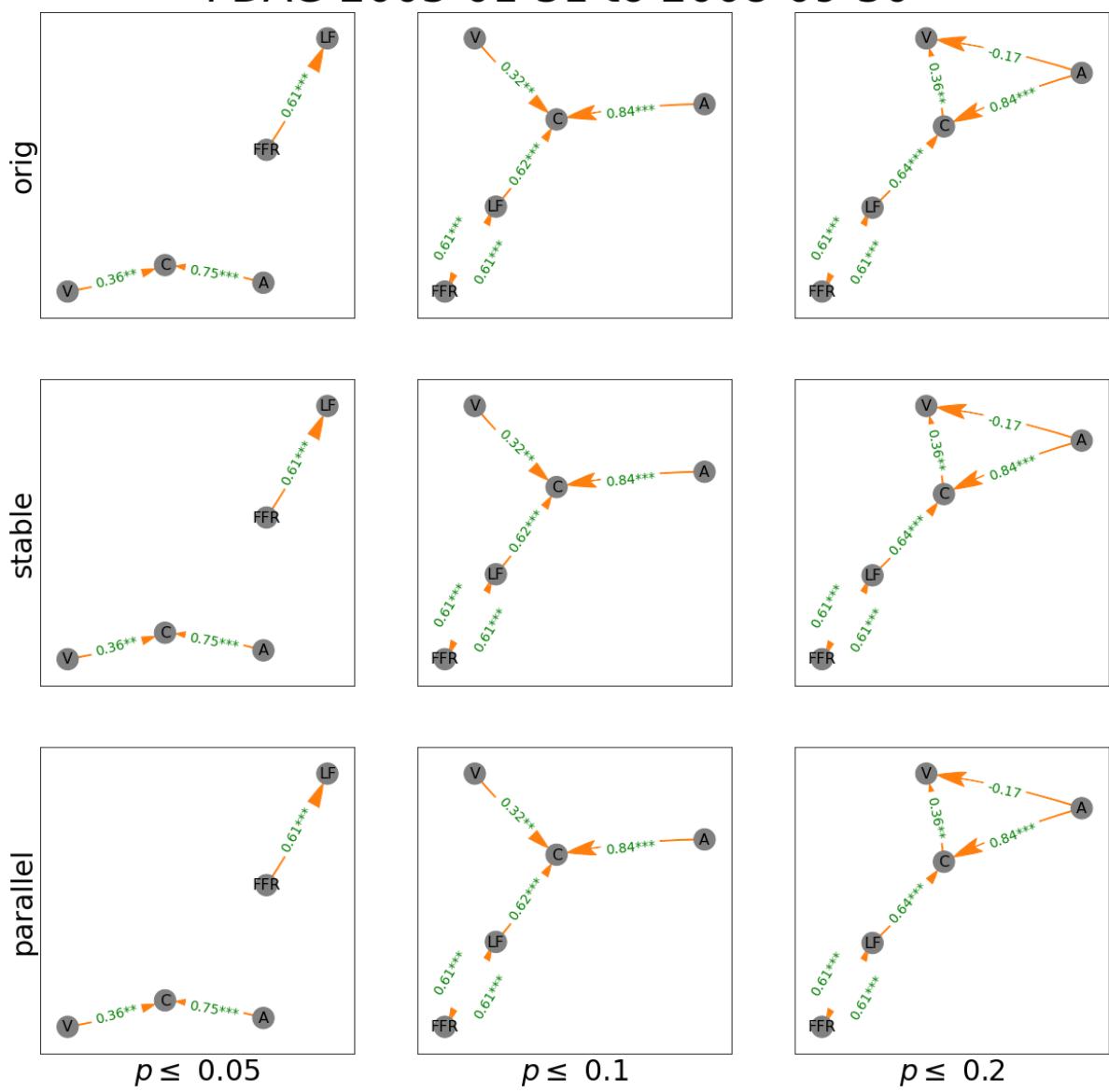
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variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 8.40it/s]
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⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 6.59it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 15.22it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00,

variables: 3: 100%	16.16it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 13.89it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 11.91it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 17.82it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 8.78it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 18.29it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 16.67it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 16.00it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 11.36it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 7.14it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 8.90it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 11.16it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 10.67it/s]
variables: 3: 100%	

⌚⌚ Working for n conditional variables: 3: 100%	⌚⌚	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 9.14it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional variables: 3: 100%	⌚⌚	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 10.67it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional variables: 3: 100%	⌚⌚	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 7.11it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional variables: 3: 100%	⌚⌚	⌚⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 6.74it/s]

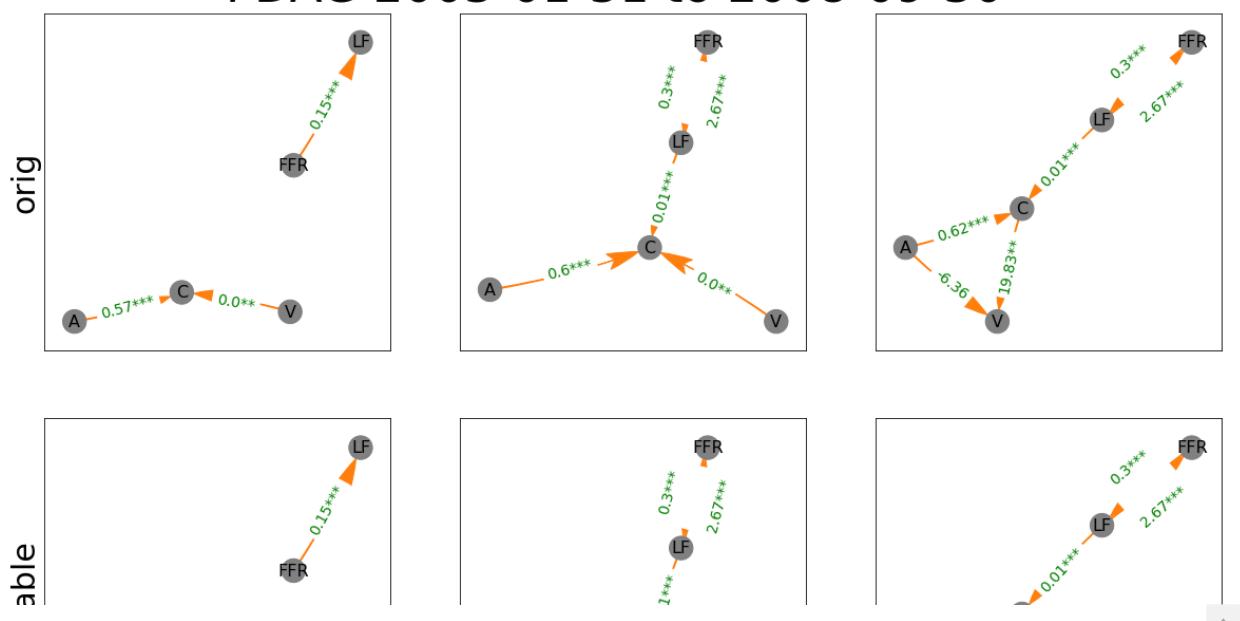
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2003-01-31 to 2008-09-30



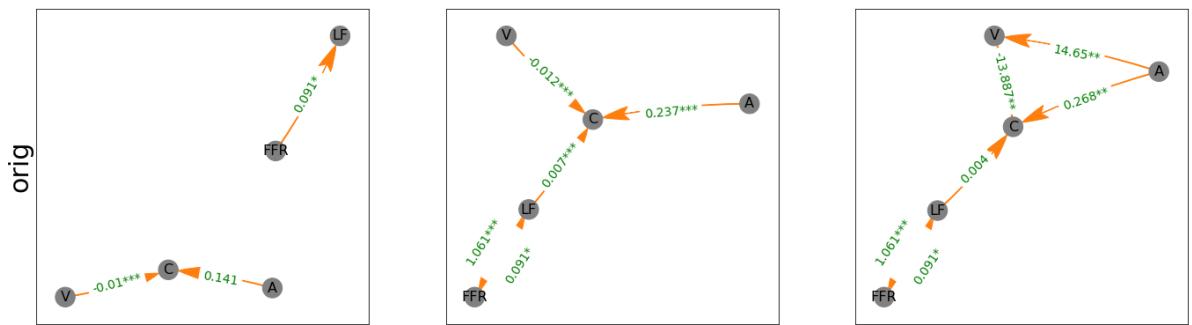
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2003-01-31 to 2008-09-30



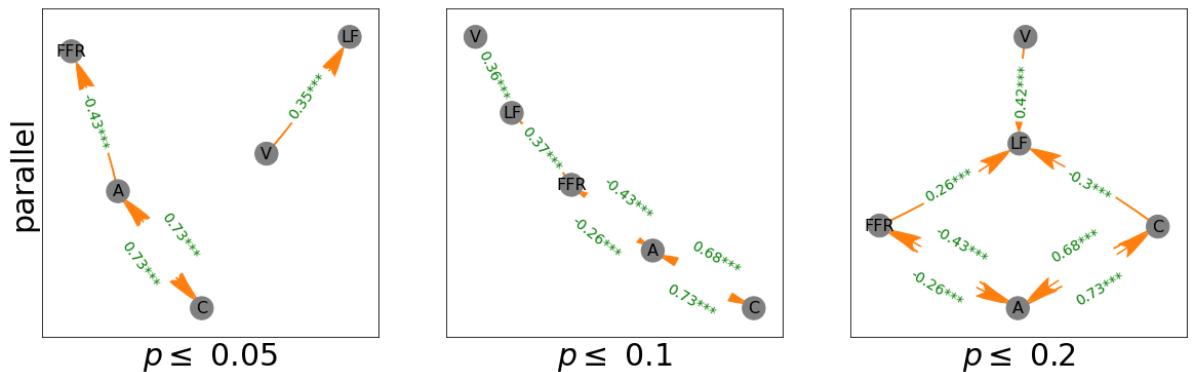
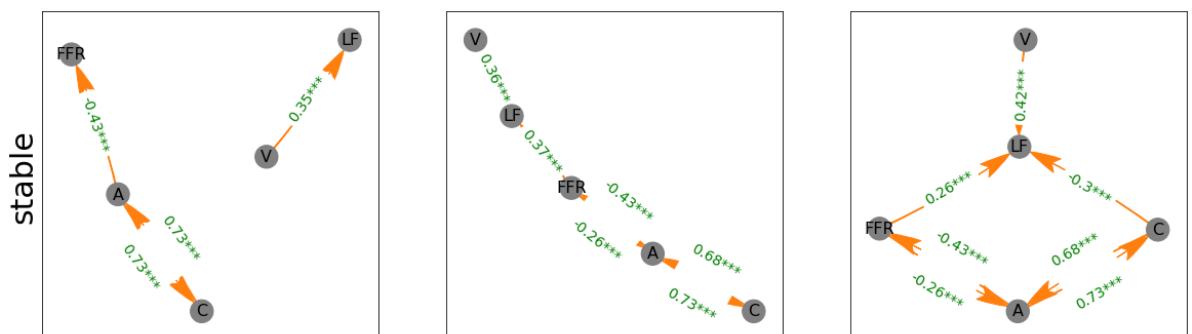
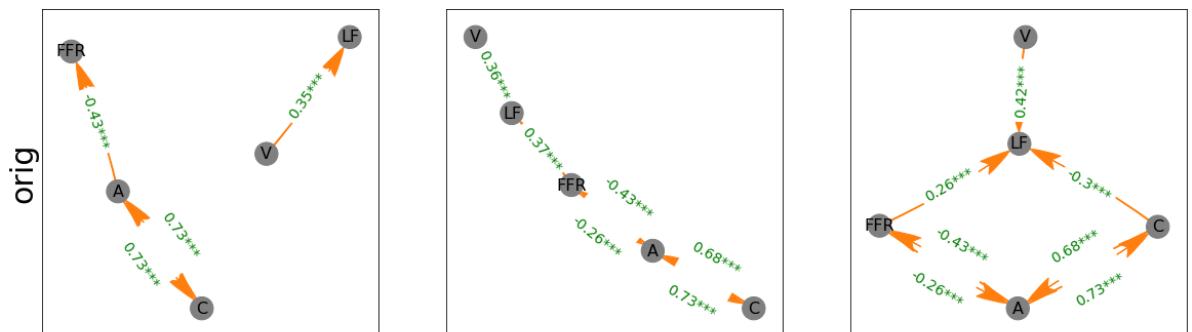
# VAR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2003-01-31 to 2008-09-30



# DAG Estimates Diff

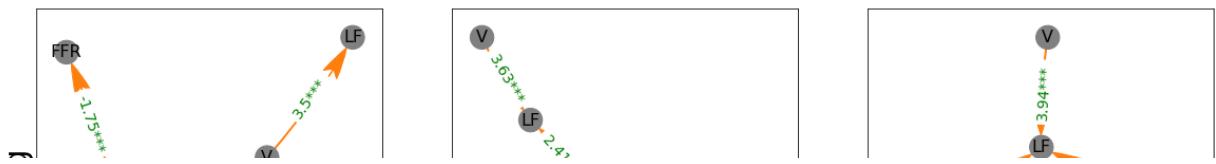
PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28

 $p \leq 0.05$  $p \leq 0.1$  $p \leq 0.2$



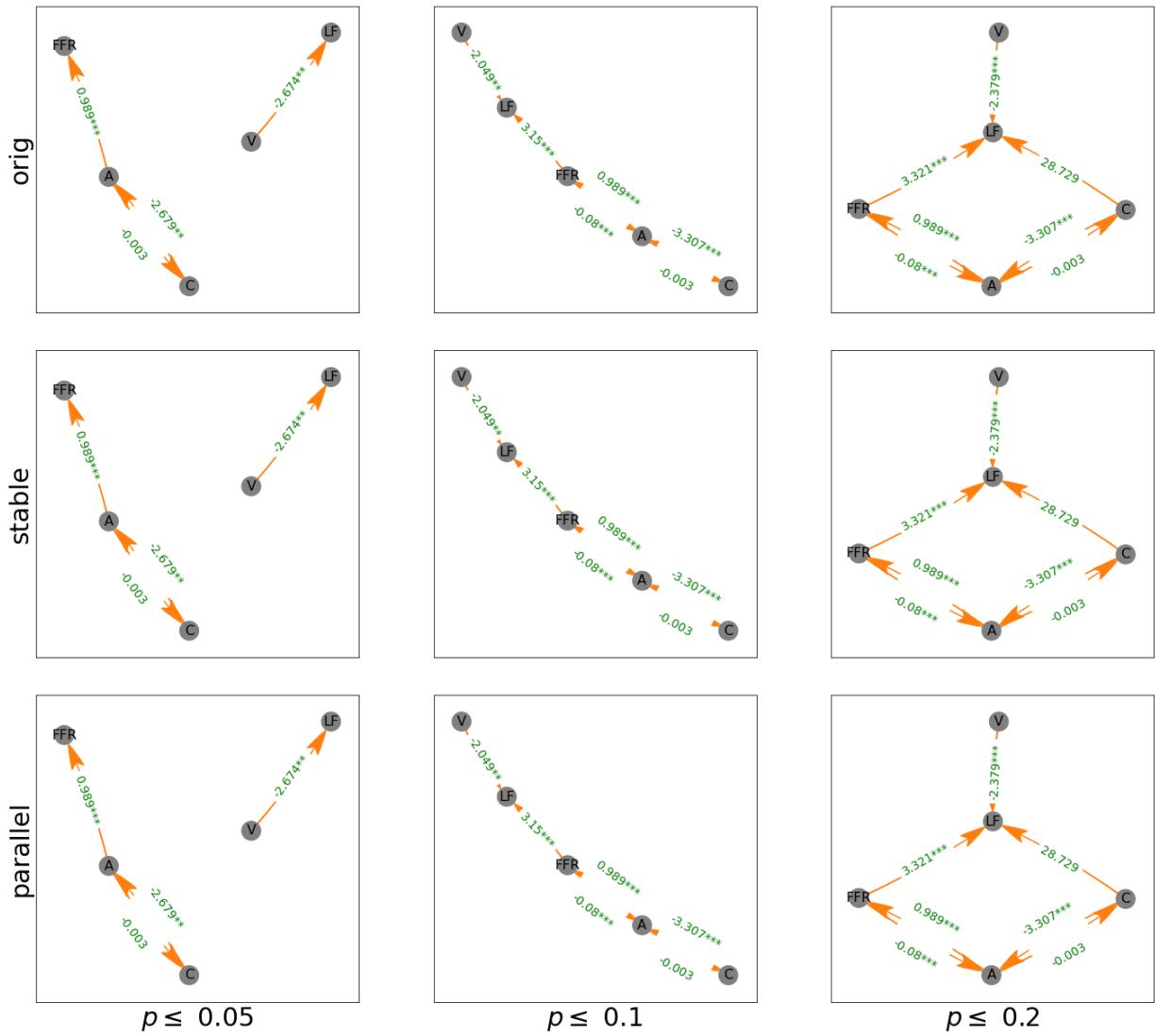
# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28

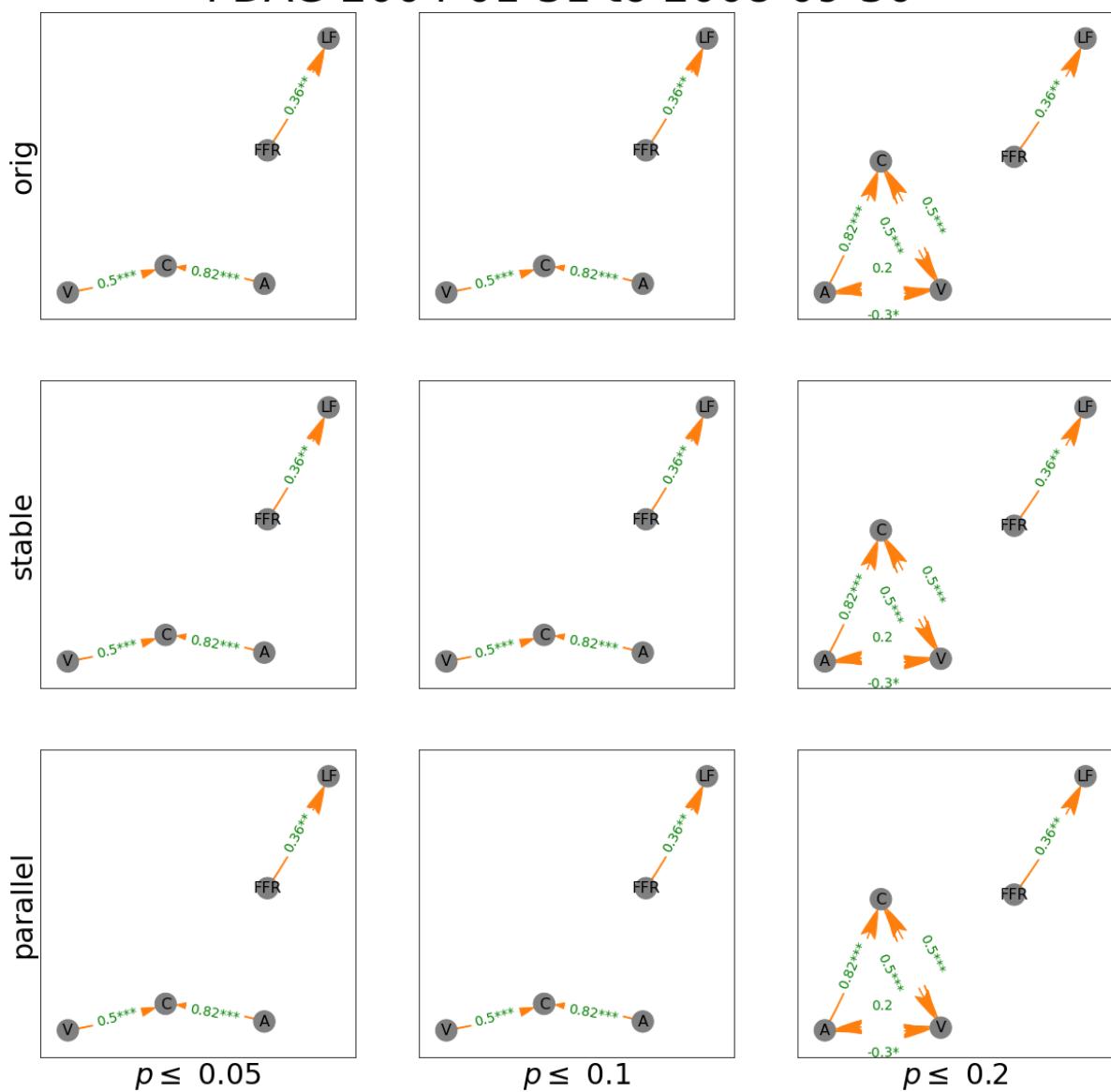


# VAR Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



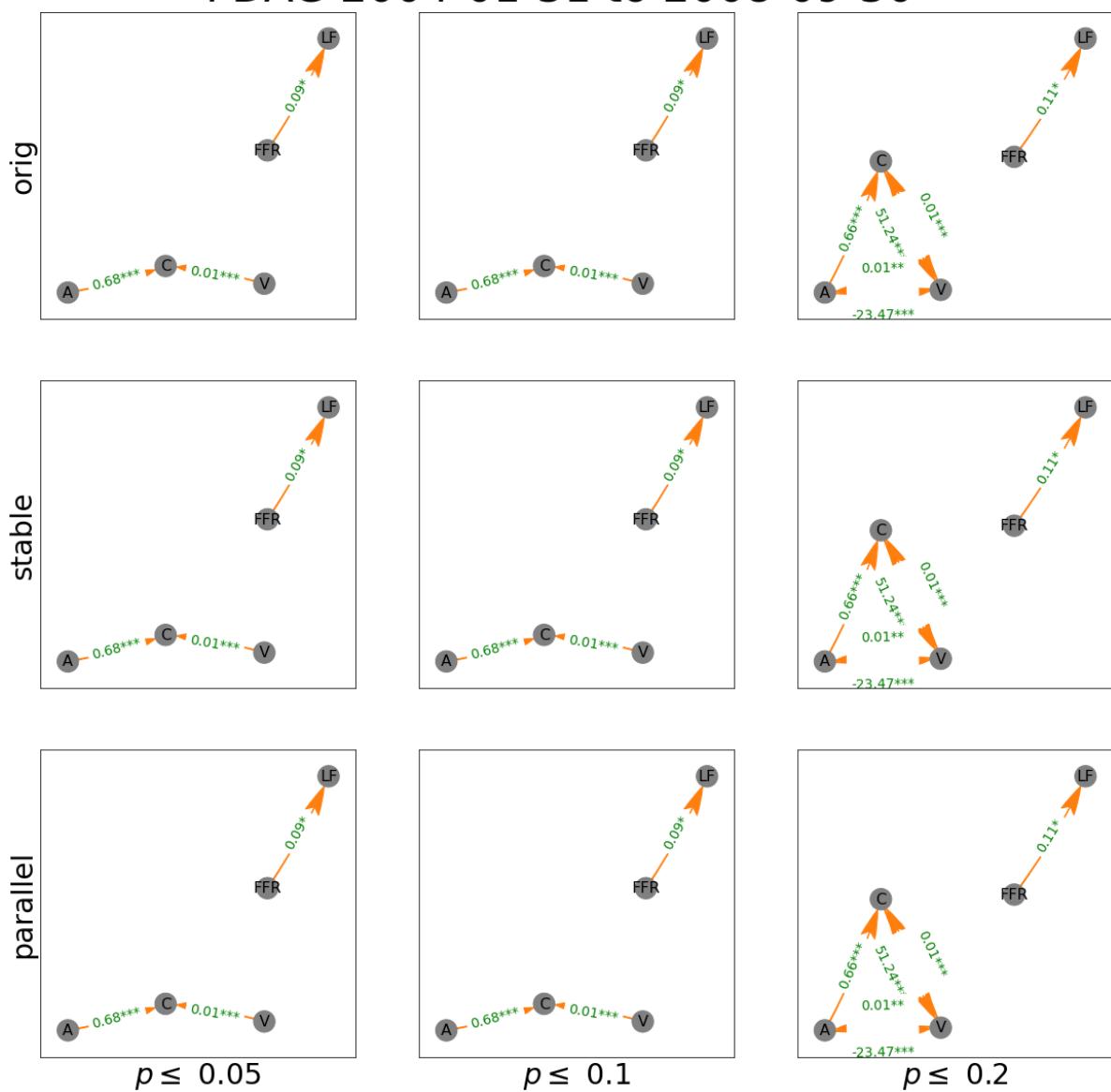
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2004-01-31 to 2008-09-30

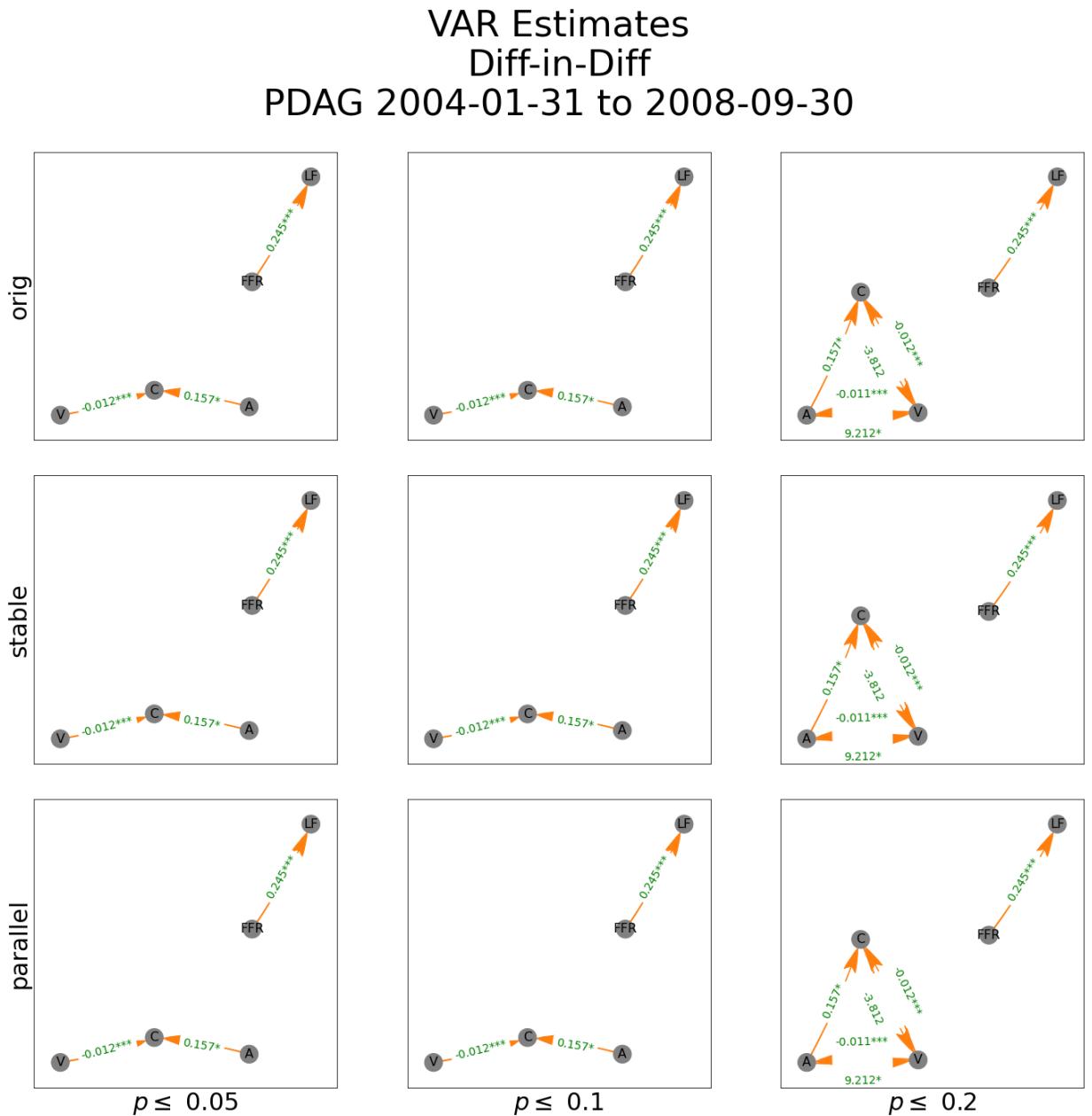


# SUR Estimates

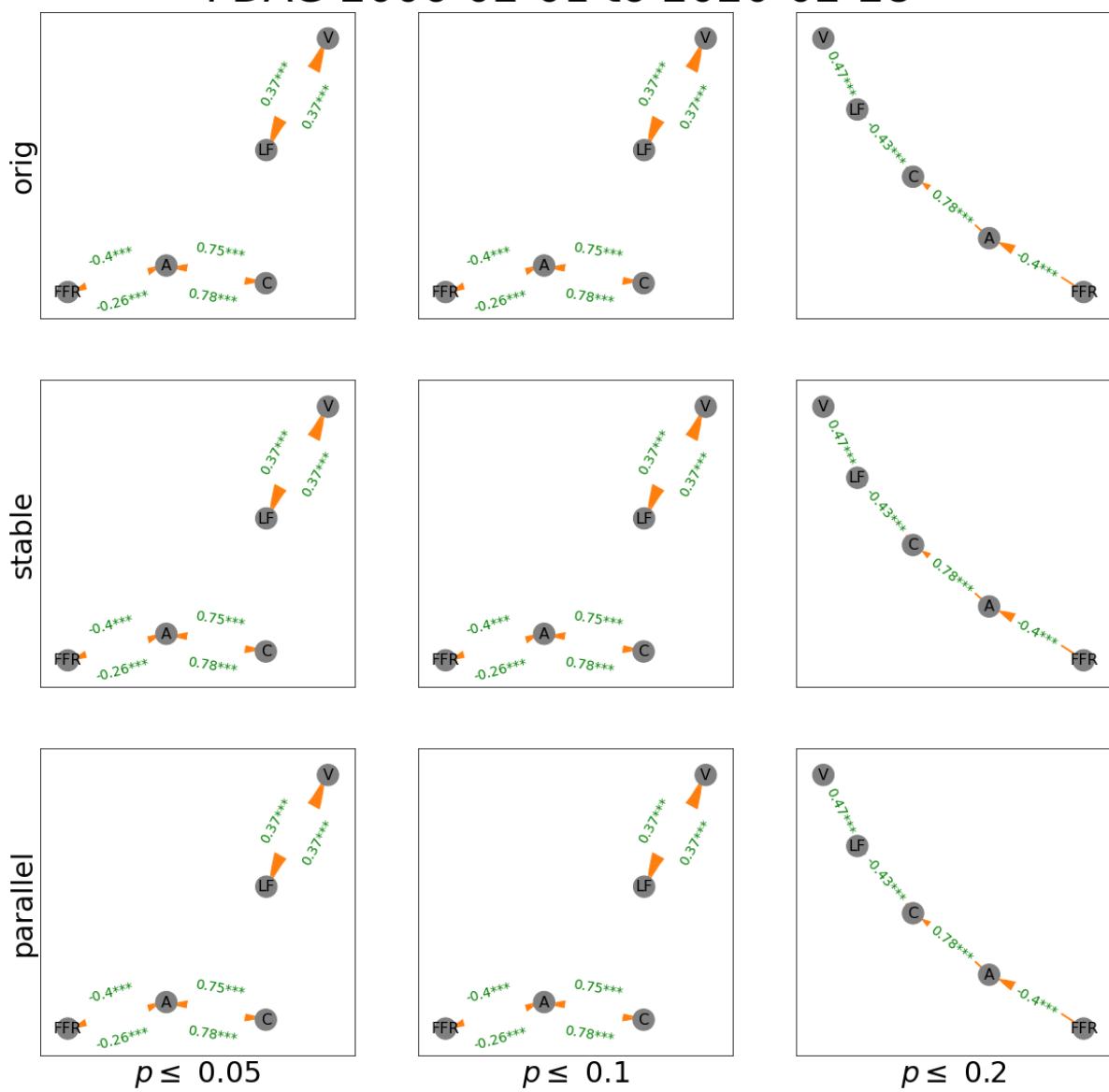
## Diff-in-Diff

### PDAG 2004-01-31 to 2008-09-30





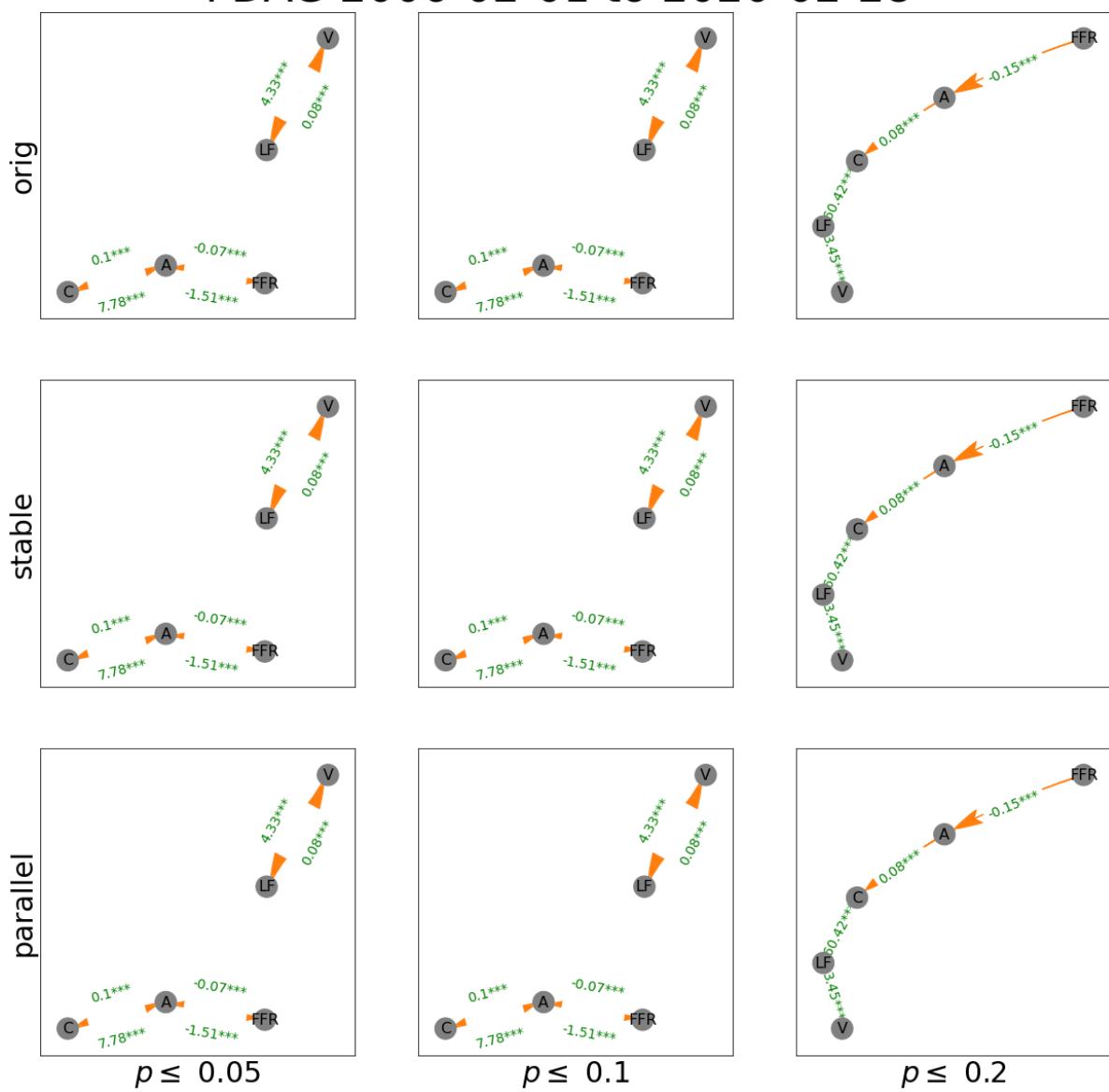
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



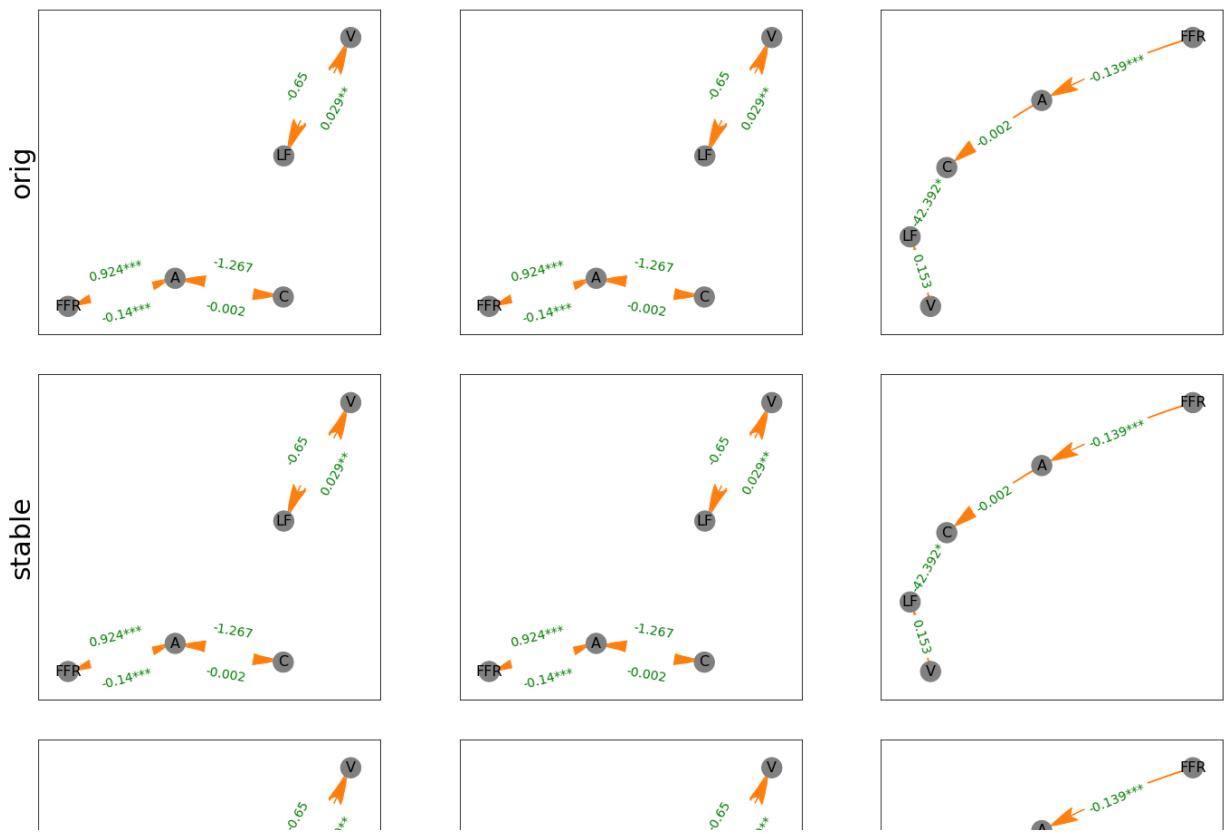
# SUR Estimates

## Diff-in-Diff

### PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-02-28



In [ ]: #with BOGBASE

```

from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year, 0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [.05, .01, .001]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:

```

```

i = ""
reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-02-01", "2020-02-28")]
#                   ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
#                   (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start + " to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret_
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_1_
                                         # construct graphs with PC labels
                                         graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                                                    dag_df[sig][variant],
                                                    title = "",
                                                    fig = fig,
                                                    ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]

```

```

# identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to detect
# additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

# filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c)
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

```

		Working for n conditional		3/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 3: 100%		17.57it/s]
		Working for n conditional		3/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 3: 100%		15.61it/s]
		Working for n conditional		3/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 3: 100%		12.21it/s]
		Working for n conditional		2/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 2: 67%		23.19it/s]
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		variables: 2: 67%		16.49it/s]
		Working for n conditional		2/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 2: 67%		16.38it/s]
		Working for n conditional		2/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 2: 67%		42.67it/s]
		Working for n conditional		2/3 [00:00<00:00,
		variables: 2: 67%		32.01it/s]
		Working for n conditional		2/3 [00:00<00:00,

variables: 2: 67%		35.72it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚	⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00,
variables: 3: 100%		11.44it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚	⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00,
variables: 3: 100%		10.71it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚	⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00,
variables: 3: 100%		7.30it/s]
⌚⌚ Working for n conditional	⌚⌚	⌚ 3/3 [00:00<00:00,
variables: 3: 100%		14.62it/s]

In [ ]:

```
In [ ]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-01-01", "2020-01-01"),
#                   ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
#                   (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                # identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine
                # additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
In [11]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-02-01", "2020-08-28")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + ret
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t
                # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

#
#

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

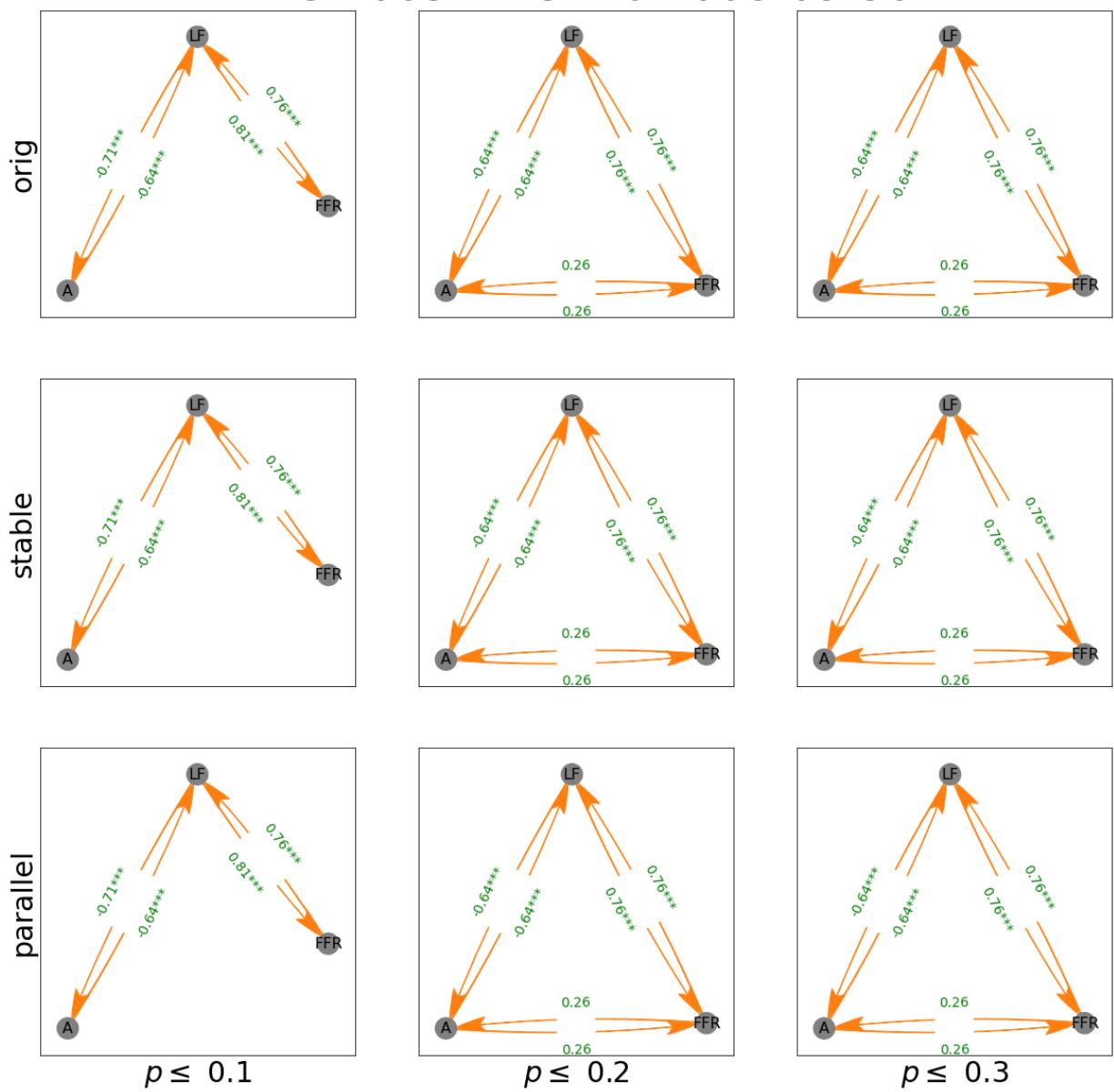
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

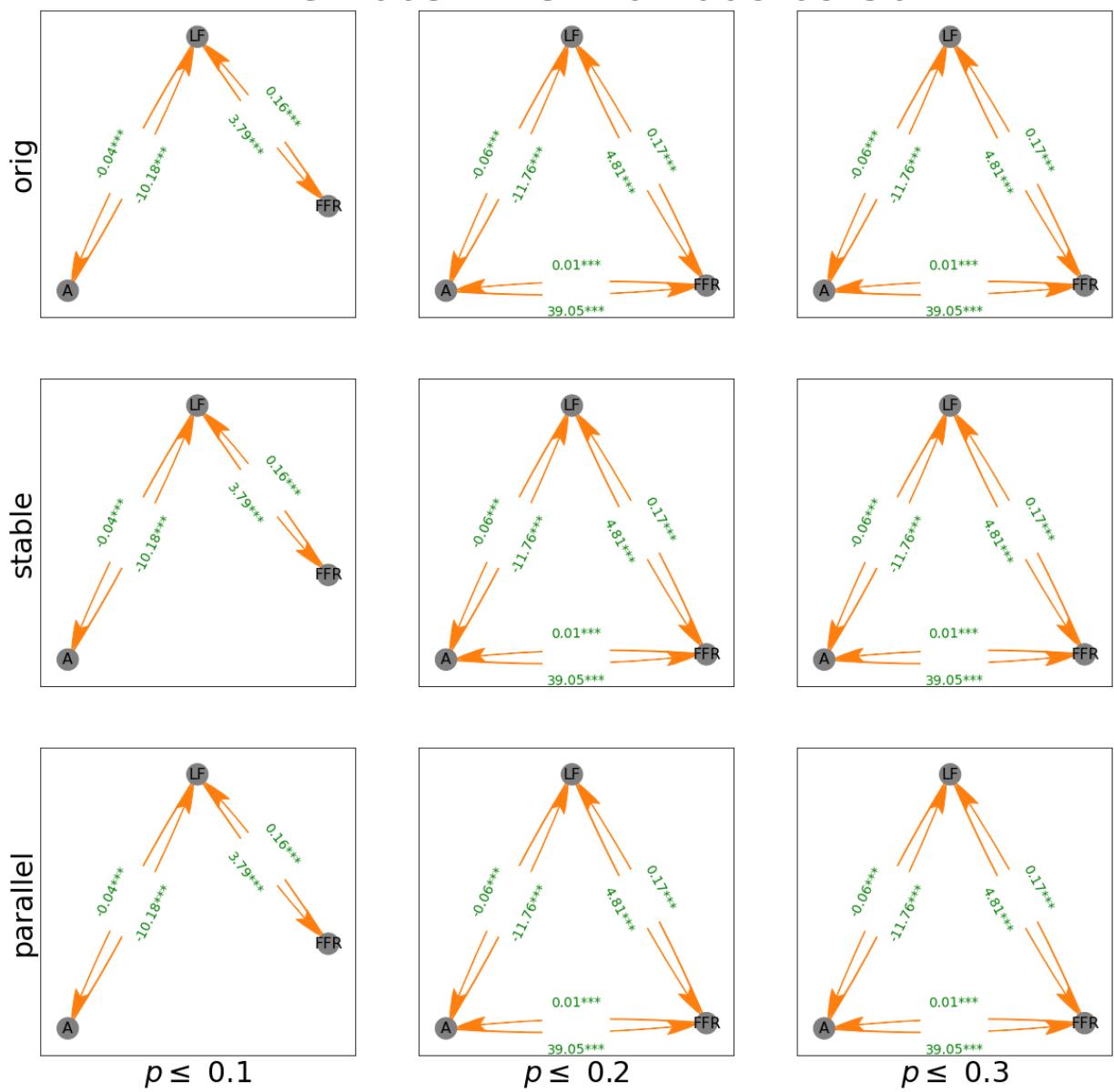
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

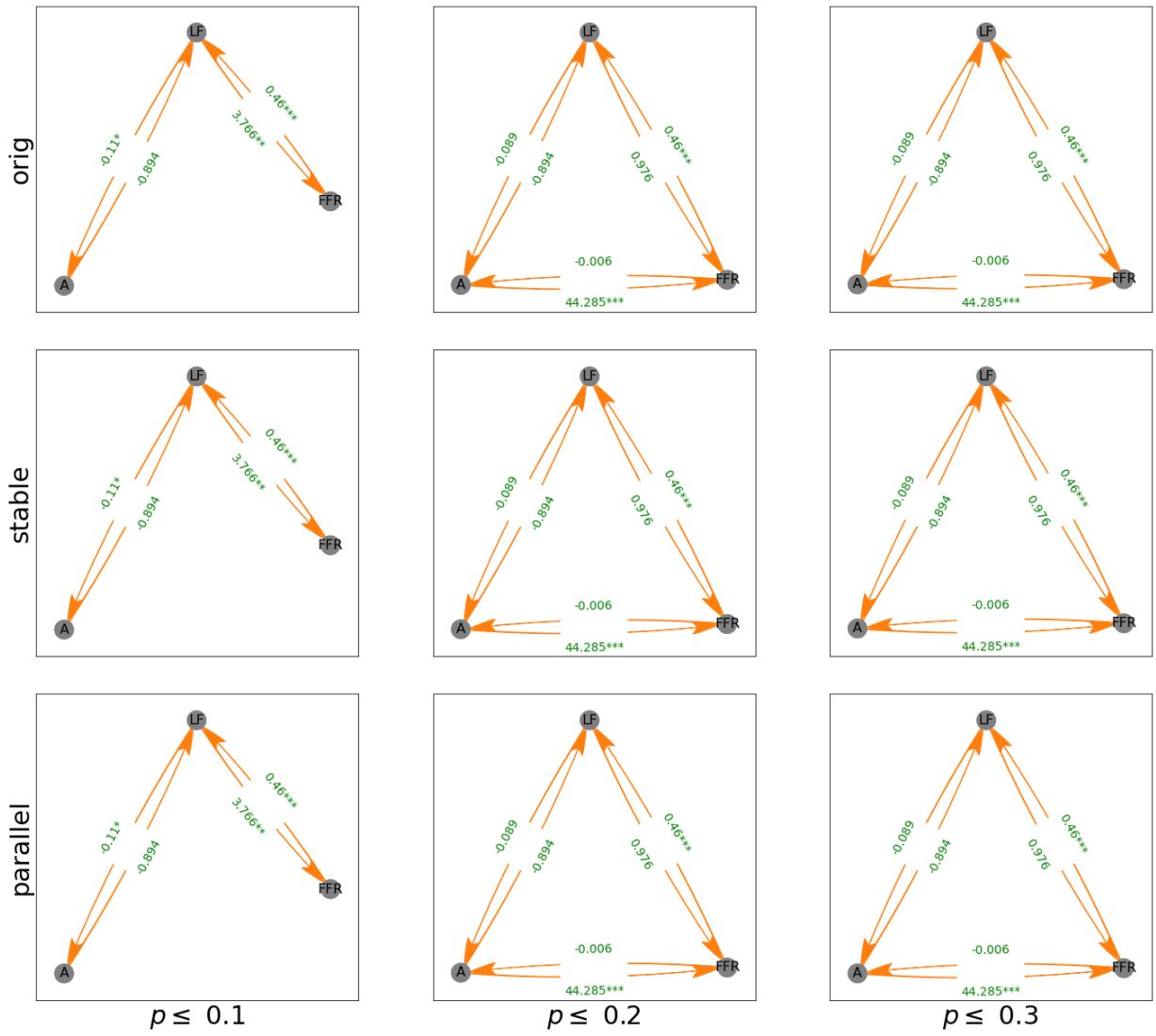


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

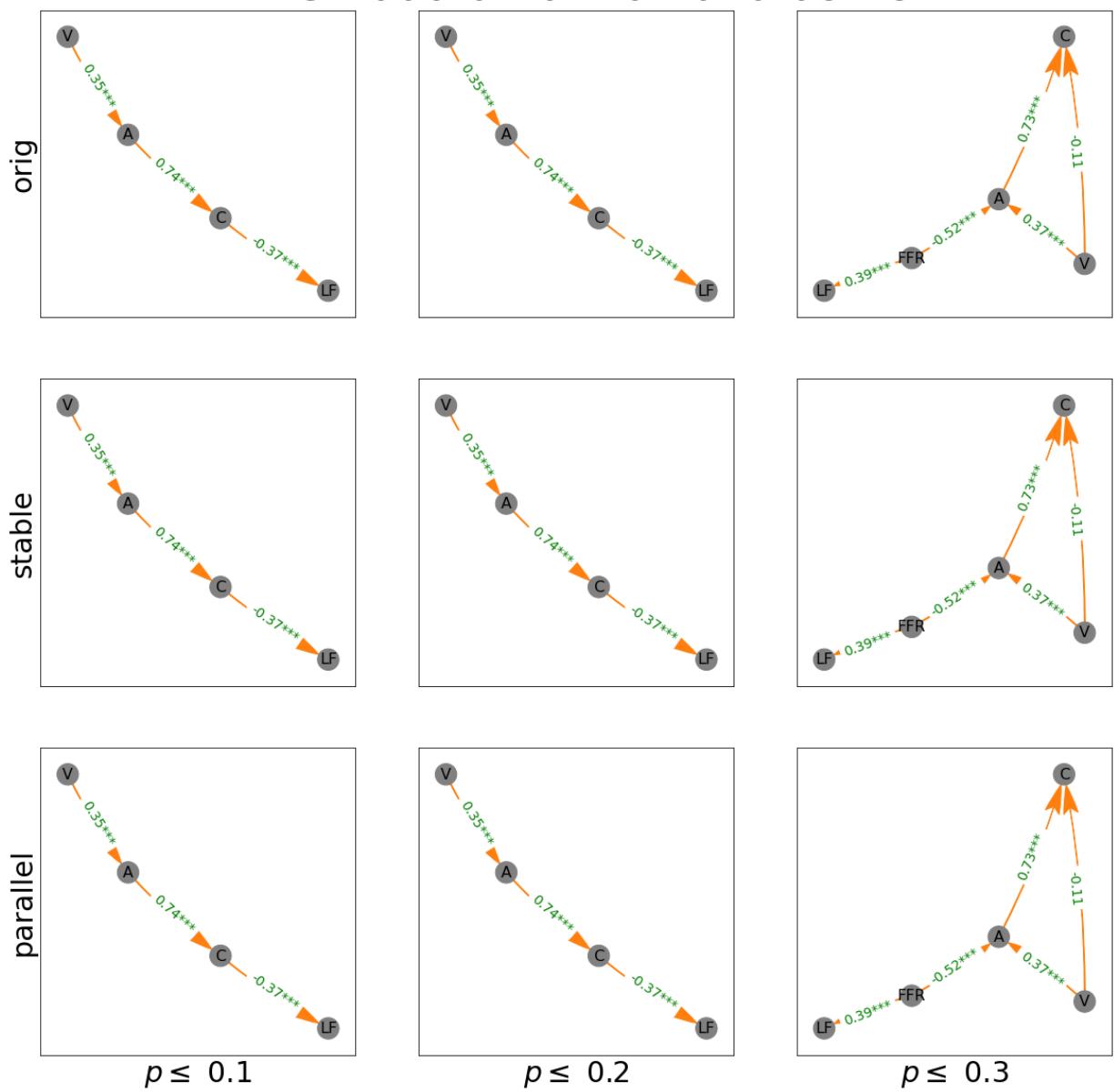


## VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



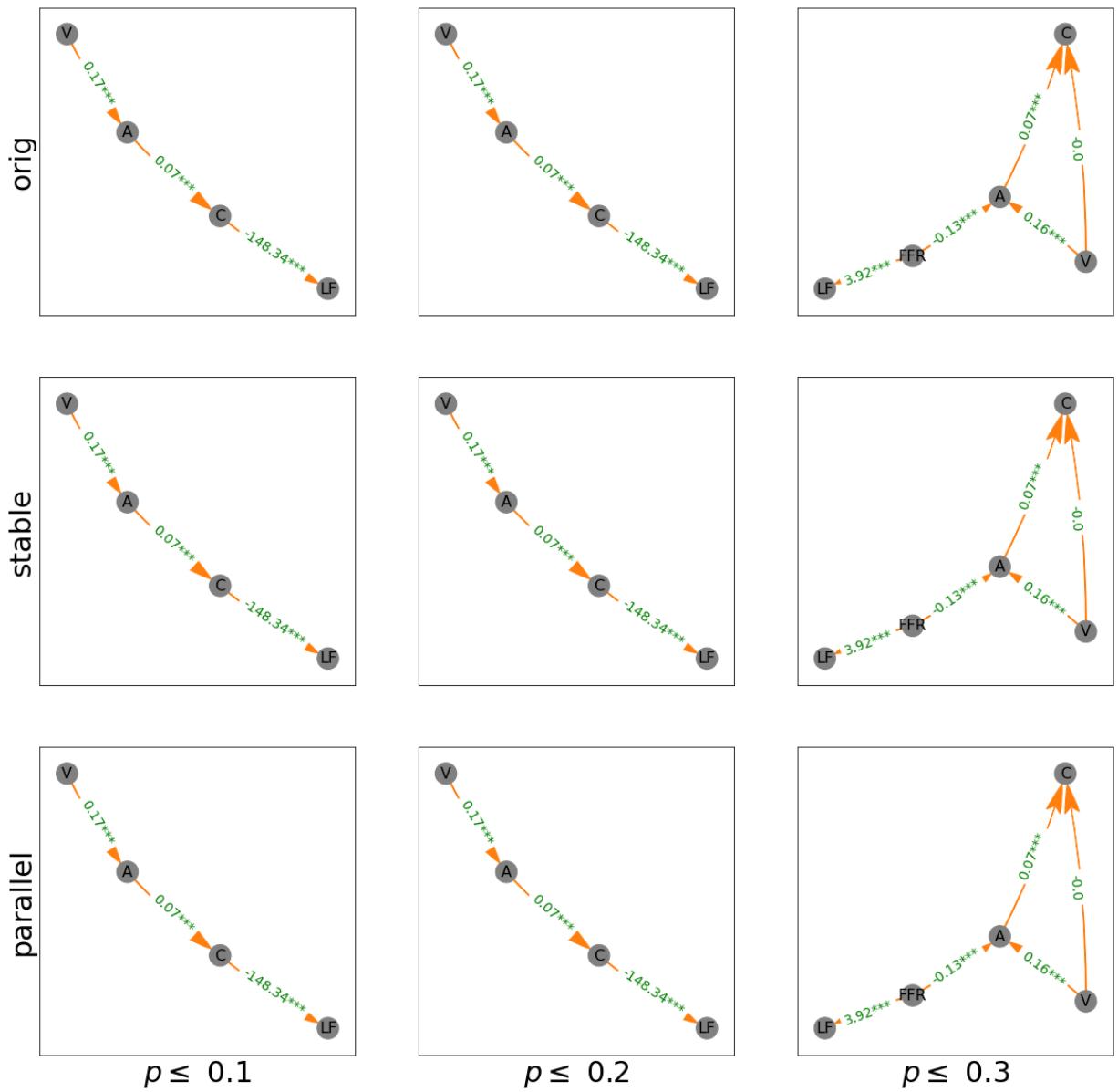
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



# SUR Estimates Diff

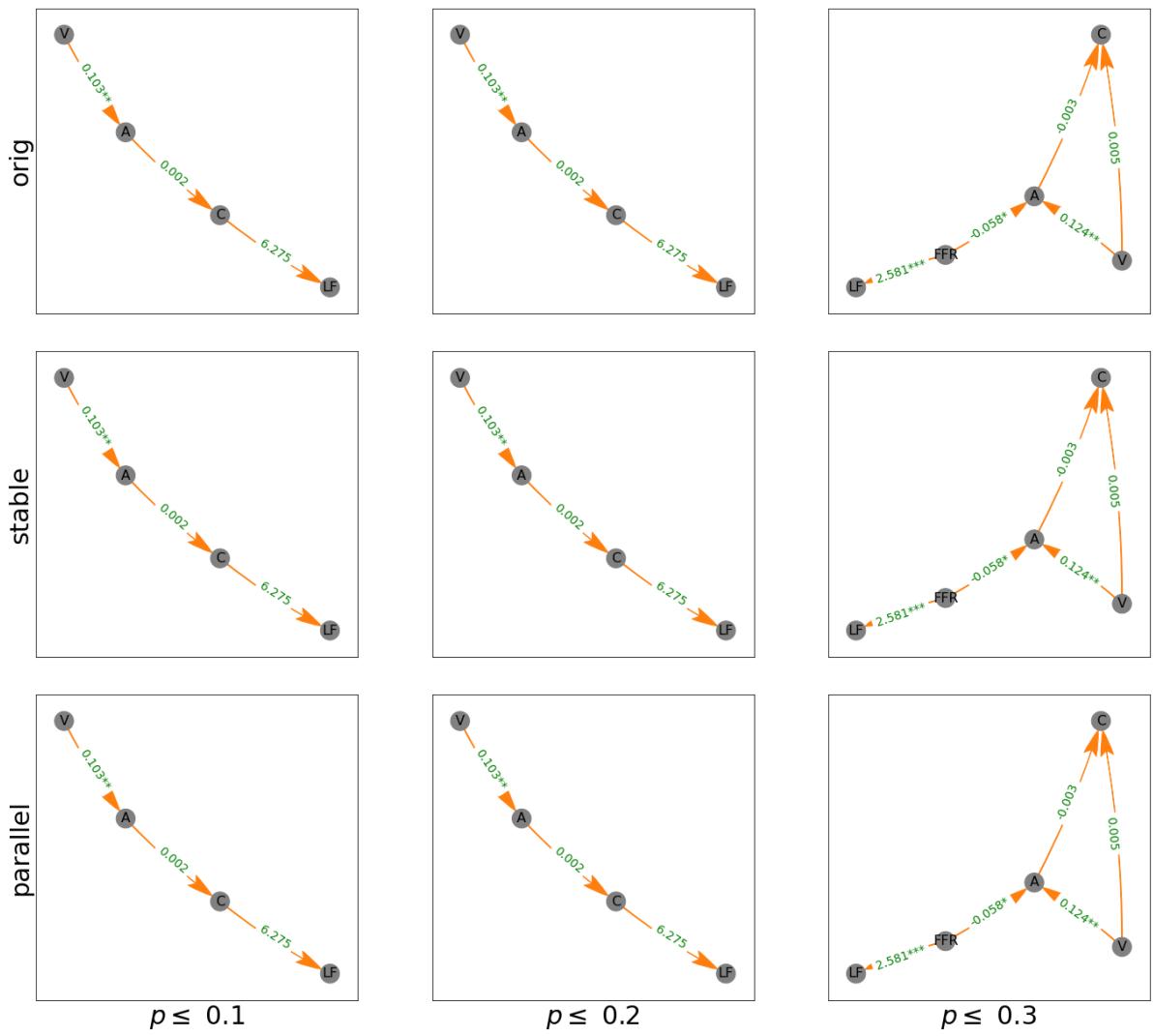
PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



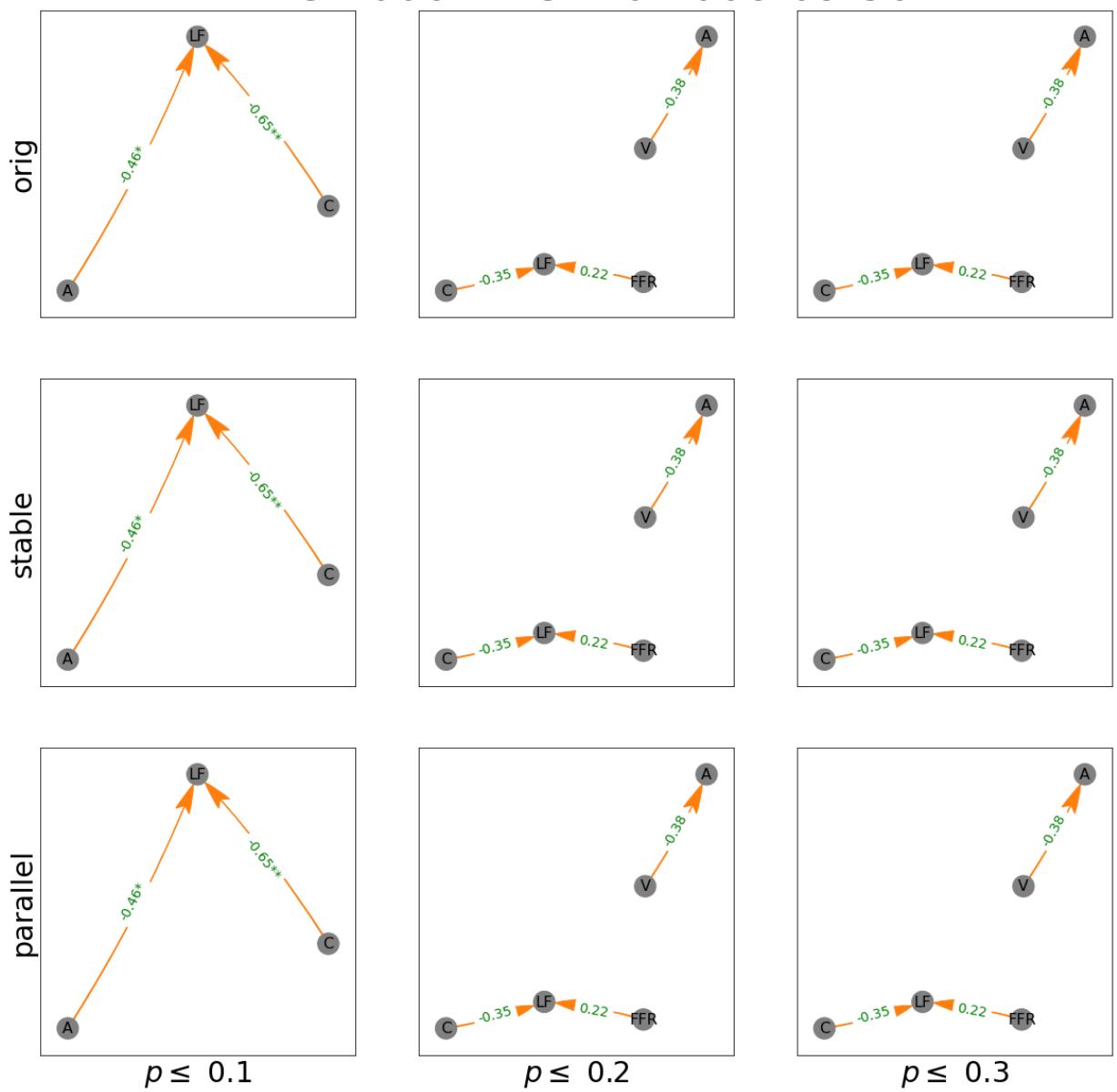


# VAR Estimates Diff

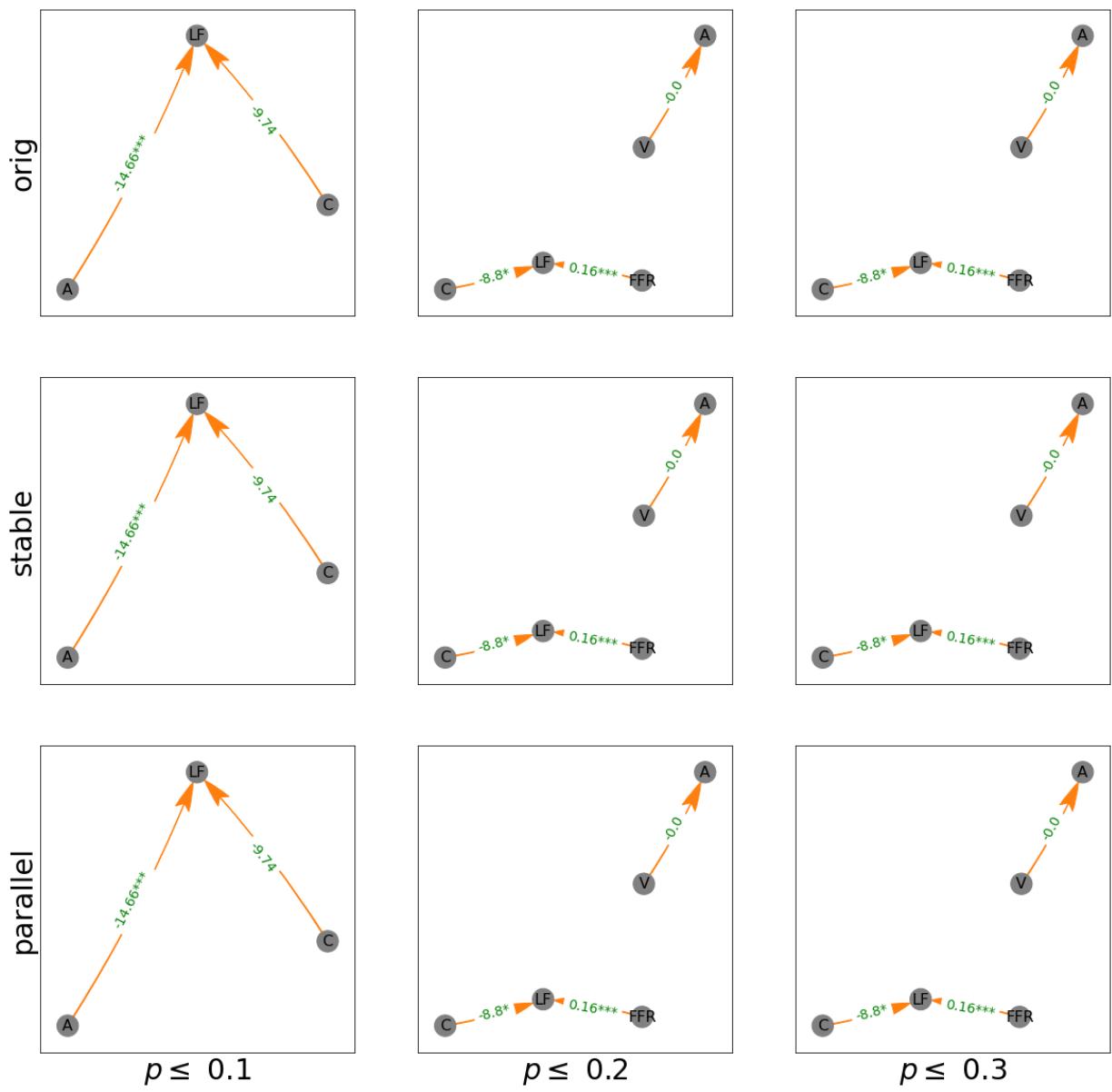
PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

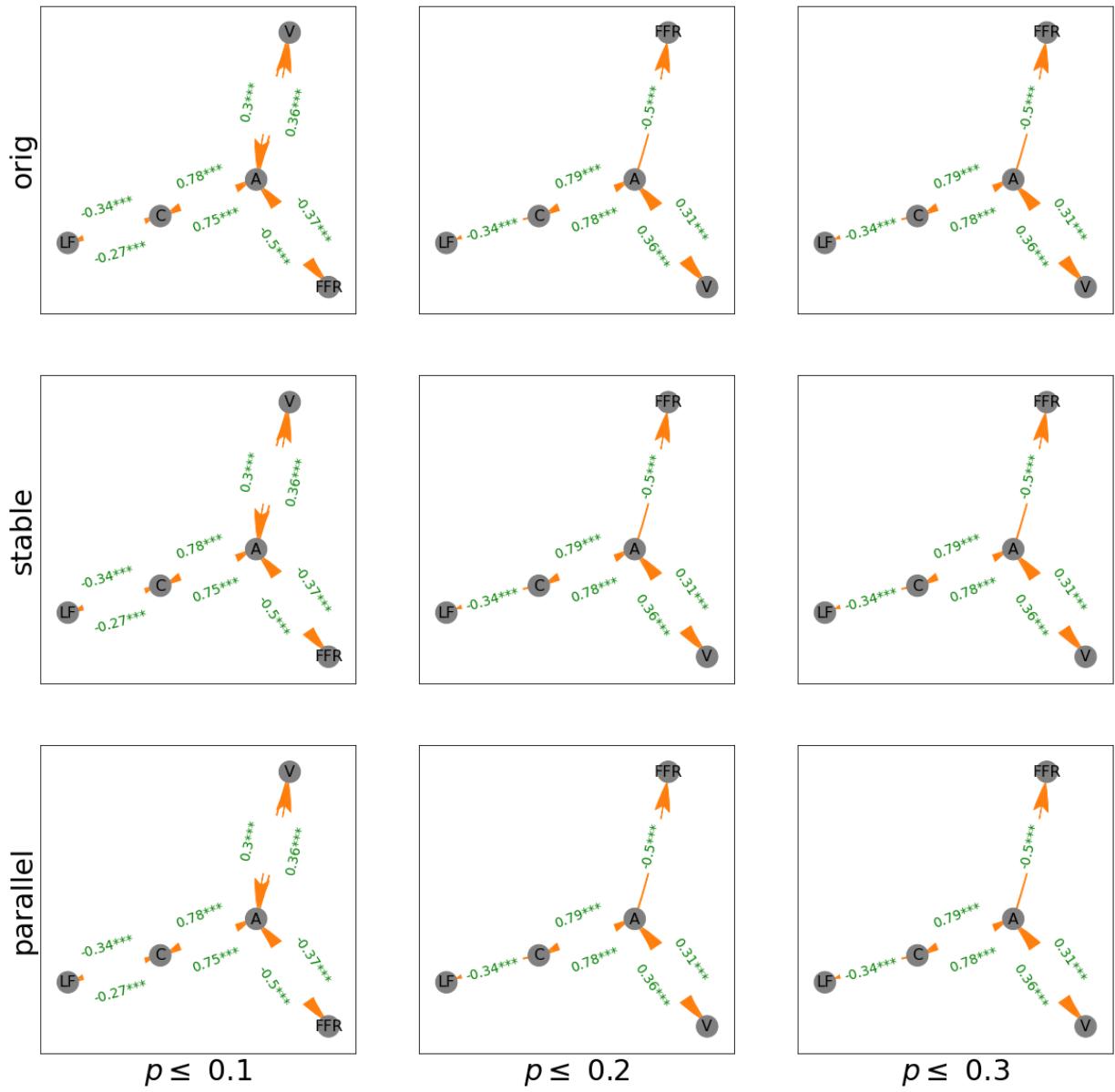


# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30



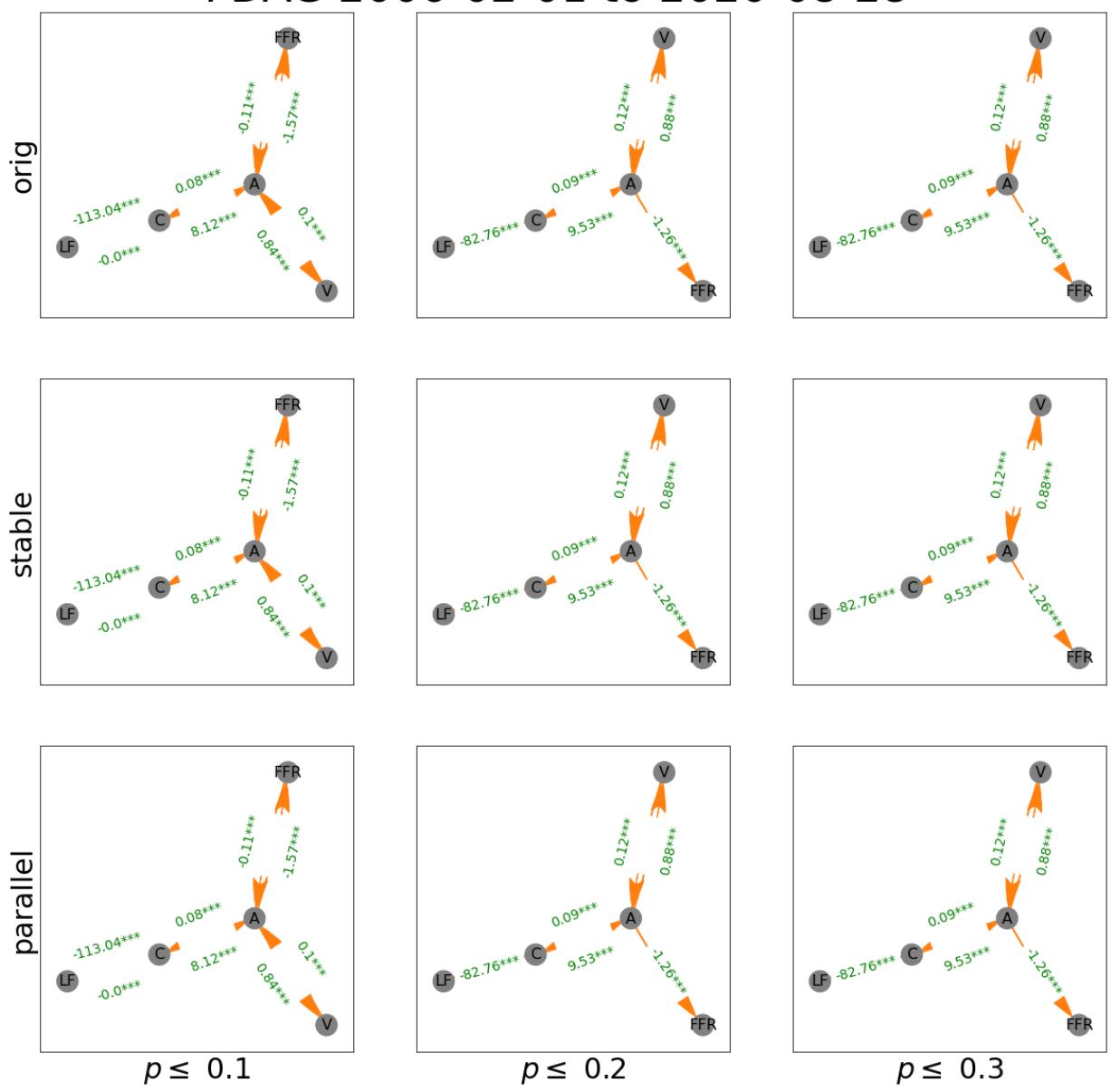


**VAR Estimates**  
**DAG Estimates**  
**Diff-in-Diff**  
**PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28**

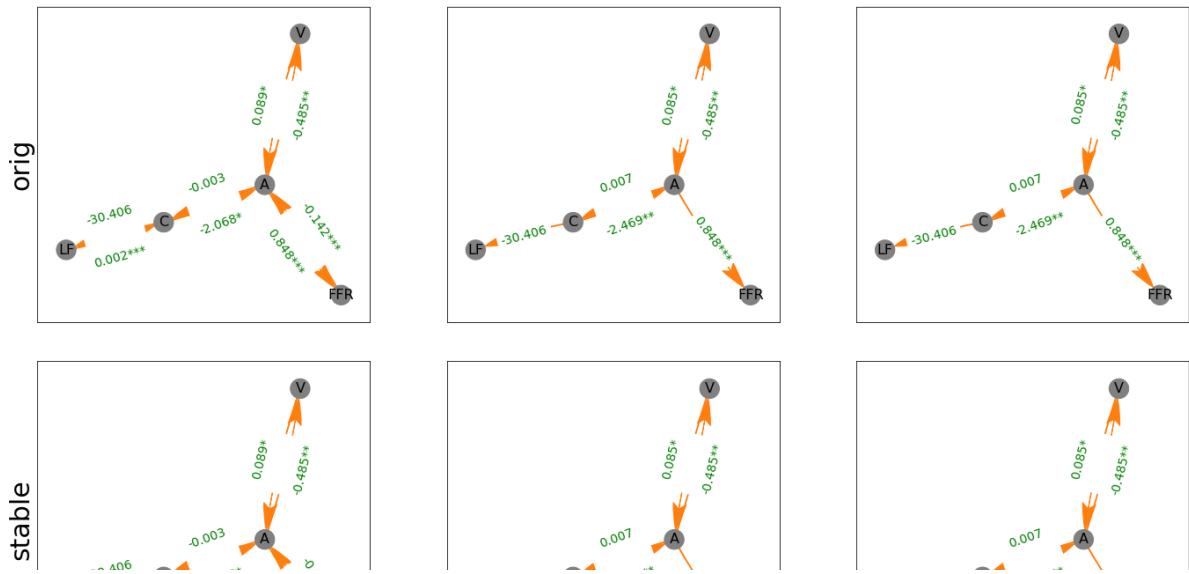




# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-02-01 to 2020-08-28



```
In [12]: from datlib.DAG import *
from collections import OrderedDict
from linearmodels.system import SUR
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
from scipy import stats

# plt.rcParams.update({"font.size":20})
# pd.to_datetime(data['Date'])
# data.set_index("Date")
# diff = "Diff"

sig_vals = [.05, .01, .001]

def add_lags(data, lags=12 / year):
    for key in data:
        for i in range(1, lags + 1):
            new_key = key + " Lag" * i
            data[new_key] = var_data[key].shift(year * i)

def rename_vars(rename_data, rename_dct):
    for key in rename_data:
        for rename_key in rename_dct:
            if rename_key in key:
                rename_data.rename(columns={key:rename_dct[rename_key]}, inplace=True)

# only estimate twice differenced data since some variables fail to reject the
diffs = ["Diff", "Diff-in-Diff"]
reg_dict = {}
lags = int(round(12 / year,0))

for diff in diffs:

    ## Use return_type = "pdag" to allow for endogeneity
    ## "dag" disallows this sort ambiguity
    reg_dict[diff] = {}
    # only test the aggregated data, since the hypothesis is that:
    # 1) currency and total assets are indicate relative provision of liquidity
    # 2) Loss function variables are targeted together

    plot_vars = ["Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)",
                 "Currency in Circulation",
                 "Total Assets",
                 "Loss Function",
                 "VIX"]
    sigs = [0.1, 0.2, 0.3]
    variants = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
    ci_test = "pearsonr"

    # for plot_vars in plot_vars_dct:
    i = ""
    reg_dict[diff][i] = {}
```

```

df = data[diff]
var_data = df[plot_vars]
rename_vars(var_data, rename_dct)
add_lags(var_data, lags)
var_data.dropna(inplace=True)
start_end_list = [(str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2008-09-30"),
                   ("2006-01-01", "2019-12-31")]
# ("2008-10-31", "2020-02-29"),
# (str(var_data.index[0])[:10], "2020-02-29")]

# slice dfs by date range, house in dfs {}
dfs = {}
for start,end in start_end_list:
    dfs[start +" to " + end] = var_data.loc[start:end].copy()

# use dates (key) to track dates for which hypotheses are tested
for dates, select_df in dfs.items():
    for return_type in ["pdag"]:
        edges = {}
        dag_df = {}
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig.suptitle("DAG Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + return_
                      fontsize = 45)

        fig_sur, ax_sur = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_sur.suptitle("SUR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + retur_
                          fontsize = 45)
        fig_var, ax_var = plt.subplots(3,3,figsize = (20,20))
        fig_var.suptitle("VAR Estimates\n"+diff.replace(" ", "") + "\n" + retur_
                          fontsize = 45)

        for x in range(len(sigs)):
            sig = sigs[x]
            edges[sig] = {}
            dag_df[sig] = {}
            for y in range(len(variants)):
                variant = variants[y]
                a = ax[y][x]

                constant = False if diff == "Diff-in-Diff" else True
                keys = [k for k in select_df if "Lag" not in k]
                dag_df[sig][variant] = select_df[keys].dropna()
                # construct dag, save directed edges
                edges[sig][variant] = DAG(dag_df[sig][variant], variant, ci_t_
                                          # construct graphs with PC labels
                graph_DAG(edges[sig][variant],
                           dag_df[sig][variant],
                           title = "",
                           fig = fig,
                           ax = a)
                if x == 0:
                    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
                if y == len(variants) - 1:
                    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
                a = ax_sur[y][x]
                # identify sink nodes in directed dag edges, use info to determine
                # additional graphs with marginal effects from SUR and VAR

```

```
sink_source = identify_sink_nodes(edges[sig][variant])
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGOLS " + dates + " " + variant
DAG_OLS(dag_df[sig][variant], sink_source, filename, a, diff,
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)

a = ax_var[y][x]

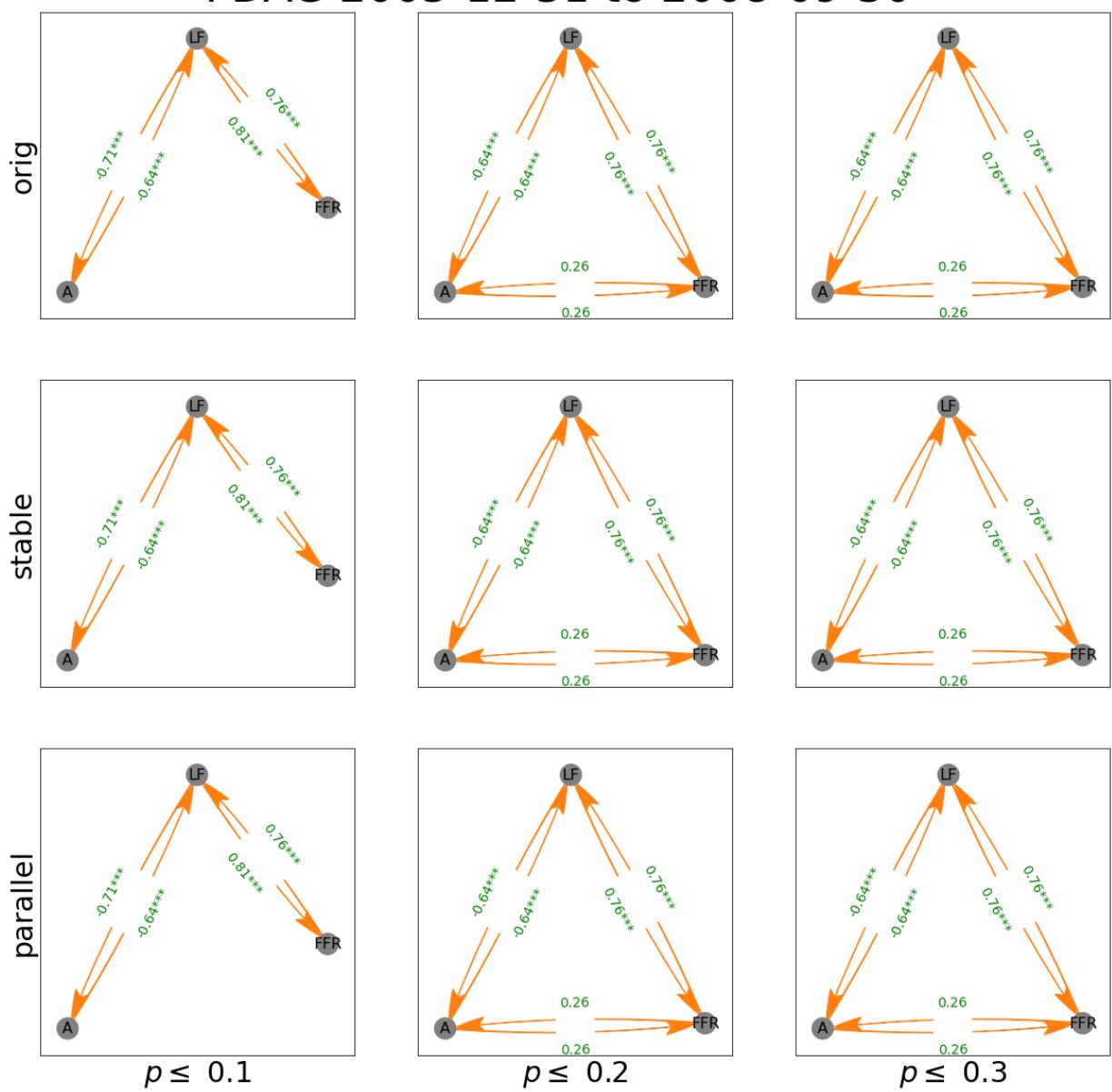
#
filename = i + " " + diff + "DAGVAR " + dates
DAG_VAR(select_df.dropna(), sink_source, filename, a, diff, c
if x == 0:
    a.set_ylabel(variant, fontsize = 30)
if y == len(variants) - 1:
    a.set_xlabel("$p \leq $" + str(sig), fontsize = 30)
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

```
0%|      | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

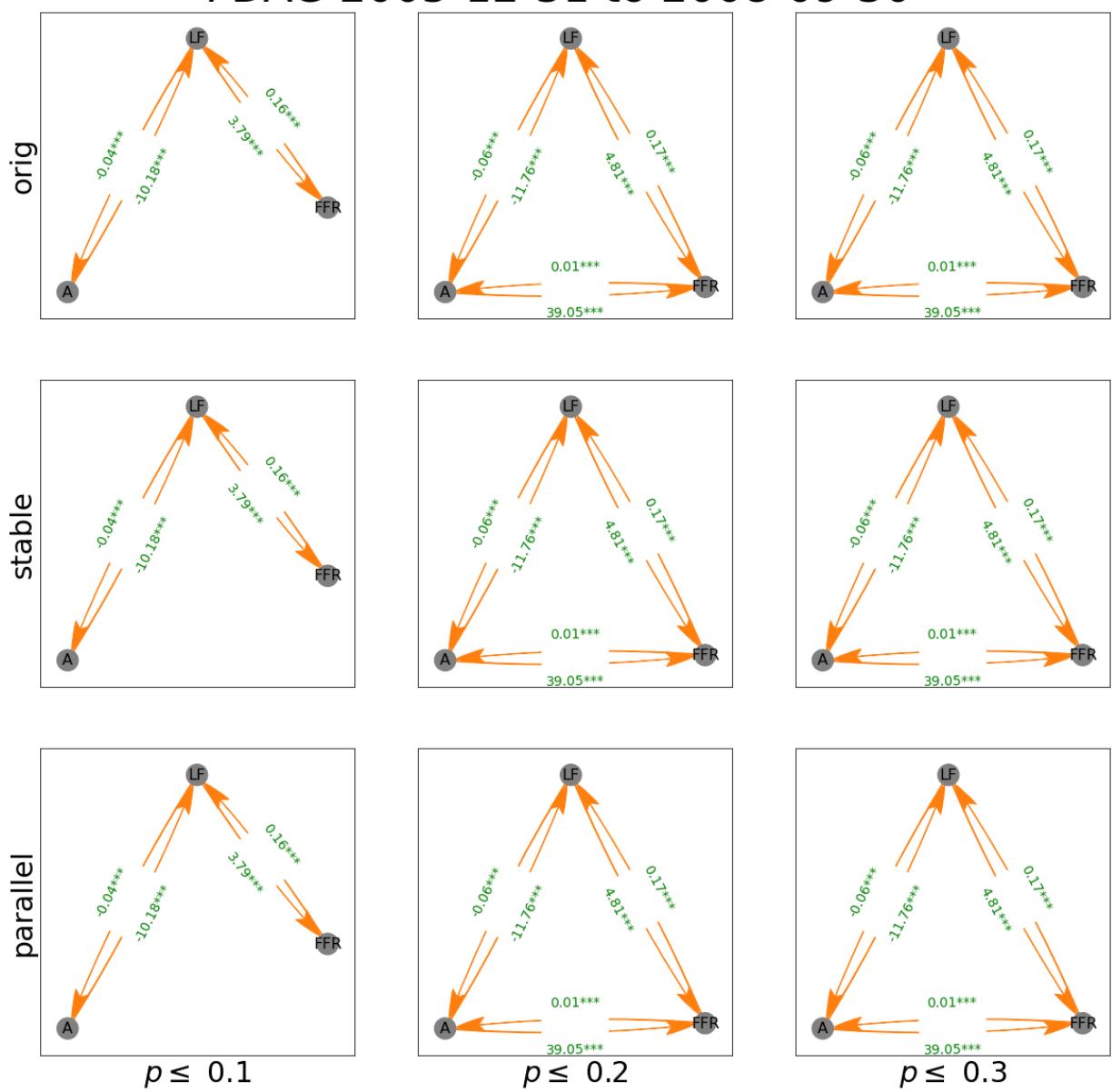
# DAG Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30

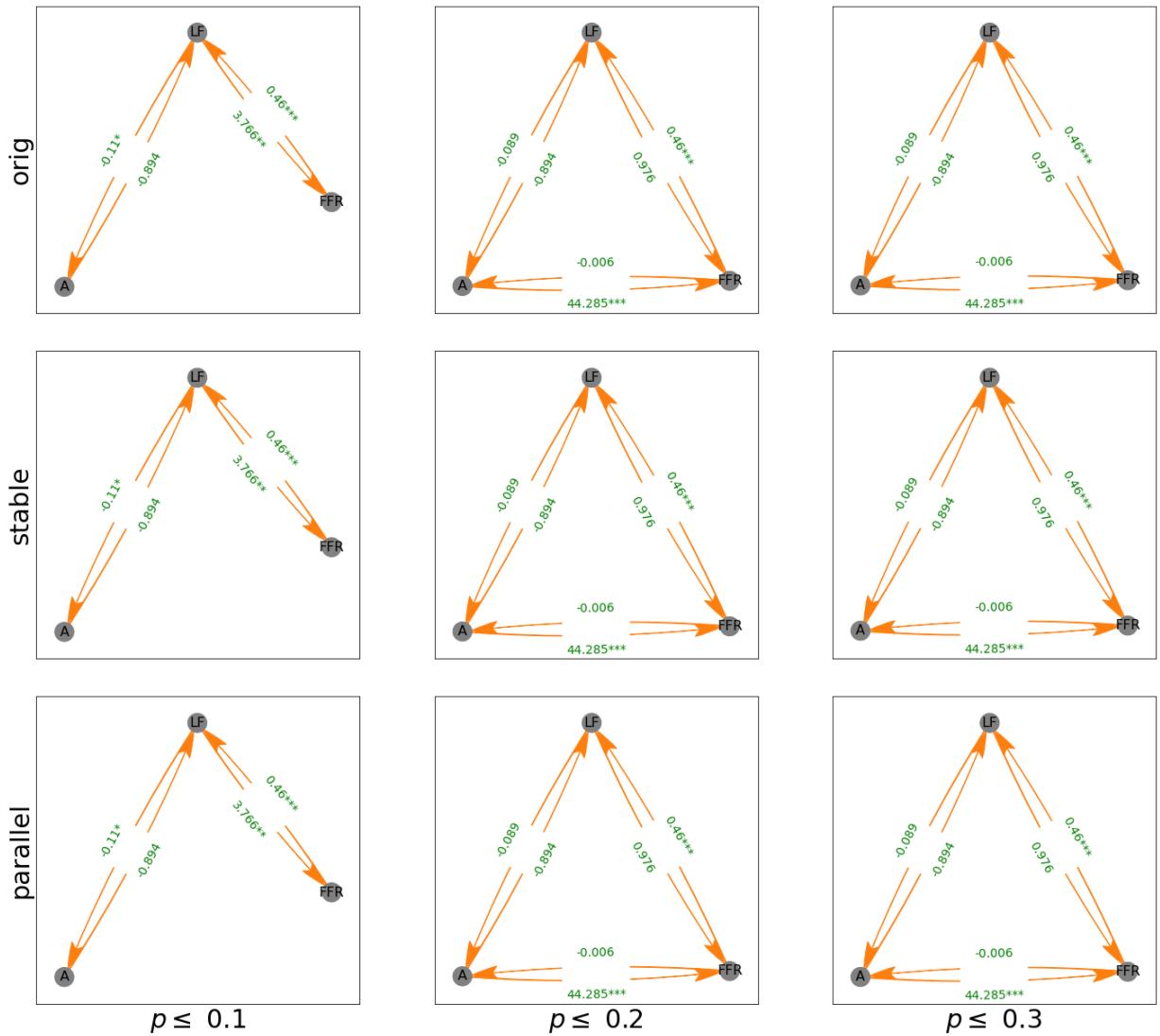


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30



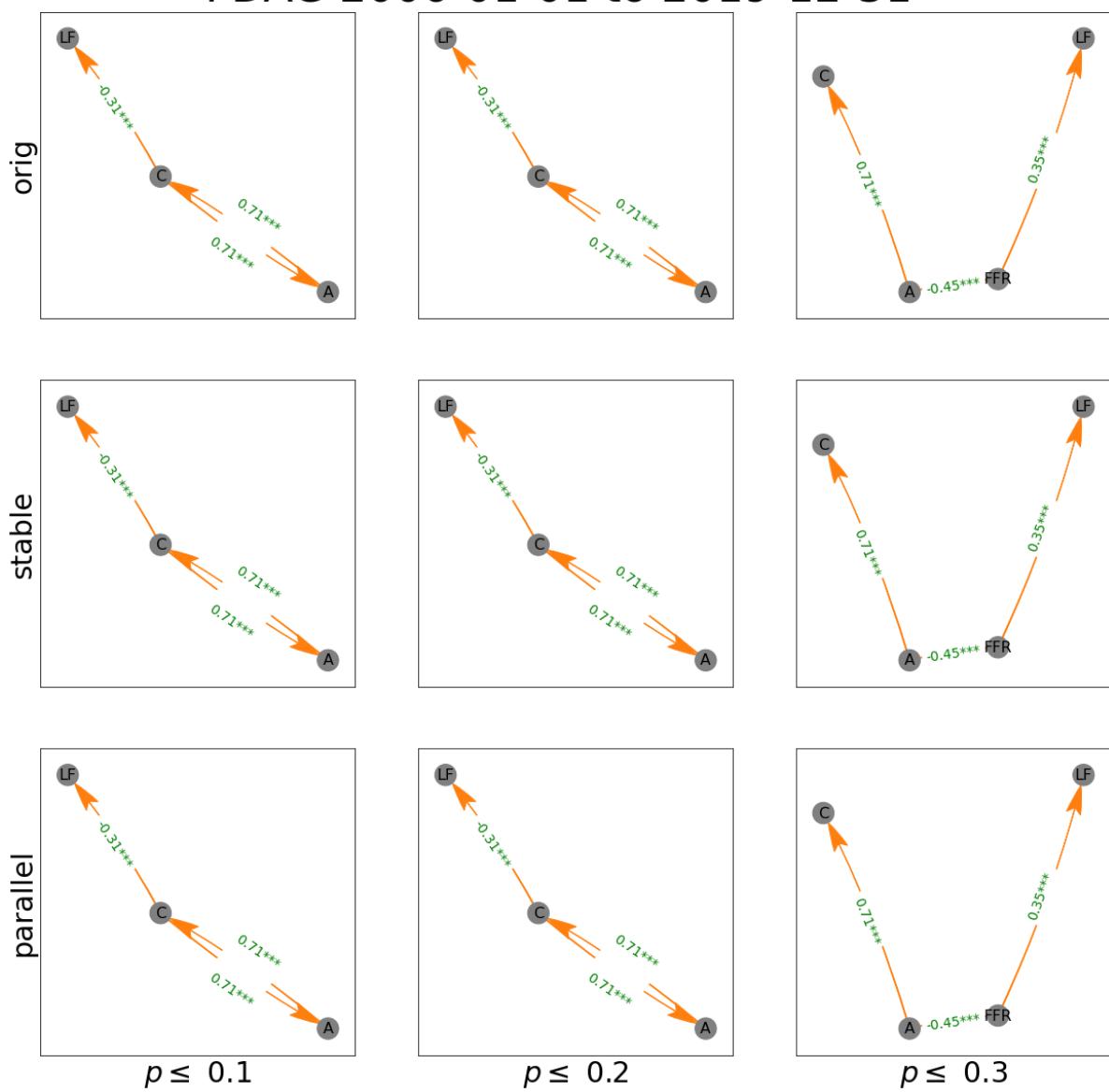
# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2005-12-31 to 2008-09-30





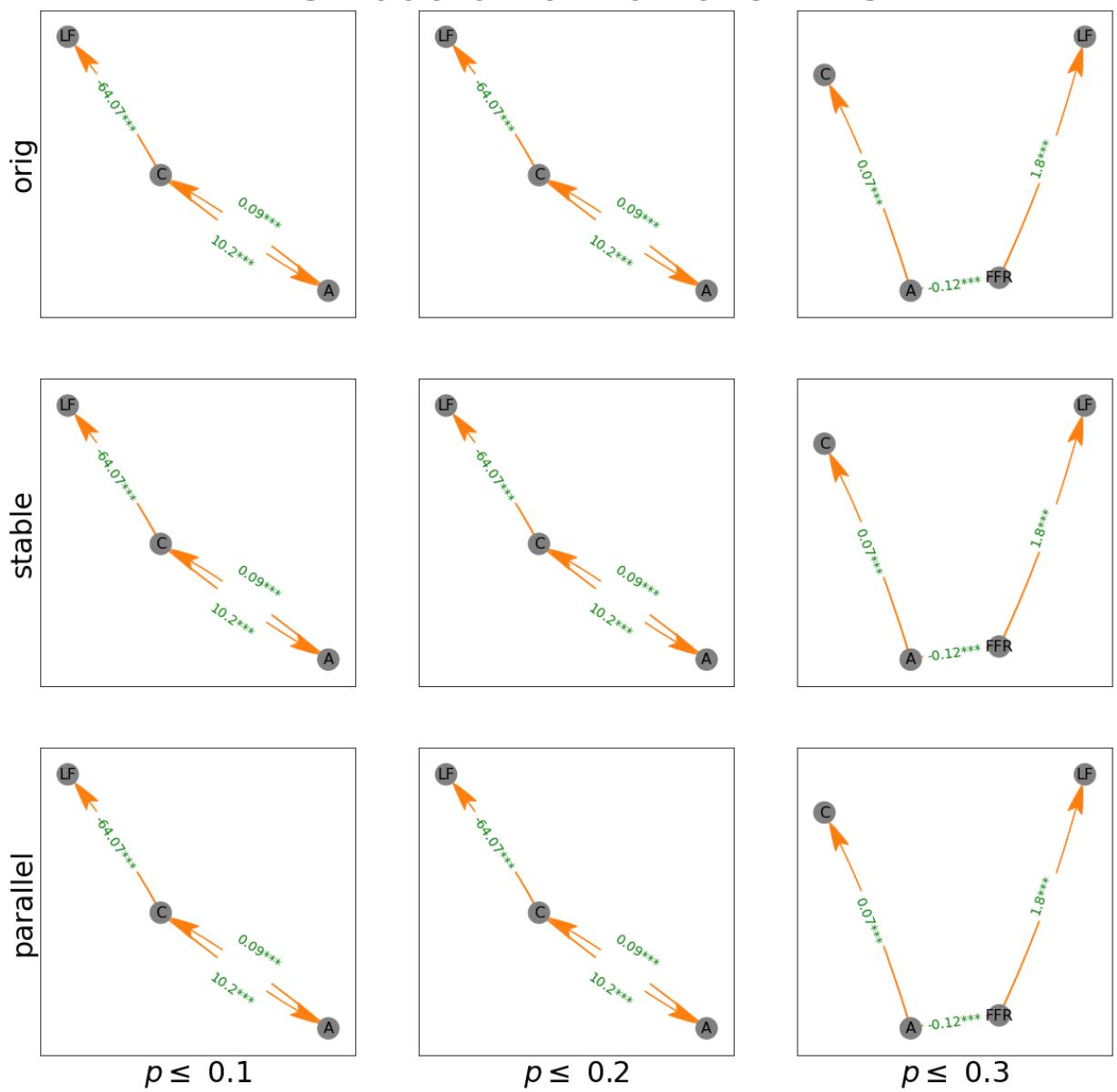
# DAG Estimates Diff

PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31

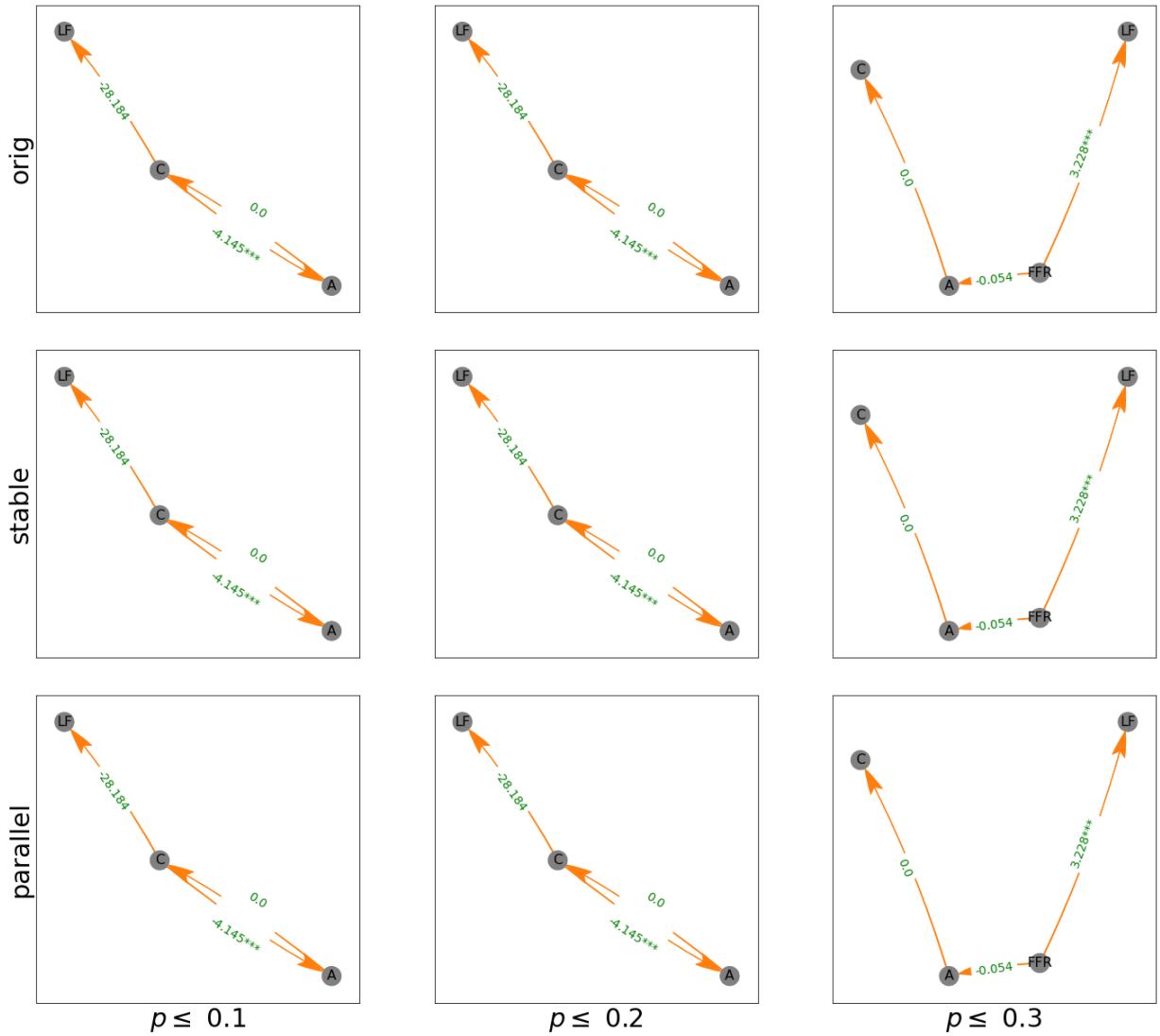


# SUR Estimates Diff

## PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31

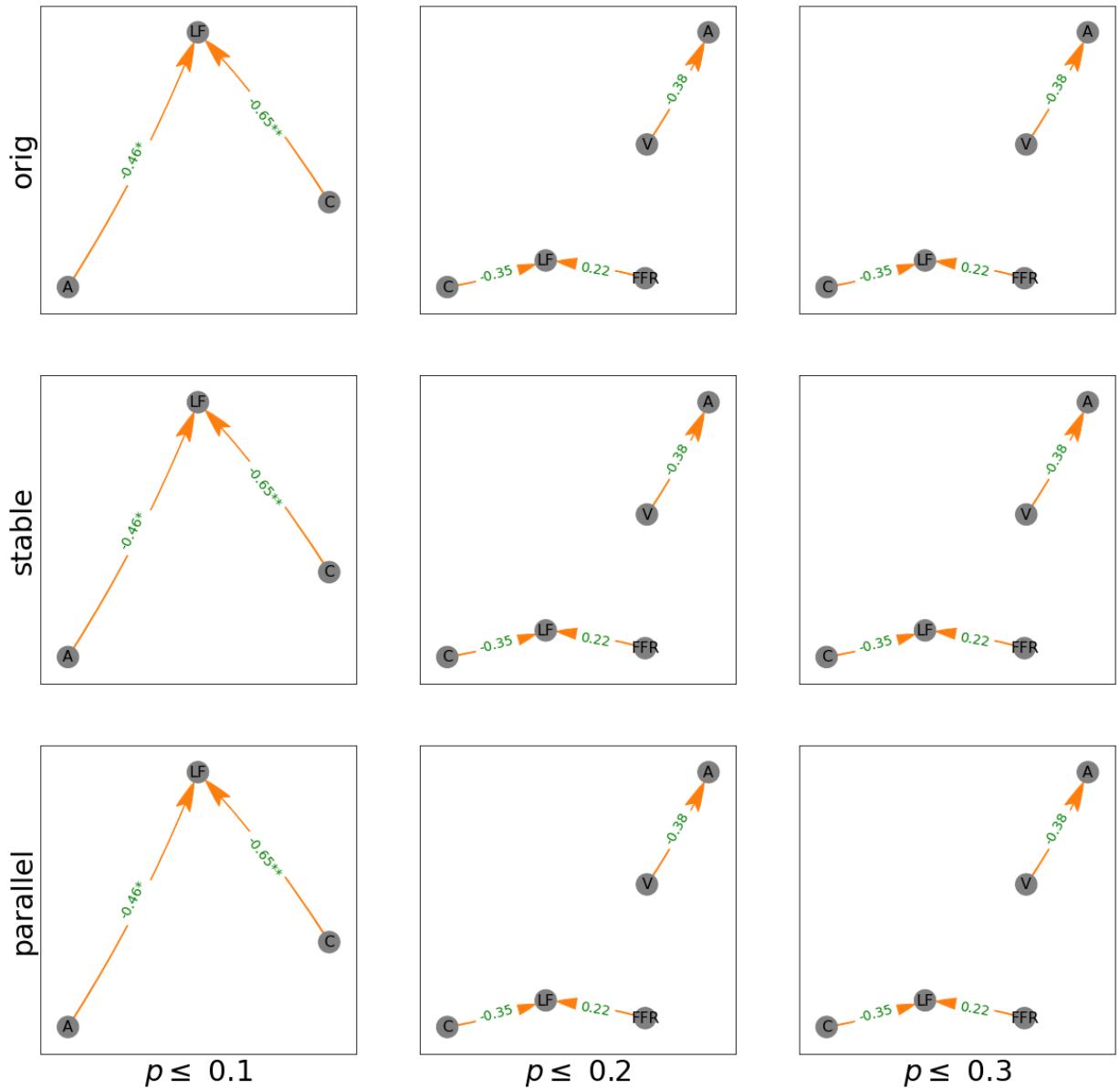


# VAR Estimates Diff PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31



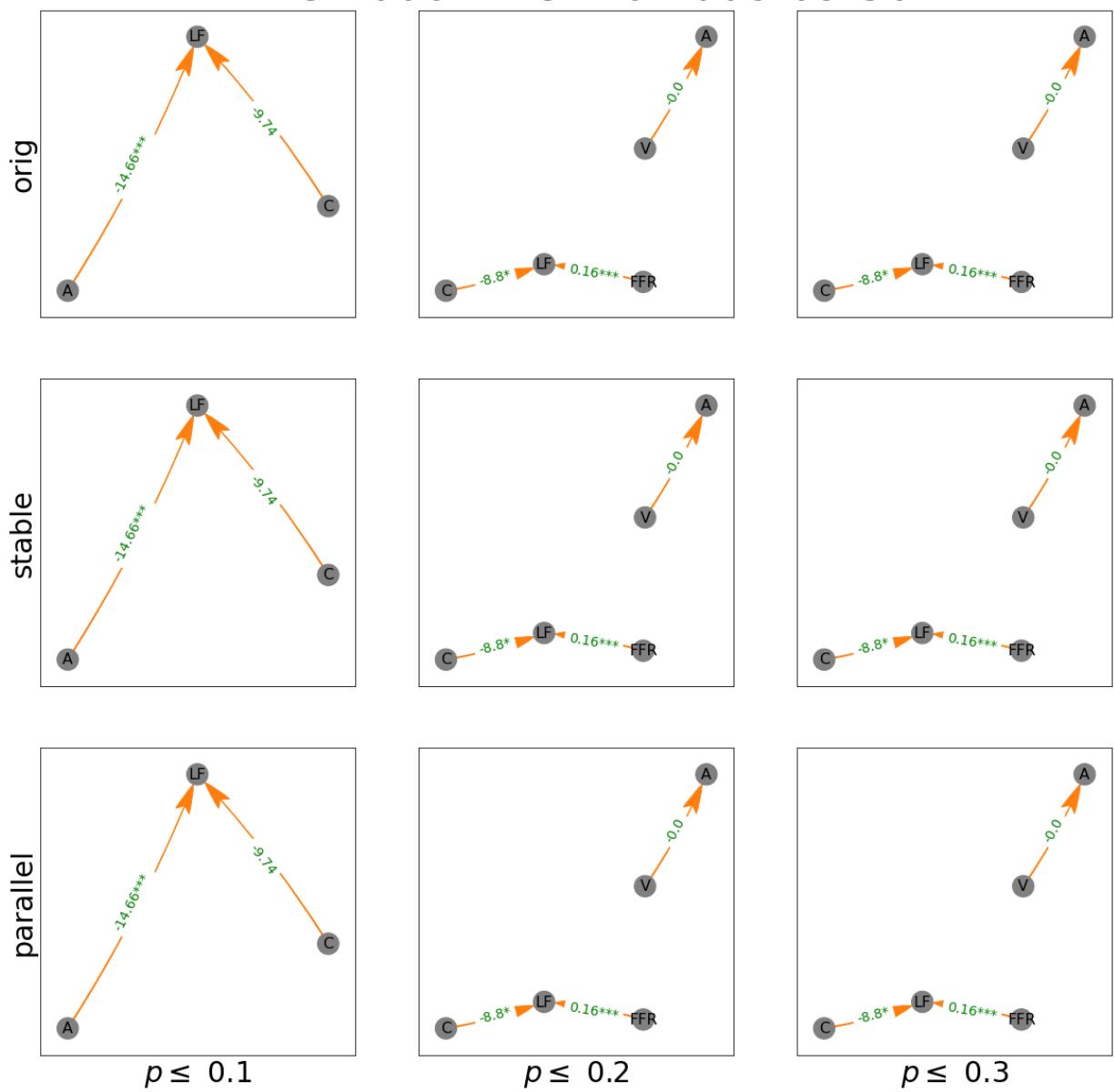
## DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff

PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

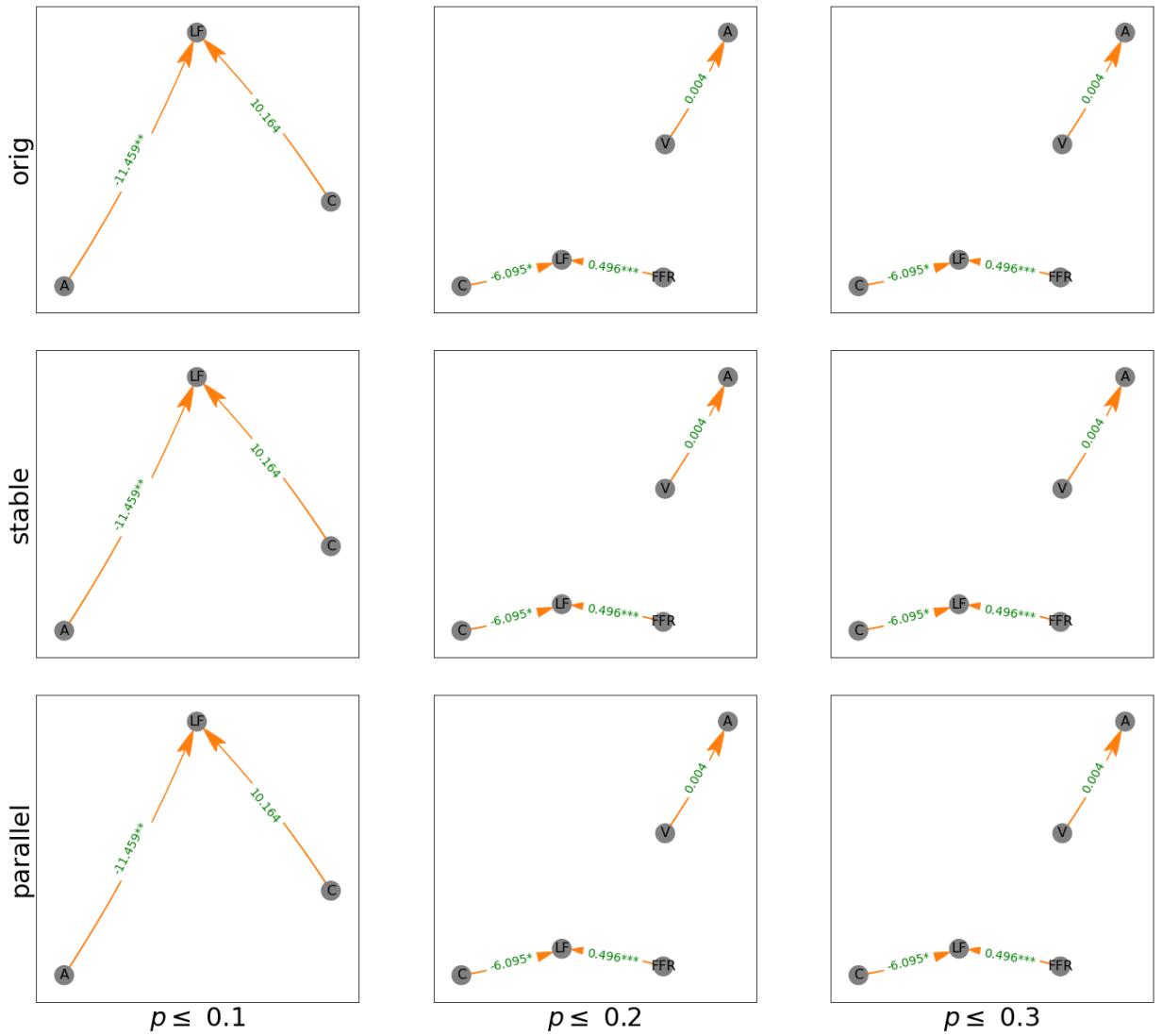


# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff

## PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

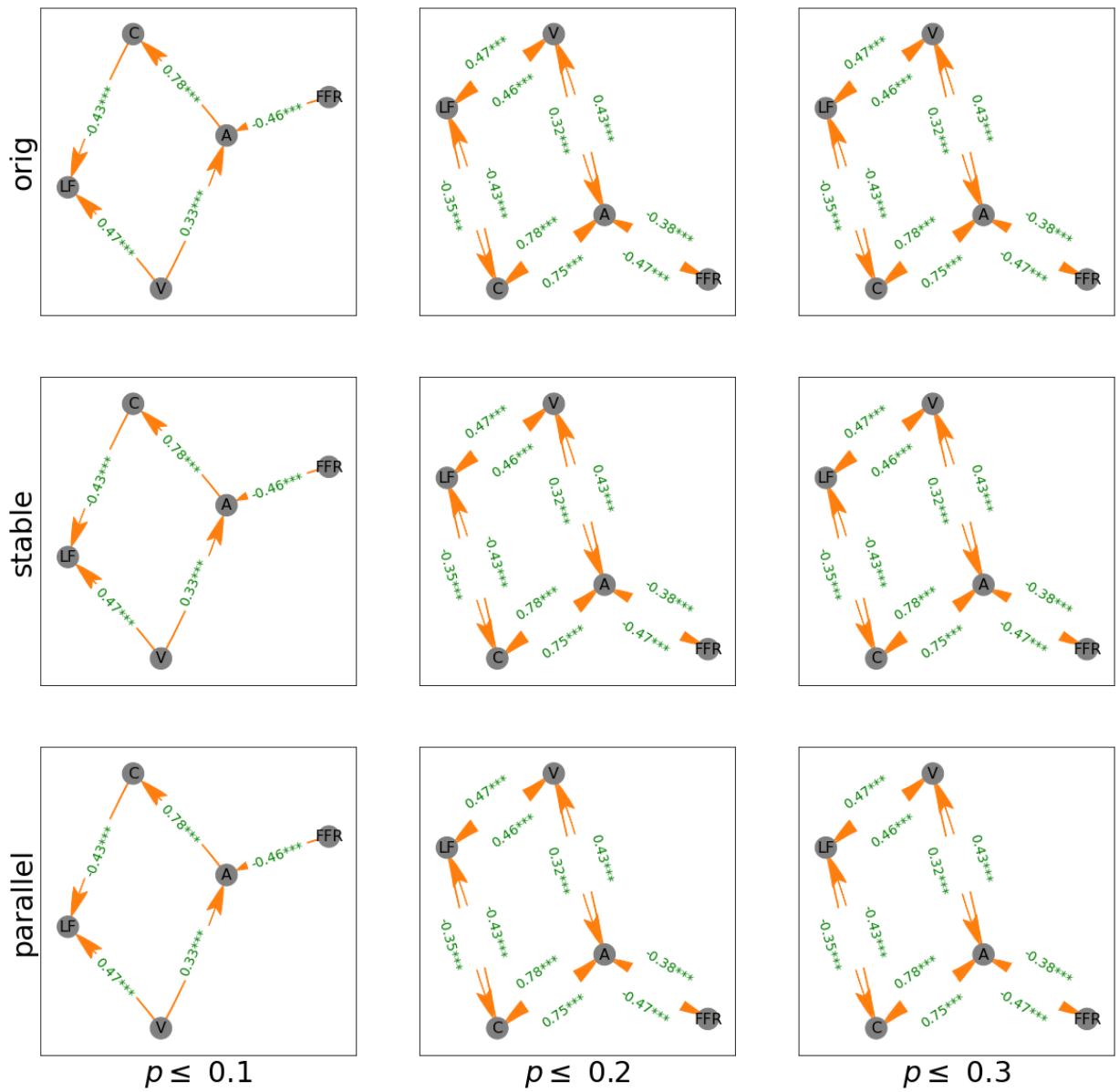


## VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-12-31 to 2008-09-30

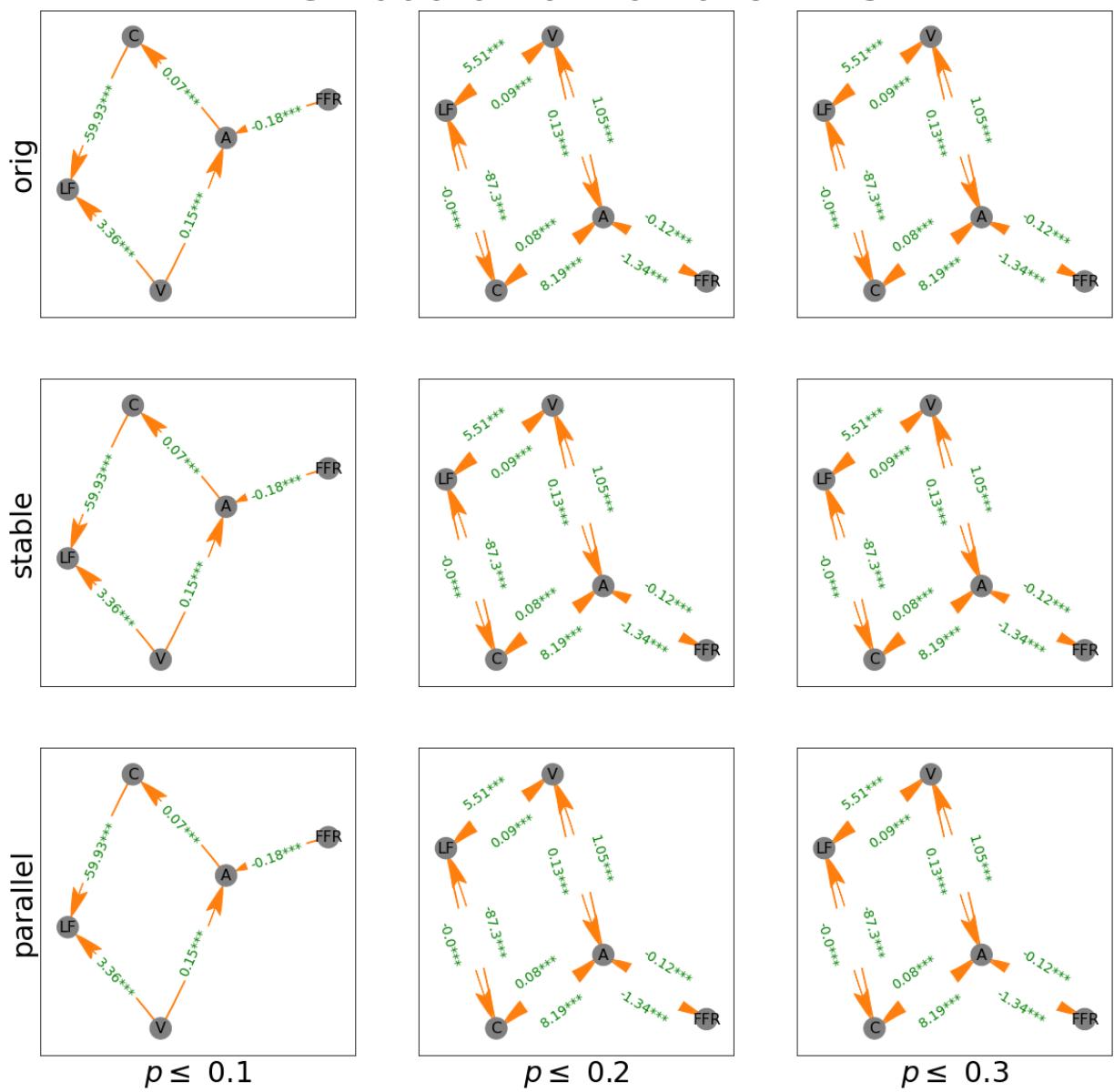




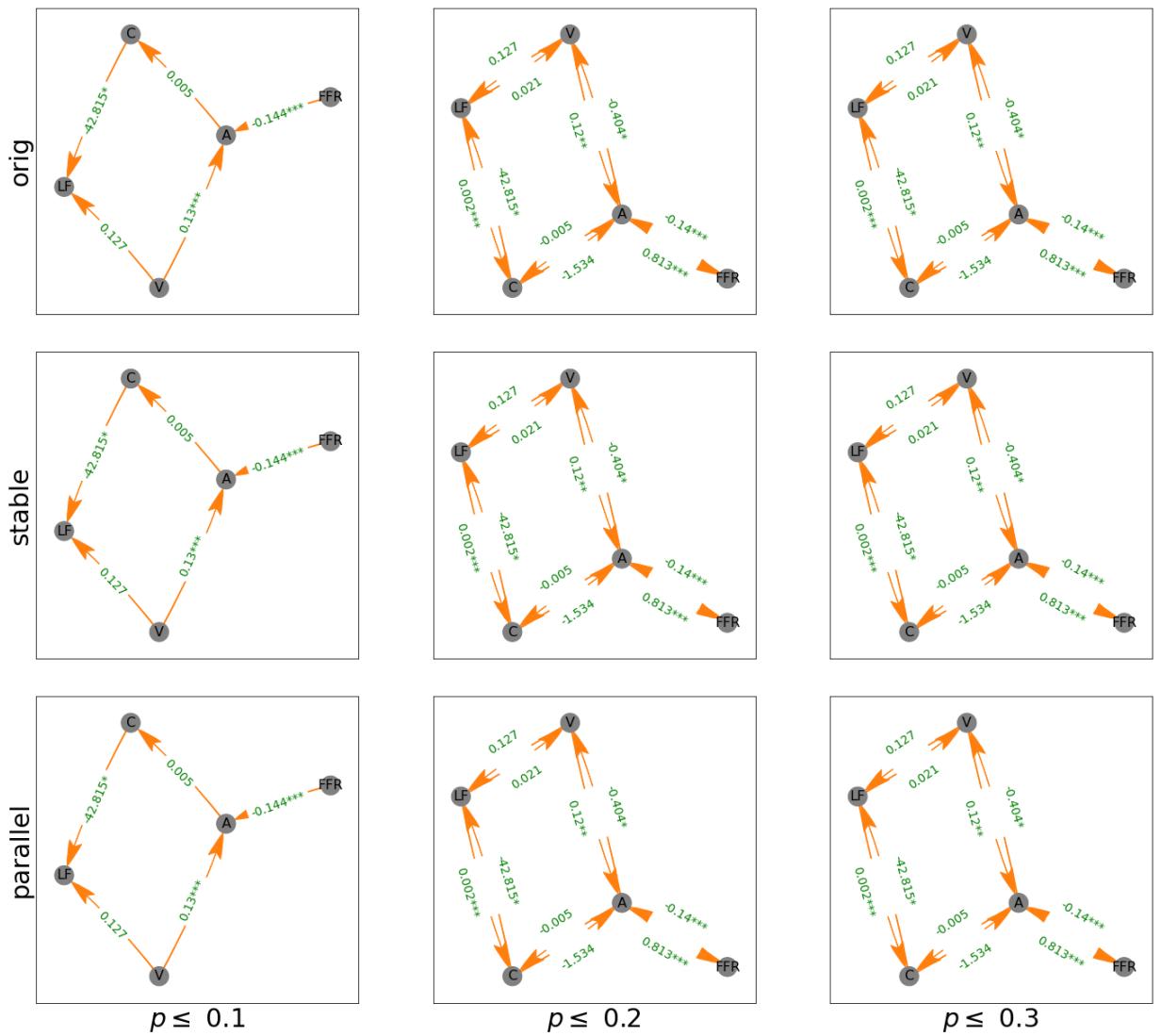
# DAG Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31



# SUR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31



# VAR Estimates Diff-in-Diff PDAG 2006-01-01 to 2019-12-31



In [ ]: