

```
In [58]: import datetime
import os
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from datlib.FRED import *
from datlib.plots import *
import pandas_datareader.data as web

%matplotlib inline

# Import Statsmodels

from statsmodels.tsa.api import VAR
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import rmse, aic
```

```

In [59]: #FRED.py
# . . .
def bil_to_mil(series):
    return series* 10**3
# . . .
#fedProject.py
# . . .
data_codes = {# Assets
    "Balance Sheet: Total Assets ($ Mil)": "WALCL",
    "Balance Sheet Securities, Prem-Disc, Repos, and Loans ($ Mil)": "WALSL",
    "Balance Sheet: Securities Held Outright ($ Mil)": "WSHOSHO",
    ### breakdown of securities holdings ###
    "Balance Sheet: U.S. Treasuries Held Outright ($ Mil)": "WSHOTSL",
    "Balance Sheet: Federal Agency Debt Securities ($ Mil)": "WSHOFAD",
    "Balance Sheet: Mortgage-Backed Securities ($ Mil)": "WSHOMCB",
    # other forms of lending
    "Balance Sheet: Repos ($ Mil)": "WORAL",
    "Balance Sheet: Central Bank Liquidity Swaps ($ Mil)": "SWPT",
    "Balance Sheet: Direct Lending ($ Mil)": "WLCFLL",
    # unamortized value of securities held (due to changes in interest rates)
    "Balance Sheet: Unamortized Security Premiums ($ Mil)": "WUPSHO",
    # Liabilities
    "Balance Sheet: Total Liabilities ($ Mil)": "WLTLECL",
    "Balance Sheet: Federal Reserve Notes Outstanding ($ Mil)": "WLFN",
    "Balance Sheet: Reverse Repos ($ Mil)": "WLRRAL",
    ### Major share of deposits
    "Balance Sheet: Deposits from Dep. Institutions ($ Mil)": "WLODLL",
    "Balance Sheet: U.S. Treasury General Account ($ Mil)": "WDTGAL",
    "Balance Sheet: Other Deposits ($ Mil)": "WOTHLB",
    "Balance Sheet: All Deposits ($ Mil)": "WLDLCL",
    # Capital
    "Balance Sheet: Total Capital": "WCTCL",
    # Interest Rates
    "Unemployment Rate": "UNRATE",
    "Nominal GDP ($ Bil)": "GDP",
    "Real GDP ($ Bil)": "GDPC1",
    "GDP Deflator": "GDPDEF",
    "CPI": "CPIAUCSL",
    "Core PCE": "PCEPILFE",
    "Private Investment": "GPDI",
    "Base: Total ($ Mil)": "BOGMBASE",
    "Base: Currency in Circulation ($ Bil)": "WCURCIR",
    "1 Month Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS1MO",
    "3 Month Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS3MO",
    "1 Year Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS1",
    "2 Year Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS2",
    "10 Year Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS10",
    "30 Year Treasury Rate (%)": "DGS30",
    "Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)": "DFF",
    "Federal Funds Target Rate (Pre-crisis)": "DFEDTAR",
    "Federal Funds Upper Target": "DFEDTARU",
    "Federal Funds Lower Target": "DFEDTARL",
    "Interest on Reserves (%)": "IOER",
    "VIX": "VIXCLS",
    "5 Year Forward Rate": "T5YIFR"
}

```

```

inflation_target = 2

unemployment_target = 4
# Select start and end dates
start = datetime.datetime(2000, 1, 1)
end = datetime.datetime.today()

## year variable automatically adjusts the number of periods
# per year in light of data frequency
annual_div = {"Q":4,
              "W":52,
              "M":12}
### choose frequency
freq = "M"
### set periods per year
year = annual_div[freq]

```

In [60]: *#data cleaning, importing*

```

d_parser = lambda x: pd.datetime.strptime(x, '%m/%d/%Y')
df = pd.read_csv('M4-3.csv', parse_dates=['Date'], date_parser=d_parser)
df

```

Out[60]:

	Date	M4	Log Total Assets	Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)	Log Currency in Circulation (\$ Bil)	Unemployment Rate	Inflation Rate
0	2010-01-31	7.07	14.63	0.11	6.83	9.8	2.62
1	2010-02-28	7.06	14.63	0.13	6.83	9.8	2.15
2	2010-03-31	7.05	14.65	0.17	6.84	9.9	2.29
3	2010-04-30	7.06	14.66	0.20	6.84	9.9	2.21
4	2010-05-31	7.06	14.66	0.20	6.84	9.6	2.00
...
115	2019-08-31	7.40	15.14	2.13	7.47	3.7	1.74
116	2019-09-30	7.40	15.15	2.04	7.47	3.5	1.72
117	2019-10-31	7.41	15.19	1.83	7.48	3.6	1.77
118	2019-11-30	7.42	15.21	1.55	7.49	3.6	2.04
119	2019-12-31	7.42	15.23	1.55	7.49	3.6	2.26

120 rows × 7 columns

```
In [61]: df['Date_at_year_month'] = df['Date'].dt.strftime('%Y-%m')
```

```
In [5]: column_names = {'Date_at_year_month': 'DATE',
                        'M4': 'M4',
                        'Log Total Assets': 'TA',
                        'Log Currency in Circulation ($ Bil)': 'CC',
                        'Effective Federal Funds Rate (%)': 'FFR',
                        'Unemployment Rate': 'U',
                        'Inflation Rate': 'I'}

# rename columns
df = df.rename(columns = column_names)

df
```

Out[5]:

	Date	M4	TA	FFR	CC	U	I	DATE
0	2010-01-31	7.07	14.63	0.11	6.83	9.8	2.62	2010-01
1	2010-02-28	7.06	14.63	0.13	6.83	9.8	2.15	2010-02
2	2010-03-31	7.05	14.65	0.17	6.84	9.9	2.29	2010-03
3	2010-04-30	7.06	14.66	0.20	6.84	9.9	2.21	2010-04
4	2010-05-31	7.06	14.66	0.20	6.84	9.6	2.00	2010-05
...
115	2019-08-31	7.40	15.14	2.13	7.47	3.7	1.74	2019-08
116	2019-09-30	7.40	15.15	2.04	7.47	3.5	1.72	2019-09
117	2019-10-31	7.41	15.19	1.83	7.48	3.6	1.77	2019-10
118	2019-11-30	7.42	15.21	1.55	7.49	3.6	2.04	2019-11
119	2019-12-31	7.42	15.23	1.55	7.49	3.6	2.26	2019-12

120 rows × 8 columns

```
In [62]: df = df.set_index('DATE')
df
```

```
-----
KeyError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_15860\4232121041.py in <module>
----> 1 df = df.set_index('DATE')
      2 df

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\util\_decorators.py in wrapper(*args, **kw
args)
    309             stacklevel=stacklevel,
    310         )
--> 311         return func(*args, **kwargs)
    312
    313     return wrapper

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\frame.py in set_index(self, keys, dro
p, append, inplace, verify_integrity)
    5449
    5450         if missing:
-> 5451             raise KeyError(f"None of {missing} are in the columns")
    5452
    5453         if inplace:

KeyError: "None of ['DATE'] are in the columns"
```

```
In [ ]: df = df.drop(['Date'], axis = 1)
df
```

```
In [ ]: data = df
data
```

```
In [ ]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
In [ ]: ## 1st diff
data_diff = data.diff().dropna()
data_diff
```

In []: #ADF test

```
X = data_diff["M4"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_diff["FFR"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_diff["TA"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_diff["CC"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")
```

```
X = data_diff["U"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_diff["I"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")
```

```
In [ ]: ##2nd diff
data_new = data_diff.diff().dropna()
data_new
```

In []: #ADF test

```
X = data_new["M4"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_new["FFR"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_new["TA"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_new["CC"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")
```



```
X = data_new["U"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")

X = data_new["I"].values
result = adfuller(X)
print('ADF Statistic: %f' % result[0])
print('p-value: %f' % result[1])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, value in result[4].items():
    print('\t%s: %.3f' % (key, value))

if result[0] < result[4]["5%"]:
    print ("Reject Ho - Time Series is Stationary")
else:
    print ("Failed to Reject Ho - Time Series is Non-Stationary")
```

```
In [ ]: df = data_new
```

```
In [26]: from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import kpss

def kpss_test(df):
    statistic, p_value, n_lags, critical_values = kpss(df.values)

    print(f'KPSS Statistic: {statistic}')
    print(f'p-value: {p_value}')
    print(f'num lags: {n_lags}')
    print('Critical Values:')
    for key, value in critical_values.items():
        print(f'    {key} : {value}')

print('KPSS Test: M4')
kpss_test(df['M4'])
print('KPSS Test: TA')
kpss_test(df['TA'])
print('KPSS Test: FFR')
kpss_test(df['FFR'])
print('KPSS Test: U')
kpss_test(df['U'])
print('KPSS Test: CC')
kpss_test(df['CC'])
```

```
KPSS Test: M4
KPSS Statistic: 0.14964284945890138
p-value: 0.1
num lags: 15
Critical Values:
    10% : 0.347
    5% : 0.463
    2.5% : 0.574
    1% : 0.739
KPSS Test: TA
KPSS Statistic: 0.08493068113321174
p-value: 0.1
num lags: 13
Critical Values:
    10% : 0.347
    5% : 0.463
    2.5% : 0.574
    1% : 0.739
KPSS Test: FFR
KPSS Statistic: 0.07686568226713045
p-value: 0.1
num lags: 19
Critical Values:
    10% : 0.347
    5% : 0.463
    2.5% : 0.574
    1% : 0.739
KPSS Test: U
KPSS Statistic: 0.19969793589528864
p-value: 0.1
num lags: 34
Critical Values:
    10% : 0.347
    5% : 0.463
```

```

2.5% : 0.574
1% : 0.739
KPSS Test: CC
KPSS Statistic: 0.13001240181893342
p-value: 0.1
num lags: 16
Critical Values:
10% : 0.347
5% : 0.463
2.5% : 0.574
1% : 0.739

```

```

In [38]: from arch.unitroot import engle_granger

eg_test = engle_granger(df.M4, df.TA, trend="n")
eg_test

```

Out[38]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

```

Test Statistic -8.810
P-value      0.000
ADF Lag length      4
Estimated Root p (γ+1) -3.227

```

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.44 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```

In [39]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector

```

Out[39]: M4 1.00000
TA 0.12931
dtype: float64

```
In [40]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.M4, df.CC, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[40]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-9.118
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	4
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-3.392

Trend: Constant

Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.44 (1%)

Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration

Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration

Distribution Order: 1

```
In [41]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[41]: M4 1.000000
CC 0.173077
dtype: float64

```
In [42]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.M4, df.FFR, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[42]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-9.005
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	3
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-2.379

Trend: Constant

Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)

Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration

Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration

Distribution Order: 1

```
In [43]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[43]: M4 1.000000
FFR 0.034614
dtype: float64

```
In [44]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.M4, df.U, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[44]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-9.169
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	4
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-3.576

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.44 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [45]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[45]: M4 1.000000
U -0.005612
dtype: float64

In []:

```
In [46]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.TA, df.U, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[46]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-10.241
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	1
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-0.511

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [47]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[47]: TA 1.000000
U 0.001531
dtype: float64

```
In [48]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.TA, df.CC, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[48]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-14.804
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	0
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-0.292

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [49]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[49]: TA 1.000000
CC -0.134615
dtype: float64

```
In [50]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.TA, df.FFR, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[50]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-14.499
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	0
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-0.272

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [51]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[51]: TA 1.000000
FFR -0.006524
dtype: float64

```
In [52]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.CC, df.U, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[52]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-14.863
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	2
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-2.476

Trend: Constant

Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)

Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration

Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration

Distribution Order: 1

```
In [53]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[53]: CC 1.000000
U 0.002721
dtype: float64

```
In [35]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.CC, df.FFR, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[35]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-14.755
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	2
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-2.454

Trend: Constant

Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)

Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration

Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration

Distribution Order: 1

```
In [54]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[54]: CC 1.000000
U 0.002721
dtype: float64

```
In [36]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.CC, df.TA, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[36]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-14.654
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	2
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-2.449

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [55]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[55]: CC 1.000000
U 0.002721
dtype: float64

```
In [56]: eg_test = engle_granger(df.FFR, df.U, trend="n")
eg_test
```

Out[56]: Engle-Granger Cointegration Test

Test Statistic	-15.965
P-value	0.000
ADF Lag length	1
Estimated Root ρ ($\gamma+1$)	-1.303

Trend: Constant
Critical Values: -2.50 (10%), -2.82 (5%), -3.43 (1%)
Null Hypothesis: No Cointegration
Alternative Hypothesis: Cointegration
Distribution Order: 1

```
In [57]: eg_test.cointegrating_vector
```

Out[57]: FFR 1.00000
U 0.00102
dtype: float64

In [65]: *## Partial Correlation*

```
import statsmodels.api as sm

residuals = {}
for y_var in df.keys():
    X_vars = list(df.keys())
    X_vars.remove(y_var)
    X = df[X_vars]
    # Initial estimate should include constant
    # This won't be the case we regress the errors
    X["Constant"] = 1
    # pass y_var as list for consistent structure
    y = df[[y_var]]
    model = sm.OLS(y, X)
    results = model.fit()
    residuals[y_var] = results.resid
residuals = pd.DataFrame(residuals)
residuals
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_15860\4005149703.py in <module>
    13     # pass y_var as list for consistent structure
    14     y = df[[y_var]]
--> 15     model = sm.OLS(y, X)
    16     results = model.fit()
    17     residuals[y_var] = results.resid

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py in __init__
_(self, endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
    888         "An exception will be raised in the next version.")
    889         warnings.warn(msg, ValueWarning)
--> 890         super(OLS, self).__init__(endog, exog, missing=missing,
    891                                   hasconst=hasconst, **kwargs)
    892         if "weights" in self._init_keys:

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py in __init__
_(self, endog, exog, weights, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
    715         else:
    716             weights = weights.squeeze()
--> 717         super(WLS, self).__init__(endog, exog, missing=missing,
    718                                   weights=weights, hasconst=hasconst, *
    *kwargs)
    719         nobs = self.exog.shape[0]

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\regression\linear_model.py in __init__
_(self, endog, exog, **kwargs)
    189         """
    190         def __init__(self, endog, exog, **kwargs):
--> 191             super(RegressionModel, self).__init__(endog, exog, **kwargs)
    192             self._data_attr.extend(['pinv_wexog', 'wendog', 'wexog', 'weights'])
    193

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\model.py in __init__(self, endo
```

```

g, exog, **kwargs)
    265
    266     def __init__(self, endog, exog=None, **kwargs):
--> 267         super().__init__(endog, exog, **kwargs)
    268         self.initialize()
    269

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\model.py in __init__(self, endog, exog, **kwargs)
    90         missing = kwargs.pop('missing', 'none')
    91         hasconst = kwargs.pop('hasconst', None)
---> 92         self.data = self._handle_data(endog, exog, missing, hasconst,
    93                                     **kwargs)
    94         self.k_constant = self.data.k_constant

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\model.py in _handle_data(self, endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
   130
   131     def _handle_data(self, endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs):
--> 132         data = handle_data(endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
   133         # kwargs arrays could have changed, easier to just attach here
   134         for key in kwargs:

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\data.py in handle_data(endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
   671
   672     klass = handle_data_class_factory(endog, exog)
--> 673     return klass(endog, exog=exog, missing=missing, hasconst=hasconst,
   674                 **kwargs)

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\data.py in __init__(self, endog, exog, missing, hasconst, **kwargs)
    80         self.orig_endog = endog
    81         self.orig_exog = exog
---> 82         self.endog, self.exog = self._convert_endog_exog(endog, exog)
    83
    84         self.const_idx = None

~\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\base\data.py in _convert_endog_exog(self, endog, exog)
   505         exog = exog if exog is None else np.asarray(exog)
   506         if endog.dtype == object or exog is not None and exog.dtype ==
object:
--> 507             raise ValueError("Pandas data cast to numpy dtype of object. "
   508                               "Check input data with np.asarray(data).")
   509         return super(PandasData, self)._convert_endog_exog(endog, exog)

```

ValueError: Pandas data cast to numpy dtype of object. Check input data with np.asarray(data).

```
In [64]: residuals.corr()[residuals.corr().abs() < 1].mul(-1).fillna(1).round(2)
```

```
-----
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
~\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_15860\1867714976.py in <module>
----> 1 residuals.corr()[residuals.corr().abs() < 1].mul(-1).fillna(1).round(2)

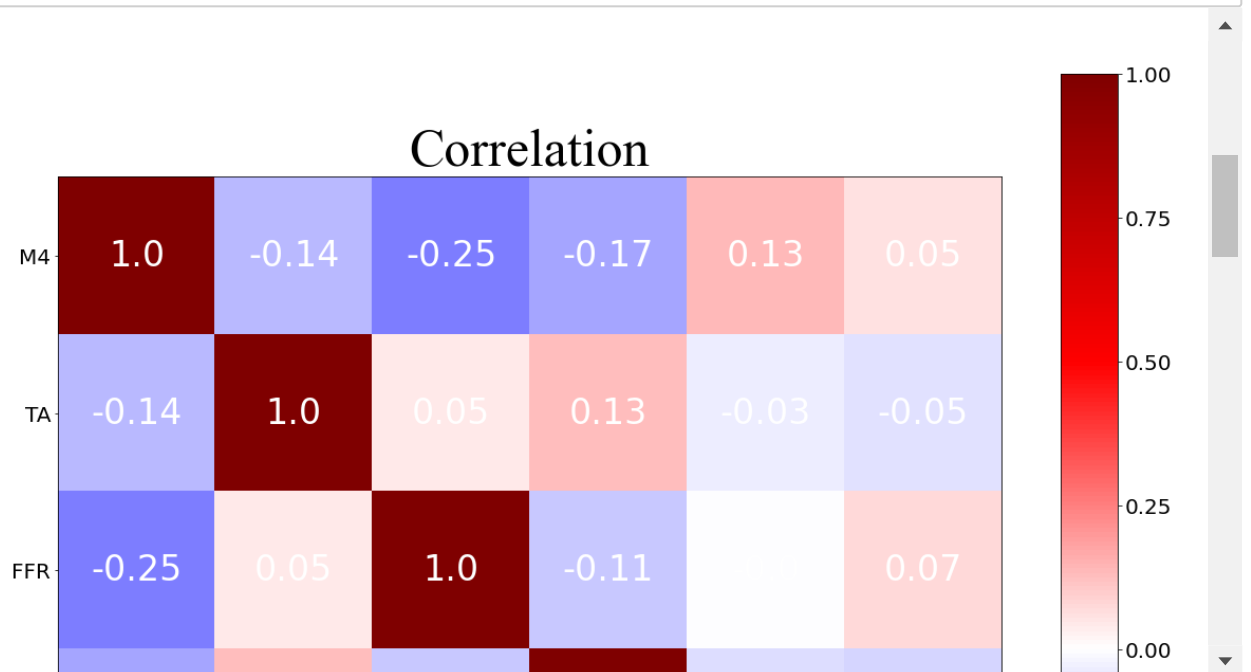
AttributeError: 'dict' object has no attribute 'corr'
```

```
In [17]: # !pip install pingouin
import pingouin
df.pcorr().round(2)
```

Out[17]:

	M4	TA	FFR	CC	U	I
M4	1.00	-0.10	-0.28	-0.18	0.13	0.07
TA	-0.10	1.00	0.03	0.11	-0.02	-0.04
FFR	-0.28	0.03	1.00	-0.15	0.03	0.08
CC	-0.18	0.11	-0.15	1.00	-0.04	-0.06
U	0.13	-0.02	0.03	-0.04	1.00	-0.12
I	0.07	-0.04	0.08	-0.06	-0.12	1.00

```
In [18]: from datlib.plots import *
corr_matrix_heatmap(df.corr(),
                    save_fig = False,
                    pp = None)
corr_matrix_heatmap(df.pcorr(), save_fig = False, pp = None)
```



```
In [19]: pcorr_pvalues = {}
for y, Y in residuals.items():
    pcorr_pvalues[y] = {}
    for x, X in residuals.items():
        if x != y:
            pcorr_pvalues[y][x] = sm.OLS(Y,X).fit().pvalues[x]

        else:
            pcorr_pvalues[y][x] = np.NaN
pd.DataFrame(pcorr_pvalues).round(2)
```

Out[19]:

	M4	TA	FFR	CC	U	I
M4	NaN	0.29	0.00	0.05	0.16	0.44
TA	0.29	NaN	0.73	0.25	0.84	0.63
FFR	0.00	0.73	NaN	0.10	0.71	0.37
CC	0.05	0.25	0.10	NaN	0.64	0.52
U	0.16	0.84	0.71	0.64	NaN	0.20
I	0.44	0.63	0.37	0.52	0.20	NaN

```
In [20]: ##DAG

import pingouin
from pgmpy.estimators import PC
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.patches import ArrowStyle
from networkx.drawing.nx_agraph import graphviz_layout
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
from matplotlib.backends.backend_pdf import PdfPages
import networkx as nx
```

```
In [21]: ## Estimating a Directed Acyclic Graph
p_val = .01
from pgmpy.estimators import PC
c = PC(df)
max_cond_vars = len(df.keys())-2

model = c.estimate(return_type = "dag",variant= "parallel",#"orig", "stable"
                    significance_level = p_val,
                    max_cond_vars = max_cond_vars, ci_test = "pearsonr")
edges = model.edges()
```

Working for n conditional variables:

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2: 50%

2.69it/s]

```
In [22]: from matplotlib.patches import ArrowStyle

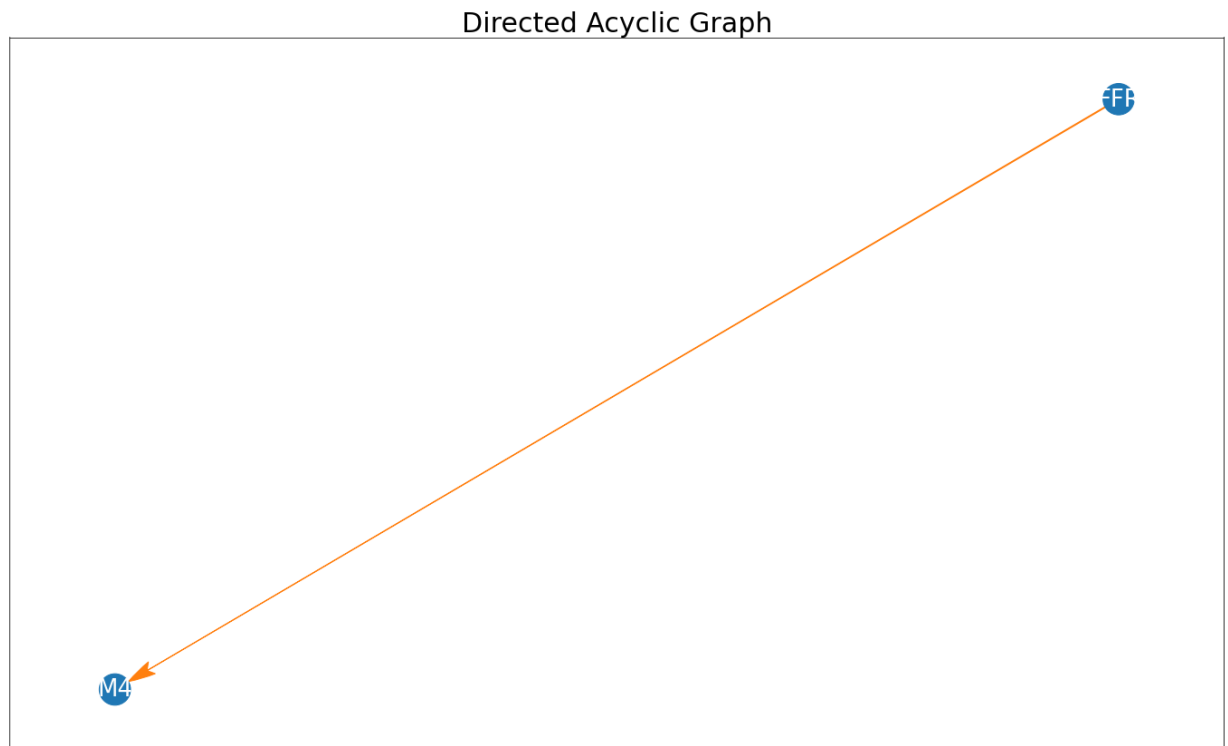
def graph_DAG(edges, df, title = ""):
    graph = nx.DiGraph()
    graph.add_edges_from(edges)
    color_map = ["C0" for g in graph]

    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (20,12))
    graph.nodes()
    plt.tight_layout()
    pos = nx.spring_layout(graph)#, k = 5/(len(sig_corr.keys())**.5))

    plt.title(title, fontsize = 30)
    nx.draw_networkx(graph, pos, node_color=color_map, node_size = 1200,
                    with_labels=True, arrows=True,
                    font_color = "white",
                    font_size = 26, alpha = 1,
                    width = 1, edge_color = "C1",
                    arrowstyle=ArrowStyle("Fancy", head_length=3, head_width=1.5,

graph_DAG(edges, df, title = "Directed Acyclic Graph")
edges
```

Out[22]: OutEdgeView([('FFR', 'M4')])



In [23]: *## D-separation*

```

def graph_DAG(edges, df, title = ""):
    graph = nx.DiGraph()
    edge_labels = {}
    ##### Add #####
    for edge in edges:
        controls = [key for key in df.keys() if key not in edge]
        controls = list(set(controls))
        keep_controls = []
        for control in controls:
            control_edges = [ctrl_edge for ctrl_edge in edges if control == ctrl_
            if (control, edge[1]) in control_edges:
                print("keep control:", control)
                keep_controls.append(control)
        print(edge, keep_controls)
        pcorr = df[[edge[0], edge[1]]+keep_controls].pcorr()
    #     corr_matrix_heatmap(pcorr, save_fig = False, pp = None, title = "Partic
        edge_labels[edge] = str(round(pcorr[edge[0]].loc[edge[1]],2))
    graph.add_edges_from(edges)
    color_map = ["C0" for g in graph]

    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (20,12))
    graph.nodes()
    plt.tight_layout()
    pos = nx.spring_layout(graph)#, k = 5/(len(sig_corr.keys())**.5))

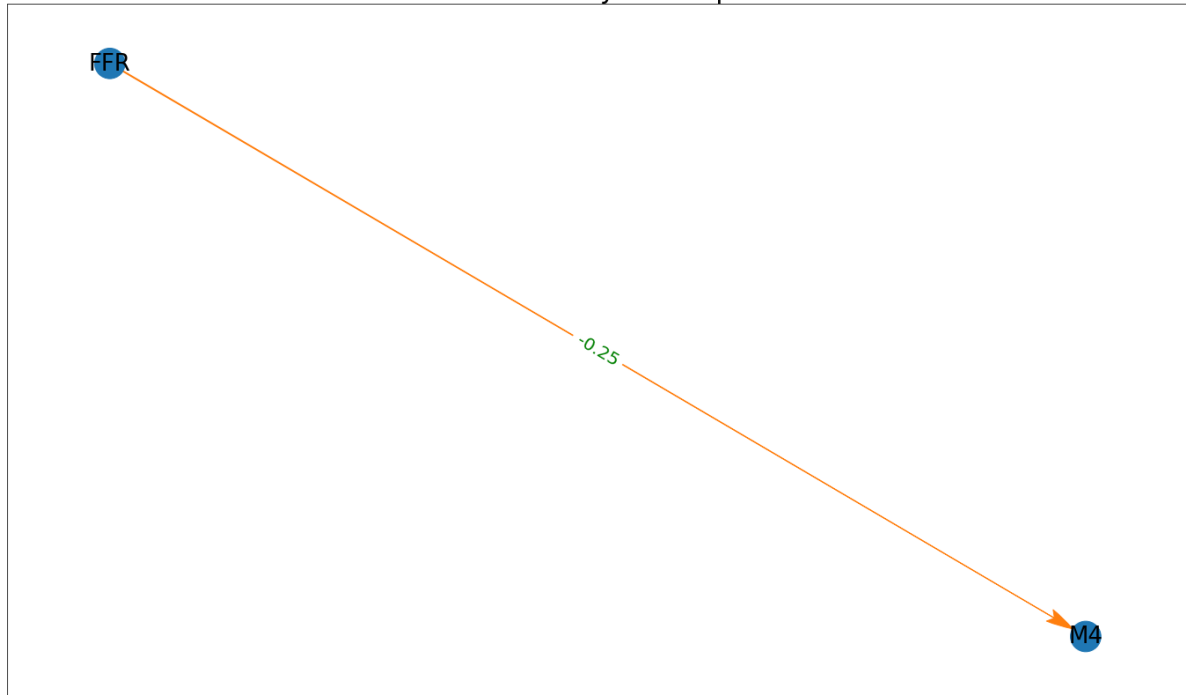
    plt.title(title, fontsize = 30)
    nx.draw_networkx(graph, pos, node_color=color_map, node_size = 1200,
        with_labels=True, arrows=True,
        # turn text black for larger variable names in homework
        font_color = "k",
        font_size = 26, alpha = 1,
        width = 1, edge_color = "C1",
        arrowstyle=ArrowStyle("Fancy", head_length=3, head_width=1.5,
    ##### Add #####
    nx.draw_networkx_edge_labels(graph,pos,
        edge_labels=edge_labels,
        font_color='green',
        font_size=20)

graph_DAG(edges, df, title = "Directed Acyclic Graph")

```

('FFR', 'M4') []

Directed Acyclic Graph



```
In [24]: data = df
def firstLetterWord(str, num_chars = 3):

    result = ""

    # Traverse the string.
    v = True
    for i in range(len(str)):

        # If it is space, set v as true.
        if (str[i] == ' '):
            v = True

        # Else check if v is true or not.
        # If true, copy character in output
        # string and set v as false.
        elif (str[i] != ' ' and v == True):
            result += (str[i:i+num_chars])
            v = False

    return result
```

```

In [25]: def graph_DAG(edges, data_reg, title = "",
                fig = False, ax = False,
                edge_labels = False, sig_vals = [0.05, 0.01, 0.001]):
    pcorr = data_reg.pcorr()
    graph = nx.DiGraph()
    def build_edge_labels(edges, df, sig_vals):
        edge_labels = {}
        for edge in edges:
            controls = [key for key in df.keys() if key not in edge]
            controls = list(set(controls))
            keep_controls = []
            for control in controls:
                control_edges = [ctrl_edge for ctrl_edge in edges if control == ctrl_edge[0]
                                if (control, edge[1]) in control_edges:
                    keep_controls.append(control)
            # print(edge, keep_controls)
            pcorr = df.partial_corr(x = edge[0], y = edge[1], covar=keep_controls,
                                    method = "pearson")
            label = str(round(pcorr["r"][0], 2))
            pvalue = pcorr["p-val"][0]
            # pcorr = df[[edge[0], edge[1]]+keep_controls].pcorr()
            # label = pcorr[edge[0]].Loc[edge[1]]

            for sig_val in sig_vals:
                if pvalue < sig_val:
                    label = label + "*"

            edge_labels[edge] = label
        return edge_labels

    if edge_labels == False:
        edge_labels = build_edge_labels(edges,
                                         data_reg,
                                         sig_vals=sig_vals)

    graph.add_edges_from(edges)
    color_map = ["grey" for g in graph]

    if fig == False and ax == False: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (20,12))
    graph.nodes()
    plt.tight_layout()
    #pos = nx.spring_layout(graph)
    pos = graphviz_layout(graph)

    edge_labels2 = []
    for u, v, d in graph.edges(data=True):
        if pos[u][0] > pos[v][0]:
            if (v,u) in edge_labels.keys():
                edge_labels2.append(((u, v), f'{edge_labels[u,v]}\n\n{edge_labels[v,u]}'))
            if (v,u) not in edge_labels.keys():
                edge_labels2.append(((u,v), f'{edge_labels[(u,v)]}'))
    edge_labels = dict(edge_labels2)

    nx.draw_networkx(graph, pos, node_color=color_map, node_size = 2500,
                    with_labels=True, arrows=True,
                    font_color = "black",
                    font_size = 26, alpha = 1,

```



```

        width = 1, edge_color = "C1",
        arrowstyle=ArrowStyle("Fancy", head_length=3, head_width=1.5,
        connectionstyle='arc3, rad = 0.05',
        ax = a)
nx.draw_networkx_edge_labels(graph,pos,
                             edge_labels=edge_labels,
                             font_color='green',
                             font_size=20,
                             ax = a)

DAG_models_vars = {0:["M4", "TA", "U", "I"],
                   1:["M4", "CC", "TA", "FFR"],
                   2:["M4", "FFR", "TA", "CC", "U"],
                   3:["TA", "U", "FFR", "M4"],
                   4:["TA", "U", "I", "FFR", "CC"],
                   5:["TA", "U", "FFR", "CC", "M4", "I"],}
# link_sigs = [0.05, 0.1, 0.2]
link_sigs = [0.05, .1, .2]
algorithms = ["orig", "stable", "parallel"]
for keys in DAG_models_vars.values():
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(len(algorithms), len(link_sigs), figsize = (30,30))
    max_cond_vars = len(keys) - 2
    data_reg = data[keys].dropna()
    data_reg.rename(columns = {col:firstLetterWord(col) for col in keys}, inplace=True)
    keys = data_reg.keys()
    c = PC(data_reg[keys].dropna())
    max_cond_vars = len(keys) - 2
    i,j = 0,0
    for sig in link_sigs:
        for algorithm in algorithms:
            model = c.estimate(return_type = "pdag", variant = algorithm,
                              significance_level = sig,
                              max_cond_vars = max_cond_vars, ci_test = "pearsonr")
            edges = model.edges()
            pcorr = data_reg.pcorr()
            weights = {}
            a = ax[i][j]
            graph_DAG(edges, data_reg, fig = fig, ax = a)

            if j == 0:
                a.set_ylabel(algorithm, fontsize = 20)
            if i == len(algorithms) - 1:
                a.set_xlabel("$p \leq$ " + str(sig), fontsize = 20)
            i += 1
        j += 1
    i = 0
    plt.suptitle(str(list(keys)).replace("[", "").replace("]", ""), fontsize = 40,
    plt.show()
    plt.close()
edges

```

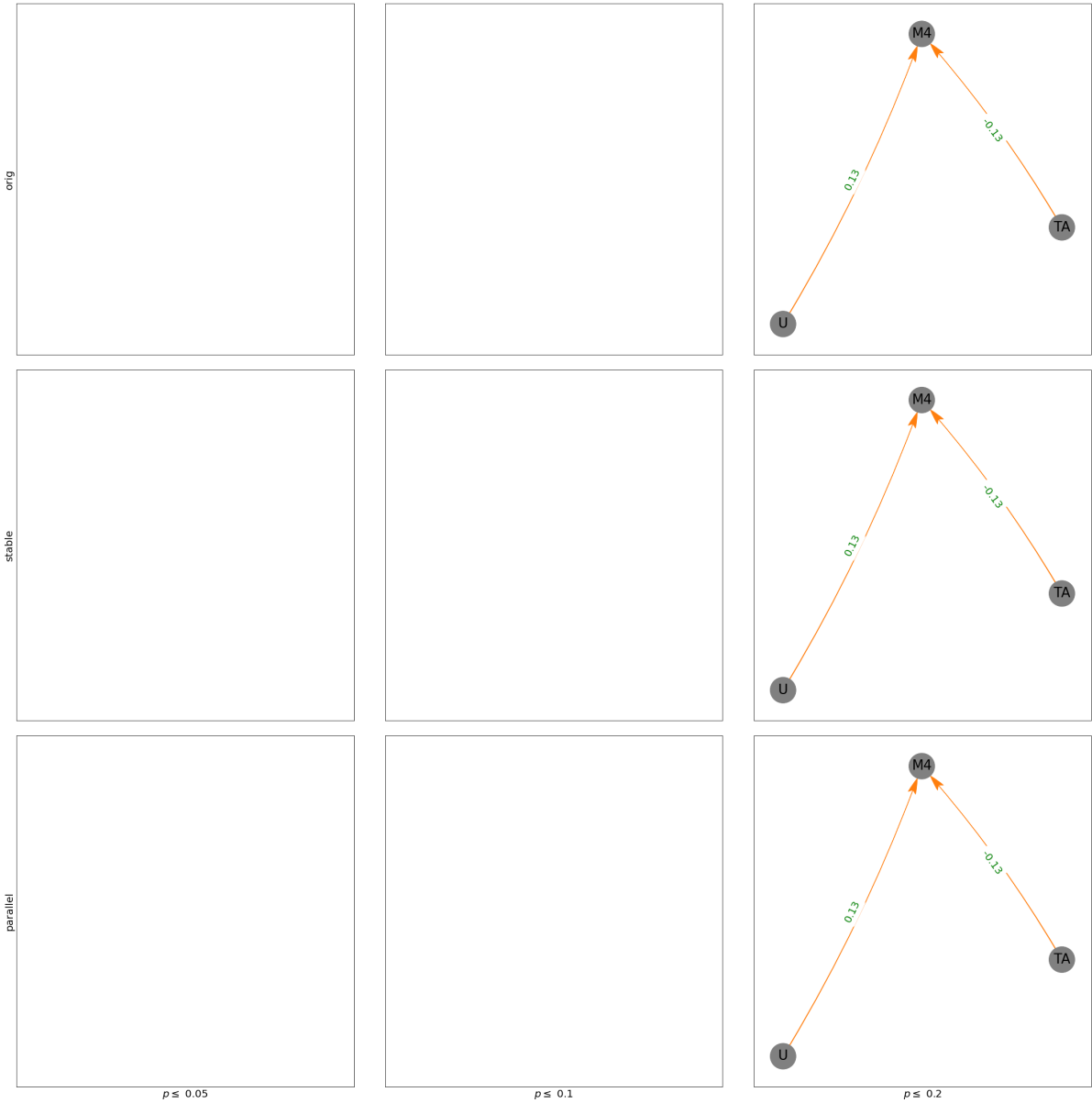
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Working for n conditional variables: 1: 50%	1/2 [00:00<00:00, 32.00it/s]
Working for n conditional variables: 1: 50%	1/2 [00:00<00:00, 21.34it/s]
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Working for n conditional variables: 2: 100%	2/2 [00:00<00:00, 42.67it/s]
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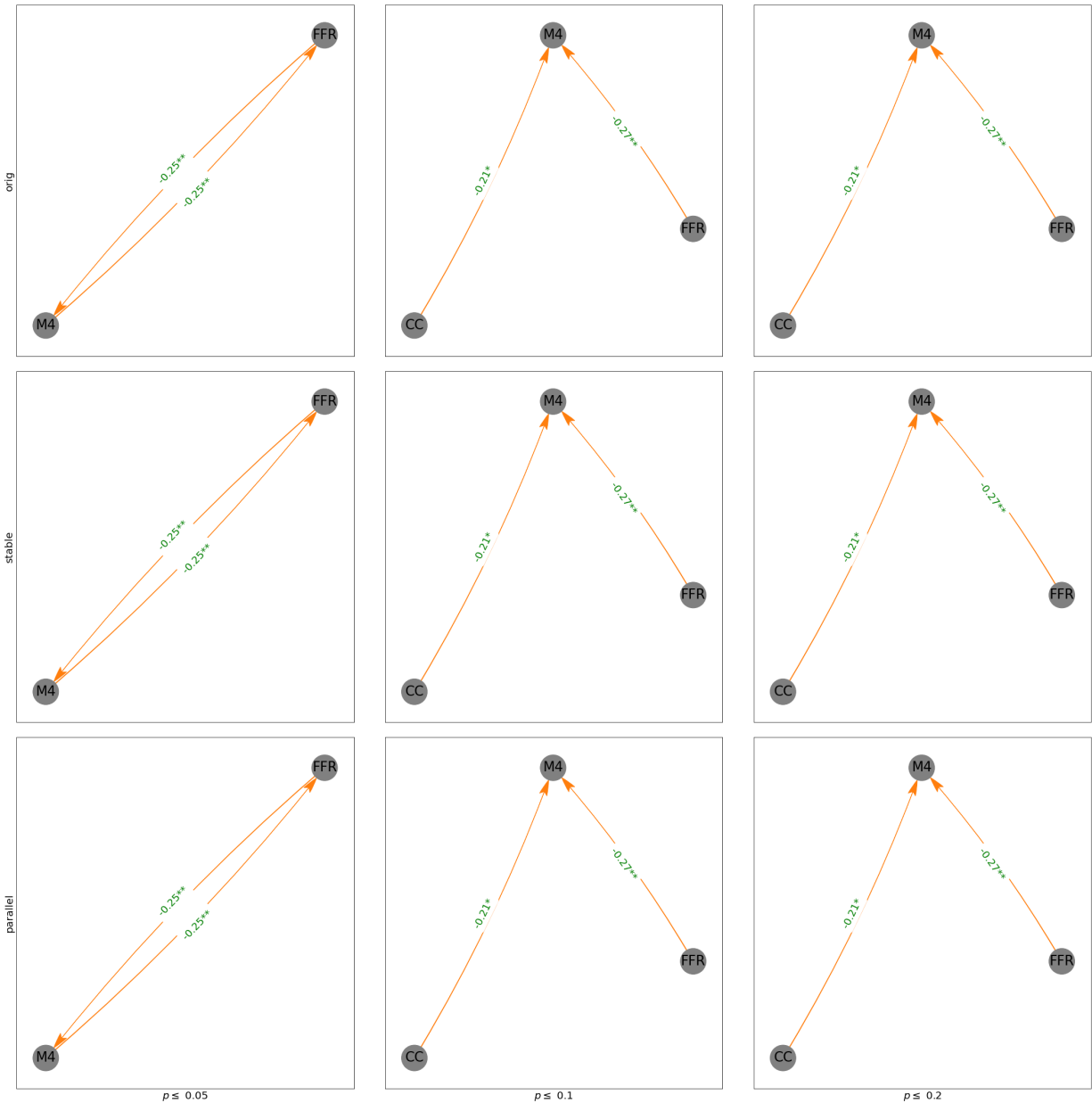
2/2 [00:00<00:00,
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Working for n conditional variables:

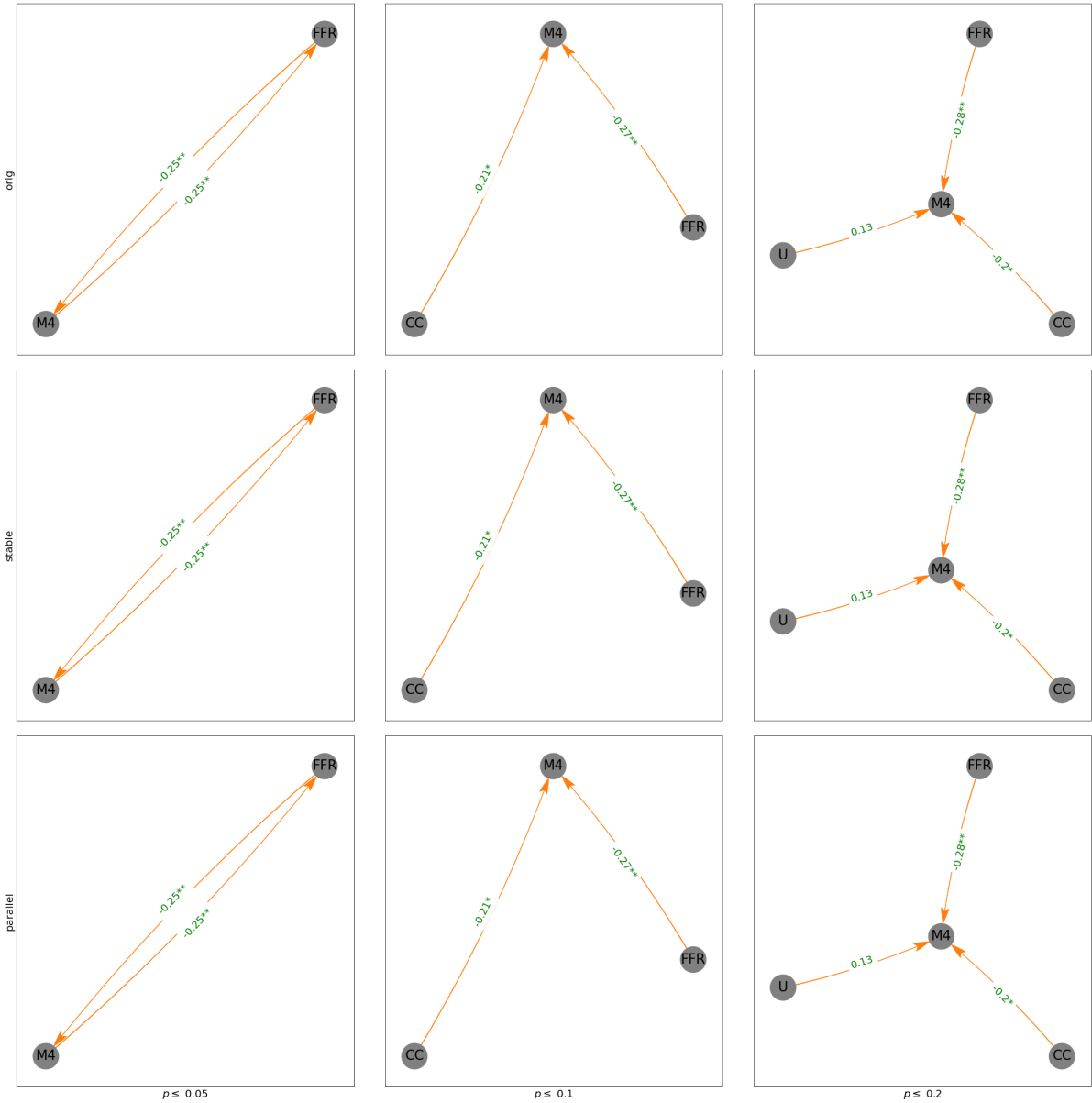
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4/27/22, 10:04 PM	M4-Final - Jupyter Notebook	
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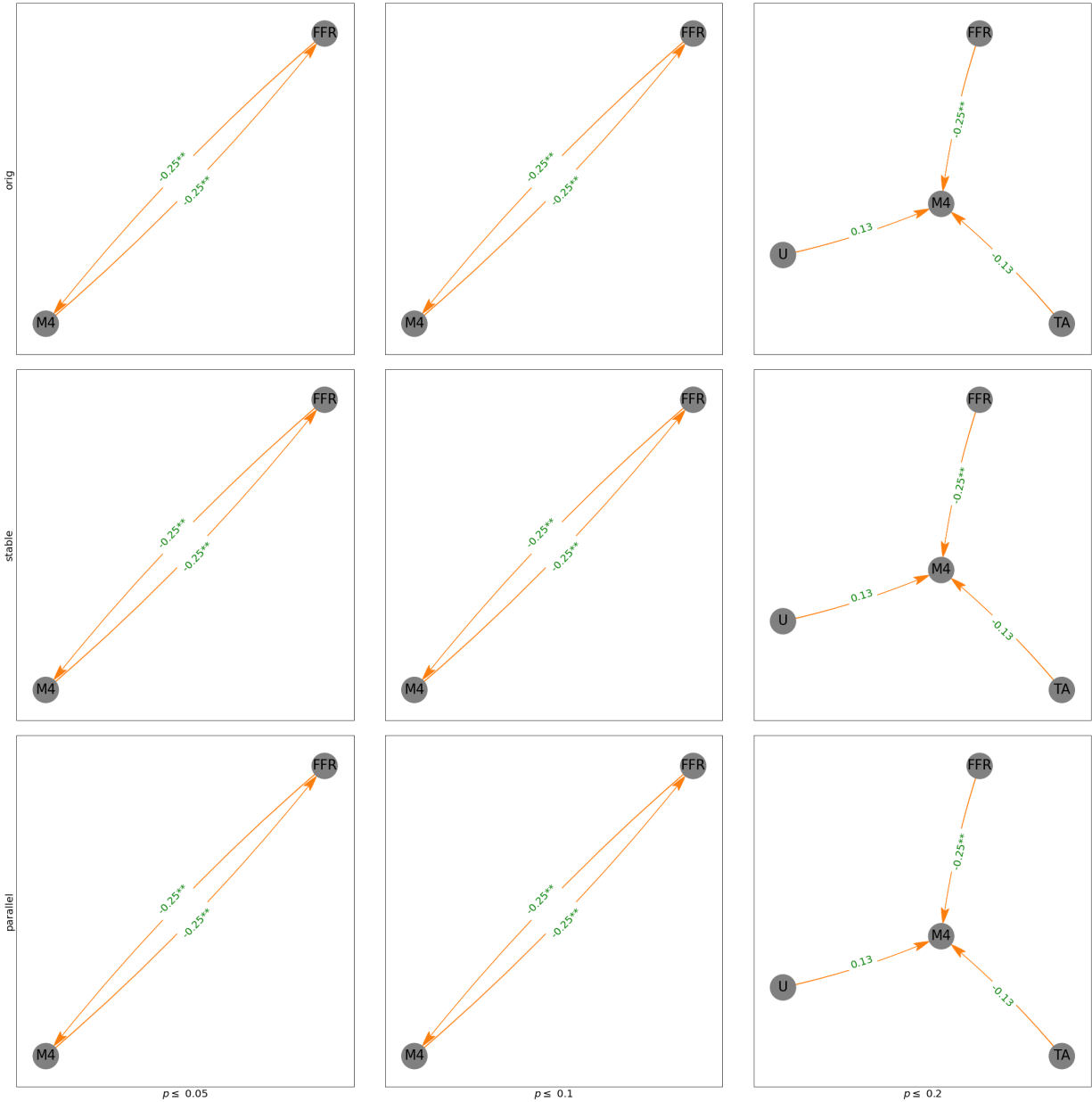
'M4', 'CC', 'TA', 'FFR'



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Working for n conditional variables: 2: 67%	2/3 [00:00<00:00, 42.67it/s]
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Working for n conditional variables: 2: 100%	2/2 [00:00<00:00, 16.29it/s]
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Working for n conditional variables:
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1/3 [00:00<00:00,
32.00it/s]

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1/3 [00:00<00:00,
32.00it/s]

Working for n conditional variables:
1: 33%

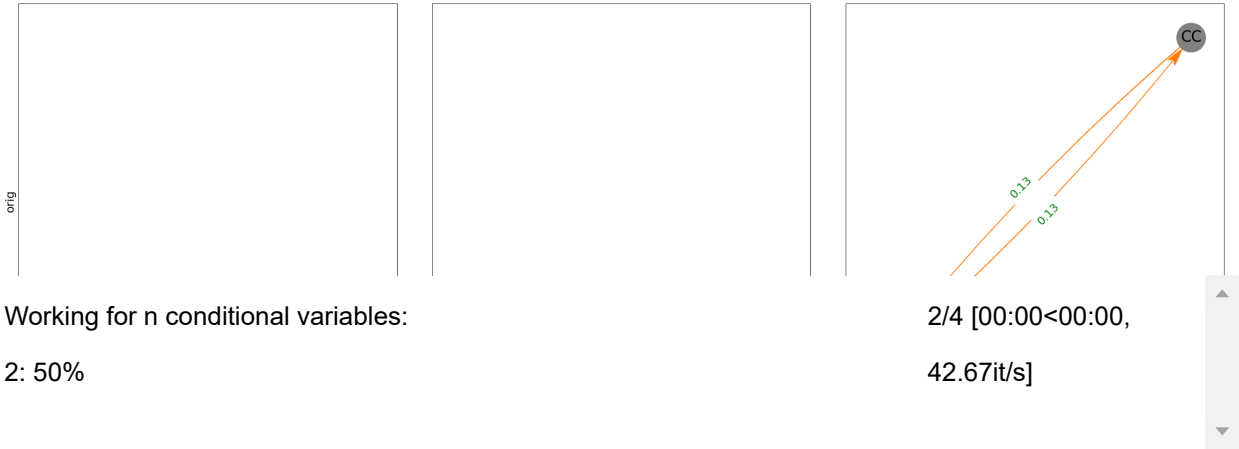
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1/3 [00:00<00:00,
21.33it/s]

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Working for n conditional variables:	1/3 [00:00<00:00,
1: 33%	32.00it/s]
Working for n conditional variables:	2/3 [00:00<00:00,
2: 67%	42.67it/s]
Working for n conditional variables:	2/3 [00:00<00:00,
2: 67%	64.01it/s]
Working for n conditional variables:	2/3 [00:00<00:00,
2: 67%	42.69it/s]

'TA', 'U', 'I', 'FFR', 'CC'



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2/4 [00:00<00:00, 42.69it/s]

2/4 [00:00<00:00, 32.00it/s]

3/4 [00:00<00:00, 64.04it/s]

3/4 [00:00<00:00, 64.03it/s]

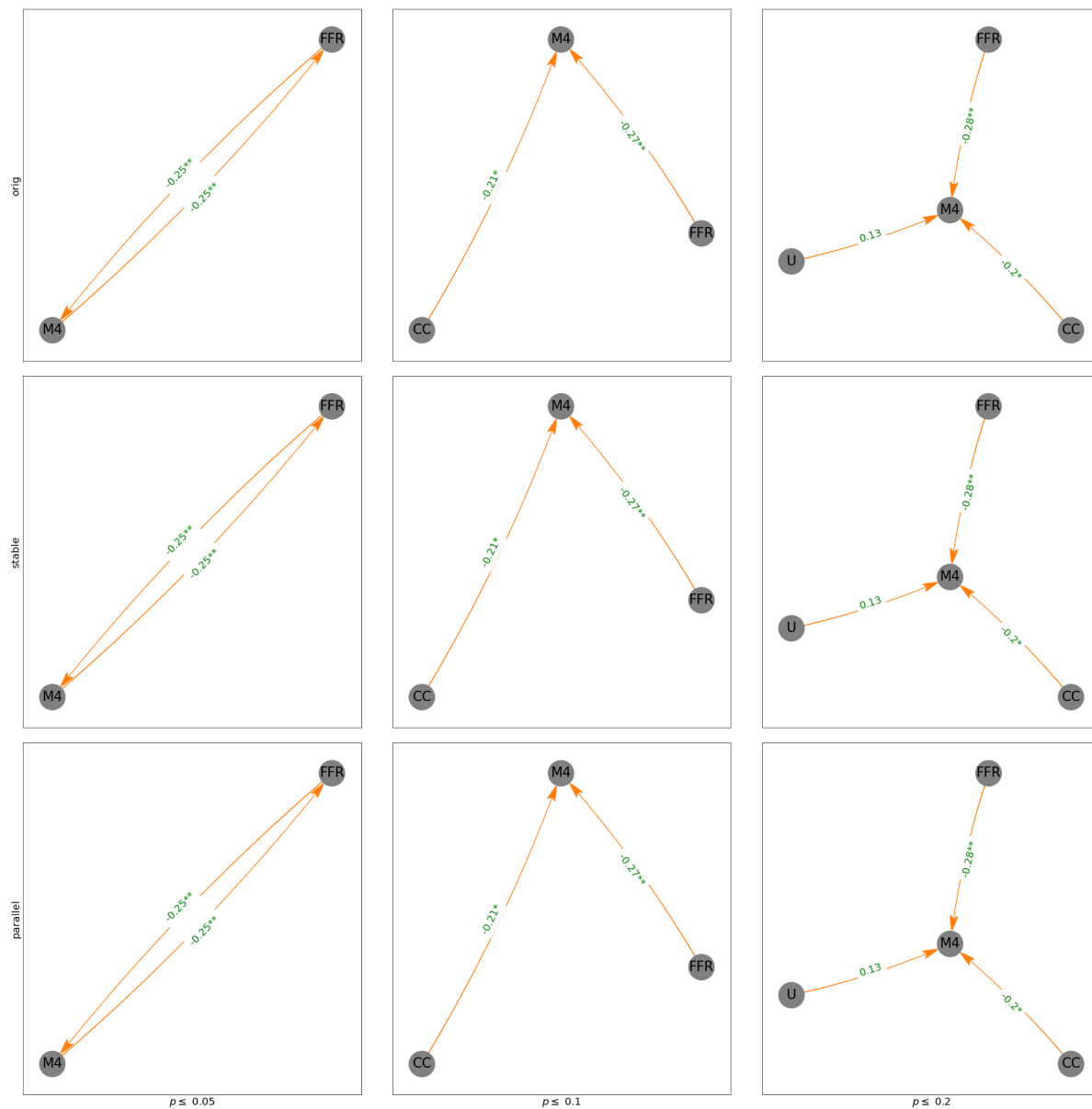
3/4 [00:00<00:00, 29.75it/s]

4/4 [00:00<00:00, 18.20it/s]

4/4 [00:00<00:00, 16.99it/s]

4/4 [00:00<00:00, 12.48it/s]

'TA', 'U', 'FFR', 'CC', 'M4', 'I'



Out[25]: OutEdgeView([('U', 'M4'), ('CC', 'M4'), ('FFR', 'M4')])

In []:

In []:

In []: