Menge sont o (nlog n) -> menge (ann, left, Might) -> n - pseudocode T(n) = 2T(n/2) + C.n= 2 \ 2 + (N/a) + (. \\ 2 \ 3 + (.\) = 4T(24) + 20n = 4 {2 T ( 1/8 ) + c - 4 } + 2 cn = 87 (n/8) + 3cn n = 26 = 2" T ( 1/2") + KCON = n T(1) + Kcn = n + cnlog n = n (1+clogn)  $= 0 \left( n \log^n \right)$ 

\* Quick Cont - (eseudocode) ein) - best o (n) - wonst it sonted, 1234507(1) 12345 253 + (n-1) 1234 2} 对其个十十一十二 +(n) = +(n-1) + c n= + (n-2) + c(n-1) + cn= + (n-2) + 2Ch - C= +(n-3)+(c(n-2)+c(n-1)+c(n-2)= t(n-3) + 3cn - 2c - c= T(n-K)+Kcn-(K-1)C-2e-C = T(n-k) + kcn - c[(k-1)+(k-2)]

$$\frac{n-k}{(n)} = T(0) + n^{k}c - c \frac{h(n-1)}{2}$$

$$= n^{k} - \frac{h(n-1)}{2} = (h(n))$$

$$+ t(n) = cn + T(i) + T(n-i+1)$$

$$= cn + h = 0$$

$$= c$$

$$= \frac{1}{n + 1} \frac{1}{n + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{n + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{n + 1} = \frac{1}{n + 1} \frac{1}$$

 $=) \frac{\tau(n)}{n+1} \approx 2C \left(n(n+1)\right)$ 

=> T(n) ~ (n+1)(20)1n(n+1)

2 (n+1) 1092 (n+1)

~ n 109(n)