Boolean Algebra

Uncultured Tramp

December 25, 2021

Contents

| | | lings and Algebras |
|-----|---------------|--|
| 1.1 | | Theory |
| | 1.1.1 | Definition And Examples |
| | 1.1.2 | First form of Stone's Theorem |
| | 1.1.3 | Translating set theoretic notions |
| | 1.1.4 | Order of Boolean Ring |
| | 1.1.5 | Topology of Stone Space |
| | 1.1.6 | Identifying Lattices as Boolean Algebras |
| | 1.1.7 | Extension of boolean rings to algebras |
| 1.2 | Explo | iting the ring structure |
| | 1.2.1 | Subalgebras |
| | 1.2.2 | Ideals |
| | 1.2.3 | Morphisms |
| | 1.2.4 | Quotitent Algebras |
| | 1.2.5 | Stone Functor |
| 1.3 | | Continuity |
| | 1.3.1 | Inf and Sup |
| | 1.3.2 | Sigma Algebras and Ideals |
| | 1.3.3 | |
| | | Sigma-continuity |
| | 1.3.4 | Order-density |
| | 1.3.5 | Regular embeddings |
| | 1.3.6 | Order-Continuity and Stone Spaces |
| | 1.3.7 | Upper Envelopes |
| .4 | | -Completenes |
| | 1.4.1 | Sigma-Completenes |
| | 1.4.2 | Morphism Extension |
| | 1.4.3 | Loomis-Sikorski Representation |
| | 1.4.4 | Algebra of Open Domains |
| | 1.4.5 | Dedekind Completion |
| | 1.4.6 | Principle Ideals |
| | 1.4.7 | Upper Envelopes in Complete Algebras |
| | 1.4.8 | Basically Disconnected Spaces |
| | 1.4.9 | Algebra of Ideals |
| .5 | Catego | ory Limits |
| | 1.5.1 | Products |
| | 1.5.2 | Products of Subset Algebras |
| | 1.5.2 $1.5.3$ | Products of Open Domain Algebras |
| | 1.5.4 | Coproducts |
| | 1.5.4 $1.5.5$ | Coproducts of Subset Algebras |
| | 1.5.6 | Tensors |
| | 1.5.0 $1.5.7$ | |
| c | | General Limits |
| 1.6 | | er Properties |
| | 1.6.1 | Countable Chain Condition |
| | 1.6.2 | Weakly Distributive Algebras |
| | 1.6.3 | Atoms |
| | 1.6.4 | Homogeneous Algebras |
| .7 | Auton | norphisms Group of a Boolean Algebra[!!] |
| | 1.7.1 | Gluing Lemmas |
| | 1.7.2 | Support of Endomorphisms |
| | 1.7.3 | Periodic and Aperiodic Parts Theorem |
| | 1.7.4 | Full Subgroups |
| | 1.7.5 | Recurrence |
| | 1.7.6 | Interaction with Stone Spaces |
| | 1.7.7 | Exchanging Automorphisms |

| 3 Applications towards Logic and Set Theory [!] | | olications towards Logic and Set Theory [!] | 167 |
|---|-----|--|-----|
| 2 | Арр | olications towards Analysis[!] | 167 |
| | 1.9 | Simple Functions[!] | 167 |
| | | 1.8.5 Subgroups with many involutions and simplicity of it all | 166 |
| | | 1.8.4 The Great Exchange | 165 |
| | | 1.8.3 Towards Factorization by Exchanging Involutions | 161 |
| | | 1.8.2 Frolik's Theorem | 156 |
| | | 1.8.1 Separators and Transversals | 153 |
| | 1.8 | Factorization Theorems in an Automorphisms Group[!!] | 153 |

1 Boolean Rings and Algebras

1.1 Stone Theory

1.1.1 Definition And Examples

```
BooleanRing :: ?RNG
B: \texttt{BooleanRing} \iff \forall b \in B : b^2 = b
BooleanAlgebra ::?RING
B: \texttt{BooleanAlgebra} \iff \forall b \in B \;.\; b^2 = b
AlgebraOfSubsets :: \forall X \in \mathsf{SET} . BooleanAlgebra(?X, \cap, \triangle)
Proof =
[1] := \mathtt{IRNG}\Big(\Lambda A, B, C : ?X \; . \; \mathtt{CheckingTruthTables}\big(A \cap (B \mathrel{\triangle} c)), (A \cap B) \mathrel{\triangle} (A \cap C)\big)\Big) : (?X, \cap, \mathrel{\triangle}) \in \mathsf{RNG}, 
[2]:=\mathtt{IRING}\Big([1],\Lambda A:?X . Checking Truth Tables \Big(A\cap X,A\Big)\Big):(?X,\cap,\ \triangle\ )\in\mathsf{RING},
[*] := \texttt{IBooleanAlgebra} \Big( [2], \texttt{CheckingTruthTables} \big( A \cap A, A \big) \Big) : \texttt{BooleanAlgebra} \big( X^2, \cap, \ \triangle \ );
SetTheoreticAlgebra :: \prod_{X \in X} ?^3X
A: SetTheoreticAlgebra \iff Algebra(X) \iff
     \iff (\emptyset, X \in \mathcal{A}) \& (\forall A, A' \in \mathcal{A} . A \triangle A' \in \mathcal{A}) \& (\forall A, A' \in \mathcal{A} . A \cap A' \in \mathcal{A})
SetTheoreticAlgebraIsBoolean :: \forall X \in \mathsf{SET} . \forall \mathcal{A} : \mathsf{Algebra}(X) . BooleanAlgebra(\mathcal{A}, \cap, \triangle)
Proof =
. . .
Bool := \mathbb{B} = \top | \top : \mathsf{Type};
{\tt BooleanAdd} :: \mathbb{B} \times \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}
\texttt{BooleanAdd}(a,b) = a + b := a \oplus b
\texttt{BooleanMult} :: \mathbb{B} \times \mathbb{B} \to \mathbb{B}
BooleanMult (a,b) = ab := a \wedge b
BoolIsASet :: \mathbb{B} \in \mathsf{SET}
Proof =
. . .
BoolIsBooleanAlgbra :: BooleanAlgebra (\mathbb{B}, \cdot, +)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
BoolIsAField :: Field(\mathbb{B}, \cdot, +)
Proof =
 . . .
 BooleanRingHasChar2 :: \forall A : \mathsf{CRNG} : \forall a \in A : a + a = 0
Proof =
Assume a \in A,
[2] := EBooleanRing(A)[1](a+a)BinomialExpansion(A, a, a, 2)EBooleanRing(A)[1](a) :
    : a + a = (a + a)^{2} = a^{2} + 2a^{2} + a^{2} = (a + a) + (a + a),
[*] := [2] - (a+a) : a+a) = 0;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I\forall : \forall a \in A . a + a = 0;
BooleanRingIsCommutative :: \forall A : BooleanRing . A \in \mathsf{CRNG}
Proof =
Assume a, b : A,
[1] := EBooleanRing(A)(a+b)BinomialExpansion(A, a, b, 2)EBooleanRing(A)(a)EBooleanRing(A)(a) :
    : a + b = (a + b)^{2}a^{2} + ab + ba + b^{2} = a + ab + ba + b,
[2] := [1] - a - b - ab : -ab = ba,
igl[(a,b).*] := 	exttt{BooleanRingHasChar2}[2] : ab = ba;
 \sim [*] := ICRNG : A \in \mathsf{CRNG},
 {\tt BooleanSumByParity} \,::\, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \,.\, \forall b: [1,\ldots,n] \to \mathbb{B} \,.\, \bigoplus_{i=1}^n b_i = 1 \iff {\tt Odd} \bigg| b^{-1}(1) \bigg|
Proof =
	riangle := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \forall b : [1,\dots,n] 	o \mathbb{B} \ . \ \bigoplus_{i=1}^n b_i = 1 \iff \mathtt{Odd} \Big| b^{-1}(1) \Big| : \mathbb{N} 	o \mathtt{Type},
Assume b:[1,\ldots,1]\to\mathbb{B},
Assume [1]:\bigoplus_{i=1}^{n}b_{i}=1,
[2] := [1] \texttt{EiteratedOperator}(\mathbb{B}, b, 1) : 1 = \bigoplus_{i=1}^{1} b_i = b_1,
[3] := SingletonPreimage[2] : b^{-1}(1) = \{1\},\
[4] := |[3]| : |b^{-1}(1)| = 1,
[1.*] := \mathsf{OnnIsOdd}[4] : \mathsf{Odd} |b^{-1}(1)|;

ightsquigarrow [1] := \mathbb{I} \Rightarrow : \bigoplus_{i=1}^{1} b_i \Rightarrow \mathsf{Odd} \Big| b^{-1}(1) \Big|,
```

```
Assume [2] : Odd |b^{-1}(1)|,
[3] := \texttt{SubsetCardinality}\Big([1,\dots,1],b^{-1}(1)\Big) \\ \texttt{SingletonCardinality}\Big([1,\dots,1]\Big) : \Big|b^{-1}(1)\Big| \leq \Big|[1,\dots,1]\Big| = 1,
[4] := \mathrm{EOdd}[2][3] : \left| b^{-1}(1) \right| = 1,
[5] := ECARD[4] : b^{-1}(1) = \{1\},\
[6] := SingletonPreimage[5] : b(1) = 1,
[7] := \mathtt{EIteratedOperatort}[6] : \bigoplus_{i=1} b_i = 1,
\sim [2] := \mathbb{I} \Rightarrow : Odd \Big| b^{-1}(1) \Big| \Rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n} b_i = 1,
[b.*] := \mathbb{I} \iff [2][3] : \bigoplus_{i=1}^1 b_i = 1 \iff \operatorname{Odd} \left| b^{-1}(1) \right|;
 \rightarrow [1] := I\forallI\triangle : \triangle(1).
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
Assume [2]: \underline{\frown}(n),
Assume b:[1,\ldots,n+1]\to\mathbb{B},
Assume [3]: \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n+1} b_i = 1,
[4] := \mathtt{EiteratedOperator}(\oplus)[3] : 1 = \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n+1} b_i = b_{n+1} \oplus \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n} b_i,
[5] := \mathbb{E} \bigoplus [4] : b_{n+1} = 0 \& \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n} b_i = 1 \middle| b_{n+1} = 1 \& \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n} b_i = 0,
[3.*]:=\mathbf{E}\underline{\frown}[2][5]:\mathbf{Odd}\Big|b^{-1}(1)\Big|;
\rightsquigarrow [3] :=\Rightarrow: \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n+1} b_i = 1 \Rightarrow \mathsf{Odd} \Big| b^{-1}(1) \Big|,
[4] := {\tt PigeonholePrinciple} : {\tt Odd} \bigg| b^{-1}(1) \bigg| \Rightarrow \bigoplus^{n+1} b_i = 1,
[n.*] := \mathbf{I}(\iff)[3][4] : \bigoplus_{i=1}^{n+1} b_i = 1 \Rightarrow \mathbf{Odd} \Big| b^{-1}(1) \Big|;
\sim [n.*] := \mathrm{EN} : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \underline{\frown}(n),
 Proof =
 . . .
```

```
FiniteBooleanRingCard :: \forall A : BooleanRing . |A| < \infty \Rightarrow \exists k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ . |A| = 2^k Proof = ... \Box

FiniteBooleanRingIsAlgebra :: \forall A : BooleanRing . |A| < \infty \Rightarrow BooleanAlgebra(A) Proof = ... \Box
```

1.1.2 First form of Stone's Theorem

```
Proof =
\Big(J,[1]\Big):=	exttt{	t MaximalIdealExists}(A,I,a):\sum J:	exttt{	t Maximaldeal}(A,a) . I\subset J,
K := \Lambda b \in A : \{c \in A : cb \in J\} : A \to \mathtt{Ideal}(A),
[2] := \mathsf{E}K[1]\mathsf{EMaximalIdeal}(A,a,J) : \forall b \in A . a \notin K_b \Rightarrow K_b = J,
[3] := EBooleanRing(A)[2] : K_a = J,
[4] := [3][2] : \forall b \in J^{\complement} . K_b = J,
[5] := [4][4] : \forall b, c \in J^{\complement} . bc \in J^{\complement}
Assume b, c \in J^{\complement},
[6] := [5](bc) : bc \in J^{\complement},
[7] := [4][6] : K_{bc} = J,
[8] := ERNG(A, bc, b, c)EBooleanRing(A)(b)EBooleanRing(A)(c)BooleanRingHasChar2 :
    bc(b+c) = b^2c + bc^2 = bc + bc = 0,
[9] := EK_{bc}[8] : b + c \in K_{ab},
[*] := [9][7] : b + c \in J;
\sim [6] := I \forall : \forall b, c \in J^{\complement} . a + b \in J
\phi:=\Lambda b\in A\;.\;\bigwedge j\;!=b:A\to\mathbb{B},
[7] := E\phi(a)[1] : \phi(a) = 1,
[8] := \mathbf{E}\phi(I)[1] : \phi(I) = \{0\},\
Assume c, b \in A,
Assume [9]: \phi(c+b) = 0,
[10] := \mathbf{E}\phi[9] : c + b \in J,
[11] := \mathtt{EIdeal}(A,j)[10] : c,b \in J \Big| c,b \in J^{\complement},
[9.*] := \mathbb{E}\phi[3][6]\mathbb{E}\mathbb{B} : \phi(c) + \phi(b) = \phi(c+b);
\sim [9] := I \Rightarrow: \phi(c+b) = 0 \Rightarrow \phi(c+b) = \phi(c) + \phi(b),
Assume [10]: \phi(c+b) = 1,
[10] := \mathbf{E}\phi[9] : c + b \not\in J,
[11] := [10][6] : (c,b) \in J \times J^{\complement} \Big| (c,b) \in J^{\complement} \times J,
[10.*] := E\phi[11]EB : \phi(c) + \phi(b) = \phi(c+b);
\sim [10] := I \Rightarrow: \phi(c+b) = 1 \Rightarrow \phi(c+b) = \phi(c) + \phi(b),
\Big([c,b].*\Big) := \mathtt{E}|\texttt{BooleanAlternative}\Big(\phi(c+b)\Big)[4][5] : \phi(c+b) = \phi(c) + \phi(b),
Assume [11]: \phi(cb) = 1,
[12] := \mathbf{E}\phi[11] : cb \not\in J,
[13] := EIdeal[12] : c, b \notin J,
[11.*] := [13] \mathsf{E} \phi \mathsf{E} \mathbb{B} : \phi(c) \phi(b) = \phi(cb);
\sim [11] := I \Rightarrow: \phi(cb) = 1 \Rightarrow \phi(cb) = \phi(c)\phi(b),
Assume [12]: \phi(cb) = 0,
[13] := \mathbf{E}\phi[11] : cb \in J,
[14] := [5][14] : c \in J | b \in J,
[12.*] := [14] \mathsf{E} \phi \mathsf{E} \mathbb{B} : \phi(c) \phi(b) = \phi(cb);
```

```
\sim [12] := I \Rightarrow: \phi(cb) = 0 \Rightarrow \phi(cb) = \phi(c)\phi(b),
\Big([c,b].*\Big) := \mathtt{E}|\mathtt{BooleanAlternative}\Big(\phi(cb)\Big)[4][5]:\phi(cb) = \phi(c)\phi(b);
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := IRNG : \phi \in \mathsf{RNG}(A, \mathbb{B});
StoneSpace :: BooleanRing \rightarrow SET
\mathtt{StoneSpace}\left(A\right) = Z_A := \left\{ A \xrightarrow{\phi} \mathbb{B} : \mathsf{RNG} : \phi \neq 0 \right\}
StoneRepresentation :: \prod A: BooleanRing . A \rightarrow ?Z_A
\texttt{StoneRepresentation}\,(a) = S_A(a) := \{\phi \in Z_A : \phi(a) = 1\}
{\tt StoneTHM1stForm} \, :: \, \forall A : {\tt BooleanRing} \, . \, {\tt Injective} \, \& \, {\tt RNG}(A,?Z_A,S_A)
Proof =
Assume a, b: A,
Assume [1]: a \neq b,
Assume [2]: a \in \langle b \rangle, b \in \langle a \rangle,
(c,d,[3]) := \texttt{EIdeal}[2] : b = ac \& a = bd,
[4] := [3]^3 \texttt{EBooleanRing}(A) : a = acd = bcd^2 = bcd \ \& \ b = bcd,
[5] := [4][1] : \bot;
\leadsto [2] := \mathbf{E} \bot : a \notin \langle b \rangle | b \notin \langle a \rangle,
Assume [3]: a \notin \langle b \rangle,
\left(\phi, [4]\right) := \mathtt{FirstStoneLemma}\left(A, \langle b \rangle, a\right) : \sum A \xrightarrow{\phi} \mathbb{B} : \phi(a) = 1 \ \& \ \phi\langle b \rangle = \{0\},
[5] := \text{Eimage}[4] : \phi(b) = 0,
[3.*] := \mathbb{E}S_A[3][4] : S_A(a) \neq S_A(b);
\sim [3] := I \Rightarrow: a \notin \langle b \rangle \Rightarrow S_A(a) \neq S_A(b),
Assume [4]:b \notin \langle a \rangle,
\Big(\phi,[5]\Big):=\mathbf{FirstStoneLemma}\Big(A,\langle a\rangle,b\Big):\sum A\xrightarrow{\phi}\mathbb{B}:\phi(b)=1\ \&\ \phi\langle a\rangle=\{0\},
[6] := \text{Eimage}[5] : \phi(a) = 0,
[4.*] := ES_A[3][4] : S_A(a) \neq S_A(b);
\rightsquigarrow [4] := \mathbb{I} \Rightarrow : b \notin \langle a \rangle \Rightarrow S_A(a) \neq S_A(b),
[(a,b).*] := E(|)[2][3][4] : S_A(a) \neq S_A(b);
\sim [*.1] := IInjective : Injective (A, ?Z_A, S_A),
[*.2] := EZ_A ERNGEBIRNG : S_Z \in RNG(A, ?Z_A);
```

1.1.3 Translating set theoretic notions

```
andOperator :: \prod A : \operatorname{BooleanRing}(X) : A^2 \to A
andOperator(a, b) = a \cap b := ab
andOperator :: \prod A : \mathtt{BooleanRing}(X) : A^2 \to A
andOperator (a, b) = a \cup b := a + b + ab
{\tt symmetricDifferenceOperator} :: \prod A : {\tt BooleanRing}(X) \mathrel{.} A^2 \to A
setMinusOpera :: \prod A : BooleanRing(X) . A^2 \rightarrow A
\verb"andOperator"\,(a,b) = a \setminus b := (a+b)a
{\tt Disjoint} \, :: \, \prod A : {\tt BooleanRing}(X) \, . \, ?A^2
(a,b): Disjoint \iff a \perp b \iff ab = 0
{\tt PairwiseDisjointElements} \ :: \ \prod A : {\tt BooleanRing}(X) \ . \ ?? A
P: \mathtt{PairwiseDisjointElements} \iff \forall a,b \in A . a \bot b
{\tt PartitionOfUnity} :: \prod A : {\tt BooleanRing}(X) . ? {\tt PairwiseDisjointElements}(A)
P: \texttt{PartitionOfUnity} \iff \forall c \in A : c \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists a \in P : ac \neq 0
PartitionOfUnityIsMaximalDisjoint :: \forall A: BooleanRing . \forall P: PairwiseDisjointElements(A) .
   . PartitionOfUnity(A, P) \iff P \in \max \text{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A)
Proof =
. . .
DisjointHasPartitionOfUnity :: \forall A: BooleanRing . \forall B: PairwiseDisjointElements(A) .
   \exists P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) . P \subset B
Proof =
\texttt{Refinement} \ :: \ \prod A : \texttt{BooleanRing} \ . \ \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ \to ? \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A)
Q: \mathtt{Refinement} \iff \Lambda P: \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ . \ \forall p \in P \ . \ \exists q \in Q: pq = q
```

1.1.4 Order of Boolean Ring

```
{\tt BooleanOrder} :: \prod A : {\tt BooleanRing} \ . \ ?(A \times A)
a, b : \texttt{BooleanOrder} \iff a \leq b \iff ab = a
BooleanOrderByStoneRepresentation :: \forall A: BooleanRing . \forall a,b \in A . a \leq b \iff S_A(a) \subset S_A(b)
Proof =
. . .
BooleanOrderIsPartialOrder :: \forall A : BooleanRing . PartialOrder (A, \leq)
Proof =
. . .
booleanRingAsPoset :: BooleanRing \rightarrow POSET
booleaRingAsPoset (A) = A := (A, \leq)
MinimalElementInBooleanRing :: \forall A : BooleanRing . \min A = 0
Proof =
. . .
MaximalElementInBooleanAlgebra :: \forall A: BooleanAlgebra . \max A = e_A
Proof =
. . .
\Box
BooleanRingIsLattice :: \forall A : BooleanRing . (A, \cap, \cup) \in \mathsf{LAT}
Proof =
. . .
booleanRingAsLattice :: BooleanRing \rightarrow LAT
booleaRingAsLattice (A) = A := (A, \cap, \cup)
```

1.1.5 Topology of Stone Space

```
StoneTopology :: \prod A : BooleanRing . ??Z_A
\texttt{StoneTopology}\left(\right) = \mathcal{T} := \left\{ U \subset Z_A : \forall u \in U : \exists a \in A : u \in S_A(a) \subset U \right\}
StoneTopologyIsTopology :: \forall A: BooleanRing . Topology(Z_A, \mathcal{T}_A)
Proof =
[1] := \mathbf{E}\mathcal{T}_A : \emptyset \in \mathcal{T}_A,
Assume f \in Z_A,
(a, [2]) := EZ_A(f) : \sum a \in A . f(a) = 1,
[3] := \mathbb{E}S_A[2] : f \in S_A(a),
[f.*] := \mathbb{E}S_A(a) : S_A(a) \subset Z_A;
\rightsquigarrow [1] := \mathbf{E}\mathcal{T}_Z : Z_A \in \mathcal{T}_Z,
Assume \mathcal{U}:?\mathcal{T}_Z,
Assume u \in \bigcup \mathcal{U},
\Big(U,[2]\Big):={\tt Eunion}\mathcal{U}:\sum U\in\mathcal{U}\;.\;u\in U,
[3] := \mathtt{ESubset}(\mathcal{U}, U) : U \in \mathcal{T}_A
(a, [4]) := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}_Z(U, u) : \sum a \in A : u \in S_A(a) \subset U,
[u.*] := \mathtt{SubsetOfUnion}[4](\mathcal{U}, U) : u \in S_A(a) \subset \bigcup \mathcal{U};
\sim [\mathcal{U}.*] := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}_A : \bigcup \mathcal{U} \in \mathcal{T}_A;
\sim [2] := I\forall : \forall \mathcal{U} \in ?\mathcal{T}_A . \bigcup \mathcal{U} \in \mathcal{T}_A,
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
Assume U:[1,\ldots,n]\to\mathcal{T}_A,
Assume u \in \bigcap^n U_n,
[3] := \mathtt{Eintersect}(U, u) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . u \in U_n,
\left(a, [4]\right) := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}_A[3] : \sum a : [1, \dots, n] \to A : \forall i \in [1, \dots, n] : u \in S_A(a_n) \subset U_n,
b:=\prod a_i:A,
[5] := ES_A[4] : \forall i \in [1, ..., n] . u(a_n) = 1,
[6] := \mathsf{E}b\mathsf{ERNG}(A,\mathbb{B})[5]\mathsf{E}\mathbb{B} : u(b) = u\left(\prod_{i=1}^n a_i\right) = \prod_{i=1}^n u(a_i) = \prod_{i=1}^n 1 = 1,
[u.*] := \mathsf{E} S_A(b)[6] \mathsf{E} b \mathsf{E} S_A(a) \mathsf{IntersectOfSubsets}(S_A(a),U)[4] : u \in S_A(b) \subset \bigcap_{i=1}^n S_A(a_i) \subset \bigcap_{i=1}^n U_i;
\sim [n.*] := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}_A : \bigcap_{i=1}^n U_n \in \mathcal{T}_A;
\sim [3] := I \forall I \forall : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall U : [1, \dots, n] \rightarrow \mathcal{T}_A . \bigcap_{i=1}^n U_i \in \mathcal{T}_A,
[*] := ITopology[1][2][3] : Topology(Z_A, \mathcal{T}_A);
```

```
StoneSpace :: BooleanRing → TOP
StoneSpace (A) = Z_A := (Z_A, \mathcal{T}_A)
StoneRepresentationIsOpen :: \forall a \in A . S_A(a) \in \mathcal{T}(Z_A)
Proof =
Assume f \in S_A(a),
[f.*] := \mathsf{E} f \mathsf{SelfSubset}(S_A(a)) : f \in \S_A(a) \subset \S_A(a);
\sim [*] := EZ_AET_A : S_A(a) \in T(Z_A);
StoneSpaceIsHausdorff :: \forall A : BooleanRing . \mathsf{T2}(Z_A)
Proof =
Assume u, v \in Z_A,
Assume [1]: u \neq v,
\Big(a,[2]\Big) := \mathbf{E} Z_A[1] : \sum a \in A \ . \ u(a) = 1 \ \& \ v(a) = 0 | u(a) = 0 \ \& \ v(a) = 1,
Assume [3]: u(a) = 1 \& v(a) = 0,
(b, [4]) := EZ_A(v) : \sum b \in A \cdot v(b) = 1,
b' := b + ba \in A,
[5] := Eb' : u(b') = 0 \& v(b') = 1,
[6] := IS_A[3] : u \in S_A(a) \& v \notin S_A(a),
[7] := IS_A[5] : v \in S_A(b') \& u \notin S_A(b'),
[8] := Eb'ES_A : S_A(a) \cap S_A(b') = \emptyset;
\sim [*] := StoneRepresentationIsOpenIT2 : T2(Z_A);
```

```
StoneRepresentationIsClopen :: \forall A: BooleanRing(A). \forall a \in A. \forall \texttt{Clopen}(Z_A, S_A(a))
Proof =
Assume f \in S_A^{\complement}(a),
[1] := ES_A(a, f) : f(a) = 0,
(b, [2]) := EZ_A(f) : \sum_{f \in A} f(b) = 1,
[3] := [1][2] \text{ERNG}(A, \mathbb{B}, f) : f(b + ba) = 1,
[4] := ES_A(b + ba)[3] : f \in S_A(b + ba),
[f.*] := {\tt UnionMembership}[4] : f \in \bigcup_{b \in A} S_A(b+ba);
\rightsquigarrow [1] := \mathbb{I} \subset : S_A^{\complement}(a) \subset \bigcup_{b \in A} S_A(b + ba),
\text{Assume } f \in \bigcup_{b \in A} S_A,
(b, [2]) := E \cup (f) : \sum b \in A . f \in S_A(b + ba),
[3] := ES_A[2] : f(b+ba) = 1,
[4] := ERNG(A, \mathbb{B}, f)[3] : f(a) = 0,
[f.*] := ES_A[4] : f \in S_A^{\complement}(a);
\leadsto [2] := \mathbb{I} \subset : \bigcup_{b \in A} S_A(b + ba) \subset S_A^{\complement}(a),
[3] := \mathtt{ISetEq}[1][2] : S^{\complement}_A(a) = \bigcup_{b \in A} S_A(b+ba),
[4] := {\tt StoneRepresentationIsOpen}(A)[3] {\tt ETopology}(Z_A, \mathcal{T}_A) : S_A^{\complement}(a) \in \mathcal{T}(Z_A),
[5] := \mathtt{IClosed}(Z_A)[4] : \mathtt{Closed}(Z_A, S_A(a)),
[*] := SoneRepresentationIsOpen(A, a)[5]IClopen : Clopen(Z_a, S_A(a));
StoneSpaceIsZeroDimensional :: \forall A : BooleanRing . \dim_{\mathsf{TOP}} Z_A = 0
Proof =
. . .
```

```
StoneRepresentationIsCompact :: \forall A: BooleanRing . \forall a \in A. CompactSubset(Z_A, S_A(a))
Proof =
Assume \mathcal{F}: Ultrafilter \mathcal{T}(S_A(a)),
Assume a \in A,
[1] := E\mathcal{T}_A EUltrafilter(\mathcal{F}) : ConvergentFilter(\mathbb{B}, \mathcal{F}(a)),
f(a) := \lim \mathcal{F}(a) : \mathbb{B};
\rightsquigarrow f := I \rightarrow : A \rightarrow \mathbb{B},
[2] := \mathbf{E}f : \forall b \in A . f(b) = \lim \mathcal{F}(b),
[3] := \mathbb{E} \lim \mathcal{F}(A) : \forall b \in A . \forall U \in \mathcal{U}(f(b)) . U \in \mathcal{F}(b),
[4] := ES_A(a)E\mathcal{F}Ef : f(a) = 1,
Assume b, c \in A,
\Big(U,[5]\Big):=\mathbf{E}f(b+c):\sum U\in\mathcal{F}\ .\ \forall u\in U\ .\ u(b+c)=f(b+c),
(V, [6]) := \mathbf{E}f(b) : \sum V \in \mathcal{F} \cdot \forall v \in V \cdot v(b) = f(b),
W := U \cap V \in W.
[7] := \mathbf{E} W[5][6] : \forall w \in W \ . \ w(c) = f(b+c) + f(b),
 \left[ (b,c).* \right] := \mathrm{E} f[7] : f(b+c) = f(b) + f(c); 
\rightsquigarrow [5] := I\forall : \forall b, c \in A . f(b+c) = f(b) + f(c),
Assume b, c \in A,
\Big(U,[6]\Big):=\mathrm{E}f(bc):\sum U\in\mathcal{F}\;.\;\forall u\in U\;.\;u(bc)=f(bc)\;\&\;u(b)=f(b)\;\&\;u(c)=f(c),
7.*:= Ef[6]: f(bc) = f(b)f(c);
\sim [6] := I\forall : \forall b, c \in A . f(bc) = f(b)f(c),
[7] := ES_a(A)[4][5][6] : f \in S_a(A),
Assume U \in \mathcal{U}(f),
(b, [8]) := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}_A(U, f) : \sum b \in A \cdot f \in S_A(b) \subset U,
[9] := ES_A(b)[8] : \forall s \in S_A(a) . s \in S_A(b) \iff s(b) = f(b) = 1,
(V,[10]) := \mathbb{E}f[9][8] : \sum V \subset S_A(b) \subset U . V \in \mathcal{F},
[U.*] := \mathtt{EFilter}\Big(\mathcal{T}\big(S_A(a)\big), \mathcal{F}\big)[10] : U \in \mathcal{F};
\rightsquigarrow [\mathcal{F}.*] := \text{EFilterLimit} : f = \lim \mathcal{F};
\sim [1] := CompactByUltrafilters : Compact(S_A(a)),
[*] := CompactAsSubset[1] : CompactSubset(Z_A, S_A(a));
StoneSpaceIsLocallyCompact :: \forall A: BooleanRing . LocallyCompact(Z_A)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
CompactOpenAreStoneRepresentation ::
    :: \forall A : \texttt{BooleanRing} : \forall U \in \mathcal{T}(Z_A) : \texttt{CompactSubset}(Z_A, U) \Rightarrow \exists a \in A : U = S_A(a)
Proof =
[1] := \mathbf{E}\mathcal{T}_A(U) : \forall f \in U . \exists a \in A : f \in S_A(a) \subset U,
(n, a, [2]) := \texttt{ECompactSubset}(Z_A, U)[1] : \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{a:[1,\dots,n] \to A} U = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} S_A(a_i),
b:=\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty}a_{i}\in A,
Assume f \in U,
(i,[3]) := \operatorname{Eunion}[2] : f \in S_A(a_i),
[4] := ES_A(a_i)(f) : f(a_i) = 1,
[5] := EbERNG(A, \mathbb{B}, f)[4] : f(b) = 1,
[f.*] := ES_A(b)[5] : f \in S_A(b);
 \rightsquigarrow [3] := I \subset: U \subset S_A(b),
Assume f \in S_A(b),
[4] := \mathbf{E}S_A : f(b) = 1,
(i, [5]) := ERNG(A, \mathbb{B}, f)Eb[4] : \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(a_i) = 1,
[6] := \mathbf{E}S_A[5] : f \in S_A(a_i),
[f.*] := SubsetUnion(S_A(a_i), S_A(a))[3]E \subset f \in U;
 \rightsquigarrow [4] := \mathbb{I} \subset : U \subset S_A(b),
[*] := ISetEq[3][4] : U = S_A(b);
 BooleanAlgebraByCompactness :: \forall A : BooleanRing . BooleanAlgebra(A) \iff \mathsf{Compact}(Z_A)
Proof =
 . . .
 StoneSpaceAsCantorSubset :: \forall A : BooleanRing . Z_A \subset_{\mathsf{TOP}} \mathbb{B}^A
Proof =
 . . .
 StoneSpace := T2 & LocallyCompact & OneDimensional :?TOP;
```

 $\mathcal{TK} := \Lambda X \in \mathsf{TOP} \;.\; \mathsf{CompactSubset} \; \& \; \mathsf{Open}(X) : \prod_{X \in \mathsf{TOP}} \mathsf{Algebra}(X);$

```
StoneHomeomorphism :: \forall X : StoneSpace . Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)} \cong_{\mathsf{TOP}} X
Proof =
Assume f \in Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)},
 (U,[1]) := \mathbf{E} Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)} : \sum U \in \mathcal{TK}(X) \cdot f(U) = 1,
 \mathcal{A} := \{ A \in \mathcal{TK}(X) : f(A) = 1 \} : ?\mathcal{TK}(X),
[2] := \mathbf{E} \mathcal{A}[1] : \mathcal{A} \neq \emptyset,
[3] := EZ_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}E\mathcal{A}ERNG(\mathcal{TK}(X), \mathbb{B}) : \forall A, B \in \mathcal{A} . A \cap B \neq \emptyset,
[4] := CantorIntersectionTHM[2][3] : \bigcap A \neq \emptyset,
Assume a \in \bigcap \mathcal{A},
 [5] := \mathbf{E} \mathcal{A}[1] : a \in U,
 Assume V: \mathcal{TK}(\mathcal{A}),
Assume [6]: a \in V,
[7] := IIntersect[5][6] : a \in V \cap U
[8] := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{A}(a)[7] : f(V \setminus U) = 0 = f(U \setminus C),
[9] := \mathsf{E} Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}[1] \mathsf{ERNG}\Big(\mathcal{TK}(X), \mathbb{B}, f\Big)[8] : 1 = f(V \cup U) = f(V \setminus U) + f(U \cap V) + f(U \setminus V) = f(U \cap V),
[10] := \mathbb{E}Z_{T\mathcal{K}(X)}[9] : f(V) = 1,
[a.*] := \mathbf{E} \mathcal{A}[10] : V \in \mathcal{A};
 \sim [5] := \mathbf{I} \iff \mathbf{E} \mathcal{A} : \forall a \in \bigcap \mathcal{A} . \ \forall V \in \mathcal{TK}(X) \ . \ a \in V \iff f(V) = 1,
Assume a, b: \bigcup \mathcal{A},
\Big(V,[6]\Big) := \mathtt{EStoneSpace}(X)[5](a,b)) : \sum V \in \mathcal{TK}(X) \ . \ a \in V \ \& \ b \not\in V,
[7] := [5][6] : 1 = f(V) = 0,
[(a,b).*] := [7][7] : \bot;
 \sim [6] := \mathsf{ICARD} : \left| \bigcap \mathcal{A} \right| \le 1,
[7] := [4][6] : \left| \bigcap \mathcal{A} \right| = 1,
\Big(\varphi(f),[8]\Big) := \mathtt{ESingleton}[7] : \sum \varphi(f) \in X \;.\; \bigcap \mathcal{A} = \Big\{\varphi(X)\Big\},
[f.*] := [5](\varphi(f), [8]) : \forall W \in \mathcal{TK}(X) . \varphi(f) \in W \iff f(W) = 1;
 \rightsquigarrow \left(\varphi,[1]\right):=\mathtt{I}\sum:\sum\varphi:Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}\rightarrow X\;.\;\forall f\in Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}\;.\;\forall W\in\mathcal{TK}(X)\;.\;\varphi(f)\in W\iff f(W)=1,
[2] := EZ_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}[1]I\varphi : Bijection(Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}, X, \varphi),
Assume U \in \mathcal{T}(X),
[3] := \mathbb{E}\varphi^{-1}(U) : \varphi^{-1}(U) = \bigcup \left\{ S_{\mathcal{T}\mathcal{K}(X)}(V) \middle| V \in \mathcal{T}\mathcal{K}(X) \& V \subset U \right\},
[U.*] := \text{ETopology}(Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{TK}(X)})[3] : \varphi^{-1}(U) \in \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{TK}(X)};
 \rightsquigarrow [3] := ETOP : \varphi \in \mathsf{TOP}(Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}, X),
[4] := \mathbf{E}\varphi : \forall V \in \mathcal{TK}(X) . \varphi(S_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}(V)) = V,
[*] := \mathtt{EBase}\left(S_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}\right)[4][3] : \mathtt{Homeo}\left(Z_{\mathcal{TK}(X)}, X, \varphi\right);
```

1.1.6 Identifying Lattices as Boolean Algebras

```
BooleanLattice ::?(DistributiveLattice & ComplimentaryLattice)
L: \texttt{BooleanLattice} \iff \exists 0 \in L: 0 = \min L \ \& \ \forall a \in L \ . \ a \land \neg a = 0
BooleanAlgebraIsBooleanLattice :: \forall A: BooleanAlgebra . BooleanLattice(A)
Proof =
Assume a, b, c \in A,
\big\lceil (a,b,c).* \big\rceil := \mathtt{E}(\cap, \cup) \mathtt{ERNG}(A) \mathtt{EBooleanAlgebra}(A) \mathtt{I}(\cap, \cup) :
   :a\cap (b\cup c)=a(b+c+bc)=ab+ac+abc=ab+ac+a^2bc=(a\cap b)\cup (a\cap c);
\sim [1] := IDistributiveLattice : DistributiviveLattice(A),
n := \Lambda a \in A \cdot e + a : A \to A
Assume a \in A.
\Big[a.*] := \texttt{E} n \texttt{BooleanRingHasChar2}(A) : n^2(a) = e + e + a = a;
\rightsquigarrow [2] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall a \in A . n^2(a) = a,
Assume a, b \in A,
Assume [3]: a \leq b,
[4] := EBooleanOrder[3] : ab = a,
[5] := E(n(a)n(b))[4]BooleanRingHasChar2(A)In(b) :
   : n(a)n(b) = (a+e)(b+e) = ab+b+a+e = b+e = n(b),
(a,b).* := IBooleanOrder: n(b) \le n(a);
\rightsquigarrow [3] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall a, b \in A . a \leq b \Rightarrow n(b) \leq n(a),
[4] := IComplement[2][3] : Complement(A, n),
[5] := EBooleanOrderI min I0 : 0 = min A,
Assume a \in A,
[a.*] := \mathtt{E} \cap \mathtt{E} n(a) \mathtt{ERNG}(A) \mathtt{EBooleanRing}(A) \mathtt{BooleanRingHasChar2} : a \cap n(a) = a(a+e) = a^2 + a = a + a = 0
\rightsquigarrow [6] := I\forall : \forall a \in A . a \cap n(a) = 0,
[*] := {\tt IBooleanLattice}[1][4][5][6] : {\tt BooleanLattice}(A);
```

```
DeMorganaLaw1 :: \forall L: BooleanLattice . \forall a, b \in L . \neg(a \lor b) = \neg a \land \neg b
Proof =
[1] := E(a \lor b, b) : a \lor b > a,
[2] := \mathbf{E}(a \wedge b, a) : a \vee b > b,
[3] := \texttt{EComplimentaryLattice}(L)[1] : \neg(a \lor b) \le \neg a,
[4] := \texttt{EComplimentaryLattice}(L)[2] : \neg(a \lor b) \le \neg b,
[5] := \mathbf{I} \wedge [3][4] : \neg(a \vee b) < \neg a \wedge \neg b,
Assume c \in L,
Assume [6]: c \leq \neg a \wedge \neg b,
[7] := \mathbf{E} \wedge [6] : c \leq \neg a \& c \leq \neg b,
[8] := \neg [6] : \neg c \ge a \& \neg c \ge b,
[9] := I \vee : \neg c > a \vee b,
[c.*] := \neg [9] : c \le \neg (a \lor b);
\sim [6] := I\forall : \forall c \in L . c < \neg a \land \neg b \Rightarrow c < \neg (a \lor b),
[*] := ELAT(L)[1][6] : \neg a \land \neg b = \neg (a \lor b);
DeMoraganaLaw :: \forall L: BooleanLattice . \forall a, b \in L . \neg a \lor \neg b = \neg (a \land b)
Proof =
. . .
 \Box
BooleanAlgebraIdentification :: \forall L: BooleanLattice . \exists \Delta : L \times L \to L .
     . BooleanAlgebra(L, \wedge, \Delta) & order(L) = \operatorname{order}(L, \wedge, \Delta)
\oplus := \Lambda a, b \in L \cdot (a \wedge \neg b) \vee (\neg a \wedge b) : L \times L \to E,
Assume a, b, c \in L,
ig|(a,b,c).*ig|:=\mathtt{E}(a\oplus b)\mathtt{E}\oplus (c)\mathtt{EDestributiveLattice}(L)\mathtt{DeMorganaLaw1}(L)\mathtt{DeMorganaLaw2}(L)
   \texttt{EDestributiveLattice}(L) \texttt{DeMorganaLaw1}(L) \texttt{DeMorganaLaw2}(L) \texttt{I}(b \oplus c) \texttt{I} \oplus (a) :
    : (a \oplus b) \oplus c = \Big( (a \land \neg b) \lor (\neg a \land b) \Big) \oplus c =
    = \left( \left( (a \land \neg b) \lor (\neg a \land b) \right) \lor \neg c \right) \lor \left( \neg \left( (a \land \neg b) \lor (\neg a \land b) \right) \lor c \right) = 0
    = (a \wedge \neg b \neg c) \vee (\neg a \wedge b \neg c) \vee \neg a \wedge \neg b \wedge c \vee a \wedge b \wedge \neg c =
    = \bigg(a \vee \neg \Big((b \wedge \neg c) \vee (\neg b \wedge c)\Big)\bigg) \vee \bigg(\neg a \vee \Big((b \wedge \neg c) \vee (\neg b \wedge c)\Big)\bigg) = a \oplus \Big((b \wedge \neg c) \vee (\neg b \wedge c)\Big) = a \oplus (b \oplus c);
\rightarrow [1] := IAssociative : Associative(L, \oplus),
Assume a \in L,
[a.*] := E(a \oplus 0)EBooleanLattice(L)ELAT(L) : a \oplus 0 = (a \land \neg 0) \lor (\neg a \land 0) = a \lor 0 = a;
\sim [2] := INeutral : Neutral (L, \oplus, 0),
Assume a \in L,
[3] := E(a \oplus a)EBooleanLattice(L)ELAT(L) : a \oplus a = (a \land \neg a) \lor (\neg a \land a) = 0 \lor 0 = 0,
[*] := IInvertible[1][2] : Invertible(L, \oplus, a);
\rightsquigarrow [3] := I\forall : \foralla \in L . Invertible(L, \oplus, a),
[4] := IGRP[1][2][3] : (L, \oplus) \in GRP,
```

```
\begin{split} & \text{Assume } a,b,c:L, \\ & \left[ (a,b,c).* \right] := \mathsf{E}(a \oplus b) \mathsf{EDestributiveLattice}(L) \mathsf{EBooleanLattice}(L) \mathsf{EDestributiveLattice}(L) \mathsf{I}(\oplus) : \\ & : (a \oplus b) \wedge c = \left( (a \wedge \neg b) \vee (\neg a \wedge b) \right) \wedge c = (a \wedge \neg b \wedge c) \vee (\neg a \wedge b \wedge c) = \\ & = (a \wedge c) \wedge \neg (b \wedge c) \vee \neg (a \wedge c) \wedge (b \wedge c) = (a \wedge c) \oplus (b \wedge c); \\ & \leadsto [5] := \mathsf{IRNG} : (L, \oplus, \wedge) \in \mathsf{RNG}, \\ & [6] := \mathsf{EBooleanLattice}(L)[5] \mathsf{IRING} : (L, \oplus, \wedge) \in \mathsf{RING}, \\ & [7] := \mathsf{ELAT}(L)[6] : \mathsf{BooleanAlgebra}(L, \oplus, \wedge), \\ & [*] := \mathsf{ELAT}(L) \mathsf{Iorder} : \mathsf{order}(L) = \mathsf{order}(L, \wedge, \Delta); \\ & \Box \end{split}
```

1.1.7 Extension of boolean rings to algebras

```
\texttt{doubleAddition} :: \prod A : \texttt{BooleanRing} . \left( (A \sqcup A) \times (A \sqcup A) \right) \to (A \sqcup A)
doubleAddition ((0, a), (0, b)) = (0, a) +' (0, b) := (0, a + b)
doubleAddition ((0,a),(1,b)) = (0,a) +' (1,b) := (1,a+b)
doubleAddition ((1, a), (0, b)) = (1, a) +' (0, b) := (1, a + b)
doubleAddition ((1, a), (1, b)) = (1, a) +' (1, b) := (0, a + b)
\texttt{doubleMult} \; :: \; \prod A : \texttt{BooleanRing} \; . \; \Big( (A \sqcup A) \times (A \sqcup A) \Big) \to (A \sqcup A)
\texttt{doubleMult}((0, a), (0, b)) = (0, a) \cdot' (0, b) := (0, ab)
doubleMult ((0, a), (1, b)) = (0, a) \cdot '(1, b) := (0, a + ab)
doubleMult ((1, a), (0, b)) = (1, a) \cdot '(0, b) := (0, b + ab)
doubleMult ((1, a), (1, b)) = (1, a) \cdot (1, b) := (1, a + b + ab)
\texttt{complementationEmbedding} :: \prod A : \texttt{BooleanRing} : A \to (A \sqcup A)
complementationEmbedding (a) = a^{\complement} := (1, a)
doubleExtenstion :: BooleanRing \rightarrow BooleanAlgebra
doublextension(A) = A' := (A \sqcup A, +', \cot)
[1] := \mathbf{E}A' : (A', +) \cong_{\mathsf{GRP}} \mathbb{B} \oplus A,
Assume (x, a), (y, b), (z, c) \in A',
\left[\left((x,a),(y,b),(z,c)\right).*\right] := \mathbf{E}^2(\cdot')\mathsf{ERNG}(\mathbb{B} \& A)\mathbf{I}(\cdot'):
         : ((x,a)(y,b))(z,c) = (xy,xb + ya + ab)(z,c) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yac + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yza + zab + xbc + yza + zab + abc) = (xyz,xyc + xzb + xbc + yza + zab + xbc + 
       (x,a)(yz,yc+zb+bc) = (x,a)((y,b),(z,c));
 \sim [2] := I\forall : \forall a, b, c \in A' . a(bc) = (ab)c.
Assume (x, a), (y, b), (z, c) \in A',
\left[\left((x,a),(y,b),(z,c)\right).*\right]:=\mathrm{E}(+')\mathrm{E}(\cdot')\mathrm{ERNG}(\mathbb{B}\ \&\ A)\mathrm{I}(+')\mathrm{I}(\cdot'):
         : (x,a)((y,b)+(z,c)) = (x,a)(y+z,b+c) = (x(y+z),a(b+c)+x(b+c)+(y+z)a) = (x,a)(y+z,b+c) = (x,a)(x+z,b+c) = 
         = (xy + xz, ab + ac + xb + xc + ya + za) = (xy, ab + xb + ya) + (xz, ac + xc + za) =
          = (x, a)(y, b) + (x, a)(y, b);
 \rightsquigarrow [3] := I\forall : \forall a, b, c \in A' . a(b+c) = ab + ac,
[4] := IRNG[2][3] : A' \in RNG,
Assume (x,a):A',
\left\lceil (x,a).* \right\rceil := \mathtt{E}(\cdot) \mathtt{EBooleanRing}(A \ \& \ \mathbb{B}) : (x,a)^2 = (x^2,ax+ax+a^2) = (x,a);
 \sim [5] := IBooleanRing : BooleanRing(A'),
Assume (x,a):A',
\left[ (x,a).* \right] := \mathrm{E}(\cdot') \mathrm{ZeroMult}(A) : (x,a)(1,0) = (x,a+x0+0a) = (x,a);
 \sim [*] := IBooleanAlgebra : BooleanAlgebra(A);
```

```
IdealInExtension :: \forall A: BooleanRing . Ideal(A', A)
Proof =
 . . .
 {\tt StoneSpaceOfExtensionIsOnePointCompactification} :: \forall A : {\tt BooleanRing} : Z_{A'} \cong_{{\tt TOP}} Z_A^*
Proof =
Assume f \in Z_A \sqcup \{0\},
\varphi(f) := \Lambda(x, a) \in A' \cdot x + f(a) : A' \to \mathbb{B},
Assume (x, a), (y, b) : A',
\left[ \left( (x,a), (y,b) \right). * \right] := \mathbb{E}(+')\mathbb{E}\varphi(f)\mathbb{E}\mathsf{GRP}(A',\mathbb{B})(f)\mathbb{I}\varphi(f) :
        : \varphi(f)\Big((x,a) + (y,b)\Big) = \varphi(f)(x+y,a+b)x + y + f(a+b) = x + y + f(a) + f(b) = x + y + f(a) + f(a) + f(b) = x + y + f(a) + f(a) + f(b) = x + y + f(a) + f(a) + f(b) = x + y + f(a) + f(a
         = \varphi(f)(x,a) + \varphi(f)(y,b);
 \rightsquigarrow [1] := IGRP : \varphi(f) \in \mathsf{GRP}(A', \mathbb{B}),
Assume (x,a),(y,b):A',
\left\lceil \left( (x,a), (y,b) \right). * \right\rceil := \mathbb{E}(\cdot') \mathbb{E} \varphi(f) \mathbb{E} \mathsf{RNG}(A,\mathbb{B},f) \mathbb{I}(\cdot') :
         : \varphi(f)\Big((x,a)(y,b)\Big) = \varphi(f)(xy,ya + xb + ab) = xy + f(ya + xb + ab) = xy + yf(a) + xf(b) + f(a)f(b) = xy + xb + ab
        = (x + f(a))(y + f(b)) = \varphi(f)(x, a)\varphi(f)(y, b);
 \rightsquigarrow [f.*] := \mathsf{IRNG} : \varphi(f) \in \mathsf{RNG}(A', \mathbb{B});
 \sim \varphi := I(\rightarrow) : Z_A \sqcup \{0\} \rightarrow Z_{A'},
Assume f \in Z_{A'},
g := f_{|A} \in Z_A \sqcup \{0\},
Assume (x, a) \in A',
[(x,a).*] := \mathbb{E}\varphi \mathbb{E} g \mathbb{E} Z_{A'}(f) \mathbb{E} \mathsf{RNG}(A',\mathbb{B},f) : \varphi(g)(x,a) = x + g(a) = f(x,0) + f(0,a) = f(x,a);
 \sim [f.*] := I(\rightarrow, =) : f = \varphi(q):
 \sim [1] := \text{ISurjective} : \text{Surjective} \Big( Z_A \sqcup \{0\}, Z_{A'}, \varphi \Big),
[2] := [1]InjectiveCardinlaity[1] : \left| Z_{A'} \setminus \varphi(Z_A) \right| = 1,
Assume (x, a) \in A',
[3] := \mathsf{E} S \mathsf{E} \varphi : \varphi^{-1} \Big( S_{A'}(x,a) \Big) = \mathsf{if} \ x \ \mathsf{then} \ S_A^{\mathcal{C}}(a) \ \mathsf{else} \ S_A(a),
\left\lceil (x,a).* \right\rceil := \mathtt{StoneRepresentationIsClopen}[3] : arphi^{-1} \left( S_{A'}(x,a) \right) \in \mathcal{T}(Z_A);
 \rightsquigarrow [3] := ITOP : \varphi \in \mathsf{TOP}(Z_A, Z_{A'}),
Assume a \in A,
[4] := \mathbb{E}S\mathbb{E}\varphi : \varphi(S_A(a)) = \varphi(S_{A'}(0,a)),
\left[(x,a).*
ight]:=\mathtt{StoneRepresentationIsClopen}[4]:arphi\Big(S_A(a)\Big)\in\mathcal{T}(Z_{A'});
\sim [4] := IHomeo : \varphi : Homeo \Big(Z_A, \varphi(Z_A)\Big),
[*] := [4] \mathbf{E} \mathcal{T}_{A'} : Z_{A'} \cong Z_A^*;
```

1.2 Exploiting the ring structure

1.2.1 Subalgebras

```
categoryOfBooleanRings :: CAT
categoryOfBooleanRings() = BOL := (BooleanRing, RNG, o, id)
categoryOfBooleanRings :: CAT
\texttt{categoryOfBooleanRings}\left(\right) = \texttt{BOOL} := \Big(\texttt{BooleanAlgebra}, \texttt{RING}, \circ, \mathrm{id}\,\Big)
complement :: \prod A : BooleanAlgebra . A \rightarrow A
complement (a) = a^{\complement} := a + e
LawOfExcludedMiddle :: \forall A: BooleanAlgebra . \forall a \in A . a \cap a^{\complement} = 0
Proof =
[*] := E(\cap)ECERING(A)EBooleanAlgebra(A)BooleanRingHasChar2:
    : a \cap a^{\complement} = aa^{\complement} = a(a+e) = a^2 + a = a + a = 0;
{\tt BooleanSubalgebraCriterion1} :: \forall A \in \mathbb{B} . \forall B \subset A . B \subset_{\mathbb{B}} A \iff
     \iff 0 \in B \& \forall a, b \in B . a \cup b \in B \& \forall a \in B . a^{\complement} \in B
Proof =
Assume [1.1]: 0 \in B,
Assume [1.2]: \forall a, b \in B . a \cup B \in B,
Assume [1.3]: \forall a \in B . a^{\complement} \in B,
[2] := [1.1][1.3] : e \in B,
[3] := [1.3][1.2][1.3] : \forall a, b \in B : ab = (a^{\complement} \cup b^{\complement})^{\complement} \in B,
[4] := [1.3][3][1.2] : \forall a, b \in B . a + b = (a \cap b^{\complement}) \cup (a^{\complement} \cap b) \in B.
[*] := IBOOL[2][3][4] : B \subset_{BOOL} A;
{\tt BooleanSubalgebraCriterion2} :: \forall A \in \mathbb{B} \ . \ \forall B \subset A \ . \ B \subset_{\mathbb{B}} A \iff
     \iff B \neq \emptyset \& \forall a, b \in B . a \cap b \in B \& \forall a \in B . a^{\complement} \in B
Proof =
Assume [1.1]: B \neq \emptyset,
Assume [1.2]: \forall a, b \in B . a \cap B \in B,
Assume [1.3]: \forall a \in B . a^{\complement} \in B,
a := \mathtt{ENonEmpty}(B) \in B,
[2] := \text{LawOfExluededMiddle}(A, a)[1.3][1.2] : 0 = a \cap a^{\complement} \in B,
[3] := [1.3][1.2][1.3] : \forall a, b \in B . a \cup b = (a^{\complement} \cap b^{\complement})^{\complement} \in B.
[*] := BooleanSubalgebraCriterion1[2][3][1.3] : B \subset_{\mathbb{R}} A;
```

```
SubalgebraGenratedByAdditionalElement :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A . \forall a \in A . \{(b \cap a) \cup (c \setminus a) | b, c \in B\}
Proof =
C := \{(b \cap a) \cup (c \setminus a) | b, c \in B\} : ?A,
[1] := \mathsf{E}(0)\mathsf{E}(\cup) : (0 \cap a) \cup (0 \setminus a) = 0 \cup 0 = 0,
[2] := \mathtt{ESubring}(A, B)\mathtt{E}C[1] : 0 \in C,
Assume d \in C,
\Big(b,c,[3]\Big):=\mathrm{E}C(d):\sum b,c\in B\;.\;d=(b\cap a)\cup(c\setminus a),
[d.*] := [3]CheckingTruthTablesEC:
    : d^{\complement} = \left( (b \cap a) \cup (c \setminus a) \right)^{\complement} = (b^{\complement} \cup a^{\complement}) \cap (c^{\complement} \cup a) = (b^{\complement} \cap a) \cup (c^{\complement} \setminus a) \in C;
\sim [3] := I \forall : \forall d \in C . d^{\mathcal{C}} \in C
Assume d, d' : C,
\Big(b,c,[4]\Big):=\mathbf{E}C(d):\sum b,c\in B\;.\;d=(b\cap a)\cup(c\setminus a),
\Big(b',c',[5]\Big):=\mathsf{E} C(d'):\sum b',c'\in B\;.\;d'=(b'\cap a)\cup(c'\setminus a),
\left\lceil (d,d').*\right\rceil := [4][5] \texttt{CheckingTruthTablesE}C:
    :d\cup d'=(b\cap a)\cup (c\setminus a)\cup (b'\cap a)\cup (c'\setminus a)=\Big((b\cup b')\cap a\Big)\cup \Big((b\cup b')\setminus a\Big)\in C;
\rightsquigarrow [4] := I\forall : \forall d, d' \in C . d \cup d' \in C,
[*] := BooleanSubalgebraCriterion1[4] : C \subset_{BOOL} A;
oneElementSubalgebraExtension :: \prod_{A \in POOL} Subalgebra(A) \to A \to Subalgebra(A)
\texttt{oneElementSubalgebraExtension} \ (B,c) = B_c := \{(b \cap a) \cup (x \setminus a) | b,c \in B\}
Proof =
. . .
```

1.2.2 Ideals

```
IdealCriterion :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall I \subset A : \mathsf{Ideal}(A, I) \iff
      \iff 0 \in I \& \forall a,b \in I . a \cup b \in I \& \forall a \in I . \forall b \in A . b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I
Proof =
Assume [1]: Ideal(A, I),
[*.1] := \mathtt{EIdeal}(A, I : 0 \in I,
Assume a, b \in I,
[2] := \mathtt{EIdeal}(A, I)(a, b) : ab \in I,
\boxed{(a,b).* := \mathsf{E}(a \cup b) \mathsf{ESubgroup}(A,I)[2] : a \cup b = ab + a + b \in I;}
\rightsquigarrow [*.2] := I\forall : \forall a, b \in I . a \cup b \in I,
Assume a \in I,
Assume b \in A,
Assume [2]: b < a,
[3] := EBooleanOrder : b = ab,
[a.*] := \mathtt{EIdeal}(A, I)[3] : b \in I;
\sim [*.3] := I \Rightarrow I<sup>2</sup>\forall : \forall a \in I . \forall b \in A . b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I;
\sim [1] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \mathtt{Ideal}(A,I) \Rightarrow 0 \in I \ \& \ \forall a,b \in I \ . \ a \cup b \in I \ \& \ \forall a \in I \ . \ \forall b \in A \ . \ b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I,
Assume [2.1]: 0 \in I,
Assume [2.2]: \forall a, b \in I . a \cup b \in I,
Assume [2.3]: \forall a \in I . \forall b \in A . b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I,
Assume a \in A,
Assume i \in I,
[3] := EBooleanAlgebra(A) : ai^2 = ai,
[4] := EBooleanOrder(A)[3] : ai \leq i,
[a.*] := [2.3][4] : ai \in I;
\rightsquigarrow [3] := \mathbf{I}^2 \forall : \forall a \in A . \forall i \in I . ai \in I,
Assume a, b \in A,
[4] := [3](b^{\complement}, a) : ab^{\complement} \in I,
[5] := [3](a^{\complement}, a) : a^{\complement}b \in I,
\left\lceil (a,b).*\right\rceil := \mathbf{E} \oplus [2.2] : a+b = ab^{\complement} \cup a^{\complement}b \in I;
 \rightsquigarrow [4] := I\forall : \forall a, b \in I . a + b \in I,
[2.*] := IIdeal(A)[2.1][3][4] : Ideal(A, I);
\sim [2] := I \Rightarrow: 0 \in I \& \forall a, b \in I . a \cup b \in I \& \forall a \in I . \forall b \in A . b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I \Rightarrow Ideal(A, I),
[*] := I \iff [1][2] : \mathtt{Ideal}(A, I) \iff 0 \in I \& \forall a, b \in I . a \cup b \in I \& \forall a \in I . \forall b \in A . b \leq a \Rightarrow b \in I;
```

```
Proof =
Assume b \in \langle a \rangle,
(c, [1]) := \mathbf{E}\langle a\rangle(b) : b = ca,
[2] := [1] \texttt{EBooleanAlgebra}(A)[1] : ab = ca^2 = ca = b,
[3] := EBooleanOrder[2] : b \le a;
\leadsto [1] := \mathtt{I} \subset : \langle a \rangle \subset \{b \in A : b \leq a\},
Assume b \in A,
Assume [2]: b \leq a,
[3] := \mathbf{E}(\leq)[2] : ba = b,
[b.*] := \mathbf{E}\langle a\rangle[3] : b \in \langle a\rangle;
\rightsquigarrow [2] := I \subset: {b \in A : b \leq a} \subset \langle a \rangle,
[*] := \mathtt{ISetEq}[1][2] : \{b \in A : b \leq a\} = \langle a \rangle;
PrincipleIdealIsAlgebra :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall a \in A . \langle a \rangle \in \mathsf{BOOL}
Proof =
. . .
```

1.2.3 Morphisms

```
MorphismPreservesOrer :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall A \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall x, y \in A : x \leq y \Rightarrow f(x) \leq f(y)
Proof =
[1] := E(\leq)[0] : xy = x,
[2] := EBOOL(A, B, f)[1] : f(x)f(y) = f(xy) = f(x),
[*] := I(\leq)[2] : f(x) \leq f(y);
 \text{IntersectionIsSurjectiveHomo} :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \lambda_a : \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \mathsf{Surjective} \Big( A, \langle a \rangle \Big) 
Proof =
. . .
 {\tt fixedPointAlgebra} :: \qquad \prod \quad {\tt End}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) \to {\tt BOOL}
fixedPointAlgebra(f) = Fix(f) := \{a \in A : f(a) = a\}
{\tt BooleanPosetIsomorphismIsBooleanIsomorphism} :: \forall A, B \in \mathbb{B} : \forall A \overset{f}{\longleftrightarrow} B : {\tt POSET} : A \overset{f}{\longleftrightarrow} B : {\tt BOOL}
Proof =
[1] := PosetIsomorphismPreservesMin(A) : f(0) = 0,
[2] := PosetIsomorphismPreservesMax(A) : f(e) = e,
[3] := PosetIsomorphismPresevesLatticeStructure(A) :
    \forall a, b \in A : f(a \cap b) = f(a) \cap f(b) \& f(a \cup b) = f(a) \cup f(b),
[4] := [3.2] \texttt{LawOfRxcludedMiddle}(A)[2] : \forall a \in A \ . \ f(a) \cup f(a^\complement) = f(a \cup a^\complement) = f(e) = e,
[5] := [3.1] \texttt{LawOfRxcludedMiddle}(A)[1] : \forall a \in A \ . \ f(a) \cap f(a^\complement) = f(a \cap a^\complement) = f(0) = 0,
[6]:= UniqueComplementatioTheorem[4][5]: \forall a \in A : f(a^{\complement}) = f^{\complement}(a),
[*] := I(\oplus)[6][3.2][3.1] : Isomorphism(BOOL, A, B, f);
```

```
{\tt HomomorphismExtension} \, :: \, \forall A,B \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall A' \subset_{{\tt BOOL}} A \, . \, \forall A' \xrightarrow{f} B : {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall c \in A \, . \, \forall v \in B \, .
                          : \forall [0]: \forall a,b \in A' \ . \ a \leq c \leq b \iff f(a) \leq v \leq f(b) \ . \ \exists A'_c \xrightarrow{f'} B : \mathsf{BOOL}: f'(c) = v \ \& \ f'_{|A'} = f(b) =
 Proof =
 Assume d \in A'_c,
  \left(a,b,[1]\right):=\mathsf{E}A_c'(d):\sum a,b\in A':d=(a\cap c)\cup(b\setminus c),
 Assume a', b' \in A',
 Assume [2]: d = (a' \cap c) \cup (b' \setminus c),
 [3] := [1][2] \cap c : a \cap c = d \cap c = a' \cap c,
 [4] := I(\triangle)[3] : (a \triangle a') \cap c = 0,
 [5] := I(\backslash)a : c \subset (a \triangle a')^{\complement},
[6] := [0][5] : v \subset (f(a) \triangle f(a'))^{\complement},
  [7] := I(\cap)[6] : f(a) \cap v = f(a') \cap v,
 [8] := [1][2] \setminus c : b \setminus c = d \setminus c = b' \setminus c,
 [9] := \mathbf{I} \triangle : (b \triangle b') \setminus c = 0,
 [10] := \mathbf{E}(\backslash)[9] : b \triangle b' \subset c,
 [11] := [0][10] : f(b) \triangle f(b') \subset v,
[12] := I(\backslash)[11] : (f(b) \triangle f(b')) \setminus v = 0,
[13] := \mathbf{E} \triangle [12] : f(b) \setminus v = f(b') \setminus v,
   [(a',b').*] := [7] \cup [13] : (f(a) \cap v) \cup (f(b) \setminus v) = (f(a') \cap v) \cup (f(b') \setminus v);
     \sim [2] := \mathsf{I} \forall : \forall a', b' \in A' \ . \ d = (a' \cap c) \cup (b' \setminus c) \Rightarrow (f(a) \cap v) \cup (f(b') \setminus v),
 f'(d) := (f(a) \cap v) \cup (f(b) \setminus v) : B;
     \sim f' := I \rightarrow : A'_c \rightarrow B
[*.1] := \mathtt{E} A_c' \mathtt{E} f' \mathtt{E} \mathbb{B} (A',B,f) \mathtt{ERING} (B) \mathtt{E} (\cup) :
                         : f'(c) = f'\Big((e \cap c) \cup (0 \setminus c)\Big) = f(e) \cap v \cup (f(0) \setminus v) = e \cap v \cup (0 \setminus v) = v \cup 0 = v,
 Assume a \in A',
[a.*] := \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition}(a,c) \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a),v \Big) : f'(a) = \texttt{E} f' \texttt{IntersectDifferenceDecomposition} \Big( f(a)
   \rightsquigarrow [*.2] := I\forall : \forall a \in A' . f'(a) = f(a),
 Assume d \in A'_c,
  \left(a,b,[1]\right):=\mathsf{E}A_c'(d):\sum a,b\in A':d=(a\cap c)\cup(b\setminus c),
 [d.*] := [1] \texttt{CheckingTruthTableE} f' \texttt{EBOOL}(A,B,f) \texttt{CheckingTruthTableI} f' : \texttt
                         : f'(d^{\complement}) = f'\Big((a \cap c) \cup (b \setminus c)\Big)^{\complement} = f'\Big((a^{\complement} \cap c) \cup (b^{\complement} \setminus c) = (f(a^{\complement}) \cap v) \cup (f(b^{\complement}) \setminus v) = (f(a^{\complement}) \cap v) \cup (f(b^{\complement}) \setminus v) = (f(a^{\complement}) \cap v) \cup (f(b^{\complement}) \cap v
```

 $= (f^{\complement}(a) \cap v) \cup (f^{\complement}(b) \setminus v) = \left(\left(f(a) \cap v \right) \cup \left(f(b) \setminus v \right) \right)^{\complement} = \left(f'(d) \right)^{\complement};$

 \rightarrow [1] := I \forall : $\forall d \in A'_c$. $f'(d^{\complement}) = (f'(d))^{\complement}$,

```
\begin{split} &\operatorname{Assume}\,d,d'\in A'_c,\\ &\left(a,b,[2]\right):=\operatorname{E}\!A'_c(d):\sum a,b\in A':d=(a\cap c)\cup(b\setminus c),\\ &\left(a',b',[3]\right):=\operatorname{E}\!A'_c(d):\sum a',b'\in A':d'=(a'\cap c)\cup(b'\setminus c),\\ &[4.*]:=[2][3] \\ &\operatorname{CheckingTruthTablesE}\!f'\operatorname{EBOOL}(A',B,f) \\ &\operatorname{CheckingTruthTablesI}\!f':\\ &:f'(d\cup d')=f'\Big((a\cap c)\cup(b\setminus c)\cup(a'\cap c)\cup(b'\setminus c)\Big)=f'\Big(\big((a\cup a')\cap c\big)\cup\big((b\cup b')\setminus c\big)\Big)=\\ &=\Big(f(a\cup a')\cap v\Big)\cup\Big(f(b\cup b')\setminus v\Big)=f(a)\cap v\cup f(b)\setminus v\cup f(a')\cap v\cup f(b')\setminus v=f'(d)\cup f'(d');\\ &\leadsto [2]:=\operatorname{I}\forall:\forall d,d'\in A'_c:f'(d\cup d')=f'(d)\cup f'(d'),\\ &[*.3]:=\operatorname{IBOOL}[1][2]:f'\in\operatorname{BOOL}(A'_c,B);\\ &\square \end{split}
```

1.2.4 Quotitent Algebras

```
\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{BooleanQuotientAlgebra} :: \, \forall A \in \operatorname{BOOL} \, . \, \forall I : \operatorname{Ideal}(A) \, . \, \frac{A}{I} \in \operatorname{BOOL} \\ & \operatorname{Proof} = \\ & \operatorname{Assume} \left[ a \right] \in \frac{A}{I}, \\ & \left[ [a]. * \right] := \operatorname{E} \frac{A}{I} \operatorname{EBooleanAlgebra}(A) : [a]^2 = [a^2] = [a]; \\ & \sim [*] := \operatorname{IBooleanAlgebra} : \operatorname{BooleanAlgebra} \left( \frac{A}{I} \right), \\ & \square \end{aligned}  \begin{aligned} & \operatorname{QuotientOrder} :: \, \forall A \in \operatorname{BOOL} \, . \, \forall I : \operatorname{Ideal}(A) \, . \, \forall [a], [b] \in \frac{A}{I} \, . \, [a] \leq [b] \Rightarrow a \setminus b \in I \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Proof} = \\ & [1] := \operatorname{E}(\leq)[0] : [a][b] = [a], \\ & [2] := \operatorname{E}(\backslash)[1] \operatorname{BooleanRingHasChar2} \, () : [a] \setminus [b] = [a] + [a][b] = [a] + [a] = 0, \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & [*] := \operatorname{EBOOL} \left( A, \frac{A}{I}, [\cdot] \right) : a \setminus b \in I; \end{aligned}
```

1.2.5 Stone Functor

```
setOfIdeals :: Contravariant(RING, POSET)
setOfIdeals(R) = \mathcal{I}(R) := Ideal(R)
\mathtt{setOfIdeals}\,(R,S,f) = \mathcal{I}_{R,S}(f) := \Lambda I \in \mathcal{I}(S) \ . \ f^{-1}(S)
StoneTopologyRingIdealsCorrespondance :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \mathcal{T}(Z_B) \cong_{\mathsf{POSFT}} \mathcal{I}(B)
Proof =
Assume U \in \mathcal{T}(Z_B),
F(U) := \{b \in B : S_B(b) \subset U\} :?B,
Assume b \in F(U),
[1] := \mathbf{E}F(U)(b) : S_B(b) \subset U,
Assume a \in B,
[2] := EBooleanOrder : ab \leq b,
[3] := BooleanOrderBy[2][1] : S_B(ab) \subset S_B(b) \subset U,
[b.*] := EF(U)[3] : ab \in F(U);
\sim [U.*] := I\mathcal{I} : F(U) \in \mathcal{I}(B)
\sim F := I(\rightarrow) : \mathcal{T}(Z_B) \to \mathcal{I}(B),
G:=\Lambda I\in \mathcal{I}(B) . \bigcup_{a\in \mathcal{I}}S_B(b)\in 	extstyle{	t Poset}\Big(\mathcal{I}(B),\mathcal{T}(Z_B)\Big),
[1] := EFEG : FG = id \& GF = id,
[*] := I \cong [1] : \mathcal{T}(Z_B) \cong_{\mathsf{POSET}} \mathcal{I}(B);
 StoneHomoAndCCorespondance :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \exists \mathsf{BOOL}(A, B) \overset{\gamma}{\leftrightarrow} \mathsf{TOP}(Z_B, Z_A) .
    \forall \varphi \in \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B) : \forall a \in A : S_B(\varphi(a)) = (\gamma(\varphi))^{-1}(S_A(a))
Proof =
Assume f \in \mathsf{TOP}(Z_B, Z_A),
Assume a \in A,
[1] := StoneRepresentationsAreClopen(A, a) : Clopen(Z_A, S_A(a)),
[2] := \mathtt{ClopenCPreimage}[1] : \mathtt{Clopen}\Big(Z_B, f^{-1}\Big(S_A(a)\Big)\Big),
[3] := {\tt ClosedSubsetOfCompactIsCompact}[2] : {\tt CompactSubset}\Big(Z_B, f^{-1}\Big(S_A(a)\Big)\Big),
\Big(b,[4]\Big):={	t CompactOpenIsStoneRepresentation}[2][3]:\sum_{A\in B}f^{-1}\Big(S_A(a)\Big)=S_B(b),
\delta(f)(a) := b : B;
\sim \delta(f)(a) := \mathbf{I}(\rightarrow) : A \rightarrow B,
[f.*] := ES_BE\delta(f) : \delta(f) \in BOOL(A, B);
\sim \delta := I(\rightarrow) : \mathsf{TOP}(Z_A, Z_B) \to \mathsf{BOOL}(A, B),
```

```
Assume \varphi \in BOOL(A, B),
Assume f \in Z_B,
\gamma(\varphi)(f) := \varphi f : Z_A;
 \sim \gamma(\varphi) := I(\rightarrow) : Z_B \to Z_A
Assume a \in A,
Assume f \in (\gamma(\varphi))^{-1}(S_A(a)),
[1] := Epreimage : \gamma(\varphi)(f) \in S_A(a),
[2] := \mathrm{I}\gamma\Big(\varphi(a)\Big)[1]\mathrm{E}S_A(a) : f\Big(\varphi(a)\Big) = \Big(\Big(\gamma(\varphi)\Big)(f)\Big)(a) = 1,
[f.*] := \mathbb{E}S_B(\varphi(a))[2] : f \in S_B(\varphi(a));
\rightsquigarrow [1] := I \subset: (\gamma(\varphi))^{-1}(S_A(a)) \subset S_B(\varphi(a)),
Assume f \in S_B(\varphi(a)),
[2] := \mathrm{E}\gamma\Big(\varphi(a)\Big)[1]\mathrm{E}S_B\Big(\varphi(a)\Big): \Big(\Big(\gamma(\varphi)\Big)(f)\Big)(a) = f\Big(\varphi(a)\Big) = 1,
[*] := \mathbf{E}Z_A(a) : f \in \left(\gamma(\varphi)\right)^{-1} \left(S_A(a)\right);
\sim [2] := I \subset: S_B(\varphi(a)) \subset (\gamma(\varphi))^{-1}(S_A(a)),
[a.*] := I(=)[1][2] : (\gamma(\varphi))^{-1} (S_A(a)) = S_B(\varphi(a));
 \sim [\varphi . *] := \mathsf{E} \mathcal{T}_A : \gamma(\varphi) \in \mathsf{TOP}(Z_B, Z_A);
 \gamma := I(\rightarrow) : BOOL(A, B) \rightarrow TOP(Z_B, Z_A),
Assume \varphi \in \mathsf{TOP}(Z_B, Z_A),
Assume f \in Z_B,
[f.*] := E\delta E\gamma ESE\Lambda :
     : \delta\gamma(\varphi)(f) = \delta\left(\Lambda a \in A \cdot \varphi^{-1}S_B^{-1}(S_A(a))\right)(f) = \Lambda a \in A \cdot f\left(\varphi^{-1}S_B^{-1}(S_A(a))\right) = \Lambda a \in A \cdot \varphi(f)(a) = \varphi(f);
 \sim [1] := I(=, \rightarrow) : \delta \gamma = id,
Assume \varphi \in \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B),
Assume a \in A,
[a.*] := \mathsf{E}\gamma\mathsf{E}\delta\mathsf{E}S:
     : \gamma \delta(\varphi)(a) = S_B^{-1} \Big( \delta(\varphi) \Big)^{-1} \Big( S_A(a) \Big) = \varphi(a);
 \rightsquigarrow [2] := \mathbf{I}(=, \rightarrow) : \gamma \delta = \mathrm{id},
* := [1][2] : \mathsf{BOOL}(A, B) \stackrel{\gamma}{\longleftrightarrow} \mathsf{TOP}(Z_B, Z_A);
 functorOfStone :: Contravariant(B, HC)
```

functorOfStone (B) = Z(B) := A

 $functorOfStone(f) = Z_{A,B}(f) := StoneHomoAndCCorrespondance$

```
StoneFunctorMirrorsInjection :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall A \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL}.
   Injective(A, B, f) \iff Surjective(Z(A), Z(B), Z_{A,B}(f))
Proof =
. . .
StoneFunctorMirrorsSurjection :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall A \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL}.
   Surjective(A, B, f) \iff Injective(Z(A), Z(B), Z_{A,B}(f))
Proof =
\texttt{principalIdealProjection} :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} \prod_{a \in A} \mathsf{BOOL}\Big(A, \langle a \rangle\Big)
\texttt{principalIdealProjection}\,(b) = \pi_a(b) := ab
{\tt StonePrincipalIdealEmbedding} \ :: \ \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ {\tt TopologicalEmbedding} \Big( {\tt Z}\langle a \rangle, {\tt Z}(A), {\tt Z}_{A,\langle a \rangle}(\pi_a) \Big)
Proof =
. . .
StonePrincipalIdealEmbeddingIsStoneRepresentation ::
    :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall a \in A : \mathsf{Z}_{A,\langle a \rangle}(\pi_a) \Big( \mathsf{Z} \langle a \rangle \Big) = S_a(A)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.3 Order Continuity

1.3.1 Inf and Sup

```
SupremumComplementation :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B \subset A . \forall c \in A . \forall b = \sup B . c \setminus b = \inf(c \setminus B)
Proof =
. . .
InfimumComplementation :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B \subset A . \forall c \in A . \forall b = \inf B . c \setminus b = \sup(c \setminus B)
Proof =
. . .
\texttt{SupremumMult} \ :: \ \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset A \ . \ \forall c \in A \ . \ \forall b \in \sup B \ . \ bc \in \sup Bc
Proof =
. . .
SupremumMult2 :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B, C \subset A . \forall b \in \sup B . \forall c \in \sup C . bc = \sup BC
Proof =
. . .
Proof =
. . .
InfimumMult2 :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B, C \subset A . \forall b \in \inf B . \forall c \in \inf C . bc = \inf BC
Proof =
. . .
```

```
SupremumAsUnion :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B \subset A . b = \sup B \iff S_A(b) = \bigcup S_A(c)
Proof =
Assume b \in A,
Assume [1]: b = \sup B,
[2] := \mathbf{E}_1 \sup B[1] : \forall c \in B . b \ge c,
[3] := [2] \texttt{BooleanOrderByStoneRepresentationI} \cup : \bigcup_{c \in B} S_A(c) \subset S_A(b),
[4] := \mathbb{E}_2 \sup B : \forall a \in A : a \geq B \Rightarrow a \geq c,
[5] := [4] \texttt{BoleanOrderByStoneRepresentationI} \text{ inf} : S_A(b) = \min \left\{ U \in \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z}(A) : \bigcup_{c \in B} S_A(c) \right\},
[6] := {\tt Iclosure}[2] {\tt StoneRepresentationIsClopen}(A,b) : \bigcup_{c} S_A(c) \subset S_A(b),
Assume f \in S_A(b) \setminus \overline{\bigcup_{c \in A} S_A(c)},
\Big(U,[7]\Big) := \texttt{StoneRepresentationIsOpen}(A,b) \\ \texttt{EZeroDimensional}\Big(A\Big) : \\
    : \sum U : \mathtt{Clopen}\Big(\mathsf{Z}(A)\Big) f \in U \ \& \ U \cap \overline{\bigcup S_A(c)} = \emptyset,
V:=S_A(b)\setminus U: {\tt Clopen}\Bigl({\sf Z}(A)\Bigr),
[8] := \mathbb{E}V[6][7] : \overline{\bigcup_{c \in A} S_A(c)} \subset V,
[9] := \mathsf{E}V\mathsf{E}(\backslash)[7] : V \subsetneq S_A(b)
[10] := [9][5] : \bot;
\sim [1.*] := \mathtt{E} \bot [6] : S_A(b) = \overline{\bigcup_{c \in B} S_A(c)};
\sim [1] := \mathbb{I} \Rightarrow : b = \inf B \Rightarrow S_A(b) = \overline{\bigcap_{c \in B} S_A},
Assume [2]: S_A(b) = \overline{\bigcap_{b \in B} S_A(c)},
[3] := \mathtt{Eclosure}[2] : \bigcap_{c \in S_A(c)} S_A(c) \subset S_A(b),
[4] := BooleanOrderByStoneRepresentation[3] : B \leq b,
[5] := \texttt{EclosureBooleanOrderByStoneRepresentation}^2[3] : \forall a \in A . a \ge B \Rightarrow a \ge b,
[2.*] := I \sup[4][5] : b = \sup B;
\sim [2] := I \Rightarrow: S_A(b) = \bigcap_{c \in B} S_A(c) \Rightarrow b = \sup B,
```

 $[*] := I \iff [1][2] : b = \sup B \iff S_A(b) = \overline{\bigcap_{c \in B} S_A(c)};$

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{InfimumAsIntersect} \, :: \, \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \, . \, \forall B \subset A \, . \, b = \inf B \iff S_A(b) = \inf \bigcap_{c \in B} S_A(c) \\ \\ \mathsf{Proof} \, = \\ & \ldots \\ \\ \square \\ \\ \mathsf{ZeroInfimumCriterion} \, :: \, \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \, . \, \forall B \subset A \, . \, b = \inf B \iff \mathsf{NowhereDense} \left( \mathsf{Z}(A), \bigcap_{c \in B} S_A(c) \right) \\ \\ \mathsf{Proof} \, = \\ & \ldots \\ \\ \square \\ \\ \end{array}
```

1.3.2 Sigma Algebras and Ideals

```
OrderClosed :: ?POSET
  X: \mathtt{OrderClosed} \iff \Big( orall D: \mathtt{Directed}(X) \ . \ \exists \sup A \Big) \ \& \ \Big( orall D: \mathtt{Directed}(X^\mathrm{op}) \ . \ \exists \inf A \Big)
   SequentiallyOrderClosed :: POSET
  X: \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed} \iff \left( \forall x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow X \;.\; \exists \sup_{n=1} x_n \right) \, \& \, \left( \forall x: \mathbb{N} \downarrow X \;.\; \exists \inf_{n=1} x_n \right)
   SigmaAlgebra = \sigma-Algebra := BOOL & SequentiallyOrderClosed : Type;
  \texttt{SigmaSubalgebra} = \sigma \texttt{-Subalgebra} = ?^{\sigma}_{\texttt{BOOL}} := \Lambda A \in \texttt{BOOL} \text{. Subring}(A) \& \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed} :
                       : BOOL \rightarrow SET;
  SigmaIdeal = \sigma-Ideal = \mathcal{I}^{\sigma} := \Lambda A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . Ideal(A) & SequentiallyOrderClosed : BOOL \to \mathsf{SET};
 {\tt SigmaAlgebraBySuprema} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \sigma \text{-} \\ {\tt Algebra}(A) \iff \forall x : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A \, . \, \exists \sup x_n \in A \, . \, \exists x_n
 Proof =
     . . .
     {\tt SigmaAlgebraByInfima} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \sigma{\tt -Algebra}(A) \iff \forall x : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A \ . \ \exists \inf_{n=1} x_n \in A
 Proof =
     {\tt SigmaAlgebraHasAllSuprema} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \sigma \text{-} \\ {\tt Algebra}(A) \Rightarrow \forall x : \mathbb{N} \to A \, . \, \exists \, \sup x_n \in A \, . \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \, \exists \, x_n \in A \, . \, \,
 Proof =
a := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \bigvee_{i=1}^{n} x_i : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A,
 s := \sup a_n \in A,
 [1] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \mathbb{E} \bigvee (x_{|[1,\dots,n]}) \mathbb{I} a \mathbb{E} s \mathbb{E}_1 \sup : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot x_n \leq \bigvee_{i=1}^n x_i = a_n \leq s,
   Assume b \in A,
   Assume [2]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . x_n \leq b,
  [3]:=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N}\;.\;\mathrm{E}a_n\mathrm{E}\vee[2]:\forall n\in\mathbb{N}\;.\;a_n=\bigvee_{i=1}^nx_n\leq b,
 [4] := EsE_2s[3] : s \le b;
    \sim [2] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in A . (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n \leq b) \Rightarrow s \leq b,
 [*] := I \sup[1][2] : s = \sup_{n=1} x_n;
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{SigmaAlgebraHasAllInfima} :: \forall A \in \operatorname{BOOL} . \ \sigma\text{-Algebra}(A) \Rightarrow \forall x : \mathbb{N} \to A \ . \ \exists \sup_{n=1} x_n \in A \\ \operatorname{Proof} = \\ \dots \\ \square \\ \\ \operatorname{SigmaIdealCriterion} :: \forall A \in \operatorname{BOOL} . \ \forall I \in \mathcal{I}(A) \ . \ I \in \mathcal{I}_{\sigma}(A) \iff \forall x : \mathbb{N} \to I \ . \ \exists \sup_{n=1} x_n \in I \\ \operatorname{Proof} = \\ \dots \\ \square \\ \\ \operatorname{SigmaClosure} :: \prod A : \sigma\text{-Algebra} \ . \ ?A \to \sigma\text{-Subalgebra}(A) \\ \operatorname{sigmaClosure}(B) = \sigma(B) := \bigcap \{C : \sigma\text{-Subalgebra}(A) : B \subset C\} \\ \\ \operatorname{DifferenceClass} :: \prod_{A \in \operatorname{BOOL}} ??_{\operatorname{BOOL}}^{\sigma} A \\ C : \operatorname{DifferenceClass} \iff \forall a,b \in A \ . \ a \setminus b \in A \\ \end{array}
```

```
Proof =
\mathcal{I} := \left\{ I \subset J \subset C : \forall a, b \in J : ab \in J \right\} : ? \text{Subobjectc}(\mathsf{MONO}, A),
J := ZornLemma(\mathcal{I}) : max \mathcal{I},
B := \{ a \in A : \forall j \in J : aj \in C \} : ?A,
Assume a \in B,
[2] := EJE\mathcal{I}Ie : e \in J,
[a.*] := EB(a, e)[2] : a \in C;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I \subset: B \subset C,
[3] := EBEJE\mathcal{I} : J \subset B,
Assume c \in A \setminus J,
K := J \cup \{cb|b \in J\} : ?A,
[4] := EK(e) : c \in K,
[5] := [4] \mathbf{E} K : B \subsetneq K,
[6] := EJ[3][5] : K \notin \mathcal{J},
[7] := \text{EE}\mathcal{I}\text{E}K[3] : \forall a, b \in J . ab \in K,
Assume a, b \in J,
\left\lceil (a,b).* \right\rceil := \mathtt{ECommutative}(\land) \mathtt{E}K : (ca)b = (ca)(cb) = c(ab) \in K;
 \rightsquigarrow [8] := I\forall : \forall a, b \in J . (ca)b = (ca)(cb) \in K,
[9] := EK[7][8] : \forall k, k' \in K . kk' \in K,
[10] := \mathbf{E}\mathcal{I}[6][9] : K \not\subset C,
(b,[11]) := EK[10] : \sum b \in J \cdot cb \not\in C,
[c.*] := \mathbf{I}B : c \notin B;
 \rightarrow [4] := ISetEq[3] : J = B,
Assume a, b \in J,
Assume c \in J,
[c.*] := \mathtt{DiffIntersercDistributivity}(a, c, c) \mathtt{ESemigroup}(A, J) \mathtt{EDifferenceClass}(A, C) :
    : (a \setminus b)c = (ac) \setminus b \in C;
 \sim [5] := I\forall : \forallc \in J . (a \setminus b)c \in C,
[6] := \mathbf{E}B[5] : a \setminus b \in B,
[(a,b).*] := E(=,[3],[6]) : a \setminus b \in J;
 \rightsquigarrow [5] := I\forall : \forall a, b \in J . a \setminus b \in J,
[6] := BooleanSubAlgebraCriterion[5] : J \subset_{BOOL} A,
[*] := \mathtt{EDifferenceClass}(C)[6]\mathtt{I}\sigma : \sigma(I) \subset \sigma(J) \subset C;
```

1.3.3 Sigma-continuity

```
{\tt OrderContinuous} \, :: \, \prod X,Y \in {\tt LAT} \, . \, ?{\tt LAT}(X,Y)
f: \texttt{OrderContinuous} \iff \left( \forall x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow X \; . \; \sup_{n=1} f(x_n) = f\big(\sup_{n=1} x_n\big) \right) \, \& \; \left( \forall x: \mathbb{N} \downarrow X \; . \; \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) = f\big(\inf_{n=1} x_n\big) \right)
{\tt OrderContinuousByPreimage} :: \forall X,Y \in {\tt LAT} \ . \ \forall f \in {\tt LAT} \ . \ \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous}(X,Y,f) \iff
          \iff \forall A: \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(Y) \ . \ \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(X, f^{-1}(A))
Proof =
Assume [1]: \sigma-Continuous(X, Y, f),
Assume A: SequentiallyOrderClosed(Y),
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow f^{-1}(A),
Assume s \in X,
Assume [2]: s = \sup x_n,
[3] := E\sigma-Continuous(X, Y, f) : f(s) = \sup_{n \to \infty} f(x_n),
[4] := ESequentiallyOrderClosed(Y, A)[3]Epreimage(x) : f(s) \in A,
[s.*] := Ipreimage[4] : s \in f^{-1}(A);
 \sim [A.*] := \text{ISequentiallyOrderClosed} : \text{SequentiallyOrderClosed} (X, f^{-1}(A));
 \sim [1.*] := I\forallI \Rightarrow: \sigma-Continuous(X, Y, f) \Rightarrow
        \Rightarrow \forall A: \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}\big(Y) \; . \; \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}\Big(X, f^{-1}(A)\Big);
\texttt{Assume} \ [2]: \forall A: \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(Y) \ . \ \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}\left(X, f^{-1}(A)\right),
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow X,
Assume s \in X,
Assume [3]: s = \sup x_n,
[4] := \mathbb{E} \sup x_n \mathbb{E} \mathsf{POSET}(X, Y, f) : f(x) < f(s),
Assume y \in Y,
Assume [5]: f(x) \leq y,
A := \{ z \in Y : z \le y \} : ?Y,
[6] := EAIS = 
[7] := [2][6] : SequentiallyOrderClosed(X, f^{-1}(A)),
[8] := \mathbf{E}A\mathbf{I}f^{-1} : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . x_n \in f^{-1}(A),
[9] := \mathbb{E}[7][8][3] : s \in f^{-1}(A),
[10] := \texttt{Epreimage}[9] : f(s) \in A,
[y.*] := EA[10] : f(s) \le y;
 \rightsquigarrow [5] := I\forallI \Rightarrow: \forally \in Y . y \ge f(x) \Rightarrow y \ge f(s),
[x.*] := I \sup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(x_n) = f(s);
 \rightarrow [2.*] := I\sigma-Continuous : \sigma-Continuous (X, Y, f);
```

```
\sim [2] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \forall A : \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(Y) \; . \; \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}\left(X, f^{-1}(A)\right) \Rightarrow \mathsf{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(X, f^{-1}(A)) \Rightarrow \mathsf{SequentiallyOrderClose}(X, f^{-1}(A)) \Rightarrow \mathsf{Seq
          \Rightarrow \sigma-Continuous(X, Y, f),
[*] := I(\iff)[1][2] : \sigma\text{-Continuous}(X, Y, f) \iff
            \iff \forall A : \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(Y) . \mathtt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(X, f^{-1}(A));
  \Rightarrow \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f)
Proof =
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \downarrow A,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [1]: \inf_{n=1} x_n = a,
y := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot (x_n \setminus a) : \mathbb{N} \downarrow A,
[2] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N}. ZeroIsMinimum(A, y_n) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N}. y_n \geq 0,
Assume b \in A,
Assume [3]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : y_n \geq b,
[4] := \mathbf{E}y[3] : ba = 0,
[5] := EyE \inf[3][1] : a \le b \cup a \le a,
[6] := DoubleIne[5] : b \cup a = a,
[b.*] := [6][4] : b = 0;
 \rightsquigarrow [3] := I\forall : \forall b \in A . (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : y_n \ge b) \Rightarrow b = 0,
[4] := I \inf[2][3] : \inf_{n=1} y_n = 0,
[5] := [0][4] : \inf_{n=1} f(y_n) = 0,
[6] := \mathbb{E}_1 \inf[1] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . x_n \ge a,
[7] := \mathbf{E}y[y] : x = y \cup a,
[8] := [7]EBOOL(A, B, f)E\cup : f(x) = f(y \cup a) = f(y) \cup f(a) \ge f(a),
Assume b \in B,
Assume [9]: f(x) \geq b,
[10] := \mathsf{EBOOL}(A, B, f) \mathsf{I} y : f(y) \ge (b \setminus f(a)),
[11] := \mathbb{E}_2[5][10] \mathbb{Z}eroIsMin(B) : b \setminus f(a) = 0,
[b.*] := E(\setminus)[11]IBooleanOrder(B) : f(a) \ge b;
 \rightsquigarrow [9] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in B . f(x) \ge b \Rightarrow f(a) \ge b,
[x.*] := I \inf[8][9] : \inf f(x_n) = f(a);
 \sim [1] := I \forall : \forall x : \mathbb{N} \downarrow A : \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) = f(\inf_{n=1} x_n),
[2] := [1]^{\complement} : \forall x : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A . \sup f(x_n) = f(\sup_{n=1}^{n} x_n),
[*] := I\sigma-Continuous : \sigma-Continuous (A, B, f);
```

```
BooleanOrderContinuitySup :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \sigma\text{-Continuous}(A, B) .
    . \forall X : \mathtt{Countable}(A) . f(\sup X) = \sup f(X)
Proof =
Assume a \in A,
Assume [1]: a = \sup X,
x := \mathtt{enumerate}(X) : \mathbb{N} \leftrightarrow X,
y := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \bigvee_{i=1}^{n} x_i : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A,
[2] := \mathbb{E}y\mathbb{E}_1 \sup[1] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : y_n \leq a,
Assume a' \in A,
Assume [3]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : y_n \leq a',
[4] := \mathbf{E}y[3] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n \le a',
[5] := \mathbf{E}x[4] : \forall z \in X . z \le a',
[a'.*] := \mathbb{E} \sup[1][5] : a < a';
\rightsquigarrow [3] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall a' \in A . y \leq a' \Rightarrow a \leq a',
[4] := \mathbf{I} \sup[2][3] : \sup_{n=1} y_n = a,
[5] := \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathtt{Continuous}(A,B,f)[4] : \sup_{n=1} f(y_n) = f(a),
[6] := E_1 \sup[5] EyBooleanMorphismIsOrderPreserving(A, B, f) : \forall z \in X . f(z) \le f(a),
Assume b \in B,
Assume [7]: \forall z \in X . f(z) \leq b,
[8] := [7]IyBooleanMorphismIsOrderPreserving : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f(y_n) \leq b,
[b.*] := \mathbb{E}_2 \sup[5][8] : f(a) < b;
\rightsquigarrow [7] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in B . f(X) \leq b \Rightarrow f(a) \leq b,
[*] := I \sup[6][7][1] : \sup f(X) = f(\sup X);
 BooleanOrderContinuityInf :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \sigma\text{-Continuous}(A, B) .
    \forall X : \mathtt{Countable}(A) \cdot f(\inf X) = \inf f(X)
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
OrderContinuousByPoUImages :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \mathsf{BOOL}(A, B) . \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f) \iff
           \iff \forall P : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ . \ |P| \leq \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(B, f(P))
Proof =
Assume [1]: \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f),
Assume P: PartitionOfUnity(A),
Assume [2]: |P| \leq \aleph_0,
[3] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A) \text{I sup} : \sup P = e,
[4] := \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathtt{Continuous}(A,B,f)[3]\mathtt{EBOOL}(A,B,f) : \sup f(P) = f(e) = e,
Assume x, y \in f(P),
Assume [5]: x \neq y,
 \Big(a,b,[6]\Big) := \mathtt{Eimage}[4] : \sum a,b \in P \;.\; f(a) = x \;\&\; f(b) = y,
[7] := E(=, \to)[5][6] : a \neq b,
 \Big|(x,y).*\Big|:=[6] \texttt{ERNG}(A,B,f) \texttt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P) \texttt{ERNG}(A,B,f) : xy=f(a)f(b)=f(ab)=f(0)=0;
  \sim [1.*] := \text{IPartitionOfUnity}[4] : \text{PartitionOfUnity}(B, f(P));
  \sim [1] := I \Rightarrow I \forall I \Rightarrow :
       \sigma-Continuous(A,B,f) \Rightarrow \forall P: PartitionOfUnity(A). (|P| \leq \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \text{PartitionOfUnity}(B,f(P))),
 \text{Assume } [2]: \forall P: \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; \Big(|P| \leq \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}\big(B, f(P)\big)\Big), 
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow A,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [3]: \sup_{n=1} x_n = a,
P := \Im X \cup \{a^{\complement}\} : \mathtt{Countable}(A),
[4] := EPE \sup[3]IPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity(A),
[5] := [2](P) : PartitionOfUnity(B, f(P)),
[6] := EPartitionOfUnity(B, f(P)) I sup : sup f(P) = e,
[x.*] := \mathtt{E} P \mathtt{EBOOL}(A,B,f) \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\big(B,f(P)\big)[6] :
         : \sup f(x_n) = \sup f(P) \setminus \{f(a^{\complement})\} = \sup f(P) \setminus \{f^{\complement}(a)\} = f(a);
  \sim [2.*] := OCByOCAtZero : \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f);
  \sim [2] := I \Rightarrow:
        : \forall P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; \Big( |P| \leq \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\big(B, f(P)\big) \Big) \Rightarrow \sigma\text{-}\mathtt{Continuous}(A, B, f),
[*] := I \iff [1][2] :
         : \forall P : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; \Big( |P| \leq \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}\big(B, f(P)\big) \Big) \; \Longleftrightarrow \; PartitionOfUnity \Big(B, f(P)\big) \Big) \; \iff \; PartitionOfUnity \Big(B, f(P)\big) \Big) \; \implies \; PartitionOfUnity \Big(B, f(P)\big) \Big(B, f(P)\big) \; \implies \; PartitionOfUnity \Big(B, f(P)\big) \; \implies \; Parti
           \iff \sigma\text{-Continuous}(A, B, f);
  BooleanIsomorphismIsOrderContinuous :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall A \overset{f}{\longleftrightarrow} B : \mathsf{BOOL} : \sigma\text{-Continuous}(A, B, f)
Proof =
  . . .
```

```
{\tt OrderContinuousPreimagingOrderSubalgebra} :: \forall A, B \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall f : \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous}(A,B) \ .
    . \forall B' \subset^{\sigma}_{\mathsf{BOOL}} B . f^{-1}(B') \subset^{\sigma}_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A
Proof =
. . .
{\tt OrderContinuousOrderSubalgebraImage} :: \forall A, B \in {\tt BOOL} . \ \forall f : \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous}(A,B) \ . \ \forall C \subset A \ .
    . f \sigma C = \sigma f C
Proof =
[1] := E\sigma OrderContinuousPreimagingOrderSubalgebra : \sigma C \subset f^{-1} \sigma f C,
[*] := f[1] : f\sigma C \subset \sigma f C;
{\tt OrderContinuousOrderSubalgebraImage} \, :: \, \forall A,B \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall f: \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous} \, \& \, {\tt Surjective}(A,B) \, .
    . \forall C \subset A \cdot \sigma C = A \Rightarrow B = f \sigma C = \sigma f C
[1] := OrderContinuousSubalgebraImage(A, B) : f \sigma C \subset \sigma f C,
[2] := [0] \text{ESurjective}(f) : f \ \sigma C = fA = B,
[3] := {\tt UniversumSubset} \Big(B, \sigma \ f \ C\Big) [2] : \sigma \ f \ C \subset B = f \ \sigma \ C,
[*] := ISetEq[1][3] : \sigma f C = f \sigma C;
```

1.3.4 Order-density

```
OrderDense ::
D: \mathtt{OrderDense} \iff \forall a \in A \ . \ \exists d \in D: d \neq 0 \ \& \ d \leq a
. C \subset D \& a = \sup D
Proof =
D' := \{d \in D : d \le a\} : ?D,
\mathcal{C} := \{C : \mathtt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A) : C \subset D'\} : \mathtt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A),
C := ZornLemma(C) : max C,
[1] := ECECED' : C \leq a,
Assume b \in A,
Assume [0]: C < b,
Assume [2]: a \setminus b \neq 0,
\Big(d,[3]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}(D)(a \setminus b) : \sum d \in D \ . \ d \neq 0 \ \& \ d \leq (a \setminus b),
[4] := \mathbb{E}a[3]SetDifferenceOrder(a, b) : d \leq (a \setminus b) \leq a,
[5] := \mathbf{E}D'[4] : d \in D',
(c, [5]) := \mathsf{E}\mathcal{C}\mathsf{E}C : \sum c \in C \cdot cd \neq 0,
[6] := [0](c) : c \leq b,
[7] := EBooleanOrder[6] : cb = c,
[8] := [5][3.2]E(\)ERNG(A)[7]BooleanRingHasChar2(A) :
  0 \neq cd \leq c(a \setminus b) = c(a+ab) = ca + cab = ca + ca = 0,
[2.*] := ZeroIsMinimal(A)[8] : \bot;
\leadsto [2] := \mathbf{E}(\bot) : a \setminus b = 0,
[b.*] := E(\setminus)[2]IBooleanOrder : a \le b;
\rightsquigarrow [2] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in A . C \leq b \Rightarrow a \leq b,
[*] := I \sup[1][2] : \sup C = a;
```

```
{\tt OrderDenseContainsPartitionOfUnity} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall D : {\tt OrderDense} \ .
    \exists P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) : P \subset D
Proof =
\Big(P,[1]\Big) := \mathtt{DensitySupTHM}(A,D,e) : \sum P : \mathtt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A) \; . \; P \subset D \; \& \; e = \sup P,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [2]: a \neq 0,
\texttt{Assume} \ [3]: \forall p \in P \ . \ pa = 0,
b := a^{\complement} \in A,
Assume p \in P,
[4] := E(b)ERNG(A)[3](p) : pb = p(e+a) = p + ap = p,
[p.*] := {\tt IBooleanOrder}[4] : p \leq b;
\rightsquigarrow [4] := ISetLe : P \leq b,
[5] := \mathbf{E}b[2] : b \neq e,
[6] := \mathtt{UnityIsMax}[5] : b < e,
[a.*] := \mathsf{E}\sup[1.2][4][6] : \bot;
\sim [*] := E\(\perp \) IPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity(A, P);
```

1.3.5 Regular embeddings

```
\texttt{RegularEmbedding} := \prod \in \texttt{BOOL} \; . \; \texttt{BOOL} \; \& \; \texttt{Injective} \; \& \; \sigma\text{-}\texttt{Continuous}(A,B) : \texttt{BOOL}^2 \to \texttt{SET};
RegularEmbeded :: \prod_{A \in A} ?Subring(A)
B: Regular Embedded \iff Regular Embedding(A, B, \iota_B)
RegularEmbedable :: BOOL →?BOOL
A: \texttt{RegularEmbedable} \iff \Lambda B \in \texttt{BOOL} . \exists \texttt{RegularEmbedding}(A, B)
Proof =
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \downarrow D,
Assume [1]: \inf_{n=1} x_n =_B 0,
Assume [2]: \inf_{n=1} x_n \neq_A 0,
(a, [3]) := \operatorname{E}\inf[2] : \sum a \in A \cdot 0 < a < x,
\Big(d,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,D)(a) : \sum d \in D \;.\; 0 \neq d \leq a,
[5] := [3][4] : d < x,
[6] := I \inf[5] : \inf_{n=1} x_n \neq_B 0,
[x.*] := [6][1] : \bot;
\sim [1] := \mathtt{E} \bot \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall x : \mathbb{N} \downarrow D . \inf_{n=1} x_n =_B 0 \Rightarrow \inf_{n=1} x_n =_A 0,
[*] := OCByOCAtZero[1]IRegularEmbeded : RegularEmbeded(B, D);
{\tt OrderCKernelIsSigmaIdeal} \, :: \, \forall A,B \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall f: \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous} \, \& \, {\tt BOOL}(A,B) \, . \, \sigma\text{-}{\tt Ideal}\Big(A,\ker f\Big)
Proof =
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \uparrow \ker f,
Assume a \in A,
\operatorname{Assume} \left[1\right] : \sup_{n=1} x_n = a,
[3] := \mathbb{E} \ker f(x) : f(x) = 0,
[4] := E\sigma-Continuous(A, B, f)[3] : 0 = \inf_{n=1} 0 = \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) = f\left(\sup_{n=1} x_n\right) = f(a),
[x.*] := \mathbf{E} \ker f[4] : a \in \ker f;
\sim [*] := SigmaldealBySup : \sigma-Ideal (A, \ker f);
```

```
. \sigma\text{-Ideal}\left(A,\ker f\right) & RegularEmbeded\left(B,\operatorname{Im} f\right)\Rightarrow\sigma\text{-Continuous}(A,B,f)
Proof =
Assume x : \mathbb{N} \downarrow A,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [1]: \inf_{n=1} x_n = 0,
Assume b \in f(A),
Assume [2]: f(x) > b > 0,
\Big(s,[3]\Big) := \mathtt{EImage}(b) : \sum s \in A \ . \ b = f(s),
[4] := EBOOL(A, B)[3][2] : f(s \setminus x) = f(s) \setminus f(x) = b \setminus f(x) = 0,
[5] := \mathbf{E} \ker f[4] : s \setminus x \in (\ker f)^{\mathbb{N}},
[6] := {\tt ComplementSup}[1] {\tt E} \backslash : \sup_{n=1} s \setminus x_n = s \setminus \inf_{n=1} x_n = s \setminus 0 = s,
[7] := \mathsf{E} \sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal}(A, \ker f)[6] : s \in \ker f,
[8] := \mathbf{E} \ker f[7][3] : b = 0,
[b.*] := [2][8] : \bot;
\sim [2] := I inf : \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) =_{f(A)} 0,
[x.*] := \mathtt{ERegularEmbeded}(B, \operatorname{Im} f) : \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) =_B 0;
\rightarrow [*] := OCByOCAtZero : \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f);
\texttt{SigmaIdealTHM} :: \ \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall I : \mathsf{Ideal}(A) \ . \ \sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal}(A,I) \iff \sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Continuous}\left(A,\frac{A}{I},\pi_I\right)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.3.6 Order-Continuity and Stone Spaces

```
OrderContiniousOpenImage :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \mathsf{OrderContinuous}(A, B) .
          . \forall U \in \mathcal{T} \mathsf{Z} B : U \neq \emptyset \Rightarrow \operatorname{int}(\mathsf{Z} f)(U) \neq \emptyset
Proof =
 u := \texttt{ENonEmpty} : U
 (b,[2]) := \mathtt{StoneBase}(B,U,u) : u \in S_B(b) \subset U,
[3] := InterioIsMonotonic[2] : int(Z f)(S_B(b)) \subset int(Z f)(U),
[4] := {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt StoneRepresentationIsCompact}(B,b) \ {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt Z} \ f \Big) : = {\tt CompactImage} \Big( {\tt Z} \ B, {\tt Z} \ A, {\tt 
         : CompactSubset (ZA, (Zf)(S_B(b))),
[5] := {\tt HausdorffCompactIsDense}[4] : {\tt Closed}\bigg({\tt Z}; A, ({\tt Z}\ f)\Big(S_B(b)\Big)\bigg),
Assume [6]: int(Z f)(U) = \emptyset,
[7] := {\tt INowhereDense}[5][6] : {\tt NowhereDense}\Big({\tt Z}\ A, ({\tt Z}\ f)\Big(S_B(b)\Big),
D := \left\{ a \in A : S_A(a) \cap (\mathsf{Z} \ f) \Big( S_B(b) \Big) = \emptyset \right\} : ?A,
 [8] := ENowhereDense[7]EDIOrderDense : OrderDense(A, D),
 [9] := OrderDenseSup[8] : sup D = e,
 [10] := EOrderContinuous(A, B, f)[9]EBOOL(A, B, f) : \sup f(D) = e,
 (d, [11]) := \mathbb{E}_2 \sup[10](u) : \sum d \in D \cdot f(d)b \neq 0,
 \Big(v,[12]\Big):=	exttt{StoneRepresentationTHM}[11]:\sum v\in\S_B(b) . v\Big(f(d)b\Big)=1,
[13] := IZ[12] : (Z f)(v) \in S_A(d) \cap (Z f)(S_B(b)),
 [6.*] := ED(d)[13] : \bot;
  \sim [*] := E\perp : int (Z f)(U) \neq \emptyset;
  OrderContinuousNDPreimage :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \mathsf{OrderContinuous}(A, B) .
          . \forall N : \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) . \mathtt{NowhereDense}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ B, (\mathsf{Z}\ f)^{-1}(N)\Big)
Proof =
 Assume N: NowhereDense(ZA),
[1] := \mathtt{ENowhereDense} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, N \Big) : \mathrm{int} \ \overline{N} = \emptyset,
C:=(\operatorname{Z} f)^{-1}(\overline{N}):\operatorname{Cloed}\Bigl(\operatorname{Z} B\Bigr),
U := \operatorname{int} C : \operatorname{Open}(\mathsf{Z} B),
[2]:=\mathtt{E}\operatorname{int}\mathtt{E}U[1]:\operatorname{int}(\mathsf{Z}\ f)(U)=\emptyset,
 [3] := \texttt{OrderContinuousOpenImage}[2] : U = \emptyset,
[*] := \texttt{EclosureE} U \texttt{E} C[3] \texttt{INowhereDense} : \texttt{NowhereDense} \Big( \texttt{Z} \ A, (\texttt{Z} \ f)^{-1}(N) \Big);
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \text{OrderContinuityByNowhereDenseOreimage} :: \forall A, B \in \text{BOOL} : \forall f \in \text{BOOL}(A, B) : \\ & . \left( \forall N : \text{NowhereDense} \left( \mathbf{Z} | A \right) : \text{NowhereDense} \left( \mathbf{Z} | B, (\mathbf{Z} | f)^{-1}(N) \right) \right) \Rightarrow \text{OrderContinuous} \left( A, B, f \right) \\ \text{Proof} & = \\ & \text{Assume} | X : ?A, \\ & \text{Assume} | 1] : \inf X = 0, \\ & N := \bigcap_{x \in X} S_A(x) : ?\mathbf{Z} | A, \\ & [2] := [1] \mathbf{E} N \mathbf{ZeroInfinumCriterion} : \mathbf{NowhereDense} \left( \mathbf{Z} | A, N \right), \\ & [3] := [0][2] : \mathbf{NowhereDense} \left( \mathbf{Z} | B, (\mathbf{Z} | f)^{-1}(N) \right), \\ & [4] := \mathbf{E} N \mathbf{EIntersectPreimageE}(\mathbf{Z} | f) : (\mathbf{Z} | f)^{-1}(N) = \bigcap_{x \in X} (\mathbf{Z} | f)^{-1} \left( S_A(x) \right) = = \bigcap_{x \in XS_A(f(x))}, \\ & [X.*] := \mathbf{ZeroInfinumCriterion}[3][4] : \inf f(X) = 0; \\ & \sim [*] := \mathbf{OCByOCAtZero} : \mathbf{OrderContinuous}(A, B, f); \\ & \square \\ \end{array}
```

1.3.7 Upper Envelopes

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{upperEnvelope} \ :: \ \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} \prod_{B \subset \mathsf{BOOL}} A \to ?B \\ & b : \mathsf{upperEnvelope} \ \Longleftrightarrow \ \Lambda a \in A \ . \ b = \mathsf{upr}_B(a) \ \Longleftrightarrow \ b = \inf\{x \in B : x \geq a\} \end{aligned} \begin{aligned} & \mathsf{UprAndSupCommute} \ :: \ \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A \ . \ \forall X \subset A \ . \ \forall y \in A \ . \ \forall b \in B \ . \\ & . \ \left( \left( \forall x \in X \ . \ \exists \ \mathsf{upr}_B(x) \right) \ \& \ y = \sup X \ \& \ b = \sup_{x \in X} \mathsf{upr}_B(x) \right) \Rightarrow b = \mathsf{upr}_B(y) \end{aligned} \mathsf{Proof} \ = \\ & \dots \\ & \square \end{aligned} \mathsf{UprAndIntersectCommute} \ :: \ \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall b \in B \ . \\ & . \ \exists \ \mathsf{upr}_B(a) \Rightarrow \ \mathsf{upr}_B(a \cap b) = \mathsf{upr}_B(a) \cap b \end{aligned} \mathsf{Proof} \ = \\ \dots \\ & \square \end{aligned}
```

1.4 Order-Completenes

1.4.1 Sigma-Completenes

```
\sigma	ext{-DedekindComplete}::?\mathsf{LATT}
L: \sigma\text{-DedekindComplete} \iff \forall x: \mathbb{N} \to L \ \exists \inf x \& \exists \sup x
\sigma	ext{-DedekindCompleteSubset}::\prod?L
A: \sigma\text{-DedekindCompleteSubset} \iff \forall x: \mathbb{N} \to A \ . \ \exists \inf x \ \& \ \exists \sup x
Proof =
\text{Assume } [x]: \mathbb{N} \to \frac{B}{I},
\Big(b,[1]\Big) := \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathtt{DedekindComplete}(B) : \sum b \in B \;.\; b = \sup_{n=1} x_n,
[x.*] := \underset{n=1}{\texttt{SigmaIdealTHM}} : \sup_{n=1} [x_n] = [b];
\sim [*] := I\sigma-DedekindComplete : \sigma-DedekindComplete \left(\frac{B}{I}\right) ;
SigmaAlgebraFactorization :: \forall X \in \mathsf{SET} . \forall A : \sigma\text{-Algebra}(X) . \forall I : \sigma\text{-Ideal}(X) .
   . \sigma-DedekindComplete \left(\frac{A}{I \cap A}\right)
Proof =
. . .
SigmaCompleteSubalgebras :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \sigma\text{-DedekindComplete} . \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\sigma} A .
    . \sigma-DedekindCompleteSubset(A, B)
Proof =
. . .
SigmaCompleteIdeal :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \sigma\text{-DedekindComplete} \ . \ \forall I : \sigma\text{-Ideal}(A) .
    . \sigma-DedekindCompleteSubset(A, I)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
\Rightarrow SequentiallyOrderClosed(B, f(A))
Proof =
Assume y: \mathbb{N} \uparrow f(A),
Assume b \in B,
\operatorname{Assume}\left[1\right] : \sup_{n=1} y_n = b,
(x,[2]) := \mathbf{E}f(A)(y) : \sum x : \mathbb{N} \uparrow A \cdot y = f(x),
 \stackrel{\textstyle \cdot}{\left(a,[3]\right)} := \mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{DedekindComplete}(A)(x) : \sum_{a \in A} a = \sup_{n=1} x_n, 
[4] := [1][2]E\sigma-Continuous(A, B, f)[3] : b = \sup_{n=1} y_n = \sup_{n=1} f(x_n) = f\left(\sup_{n=1} x_n\right) = f(a),
[y.*] := Ef(A)[4] : b \in f(A);
\sim [*] := ISequentiallyOrderClosed : SequentiallyOrderClosed(B, f(A));
SequentiallyOrderClosed (B, f(A)) \Rightarrow \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f)
Proof =
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \downarrow A,
Assume [1]: \inf_{n=1} x_n = 0,
(b, [2]) := E\sigma\text{-DedekindComplete}(B)(f(x)) : \sum_{k \in B} \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) = b,
[3] := \mathtt{ESequentiallyOrderClosed}\Big(B, f(A)\Big)[2] : b \in f(A),
(a, [4]) := Ef(A)[3] : \sum a \in A \cdot b = f(a),
Assume [5]: a \neq 0,
[6] := \mathtt{EInjective} \ \& \ \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B,f)[5] : b \neq 0,
(n, [7]) := \operatorname{E}\inf[1][5](a) : \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x_n < a,
[8] := EBOOL & Injective(A, B, f)(a)[4]: f(x_n) < f(a) = b,
[*.5] := E \inf[2][8] : \bot;
\rightsquigarrow [5] := \mathbf{E} \perp : a = 0,
[x.*] := [2][4] \text{EBOOL}(A, B, f)[5] : \inf_{n=1} f(x_n) = 0;
\sim [*] := OCByOCAtZero : \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f),
```

 ${\tt SigmaCompleteImage} \ :: \ \forall A, B \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall f : \sigma\text{-}{\tt Continuous}(A,B) \ . \ \sigma\text{-}{\tt DedekindComplete}(A) \Rightarrow \ . \ \sigma\text{-}{\tt DedkindComplete}(A) \Rightarrow \$

```
{\tt SigmaCompleteSubalgebraCriterion} \ :: \ \forall A : \sigma\text{-}{\tt DedekindComplete} \ \& \ {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset_{{\tt BOOL}} A \ .
   SequentiallyOrderClosed(A, B) \iff \sigma-DedekindComplete(B) \& \sigma-Continuous(B, A, \iota_B)
Proof =
. . .
 SigmaCompleteSigmaGenetrationCommutation ::
    :: \forall A : \sigma-DedekindComplete & BOOL : \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall X \subset A : \forall f : \sigma-Continuous(A, B, f).
    f \sigma X = \sigma f X
Proof =
[1] := \mathsf{E}\sigma\mathsf{Eimage}(f,X) : f \ X \subset f \ \sigma \ X,
[2] := {\tt SigmaCompleteImage}\Big(\sigma X, B, f\Big) : {\tt SequentiallyOrderClosed}\Big(B, f\sigma X\Big),
[3] := \mathbf{E}\sigma f X[1][2] : \sigma \ f \ X \subset f \sigma X,
[4] := \texttt{OrderContinuousOrderSubalgebraImage}(A, B, f, X) : f \ \sigma \ X \subset f \ \sigma \ X,
[*] := ISetEq[3][4] : f \sigma X = \sigma f X;
{\tt IsomorphismByOrderDenseInjecttion} :: \forall A: \tau {\tt -Algebra} . \ \forall B: {\tt BOOL} \ .
    \forall f : \mathtt{Injective} \ \& \ \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B) \ . \ \mathsf{OrderDense}\Big(f(A),B\Big) \Rightarrow \mathtt{Isomorphism}\Big(\mathsf{BOOL},A,B,f\Big)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.4.2 Morphism Extension

```
{\tt SigmaCompleteExtensionLemma} \ :: \ \forall A : \sigma {\tt -DedekindComplete} \ \& \ {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset^{\sigma}_{\tt BOOL} A \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ B_a \subset^{\sigma}_{\tt BOOL} A
Proof =
Assume x: \mathbb{N} \to B_a,
\Big(y,z,[1]\Big) := {\tt SubalgebraGeneratedByOneElement}(A,B,a,x) : \sum y,z: \mathbb{N} \to B \;.\; x = (y \setminus a) \cup (z \cap a), x \in \mathbb{N} \;.
\Big(y',[2]\Big) := \texttt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{DedekindComplete}(A,y)\\ \texttt{ESequentiallyOrderClosed}(A,B) : \sum_{y' \in B} y' = \sup_{n=1} y_n,
\Big(z',[3]\Big) := \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{DedekindComplete}(A,z)\\ \mathtt{ESequentiallyOrderClosed}(A,B) : \sum_{z' \in B} z' = \sup_{n=1} z_n,
x' := (y' \setminus a) \cup (z' \cap a) \in B_a
[4] := \mathbb{E}\sup[2]\mathbb{E}\sup[3]\mathbb{E}x' : x \le x',
Assume x'' \in A,
Assume [5]: x \leq x'',
[6] := [5] \texttt{IntersectionSup}[3] : x'' \ge \sup_{n=1} z_n \cap a = z' \cap a,
[7] := [5] {\tt ComplementSup}[2] : x'' \geq \sup_{n=1} y_n \setminus a = y' \setminus a,
[x''.*] := Ix'[6][7] : x'' \ge x';
\rightsquigarrow [5] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall x'' \in A . x'' \ge x \Rightarrow x'' \ge x,
[x.*] := I \sup[4][5] : x' = \sup_{n=1} x_n;
\sim [*] := ISequentiallyOrderClosed : B_a \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\sigma} A;
```

```
{\tt HomomorphismExtensionTHM} :: \forall A : {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall B : {\tt BOOL} \ \& \ {\tt OrderDedekindComplete} \ .
    \forall C \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A : \forall C \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL} : \exists A \xrightarrow{\hat{f}} B : \mathsf{BOOL} : \hat{f}_{|C} = f
Proof =
P := \left\{ D \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL} \middle| C \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} D \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A \right\} : \mathsf{SET} \bigg( \uparrow \Big( \mathsf{BOOL} \Big) \bigg),
[1] := \mathbf{E}P(f) : f \in P,
\hat{f} := \mathbf{ZornLemma}(P) : \max P,
D := \operatorname{dom} \hat{f} : \operatorname{Subring}(A),
Assume [2]: D \neq A,
a := I(\backslash)[2]E(A \backslash D) \in A \backslash D,
X := \{d \in D : d \le a\} : ?D,
y := \sup \hat{f}(X) \in B,
Assume d, d' \in D,
Assume [3]: d \leq a \leq d',
[4] := EX(d)[3] : d \in X,
[(d, d'). * .2] := EyE_1 \sup[4] : \hat{f}(d) \le y,
[6] := EX[3]Id' : X \le d',
[7] := EBOOL(D, B, \hat{f})[6] : f(X) \le f(d'),
[(d, d'). * .2] := \mathbb{E}_2 \sup[7] : y \le \hat{f}(d');
\rightsquigarrow [3] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall d, d' \in D . \forall (d \le a \le d') \Rightarrow f(d) \le y \le f(d'),
\left(g,[4]\right) := \texttt{HomonorphismExtension}(A,B,D,\hat{f},a,y)[3] : \sum D_a \xrightarrow{g} B : \texttt{BOOL} \ . \ g_{|D} = \hat{f} \ \& \ g(a) = y,
[5] := \mathbf{E}P[4.1] : g \in P,
[6] := \mathbf{E}a\mathbf{E}g : \hat{f} < g,
[2.*] := [6] \mathbb{E} \max P(\hat{f}) : \bot;
```

 $\rightsquigarrow [*] := \mathsf{E} \bot : \mathrm{dom} \, \hat{f} = A;$

1.4.3 Loomis-Sikorski Representation

```
LoomisSikorskiAlgebra :: \prod A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \sigma\text{-DedekindComplete}\sigma\text{-Subalgebra}(?\mathsf{Z}\ A)
 \texttt{LoomisSikorskiAlgebra}\left(\right) = \mathcal{LS}(A) := \left\{ U \bigtriangleup M \middle| U \in \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \ \& \ M \in \mathbf{MGR} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \right\}
  [1] := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : \emptyset, A \in \mathcal{LS}(A),
  Assume U \triangle M, U' \triangle M' \in \mathcal{LS}(A),
 [\ldots *.1] := \mathtt{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( ?\mathsf{Z}\ A, \mathcal{TK}\ \mathsf{Z}\ A \Big) \\ \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal} \Big( ?\mathsf{Z}\ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) \Big) \\ \mathtt{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) := \mathsf{LS}(A) \\ \mathtt
                      : (U \triangle M) \triangle (U' \triangle M') = (U \triangle U') \triangle (M \triangle M') \in \mathcal{LS}(A),
 [\ldots *.2] := \mathtt{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \Big) \mathtt{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathtt{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \Big) \mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \Big) \mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal} \Big( ? \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \Big) \mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Ideal} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(A) : = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTableESubring} \Big( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \mathsf{MGR}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) \Big) \mathsf{E}\mathcal{LS}(\mathsf{Z} \ A) = \mathsf{CheckingTruthTa
                      : (U \triangle M) \cap (U' \triangle M') = (U \cap U') \triangle (M \cap M') \triangle (U \cap M') \triangle (U' \cap M) \in \mathcal{LS}(A);
     \sim [2] := ISubring : \mathcal{LS}(A) \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}?Z A,
   Assume U \triangle M : \mathbb{N} \to \mathcal{LS}(A),
   \Big(a,[3]\Big):=	exttt{ClopenAreStoneRepresentations}(A,U):\sum a:\mathbb{N}	o A . orall n\in\mathbb{N} . S_A(a_n)=U_n,
 a' := \sup_{n=1} a_n \in A,
   [4] := 	exttt{SupremumStonrRepresentationE} a' : S_A(a') = \overline{\bigcup_{i=1}^n U_n},
  [5] := {\tt NowhereDenseClosure}[4] : {\tt NowhereDense}\left({\tt Z}\ A, S_A(a') \setminus \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} U_n\right),
 E := S_A(a') \setminus \bigcup_{n=1} U_n \triangle M_n : \mathbb{N} \to ?\mathsf{Z} A,
[6] := EEE \triangle : E \subset \left(S_A(a') \setminus \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty}\right) \cup \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} M_n,
  [7] := {\tt MeagerSubset}[5][6] : E \in \mathsf{MGR}(A),
   \left[ (U \bigtriangleup M). * \right] := \underset{n=1}{\mathsf{UnionAsSupI}} E \to : S_A(a') \sup_{n=1} U_n \bigtriangleup M_n = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} U_n \bigtriangleup M_n = S_A(a') \bigtriangleup E;
    \sim [3] := I\existsI\forall : \forallU \triangle M : \mathbb{N} \to \mathcal{LS}(A) . \exists \sup_{n=1} U_n \triangle M_n,
  [*] := I(\subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\sigma}) : \mathcal{LS}(A) \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\sigma}?\mathsf{Z}\ A;
```

```
LoomisSikorskiRepresentation :: \forall A : \mathsf{BOOL} \& \sigma\text{-DedekindComplete} : \frac{\mathcal{LS}(A)}{\mathsf{MGR} \ \mathsf{7}^{-A}} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A
Proof =
\mathtt{Assume}\;[U\mathrel{\triangle} M]\in\frac{\mathcal{LS}(A)}{\mathbf{MGR}\;\mathbf{Z}\;A},
\Big(\varphi[U\bigtriangleup M],[1]\Big):= \texttt{OpenCompactsAreStoneRepresentations}(A,U): \sum \varphi[U\bigtriangleup M] \in A \; .
      . U = S_A \Big( \varphi[U \triangle M] \Big),
\texttt{Assume} \; [U' \mathrel{\triangle} M'] \in \frac{\mathcal{LS}(A)}{\mathbf{MGR} \; \mathbf{7} \; ^{A}}
Assume [2]: [U \triangle M] = [U' \triangle M'],
\Big(M'',[3]\Big) := \mathtt{EquotientRing}[2] : \sum M'' \in \mathbf{MGR} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A \ . \ U = U' \bigtriangleup M \bigtriangleup M' \bigtriangleup M'',
[4] := \texttt{EBair}[3] \texttt{BairCategoryTHM}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) : M \bigtriangleup M' \bigtriangleup M = \emptyset,
\left[ [U \bigtriangleup M]. * \right] := [4][3][1] : \varphi[U \bigtriangleup M] = \varphi[U' \bigtriangleup M'];

ightsqrtapprox \varphi := \mathbf{I}(
ightarrow) : \mathbf{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, \frac{\mathcal{LS}\ A}{\mathbf{MGR}\ \mathsf{Z}\ A}, A\right);
 {\tt LoomisSikorskiTHM} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \sigma\text{-}{\tt DedekindComplete}(A) \iff
        \iff \exists X \in \mathsf{SET} : \exists \mathcal{A} : \sigma\text{-Algebra}(X) : \exists \mathcal{I} \in \mathcal{I}_{\sigma}(\mathcal{A}) . A \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \frac{\mathcal{A}}{\mathcal{T}}
Proof =
 . . .
```

1.4.4 Algebra of Open Domains

```
{\tt nowhereDenseIdeal} :: \qquad \prod \ {\tt Ideal}(?X)
nowhereDenseIdeal (X) = ND(X) := NowhereDense(X)
Assume A, B \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[1] := NowhereDenseUnion(X, A, B) : A \cup B \in ND(X),
[2] := {\tt SymmetricDifferenceSubset}(X,A,B) : A \bigtriangleup B \subset A \cup b,
\boxed{(A,B).* := \texttt{NowhereDenseSubset}[1][2] : A \bigtriangleup B \in \mathbf{ND}(X);}
\rightsquigarrow [1] := I\forall : \forall A, B \in \mathbf{ND}(X) . A \triangle B \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
Assume A \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
Assume B:?X,
[2] := IntersectionIsSubset(X, A, B) : A \cap B \subset A,
[A.*] := NowhereDenseSubset[2] : A \cap B \subset ND(X);
\sim [2] := I\forall : \forall A \in \mathbf{ND}(X) . \forall B \subset X . AB \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[*] := \mathtt{IIdeal}[1][2] : \mathtt{Ideal}\Big(?X, \mathbf{ND}(X)\Big);
 weaklyBoundedAlgebra :: TOP \rightarrow BOOL
\texttt{weaklyBoundedAlgebra}\left(X\right) = \Sigma(X) := \left\{A \subset X : \partial A \in \mathbf{ND}(X)\right\}
[1] := \mathbf{E} \, \partial \, \emptyset \mathsf{TypeIdeal} \Big(?X, \mathbf{ND}(X) \Big) : \partial \, \emptyset = \emptyset \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[2] := \mathbf{E}\Sigma(X)[1] : \emptyset \in \sigma(X),
Assume A, B \in \Sigma(X),
[3] := ClosureUnion(X, A, B) : \overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cup \overline{B},
[4] := SubsetOfUnionInteriorMonotonic(X) : int(A) \cup int(B) \subset int(A \cup B),
[5] := \mathbb{E} \partial (A \cup B)[3][4]CheckingTruthTablesI\partial AI\partial B:
    : \partial(A \cup B) = \overline{A \cup B} \setminus \operatorname{int}(A \cup B) \subset \left(\overline{A} \cup \overline{B}\right) \setminus \left(\operatorname{int} A \cup \operatorname{int} B\right) \subset
    \subset (\overline{A} \setminus \operatorname{int}(A)) \cup (\overline{B} \setminus \operatorname{int} B) = \partial A \cup \partial B,
[6] := \mathtt{E}\Sigma(A)\mathtt{E}\Sigma(B)\mathtt{E}\mathbf{N}\mathbf{D}(X)\mathtt{NowhereDenseUnion}(X)\mathtt{NowhwereDenseSubset}(X)[5] : \partial(A \cup B) \in \mathbf{N}\mathbf{D}(X),
\left[ (A,B). * \right] := \mathsf{E}\Sigma(X)[6] : A \cup B \in \Sigma(X);
\rightsquigarrow [3] := I\forall : \forall A, B \in \Sigma(X) . A \cup B \in \Sigma(X),
Assume A \in \Sigma(X),
[4] := \mathsf{E}\Sigma(X)(A) : \partial A \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[5] := \mathtt{BoundaryComplement}[4] : \partial A^{\complement} = \partial A \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[A.*] := \mathbf{E}\Sigma(X)[5] : A^{\complement} \in \Sigma(X);
\rightsquigarrow [4] := I \forall : \forall A \in \Sigma(X) . A^{\complement} \in \Sigma(X),
[*] := SubalgebraCritertion[2][3][4] : \Sigma(X) \in BOOL;
```

```
NowhereDenseAreWeaklyBounded :: \forall X \in \mathsf{TOP} : \mathbf{ND}(X) \subset \Sigma(X)
Proof =
Assume A \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[1] := NowhereDenseClosureIsNowhereDense(X, A) : \overline{A} \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[2] := BoundaryInClosure(X, A) : \partial A \subset \overline{A},
[3] := NowhereDenseSubset[1][2] : \partial A \in ND(X),
[A.*] := \mathbf{E}\Sigma(X)[3] : A \in \Sigma(X);
 \sim [*] := I \subset: ND(X) \subset \Sigma(X);
 openDomainAlgebra :: TOP \rightarrow BOOL
\mathtt{openDomainAlgebra}\left(X\right) = \mathbf{OD}(X) := \frac{\Sigma(X)}{\mathbf{ND}(X)}
Proof =
U := \operatorname{int} \overline{A} \in \mathcal{T}(X),
[1] := {\tt ClosedSetInteriorIsOpenDomain}(X) {\tt E} U : {\tt OpenDomain}(X,U),
[2] := EUE \text{ int } I \text{ int } I \partial : U \setminus A = \text{ int } \overline{A} \setminus A \subset \overline{A} \setminus \text{ int } A = \partial A,
[3] := \mathbb{E}\Sigma(X)(A)NowhereDenseSubset[2] : U \setminus A \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[4] := EUE \text{ int } I \text{ int } I \partial : A \setminus U = A \setminus \text{ int } \overline{A} \subset \overline{A} \setminus \text{ int } A = \partial A,
[5] := E\Sigma(X)(A)NowhereDenseSubset[4] : A \setminus U \in ND(X),
[6] := SymmetricDifferenceExpression(X, A, U)NowhereDenseUnion(X)[3][5] :
    : A \triangle U = (A \setminus U) \cup (U \setminus A) \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
Assume V: OpenDomain(X),
Assume [7]: A \triangle V \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[8] := \mathtt{EIdeal} \Big(?X, \mathbf{ND}(X) \Big) [6] [7] : U \bigtriangleup V \in \mathbf{ND}(X),
[9] := \mathtt{E}\overline{U}\mathtt{AntitoneSetDifference}(X)\mathtt{DifferenceSubsets}(X) : V \setminus \overline{U} \subset V \setminus U \subset U \bigtriangleup V,
[10] := \mathtt{OpenAndNowhereDense}[9][8] : V \setminus \overline{U} = \emptyset,
[11] := \texttt{OpenInterior}(X, V) \texttt{E}(\setminus)[10] \texttt{MonotonicInterior}(X) \texttt{EOpenDomain}(X, U) : V = \text{int } V \subset \text{int } \overline{U} = U,
[12] := E\overline{U} AntitoneSetDifference(X)DifferenceSubsets(X) : U \setminus \overline{V} \subset U \setminus V \subset U \triangle V,
[13] := \texttt{OpenAndNowhereDense}[12][8] : V \setminus \overline{U} = \emptyset,
[14] := \texttt{OpenInterior}(X, U) \texttt{E}(\setminus)[13] \texttt{MonotonicInterior}(X) \texttt{EOpenDomain}(X, V) : U = \text{int } U \subset \text{int } \overline{V} = V,
[*] := ISetEq[11][14] : U = V;
SumOfOpenDomains :: \forall X \in \mathsf{TOP} : \forall A, B \in \mathbf{OD} \ X : A + B = \mathrm{int} \left( A \triangle B \right)
Proof =
 Proof =
```

```
OpenDomainsInfinum :: \forall X \in \mathsf{TOP} : \forall A \subset \mathbf{OD} X : \inf A = \inf \bigcap A
Proof =
F := \operatorname{int} \bigcap A : \operatorname{Open}(X),
[1] := EFOpenDomainIntersectionInterior(X)InteriorOfClosedSetIsOpenDomain:
    : F = \operatorname{int} \bigcap A = \operatorname{int} \overline{\bigcap A} \in \mathbf{OD} X,
[2] := EFIntersectioIsSubsetInteriorIsSubsetIF : \forall U \in A . F \subset U
[3] := IOD(X)[1][2] : \forall U \in A . F \leq_{OD(X)} U,
Assume G \in \mathbf{OD}(X),
Assume [4]: \forall U \in A : G \leq_{\mathbf{OD}(X)} U,
[5] := SubsetOfIntersection(X)EOD(X)[4] : G \subset \bigcap A,
[6] := OpenInteriorSubset(A, G)[5]IF : G \subset F,
[G.*] := IOD(X)[6] : G \leq_{OD(X)} F;
\rightsquigarrow [*] := I inf EF[3] : inf A = \text{int} \bigcap A;
{\tt OpenDomainsSupremum} \,::\, \forall X \in {\tt TOP} \;.\; \forall A \subset {\tt OD} \; X \;.\; \sup A = \operatorname{int} \big(\; \textstyle \bigcup A
Proof =
F := \operatorname{int} \bigcup A \in \mathbf{OD}(X),
Assume U \in A,
[1] := {\tt SubsetOfUnion}(X,A,U) : U \subset \bigcup A,
[2] := [1]ClosureIsUperset (\bigcup) : U \subset \overline{\bigcup A},
[3] := [2]OpenInteriorSubsetIF : U \subset F,
[*] := [3] \mathbf{IOD}(X) : U \leq_{\mathbf{OD}(X)} F;
\rightsquigarrow [1] := I \forall : \forall U \in A : U \leq_{\mathbf{OD}(X)} F,
Assume G \in \mathbf{OD}(X),
Assume [2]: \forall U \in A : U \leq_{\mathbf{OD}(X)} G,
[3] := SubsetUnion[2] : \bigcup A \subset G,
[G.*] := InteriorIsMonotonic(X)ClosureIsMonotonic(X)EOD(X)(G)IFIOD(X) :
    : F \leq_{\mathbf{OD}(X)} G;
\leadsto [*] := \mathtt{I} \sup : \sup A = \mathrm{int} \big( \ \big \rfloor A;
OpenDomainAlgebraIsDedekindComplete :: \forall X \in \mathsf{TOP} . OrderDedekindComplete(OD X)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
PseudoOpen :: \prod ?TOP(X,Y)
f: \mathtt{PseudoOpen} \iff \forall N: \mathtt{NowhereDense}ig(Y) \ . \ \mathtt{NowhereDense}ig(X, f^{-1}(N)ig)
                                        \prod \quad \texttt{PseudoOpen}(X,Y) \rightarrow \texttt{BOOL} \ \& \ \texttt{OrderContinuous}\Big(\mathbf{OD}(Y),\mathbf{OD}(X)\Big)
HomoOD ::
\operatorname{HomoOD}\left(f\right) = \tilde{f} := \Lambda U \in \operatorname{OD}(Y) \text{ . int } \overline{f^{-1}(U)}
Assume U, V : \mathbf{OD}(Y),
 [1] := IntersectionIsSubet(U, V) : U \cap V \subset U \& U \cap V \subset V,
[2] := \mathtt{EMonotonic}\Big(\tilde{f}\Big)[1] : \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \subset \tilde{f}(U) \ \& \ \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \subset \tilde{f}(V),
[3] := SubsetIntersection[2] : \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \subset \tilde{f}(U) \cap \tilde{f}(V),
Assume [4]: \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \neq \tilde{f}(U) \cap \tilde{f}(V),
G := \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \setminus \overline{\tilde{f}(U) \cap \tilde{f}(V)} :?X,
[5] := [3][4] \mathbf{EOD}(X) \Big( \tilde{f}(U \cap V) \Big) \mathbf{I}G : G \neq \emptyset,
M := \overline{f(G)} : \mathtt{Closed}(Y),
[6] := EM : G \subset f^{-1}(M),
[7] := \texttt{RegularOpenDifferenceIsNotMeage}[6] : \neg \texttt{NowhereDense}\Big(X, f^{-1}(M)\Big),
[8] := \text{EPseudoOpen}(X, Y, f)[7] : \neg \text{NowhereDense}(Y, M),
H := \operatorname{int} M \in \mathcal{T}(Y),
[9] := EGE(\tilde{f})InetriorSubset : G \subset \tilde{f}(U) \subset \overline{f^{-1}(U)},
[10] := \overline{f([9])} IM : M = \overline{f(G)} \subset \overline{f} \overline{f^{-1}(U)} \subset \overline{U},
[11] := \mathbf{I}H[10]\mathbf{E}(Y, U) : H \subset \operatorname{int} \overline{U} = U,
[12] := EGE(\tilde{f})InetriorSubset : G \subset \tilde{f}(V) \subset \overline{f^{-1}(V)},
[13]:=\overline{f([9])}\mathrm{I}M:M=\overline{f(G)}\subset\overline{f\overline{f^{-1}(V)}}\subset\overline{V},
[14] := \mathbf{I}H[10]\mathbf{E}(Y, V) : H \subset \operatorname{int} \overline{V} = V,
[15] := f^{-1}\Big([14][11]\Big) \mathbf{I}(\tilde{f}) : f^{-1}(H) \subset f^{-1}(V \cap U) \subset \tilde{f}(V \cap U),
[16]:=\mathtt{E}H\mathtt{I}G[15]:\emptyset\neq G\cap f^{-1}(H)\subset G\cap \tilde{f}(V\cap W),
[17] := \mathbf{E}G[16] : \bot,
 \sim [1] := \mathtt{E} \bot : \tilde{f}(UV) = (\tilde{f}(U))(\tilde{f}(V));
Assume U \in \mathbf{OD}(Y),
V := \overline{U}^{\complement} : \mathbf{OD}(Y).
[2] := \mathbf{E}V\mathbf{E}\tilde{f}\mathbf{E}\mathbf{preimage} : \tilde{f}(V) \cap \tilde{f}(U) = \emptyset,
[3] := EVIDense : Open & Dense(Y, U \cup V),
[4] := \mathtt{EpreimageI} \tilde{f} : f^{-1}(U \cup V) = f^{-1}(U) \cup f^{-1}(V) \subset \tilde{f}(U) \cup \tilde{f}(V),
[U.*] := [3][4] \\ \texttt{EPseudoOpen}(X,Y,f) \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeager} : \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{f}(V) = \overline{\tilde{f}(U)} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \texttt{DifferenceOfOpenDomiansIsNotMeage
  \leadsto [2] := \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall U \in \mathbf{OD}(Y) \ . \ \tilde{f}(U^\complement) = (\tilde{f})^\complement(U),
[3] := \mathsf{IBOOL}[1][2] : \tilde{f} \in \mathsf{BOOL}(\mathbf{OD}(Y), \mathbf{OD}(X)),
```

```
Assume A:?\mathbf{OD}(Y),
Assume [4]: Y = \sup A,
[5] := \texttt{OpenDominSupremum}[4] \texttt{IDense} : \texttt{Open \& Dense}\left(Y, \bigcup A\right),
[6] := {\tt PreimageUnion}(X,Y,f,A) {\tt I} \tilde{f} : f^{-1} \bigcup A = \bigcup f^{-1}(A) \leq \bigcup \tilde{f}(A),
[7] := \mathtt{EPseudoOpen}(X,Y,f)[5][6] : \mathtt{Open} \ \& \ \mathtt{Dense} \left(X,\bigcup \tilde{f}(A)\right),
[A.*] := OpenDomainSuperemum[7] : sup \hat{f}(A) = X;
\sim [*] := {\tt IOrderContinuous} : {\tt OrderContinuous} \Big( \mathbf{OD}(Y), \mathbf{OD}(X), \tilde{f} \Big);
OrderCompleteBooleanAlgebraIsExtremlyDisconnected ::
    \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL}. OrderDedekindComplete(B) \Rightarrow ExtremelyDisconnected(ZB)
Proof =
Assume U \in \mathcal{T} \mathsf{Z} B,
A := \{ a \in A : S_B(a) \subset U \} : ?B,
a := \sup A \in B,
[1] := \mathtt{E} A \mathtt{StoneTHM}(B) \mathtt{OpenAsUnionCover}(U) : U = \bigcup_{a \in A} S_B(a),
[2] := EaE \sup Iclosure : \overline{U} = S_B(a),
[U.*] := \mathtt{EClopen}[2] : \overline{U} \in \mathcal{T} \mathsf{Z} B;
\rightarrow [*] := IExtremelyDisconnected : ExtremelyDisconnected(Z B);
{\tt CompactOpenAlgebraOfAlgebraWithExtremelyDisconnectedStoneSpace} :: \\
    :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL}. ExtremelyDisconnected(Z B) \Rightarrow \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B) = \mathcal{TK}(\mathsf{Z}\ B)
Proof =
Assume U \in \mathcal{TK}(\mathsf{Z}\ B),
[1] := ClosedClosure(ZB)OpenInterior(ZB) : int \overline{U} = \text{int } U = U,
[2] := EOD(Z B)[1] : U \in OD(Z B);
\sim [1] := I \subset: \mathcal{TK}(\mathsf{Z} B) \subset \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z} B),
Assume U \in \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B),
[2] := \mathbf{EOD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B, U) : \operatorname{int} \overline{U} = U,
[3] := \text{EExtremelyDisconnected}(\mathsf{Z}\ B) \texttt{OpenInterion}: \overline{U} = U,
[4] := \mathbf{E} \mathcal{T} \mathcal{K} \mathsf{Z} B[3] : U \in \mathcal{T} \mathcal{K} \mathsf{Z} B;
\sim [2] := I \subset: OD(Z B) \subset \mathcal{TK} Z B,
[*] := ISetEq[1][2] : OD(Z B) = TK Z B;
```

```
\verb|AlgebraIsDedekindCompleteIfStoneSpaceOpenDomainAlgebraIsCompectOpenAlgebra :: \\
     :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \mathsf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\,B) = \mathcal{TK}\,\mathsf{Z}\,B \Rightarrow \mathsf{OrderDedekindComplete}(B)
Proof =
Assume A:?B,
\mathcal{A} := S_B(A) : ?\mathcal{TK} \mathsf{Z} B,
[1] := EA[0]IA : A \subset OrderDense(Z B,),
U := \sup A \in \mathsf{OrderDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ B),
[2] := \mathbf{E}U[0]\mathbf{I}U : U \in \mathcal{TK} \mathsf{Z} B,
\Big(a,[3]\Big):= {	t StoneRepresentationTHM}(B,U): \sum a \in B \ . \ U=S_B(a),
[A.*] := \mathsf{E} a \mathsf{I} \sup \mathsf{I} a : \sup A = a;
\rightarrow [*] := IOrderDedekindComplete : OrderDedekindComplete(B),
OpenDomainContravariantFunctor ::
     :: \forall X,Y: \texttt{ExtremelyDisconnected}: \forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y \;.\; f_* \in \texttt{BOOL}\Big(\mathbf{OD}(Y),\mathbf{OD}(X)\Big)
Proof =
. . .
 OpenDomainOrderContinuityImplyClopen ::
     :: \forall X, Y : \mathtt{ExtremelyDisconnected} \ \& \ \mathsf{HC} \ . \ \forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y : \mathsf{TOP} \ .
   \texttt{Surjective}(X,Y,f) \ \& \ \texttt{OrderContinuous}\Big(\mathbf{OD}(Y),\mathbf{OD}(X),f_*\Big) \Rightarrow \forall U \in \mathcal{TK}(X) \ . \ f(U) \in \mathcal{TK}(Y)
Proof =
[1] := ClosedMappingTHM(X, Y, f) : ClosedMapping(X, Y, f),
Assume U \in \mathcal{TK}(X),
[2] := \texttt{EClosedMappingTHM}(X,Y,f) : \texttt{Closed}\Big(Y,f(U)\Big),
[3] := \text{EExtremelyDisconnected}(Y)[2] : \text{int } f(U) \in \mathcal{TK}(Y),
\mathcal{V} := \{ V \in \mathcal{TK}(Y) : V \subset f(U) \} : ?\mathcal{TK}(Y),
[4] := \mathtt{EOD}(Y) \Big( \mathtt{int} \ f(U) \Big) \\ \mathtt{InteriorAsUnionI} \mathcal{V} \\ \mathtt{OpenDomainSup} : \mathtt{int} \ f(U) = \mathtt{int} \ \overline{\mathtt{int} \ f(U)} = \mathtt{int} \ \overline{\bigcup \mathcal{V}} = \mathtt{sup} \ \mathcal{V},
[5] := \mathbf{E} \mathcal{V} : f_*(\mathcal{V}) \leq U,
[]:=\ldots:,
[] := If_*[4]EOrderContinuous\Big(\mathbf{OD}(Y), \mathbf{OD}(X), f_*\Big):
     : f^{-1}\Big(\operatorname{int} f(U)\Big) = f_*\Big(\operatorname{int} f(U)\Big) = f_*\Big(\sup \mathcal{V}\Big) = \sup f_*(\mathcal{V}) = \operatorname{int} \overline{\bigcup_{V \in \mathcal{V}} f^{-1}(V)} = \overline{\bigcup_{V \in \mathcal{V}} f^{-1}(V)} = U,
```

...

```
\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{ClopenImplyOpen} :: \forall X, Y : \operatorname{ExtremelyDisconnected} \& \operatorname{HC} . \forall X \xrightarrow{f} Y : \operatorname{TOP} . \\ & \operatorname{Surjective}(X,Y,f) \& U \in \mathcal{TK}(X) . f(U) \in \mathcal{TK}(Y) \Rightarrow \operatorname{OpenMap}\Big(X,Y,f\Big) \\ & \operatorname{Proof} = \\ & \dots \\ & \square \end{aligned} & \square & \square
```

1.4.5 Dedekind Completion

```
StoneRepresentationIsInjectiveOC ::
    :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . BOOL & OrderContinuous & Injective (B, \mathbf{OD} \ \mathsf{Z} \ B, S_B)
Proof =
Assume A:?B,
Assume [1]: inf A=0,
[2] := ZeroInfinumCriterion[1] : NowhereDense(ZB),
[A.*] :=: \inf S_B(A) = \inf \bigcap_{a \in A} S_B(a) = \emptyset;
\rightsquigarrow [*] :=: OrderContinuous (B, \mathbf{OD} \ \mathsf{Z} \ B, S_B),
 BooleanAlgebraCompletionUniversalProperty ::
    :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall C \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \mathtt{OrderDedekindComplete} \ . \ \forall f \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ \& \ \mathtt{OrderContinuous}(B,C) \ .
    . \exists ! \hat{f} \in \mathtt{BOOL} \ \& \ \mathtt{OrderContinuous}\Big(\mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B), C\Big) : S_B \hat{f} = f
Proof =
Assume U \in \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B),
A := \{ a \in B : S_B(a) \subset U \} : ?B,
\hat{f}(U) := \sup f(A) : C;
\sim \hat{f} := I(\rightarrow) : \mathsf{BOOL} \& \mathsf{OrderContinuous} \Big( \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B), C \Big),
[*] := \mathbf{E}\hat{f} : S_B\hat{f} = f;
```

1.4.6 Principle Ideals

```
PrincipleIdealsAreOrderComplete :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall I : PrincipleIdeal(B) . OrderClosed(B,I)
Proof =
\Big(b,[1]\Big):=	exttt{EPrincipleIdeal}(B.I):\sum b\in B . I=\langle b
angle,
Assume A:?I.
Assume s \in A,
Assume [2]: s = \sup A,
[3] := PrincipleIdealStructure(B, I, A)[1] : A \leq b,
[4] := \mathbb{E} \sup A[2][3] : s \leq b,
[s.*] := PrincipleIdealStructure(B, I, s)[1][4] : s \in I;
\sim [*] := IOrderClosed : OrderClosed(B, I);
{\sf DedekindCompleteByPrincipleIdeals} :: \forall B \in {\sf BOOL}. {\sf OrderDedekindComplete}(B) \iff
    \iff \forall I : \mathtt{Ideal} \ \& \ \mathtt{OrderClosed}(B) \ . \ \mathtt{PrincipleIdeal}(I)
Proof =
Assume [1]: OrderDedekindComplete(B),
Assume I: Ideal & OrderClosed(B),
s := \sup I \in B,
[2] := EsEOrderClosed(B, I) : s \in I,
[3] := EsE \sup I[2]EIdeal(I) : I = \{b \in B : b \leq s\},\
[1.*] := PrincipleIdealStructure[3] : PrincipleIdeal(B, I);
\sim I := I \forall I \Rightarrow : \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \mathsf{OrderDedekindComplete}(B) \Rightarrow
   \Rightarrow \forall I \in \text{Ideal } \& \text{ OrderClosed}(B) \text{ . PrincipleIdeal}(I),
Assume [2]: \forall I: Ideal & OrderClosed(B). PrincipleIdeal(I),
Assume A:?B,
I := \langle A \rangle_{\tau} : \text{Ideal \& OrderClosed}(B),
(s,[2]) := [2](A) : \sum s \in B \cdot I = \langle s \rangle,
[3] := PrincipleIdealStructure[2]EA : \forall a \in A . a \leq s,
Assume z \in B,
Assume [4]: \forall a \in A.a \leq z,
[5] := [2][2]EI[4]PrincipleIdealsAreOrderComplete : \langle s \rangle = I \subset \langle z \rangle,
[6] := [5] \texttt{EPrincipleIdeal} \Big( B, \langle s \rangle \Big) : s \in \langle z \rangle,
[z.*] := PrincipleIdealStructure[6] : s \leq z;
\sim [A.*] := I sup[3] : s = \sup A;
\sim [*] := I \Rightarrow I \iff [1] : OrderDedekindComplete(B) \iff
    \iff \forall I : \text{Ideal } \& \text{ OrderClosed}(B) . \text{PrincipleIdeal}(I);
```

```
OrderClosedSubalgerbraOfPrincipleIdeal ::
    :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\tau} A : \forall a \in A : \{ab | b \in B\} \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\tau} \langle a \rangle
Proof =
C := \{ab | b \in B\} : \mathtt{Subalgebra}(A),
[1] := ECPrincipleIdealStructure : Subalgebra (\langle a \rangle, C),
Assume X:?C,
Y := \{b \in B : ab \in X\} :?B,
b := \sup Y \in B,
[2] := BooleanRingIsALatticeECEb : \forall x \in X . x \leq ab,
Assume z \in \langle a \rangle,
Assume [3]: \forall x \in X . x \leq z,
Z := \{u \in A : ua = z\} : ?A,
z' := \sup Z \in A,
[4] := Ez' : z' = a^{\complement} \vee z,
Assume y \in Y,
\Big(x,u,[5]\Big):=\mathrm{E}Y(y):\sum x\in X\;.\;\sum u\in\langle a^\complement\rangle\;.\;y=x\vee u,
[y.*] := BooleanRingIsALattice[4][5] : y \le z';
\sim [5] := I\forall : \forally \in Y . y \leq z',
[6] := \mathbb{E} \sup \mathbb{E} z'[5] : b \le z',
[z.*] := \texttt{BooleanRingIsALatticeE}z' : ab \leq az' = z;
\sim [X.*] := I \sup[2] : \sup X = ab;
\rightsquigarrow [*] := IOrderClosedSubalgebra : C \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\tau} \langle a \rangle;
KernelIsAPrincipleIdeal :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} .
    . \forall f : \texttt{OrderContinuous} \& \mathsf{BOOL}(A, B) . \mathsf{PrincipleIdeal}(A, \ker f)
Proof =
Assume X:? ker f,
a := \sup X \in A,
[1] := EaBooleanOrderContinuousSup(A, B, f, X)E ker fE sup : f(a) = f(sup X) = sup f(X) = sup {0} = 0,
[X.*] := \mathbb{E} \ker f[1] : a \in \ker f;
\sim [1] := IOrderClosed : OrderClosed(A, ker f),
[*] := DedekindCompleteByPrincipleIdeals(B)(ker f) : PrincipleIdeal(A, ker f);
\texttt{kernelElement} :: \prod A : \tau\text{-Algebra} \;.
      \prod \quad \Big( \texttt{OrderContinuous} \ \& \ \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B) \Big) \to A
```

 $kernelElement(f) = k_f := KernelIsAPrincipleIdealEPrincipleIdeal(A)$

$$\begin{split} & \texttt{AlgebraDeterminedByKernelElement} \ :: \ \forall A : \tau\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \\ & . \ \forall f : \mathsf{Surjective} \ \& \ \mathsf{OrderContinuous} \ \& \ \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B) \ . \ B \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \langle k_f^{\complement} \rangle \end{split}$$
 $& \mathsf{Proof} = \\ & [1] := \mathsf{IsomorphismTHM} : B \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \frac{A}{\ker f}, \\ & \mathsf{Assume} \ [a] \in \frac{A}{\ker f}, \\ & \left(u,v,[2]\right) := \mathsf{EC}(k_f)(a) : \sum u \in \langle k_f \rangle \ . \ \sum v \in \langle k_f^{\complement} \rangle \ . \ a = u + v, \\ & [a.*] := \mathsf{E}k_f[2] : [a] = [v]; \\ & \sim [*] := \mathsf{I} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} [1] : B \cong \langle k_f^{\complement} \rangle; \end{split}$

1.4.7 Upper Envelopes in Complete Algebras

```
Proof =
X := \{b \in B : a \le b\} :?B,
[1]:=\mathbf{E}X:a\leq X,
[2] := \mathtt{EOrderClosed}(A, B)\mathtt{E}\operatorname{upr}_B(a)\mathtt{E}\operatorname{sup}[1] : a \leq \operatorname{upr}_B(a),
X := \{b \in B : a^{\complement} \le b\} : ?B,
[3] := \mathbf{E}Y : a^{\complement} \le Y,
[4] := \mathtt{EOrderClosed}(A,B)\mathtt{E}\operatorname{upr}_B(a^\complement)\mathtt{E}\operatorname{sup}[3] : a^\complement \leq \operatorname{upr}_B(a^\complement),
[5] := ComplementProduct[2][4] : a = upr_B(a),
[*] := \operatorname{Eupr}_{B}(a)[5] : a \in B;
 {\tt UpperEnvelopesIdentityExtension} :: \forall A: \tau {\tt -Algebra} \;. \; \forall B \subset^\tau_{\tt BOOL} A \;. \; \forall a \in A \;. \; \forall b \in B \;.
    \operatorname{upr}_B^{\complement}(a^{\complement}) \leq b \leq \operatorname{upr}_B(a) \iff \exists A \xrightarrow{f} B : \mathsf{BOOL} : f_{|B} = \operatorname{id}_B \& f(a) = b
Proof =
 . . .
 UpperEnvelopeAndSubalgebraExtension ::
     \forall A : \tau-Algebra \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}}^{\tau} A : \forall a \in A : \forall c \in B_a : ac = a \operatorname{upr}_B(ac)
Proof =
 . . .
```

1.4.8 Basically Disconnected Spaces

```
Cozero :: \prod_{X \in \mathsf{TOP}} ??X
A : \mathsf{Cozero} \iff \exists X \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{R} : \mathsf{TOP} : A = \{x \in X : f(x) \neq 0\}
\mathsf{BasicallyDisconnected} :: ?\mathsf{TOP}
X : \mathsf{BasicallyDisconnected} \iff \forall A \subset X . \ \overline{A} \in \mathcal{T}(X) \iff \mathsf{Cozero}(X, A)
\mathsf{SigmaCompleteByBasicallyDisconnectedStoneSpace} :: :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \ \sigma\text{-Algebra}(B) \iff \mathsf{BasicallyDisconnected}(\mathsf{Z}\ B)
\mathsf{Proof} = \dots
```

1.4.9 Algebra of Ideals

```
{\tt idealComplement} \, :: \, \prod_{B \in {\tt BOOL}} \mathcal{I}_\tau(B) \to \mathcal{I}_\tau(B)
\mathtt{idealComplement}\,(I) = \overline{I} := \{b \in B : \forall i \in I \ . \ ib = 0\}
\texttt{idealJoin} :: \prod_{B \in \texttt{BOOL}} \mathcal{I}^2_\tau(B) \to \mathcal{I}_\tau(B)
\mathtt{idealJoin}\,(I,J) = I \vee J := \overline{\overline{I} \cap \overline{J}}
\texttt{TauIdealsAreBooleanLattice} :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \mathsf{BooleanLattice} \Big( \mathcal{I}_{\tau}(B), \cap, \vee \Big)
Proof =
. . .
 {\tt TauIdealsAreTauAlgebra} \, :: \, \forall B \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \tau\text{-}{\tt Algebra} \Big( \mathcal{I}_{\tau}(B) \Big)
Proof =
. . .
 PrincipalIdealGenerationIsInjection ::
     :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . Injective & OrderContinuous & \mathsf{BOOL} \Big( B, \mathcal{I}_{	au}(B), \Lambda b \in B \ . \ \langle b \rangle \Big)
Proof =
 . . .
 {\tt PrincipleIdealsAreOrderDense} :: \forall B \in {\tt BOOL} \;. \; {\tt OrderDense} \Big( \mathcal{I}_{\tau}(B), {\tt PrincipleIdeal}(B) \Big)
Proof =
. . .
 PrinicapalIdealAreOrderCompletion :: \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \mathcal{I}_{\tau}(B) \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \mathbf{OD}(\mathsf{Z}\ B)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.5 Category Limits

1.5.1 Products

```
{\tt ProductOfBooleanAlgebrasIsBooleanAlgebra} :: \forall I \in {\tt SET} : \forall B : I \to {\tt BOOL} : \prod B_i \in {\tt BOOL}
Proof =
\text{Assume } b \in \prod_{i \in I} B_i,
\begin{split} [b.*] := \mathbf{E} \prod_{i \in I} B_i, b \Lambda i \in \mathcal{I} \text{ . EBOOL}(B_i) \mathbf{I} \prod_{i \in I} B_i, b : b^2 = (b_i^2)_{i=1} = (b_i)_{i=1} = b; \\ & \sim [*] := \mathbf{IBOOL} : \prod_{i \in I} B_i \in \mathsf{BOOL}; \end{split}
 BooleanProductOrderIsAProductOrder :: \forall I \in SET . \forall B : I \rightarrow BOOL.
   \forall a, b \in \prod_{i \in I} B : a \le b \iff \forall i \in I : a_i \le b_i
Proof =
 algebraProductEmbedding (i) = \theta_i := \Lambda b \in B_i . \Lambda j \in I . if j == i then b else 0
AlgebraProductPartitionOfUnity ::
    :: \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} : \forall B: I \to \mathsf{BOOL} : \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity} \left(\prod_{i \in I} B_i, \{\theta_i(e_{B_i}) | i \in I\}\right)
Proof =
 . . .
```

ProductStructureByFinitePartitionOfUnity :: $\forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL}$. $\forall P : \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity}(B) \& \mathsf{Finite}$.

. Isomorphism
$$\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \Lambda b \in B : \Lambda p \in P : bp \right)$$

Proof =

$$\varphi:=\Lambda b\in B\;.\;\Lambda p\in P\;.\;bp:\mathsf{BOOL}\left(B,\prod_{p\in P}\langle p\rangle\right),$$

$$[1] := \mathtt{E} PoU(P,A) \mathtt{E} \varphi \mathtt{I} \ \mathrm{ker} : \mathrm{ker} \ \varphi = \{0\},$$

$$[2] := {\tt ZeroKernelTHM}[1] : {\tt Injective} \left(B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle P \rangle, \varphi \right),$$

$$\text{Assume } t \in \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle,$$

$$b := \sum_{p \in P} t_p \in B,$$

Assume $p \in P$,

 $[p.*] := \mathsf{E}\varphi \mathsf{E}b\mathsf{ERNG}(B) \mathsf{PrincipleIdealStructure}(B,p) \mathsf{EDisjoint}(B,P) \mathsf{EBooleanOrder} :$

$$: \varphi_p(b) = p \sum_{q \in P} t_q = \sum_{q \in P} p t_q = p t_p = t_p;$$

$$\rightsquigarrow [t.*] := I(=, \rightarrow) : \varphi(b) = t;$$

$$ightsquigarrow$$
 [3] := ISurjective : Surjective $\left(B,\prod_{p\in P}\langle p\rangle, arphi
ight)$,

$$[*] := \mathtt{IIsomorphism}[1][2] : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \varphi\right);$$

```
ProductStructureByCountablePartitionOfUnity ::
     :: \forall B : \sigma-Algebra . \forall P : PartitionOfUnity(B) \& Countable .
     . Isomorphism \bigg( \mathsf{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \Lambda b \in B \; . \; \Lambda p \in P \; . \; bp \bigg)
Proof =
\varphi := \Lambda b \in B \cdot \Lambda p \in P \cdot bp : \mathsf{BOOL}\left(B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle\right),
[1] := \mathbf{E} PoU(P, A) \mathbf{E} \varphi \mathbf{I} \ker : \ker \varphi = \{0\},
[2] := {\tt ZeroKernelTHM}[1] : {\tt Injective} \left(B, \prod_{n \in P} \langle P \rangle, \varphi \right),
\text{Assume } t \in \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle,
b := \sup_{p \in P} t_p \in B,
Assume p \in P.
[p.*] := \mathsf{E}\varphi\mathsf{E}b\mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Algebra}(B)\mathsf{PrincipleIdealStructure}(B,p)\mathsf{EDisjoint}(B,P)\mathsf{EBooleanOrderE\,sup}:
     : \varphi_p(b) = p \sup_{q \in P} t_q = \sup_{q \in P} pt_q = \sup\{0, t_p\} = t_p;
 \rightsquigarrow [t.*] := I(=, \rightarrow) : \varphi(b) = t;
\sim [3] := ISurjective : Surjective \left(B,\prod_{x\in B}\langle p\rangle,\varphi\right),
[*] := \mathtt{IIsomorphism}[1][2] : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \varphi\right);
```

```
\begin{aligned} &\operatorname{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity} :: \forall B: \tau\text{-Algebra} . \forall P: \operatorname{PartitionOfUnity}(B) \,. \\ & . \quad . \quad \operatorname{Isomorphism} \left( \operatorname{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \Lambda b \in B \,. \, \Lambda p \in P \,. \, bp \right) \\ &\operatorname{Proof} = \\ & \varphi := \Lambda b \in B \,. \, \Lambda p \in P \,. \, bp : \operatorname{BOOL} \left( B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle \right) \,, \\ & [1] := \operatorname{EPoU}(P, A) \operatorname{E}\varphi \operatorname{I} \ker : \ker \varphi = \{0\}, \\ & [2] := \operatorname{ZeroKernelTHM}[1] : \operatorname{Injective} \left( B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle P \rangle, \varphi \right) \,, \\ & \operatorname{Assume} t \in \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \\ & b := \sup_{p \in P} t_p \in B, \\ & \operatorname{Assume} p \in P, \\ & [p,*] := \operatorname{E}\varphi \operatorname{EbE}\sigma\text{-Algebra}(B) \operatorname{PrincipleIdealStructure}(B, p) \operatorname{EDisjoint}(B, P) \operatorname{EBooleanOrderE} \sup : : \varphi_p(b) = p \sup_{q \in P} t_q = \sup_{q \in P} p t_q = \sup \{0, t_p\} = t_p; \\ & \sim [t,*] := \operatorname{I}(=, \to) : \varphi(b) = t; \\ & \sim [3] := \operatorname{ISurjective} : \operatorname{Surjective} \left( B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \varphi \right), \\ & [*] := \operatorname{IIsomorphism}[1][2] : \operatorname{Isomorphism} \left( \operatorname{BOOL}, B, \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle, \varphi \right); \end{aligned}
```

1.5.2 Products of Subset Algebras

 ${\tt SetAlgebraProductRepresentation} \, :: \, \forall I \in {\sf SET} \, . \, \forall X : I \to {\sf SET} \, . \, \forall A : \prod_{i \in I} {\tt Algebra}(X_i) \, .$

$$. \prod_{i \in I} A_i \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \left\{ S \subset \bigsqcup_{i \in I} X_i : \forall i \in I . \left\{ x | (i, x) \in S \right\} \in A_i \right\}$$

Proof =

$$B:=\left\{S\subset \bigsqcup_{i\in I}X_i: \forall i\in I \ . \ \Big\{x|(i,x)\in S\Big\}\in A_i\right\}\in \mathsf{BOOL},$$

$$\varphi := \Lambda S \in \prod_{i \in I} A_i \; . \; \bigsqcup_{i \in I} S_i : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, \prod_{i \in I} A_i, B\varphi\right),$$

 ${\tt SetAlgebraProductFactrorizationRepresentation} ::$

$$:: \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} \ . \ \forall X: I \to \mathsf{SET} \ . \ \forall A: \prod_{i \in I} \mathtt{Algebra}(X_i) \ . \ \forall J: \prod_{i \in I} \mathtt{Ideal}(A_i) \ .$$

$$. \ \prod_{i \in I} \frac{A_i}{J_i} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \frac{\left\{S \subset \bigsqcup_{i \in I} X_i : \forall i \in I \ . \ \left\{x | (i,x) \in S\right\} \in A_i\right\}}{\left\{S \subset \bigsqcup_{i \in I} X_i : \forall i \in I \ . \ \left\{x | (i,x) \in S\right\} \in J_i\right\}}$$

Proof =

1.5.3 Products of Open Domain Algebras

```
OpenDomainAlgebraAsProduct ::
     :: \forall X \in \mathsf{TOP} : \forall \mathcal{U} : \mathtt{Disjoint} \ \mathcal{T} \ X \ . \ \mathtt{Dense} \left( X, \bigcup \mathcal{U} \right) \Rightarrow \mathbf{OD}(X) \cong \prod \ \mathbf{OD}(U)
Proof =
[1] := \Lambda U \in \mathcal{U} \text{ . HomoOD}\Big(U, X, \iota_U\Big) : \forall U \in \mathcal{U} \text{ . BOOL}\Big(\mathbf{OD}(X), \mathbf{OD}(U), V \mapsto V \cap U\Big),
(f,[2]) := ProductUniversalProperty[1]:
    : \sum! f \in \mathsf{BOOL}\left(\mathbf{OD}(X), \prod_{U \in \mathcal{U}} \mathbf{OD}(U)\right) \ . \ \forall U \in \mathcal{U} \ . \ f\pi_U = \Lambda V \in \mathbf{OD}(X) \ . \ V \cap U,
[4] := \mathtt{EDense}[0] : \forall V \in \mathbf{OD}(X) \;.\; V \cap \big(\; \big \rfloor \mathcal{U} = \emptyset \iff V = \emptyset,
[5] := \mathbf{E} \bigcup [3] : \forall V \in \mathbf{OD}(X) \ . \ \Big( \forall U \in \mathcal{U} \ . \ U \cap V = \emptyset \Big) \iff V = \emptyset,
[6] := [3][5]I ker : ker f = {\emptyset},
[7] := {\tt ZeroKernelTM}[6] : {\tt Injective} \left( \mathbf{OD}(X), \prod_{U \in \mathcal{U}} \mathbf{OD}(U), f \right),
Assume W \in \prod \mathbf{OD}(U),
[8] := EDisjoint(\mathcal{U})EW : Disjoint(\mathcal{T}(X), W),
W' := \bigcup_{U \in \mathcal{U}} W_U \in \mathcal{T}(X),
H := \operatorname{int} \overline{U} \in \mathbf{OD}(X),
Assume U \in \mathcal{U},
[U.*] := \mathbf{E}H\mathbf{InteriorSubset}(X,U)\mathbf{ClosureSubset}(X,U)[8]\mathbf{EOD}(U):
     : U \cap H = U \cap \operatorname{int} \overline{W'} = \operatorname{int}_U \overline{U \cap W'} = \operatorname{int}_U \overline{W_U} = W_U;
 \rightsquigarrow [9] := I\forall : \forall U \in \mathcal{U} . U \cap H = W_U,
[W.*] := EH[2][9] : f(H) = W;
 \sim [8] := \text{ISurjective} : \text{Surjective} \left( \mathbf{OD}(X), \prod_{U \in U} \mathbf{OD}(U), f \right),
[*] := \mathtt{IIsomorphism}[7][8] : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL},\mathbf{OD}(X),\prod\mathbf{OD}(U),f\right);
```

1.5.4 Coproducts

```
{\tt booleanCorpoduct} \; :: \; \prod_{I \in {\sf SFT}} (I \to {\sf BOOL}) \to {\sf BOOL}
\mathsf{booleanCoproduct}\left(B
ight) = igotimes_{i \in I} B_i := \mathcal{TK} \prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{Z} \ B_i
\texttt{booleanCanonicalEmbedding} :: \prod_{I \in \mathsf{SET}} \prod_{B:I \to \mathsf{BOOL}} \prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{BOOL}\left(B_i, \bigotimes_{j \in I} B_j\right)
booleanCanonicalEmbedding (b) = \iota_i(b) := \pi_i^{-1} \Big( S_{B_i}(b) \Big)
{\tt CoproductStoneSpace} \ :: \ \forall I \in {\sf SET} \ . \ \forall B : I \to {\sf BOOL} \ . \ {\sf Z} \ \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \cong_{{\sf TOP}} \prod_{i \in \mathcal{I}} {\sf Z} \ B_i
Proof =
[1] := {	t TychonoffTHM}(I, {	t Z} \ B) : {	t Compact} \left( \prod_{i \in I} {	t Z} \ B_i 
ight),
Assume U: \mathcal{U}(p),
(J, V, [2]) := ProductTopologyBase(I, Z B, p, U) :
     : \sum J : \mathtt{Finite}(I) \;.\; \sum V : \prod_{j \in J} \mathcal{T} \; \mathsf{Z} \; B_j \;.\; p \in \prod_{j \in J} V_j \times \prod_{j \in J^c} \mathsf{Z} \; B_j \subset U,
\Big(W,[3]\Big):=\Lambda j\in J . 	t EZeroDimensional(\mathsf{Z}\ B_j,V_j):
     : \sum W \in \prod_{j \in J} \mathtt{Clopen}(\mathsf{Z}\ B_j, p_j) \ .\ \forall j \in J \ .\ p_j \in W_j \subset V_j,
H:=\bigcup_{j\in J}\prod_{i\in I}\text{if }j==i\text{ then }W_j\text{ else Z }B_i:\operatorname{Clopen}\left(\prod_i\operatorname{Z}B_i\right),
[*] := \mathbf{E}H : p \in H \subset U;
 \sim [2] := I \dim_{\mathsf{TOP}} : \dim_{\mathsf{TOP}} \prod \mathsf{Z} \ B_i = 0,
[3] := \mathtt{T2Product}(I, \mathsf{Z}\ B) : \mathtt{T2}\left(\prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{Z}\ B_i\right),
[4] := \mathtt{IStoneSpace}[1][2][3] : \mathtt{StoneSpace}\left(\prod_{i \in \mathcal{I}} \mathsf{Z} \; B_i\right),
[*] := {\tt StoneHomomorphism}[4] {\tt IbooleanCoproduct} : \prod_{i \in I} {\tt Z} \ B_i \cong_{{\tt TOP}} {\tt Z} \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i;
```

```
BooleanCoproduct :: Coproduct(BOOL, booleanCoproduct)
Proof =
Assume I \in SET,
Assume B:I\to\mathsf{BOOL},
Assume A \in \mathsf{BOOL},
Assume f: \prod \mathsf{BOOL}(B_i, A),
 \Big(H,[1]\Big) := {\tt ProductUniversalProperty}({\tt TOP}, {\tt Z}\; B, {\tt Z}\; A, {\tt Z}\; f):
               : \sum Z A \xrightarrow{H} \prod_{i=1} Z B_i : TOP . \forall i \in I . Z f_i = H\pi_i,
\varphi := \mathtt{CoproductStoneSpace}(I, B) : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathtt{TOP}, \prod \mathtt{Z}\ B_i, \mathtt{Z} \bigotimes B_i \right),
h := S_{\bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i} \varphi^{-1} H^{-1} S_A^{-1} : \mathsf{BOOL}\left(\bigotimes B_i, A\right),
Assume i \in I,
 [i.*] := \mathsf{E}\iota_i \mathsf{E} h \mathsf{E} S[1] \mathsf{E} \mathsf{Z} \ f :
               : \iota_i h = S_{B_i} \pi_i^{-1} S_{\bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i} \varphi^{-1} H^{-1} S_A^{-1} = S_{B_i} \pi_i^{-1} H^{-1} S_A^{-1} = S_{B_i} (\mathsf{Z} \ f_i)^{-1} S_A^{-1} = f_i;
  \rightsquigarrow [2] := I\forall : \foralli \in I . \iota_i h = f_i,
Assume g: \mathsf{BOOL}\left(\bigotimes B_i, A\right),
Assume [3]: \forall i \in I . \iota_i g = f_i,
[4] := \mathsf{Z}[3] : \forall i \in I . (\mathsf{Z} g)\pi_i = \mathsf{Z} f_i,
[5] := E\exists ![1][4] : Z g = H,
[g.*] := {	t Stone Homo And CCorespondance}\left(igotimes_{i} B_{i}, A
ight) {	t Ih}: g=h;
  \leadsto [I.*] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \xrightarrow{g} A : \mathtt{BOOL} . \ (\forall i \in I \ . \ \iota_i g = f_i) \Rightarrow g = h;
  → [*] := ICoproduct : Coproduct(booleanCoproduct);
CopoductGeneration :: \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} : \forall B : I \to \mathsf{BOOL} : \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i = \left\langle \bigcup_{i=1}^{l} \iota_i(B_i) \right\rangle_{\mathsf{DIV}}
Proof =
[1] := \mathtt{E}\iota\mathtt{EgenerateSubring} : \left\langle \bigcup \iota_i(B_i) \right
angle \quad \subset \bigotimes B_i,
 \left(h,[2]\right) := {\tt CoproductUniversalProperty}: \sum ! \bigotimes_{i \in {\tt T}} B_i \xrightarrow{h} \left\langle \bigcup_{i = 1} \iota_i(B_i) \right\rangle_{\tt ----}: {\tt BOOL}: \forall i \in \mathcal{I}: \iota_i h = \iota_i, h \in \mathcal{I}: h 
[3] := E\exists ![2] : h = id,
[*] := \mathbb{E}h[1][3] : \left\langle \bigcup_{i} \iota_i(B_i) \right\rangle = \bigotimes_{i} B_i;
```

П

```
coproductBase :: \prod_{I \in \mathsf{SET}} \prod_{B:I \to \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i
\mathsf{coproductBase}\left(\right) = C(I,B) := \left\{b \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i : \exists J \subset I : a : \prod_{i \in I} B_j : b = \inf_{j \in J} \iota_j(a_j)\right\}
\textbf{CoproductBaseExpression} \, :: \, \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} \, . \, \forall B : I \to \mathsf{BOOL} \, . \, \forall b \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \, . \, \exists S \subset C(I,B) : b = \sup S
Proof =
\mathcal{D} := \left\{ P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\left(\bigotimes B_i\right) \& \mathtt{Finite} : P \subset C(I,B) \right\} :
     :? \left( \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity} \left( \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \right) \& \mathsf{Finite} \right),
A := \left\{ b \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i : \exists D \in \mathcal{D} : \exists D' \subset \mathcal{D} : b = \sup D \right\} :? \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i,
 [1] := \mathbf{E}A : e, 0 \in A,
[2]:=\mathrm{E}C(I,B)\mathrm{I}(\cdot_{\bigotimes_{i\in I}B_i}):\forall x,y\in C(I,B)\;.\;xy\in C(I,B),
\texttt{Assume}\ x,y\in A,
 (D, D', [3]) := EA(x) : \sum_{D \in D} \sum_{D' \in D} x = \sup D',
\Big(E,E',[4]\Big):=\mathtt{E}A(y):\sum_{E\in\mathcal{D}}\sum_{E'\subset E}y=\sup E',
F := DE :? \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i,
[5] := \mathbf{E}F[2] : DE \in \mathcal{D},
 \left[(x,y).*.1\right] := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\left(\bigotimes_{i\in I}B_i,D\right)[1]\mathtt{I}x^\complement\mathtt{I}A : x^\complement = \sup D\setminus D'\in A,
[6] := I \subset [3][4]IF : D'E' \subset F,
 \sim [3] := BooleanSubalgebraCriterion2 : A \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \bigotimes B_i,
[4] := \mathsf{E}\mathcal{D}\mathsf{EC} : \forall i \in I \ . \ \forall b \in B_i \ . \ \Big\{\iota_i(b), \iota_i^\complement(b)\Big\} \in \mathcal{D},
[5] := [4] \mathbf{E} A : \forall i \in I . \forall b \in B_i . \iota_i(b) \in A,
[6] := CoptoductGenerates(I, B)[3][5] : A = \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i,
[*] := [6] \mathsf{E} A \mathsf{E} \mathcal{D} : \forall b \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \; . \; \exists S \subset C(I,B) \; . \; b = \sup S;
 {\tt CoproductBaseIsOrderDense} \ :: \ \forall I \in {\tt SET} \ . \ \forall B : I \to {\tt BOOL} \ . \ {\tt OrderDense} \ \bigg( \bigotimes B_i, C(I,B) \bigg)
Proof =
```

```
{\tt CanonicalEmbeddingIsOrderC} \,:: \, \forall I \in {\sf SET} \, . \, \forall B : I \to {\sf BOOL} \, . \, \forall i \in I \, . \, {\sf OrderContinuous} \, \Big( \, B_i, \bigotimes B_i \, . \, B_i 
Proof =
 Assume A:?B_i,
Assume [1]: inf A=0,
Assume p \in \bigotimes B_i,
 Assume [2]: p \neq 0,
 \left(c,[3]\right) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}\left(\bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i, C(I,B)\right)(c) : \sum_{i \in I} c \in C(I,B) \ . \ 0 < c \leq p,
 \left(J,b,[4]\right) := \mathsf{E}C(I,B,c) : \sum J \subset I \ . \ \sum b : \prod_{j \in J} B_j \ . \ c = \inf_{j \in J} \iota_j(b_j),
J':=J\cup\{i\}:?I,
b':=\Lambda j\in J' . if j\in J then b_j else \iota_i(e):\prod B_j,
[5] := Eb'[4] : \forall j \in J' . b'_i \neq 0,
 (a, [6]) := Eb[4][1] : \sum a \in B_i . a \not\geq b'_i,
 [7] := EBooleanOrder[6]I(\): b_i' \setminus a \neq \emptyset,
t := \mathtt{ENonEmpty}[7] \in b'_i \setminus a,
 (z, [8]) := \texttt{ENonEmpty}(c) \texttt{E}t \in \sum z \in c \cdot z_i = t,
 [9] := [8] \mathbf{I}\iota_i : z \in c \setminus \iota_i(a),
 [p.*] := IBooleanOrder[3][9] : p \not\leq \iota_i(a);
  \sim [A.*] := I inf : inf \iota_i(A) = 0;

ightsquigarrow [*] := 	exttt{IOrderContinuous} \left( B_i, igotimes B_i, \iota_i 
ight);
  Proof =
  . . .
  \Rightarrow orall i \in I . Injective \left(B_i, \bigotimes_i B_i, \iota_i
ight)
Proof =
  . . .
```

$$\begin{split} & \Rightarrow \left(\forall J : \mathtt{Finite}(I) : \forall a : \prod_{j \in J} B_j : \forall j \in J : a_j \neq 0 \Rightarrow \inf_{j \in J} \iota_j(a_j) \neq 0 \right) \\ & \texttt{Proof} = \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\$$

1.5.5 Coproducts of Subset Algebras

 ${\tt SetAlgebraCoproductRepresentation} \, :: \, \forall I \in {\tt SET} \, . \, \forall X : I \to {\tt SET} \, . \, \forall A : \prod {\tt Algebra}(X_i) \, .$ $\bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \left\langle \left\{ \left\{ x \in \prod_{i \in I} X_j : x_i \in S \right\} \middle| i \in I, S \in A_i \right\} \right\rangle_{\mathsf{DUL}}$ Proof = $B := \left\langle \left\{ \left\{ x \in \prod_{i \in I} X_j : x_i \in S \right\} \middle| i \in I, S \in A_i \right\} \right\rangle \in \mathsf{BOOL},$ $f:=\Lambda i\in I \ . \ \Lambda S\in A_i \ . \ \left\{x\in \prod_{i\in I} X_j: x_i\in S\right\}: \prod_{i\in I} \mathsf{BOOL}(A_i,B),$ $\Big(h,[1]\Big) := \texttt{CoproductUniversalProperty}(I,A,B,f) : \sum h \in \texttt{BOOL}\left(\bigotimes A_i,B\right),$ $[2] := \mathtt{E} f[1] \mathtt{E} B : \mathtt{Surjective} \left(\bigotimes A_i, B, h \right),$ Assume $p \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i$, Assume $[3]: p \neq 0$. $\Big(c,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}\left(\bigotimes A_i,C(I,A)\right)[3]:\sum c\in C(I,A)\;.\;0< c\leq p,$ $\Big(J,S,[5]\Big) := \mathsf{E} C(I,A,c) : \sum J : \mathtt{Finite}(I) \; . \; \sum S : \prod_{i \in J} A_j \; . \; c = \inf_{j \in J} \iota_j(S_j),$ $t := \prod_{i \in I} \iota_j(S_j) \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i,$ $[6] := \operatorname{Einf}[4][5] : \forall j \in J : S_j \neq \emptyset,$ $[7] := {\tt BooleanRingIsALatticeE} t [5] : t \leq c,$ $[8] := \mathsf{E} t \mathsf{E} \mathsf{B} \mathsf{O} \mathsf{O} \mathsf{L} \left(\bigotimes_{i} A_i, B \right) [1] \mathsf{E} f[6] :$ $: h(t) = h\left(\prod_{j \in J} \iota_j(S_j)\right) = \prod_{j \in J} \iota_j h(S_j) = \prod_{i \in J} f_i(S_j) = \left\{x \in \prod_{i \in I} X_i : \forall j \in J : x_j \in S_j\right\} \neq \emptyset,$ $[p.*] := BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic[4][7][8] : f(p) \neq 0;$ $\sim [3] := I \ker h : \ker h = \{0\},\$ $[4] := \text{ZeroKernelTHM}[3] : \text{Injective}\left(\bigotimes A_i, B, h\right),$ $[*] := \mathtt{IIsomorphism}[2][4] : \mathtt{Isomorphism}\left(\mathsf{BOOL}, \bigotimes_{-} A_i, B, h\right);$

SetAlgebraCoproductFactorizationRepresentation ::

$$\begin{aligned} & :: \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} \; . \; \forall X: I \to \mathsf{SET} \; . \; \forall A: \prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{Algebra}(X_i) \; . \; \forall J: \prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{Ideal}(A_i) \\ & \bigotimes_{i \in I} \frac{A_i}{J_i} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \frac{\left\langle \left\{ \left\{ x \in \prod_{j \in I} X_j: x_i \in S \right\} \middle| i \in I, S \in A_i \right\} \right\rangle_{\mathsf{RING}}}{\left\langle \left\{ \left\{ x \in \prod_{j \in I} X_j: x_i \in S \right\} \middle| i \in I, S \in J_i \right\} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} } \end{aligned}$$

Proof =

. . .

1.5.6 Tensors

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{tensor} :: \prod_{I \in \mathsf{SET}} \prod_{B:I \to \mathsf{BOOL}} \prod J : \mathsf{Finite}(I) \; . \; \prod_{j \in J} B_j \to \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_j \\ \\ \mathbf{tensor} \left(b \right) = \bigotimes_{j \in J} b_j := \prod_{j \in J} \iota_j(b_j) \end{array}$$

 $\textbf{TensorDistributivity} \, :: \, \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} \, . \, \forall B : I \to \mathsf{BOOL} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall b : \prod_{j \in J} B_j^n \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall b : \prod_{j \in J} B_j^n \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \exists J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \exists J : \mathsf{Finite}(B) \exists J : \mathsf{Finite}(B$

$$\bigotimes_{j \in J} \prod_{k=1}^{n} b_{j,k} = \prod_{k=1}^{n} \bigotimes_{j \in J} b_{j,k}$$

Proof =

. . .

 ${\tt ZeroTensor} \, :: \, \forall I \in {\sf SET} \, . \, \forall B : I \to {\sf BOOL} \, . \, \forall J : {\tt Finite}(B) \, . \, \forall b : \prod_{j \in J} B_j \, .$

$$\bigotimes_{j \in J} b_j = 0 \iff \exists j \in J : b_j = 0$$

Proof =

. . .

```
TensorApproximation :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall p \in A \otimes B .
          \exists \mathcal{A} : \mathtt{Finite} \ \& \ \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) : \exists b : \mathcal{A} \to B : p = \sup a \otimes b_a
Proof =
C := \{ p \in A \otimes B : \exists \mathcal{A} : \mathtt{Finite \& PartitionOfUnity}(A) : \exists b : \mathcal{A} \to B : p = \sup a \otimes b_a \} : ?(A \otimes B),
[1] := \mathbf{E} \sup \mathbf{E} C : e = \sup a \otimes e_B \in C,
Assume c, c' \in C,
\Big(\mathcal{A},b,[2]\Big) := \mathsf{E} C(c) : \sum \mathcal{A} : \mathtt{Finite} \ \& \ \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ . \ \sum b : \mathcal{A} \to B \ . \ c = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a,
\left(\mathcal{A}',b',[3]\right):=\mathtt{E}C(c'):\sum\mathcal{A}':\mathtt{Finite}\ \&\ \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A)\ .\ \sum b':\mathcal{A}'\to B\ .\ c'=\sup_{a\in\mathcal{A}'}a\otimes b'_a,
[4] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathcal{A}) \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathcal{A}) \text{IPartitionOfUnity}:
          : PartitionOfUnity(A, AA'),
b'' := \Lambda a a' \in \mathcal{A} \mathcal{A}' \cdot b_a b'_{a'} : \mathcal{A} \mathcal{A}' \to B,
 igl[(c,c').*igr]:=[2][3]BooleanRingIsALattice(A\otimes B)TensorDistribuibity(A,B)Ib''EC:
          : cc' = (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a)(\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}'} a \otimes b'_a) = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}'} (a \otimes b_a)(a' \otimes b'_{a'}) = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}'} aa' \otimes b_ab'_{a'} = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}\mathcal{A}'} a \otimes b''_a \in C;
  \rightsquigarrow [2] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall c, c' \in C . cc' \in C.
Assume c \in C.
\Big(\mathcal{A},b,[3]\Big):=\mathtt{E}C(c):\sum\mathcal{A}:	ext{Finite \& PartitionOfUnity}(A)\;.\;\sum b:\mathcal{A}	o B\;.\;c=\sup_{c\in\mathcal{A}}a\otimes b_a,
[4] := [3] \texttt{BooleanRingIsALattice}(A \otimes B) \texttt{TensorDistribuibity}(A, B) \texttt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathcal{A})
        \mathsf{ECEBOOL}(A) \mathsf{E} \otimes \mathsf{E} \sup : c(\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) = (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) (a' \otimes b_{a'}^{\complement}) = (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) (a' \otimes b_{a'}^{\complement}) = (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} (a \otimes b_a) \leq 
          = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \sup_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} aa' \otimes b_a^{\complement} b_{a'} = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a^2 \otimes b_a^{\complement} b_a = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes 0 = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} 0 = 0,
[5] := \mathtt{LatticeMainimalElement}(A \otimes B)[4] : c(\sup a \otimes b_a^\complement)
\texttt{[6]} := \texttt{[3]} \texttt{BooleanRingIsALattice}(A \otimes B) \texttt{E} \otimes \Lambda a \in \mathcal{A} \text{ . } \texttt{ComplementSum}(B, b_a) \texttt{EPartitionOfUnity}(\mathcal{A}) :
          : c + (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) = (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a) + (\sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) \ge \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a + a \otimes b_a^{\complement} = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes (b_a + b_a^{\complement}) = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes e = e,
[7] := \mathtt{LatticeMaximalElement}(A \otimes B)[6] : c + (\sup_{a \in A} a \otimes b_a^{\complement}) = e,
[c.*] := \texttt{LawOfExcludedMiddleE}C : c^{\complement} = \sup_{a \in \mathcal{A}} a \otimes b_a^{\complement} \in C;
 \sim [3] := I\forall : \forall c \in C . c^{\complement} \in C.
[4] := BooleanSubalgebraCriterion2[1][2][3] : C \subset_{BOOL} A \otimes B
[5] := \Lambda a \in A. Esup E \otimes LatticeMinimalElement(A \otimes B)EC : <math>\forall a \in A . a \otimes e = \sup\{a \otimes e, a^{\complement} \otimes 0\} \in C,
[6] := \Lambda b \in B. E sup EC: e \otimes b = \sup a \otimes b \in C,
[7] := CoproductGeneration(A, B)[4][5][6] : B = C,
[*] := EC[7] : \forall p \in A \otimes B : \exists A : Finite \& PartitionOfUnity(A) : \exists b : A \to B : p = \sup a \otimes b_a;
  TensorBound :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall p \in A \otimes B . p \neq 0 \Rightarrow (\exists a \in A : \exists b \in B : a \neq 0 \& b \neq 0 \& a \otimes b \leq p)
Proof =
```

```
\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{CoproductOfPowerSetsIsIncomplete} :: \neg \sigma\text{-Algebra}(?\mathbb{N} \otimes ?\mathbb{N}) \\ & \operatorname{Proof} = \\ & A := \Big\{\{n\} \otimes \{n\} \ \middle| \ n \in \mathbb{N}\Big\} : ? (?\mathbb{N} \otimes ?\mathbb{N}), \\ & \operatorname{Assume} \ c \in ?\mathbb{N} \otimes ?\mathbb{N}, \\ & \operatorname{Assume} \ (1) : c = \inf A, \\ & \left(k, a, b, [2]\right) := \operatorname{CoproductBasrExpression}(?\mathbb{N}, ?\mathbb{N}, c) : \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \sum_{a,b:[1,\dots,k] \to ?\mathbb{N}} c = \sup_{1 \le i \le k} a_i \otimes b_i, \\ & \left(m, n, [3]\right) := \operatorname{PigionholePrinciple}[1][2] : \sum_{m,n=1}^{\infty} m \neq n \ \& \ \Big\{i \in [1,\dots,k] : m \in a_i\Big\} = \Big\{i \in [1,\dots,k] : n \in a_i\Big\}, \\ & [4] := \operatorname{EA}[1] \operatorname{Einf} : \{n\} \otimes \{n\} \le c, \\ & \left(j, [5]\right) := \operatorname{TensorDistribuivity}?\mathbb{N}, ?\mathbb{N}[4] : \\ & : \sum_{j} j \in [1,\dots,k] \cdot \left(a_j \cap \{n\}\right) \otimes \left(b_j \cap \{n\}\right) = \left(\{n\} \cap \{n\}\right) \otimes \left(a_j \otimes b_j\right) \neq 0, \\ & [6] := \operatorname{ZeroTensor}[4] : n \in a_j \ \& \ n \in b_j, \\ & [7] := [6][3] : m \in a_j, \\ & [8] := \operatorname{TensorDistributivity}(?\mathbb{N}, ?\mathbb{N})[6][7] \operatorname{ZeroTensor}(?\mathbb{N}, ?\mathbb{N}) : \\ & : (a_j \otimes b_j) \Big(\{m\} \otimes \{n\}\right) = \left(a_j \cap \{m\}\right) \otimes \left(b_j \cap \{n\}\right) \neq 0, \\ & [9] := \operatorname{Esup}[2][8] : c\Big(\{m\} \otimes \{n\}\right) = 0, \end{aligned}
```

 $[c.*] := I \perp [9][10] : \perp;$

 \sim [*] := I σ -Algebra : $\neg \sigma$ -Algebra(?N \otimes ?N);

1.5.7 General Limits

```
BooleanAlgebrasIsBicomplete :: Bicomplete(BOOL)
 Proof =
 Assume I \in SET,
 Assume B:I\to\mathsf{BOOL},
 Assume R:?I^2,
 Assume f: \prod \mathsf{BOOL}(B_i, B_j),
L := \left\{ x \in \prod_{i \in I} B_i : \forall (i, j) \in R : x_j = f_{i, j}(x_i) \right\} \in \mathsf{BOOL},
 [0] := EL : \forall (i,j) \in R . \pi_j = \pi_i f_{i,j},
 Assume A \in BOOL,
 \mathtt{Assume}\ g: \prod_{i\in I} \mathtt{BOOL}(A,B_i),
 Assume [1]: \forall (i,j) \in R : g_i f_{i,j} = g_j
 \left(h,[A.*.1]\right) := \underline{\mathsf{ProductUniversalProperty}}(\mathsf{BOOL},I,B,A,g) : \sum ! A \xrightarrow{h} \prod_{i \in I} B_i : \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall i \in I \ . \ h\pi_i = g_i, \ h\pi_i
 [2] := [A. * .1][1][A. * .1] : \forall (i,j) \in R . h\pi_j = g_j = g_i f_{i,j} = h\pi_i f_{i,j},
 [A. * .2] := IL[2] : Im h \subset L;
   \sim [I. * .2] := I \lim[0] : (L, \pi) = \lim(\mathsf{BOOL}, B, f);
  \sim [1] := IComplete : Complete(BOOL),
 Assume I \in SET,
 Assume B:I\to\mathsf{BOOL},
 Assume R:?I^2,
 Assume f: \prod_{(i,j)\in R} \mathsf{BOOL}(B_i,B_j),
 J:=\left\langle \left\{ \iota_i(b)+f_{i,j}\iota_j(b)\Big|(i,j)\in R,b\in B_i
ight\}
ight
angle_{	au}:	exttt{Ideal}\left(igotimes_{ar{a}}B_i
ight),
 C := \frac{\bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i}{I} \in \mathsf{BOOL},
 \iota':=\Lambda i\in I\ .\ \iota_i\pi_J:\prod_{i\in i}\mathsf{BOOL}(B_i,C),
 [2] := \mathsf{E} C \mathsf{E} \iota' : \forall (i,j) \in R \ . \ f_{i,j} \iota'_j = \iota'_i,
 Assume A \in BOOL,
 Assume g: \prod_{i \in I} \mathsf{BOOL}(B_i, A),
 Assume [3]: \forall (i,j) \in R : f_{i,j}g_i = g_i
 \Big(h,[4]\Big):={	t Coproduct Universal Property}({	t BOOL},I,B,A,g):
          : \sum ! \bigotimes_{i \in I} B_i \xrightarrow{h} A : \mathsf{BOOL} . \ \forall i \in I \ . \ \iota_i h = g_i,
 \left(\hat{h},[5]\right):= \mathtt{QuotientMorphis}\left(\bigotimes_{i\in I}B_i,A,J,h\right)[3]:\sum_{i\in I}C\stackrel{\hat{h}}{
ightarrow}A:\mathtt{BOOL} . \pi_J\hat{h}=h,
 [A. *.1] := \Lambda i \in I . E \iota'_i[5][4.i] : \forall i \in I . \iota'_i h' = \iota_i \pi_J h' = \iota_i h = g_i;
```

1.6 Further Properties

1.6.1 Countable Chain Condition

```
WithCountableChainCondition ::?BOOL
A: With Countable Chain Condition \iff \forall D: Pairwise Disjoint Elements (A) \cdot |D| < \aleph_0
SouslinProperty :: ?TOP
X: SouslinProperty \iff \forall D: Disjoint \mathcal{T} X . |D| < \aleph_0
StoneCCCTHM :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . WithCountableChainCondition(A) \iff SouslinProperty(Z A)
Proof =
. . .
{\tt CountablySaturatedIdeal} :: \prod_{A:{\tt BOOL}} ?{\tt Ideal}(A)
I: Countably Saturated Ideal \iff \omega_1-Saturated Ideal \iff
  \forall D: \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A) \; . \; D \subset A \setminus I \Rightarrow |D| < \aleph_0
CCCQuotient :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall I : \sigma-Ideal(A) .
   . With Countable Chain Condition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right) \iff \omega_{\text{1}}\text{-Saturated Ideal}(A,I)
Proof =
Assume [1]: WithCountableChainCondition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right),
Assume D: PairwiseDisjointElements(A),
Assume [2]:D\subset A\setminus I,
Assume a, b \in D,
Assume [3]: a \neq b.
Assume [4]: \pi_I(a) = \pi_I(b),
(i, [5]) := \mathbf{E}\pi_I[4] : \sim i \in I . b = a + i,
[6] := {\tt IdealContainsZeroE} \setminus [2] (a \ \& \ b) : a \neq 0 \ \& \ b \neq 0,
[7] := [5]EBOOL(A, a)EIdeal(I, A)[6][2] : ab = a(a+i) = a^2 + ia = a + ia \neq 0,
[8] := EPairwiseDisjointElements(A, D, a, b)[3] : ab = 0,
(a,b).*) := I \perp [7][8] : \perp;
\sim [3] := \mathsf{E} \bot \mathsf{I} \Rightarrow \mathsf{I} \forall : \forall a, b \in D . a \neq b \Rightarrow \pi_I(a) \neq \pi_I(b),
[4] := 	exttt{EWithCountableChainCondition}[1] \Big(\pi_I(D)\Big) : \Big|\pi_I(D)\Big| \leq leph_0,
[5] := IInjective[3] : Injective \left(D, \frac{A}{I}, \pi_{I|D}\right),
[D.*] := InjectivePreservesCard[4][5] : |D| \leq \aleph_0;
\sim [1.*] := I\omega_1-SaturatedIdeal : \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, I);
[1] := I \Rightarrow : WithCountableChainCondition <math>\left(\frac{A}{I}\right) \Rightarrow \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, I),
```

```
Assume [2]: \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, I),
Assume [3]: \negWithCountableChainCondition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right),
\left(D,[4]\right) := \texttt{EWithCountableChainCondition}[3] : \sum D : \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}\left(\frac{A}{I}\right) \; . \; |D| > \aleph_0,
(\kappa,d) := {\tt WellOrderingEnumeration}(D) : \sum \kappa \in {\tt ORD} \;. \; {\tt Bijection}(\kappa,D),
[5] := BijectionPreservesCardinality(\kappa, D, d)[4]OrdinalityCardianlityBound : \omega_1 \leq \kappa,
Assume \xi : \omega_1,
\left(a,[5]\right):=\Lambda\xi\in\omega_1\text{ . ESurjective}\left(A,\frac{A}{I},\pi_I,d_\xi\right):\sum_{\alpha\in\mathbb{N}}\forall\xi\in\omega_1\text{ . }d_\xi=\pi_I(a_\xi),
[6] := EaEPairwiseDisjointElements(D) : \forall \xi \in \omega_1 . a_{\xi} \notin I,
Assume \xi \in \omega_1,
Assume \eta \in \xi,
[7] := EORD(\xi, \eta) : \eta \neq \xi,
[8] := EPairwiseDisjointElements(D, d_{\xi}, d_{\eta}) : d_{\xi}d_{\eta} = 0,
[\eta.*] := [5][8] : a_{\varepsilon}a_{\eta} \in I;
\rightsquigarrow [7] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall \eta \in \xi : a_{\varepsilon} a_{\eta} \in I,
v_{\xi} := \sup_{\eta \in \xi} a_{\xi} a_e t a \in I,
c_{\xi} := a_{\xi} \setminus v_{\xi} : A \setminus I;
\sim (v, c) := \mathbf{I} \rightarrow : \omega_1 \rightarrow I \times (A \setminus I),
Assume \xi \in \omega_1,
Assume \eta \in \xi,
[\xi/*] := \mathbb{E}c_{\eta}\mathbb{I}v_{\xi} : c_{\xi}c_{\eta} \le c_{\xi}a_{\eta} \le c_{\xi}v_{\xi} = 0;
\sim [8] := IPairwiseDisjointElements: PairwiseDisjointElements(A, Im c),
[3.*] := \mathbb{E}\omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, I)[8] : \bot;
\rightarrow [2.*] := E\perp : WithCountableChainCondition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right);
\sim [*] := I \Rightarrow I \iff : WithCountableChainCondition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right) \iff \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A,I);
```

```
CCCSupInfAnalogy :: \forall A : WithCountableChainCondition . \forall X \subset A . \exists Y : Countable(X) .
    . ub Y = \text{ub } X \& \text{lb } Y = \text{lb } X
Proof =
C := \bigcup \left\{ a \in A : a \le x \right\} : ?A,
\mathcal{D} := \{D : \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(X) : D \subset C\} : ?\texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(X),
\Big(D,[1]\Big):= {\tt ZornLemma}(\mathcal{D},\subset): \sum D \in \mathcal{D} \ . \ D = \max \mathcal{D},
[2] := {\tt EWithCountableChainCondition}(A,D) : |D| \leq \aleph_0,
\Big(x,[3]\Big) := \Lambda d \in D \cdot \mathrm{E}C(d) : \sum_{x : D \to X} \forall d \in D \cdot d \le x_d,
Y_0 := \text{Im } x : ?X,
[4] := EY_0SurjectiveCardinalityBound[2] : |Y_0| \leq \aleph_0
Assume a \in A,
Assume [5]: Y_0 \leq a,
Assume [6]: X \not\leq a,
(x', [7]) := E(\not\leq)[6] : \sum x' \in X \cdot x' \not\leq a,
a' := x' \setminus a : A,
[8] := Ea'EBooleanOrder(A)[7]E(\backslash) : a' \neq 0,
[9] := \mathbf{E}a'\mathbf{SetminusOrder}(A) : a' \leq x',
[10] := \mathbf{E}C[9] : a' \in C,
Assume d:D,
[11] := [5][10]E(\backslash) : 0 = x_d a',
[d.*] := \mathbf{E}x[3][11] : da' = 0;
\rightsquigarrow [12] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall d \in D \cdot da' = 0,
D' := D \cup \{a'\} :?C,
[13] := ED'[2] IPairwiseDisjointElements(A) ID': PairwiseDisjointElements(A, D'),
[a.*] := ED'[1][13]I\bot : \bot;
\rightsquigarrow [5] := \mathsf{E} \bot \mathsf{I} \Rightarrow \mathsf{I} \forall : \forall a \in A : Y_0 \le a \Rightarrow X \le a,
[6] := IupperBoundsISetEq[5] : ub X = ub Y_0,
\Big(Y_1,[7]\Big):=	exttt{ByAnalogyAndDuality}(Y_0):\sum Y_1\subset X 	ext{ . lb }X=	ext{lb }Y_0,
Y := Y_1 \cup Y_0 : ?X,
[*] := EY_1[6][7] : ub X = ub Y \& lb X = lb Y;
CCCAlgebraUpgrade :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra & WithCountableChainCondition . \tau-Algebra(A)
Proof =
. . .
\texttt{CCCSOCIsOC} :: \forall A : \texttt{WithCountableChainCondition} : \forall X : \texttt{SequentiallyOrderClosed}(A).
    . \mathsf{OrderClosed}(A, X)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
CCCMonotonicContinuityUpgrade ::
           \forall A : \forall A 
          . \ \forall A \xrightarrow{f} P : \texttt{POSET} \ . \ \sigma\text{-}\texttt{Continuous}(A,P,f) \Rightarrow \texttt{OrderContinuous}(A,P,f)
Proof =
 . . .
  {\tt CCCIffOrdinalCondition} :: \forall A : \sigma	ext{-Algebra}. {\tt WithCountableChainCondition}(A) \iff
             \iff \{a: \omega_1 \to A: \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_\eta < a_\xi\} = \emptyset
Proof =
Assume [1]: WithCountableChainCondition(A),
Assume a:\omega_1\to A,
Assume [2]: \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_n < a_{\xi}
b := \Lambda \eta \in \omega_1 \cdot a_{\sigma(n)} \setminus a_n : b : \omega_1 \to A
B := \operatorname{Im} b : ?A,
[3] := EB[2]IPairwiseDisjointElementsIB: PairwiseDisjointElements(A, B),
[4] := EB[2] ordinal Cardinality (\omega_1)IB : |B| > \aleph_0,
[a.*] := EWithCountableChainCondition(A)[3][4] : \bot;
 \sim [1.*] := \text{E} \perp \text{I}\emptyset : \{a : \omega_1 \to A : \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_\eta < a_\xi\} = \emptyset;
 \sim [1] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \mathtt{WithCountableChainCondition}(A) \Rightarrow \{a : \omega_1 \to A : \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_\eta < a_\xi\} = \emptyset,
Assume [2]: \{a: \omega_1 \to A: \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_\eta < a_\xi\} = \emptyset,
Assume D: PairwiseDisjointElements(A),
Assume [3]: |D| > \aleph_0,
 \left(D',[4]
ight):=	exttt{FirstUncountableOrdinal}[3]:\sum D'\subset D \ . \ |D'|=|\omega_1|\ \&\ orall d\in D' \ . \ d
eq 0,
d := \text{EEqCardinality}[4] : \text{Bijective}(\omega_1, D'', d),
 ig(P,[01]ig):=	exttt{DijointElementsHavePartitionOfUnity}(D'):\sum P:	exttt{PartitionOfUnity}:D'\subset P,
a_0 := d_0 \in A,
[i.0] := \texttt{EmptyTruth} : \forall \eta \in 0 . a_{\eta} < a_0,
[j.0] := \texttt{EpEPairwiseDisjointElements}(A, P) : \forall \eta \in \kappa : \eta > 0 \Rightarrow a_0 p_\eta = 0,
 \left(\kappa, p, [02]\right) := \texttt{ExtendEnumeration}(D', d, P)[01] : \sum \kappa \in \mathsf{ORD} \;.\; \sum P : \texttt{Bijective}(\kappa, P)\omega_1 \leq \kappa \;.\; p_{|\omega_1} = d,
Assume \xi \in \omega_1,
Assume [5]: \neg Limit(\xi),
\Big(\eta,[6]\Big):= {	t ELimit}[5]: \sum \eta \in \omega_1 \ . \ \xi = \sigma(\eta),
a_{\xi} := d_{\xi} \vee a_{\eta} \in A,
Assume \zeta \in \xi,
[7] := EORD(\xi, \zeta)[6] : \zeta \leq \eta < \xi,
[\zeta.*] := \mathsf{E} a_{\xi} \mathsf{EPairwiseDisjointElements}(A,D) \mathsf{E} a_{\eta}[j.\eta][i.\eta](\zeta) : a_{\xi} = d_{\xi} \lor a_{\eta} > a_{\eta} \geq a_{\zeta};
 \sim [i.\xi] := I\forall : \forall \zeta \in \xi . a_{\zeta} < a_{\xi},
Assume \zeta \in \kappa,
Assume [7]: \xi < \zeta,
[\zeta.*] := \mathtt{E} a_{\xi} \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P)[7][j.\eta] : p_{\zeta} a_{\xi} = p_{\zeta}(d_{\xi} \vee a_{\eta}) = p_{\zeta} d_{\xi} \vee p_{\zeta} a_{\eta} = 0 \vee 0 = 0;
 \rightsquigarrow [j.\xi] := I \forall : \forall \zeta \in \kappa . \xi < \zeta \Rightarrow p_{\zeta} a_{\xi} = 0;
 \sim [5] := \mathtt{I} \exists \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \neg \mathtt{Limit}(\xi) \Rightarrow \exists a_{\xi} \in A : \Big( \forall \zeta \in \xi \ . \ a_{\zeta} < a_{\xi} \Big) \ \& \ \Big( \forall \zeta \in \kappa \ . \ \xi < \zeta \Rightarrow a_{\xi} p_{\zeta} = 0 \Big),
```

```
Assume [6]: Limit(\xi),
a_{\xi} := \sup d_{\eta} \in A,
Assume \eta \in \xi,
Assume [7]: a_n \not\leq a_{\varepsilon},
b := a_{\eta} \setminus a_{\xi} \in A,
[8] := Eb[7]Ib : b \neq 0,
(\zeta, [9]) :=: \sum \zeta \in \kappa : \zeta > \xi \Rightarrow d_{\zeta} a_{\eta} \neq 0,
[10] := [9.1] \mathbf{E}(\eta) : \zeta > \eta,
[11] := [j.\eta](\zeta)[10] : d_{\zeta}a_{\eta} = 0,
[7.*] := [10][11] : \bot;
\sim [7] := \mathbf{E} \perp : a_{\eta} \leq a_{\xi},
(\zeta, [8]) := \mathtt{ELimit}(\xi, \eta) : \sum \zeta \in \xi . \eta < \zeta,
[9] := [j.\eta](\zeta)[8] : d_{\zeta}a_{\eta} = 0,
[*.\xi] := \mathbb{E}a_{\xi}\mathbb{E}\sup[7][9] : a_n < a_{\xi};
 \sim [i.\xi] := \mathtt{E} \bot \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall \eta \in \xi . \ a_{\eta} < a_{\xi};
Assume \eta \in \kappa,
Assume [7] \in \eta > \xi,
[8] := \mathbf{E}D'\mathbf{E}P : \forall \zeta \in \xi \ . \ d_{\zeta}p_{\eta} = 0,
\eta.*] := \mathbf{E} a_{\xi} \mathbf{Boolean Algebra Is AL attice} : a_{\xi} p_{\eta} = 0;
 \rightsquigarrow [j.\xi] := \mathbb{I} \Rightarrow \mathbb{I} \forall : \forall \eta \in \kappa : \eta > \xi \Rightarrow a_{\xi} p_{\eta} = 0;
\sim [6] := \mathtt{I} \exists \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \neg \mathtt{Limit}(\xi) \Rightarrow \exists a_{\xi} \in A : \left( \forall \zeta \in \xi \ . \ a_{\zeta} < a_{\xi} \right) \& \left( \forall \zeta \in \kappa \ . \ \xi < \zeta \Rightarrow a_{\xi} p_{\zeta} = 0 \right);
(\xi,i,j) := \mathtt{E}(|)\mathtt{LEM}\Big(\mathtt{Limit}(\xi)\Big)[5][6] : \sum a_{\xi} \in A : \Big(\forall \zeta \in \xi \;.\; a_{\zeta} < a_{\xi}\Big) \;\&\; \Big(\forall \zeta \in \kappa \;.\; \xi < \zeta \Rightarrow a_{\xi}p_{\zeta} = 0\Big);
\rightarrow (a, [5]) := TransfiniteInduction[i.1][j.1] :
     : \prod \sum a_{\xi} \in A : (\forall \zeta \in \xi . a_{\zeta} < a_{\xi}) \& (\forall \zeta \in \kappa . \xi < \zeta \Rightarrow a_{\xi}p_{\zeta} = 0),
[D.*] := [5.1][2] : \bot;
 \sim [2.*] := IWithCountableChainCondition : WithCountableChainCondition(A);
 \sim [*] := [1]I \iff : WithCountableChainCondition(A) \iff
     : \iff \{a : \omega_1 \to A : \forall \eta, \xi \in \omega_1 : \eta < \xi \Rightarrow a_\eta < a_\xi\} = \emptyset;
 {\tt CCCIdealUpgrade} :: \forall A : {\tt WithCountableChainCondition} \ . \ \forall I : \sigma\text{-}{\tt Ideal}(A) \ . \ \tau\text{-}{\tt Ideal}(A,I)
Proof =
 CCCQuuotineTau :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \forall I : \tau\text{-Ideal } \& \ \omega_1\text{-SaturatedIdeal}(a). WithCountableChainCondition \left(\frac{A}{I}\right)
Proof =
```

```
CCCQuotient2 :: \forall A : WithCountableChainCondition . \forall I : \sigma-Ideal(A) .
   . WithCountableChainCondition \left(rac{A}{	au}
ight)
Proof =
[1] := EWithCountableChainCondition(A)I\omega_1-SaturatedIdeal : \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, I),
[2] := \texttt{CCCIdealUpgrade}(A, I) : \tau\text{-Ideal},
[*] := \mathtt{CCCQuotinentTau}(A, I)[1][2] : \mathtt{WithCountableChainCondition}\left(rac{A}{I}
ight);
Proof =
. . .
{\tt CCCByIdealUpgrade} :: \ \forall A : {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \left( \forall I : \sigma\text{-}{\tt Ideal}(A) \ . \ \tau\text{-}{\tt Ideal}(A) \right) \Rightarrow {\tt WithCountableChainCondition}(A)
Proof =
Assume D: PairwiseDisjointElements(A),
Assume [1]: |D| > \aleph_0,
\Big(P,[2]\Big):=	exttt{DisjointElementsHavePartitionOfUnity}:\sum P:	exttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A)\;.\;D\subset P,
[3] := SupersetStrictCardinality[1][2] : |P| > \aleph_0,
I := \langle P \rangle_{\mathcal{I},\sigma} : \sigma\text{-Ideal}(A),
[4] := \mathtt{E} I \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P)[3] : e \not \in I,
[5] := [0](I) : \tau\text{-Ideal}(A, I),
[6] := EIEPartitionOfUnity(A, P)E\tau-Ideal(A, I)[5] : e \in I,
[D.*] := [4][6] : \bot;
\rightarrow * := E \perp IWithCountableChainCondition : WithCountableChainCondition(A);
```

```
{\tt CCCBySubalgebraUpgrade} :: \forall A : {\tt BOOL} \ . \left( \forall B \subset^{\sigma}_{{\tt BOOL}} A \ . \ B \subset^{\tau}_{{\tt BOOL}} A \right)
   \Rightarrow WithCountableChainCondition(A)
Proof =
Assume D: PairwiseDisjointElements(A),
Assume [1]: |D| > \aleph_0,
\Big(P,[2]\Big):=	exttt{DisjointElementsHavePartitionOfUnity}:\sum P:	exttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A)\;.\;D\subset P,
[3] := SupersetStrictCardinality[1][2] : |P| > \aleph_0,
\Big(p,[4]\Big):=\mathtt{ENumerous}(P,0)[3]:\sum p\in P . p\neq 0,
P' := P \setminus \{p\} : \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A),
p':=p^{\complement}\in A,
[5] := InfiniteSubsetFiniteDifference(P, \{p\})[4] : |P'| > \aleph_0
Assume a \in \langle p' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[6] := Ep'ECPrincipleIdealExpression(A, p', a)EBooleanOrder(A) : ap = 0,
\Big(q,[7]\Big):= 	exttt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P)(a): \sum q \in P \ . \ qp 
eq 0,
[8] := \mathbf{E}(\#, \to)[6][7] : p \neq q,
[a.*] := EP'[8] : q \in P';
\sim [6] := IPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity (\langle p' \rangle, P'),
[7] := PartitionOfUnitySupremum[6] : \sup P' = p',
B := \sigma(P') : \sigma\text{-Subalgebra}(A),
[8] := EBEPartitionOfUnity(A, P)[3] : p' \notin B,
[9] := [0](B) : \tau-Subalgebra(A, B),
[10] := EBE[7]E\tau-Subalgebra(A, B)[9] : p' \in B,
[D.*] := [8][10] : \bot;
\rightarrow * := E \perp IWithCountableChainCondition : WithCountableChainCondition(A);
CCCByMorphismUpgrade :: \forall A : BOOL.
   . (\forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \forall f : \sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Continuous}(A,B) \text{.} \mathsf{OrderContinuous}(A,B,f)) \Rightarrow
   \Rightarrow WithCountableChainCondition(A)
Proof =
. . .
{\tt CCCByBeingSurjectiveImage}:: \forall A: {\tt WithCountableChainCondition}: \forall B \in {\tt BOOL}:
    . \forall f: {\tt BOOL} \ \& \ {\tt Surjective} \ \& \ {\tt OrderContinuous}(A,B) . {\tt WithCountableChainCondition}(B)
Proof =
[1] := \mathbf{IsomorphismTHM}(A, B, f) : B \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \frac{A}{\ker f},
[2] := TauIdealTHM(A, B, f) : \tau - Ideal(A, B, f),
[3] := EWithCountableChainCondition(A)I\omega_1-SaturatedIdeal : \omega_1-SaturatedIdeal(A, ker f),
[4] := \texttt{CCCQuotientTau}[2][3] : \texttt{WithCountableChainCondition}\left(\frac{A}{\ker f}\right),
[*] := [1][4] : WithCountableChainCondition(B);
```

```
CCCByCoproductStruct :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A . WithCountableChainCondition(B) & OrderDense(A, B) \Rightarrow WithCountableChainCondition(A) Proof = Assume D: PairwiseDisjointElements(A), D' := D \setminus \{0\}: \mathsf{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A), \left(b, [1]\right) := \mathsf{EOrderDense}(A, B)(D') : \sum b : D' \to B \ . \ \forall d \in D' \ . \ 0 < b_d \leq d, [2] := \mathsf{EPairwiseDisjointElements}(A)[1]: \mathsf{Injective}(D', B, b) \ \& \mathsf{PairwiseDisjointElements}(B, \mathsf{Im}\, b), [3] := \mathsf{EWithCountableChainCondition}(B)[2.2] : |\mathsf{Im}\, b| \leq \aleph_0, [4] := \mathsf{InjectionReflectsCardinalityBounds} : |D'| \leq \aleph_0, [D.*] := \mathsf{ED'E\aleph_0}[4] : |D| \leq \aleph_0; \sim [*] := \mathsf{IWithCountableChainCondition} : \mathsf{WithCountableChainCondition}(A); \square
\mathsf{CCCByCoproductStruct} :: \forall A, B \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ A \not\cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \ * \not\cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \ B \ \& \mathsf{WithCountableChainCondition}(A \otimes B) \Rightarrow \mathsf{Proof} =
```

1.6.2 Weakly Distributive Algebras

```
(\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive ::?BOOL
A:(\sigma,\infty)-WeaklyDistributive \iff \forall X:\mathbb{N}\to \mathtt{DownwardsDirected}(A).
    \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \inf X_n = 0\right) \Rightarrow \inf \left\{ b \in A : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in X_n : a \le b \right\} = 0
.\;\exists Q: \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(X): \forall n \in \mathbb{N}\;.\; \forall q \in Q\;.\; \Big|\{p \in P_n: pq \neq 0\}\Big| < \infty
Proof =
C := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \left\{ (\sup F)^{\complement} \middle| F : \mathtt{Finite}(P_n) \right\} : \mathbb{N} \to ?A,
[1]:=\mathrm{E} C\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N} . \mathrm{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P_n):\forall n\in\mathbb{N} . inf C_n=0,
B := \left\{ b \in A : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in C_n : a \le b \right\} : ?A,
[2] := E(\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A)EB[1]: inf B = 0,
Q' := \left\{ a \in A : \exists b \in B : ab = 0 \right\} : ?A,
[3] := EQ'[2]IOrderDense : OrderDense(A, Q'),
\Big(Q,[4]\Big):={	t Order Dense Contains PoU}(Q):\sum Q:{	t Partition Of Unity}(A) . Q\subset Q',
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
Assume q \in Q,
(b, [5]) := EQ(q)[4] : \sum b \in B \cdot bq = 0,
(c, [6]) := EB(n, b) : \sum c \in C_n \cdot c \le b,
(F, [7]) := EC_n(c) : \sum F : Finite(P_n) \cdot c = (\sup F)^{\mathcal{C}},
[8] := [5] \mathbf{IC}[6][7] : q < b^{\mathcal{C}} < c^{\mathcal{C}} < \sup F,
[n.*] := \mathbb{E}\sup[8] \mathbb{E} \mathbb{P} \text{artitionOfUnity}(A, P_n) : \left| \{ p \in P_n : pq \neq 0 \} \right| < \infty;
\rightsquigarrow [*] := I\forallI\forall : \foralln \in \mathbb{N} . \forallq \in Q . |\{p \in P_n : pq \neq 0\}| < \infty;
```

```
\mathtt{WDSupProperty1} :: \forall A : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive . \forall X : \mathbb{N} \to ?UpwardDirected(A) .
     . \ \forall x : \mathbb{N} \to A \ . \ (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ x_n = \sup X_n) \Rightarrow \inf \left\{ x_n \setminus b \middle| n \in \mathbb{N}, b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \exists a \in X_m : b \le a \right\} = 0
Proof =
B:=\{b\in A: \forall m\in \mathbb{N}: \exists a\in X_m: b\leq a\}: ?A,
D:=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N}\ .\ \langle x_n^\complement\rangle\cup\bigcup_{a\in X_n}\langle a\rangle:\mathbb{N}\to?A,
[1] := \mathtt{E} D[0] \mathtt{I} D \mathtt{IOrderDense} : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \mathtt{OrderDense}(A, P_n),
\Big(P,[2]\Big):=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N} . \mathtt{OrderDenseConatinsPoU}(A,D_n):
     : \sum P : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) . \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . P_n \subset D_n,
(Q,[3]) := WDPoUProperty(A,P) :
     : \sum Q : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; \forall q \in Q \; . \; \Big| \{ p \in P_n : pq \neq 0 \} \Big| < \infty,
C := \{x_n \setminus b | n \in \mathbb{N}, b \in B\} : ?A,
Assume c \in A,
Assume [4]: c \leq C,
Assume [5]: c \neq 0,
\Big(q,[6]\Big):= 	exttt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,Q)[5]: \sum q \in Q \ . \ qc 
eq 0,
P' := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} : \{ p \in P_n : pqc \neq 0 \} : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow ?A,
[7] := \mathbb{E}P'[3] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . |P'| < \infty,
p := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \sup P'_n : \mathbb{N} \to A,
[8] := EpEPartitionOfUnity(P) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . qc \leq p_n,
[9] := [0] \mathbf{E} P' : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall t \in P' . \exists a \in X_n : t \leq a,
[10] := EUpwardsDirected(X)[9]Ep : UpwardsDirectred(p),
[11] := \mathbf{E}B[8] : qc \in B,
[12] := \mathbf{E}B\mathbf{E}C(c) : \forall b \in B . bc = 0,
[c.*] := [11][12][6] : \bot;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I inf : inf C = 0,
 WDSupProperty2 :: \forall A: (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive . \forall X: \mathbb{N} \to ?UpwardDirected(A) .
     \forall x : \mathbb{N} \to A : \forall y \in A : (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n = \sup X_n \& y = \inf_{n=1} x_n) \Rightarrow
     \Rightarrow \sup \{b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in X_m : b \le a\} = y
Proof =
[1] := \texttt{WDSupProperty1}(A,X) : \inf \left\{ x_n \setminus b \middle| n \in \mathbb{N}, b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in X_m : b \leq a \right\} = 0,
[2]:=\operatorname{E}\inf[1][0]\operatorname{I}\inf:\inf\left\{y\setminus b\middle|n\in\mathbb{N},b\in A:\forall m\in\mathbb{N}:\exists a\in X_m:b\leq a\right\}=0,
[*] := \mathbf{InfComplementation}[1][2] : \sup \Big\{ b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; \exists a \in X_m : b \leq a \Big\} = y;
```

```
. (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n = \sup X_n \& y = \inf_{n=1} x_n) \Rightarrow \sup \left\{ b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in X_m : b \le a \right\} = y \right) \Rightarrow
           \Rightarrow (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A)
Proof =
 Assume X: \mathbb{N} \to DownwardsDirected(A),
Assume [1]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ . inf } X_n = 0,
 B := \{b \in A : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in X_n : a \leq b\} : ?A,
Y := \{x^{\complement} : x \in X\} : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{UpwardDirected}(A),
[2] := EY ComplementInf[1]IY : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \sup Y_n = e,
[3] := ConstantInf(A, e) : inf e = e,
[4] := [0](Y, e, e)[2][3] \mathbb{I}B : e = \sup \left\{ b \in A : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} : \exists a \in Y_m : b \le a \right\} = \sup \left\{ b^{\complement} | b \in B \right\},
[X.*] := ComplementSup[4] : inf B = 0;
  \sim [*] := I(\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A);
  NowhereDenseStoneSpaceCondition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall X \subset \mathsf{Z} A.
           . \ \Big(\exists P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ . \ \forall p \in P \ . \ S_A(p) \cap X = \emptyset\Big) \iff \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A, X)
Proof =
Assume [1]: NowhereDense(ZA, X),
D := \left\{ a \in A : S_A(a) \cap X = \emptyset \right\} : ?A,
[2] := ENowhereDense(Z A, X)IDIOrderDense : OrderDense(A, D),
 \Big(P,[3]\Big) := \texttt{OrderDenseConatinsPoU}(A,D_n) : \sum P : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; P \subset D,
[1.*] := ED[3] : \forall p \in P . S_A(p) \cap X = \emptyset;
 \sim [1] := \mathtt{I} \exists \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A, X) \Rightarrow \Big(\exists P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A)\ .\ \forall p \in P\ .\ S_A(p) \cap X = \emptyset\Big),
Assume P: PartitionOfUnity(A),
Assume [2]: \forall p \in P . S_A(p) \cap X = \emptyset,
[3] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, P) \text{I sup} : \sup P = 1,
Y := \bigcap S_A(p) \in \mathcal{T}(\mathsf{Z}\ A),
[4] := \mathtt{E}Y\mathtt{IDense}[3]\mathtt{I}Y : \mathtt{Dense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A, Y),
[5] := \mathbf{E}Y[2] : X \subset Y^{\complement},
[2.*] := INowhereDense[4][5] : NowhereDense(Z A, X);
 \sim [*] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow \mathtt{I} \iff [1] : \Big(\exists P : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \ . \ \forall p \in P \ . \ S_A(p) \cap X = \emptyset\Big) \iff \mathsf{P} : \mathsf{P} :
              \iff NowhereDense(Z A, X);
```

```
WDStoneSpaceCondition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL}.
     (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A) \iff \forall X \in \texttt{Meager}(\mathsf{Z}\ A). NowhereDense(\mathsf{Z}\ A, X)
Proof =
Assume [1]:(\sigma,\infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A),
Assume X: Meager(\mathsf{Z} A),
\Big(N,[2]\Big) := \mathtt{EMeager}(\mathsf{Z}\ A,X) : \sum N : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) \ . \ X = \bigcup_{n=1}^{n} N_n,
\Big(P,[3]\Big):=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N} . NowhereDenseStoneSpaceCondition(A,N_n):
    : \sum P : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(n) \; . \; \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; \forall p \in P_n \; . \; N_n \cap S_A(p) = \emptyset,
\Big(Q,[4]\Big) := \texttt{WDPoUProperty}(A,P) : \sum Q : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; .
    \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall q \in Q : \left| \{ p \in P_n : pq \neq 0 \} \right| < \infty,
Assume q \in Q,
Assume [5]: S_A(q) \cap X \neq \emptyset,
f := \text{ENonEmpty}[0] \in S_A(q) \cap X,
(n, [6]) := \mathbb{E}[2](f)[5] : \sum n \in \mathbb{N} . f \in N_n,
[7] := [3](n) : \forall p \in P_n : f \notin S_A(p),
C := \{ p \in P_n : pq \neq 0 \} : ?P_n,
[8] := \mathbf{E}C[4] : |C| < \infty,
F:=\bigcup_{a\in P_r}S_A(p): {\tt Clopen}({\sf Z}\ A),
U := S_A(q) \setminus F : Clopen(Z A),
\Big(u,[9]\Big):=	exttt{ClopenSetHasStoneRepresentation}(U):\sum u\in A:U=S_A(u),
[10] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(P_n)[9] \text{E}S_A \text{E}F : u = 0,
[11] := EU[10][9] : F = S_A(q),
[12] := [7][11] : f \notin S_A(q),
[q.*] := I \perp [12] : \perp;
\sim [5] := \mathtt{E} \bot \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall q \in Q . S_A(q) \cap X = \emptyset,
[1.*] := {\tt NowhereDenseStoneSpaceCondition} [5] : {\tt NowhereDense} \Big( {\tt Z} \ A, X \Big);
 \sim [1] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : (\sigma, \infty) \text{-WeaklyDistributive}(A) \Rightarrow \forall X : \mathtt{Meager}(X) \text{ . NowhereDense}\Big( \mathtt{Z} \ A, X \Big),
Assume [2]: \forall X: \texttt{Meager}(X). NowhereDense (\mathsf{Z}\ A, X),
Assume P: \mathbb{N} \to PartitionOfUnity(A),
X := \bigcup_{1}^{\infty} \left( \bigcup_{p \in \mathcal{P}} S_A(p) \right)^{\mathsf{L}} : \mathsf{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}|A),
\left(Q,[3]
ight):=	exttt{NowhereDenseStoneSpaceCondition}(A,X):
    : \sum Q : PartitionOfUnity(A) . \forall q \in Q . S_A(q) \cap X = \emptyset,
```

```
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
Assume q \in Q,
[4] := [3](q) : S_A(q) \subset X^{\complement} \subset \bigcap_{m=1}^{\infty} \bigcup_{p \in P_m} S_A(p) \subset \bigcup_{p \in P_n} S_A(p),
\Big(m,p,[5]\Big) := \mathtt{ECompactSubset}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\;A,S_A(q)\Big)[4] : \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum p : [1,\ldots,m] \to P_n\;.\;S_A(q) \subset \bigcup_{i=1}^m S_A(p_i),
[P.*] := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P_n) \mathtt{E}S_A[5] : \Big| \{ p \in P_n; pq \neq 0 \} \Big| \leq m \leq \infty;
 \sim [2.*] := WDbySupProperty : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A);
 \sim [*] := I \Rightarrow I \iff : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A) \iff \forall X \in \text{Meager}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) . NowhereDense(\mathsf{Z}\ A, X);
 \texttt{RealOpenDomainsAreNotWD} \ :: \ \neg(\sigma, \infty) \text{-WeaklyDistributive} \Big( \mathbf{OD}(\mathbb{R}) \Big)
Proof =
q := \mathtt{enumerate}(\mathbb{Q}) : \mathtt{Bijection}(\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Q}),
X := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \left\{ U \in \mathbf{OD}(\mathbb{R}) : \forall i \in [1, \dots, n] \cdot q_i \in U \right\} : \mathbb{N} \downarrow (?A),
[1] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N}. OpenDomainsIndinum(\mathbb{R}, X_n)E \bigcap E int:
     : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \text{ inf } X_n = \text{int } \bigcap X_n = \text{int } \{q_i | i \in [1, \dots, n]\} = \emptyset,
Y:=\left\{U\in\mathbf{OD}(\mathbb{R}):\forall n\in\mathbb{N}:\exists V\in X_n:V\leq U\right\}:?\mathbf{OD}(\mathbb{R}),
[2]:={\rm E}Y{\rm E}X:\forall U\in Y\;.\;\mathbb{Q}\subset U,
[3] := \mathtt{RationalsAreDense}[2] : Y = \{ [\mathbb{R}] \},
[4] := \inf[3]RealsExist : \inf Y = [\mathbb{R}] \neq [\emptyset],
[*] := \mathtt{E}(\sigma, \infty) \text{-} \mathtt{WeaklyDistributive}\big(\mathbf{OD}(\mathbb{R})\big);
```

```
WeaklyDistributiveByRegularEmbedding :: \forall A: (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive . \forall B: \text{RegularEmbeded}(A) .
    (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(B)
Proof =
Assume X: \mathbb{N} \to DownwardsDirected(B),
Y' := \left\{ a \in B : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \exists b \in X_n : b \le a \right\} : ?A,
Y := \left\{ a \in A : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \exists b \in X_n : b \le a \right\} :?B,
Assume [1]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \inf_{\mathbb{R}} X_n = 0,
[2] := \mathtt{ERegularEmbeded}(A,B)[1] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \;. \; \inf_{^{A}} X_n = 0,
[3] := \mathtt{E}(\sigma, \infty) \text{-} \mathtt{WeaklyDistributive}(A)[2] : \inf_A Y = 0,
Assume b \in B,
Assume [4]: 0 < b < Y,
\left(a,\beta,[6]\right):=[4][3]:\sum a\in A\;.\;\sum\beta:\prod_{n=1}^\infty X_n\;.\;\left(\forall n\in\mathbb{N}\;.\;\beta_n\leq a\right)\;\&\;a\leq b,
[7] := [6.1][6.2] : (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \beta_n < b),
[8] := \mathbf{E}Y[7] : b \in Y,
[b.*] := I \inf[4] : \inf Y = b;
\sim [4] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in B : 0 < b \le Y \Rightarrow b = \inf Y \& b \in Y,
Assume [5]: \inf Y \neq 0,
(b, [6]) := \text{E inf } Y : \sum b \in B : 0 < b \le Y,
[7] := [4](b, [6]) : b = \inf Y \& b \in Y,
(a, \beta, [8]) := [6][3] : \sum a \in A . \sum \beta : \prod_{n=1}^{\infty} X_n . (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \beta_n \le a) \& a < b,
[9] := [4][6] I Atom : b \in Atom(B),
[10] := [9.1][9.2] : (\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \beta_n < b),
```

 $\leadsto [*] := \mathsf{I}(\sigma, \infty) \text{-} \mathsf{WeaklyDistributive} : (\sigma, \infty) \text{-} \mathsf{WeaklyDistributive}(B);$

[11] := $\mathbb{E} \operatorname{Atom}(B)[9][10] : \beta = 0,$ [12] := $\mathbb{E} Y[11] \mathbb{I} \inf \mathbb{I} Y : \inf Y = 0,$

 $\rightsquigarrow [X.*] := \mathbf{E} \perp : \inf Y = 0;$

 $[5.*] := [5][12] : \bot;$

```
WDByDenseSubalgebra :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall B \subset_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A \ .
    .\; (\sigma,\infty)\text{-WeaklyDistributive}(B)\;\&\; \mathtt{OrderDense}(A,B) \Rightarrow (\sigma,\infty)\text{-WeaklyDistributive}(A)
Proof =
Assume P: \mathbb{N} \to \text{PartitionOfUnity}(A),
\Big(P',[1]\Big) := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A,P) \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,B) :
    : \sum P' : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(B) \ . \ \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \forall p' \in P' \ . \ \exists p \in P_n : p' \leq p,
(Q,[2]) := \mathtt{WDPoUProperty}(B,P') :
    : \sum Q : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(B) \; . \; \forall q \in Q \; . \; \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; \left| \{ p \in P_n' : pq \neq 0 \} \right| < \infty,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [3]: a \neq 0,
\Big(b,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,B)(a) : \sum b \in B \;.\; 0 < b \leq a,
\Big(q,[5]\Big) := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(B,Q)(b) : \sum q \in Q \ . \ qb \neq 0,
[a.*] := [4][5] : qa \neq 0;
\sim [3] := IPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity(A, Q),
[P.*] := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(P,A)[2][1] : \forall q \in Q \ . \ \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \Big| \{p \in P_n : pq \neq 0\} \Big| < \infty;
\sim [*] := I(\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A);
```

```
WDByBeingSurjectiveImage :: \forall A: (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive . \forall B \in \mathsf{BOOL} .
     \forall f: \mathtt{Surjective} \ \& \ \mathtt{OrderContinuous} \ \& \ \mathsf{BOOL}(A,B) \ . \ (\sigma,\infty) \text{-WeaklyDistributive}(B)
Proof =
[1] := {\tt ClosedMapLemma} \Big( {\sf Z} \ B, {\sf Z} \ A. {\sf Z} \ f \Big) : {\tt ClosedMap} \Big( {\sf Z} \ B, {\sf Z} \ A. {\sf Z}_{A,B} \ f \Big),
Assume N: NowhereDense(ZB),
[2] := \mathtt{EClosedMap}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ B, \mathsf{Z}\ A. \mathsf{Z}_{A,B}\ f\Big)(\overline(N)) : \mathtt{Closed}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ A, (\mathsf{Z}\ f)(\overline{N})\Big),
[3] := \mathtt{Eclosure} : \overline{(\mathsf{Z} f)(N)} \subset (\mathsf{Z} f)(\overline{N}),
Assume [4]: int \overline{(\mathsf{Z} f)(N)} \neq \emptyset,
[5] := InteriorIsSubset[3] : int \overline{(Z f)(N)} \subset (Z f)(\overline{N}),
[6] := \mathtt{InjectivePreimage}(\mathsf{Z}\ f)[5] : (\mathsf{Z}\ f)^{-1}\Big(\operatorname{int}\overline{(\mathsf{Z}\ f)(N)}\Big) \subset \overline{N},
[7] := ETOP(Z B, Z A, Z f)I int[5][4] : int <math>\overline{N} \neq \emptyset,
[8] := ENowhereDense(Z B, N)[7] : \bot;
\sim [4] := \mathbf{E} \perp : \operatorname{int} \overline{(\mathbf{Z} f)(N)} = \emptyset,
[N.*] := INowhereDense[4] : NowhereDense(Z A, (Z f)(N));
\rightarrow [1] := I\forall : \forall N \in NowhereDense(Z A) . NowhereDense(Z A, (Z f)(N)),
Assume M: Meager(ZB),
\Big(N,[2]\Big) := \mathtt{EMeager}(\mathsf{Z}\ B,M) : \sum N : \mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ B) \ . \ M = \bigcup_{n=1}^\infty N_n,
[3] := [2] \underline{\mathbf{UnionMapZ}} \ B, \mathbf{Z} \ A, N, (\mathbf{Z} \ f) : (\mathbf{Z} \ f)(M)(\mathbf{Z} \ f) \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} N_n = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} (\mathbf{Z} \ f)(N_n),
[4] := \mathsf{IMeager}[1][3] : \mathsf{Meager}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ A, (\mathsf{Z}\ f)(M)\Big),
[5] := {\tt WDStoneSpacrCondition}(A)[4] : {\tt NowhereDense}\Big({\tt Z}\ A, ({\tt Z}\ f)(M)\Big),
[M.*] := OrderContinuousNDPreimage[5] : NowhereDense(Z B, M);
\sim [*] := WDStoneSpaceCondition : (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(B);
```

1.6.3 Atoms

```
{\tt Atom} :: \prod_{A \in {\tt BOOL}} ?A
a: \texttt{Atom} \iff a \in \operatorname{Atom}(A) \iff \left| \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \right| = 2
Atomless :: ?BOOL
A: \mathtt{Atomless} \iff \mathrm{Atom}(A) = \emptyset
PurelyAtomic ::?BOOL
A: \mathtt{PurelyAtomic} \iff \mathtt{OrderDense}\Big(A, \mathtt{Atom}(A)\Big)
{\tt booleanDelta} :: \prod_A {\rm Atom}(A) \to {\sf Z}\ A
	exttt{booleanDelta}(a) = \delta_a := \Lambda b \in A \ . \ [a \leq b]
{\tt DeltaIsIsolatedPoint} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ {\tt IsolatedPoint} \Big( {\sf Z} \ A, \delta_a \Big)
Proof =
\operatorname{Assume}\left[2\right]:\left|S_{A}(a)\right|>1,
(f,[3]) := \mathbb{E}S_A(a)[2] : \sum f \in S_A(a) . f \neq \delta_a,
(b, [4]) := E\delta_a[3] : \sum b \in A \cdot f(b) = 1 \& a \not\leq b,
[5] := EBOOL(A, \mathbb{B}, f)Ef[4.1]E\mathbb{B} : f(ab) = f(a)f(b) = 1 \land 1 = 1,
[6] := \mathbf{ZeroInKer}(A, \mathbb{B}, f)[5] : ab \neq 0,
[7] := BooleanOrderProduct[4.2] : ab < a,
[8] := [6][7] : 0 < ab < a,
[2.*] := \mathsf{E}\operatorname{Atom}(A, a)[8]\mathsf{I}\bot : \bot;
\sim [2] := \mathtt{E} \bot : \left| S_A(a) \right| \le 1,
[3] := \mathtt{E} \operatorname{Atom}(A, a)[2]ZeroStoneRepresentation : \left| S_A(a) \right| = 1,
[*] := {\tt IsolatedPoinProperty}[3] {\tt I} \delta_a {\tt StoneTopologyBasis}(A) : {\tt IsolatedPoint}\Big({\tt Z}\ A, \delta_a\Big);
```

```
{\tt AtomsByStoneIsolatedPoint} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall f : {\tt IsolatedPoint}({\tt Z}\ A) \ . \ \exists a \in {\tt Atom}(A) \ . \ f = \delta_a
Proof =
\Big(U,[1]\Big):=	exttt{IsolatedPointProperty}(	exttt{Z}\ A,	exttt{Z}\ A,f):\sum U\in \mathcal{U}(f)\ .\ U=\{f\},
[2] := ET2(Z A)[1] : Clopen(Z A, U),
[3] := ClosedIsCompact[2]ITK(A) : U \in TK(A),
\Big(a,[4]\Big) := \texttt{CompactOpenAreStoneRepresentations}(A,U) : \sum_{a,b} S_A(a) = U,
Assume b \in A,
Assume [5]: b < a,
[6] := StoneRepresentationBooleanOrder[5] : S_A(b) \subseteq S_A(a),
[7] := [1][4][6] : S_A(b) = \emptyset,
[b.*] := StoneRepresentationTHM[7] : b = 0;
\sim [5] := I Atom : a \in \text{Atom}(A),
[6] := ES_A[1][4] : f(a) = 1,
[7] := \Lambda b \in A \cdot \Lambda T : a \leq b \cdot \mathsf{EPOSET}(A, \mathbb{B}, f)[6]T : \forall b \in A \cdot a \leq b \Rightarrow f(b) = 1,
Assume b \in A,
Assume [8]: a \leq b,
[9] := ProductBooleanOrder(A, a, a, b) : ab \leq a,
[10] := \mathbf{E} \operatorname{Atom}(A, a)[8][9] : ab = 0,
[b.*] := \mathtt{UnityMult} \Big(A, f(b)\Big) [6] \mathtt{EBOOL}(A, \mathbb{B}, f) [10] \mathtt{ZeroRingImage}(A, \mathbb{B}, f) :
    f(b) = 1 \cdot f(b) = f(a)f(b) = f(ab) = f(0) = 0;
\rightsquigarrow [8] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall b \in A . a \nleq b \Rightarrow f(b) = 0,
[*] := I\delta_a[7][8] : f = \delta_a;
{\tt AtomsIsolatedPointsCorrespondance} \ :: \ \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ {\tt Bijection} \Big( \ {\tt Atom}(A), {\tt IsolatedPoint}({\tt Z} \ A), \delta \Big) \\
Proof =
[1] := DeltaIsIsolatedPoin(A)AtomsByStoneIsolatedPoints :
    : Sujection (Atom(A), IsolatedPoint(Z A), \delta),
Assume a, b \in Atom(A),
Assume [2]: \delta_a = \delta_b,
[3] := E\delta_a(a)E(=)[2] : 1 = \delta_a(a) = \delta_b(a),
[4] := \mathbf{E}\delta_b[3] : b \le a,
[5] := E\delta_b(b)E(=)[2] : 1 = \delta_b(b) = \delta_a(b),
[6] := E\delta_b[5] : a < b,
\left\lceil (a,b).*\right\rceil := \mathtt{ESymmetric}(A,\leq)[4][6]: a=b;
\sim [2] := IInjective : Injective \Big( Atom(A), IsolatedPoint(Z A), \delta\Big),
[*] := \mathtt{IBijective} : \mathtt{Bijective} \Big( \operatorname{Atom}(A), \mathtt{IsolatedPoint}(\mathsf{Z}\ A), \delta \Big);
```

```
{\tt AtomlessStoneExpression} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ {\tt Atomless}(A) \iff {\tt IsolatedPoint}({\tt Z}\ A) = \emptyset
Proof =
 . . .
 \texttt{PurelyAtomicStoneExpression} :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \mathsf{PurelyAtomic}(A) \iff \mathsf{Dense}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ A, \mathsf{IsolatedPoint}(\mathsf{Z}\ A)\Big)
Proof =
. . .
 CantorAlgebraTHM :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ A \neq \star \& \ \mathsf{Atomless}(A) \& \ |A| \leq \aleph_0 \iff A \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \mathcal{TK}(\mathcal{C})
Proof =
Assume [1]: A \neq \star \& Atomless(A) \& |A| \leq \aleph_0,
[2] := AtomlessStoneExpression(A)[1.2]IPerfect : Perfect(Z A),
[3] := UrysohnMetrizationTheorem[1.2] : Metrizable(Z A),
[4] := EZ[1.1] : Z A \neq \emptyset,
[5] := BrouwersTopologicalCharOfCantorSet[2][3][4] : \mathcal{C} \cong_{TOP} Z A
[6] := \mathcal{TK}(5]) : \mathcal{TK} \ \mathcal{C} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \mathcal{TK} \ \mathsf{Z} \ A,
[*] := \mathbb{E}\mathcal{T}\mathcal{K}[4] : \mathcal{T}\mathcal{K} \ \mathcal{C} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A;
 AtomsInSubalgebra :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall B : \mathsf{RegularEmbeded}(A) . \forall a \in \mathsf{Atom}(A) . \exists b \in \mathsf{Atom}(B) : a \leq b
Proof =
X := \{b \in B : b \ge a\} :?B,
Assume [1]: inf X=0,
[2] := \mathsf{E}X\mathsf{I}(\leq) : a \leq X,
[3] := \text{ERegularEmbeded}(A, B)[1][2] : a = 0,
[1.*] := E \operatorname{Atom}(A, a)[3] : \bot;
\leadsto \Big(b,[1]\Big) := \mathtt{E} \bot : \sum b \in B \;.\; 0 < b \leq X,
Assume b' \in B,
Assume [2]: 0 < b' < b,
[3] := I(\mathbb{C})[2] : b \not\leq (b')^{\mathbb{C}},
[4] := [1][3]\mathbf{I}X : (b')^{\complement} \notin X,
[5] := \mathbf{E}X[4] : a \not\leq (b')^{\complement},
[6] := \mathbb{E}\mathbb{C}[5] : ab' \neq 0,
[7] := E \operatorname{Atom}(A, a)[6] : b' \ge a,
[8] := IX[7] : b' \in X,
[9] := [8][1] : b \le b',
[b'].* := TrichtomyPrinciple[9][2] : \bot;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := \texttt{E} \bot \texttt{I} \forall \texttt{I} \ \texttt{Atom} : b \in \texttt{Atom}(B);
 AtomlessBySubalgebra :: \forall A \in BOOL . \forall B : RegularEmbeded(A) . Atomless(B) \Rightarrow Atomless(A)
Proof =
. . .
```

```
PurelyAtomicIsWeaklyDistributive :: \forall A: PurelyAtomic . (\sigma, \infty)-WeaklyDistributive(A)
Proof =
       \bigcup_{a \in \text{Atom}(A)} \{\delta_a\} \in \mathcal{T} \mathsf{Z} A,
U :=
[1] := EUEPurelyAtomic(A)PurelyAtomicStoneExpressionIU : Dense(Z A),
N := U^{\complement} \in \mathtt{Closed} \ \& \ \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A),
Assume M : Meager(Z A),
[2] := IntersectionIsSubset(Z A, N, M)NowhereDenseSubsetZ A, N, N \cap M : NowhereDense(Z A, N \cap M),
[3] := \texttt{IntersectionIsSubset}(\mathsf{Z}\ A, M, U) \texttt{MeagerSubset}\mathsf{Z}\ A, M, M \cap U : \texttt{Meager}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ A, M \cap U\Big),
\Big(S,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EMeager}[4] : \sum S\mathbb{N} \to \mathtt{NowhereDense}(\mathsf{Z}\ A) \ . \ M \cap U = \bigcup_{n=1}^\infty S_n,
[5] := IntersectionIsSubset(Z A, U, M) : M \cap U \subset U,
[6] := UnionSubset[4][5] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . S_n \subset U,
[7] := EUAtomsIsolatedPointsCorrespondance(A)IDiscreteIU : Discrete(U),
[8] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \;.\; [6] \\ \texttt{ENowhereDense}(S_n) \\ \texttt{EDiscrete}(U) \\ [7] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \;.\; S_n = \emptyset,
[9] := \texttt{EmptysetUnion}(\mathsf{Z}\ A)[8][4] : M \cap U = \emptyset,
[10] := \texttt{ComplementDisjointRepresentation}(\mathsf{Z}\ A, M, U) \mathsf{E} N : M = M \cap N,
[M.*] := E(=)[10][2] : NowhereDense(Z A, M);
\rightarrow [*] := I\(\nabla\)NowhereDenseStoneSpaceCondition(A): (\sigma, \infty)-\(\nabla\)eaklyDistributive(A);
П
PurelyAtomicByRegularEmbedding :: \forall A: PurelyAtomic . \forall B: RegularEmbeded(A) . PurelyAtomic(B)
Proof =
Assume [1]: \neg PurelyAtomic(B),
\left(b,[2]\right) := \mathtt{EPurelyAtomic}(B) : \sum_{b \in B} \inf_{B} \{c \in B : 0 < c \leq b\} = 0,
[3] := \mathtt{ERegularEmbeded}(A)[2] : \inf_{^{\mathit{A}}} \{c \in B : 0 < c \leq b\} = 0,
\Big(a,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EPurelyAtomic}(A,b) : \sum a \in \mathrm{Atom}(A) \;.\; a < b,
[5] := \mathtt{E}\operatorname{Atom}(A,a)[4]\mathtt{I}\inf_{^{A}}:\inf_{^{A}}\{c \in B : 0 < c \leq b\} \geq a > 0,
[1.*] := TrichotomyPrinciple[3][5] : \bot;
\sim [*] := E\perp : PurelyAtomic(B);
```

```
{\tt AtomsOfDenseSubalgebra} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall B \subset_{{\tt BOOL}} A \, . \, {\tt OrderDense}(A,B) \Rightarrow {\tt Atom}(A) = {\tt Atom}(B)
Proof =
Assume a \in Atom(A),
[1] := E \operatorname{Atom}(A, a) : a \neq 0,
\Big(b,[2]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,B)\Big(a,[1]\Big) : \sum b \in B \;.\; 0 < b \leq a,
[3] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Atom}(A, a)(b, [2]) : a = b,
[a.*] := \mathtt{ESubring}(A, B)[3]\mathtt{I} \ \mathrm{Atom} : a \in \mathrm{Atom}(B);
\sim [1] := I \subset: Atom(A) \subset Atom(B),
Assume b \in Atom(B),
Assume a \in A,
Assume [2]: a < b,
Assume [3]: a \neq 0,
\Big(b',[4]\Big) := \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,B)\Big(a,[3]\Big) : \sum b' \in B \;.\; 0 < b \leq a,
[5] := [2][4] : b' < b,
[a.*] := \mathbf{E} \operatorname{Atom}(B, b) (b', [5]) : \bot;
\rightsquigarrow [b.*] := E \perp I \Rightarrow I \forall I \text{ Atom} : b \in \text{Atom}(A);
\rightsquigarrow [*] := I \subset ISubsetEq : Atom(A) = Atom(B);
AtomlessByBeingSurjectiveImage :: \forall A : Atomless . \forall B \in BOOL .
    . \forall f : \text{Surjective } \& \text{ OrderContinuous } \& \text{ BOOL}(A, B) . Atomless(B)
Proof =
Assume \delta: IsolatedPoint(\mathsf{Z}\ B),
[1] := \texttt{T2PointsAreClosed} \Big( \texttt{Z} \ A, f(\delta) \Big) \texttt{AtomlessStoneExpression}(A) \texttt{Eint} : \\
    : \operatorname{int} \overline{\left\{ (\mathsf{Z} f)(\delta) \right\}} = \operatorname{int} \left\{ (\mathsf{Z} f)(\delta) \right\} = \emptyset,
[2] := {\tt INowhereDense}[1] : {\tt NowhereDense}\Big({\tt Z}\ A, \big\{({\tt Z}\ f)(\delta)\big\}\Big),
[3] := \texttt{OrderContinuousNDPreimage}(A, B, f) \texttt{InjectivePreimage}(A, B, f) : \texttt{NowhereDense}\Big(\texttt{Z}\ B, \{\delta\}\Big),
[4] := T2PointsAreClosed(Z B, \delta)EIsolatedPoint(Z B, \delta)Eint :
    : \inf \left\{ \delta \right\} = \inf \{ \delta \} = \{ \delta \},
[5] := \mathtt{ENowhereDense}\Big(\mathsf{Z}\ B, \{\delta\}\Big) : \mathrm{int}\ \overline{\{\delta\}} = \emptyset,
[*.\delta] := ESingleton(Z B, \delta)[4][5] : \bot;
\rightarrow [1] := E\perpIPerfect : Perfect(Z B),
[*] := AtomlessStoneExpression[1] : Atomless(B);
```

```
PurelyAtomicByBeingSurjectiveImage :: \forall A : PurelyAtomic . \forall B \in BOOL .
    \forall f : Surjective \& OrderContinuous \& BOOL(A, B) . PurelyAtomic(B)
Proof =
Assume b \in B,
Assume [1]: b \neq 0,
Assume [2]: \forall y \in \text{Atom}(B) . y \not\leq b,
\Big(a,[3]\Big) := \mathtt{ESurjective}(A,B,f)(a) : \sum_{a \in A} f(a) = b,
[4] := \texttt{HomoZeroImage}[1][3] : a \neq 0,
\mathcal{A} := \Big\{ x \in \text{Atom}(A) : x \le a \} : ? \text{Atom}(A),
[5] := EAEPurelyAtomic(A) : \sup A = a,
Assume x \in \mathcal{A},
[6] := \mathbf{E}\mathcal{A}(x) : x \le a,
[7] := BooleanHomoIsMonotonic[6][1] : f(x) < b,
Assume [8]: f(x) \neq 0,
(y, [9]) := [2][8] : \sum_{y \in B} 0 < y < f(x),
[10] := \mathtt{ESurjective}(A,B,f)(y) : \sum_{x' \in A} f(x') = y,
[11] := \text{HomoZeroImage}[10][9] : x' \neq 0,
[12] := [10] EBooleanOrder(B)[9][10][4] EBOOL(A, B, f) : f(x') = y = yf(x) = f(x')f(x) = f(x'x),
[13] := BooleanHomoIsMonotonic[12] : x'x \not< x',
[14] := BooleanProductOrder(A, x, x') : x'x \le x',
[15] := TrichtomyPrinciple[13][14] : x'x = x',
[16] := EBooleanOrder(A)[15] : x' \le x,
[17] := Boolean Homo Is Monotonic [12][16] : x' < x,
[x.*] := E \operatorname{Atom}(A, x)[17][11] : \bot;
\rightsquigarrow [8] := \mathbf{E} \perp \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall x \in \mathcal{A} . f(x) = 0,
[9] := [8] \mathsf{E} \sup : \sup f(\mathcal{A}) = \sup \{0\} = 0,
[10] := EOrderContinuous(A, B, f)[5][3] : sup f(A) = f(\sup A) = f(a) = b,
[b.*] := [1][5][9] : \bot;
\sim [*] := E\perpI \Rightarrow I\forallIPurelyAtomic : PurelyAtomic(B);
```

1.6.4 Homogeneous Algebras

```
Homogeneous ::?BOOL A: \texttt{Homogeneous} \iff \forall a \in A \ . \ a \neq 0 \Rightarrow A \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \mathsf{HomogeneousAlternatives} \ :: \ \forall A: \texttt{Homogeneous} \ . \ A \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \mathbb{B} | \mathsf{Atomless}(A) \mathsf{Proof} = \mathsf{Assume} \ a \in \mathsf{Atom}(A), [1] := \mathsf{E} \ \mathsf{Atom}(A,a) : a \neq 0, \left(b,[2]\right) := \mathsf{EHomogeneous}(A)[1] : A \cong \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, [3] := \mathsf{E} \ \mathsf{Atom}(A,a)[2] : A \cong \mathbb{B}; \leadsto [*] := \mathsf{IAtomless} : A \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \mathbb{B} | \mathsf{Atomless}(A); \square
```

```
HomegeneousByDenseSubset :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra.
                          . \; \mathsf{OrderDense}\bigg(A, \Big\{d \in A : \langle d \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A \Big\}\bigg) \Rightarrow \mathsf{Homogeneous}(A)
Proof =
 D:=\left\{d\in A:\langle d\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}}A\right\}:?A,
  Assume [00]: A \ncong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \star,
  Assume [000]: Atomless(A),
  Assume a \in A,
  Assume [1]: a \neq 0,
   (x,[2]) := \mathtt{EAtomless}[000][00] : \sum x : \mathbb{N} \downarrow \downarrow A . x_1 = a,
  [3] := ED'E\tau-Algebra(A)EOrderDense(A,D)[0]ID': OrderDense(A,D'),
  \Big(P,[4]\Big) := \texttt{OrderDenseContainsPartitionOfUnity}(A.D') : \sum P : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A) \; . \; P \subset D',
 [5] := EPEStrictlyDecreasing(\mathbb{N}, A, x)IInfinite : |P| = \infty,
 P' := \{ p \in P : p \le a \} : ?P,
 [6] := EP'IPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, P')
 [a.*] := \texttt{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, P'\Big) \texttt{E} P' \texttt{E} D
                      {\tt ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} ({\tt BOOL}) {\tt ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} ({\tt BOOL}) {\tt ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} ({\tt BOOL}) {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt ProductDecomposition} \Big(A,P\Big) {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt E} D {\tt E} P {\tt E} D {\tt 
                      \textbf{InfiniteProductCardinality}(P,P')[5] \\ \textbf{E} P \\ \textbf{E} D \\ \textbf{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity}\Big(A,P\Big): \\ \textbf{E} P \\ \textbf{E} D \\ \textbf{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity}\Big(A,P\Big): \\ \textbf{E} P \\ \textbf{E} D \\ \textbf{E} P \\ \textbf{E} D \\ \textbf{E} D \\ \textbf{E} P \\ \textbf{E} D \\
                     \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \prod_{p \in P'} \langle p \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A^{P'} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \left( \prod_{p \in P} \langle p \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \right)^{P'} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} (A^P)^{P'} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A^{P \times P'} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A^P \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} 
                          \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \prod \langle p \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} A;
      \sim [*] := IHomogeneous : Homogeneous(A);
 {\tt OrderClosureIsHomog} :: \forall A : {\tt Homogeneous} \ . \ {\tt Homogeneous} \Big( \mathbf{OD}({\tt Z}\ A) \Big)
 Proof =
```

```
{\tt HomogeneousCoproduct} \ :: \ \forall I \in {\tt SET} \ . \ \forall A: I \to {\tt Homogeneous} \ . \ {\tt Homogeneous} \ \left( \bigotimes A_i \right)
Proof =
 Assume [0]: \forall i \in I.A_i \neq \star,
 Assume i \in I,
 Assume [00]: Atomless(A_i),
Assume a: \prod_{j\in I} A_j,
J := \{ j \in I : a_j \neq e \} : ?I,
Assume [1]: |J| < \infty,
t := \bigotimes_{i \in I} a_i \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i,
f := \Lambda j \in I . \Lambda b \in \langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . t \iota_j(b) : \prod_{j \in I} \mathsf{BOOL}\Big(\langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\Big),
 \Big(g,[2]\Big) := {\tt CoproductUniversalProperty}\Big({\tt BOOL},I,\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\langle t\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},f\Big) : \sum \bigotimes_{i \in I} \langle a_i \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \xrightarrow{g} \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ \forall j \in I \ . \ \iota_j g = f_j,
 Assume K: Finite(I),
 Assume [3]: J \subset K,
Assume b: \prod \langle a_k \rangle,
s := \bigotimes_{i \in I} b_i \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i,
[K.*] := \mathtt{E} s \mathtt{E} \otimes [2] \mathtt{E} f \mathtt{E} \mathsf{BOOL} \left( \bigotimes_{i \in K} A_j \right) \mathtt{I} \otimes \mathtt{I} s \mathsf{TensorDistributivity}(I,A,a,b)
                 g(s) : \Lambda j \in K . PrincipleIdealStructure(A_j, a_j)EBooleanOrder g(s) : g(s) = g\left(\bigotimes_{i \in K} b_i\right) = g\left(\prod_{i \in K} \iota_j(b_i)\right) = g\left(\prod_{i \in K} \iota_j(
                = \prod_{j \in K} \iota_j g(b_j) = \prod_{j \in K} f_j(b_j) = \prod_{j \in K} \iota_j(b_j) = t \prod_{j \in K} \iota_j(b_j) = t \bigotimes_{j \in K} b_j = ts = s;
   \leadsto [3] := \mathsf{I} \forall : \forall K : \mathsf{Finite}(I) \ . \ J \subset K \Rightarrow \forall b : \prod_{k \in K} \langle a_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ g \ (\otimes_{k \in k} b_k) = \otimes_{k \in k} b_k,
 Assume b \in \bigotimes_{i=1}^{\infty} \langle a_j \rangle_I,
 Assume [5] \in b \neq 0,
  \Big(K,c,[6]\Big) := {\tt TensorApproximation}(I,A,b)[5]:
                 : \sum K : \mathtt{Finite}(A) \; . \; \sum c : \prod_{k \in K} \langle a_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; (\forall k \in K \; . \; c_k \neq 0) \; \& \; \bigotimes_{k \in K} c_k \leq b,
```

 $K' := J \cap K : ?K$,

 $c':=\Lambda j\in I$. if $j\in K'$ then c_j else $a_j:\prod_{i\in I}\langle a_j
angle_{\mathcal{I}},$

$$[7] := \operatorname{EPOSET}\left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} \langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, g\right) [6.2] \operatorname{E}c'[6.1] : \\ : g(b) \geq g\left(\bigotimes_{k \in K} c_k\right) = g\left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j\right) = \bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j > 0, \\ [b,*] := \operatorname{E}(>)[7] : g(b) \neq 0; \\ \sim [4] := \operatorname{I} \Rightarrow \operatorname{IVI} \ker : \ker g = \{0\}, \\ [5] := \operatorname{ZeroKernelTHM}[4] : \operatorname{Injective}\left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} \langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, g\right), \\ \operatorname{Assume} K : \operatorname{Finite}(I), \\ \operatorname{Assume} C : \prod_{k \in K} A_k, \\ K' := K \cap J : ?I, \\ c' := \Lambda_j \in I \cdot \text{if } j \in K' \text{ then } c_j \text{ else } c : \prod_{j \in I} A_j, \\ d := \bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j \in \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j, \\ d := \bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j \in \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j, \\ [K,*] := \operatorname{EBooleanOrder}[6] \operatorname{E}d \operatorname{E}t \operatorname{TrnsorDestributivity}(I,A)[3](K',c'a) : \\ : d = dt = \left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j\right) \cdot \left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} a_j\right) = \bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j a_j = g\left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} c'_j a_j\right); \\ \sim [6] := \operatorname{I} \Rightarrow \operatorname{I}^2 \forall \operatorname{TensorApproximation}(I,A) \operatorname{ISurjective} : \operatorname{Surjective}\left(\bigotimes_{j \in I} \langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, g\right), \\ [7] := \operatorname{IIsomorphic}[5][6] : \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\operatorname{BOOL}} \bigotimes_{j \in I} \langle a_j \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \\ [a,*] := \left(\Lambda i \in I \cdot \operatorname{EHomogeneous}(A_i)\right)[7] : \langle t \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j; \\ \sim [1] := \operatorname{I} \Rightarrow \operatorname{I} \forall : \forall a : \prod_{i \in I} A_i \cdot \left\{j \in I : a_j \neq e\right\}\right\} < \infty \Rightarrow \left(\bigotimes_{i \in I} a_j\right) \cong_{\operatorname{BOOL}} \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_j,$$

 $T := \left\{ t \in \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j : \exists a : \prod_{j \in I} A_j : \left| \{ j \in I : a_j \neq e \} \right| < \infty \& t = \bigotimes_{j \in I} a_j \right\} :? \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j,$

```
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
\Big(D,[2]\Big) := \texttt{IPartitionOfUnity}[00] \texttt{EAtomless} : \sum D : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A_i) \; . \; |D| = n,
[3] := \texttt{CoproductPartitionOfUnity}(I, A, i, D) : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}\left(\bigotimes A_j, \iota_i(D)\right),
[n.*] := \texttt{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity}\left(\bigotimes_i A_j, \iota_i(D)\right)[0][00][1](\Lambda d \in D \ . \ \star \mapsto d)
     \begin{aligned} & \textbf{InjectiveCannonicalEmbedding}(I,A) : \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j \cong_{\textbf{BOOL}} \prod_{d \in D} \langle d \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\textbf{BOOL}} \prod_{d \in D} \bigotimes_{j \in I} A_j \cong_{\textbf{BOOL}} \left( \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i \right)^{\top}; \end{aligned}
\sim [2] := \mathbb{I} \forall : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \left( \bigotimes A_i \right)^n \cong_{\mathsf{BOOL}} \bigotimes A_i,
\text{Assume } a \in \bigotimes_{i \in I} A_j,
Assume [3]: a \neq 0,
\Big(n,t,[4]\Big) := \mathtt{TensorApproximation}(I,A,a)[2][0][00]\mathtt{I}T:
     : \sum_{k=1}^{n} n \in \mathbb{N} : \sum_{k=1}^{n} t : [1, \dots, n] \to T : a = \bigvee_{k=1}^{n} t_k \& \forall k, l \in [1, \dots, n] : t_i t_j = 0,
[5] := \mathtt{IPartitionOfUnity}[5] : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathtt{Im}\, t\Big),
[a.*] := \texttt{ProductStructureByPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} t\Big) \texttt{E}T(t)[2](n) : \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\texttt{BOOL}} \prod_{k=1}^{n} \langle t_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cong_{\texttt{BOOL}} \left(\bigotimes_{i \in I} A_i\right)
\sim [*] := I\forallIHomogeneous : Homogeneous \left(\bigotimes A_i\right) ;
```

1.7 Automorphisms Group of a Boolean Algebra[!!]

1.7.1 Gluing Lemmas

```
FiniteGluingLemma :: \forall A : \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall I : \mathsf{Finite} \ . \ \forall a : I \to A \ . \ \forall b : I \to A
       . \ \forall [0] : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} a \ \& \ \operatorname{Im} b) \ . \ \forall f : \prod_{i \in I} \texttt{Isomorphism}\Big(\mathsf{BOOL}, \langle a_i \rangle, \langle b_i \rangle\Big) \ .
       . \exists g \in \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall i \in I . g_{|\langle a_i \rangle} = f_i
Proof =
[1] := \texttt{ProductStructureByFinitePartitionOfUnity}(A, \texttt{Im}\, a) : A \cong_{\texttt{BOOL}} \prod \langle a_i \rangle,
[2] := \texttt{ProductStructureByFinitePartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} b) : A \cong_{\texttt{BOOL}} \prod \langle b_i \rangle,
h:=\Lambda t\in \prod_{i\in I}A_i \ . \ \Lambda_{i\in I}f_i(t_i): \mathsf{BOOL}\left(\prod_{i\in I}\langle a_i\rangle, \prod_{i\in I}\langle b_i\rangle\right),
q := [1]h[2]^{-1} \in \text{End}_{BOOL}(A),
[3] := \mathsf{E} g \mathsf{EIsomorphism} \Big( \mathsf{BOOL}, \langle a \rangle, \langle b \rangle \Big) : g \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A),
[*] := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} a \ \& \ \operatorname{Im} b) \mathtt{E} g : \forall i \in I \ . \ g_{|\langle a_i \rangle} = f_i;
  \texttt{CountableGluingLemma} :: \forall A: \sigma \texttt{-Algebra} . \ \forall I: \texttt{Countable} . \ \forall a: I \to A . \ \forall b: I \to A . 
       . \ \forall [0] : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} a \ \& \ \operatorname{Im} b) \ . \ \forall f : \prod \texttt{Isomorphism} \Big( \mathsf{BOOL}, \langle a_i \rangle, \langle b_i \rangle \Big) \ .
       . \exists g \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall i \in I . g_{|\langle a_i \rangle} = f_i
Proof =
 . . .
 \texttt{GluingLemma} :: \forall A : \tau\text{-Algebra} . \ \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} \ . \ \forall a : I \to A \ . \ \forall b : I \to A \ .
       . \ \forall [0] : \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} a \ \& \ \operatorname{Im} b) \ . \ \forall f : \prod_{i \in I} \texttt{Isomorphism}\Big(\mathsf{BOOL}, \langle a_i \rangle, \langle b_i \rangle \Big) \ .
      . \exists g \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall i \in I \ . \ g_{|\langle a_i \rangle} = f_i
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
FinitePoUPermutationExtension :: \forall A : Homogeneous . \forall P,Q : PartitionOfUnity & Finite(A) . . . \forall \theta : Bijective(P,Q) . \exists f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . f_{|P} = \theta

Proof = ...

CountablePoUPermutationExtension :: \forall A : Homogeneous & \sigma-Algebra . . . \forall P,Q : PartitionOfUnity & Countable(A) . \forall \theta : Bijective(P,Q) . \exists f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . f_{|P} = \theta

Proof = ...

FinitePoUPermutationExtension :: \forall A : Homogeneous & \tau-Algebra . \forall P,Q : PartitionOfUnity(A) . . . \forall \theta : Bijective(P,Q) . \exists f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . f_{|P} = \theta

Proof = ...

\Box
```

1.7.2 Support of Endomorphisms

```
Supports :: \prod \operatorname{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to ?A
a: \mathtt{Supports} \iff a \in \mathtt{Supp}(A, f) \iff \Lambda f \in \mathtt{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \forall b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle \ . \ f(b) = b
WithSupport :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \mathrm{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)
f: WithSupport \iff \exists a \in A: \ a = \min Supports(A, f)
\mathtt{support} :: \qquad \prod \quad \mathtt{WithSupport}(A) \to A
support(f) = supp f := min Supp(A, f)
SupportIsPreserved :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a : \mathsf{Supports}(A, f) \Rightarrow f(a) = a
Proof =
[1] := \mathsf{EEnd}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f) \mathsf{ECESupports}(A, f, a)(a^{\complement}) : f^{\complement}(a) = f(a^{\complement}) = a^{\complement},
[*] := [1]^{\complement} : f(a) = a;
UnderSupportIsPreserved :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a : \mathsf{Supports}(A, f) . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle . f(b) \in \langle a \rangle
Proof =
[1] := \mathtt{EEnd}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f) \mathtt{ECESupports}(A, f, a)(a^{\complement}) : f^{\complement}(b) = f(b^{\complement}) \geq f(a^{\complement}) = a^{\complement},
[*] := [1]^{\complement} : f(b) \le a;
П
SupportComposition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f, g \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a : \mathsf{Supports}(A, f \& g, a) .
     . Supports(A, fg)
Proof =
Assume b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
[1] := ESupports(A, f \& g, a)(b) : f(b) = b \& g(b) = b,
[b.*] := [1.1][1.2] : fg(b) = g(b) = b;
\sim [*] := I\forallISupports : Supports(A, fg, a);
SupportIsNonEmpty :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \mathsf{Supp}(A, f) \neq \emptyset
Proof =
Assume b: \langle e^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[1] := \mathbf{E} \langle e^{\mathbf{C}} \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}(b) : b = 0,
[b.*] := [1] \text{EEnd}_{BOOL}(A, f) \text{ZeroImage}[1] : f(b) = f(0) = 0 = b;
\sim [1] := I Supp : e \in \text{Supp}(A, f),
[*] := INonEmpty[1] : Supp(A, f) \neq \emptyset;
```

```
SupportIsClosedUnderIntersection :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a, b \in \mathsf{Supp}(A, f) .
     ab \in \text{Supp}(A, f)
Proof =
Assume c \in \langle (ab)^{\complement} \rangle,
[1] := \mathsf{ECE}\langle (ab)^{\mathsf{C}} \rangle : cab = 0,
[1.*] := DisjointPairUnionDecomposition(A, a, b, c)[1]EBOOL(A, a, b)
   \mathsf{E}\operatorname{Supp}(A,f,a)(c\setminus a)\mathsf{E}\operatorname{Supp}(A,f,b)(c\setminus b)\mathsf{DisjointPairUnionDecomposition}(A,a,b,c)[1]:
    : f(c) = f((c \setminus a) \lor (c \setminus b)) = f(c \setminus a) \lor f(c \setminus b) = c \setminus a \lor c \setminus b = c;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I Supp : ab \in Supp;
 SupportContainsGreater :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in \mathsf{Supp}(A, f) .
    \forall b \in A : a \leq b \Rightarrow b \in \text{Supp}(A, f)
Proof =
. . .
 SupportIsInfClosed :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f : \mathsf{OrderContinuous}(A, A) : \forall B \subset \mathsf{Supp}(A, f) : \forall a \in A.
     a = \inf B : \Rightarrow a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, f)
Proof =
Assume c \in \langle a^{\mathsf{l}} \rangle,
[1] := \texttt{PrincipleIdealRepresentation}(A, a, c) \\ \texttt{EC} : a \leq c^{\complement},
C := B \vee c^{\complement} : ?A.
[2] := EC JoinOrder(A) : B \leq C,
[3] := SupportContainsGreater[2] : C \subset Supp(A, f),
[4] := \mathtt{E} C \mathtt{LatticeSup}(A)[0] \mathtt{GreaterJoin}[1] : \inf C = \inf (B \vee c^{\complement}) = (\inf B) \vee c^{\complement} = a \vee c^{\complement} = c^{\complement},
[5] := [4] \texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A, A, f) \texttt{SupportIsPreserved}(A, f, C)[2][4] :
    : f(c^{\complement}) = f(\inf C) = \inf f(C) = \inf C = c^{\complement},
[c.*] := \left( \operatorname{EEnd}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f)[5] \right)^{\complement} : f(c) = c;
\sim [*] := I Supp : a \in \text{Supp}(A, f);
```

```
 InjectiveSupportSwitch :: \forall A \in BOOL . \forall f \in End_{BOOL}(A) . \forall \iota \in End_{BOOL}(A) \& Injective(A, A) . 
        \forall a \in \text{Supp}(A, f\iota) : f(a) \in \text{Supp}(A, \iota f)
Proof =
Assume b \in \langle f^{\complement}(a) \rangle,
[1] := \texttt{PrincipleIdealRepresentation}\Big(A, f(a), b\Big) : bf(a) = 0,
[2] := \mathtt{SupportIsPreserve}(A, f\iota, a) \mathtt{EEnd}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, \iota)[1] \mathtt{ZeroHomo}(A, A, \iota) :
        : \iota(b)a = \iota(b)f\iota(a) = \iota\Big(bf(a)\Big) = \iota(0) = 0,
[3] := PrincipleIdealRepresentation[2] : \iota(b) \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle,
[4] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, f, a)[3] : \iota f \iota(b) = \iota(b),
[b.*] := EInjective(A, A, \iota)[4] : \iota f(b) = b;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I Supp(A, \iota f) : f(a) \in \text{Supp}(A, \iota f);
InjectiveSupportReductionByCommutation :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) .
        . \ \forall \iota \in \operatorname{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ \& \ \operatorname{Injective}(A,A) \ . \ \iota f = f\iota \Rightarrow \Big( \forall a \in A \ . \ \iota(a) \in \operatorname{Supp}(A,f) \Rightarrow a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A,f) \Big)
Proof =
Assume a \in A,
Assume [1]: \iota(a) \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, f),
Assume b: \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\tau},
[2] := PrincipleIdealRepresentation(A, a^{\complement}, b) : ab = 0,
[3] := \mathsf{ZeroHomo}(A, A, f)[2]\mathsf{EEnd}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, \iota) : 0 = \iota(ab) = \iota(a)\iota(b),
[4] := PrincipleIdealRepresentation(A, \iota(a), \iota(b)[3] : \iota(b) \in \langle \iota^{\complement}(a) \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[5] := [0]E Supp (A, f, \iota(a))[4] : f\iota(b) = \iota f(b) = \iota(b),
[b.*] := EInjective(A, A, \iota)[5] : f(b) = b;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I Supp(A, f) : a \in Supp(A, f);
CommutationByDisjointSupport :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f, g \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A).
        . \forall a \in \text{Supp}(A, f) . \forall b \in \text{Supp}(A, g) . ab = 0 \Rightarrow fg = gf
Proof =
c := (a \vee b)^{\complement} \in A,
Assume t \in A,
[1] := [0] \mathbf{E}c : t = at + bt + ct,
[2] := UnderSupportIsPreserved(A, a, at) : f(at) \leq a,
[3] := UnderSupportIsPreserved(A, b, bt): f(bt) \leq b,
[*.1] := [1] \text{EEnd}_A(fg) \text{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, f) \text{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, g) [2] [3] \text{EEnd}_A(gf) [1] :
        f(t) = f(t) = f(at) + bt + ct = f(at) + f(bt) + f(ct) = f(at) + g(bt) + ct = g(at) + g(bt) + g(ct) = f(at) + g(bt) +
        = qf((at + bt + ct)) = qf(t);
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I(=,\rightarrow) : fg = gf;
```

```
IterativeInjectiveSupport :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall \iota \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \& \mathsf{Injective}(A,A) . \forall n \in \mathbb{N} .
         \forall a \in A : a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n) \iff \iota(a) \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n)
Proof =
[1] := InjectiveSupportReductionByCommutation(A, \iota, \iota^n, a) : \iota(a) \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n) \Rightarrow a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n),
[2] := \text{InjectiveSupportSwitch}(A, \iota, \iota^{n-1}, a) : a \in \text{Supp}(A, \iota^n) \Rightarrow \iota(a) \in \text{Supp}(A, \iota^n),
[*] := I \iff : a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n) \iff \iota(a) \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, \iota^n);
{\tt InverseSupport} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall f \in {\tt Aut}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) \, . \, \forall a \in {\tt Supp}(A,f) \, . \, a \in {\tt Supp}(A,f^{-1})
Proof =
Assume b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
[b.*] := \mathtt{EInverse}\Big(\mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f\Big) \mathtt{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, f, a, b) : b = ff^{-1}(b) = f^{-1}(b);
 \sim [*] := I Supp(A, f) : a \in Supp(A, f^{-1}),
  {\tt EndomorphismSupportImpliesSumBound} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall f \in {\tt End}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) \, . \, \forall a \in {\tt Supp}(A,f) \, .
         \forall x \in A \cdot f(x) + x \leq a
Proof =
b := a^{\complement} \in A.
[1] := xLawOfExcludedMiddle(a)Eb : x = x(a + b) = xa + xb,
[2] := UnderSupportIsPreserved(A, f, a, xa) : f(xa) \le a,
[*] := [1] \texttt{E} \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{BOOL}}(A, f) \texttt{E} \, \texttt{Supp}(A, f, a) \Big( x a^{\complement} \Big) \texttt{BooleanRingHasChar2}(A) \texttt{BooleanRingIsALattice}(A)
      {\tt BooleanSumBound}(A)[2]: f(x) + x = f(xa + xa^\complement) + xa + xa^\complement = f(xa) + f(xa^\complement) + xa^\complement + xa = f(xa) + f(xa^\complement) + xa^\complement + xa = f(xa) + f(xa) +
         = f(xa) + xa^{\complement} + xa^{\complement} + xa = f(xa) + xa \le a,
  {\tt DecompositionBoundPropertyImplication} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} . \forall f \in {\tt End}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A .
         \left(\forall x \in A : f(x) + x \le a\right) \Rightarrow \left(\forall x \in A : f(x)x = 0 \Rightarrow x \le a\right)
Proof =
Assume x \in A,
Assume [1]: f(x)x = 0,
[x.*] := \texttt{DisjointSumBound}[1] \Big(A, x, f(x)\Big)[0](x) : x \leq f(x) + x \leq a;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I \Rightarrow I \forall : \forall x \in A . f(x)x = 0 \Rightarrow x \le a,
```

```
YetAnotherImplication :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall a \in A.
    \left(\forall x \in A : f(x)x = 0 \Rightarrow x \le a\right) \Rightarrow \left(\forall x \in A : x \ne 0 \& x \le a^{\complement} \Rightarrow f(x)x \ne 0\right)
Proof =
Assume x \in A,
Assume [1]: x \neq 0.
Assume [2]: x < a^{\complement}.
Assume [3]: f(x)x = 0,
[4] := [0](x)[3] : x \leq a,
[5] := \texttt{BooleanRingIsIsALattice}[2][4] \texttt{LawOfExcludedMiddle}(A, a) : x \leq a^{\complement}a = 0,
[6] := BooleanRingMinmalElement[5] : x = 0,
[x.*] := [6][1] : \bot;
\sim [*] := E\perpI \Rightarrow I\forall : \forallx \in A . x \neq 0 & x \leq a^{\complement} \Rightarrow f(x)x \neq 0;
AutomotphismSupportCondition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall a \in A.
    . (\forall x \in A : x \neq 0 \& x \leq a^{\complement} \Rightarrow f(x)x \neq 0) \Rightarrow a \in \text{Supp}(A, f)
Proof =
Assume [1] \in a \not\in \operatorname{Supp}(A, f),
(b, [2]) := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, f) : \sum b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\tau} . f(b) \neq b,
[3] := \mathbf{ZeroHomo}[2] : b \neq 0,
[4] := I[2][3] : b \setminus f(b) \neq 0 | f(b) \setminus b \neq 0,
Assume [5]: b \setminus f(b) \neq 0,
c := b \setminus f(b) \in A,
[6] := EcE \setminus Eb : c = b \setminus f(b) < b < a^{\complement},
[7] := [0](c)[5][6] E c E \setminus : 0 \neq c f(c) = (b \setminus f(b)) (f(b) \setminus f^{2}(b)) = 0,
[5.*] := I \perp [7] : \perp;
\sim [5] := E\perp : b \setminus f(b) = 0,
[6] := \mathbf{E}[5] : f(b) \setminus b \neq 0,
[7] := \text{EAut}_{\mathbb{B}}(A, f^{-1})[6] : b \setminus f^{-1}(b) \neq 0,
[8] := \mathbb{E} \setminus \mathbb{E}b : b \setminus f^{-1}(b) < b < a^{\complement},
[9] := [0][7][8] : 0 \neq (b \setminus f^{-1}(b))(f(b) \setminus b) = 0,
[1.*] := I \perp [9] : \perp;
\sim [*] := \mathbf{E} \perp : a \in \operatorname{Supp}(A, f);
```

```
SuppConjugation :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall g \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) .
    . \forall a \in \text{Supp}(A, g) . f(a) \in \text{Supp}(A, f^{-1}gf)
Proof =
Assume b \in \left\langle f^{\complement}(a) \right\rangle_{\tau},
[1] := \underline{\mathtt{PrincipleIdealStrucure}}\Big(A, f(a), b\Big) \\ \underline{\mathtt{EEnd}}_{\mathtt{BOOL}}(A, f) : b \leq f^{\complement}(a) = f\Big(a^{\complement}\Big),
[2] := \texttt{MonotonicBooleanMorphism} \Big(A, f^{-1}\Big)[1] : f^{-1}(b) \leq a^{\complement},
[3] := \mathbf{E} \operatorname{Supp}(A, g, a) \Big( f^{-1}(b) \Big) : f^{-1}g(b) = f^{-1}(b),
[b.*] := \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f)[4] : f^{-1}gf(b) = b;
\sim [*] := I Supp : f(a) \in \text{Supp}(A, f^{-1}gf);
 SuppConjugationEq :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall g, f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall h \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) .
    . \forall a \in \text{Supp}(A, g) . g_{|\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} = f_{|\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} \Rightarrow f^{-1}hf = g^{-1}hg
Proof =
 Continuous Have Support :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f : \operatorname{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \& \operatorname{OrderContinuous}(A, A) .
    . WithSupport(A, f)
Proof =
. . .
 SupportIsPreserved2 :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f : Aut_{BOOL}(A) . f(\text{supp } f) = \text{supp } f
Proof =
. . .
 Proof =
. . .
 Proof =
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{SupportOfInverse} \,::\, \forall A: \tau\text{-Algebra} \,.\, \forall f: \mathrm{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) \,.\, \mathrm{supp} \, f^{-1} = \mathrm{supp} \, f \\ \mathbf{Proof} \,=\, & \dots \\ & \square \\ \\ \mathbf{SupportOfTheConjugate} \,::\, \forall A: \tau\text{-Algebra} \,.\, \forall f,g: \mathrm{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) \,.\, \mathrm{supp} \, f^{-1}gf = f(\mathrm{supp} \, g) \\ \mathbf{Proof} \,=\, & \dots \\ & \square \\ \\ \end{array}
```

1.7.3 Periodic and Aperiodic Parts Theorem

```
\begin{split} & \text{Periodic} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \\ & f : \mathsf{Periodic} \, \Longleftrightarrow \, A \neq \emptyset \, \& \, (\exists n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n = \mathrm{id} \, \& \, \forall i \in [1, \dots, n-1] \, . \, \operatorname{supp} f^i = e) \\ & \mathsf{period} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \\ & \mathsf{period}(f) = \pi(f) := \min(\exists n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n = \mathrm{id}) \\ & \mathsf{Aperiodic} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \\ & f : \mathsf{Aperiodic} \, \Longleftrightarrow \, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \operatorname{supp} \, f^n = e \end{split} & \mathsf{WithAllSupports} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \Big( \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \, \& \, \mathsf{Injective}(A, A) \Big) \\ & f : \mathsf{WithAllSupports} \, \Longleftrightarrow \, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \mathsf{WithSupport}(A, f^n) \end{split}
```

```
{\tt PeriodicAperiodicPartsTHM} :: \forall A: \sigma\text{-}{\tt Algebra} \ . \ \forall f: {\tt WithAllSupports} \ . \ \exists p: {\tt Injective} \Big(\omega_0+1,A\Big):
      : PartitionOfUnity(A, Im p) & (\forall k \in \omega_0 + 1 . f(p_k) \leq p_k) &
      \& \left( \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ p_n \neq 0 \Rightarrow \mathtt{Periodic}\Big( \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} \Big) \ \& \ \pi(f_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}) = n \right) \ \& \ \mathtt{Aperiodic}\Big( \langle p_{\omega_0} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_{|\langle p_{\omega_0} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} \Big)
p := \mathtt{BoundedTransfiniteInduction} \bigg( \omega_0 + 1, \neg \operatorname{supp} f, \bigg)
     , \Lambda n \in \omega_0 . \Lambda a : [1, \ldots, n-1] \to A . \bigwedge_{i=1}^n (\neg a_i) \setminus \operatorname{supp} f^n, \Lambda k : \operatorname{Limit} . \Lambda k \to A . \inf_{n \in k} \operatorname{supp} f^n : (\omega_0 + 1) \to A,
P := \operatorname{Im} p : ?A,
[*.1] := EPEpIPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity(A, P),
[2] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} . EpIterativeInjectiveSupport(A, f, p_{n-1})SupportIsPreserved(A, f^n) :
     \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f(p_n) = p_n,
[3] := \mathbb{E}p_{\omega_1}\mathbb{E}\inf : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : p_{\omega_0} \leq \operatorname{supp} f^n,
[4] := UnderSupportIsPreserved[3] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f(p_{\omega_0}) \leq \text{supp } f^n,
[5] := \mathbf{E} \inf \mathbf{E} p_{\omega_0}[4] : f(p_{\omega_0}) \le p_{\omega_0},
[*.2] := [2][5] : \forall n \in \omega_0 + 1 . f(p_n) \leq p_n,
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
Assume [00]: p_n \neq 0,
Assume a \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
Assume [000]: a \neq 0,
[a. * .2] := \mathbb{E}p_n\mathbb{E}a : \forall k \in [1, ..., n-1] . f^k(a) \neq a,
[7] := \mathbb{E}p_n\mathbb{E}a\mathbb{E}I \operatorname{supp} f^n : a \operatorname{supp} f^n = 0,
[a. * .1] := E \operatorname{Supp}[7] : f^n(a) = a;
\sim [6] := I\forall : \forall a \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \forall k \in [1, \dots, n-1] . f^k(a) \neq a \& f^n(a) = a,
[n.*.1] := \operatorname{IPeriodic}[6][00] : \operatorname{Periodic}\left(\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f^n_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}\right),
[n. * .2] := [n. * .1][6] I\pi : \pi(f_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\tau}}) = n;
 \sim [*.3] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; p_n \neq 0 \Rightarrow \mathtt{Periodic}\Big(\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}\Big) \; \& \; \pi(f_{|\langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}) = n,
[*.4] := \mathtt{E} \operatorname{supp} \mathtt{E} p_{\omega_0} \mathtt{IAperiodic} : \mathtt{Aperiodic} \Big( \langle p_{\omega_0} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_{|\langle p_{\omega_0} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} \Big);
```

1.7.4 Full Subgroups

```
{\tt FullSubgroup} :: \quad \prod \quad {\tt Subgroup} \Big( {\tt Aut}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) \Big)
G: \mathtt{FullSubgroup} \iff \forall I \in \mathsf{SET} . \ \forall a: \mathtt{Injective}(I,A) . \ \forall f: I \to G.
     . \forall [0]: \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} a) \ . \ \forall g \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathtt{BOOL}}(A) .
     \forall [00] : \forall b \in A : (\exists i \in I : b \le a_i) \Rightarrow g(b) = f_i(b) \Rightarrow g \in G
\texttt{CountablyFullSubgroup} :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} \mathsf{Subgroup} \Big( \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \Big)
G: \texttt{CountablyFullSubgroup} \iff \forall I: \texttt{Countable} \; . \; \forall a: \texttt{Injective}(I,A) \; . \; \forall f:I \to G \; .
      \forall [0] : PartitionOfUnity(A, Im a) : \forall g \in Aut_{BOOL}(A) .
     . \forall [00] : \forall b \in A . \left( (\exists i \in I : b \le a_i) \Rightarrow g(b) = f_i(b) \right) \Rightarrow g \in G
\texttt{generateFullSubgroup} :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to \mathsf{FullSubgroup}(A)
\texttt{generateFullSubgroup}\left(X\right) = \left\langle X\right\rangle_{\mathsf{F}} := \bigcap \left\{G : \texttt{FullSubgroup}(A) : X \subset G\right\}
\texttt{generateCoubtablyFullSubgroup} :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{ROOI}} ? \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to \mathsf{CountablyFullSubgroup}(A)
\texttt{generateCountablyFullSubgroup}\left(X\right) = \left\langle X\right\rangle_{\mathsf{CF}} := \bigcap \left\{G : \texttt{CountablyFullSubgroup}(A) : X \subset G\right\}
FullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupExpression :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall G \subset_{\mathsf{GRP}} \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A).
     . \ \langle G \rangle_{\mathrm{F}} = \Big\{ f \in \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall a \in A \setminus \{0\}. \\ \exists b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \setminus \{0\} : \exists g \in G : \forall c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f(c) = g(c) \Big\}
Proof =
H:=\left\{f\in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A): \forall a\in A\setminus\{0\}. \exists b\in \langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\setminus\{0\}: \exists g\in G: \forall c\in \langle b\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f(c)=g(c)\right\}: ? \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A),
Assume h, h' \in H,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [1]: a \neq 0,
\Big(b,g,[2]\Big) := \mathrm{E} H(h,a)[1] : \sum b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; \sum g \in G \; . \; b \neq 0 \; \& \; \forall c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; h(c) = g(c),
[3] := EEnd_{BOOL}(A, g)[2.1] : g(b) \neq 0,
\Big(b',g',[4]\Big):=\mathbb{E}H\Big(h',g(b)\Big)[3]:\sum b'\in \Big\langle g(b)\Big\rangle_{\mathcal{T}}\;.\;\sum g'\in G\;.\;b'\neq 0\;\&\;\forall c\in \langle b'\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\;.\;h'(c)=g'(c),
Assume c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[5] := \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}(A,A,g) \texttt{PrincipleIsealExpression}(\texttt{A},\texttt{b},\texttt{c}) : g(c) \in \left\langle g(b) \right\rangle_{\tau},
[h, h'] * := [4.2][5][2.2](c) : gg'(c) = gh'(c) = hh'(c);
\rightsquigarrow [1] := I \forall I^2 \exists I \forall I H I \forall : \forall h, h' \in H . hh' \in H,
```

```
Assume h \in H,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [2]: a \neq 0,
[3] := EEnd_{BOOL}(A, h^{-1})[2] : h^{-1}(a) \neq 0,
\left(b,g,[4]\right):=\mathbb{E}H\left(h,h^{-1}(a)\right)[2]:\sum b\in\left\langle h^{-1}(a)\right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}}.\ \sum g\in G\ .\ b\neq 0\ \&\ \forall c\in\langle b\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\ .\ h(c)=g(c),
[h.*.1] := BoolenMorphismIsMonotonic(A, h) : h(b) \le a,
[h. * .2] := EEnd_{BOOL}(A, h)[4.1] : h(b) \neq 0,
Assume c \in \langle h(b) \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[5] := \texttt{PrincipleIdealStructur}\Big(A, h(b), c\Big) \\ \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}\Big(A, A, h^{-1}\Big) : h^{-1}(c) \leq b, \\ \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}\Big(A, h^{-1}\Big) : h^{-1}(c) \leq b, \\ \texttt{Boolea
[6] := [4.2][5]EInverse : h^{-1}g(c) = h^{-1}h(c) = c,
[h.*] := q^{-1}[6] : h^{-1}(c) = q^{-1}(c);
 \rightsquigarrow [2] := I \forall I^2 \exists I \forall I H I \forall : \forall h \in H . h^{-1} \in H,
[3] := IGRP[1][2] : H \in GRP,
Assume I \in \mathsf{SET},
Assume a: Injective(I,A),
Assume h: I \to H,
Assume [4]: PartitionOfUnity(A, Im a),
Assume f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A),
Assume [5]: \forall b \in A : (\exists i \in I : b < a_i) \Rightarrow f(b) = h_i(b),
Assume b \in A,
Assume [6]: b \neq 0,
(i, [7]) := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}[4](b)[6] : \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i b \neq 0,
[8] := LatticeMeetsIneq(A, a_i, b) : a_i b \leq a_i,
\Big(b',g,[9]\Big):=\mathrm{E}H\Big(h_i,a_ib\Big)[7]:\sum b'\in\langle a_ib\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\;.\;\sum g\in G\;.\;b'\neq 0\;\&\;\forall c\in\langle b'\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\;.\;h_i(c)=g(c),
[b.*.1] := PrincipleIdealStructure(A, a_ib, b')LatticeJoinIneq(A, b', a_i) : b' \leq a_ib \leq b,
Assume c \in \langle b' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[10] := PrincipleIdealStructure(A, b', c)PrincipleIdealStructure(A, a'b, b')LatticeJoinIneq(A, a_i, b) :
        : c < b' < a'b < a',
[b. *.1] := [5](c)[10][8](c) : f(c) = h_i(c) = q(c);
 \rightsquigarrow [I.*] := \mathbf{I}H : f \in H;
\sim [4] := IFullSubgroup : FullSubgroup(A, H),
[5] := \mathbb{E} \langle G \rangle_{\mathbb{F}} [4] : \langle G \rangle_{\mathbb{F}} \subset H,
Assume F: FullSubgroup(A),
Assume [6]:G\subset F,
Assume h \in H,
D := \left\{ b \in A : \exists g \in G : \forall c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f(c) = g(c) \right\} : ?A,
[7] := EH(h)EDIOrderDense : OrderDense(A, D),
\Big(P,[8]\Big):={	t OrderDenseContainsPartitionOfUnity}[7]:\sum P:{	t PartitionOfUnity}(A) . P\subset A,
\left(g,[9]\right):=\mathsf{E}P\mathsf{E}H:\sum g:P\to G\;.\;\forall p\in P\;.\;\forall c\in\langle p\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}\;.\;g_p(c)=h(c),
[10] := \mathbf{E}g[6] : \forall p \in P . g_p \in F,
[h.*] := \mathtt{EFullSubgroup}(A,F)(P,P,g,h)[10][9] : h \in F;
```

```
\rightsquigarrow [F.*] := I \subset H \subset F;
  \sim [6] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow \mathtt{I} \forall : \forall F : \mathtt{FullSubgroup}(A) \; . \; G \subset F \Rightarrow H \subset F,
 [7] := \mathbb{E} \langle G \rangle_{\mathcal{F}} : H \subset \langle G \rangle_{\mathcal{F}},
 [*] := \mathbf{ISetEq}[5][7] : \langle G \rangle_{\mathbf{F}} = H;
   \texttt{CountablyFullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupElement} :: \forall A: \sigma\text{-}\texttt{Algebra} \ . \ \forall g \in \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{BOOL}}(A) \ .
             .\ \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} = \Big\{ f \in \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \exists p : \mathbb{Z} \to A : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathrm{Im}\, p) \ \& \ f \in \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \exists p : \mathbb{Z} \to A : \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathrm{Im}\, p) \Big\} \Big\}
            & \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall b \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f(b) = g^n(b)
Proof =
H:=\Big\{f\in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A): \exists p:\mathbb{Z}\to A: \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im} p)\ \&\ f\in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A): \exists f\in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL
             & \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall b \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f(b) = g^n(b)  :? Aut<sub>BOOL</sub>(A),
 Assume h, h': H,
 \left(p,[1]\right):=\mathtt{E}H(h):\sum p:\mathbb{Z}\to A \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im} p) \ \& \ \forall n\in\mathbb{N} \text{ . } \forall b\in\langle p_n\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . } h(b)=g^n(b),
 \left(p',[2]\right):=\mathtt{E}H(h'):\sum p':\mathbb{Z}\to A \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im}p') \ \& \ \forall n\in\mathbb{N} \text{ . } \forall b\in\langle p'_n\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . } h'(b)=g^n(b),
p'' := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} \cdot \bigvee_{n=l+k} p_l \wedge h^{-1}(p'_k) : \mathbb{Z} \to A,
 Assume n, m : \mathbb{Z},
Assume [3]: n \neq m,
 Assume k, l, t, s : \mathbb{Z},
 Assume [4]: n = k + l,
 Assume [5] : m = t + s,
[6] := [3][4][5] : k \neq t | l \neq s,
 \left\lceil (k,l,t,s).* \right\rceil := \texttt{EPairwiseDisjointElements}(A,\operatorname{Im} p \ \& \ \operatorname{Im} p')[6] : p_l h^{-1}(p_k') p_s h^{-1}(p_t') = 0;
   \sim [4] := \mathbb{I} \forall \mathbb{I}^2 \Rightarrow : \forall k, l, t, s \in \mathbb{Z} . (n = k + l \& m = t + s) \Rightarrow p_l h^{-1}(p_k') p_s h^{-1}(p_t') = 0,
 \Big\lceil (n,m).* \big\rceil := \mathsf{E} p'' \mathsf{EDistributiveLattice}(A)[4] \mathsf{E} \sup :
            : p_n'' p_m'' = \bigvee_{n=l+k} p_l h^{-1}(p_k') \bigvee_{m=t+s} p_t h^{-1}(p_s') = \bigvee_{n=l+k, m=t+s} p_l h^{-1}(p_k') p_s h^{-1}(p_t') = \bigvee_{n=l+k, m=t+s} 0 = 0;
  \sim [3] := IPairwiseDisjointElements : PairwiseDisjointElements (A, Im p'').
 Assume a \in A,
 Assume [4]: a \neq 0,
 \Big(n,[5]\Big):= \mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,\operatorname{Im} p)\Big(a,[4]\Big): \sum n \in \mathbb{Z} . p_n a \neq 0,
 \left(m,[6]\right):=\mathtt{EOrderDense}(A,h^{-1}\operatorname{Im}p')\left(p_na,[5]\right):\sum m\in\mathbb{Z}\;.\;h^{-1}(p'_m)p_na\neq 0,
[7.*] := Ep'' OrderContinuousMult(A) E sup[6] :
        p_{m+n}''a = \left(\bigvee_{n+m=l+k} p_l h^{-1}(p_k')\right) a = \bigvee_{n+m=l+k} p_l h^{-1}(p_k') a \ge p_n g^{-1}(p_m') a > 0;
  \rightarrow [4] := IOrderDense : OrderDense(A, Im p''),
 [5] := PoUIffODAndDisjoint[3][4] : PartitionOfUnity(A, Im p''),
```

```
Assume k, l \in \mathbb{Z},
Assume c \in \langle h^{-1}(p_k)p_l \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[7] := PrincipleIdealExpression(h^{-1}(p_k)p_l)LatticeJointIneq(A, p_l, cp'_k) : c \leq h^{-1}(p'_k)p_l \leq p_l
[8] := PrincipleIdealExpression(h^{-1}(p_k)p_l)BoooleanMorphismIsMonotonic(A, A, h)
      LatticeJointIneq(A, p_l, cp'_k) : h(c) \le p'_k h(p_l) \le p'_k
 \left[(l,k).*\right] := [2](k)[8][1](l)[9] \text{ExpMult} \left( \text{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \right) : hh'(c) = hg^k(c) = g^l g^l(c) = g^{l+k}(c);
 \rightsquigarrow [6] := I\forallI\forall : \forallk, l \in \mathbb{Z} . \forallc \in \langle h^{-1}(p_k)p_l \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . hh'(c) = g^{l+k}(c),
Assume n:\mathbb{N},
Assume c: \langle p_n'' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[7] := \texttt{PrincipleIdealExpression}(A, p_n'', c) : c \leq p_n'',
[n.*] := \texttt{EBooleanOrder}(A)[7]\texttt{E} p_n'' \texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,hh') \texttt{MultiplicationIsOrderContinuous}(A)
      [6] Lattice Join In eq E Order Continuous (A, A, g^{k+l}) Multiplication Is Order Continuous (A) I p_n''
      EBooleanOrder(A)[7]:
       : hh'(c) = hh'(cp_n'') = hh'\left(c\left(\bigvee_{k+l=n} h^{-1}(p_k')p_l\right)\right) = \bigvee_{k+l=n} hh'\Big(ch^{-1}(p_k')p_l\Big) = \bigvee_{k+l=n} g^{k+l}\Big(ch^{-1}(p_k')p_l\Big) = \bigvee_{k+l=n} hh'(cp_n'') = hh'
       = g^{k+l} \left( c \bigvee_{l+l=n} h^{-1}(p'_k) p_l \right) = g^{k+l}(cp''_n) = g^{k+1}(c);
 \rightsquigarrow [(h, h'). *] := IH : hh' \in H;
 \rightsquigarrow [1] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall h, h' \in H . hh' \in H,
Assume h \in H,
 \left(p,[2]\right):=\mathtt{E}H(h):\sum p:\mathbb{Z}\to A \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im} p) \ \& \ \forall n\in\mathbb{N} \text{ . } \forall b\in\langle p_n\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . } h(b)=g^n(b),
Assume n:\mathbb{N},
Assume c: \langle h(p_n) \rangle,
[3] := PrincipleIdealStructru(A, p_n, c)BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic(A, A, h^{-1}) : h^{-1}(c) \le p_n,
[4] := EInverse[2](n)[3] : c = hh^{-1}(c) = g^nh^{-1}(c),
[n.*] := \text{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)(g^n)[4] : h^{-1}(c) = g^{-n}(c);
 \sim [h.*] := Ih : h^{-1} \in H;
 \sim [2] := \mathbf{I} \forall : \forall h \in H . h^{-1} \in H,
[3] := IGRP[2][3] : H \in GRP,
Assume I: Countable,
Assume a: Injective(I, A),
Assume h: I \to H,
Assume [4]: PartitionOfUnity(A, Im a),
Assume f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A),
Assume [5]: \forall b \in A : (\exists i \in I : b < a_i) \Rightarrow f(b) = h_i(b),
Assume i \in I,
\left(p^i,[6]\right) := \mathtt{E}H(h_i) : \sum p^i : \mathbb{Z} \to A \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im} p^i) \ \& \ \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ . } \forall b \in \langle p_n^i \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . } h_i(b) = g^n(b),
q_i := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} . a_i p_n^i : \mathbb{Z} \to A;
 \rightsquigarrow q := \mathbb{I}(\rightarrow) : I \to \mathbb{Z} \to A,
p := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} \cdot \bigvee q_{i,n} : \mathbb{Z} \to A,
[6] := EpEPartitionOfUnity(A, Im a) : PartitionOfUnity(A, Im p),
```

```
Assume n \in \mathbb{Z},
Assume I \in I,
Assume c \in \langle p_n^i a_i \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[7] := PrincipleIdealStructue(A, p_n^i a_i, c)JoinIneq(A, a_i, p_n^i) : c \le p_n^i a_i \le a_i,
[8] := PrincipleIdealStructue(A, p_n^i a_i, c)JoinIneq(A, p_n^i, a_i) : c \leq p_n^i a_i \leq p_n^i
[n.*] := [5](c)[7]...: f(c) = h_i(c) = g^n(c);
 \sim [7] := \mathbb{I}^3 \forall : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} . \forall i \in I . \forall c \in \langle p_n^i a_i \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . g(c) = g^n(c),
Assume n \in \mathbb{Z},
Assume c \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[n.*] := \texttt{EBooleanOrder}(A) \texttt{E} c \texttt{E} p_n \texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A, A, f') \texttt{MultiplicationIsOrderContinuous}(A)
          [7]LatticeJoinIneqEOrderContinuous(A,A,g^n)MultiplicationIsOrderContinuous(A)Ip_n
           : \texttt{EBooleanOrder}(A) \\ \texttt{E} \\ c: \\ f(c) = f(cp_n) = f\left(c\bigvee_{i \in I}p_n^ia_i\right) = \bigvee_{i \in I}f\left(cp_n^ia_i\right) = \bigvee_{i \in I}f\left(cp_n^ia_i\right) = \bigvee_{i \in I}g^n\left(cp_n^ia_i\right) = \bigvee_{i \in I}
           = g^n \left( c \bigvee_{i \in I} p_n^i a_i \right) = g^n(cp_n) = g^n(c);
 \rightsquigarrow [I.*] := \mathbf{I}H : f \in H;
 \sim [4] := ICountablyFullSubgroup : CountablyFullSubgroup(A, H),
[5] := \mathbb{I} \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} [4] : \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} \subset H,
Assume G: CountablyFullSubgroup(A),
Assume [6]: g \in G,
Assume h \in H,
 \left(p^i,[7]\right):=\mathtt{E}H(h):\sum p:\mathbb{Z}\to A \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}(A,\operatorname{Im} p) \ \& \ \forall n\in\mathbb{N} \text{ . } \forall b\in\langle p_n\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . } h(b)=g^n(b),
[G.*] := ECountablyFullSubgroup(A, G)[6][7] : h \in G;
 \sim [6] := \mathbb{I} \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} : H \subset \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}},
[*] := \mathbf{ISetEq}[5][6] : H = \langle g \rangle_{\mathbf{CF}};
  FullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupElement :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall g \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A).
            . \ \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{F}} = \Big\{ f \in \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall a \in A \setminus \{0\} \ . \ \exists b : \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \setminus \{0\} : \exists n \in \mathbb{Z} : \forall c \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f(c) = g^n(c) \Big\}
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
\texttt{CompleteAlgebraFullGroupIndifference} :: \forall A : \tau \texttt{-Algebra} . \forall g \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \langle g \rangle_{\mathsf{F}} = \langle g \rangle_{\mathsf{CF}}
[1] := \mathbb{E} \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{F}} \mathbb{E} \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{CF}} \mathbb{I} \subset \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{CF}} \subset \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{F}},
Assume f \in \langle g \rangle_{\mathsf{F}},
D := \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{Z} : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^n(b) \right\} : ?A,
[2] := FullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupElement(A, g, f)EDIOrderDense : OrderDense(A, D),
 \Big(P,[3]\Big):={	t OrderDenseContainsPartitionOfUnity}:\sum P:{	t PartitionOfUnity}(A) . P\subset D,
p := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} \cdot \bigvee \left\{ q \in P : \forall b \in \langle q \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cdot f(b) = g^n(b) \right\} : \mathbb{Z} \to A,
 [4] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, P) \text{EpMultIsOrderC}(A) \text{IPartitionOfUnity} : \text{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \text{Im } p),
 [5] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z}. EpEOrderContinuous(A, A, f \& g^n) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^n(b),
[f.*] := \texttt{CountablyFullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupElement}(A)[4][5] : f \in \langle g \rangle_{\texttt{CF}};
 \rightsquigarrow [2] := I \subset : \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{F}} \subset \langle g \rangle_{\mathcal{CF}},
[*] := \mathtt{ISetEq}[1][2] : \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{F}} = \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} \,;
{\tt CompleteAlgebraElementsFullGroupSuppExpression} :: \\
            :: \forall A: \tau\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall g \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \langle g \rangle_{\operatorname{F}} = \left\{ f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) : \bigwedge_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \operatorname{supp} fg^n = 0 \right\}
Proof =
H := \left\{ f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \bigwedge_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \operatorname{supp} fg^n = 0 \right\} : ? \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A),
Assume f \in \langle g \rangle_{\mathrm{F}},
\text{[1]} := \mathtt{E} \operatorname{supp} \mathtt{Iinverse}(\mathbb{Z}) \mathtt{E} \mathbb{Z} \operatorname{SupInverse}(A) \mathtt{E} \mathbf{\widehat{C}} \mathtt{FullSubgroupGeneratedByElement}(A,g,f)
         DensitySupTHM(A, e)E\mathbb{C}:
           : \bigwedge_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \operatorname{supp} fg^n = \bigwedge \{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : fg^n(b) = b \} =
          \bigwedge\{a\in A: \exists n\in\mathbb{N} \ . \ \forall b\in\langle a^{\complement}\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f(b)=g^{-n}(b)\}=\bigwedge\{a\in A: \exists n\in\mathbb{N} \ . \ \forall b\in\langle a^{\complement}\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f(b)=g^{n}(b)\}=\emptyset
         \neg \bigvee \left\{ a^{\complement} | a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b) = g^{n}(b) \right\} = \neg \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} . f(
            =e^{C}=0.
 [2] := \mathbf{E}H[1] : f \subset H;
  \leadsto [1] := \mathbf{I} \subset : \langle g \rangle_{\mathbf{F}} \subset H,
Assume f:H,
X := \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f(b) = g^n(b) \right\} : ?A,
[2] := \mathbb{E}H(f)\mathbb{I}X : e = \bigvee \left\{ a \in A : \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f(b) = g^n(b) \right\} = \sup X,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [3]: a \neq 0,
 (x, n, [4]) := \operatorname{E}\sup[2] : \sum x \in X . \sum n \in \mathbb{Z} . ax \neq 0 \& \forall b \in \langle x \rangle . f(b) = g^n(b),
[a.*] := \texttt{MeetIneq}(A)[4] \texttt{E}x : \forall b \in \langle ax \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f(b) = g^n(b);
  \sim [f.*] := \text{FullSubgroupGeneratedByElement}(A, g, f) : f \in \langle g \rangle_{\text{F}};
  \sim [*] := I \subset ISetEq[1] : H = \langle g \rangle_F;
```

```
ElementsFullSubgroupFixedPoint :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) : \forall \phi \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{F}} : \forall a \in A : \mathsf{Fool}(A) : \forall \phi \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{F}} : \forall a \in A : \mathsf{Fool}(A) : \forall \phi \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{F}} : \forall \phi \in A : \mathsf{Fool}(A) : 
             f(a) = a \Rightarrow \phi(a) = a
Proof =
G:=\Big\{g\in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A): g(a)=a\Big\}: \operatorname{Subgroup}\Big(\operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)\Big),
Assume I \in Set,
Assume p: Injective(I, A),
Assume [1]: PartitionOfUnity(A, Im p),
Assume g: Injective(I, G),
Assume f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A),
Assume [2]: \forall b \in A : \forall i \in I : b \leq a_i \Rightarrow f(b) = g_i(b),
[3] := \text{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \text{Im } p) \text{EOrderContinuous}(A, A, f) \text{OrderContinuousMult}(A, I, p, a) [2]
          \Lambda i \in I \text{ .} \texttt{EBOOL}(A,A,g_i) \texttt{E}G(g_i) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A,I,p,a) \\ [2] \texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f) \\ [3]
          \mathsf{EPartitionOfUnity}(A, \mathsf{Im}\,p) \mathsf{EBOOL}(A, A, f) \mathsf{ERING}(A) :
           : f(a) = f\left(a\bigvee_{i\in I}p_i\right) = \bigvee_{i\in I}f(ap_i) = \bigvee_{i\in I}g_i(ap_i) = a\bigvee_{i\in I}g_i(p_i) = a\bigvee_{i\in I}f(p_i) = af\left(\bigvee_{i\in I}p_i\right) = af(e) = ae = a,
[I.*] := EG[3] : f \in G;
 \sim [1] := IFullSubgroup : FullSubgroup A, G,
[2] := \mathbb{E} \langle g \rangle_{\mathbb{F}} [0][1] : \langle g \rangle_{\mathbb{F}} \subset G,
[*] := EG[2] : \forall \phi \in \langle G \rangle_F : \phi(a) = a;
ElementsFullSubgroupSupport :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall g \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{F}} . \mathsf{Supp}(f) \subset \mathsf{Supp}(g)
Proof =
Assume a \in \text{Supp}(f),
Assume b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[1] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Supp}(f, a, b) : f(b) = b,
[b.*] := ElementsFullSubgroupFixedPoint[1] : g(b) = b;
  \sim [a.*] := I Supp : a \in \text{Supp}(g);
  \sim [*] := I \subset: Supp(f) \subset Supp(g);
```

1.7.5 Recurrence

```
\texttt{limsup} :: \prod A : \tau\text{-Algebra}.(\mathbb{N} \to A) \to A
\limsup_{n=1} (a) = \limsup_{n=1} a_n := \inf_{n=1} \sup_{k > n} a_k
LimsupIsAFixedPoint :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f : \mathsf{OrderContinuous}(A, A) \& \operatorname{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A .
    f\left(\limsup_{n=1} f^n(a)\right) = \limsup_{n=1} f^n(a)
Proof =
[*] := E \lim \sup EOrderContinuous(A, A, f)I2SupIsMonotonic(A)E \inf :
    : f\Big(\limsup_{n=1} f^n(a)\Big) = f\bigg(\inf_{n=1} \sup_{k \ge n} f^k(a)\Big) = \inf_{n=1} \sup_{k \ge n} f^{k+1}(a) = \inf_{n=2} \sup_{k \ge n} f^k(a) = \inf_{n=1} \sup_{k \ge n} f^k(a) = \limsup_{n=1} f^n(a);
 a \le \sup_{n=1} f^n(a) \Rightarrow \forall k \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \sup_{n=k} f^n(a) = \sup_{n=1} f^n(a)
Proof =
\mathcal{S}:=\Lambda m\in\mathbb{N} . \Big(\forall k\in[1,\ldots,m] . \sup_{n=k}f^n(a)=\sup_{n=1}f^n(a)\Big):\mathbb{N}\to\mathsf{Type},
[1] := \mathbb{I}(=, A, \sup_{n=1} f^n(a)) : \sup_{n=1} f^n(a) = \sup_{n=1} f^n(a),
[2] := I \times [1] : \times (1),
[00] := f[0] \texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f) : f(a) \leq \sup_{n=2} f^n(a),
Assume m \in \mathbb{N},
Assume [2]: \mathcal{N}(m),
[m.*] := \Lambda n \in [m+1,\ldots,\infty). In + 1EOrderContinuous(A,A,f)E\times[2]EOrderContinuous(A,A,f)[00]:
    : \sup_{n=m+1} f^n(a) = \sup_{n=m} f^{n+1}(a) = f\left(\sup_{n=m} f^n(a)\right) = f\left(\sup_{n=1} f^n(a)\right) = \sup_{n=2} f^n(a) = \sup_{n=1} f^n(a);
 \sim [2] := I \Rightarrow I\forall : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} . \mathcal{L}(m) \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}(m+1),
[*] := \mathbb{E}\mathbb{N}[1][2] : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} . \mathcal{L}(m);
 RecurrentOn :: \prod_{A \in POOL} A \rightarrow ?End_{BOOL}(A)
f: \texttt{RecurrentOn} \iff \Lambda a \in A \; . \; \forall b \in \langle a \rangle \; . \; b \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists k \in \mathbb{N} \; . \; af^k(b) \neq 0
{\tt DoublyRecurrentOn} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in {\tt BOOL}} A \to ?{\tt Aut}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A)
f: Doubly Recurrent On \iff \Lambda a \in A . Recurrent On(A, a, f \& f^{-1})
```

```
RecurrenceOnImpliesBound :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A .
     . RecurrentOn(A, a, f) \Rightarrow \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ a \leq \sup f^{-n}(a)
Proof =
b := a \setminus \sup_{n=m} f^{-n}(a) :?A,
Assume [1] \in b \neq 0,
[2] := EbSetminusIneq : b \le a,
\Big(k,[3]\Big) := \mathtt{ERecurrentOn}(A,a,f)[1][2] : \sum k \in \mathbb{N} \;.\; f^k(b)a \neq 0,
[4] := \mathsf{E}b\mathsf{EInverseE} \setminus : af^k(b) = af^k(a) \setminus_{n=1}^{\infty} f^{n-k}(a) = 0,
[1.*] := [3][4] : \bot;
 \sim [1] := \mathbf{E} \perp : b = 0,
\begin{split} &[2] := \mathbf{E} \setminus \mathbf{E}b[1] : a \leq \sup_{n=1} f^{-n}(a), \\ &[*] := [2] \mathbf{IteratedSupLemma}(A,a,f^{-1}) : \forall m \in \mathbb{N} \;.\; a \leq \sup_{m=1} f^{-n}(a); \end{split}
 RecurrenceOnImpliesBound :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A) . \forall a \in A .
     . a \leq \sup_{\cdot} f^{-n}(a) \Rightarrow \mathtt{RecurrentOn}(A, a, f)
Proof =
Assume b \in A,
Assume [1]: b \leq a,
Assume [2]: b \neq 0,
[3] := [1][0] : b \le \sup_{n=1} f^{-n}(a),
[4] := \mathtt{EBooleanOrder}(A) \circ \mathtt{CMult}(A) : b = b \sup_{n=1} f^{-n}(a) = \sup_{n=1} f^{-n}(a),
(n, [5]) := \mathbb{E} \sup[4] : \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} f^{-n}(a)b \neq 0,
[b.*] := f^n[5] : af^n(b) \neq 0;
 \rightarrow [*] := IRecurrentOn : RecurrentOn(A, a, f);
 {\tt Double Recurrence Symmetry} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall f : {\tt Doubly RecurrentOn}(A,a) \ .
     . DoublyRecurrentOn\left(A,a,f^{-1}
ight)
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
\texttt{inducedAutomorphism} :: \prod A : \tau\text{-Algebra} . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \texttt{DounblyRecurrentOn}(A, a) \to \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{BOOL}}\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}
\mathbf{inducedAutomorphism}\,(f) = f_a := \Lambda b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \, . \, f^n(b) \,\, \mathtt{where} \,\, b \leq a f^{-n}(a) \, \setminus \sup_{1 \leq k \leq n} f^{-k}(a)
p:=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N} . af^{-n}(a)\setminus \sup_{1\leq k< n}f^{-k}(a):\mathbb{N}\to A,
q := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot af^n(a) \setminus \sup_{1 \le k \le n} f^k(a) : \mathbb{N} \to A,
[1] := \mathsf{E} p \mathsf{IPairwiseDisjointElements}: \mathsf{PairwiseDisjointElements}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathsf{Im}\, p\Big),
Assume b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
N := \{ n \in \mathbb{N} : af^n(b) \neq 0 \} : ?\mathbb{N},
[2] := {\tt EDoublyRecurrentOn}(A,a,f) {\tt E}N : N \neq \emptyset,
n := \min N \in \mathbb{N},
[3] := \mathbf{E}n : af^n(b) \neq 0,
[4] := \Lambda k \in [1, \dots, n-1]. \mathsf{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f^{-k}) \mathsf{E} n \mathsf{E} \min \mathsf{E} N \mathsf{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f^{-k}):
     \forall k \in [1, ..., n-1] \cdot bf^{-k}(a) = f^{-k}(f^k(b)a) = f^{-k}(0) = 0,
[b.*] := Ep_n EBooleanOrder(A, a, b) MeetDifference(A)[4] EAut_{BOOL}(A, f^{-k})[3] EAut_{BOOL}(A, f^{-k}):
     : bp_n = baf^{-n}(a) \setminus \sup_{1 \le k < n} f^{-k}(a) = bf^{-n}(a) \setminus \sup_{1 \le k < n} bf^{-k}(a) = bf^{-n}(a) = f^{-n}(bf^n(a)) \ne 0;
 \sim [2] := IPartitionOfUnity[1] : PartitionOfUnity(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, Im p),
[3] := EqIPartitionOfUnity : PartitionOfUnity (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} q),
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
[n.*] :=: f^n(p_n) = f^n\left(af^{-n}(a) \setminus \sup_{1 \le k \le n} f^{-k}(a)\right) = f^n(a)a \setminus_{1 \le k \le n} f^k(a) = q_n;
\rightsquigarrow [4] := \mathsf{I} \forall : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(p_n) = q_n,
f_a := \Lambda \bigvee_{i=1}^{\infty} b_i p_i \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . \bigvee_{i=1}^{\infty} f^n(b_i) q_i : \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[5] := \texttt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} p\Big) \texttt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} q\Big) : f_a \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
  \textbf{InducedHomomorphismInverse} :: \forall A: \tau \textbf{-Algebra} . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall f: \texttt{DoublyRecurrentOn}(A,a) \ . \ (f_a)^{-1} = (f^{-1})_a 
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
InducedHomomorphismPoU :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) . \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ .
                                        . \ \exists p: \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}: \texttt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} p\Big) \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_{+} \ . \ \forall c \in \langle p_{k} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f_{a}^{n}(c) = f^{n+k}(c)
Proof =
   \left(p,q,[1]\right) := \mathtt{E} f_a : \sum p,q : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}\left(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} p\right) \& \text{ PartitionOfUnity}\left(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\right) \& \operatorname{PartitionOfUnity}\left(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\right) \& \operatorname{Partit
                                    & \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(p_n) = q_n\right) & \forall \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a\left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n\right) = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^n(b_n)q_n
w_0 := \Lambda k \in \mathbb{Z}_0 . if k == 0 then a else 0 : \mathbb{Z}_+ \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[2] := \mathsf{E} w_0 : \mathsf{PartitionOfUnity} (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathsf{Im} \, w_0),
[3] := \Lambda k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \Lambda c \in \langle w_{0,k} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \mathbf{ZeroExponentTHM} \Big( \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f \Big) \mathbf{E} \operatorname{id} \mathbf{E} w_0(x) :
                                        : \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_0 : \forall c \in \langle w_{0,k} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a^0(c) = \mathrm{id}(c) = c = f^k(c),
 Assume n: \mathbb{Z}_+,
 Assume w_n: \mathbb{Z}_+ \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
Assume [4]: PartitionOfUnity (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} w_n),
Assume [5]: \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \forall c \in \langle w_{n,k} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f_a^n(c) = f^{n+k}(c),
b := \Lambda k, t \in \mathbb{Z}_+ . f_a^{-1}(w_{n,k})p_t : \mathbb{Z}_+^2 \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
w_{n+1} := \Lambda k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ : \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} b_{t,s} : \mathbb{Z}_+ \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
[n.*.1] := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} w_n\Big) \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} p\Big)
                                        : Ew_{n+1} IPartitionOfUnity Iw_{n+1} : PartitionOfUnity (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} w_{n+1}),
 Assume k \in \mathbb{Z}_+,
 Assume c \in \langle w_{n+1,k} \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
 [n.*.2] := \texttt{EBooleanOrder}(w_{n+1,k},c) \texttt{E} w_{n+1,k} \texttt{E} b \texttt{EOrderContinuous}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_a\Big) \texttt{EInverse}\Big( \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{BOOL}} \langle a \rangle_{\texttt{Aut}}, f_a\Big) \texttt{Einverse}\Big( \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{Aut}} \langle
                               [1][3]EOrderContinuous(A,f)[1]^3IbIw_{n+1,k}EBooleanOrder(w_{n+1,k},c):
                                  : f_a^{n+1}(c) = f_a^{n+1}(cw_{n+1,k}) = f_a^{n+1}\left(c\bigvee_{k+1-t+s}b_{t,s}\right) = f_af_a^n\left(c\bigvee_{k+1-t+s}f_a^{-1}(w_{n,s})p_t\right) = f_af_a^n\left(c\bigvee_{k+1-t+s}f_a^{-1}(w_{n,s})p_
                                    = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f_a f_a^n \Big( c f_a^{-1}(w_{n,s}) p_t \Big) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f_a^n (w_{n,s} f_a(p_t c)) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f^{n+s} \Big( w_{n,s} f^t(c p_t) \Big) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f^t(c p_t) \Big( w_{n,s} f^t(c p_t) \Big) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f^t(c p_t) \Big( w_{n,s} f^t(c p_t) \Big) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s} f^t(c p_t) \Big( w_{n,s} f^t(c p_t) \Big) = \bigvee_{k+1=t+s}
                                    = f^{n+k+1} \left( c \bigvee_{k+1} f^{-t}(w_{n,s}) p_t \right) = f^{n+k+1} \left( c \bigvee_{k+1} f^{-t}(w_{n,s}q_t) \right) = f^{n+k+1} \left( c \bigvee_{k+
                                    = f^{n+k+1} \left( c \bigvee_{b+1-t+s} f_a^{-1}(w_{n,s}) p_t \right) = f^{n+k+1} \left( c \bigvee_{b+1-t+s} b_{t,s} \right) = f^{n+k+1} (cw_{n+1,k}) = f^{n+k+1} (c);
     \sim [*] := \mathtt{E} \mathbb{N} : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \exists p : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity} \Big( \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathrm{Im} \, p \Big) \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \forall c \in \langle p_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ \exists p : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity} \Big( \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathtt{Im} \, p \Big) \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \forall k \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \
```

 $f_a^n(c) = f^{n+k}(c);$

```
InducedHomomorphismRecurrence :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A : \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} .
                               \forall b \in \left\langle af^{-n}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \exists b' \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \exists k \in [0, \dots, n] : \forall c \in \langle b' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^{n}(c) = f_{a}^{k}(c)
 Proof =
 \mathcal{L} := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} : \forall m \in [1, \dots, n] : \forall b \in \left\langle a f^{-n}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} : \exists b' \in \left\langle b \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \exists k \in [0, \dots, n] : \forall c \in \left\langle b' \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^{n}(c) = f_{a}^{k}(c) : f^{n}(c) : f^{n}(c) = f_{a}^{k}(c) : f^{n}(c) : f^{n}(c)
                              : \mathbb{N} \to \mathsf{Type},
    \Big(p,q,[1]\Big) := \mathtt{E} f_a : \sum p,q : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} p\Big) \text{ \& PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\Big) \text{ \& PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\Big) \text{ & PartitionOf
                            & \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(p_n) = q_n\right) & \forall \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a\left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n\right) = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^n(b_n) q_n
 [2] := \Lambda c \in \left\langle a f^{-1}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} \cdot [1](1,c) : \forall c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cdot f(c) = f_a(c),
  [3] := \mathbf{I} \times [2] : \times (1),
  Assume n:\mathbb{N},
 Assume [4]: \mathcal{N}(n),
 Assume b \in \langle af^{-n-1}(a) \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
    \left(v,[5]\right) := \operatorname{ByConstruction}\left(p,[1]\right) : \sum v : \{1,\ldots,n+1\} \to \left\langle af^{-n}(a)\right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ b = \bigvee^n v_i p_i,
  Assume 6: b \neq 0,
 [7] := [5][6] : \{k \in \{1, \dots, n+1\} : v_k \neq 0\} \neq \emptyset,
 k := \min \left\{ k \in \{1, \dots, n+1\} : v_k \neq 0 \right\} \in \{1, \dots, n+1\},
 b' := v_k p_k : \langle b p_k \rangle_{\tau},
 [8] := \mathbf{E}b'\mathbf{E}f_a : \forall c \in \langle b' \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . f_a(c) = f^k(c),
 [9] := \texttt{ExponentMult} \Big( \texttt{Aut}_{\texttt{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \texttt{E} b' \texttt{MonotonicBooleanMorphism}(A, A, f) \texttt{E} b : \texttt{MonotonicBooleanMorphism}(A, A, f) \texttt{E} b 
                            : f^k f^{n-k+1}(b') = f^{n+1}(b') \le f^n(b) \le a,
    (c, l, [10]) := \mathbb{E} \times [4][9](n+1-k) :
                            : \sum c \in \langle f^k(b') \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cdot \sum l \in \{1, \dots, n+k-k\} \cdot \forall d \in \langle c \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cdot f^{n-1-k}(d) = f_a^k(d),
b'' := f^k(c) \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},
 [n.*] := \Lambda d \in \langle b'' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \\ \texttt{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ f_a f_a^l = f_a^{l+1}(d); \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ f_a f_a^l = f_a^{l+1}(d); \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ f_a f_a^l = f_a^{l+1}(d); \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ f_a f_a^l = f_a^{l+1}(d); \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, k, n-k \Big) \\ [10][8] : f^{n+1}(d) = f^k f^{n+1-k}(d) \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big) \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big( \\ \text{ExponentMult} \Big) \\ \text{Exponent
    \sim [*] := \mathbb{E}\mathbb{N}[3] \mathbb{E}\mathbb{X} : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \ \forall b \in \left\langle af^{-n}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . \ \exists b' \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : \exists k \in [0, \dots, n] : \forall c \in \langle b' \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . \ f^n(c) = f_a^k(c);
```

```
LateRecurrenceDivision :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : \mathtt{DoublyRecurrentOn}(A, a) . \forall m, n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ .
           . \left( \forall k \in \{1, \dots, m-1\} . af^k(a) = 0 \right) \Rightarrow \exists d : \left\{ 1, \dots, \left| \frac{n}{m} \right| \right\} \to A :
           : PairwiseDisjointElements(A, Im d) & sup Im d = af^{-n}(a) &
          & \forall k \in \left\{1, \ldots, \left|\frac{n}{m}\right|\right\} . \forall c \in \langle d_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f^n(c) = f_a^k(c)
Proof =
\mathscr{S}:=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N}: orall t\in[1,\ldots,t]:\exists d:\left\{1,\ldots,\left\lfloorrac{t}{m}
ight\rfloor
ight\}
ightarrow A: 	exttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}(A,\operatorname{Im} d) \& t\in[0,1]
          & \sup \operatorname{Im} d = af^{-t}(a) \& \forall k \in \left\{1, \dots, \left|\frac{t}{m}\right|\right\} \ . \ \forall c \in \langle d_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f^t(c) = f_a^k(c) : \mathbb{N} \to \mathsf{Type},
 [1] := [0] \mathbb{E} \times : \forall t \in [1, \dots, m-1] . \times (t),
 Assume [2]: m = n,
d := af^{-n}a \in A,
 Assume c \in \langle d \rangle_{\tau},
[3] := \Lambda k \in \{1, \dots, n-1\} \cdot f([0])[2] : \forall k \in \{1, \dots, n-1\} \cdot af^{-k}(a) = 0,
 [2.*] := Ef_a[3]Ed : f^n(c) = f_a(c);
  \sim [2] := I\times : \times(m),
 \Big(p,q,[3]\Big):=\mathtt{E}f_a:\sum p,q:\mathbb{N}	o\langle a
angle_{\mathcal{I}} . \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a
angle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} p\Big) & \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a
angle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\Big) &
          & \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(p_n) = q_n\right) & \forall \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a\left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n p_n\right) = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^n(b_n) q_n
 [4] := \mathbf{I} \times [2] : \times (1),
 Assume n, s \in \mathbb{N},
Assume [5]: \mathcal{N}(n),
 Assume [6]: n+1 = ms,
t := \Lambda i \in \{m, \dots, n\} . \left| \frac{i}{m} \right| : \{m, \dots, n\} \to \{1, \dots, s - 1\},
 . PartitionOfUnity \left(\left\langle af^{-1}(a)\right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im}d_{i}\right) & \forall j\in\{1,\ldots,t_{i}\} . \forall c\in\left\langle d_{i,j}\right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f^{i}(c)=f_{a}^{j}(c),
[8] := \mathrm{I} p_n \mathsf{EBOOL} \Big( A, f^{-i}(a) \Big) \Lambda i \in \{m, \dots, n\} \mathsf{EPartitionOfUnity} \Big( \left\langle a f^{-i}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \mathrm{Im} \, d_i \Big)
        {\tt EDistiributiveLattice}(A):
         : af^{-n-1}(a) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{n} p_i f^{-n-1}(a) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{n} p_i f^{-i} \left( af^{i-n-1}(a) \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{n} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} d_{n+1-i,j} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \right) = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \left( \bigvee_{i=m}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i} \right) = p_{n
         = p_{n+1} \vee \bigvee_{i=m}^{n} \bigvee_{i=1}^{t_i} p_i f^{-i}(d_{n+1-i,j}),
d_{n+1} := \Lambda i \in \{1,\dots,s\} \; . \; \text{if} \; i == 1 \; \text{then} \; p_{n+1} \; \text{else} \; \bigvee^{n+1-m} p_i f^{-i}(d_{n+1-i,j-1}) : \{1,\dots,s\} \to A,
```

 $[9] := \operatorname{E} d_{n+1}[8][7] : \operatorname{PartitionOfUnity} \left(\left\langle af^{-n-1}(a) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} d_{n+1} \right),$

```
Assume k \in \{1, \ldots, s\},
Assume i \in \{m, \ldots, n\},
Assume b: \langle p_i f^{-i}(d_{n+1-i,k-1}) \rangle_{\tau},
[10] := \mathbf{E} f_a \mathbf{PrincipleIdealStructrue} \Big(A, p_i f^{-i}(d_{n-i,k-1}), b \Big) \mathbf{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}(A, A, f^i) + \mathbf{E} f_a \mathbf{PrincipleIdealStructrue} \Big(A, f^i + f^i
      BooleanMeet(A): f_a(b) = f^i(b) \le f^i(p_i) d_{n+1-i,k-l} \le d_{n-i,k-i},
[k.*] := \texttt{ExponenentMult}\Big( \mathtt{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A), f, i, n-i \Big) \mathtt{I} f_a[10] \mathtt{ExponenentMult}\Big( \mathtt{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \Big) :
        : f^{n+1}(b) = f^i f^{n+1-i}(b) = f_a f^{n+1-i}(b) = f_a^k(b);
 \sim [n.*] := I \forall : \forall k \in \{1, \dots, s\} . f^{n+1}(d_{n+1,k}) = f_a^k(d_{n+1,k});
 \sim [*] := EN : \forall m, n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ .
        \left(\forall k \in \{1,\ldots,m-1\} : af^k(a) = 0\right) \Rightarrow \exists d : \{1,\ldots,\left\lfloor \frac{n}{m}\right\rfloor\} \to A :
        : PairwiseDisjointElements (A, \operatorname{Im} d) \& \sup \operatorname{Im} d = af^{-n}(a) \& 
        & \forall k \in \left\{1, \ldots, \left|\frac{n}{m}\right|\right\} . \forall c \in \langle d_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} . f^n(c) = f_a^k(c);
 InnerRecurrenceCriterion :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) . \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} .
        . \mathtt{DoublyReccurent}(A,b,f) \iff \mathtt{DoublyReccurent}\left(\left\langle a\right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},b,f_{a}\right)
Proof =
Assume [1]: DoublyReccurrent(A, b, f),
Assume c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} \setminus \{0\},
 \Big(p,q,[2]\Big):=\mathtt{E}f_b:\sum p,q:\mathbb{N}	o\langle b
angle_{\mathcal{I}} . \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle b
angle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} p\Big) & \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle b
angle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} q\Big) &
        & \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(p_n) = q_n\right) \& \forall \bigvee^{\infty} d_n p_n \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a\left(\bigvee^{\infty} d_n p_n\right) = \bigvee^{\infty} f^n(d_n) q_n,
n := \min\{n \in \mathbb{N} : f^{-n}(c)b \neq 0\} \in \mathbb{N},
([3]) := \mathbf{E}q\mathbf{E}n : cq_n \neq 0,
 \Big(d,[4]\Big) := \texttt{LateRecurrenceDivision}(A,b,f,n,1) \\ \texttt{E} n : \sum d : \{1,\dots,n\} \to \left\langle af^{-n}(a) \right\rangle_{\tau} .
        . sup Im d = af^{-n}(a) \& \forall k \in \{1, ..., n\} : \forall x \in \langle d_k \rangle_{\tau} : f^n(x) = f_a^k(c),
 (k, [5]) := [4][3] : \sum k \in \{1, \dots, n\} \cdot d_k c f^{-n}(c) \neq 0,
x := d_k c : \langle c \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
[6] := \mathtt{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A,f) \mathtt{E} x \mathtt{E} c \mathtt{E}^2 \mathtt{BooleanOrder}(A)[5] : f^{-n}(bf^n(x)) = f^{-n}(b) x = f^{-n}(b) bx = x \neq 0,
[7] := \mathrm{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f)[1][4](x) : 0 \neq bf^n(x) = bf_a^k(x),
[1.*.1] := EBooleanOrder(A)(x,c)[7] : bf_a^k(c) \neq 0,
m := \min\{m \in \mathbb{N} : f^m(c)b \neq 0\} \in \mathbb{N},
 ([8]) := \mathbf{E}p\mathbf{E}m : cp_n \neq 0,
 \Big(d,[9]\Big):=\mathtt{LateRecurrenceDivision}(A,b,f^{-1},m,1)\mathtt{E}n:\sum d':\{1,\ldots,m\}	o \langle af^m(a)
angle_{\mathcal{I}} .
        . sup Im d' = af^m(a) \& \forall k \in \{1, \dots, n\}. \forall x \in \langle d'_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^n(x) = f_a^k(c),
 (l, [10]) := [8][9] : \sum k \in \{1, \dots, n\} \cdot d'_l c f^m(b) \neq 0,
y := d'_l c : \langle c \rangle_{\tau},
[10] := \text{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f) \text{E} y \text{E} c \text{E}^2 \text{BooleanOrder}(A) [10] : f^m(bf^{-m}(y)) = f^m(b) y = f^m(b) b y \neq 0,
[11] := \mathrm{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f)[10][9](y) : 0 \neq bf^{-m}(y) = bf_a^{-l}(y),
[1.*.2] := EBooleanOrder(A)(y,c)[7] : bf_a^{-l}(c) \neq 0;
```

```
\sim [1] := I \Rightarrow : \mathtt{DoublyReccurent}(A, b, f) \Rightarrow \mathtt{DoublyReccurent}\Big( \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, b, f_a \Big),
Assume [2]: DoublyReccurent (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, b, f_a),
Assume c \in \langle b \rangle_{\tau} \setminus \{0\},
\Big(n,[3]\Big):=\mathtt{EReccurent}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}},b,f_a,c\Big):\sum n \in \mathbb{N} . f_a^n(c)b \neq 0,
\Big(p,[4]\Big) := {\tt InducedHomomorphismPoU}(A,a,f,n) : \sum p : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} p\Big) \text{ . } \forall k \in \mathbb{N}
[5] := f_a^{-n}[3] : cf_a^{-n}(b) \neq 0,
\left(k,[6]\right) := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\left(\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} p, cf_a^{-n}(b), [5]\right) : \sum k \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ p_k cf_a^{-n}(b) \neq 0,
d := p_k c \in \langle c \rangle_{\tau},
[2.*.1] := [4][6] : f^{n+k}(d)b = f_a^n(d)(b) \neq 0,
\Big(m,[7]\Big):=\mathtt{EReccurent}\Big(\left\langle a\right
angle_{\mathcal{I}},b,f_a^{-1},c\Big):\sum m\in\mathbb{N}\;.\;f_a^{-m}(c)b
eq 0,
\left(q,[8]\right):= \texttt{InducedHomomorphismPoU}(A,a,f^{-1},m): \sum q: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \text{ . PartitionOfUnity}\left(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} q\right). \ \forall l \in \mathbb{N}
[9] := f_a^m[3] : cf_a^m(b) \neq 0,
\left(l,[10]\right) := \mathtt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\left\langle a\right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, \operatorname{Im} q, cf_a^m(b), [9]\Big) : \sum l \in \mathbb{N} \;.\; q_l cf_a^m(b) \neq 0,
d' := q_l c \in \langle c \rangle_{\tau},
[2.*.2] := [4][6] : f^{-m-l}(d')b = f_a^{-m}(d')(b) \neq 0;
\sim [*] := I \iff [1] : DoublyReccurrent(A, b, f) \iff DoublyReccurrent(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, b, f_a);
. DoublyReccurent(A, b, f) \Rightarrow f_b = (f_a)_b
Proof =
. . .
FixedPointRecurrence :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) . \forall b \in Fix(f) .
    . DoublyReccurent(A, ab, f)
Proof =
Assume c \in \langle ab \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} \setminus \{0\},
[2] := \texttt{MeetIneq}(A)\texttt{E}(a, b, c) : c \leq a,
(n,[3]) := \texttt{ERecurrentOn}(A,a,f,c) : \sum n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot f^n(c)a \neq 0,
[c.*.1] := \mathtt{EFix}(f,b) \mathtt{EBOOL}(A,A,f^n) \mathtt{EBooleanOrder}(A) [3] : f^n(c)ab = f^n(c)af^n(b) = f^n(cb)a = f^n(b)a \neq 0,
\left(m,[4]\right):=\mathtt{ERecurrentOn}\left(A,a,f^{-1},c\right):\sum m\in\mathbb{N}\;.\;f^{-m}(c)a\neq 0,
[c.*.2] := EFix(f,b)EBOOL(A,A,f^n)EBooleanOrder(A)[4]:
    : f^{-m}(c)ab = f^{-m}(c)af^{-m}(b) = f^{-m}(cb)a = f^{-m}(b)a \neq 0;
\sim [*] := IDoublyRecurrentOn : DoublyReccurrent(A, f, ab);
```

```
FixedPointInducedMorphism :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) . \forall b \in Fix(f) .
     f_{ab} = f_{a|\langle ab \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}}
Proof =
[1] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N}. EFix(f^{-n}, b)EBOOL(A, a) : \forall n \in \mathbb{N}. f^{-n}(a)a^2b = f^{-n}(ab)ab,
[*] := \mathsf{E} f_{ab}[1] : f_{ab} = f_{a|\langle ab \rangle_{\tau}};
InucedMorphismFixedPoint :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) . \forall b \in Fix(f) .
     ab \in Fix(f_a)
Proof =
 {\tt AperiodicInducedMorphism} :: \forall A: \tau {\tt -Algebra} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall f: {\tt DoublyRecurrentOn}(A,a) \ . \ \forall b \in {\tt Fix}(f) \ .
     . Aperiodic(A,f)\Rightarrow Aperiodic\left(\langle a\rangle_{\mathcal{I}},f_{a}\right)
Proof =
[1] := \mathtt{EAperiodic}(A, f)\mathtt{E}\operatorname{supp} : \forall b \in A \setminus 0 \ . \ \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \exists c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \ . \ f^n(c) \neq c,
Assume b: \langle a \rangle_{\tau} \setminus \{0\},
Assume n \in \mathbb{N},
\Big(p,[2]\Big) := {\tt InducedHomomorphismPoU}(A,a,f,n) : \sum p : \mathbb{N} \to \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; {\tt PartitionOfUnity}\Big(\, \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \, , {\rm Im} \, p \Big) \; .
     . \forall k \in \mathbb{N} : \forall d \in \langle p_k \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f_a^n(d) = f^{n+k}(d),
\Big(k,[3]\Big):= 	exttt{EPartitionOfUnity}\Big(\langle a
angle_{\mathcal{I}},\operatorname{Im} p,b\Big): \sum k\in\mathbb{N} \ . \ bp_m 
eq 0,
(d, [4]) := [1](bp_m, n+k) : \sum_{m} d \in \langle bp_m \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^{n+k}(d) \neq dc,
[b.*] := [4][2] : f_a^n(d) \neq d;
\sim [*] := IApperiodic : Aperiodic (\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, f_a);
TrinitaryLemma :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A : \forall f : DoublyRecurrentOn(A, a) : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} .
    f(a)a = 0 \& bf_a(b) = 0 \Rightarrow \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}\left(A, \{b, f(b), f^2(b)\}\right)
Proof =
[1] := f[0.1] : f^2(b)f(b) = 0,
Assume c: \langle f^2(b)b \rangle_{\tau},
[2] := [0.1] \mathbf{E} f_a \mathbf{E} c : f^{-2}(c) = f_a^{-1}(c),
[3] := \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}(A,A,f^{-2}) \\ \texttt{E}c[2] : f^{-2}(c) \leq f^{-2}(b)b = f_a^{-1}(b)b,
[4] := \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}(\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}, \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}, f_a)[3][0.2] : f^{-2}f_a(c) \leq bf_a(b) = 0,
[5] := \mathrm{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f^{-2}f_a)[4] : c = 0;
\rightsquigarrow [2] := \mathbb{E} \langle f^2(b)b \rangle_{\tau} : f^2(b)b = 0,
[*] := \mathtt{IPairwiseDisjointElements} \big[ 1 \big] [2] : \mathtt{PairwiseDisjointElements} \Big( A, \{b, f(b), f^2(b)\} \Big);
```

```
{\tt extendedInducedIsomorphism} \ :: \ \sum A : \tau\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \sum a \in A \ . \ {\tt DoublyRecurrentOn}(A,a) \ . \ \to {\tt Aut_{BOOL}}(A)
extendedInducedIsomorphism (f) = \tilde{f}_a := \Lambda ba + ca^{\complement} \in A. f_a(ba) + ca^{\complement}
ExtendedInducedIsomorphismInFullSubgroup ::
    :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall a \in A . \forall f : \mathtt{DoublyRecurrentOn}(A, a) . \hat{f}_a \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{F}}
Proof =
. . .
{\tt Recurrent} \, :: \, \prod_{A:{\tt BOOL}}?{\tt Aut}_{\tt BOOL}(A)
f: \texttt{Recurrent} \iff \forall a \in A . \texttt{RecurrentOn}(A, a, f)
DoublyRecurrent :: \prod_{A:BOOL} ?Aut<sub>BOOL</sub>(A)
f: \mathtt{DoublyRecurrent} \iff \forall a \in A . \mathtt{DoublyRecurrentOn}(A, a, f)
RecurrentCondition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} : \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A).
    . \operatorname{Recurrent}(A,f) \iff \forall a \in A \ . \ a = \sup a f^n(a)
Proof =
Assume [1]: Recurrent(A, f),
Assume a \in A,
Assume b \in \langle a \rangle_{\tau},
[2] := \text{ERecurrent}(A, f, b) : \text{RecurrentOn}(A, b, f),
Assume [3]: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f^n(a)b = 0,
Assume [4]: b \neq 0,
\Big(n,[5]\Big) := \mathtt{ERecurrentOn}(A,a,f)[2][4] : \sum n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ bf^n(b) \neq 0,
[6] := {\tt ZeroIsMinimal}(A)[5] {\tt MeetIneq}(A) : 0 < bf^n(b) \le af^n(b),
[7] := TrichtomyPrinciple[6] : af^n(b) \neq 0,
[1.*] := [7][3](n) : \bot;
\sim [1] := I \Rightarrow: Recurrent(A, f) \Rightarrow \forall a \in A . a = \sup_{n} a f^{n}(a),
\texttt{Assume} \ [2]: \forall a \in A \ . \ a = \sup_n a f^n(a),
```

 ${\tt RelativeAtom} :: \prod A : {\tt BOOL} \;. \; \prod B : {\tt Subalgebra}(A) \;. \; ?A$

 ${\tt RelativelyAtomless} \, :: \, \prod A : {\tt BOOL} \, . \, ? {\tt Subalgebra}(A) \, . \, ? A$

 $B: \mathtt{RelativelyAtomless} \iff \mathrm{Atom}_A(B) = \emptyset$

 $a: \texttt{RelativeAtom} \iff a \in \mathsf{Atom}_A(B) \iff \forall c \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; \exists b \in B: c = ab$

```
{\tt AperidocConditionForRecurrent} :: \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \ . \ \forall f \in {\tt Recurrent}(A) \ . \ {\tt Aperiodic}(A,f) \iff
      \iff RelativelyAtomless \Big(A, \operatorname{Fix}(f)\Big)
Proof =
Assume [1]: Aperiodic(A, f),
Assume a: Atom_A (Fix(f)),
[2] := \text{ERecurrent}(A, f, a) : \text{RecurrentOn}(A, a, f),
n := \min\{n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(a)a \neq 0\} \in \mathbb{N},
Assume b \in \langle af^n(a) \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
(b, [4]) := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Atom}_A (\operatorname{Fix}(f)) : \sum c \in \operatorname{Fix}(f) \cdot b = ca,
[5] := [4] \text{EBOOL}(A, A, f^n) \text{EFix}(f, c) \text{MeetIneq}(A) \text{E}b[4] : f^n(b) = f^n(ca) = cf^n(a) \ge caf^n(a) \ge b,
d := \bigvee_{k=0}^{n-1} f^k(b) \in A,
[6] := \mathbb{E} \sup \mathbb{E} d[5] : f(d) \ge d,
[7] := SupremumLemma[6] : f(d) = d,
[8] := \Lambda k \in [1, \dots, n-1]. \mathsf{EBOOL}(A, A, f^k) \mathsf{E} b \mathsf{E} n:
   \forall k \in [1, ..., n-1] \cdot f^n(b) f^k(b) = f^k (f^{n-k}(b)b) \le f^k (f^{n-k}(a)a) = 0,
[9] := \mathbf{E}d[7] : f^n(b) \le \sup_{0 < k < n} f^k(b),
[b.*] := [5][8][9] : f^n(b) = b;
\rightsquigarrow [4] := \mathbb{I} \forall : \forall b \in \langle af^n(a) \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} : f^n(b) = b,
[a.*] := \mathsf{EAperiodic} : \bot;
\sim [1.*] := E \perp : Atom_A (Fix(f)) = \emptyset;
\sim [1] := I \Rightarrow : Aperiod(A, f) \Rightarrow Atom_A (Fix(f)) = \emptyset,
Assume [2]: Atom_A (Fix(f)) = \emptyset,
Assume [3]: Aperiodic(A, f),
n := \min\{n \in \mathbb{N} : \text{supp } f^n \neq e\} \in \mathbb{N},
(a, [4]) := \operatorname{EnE} \operatorname{supp} f^n : \sum a \in A \cdot a \neq 0 \& \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \cdot f^n(b) = b,
Assume b: \langle a \rangle_{\tau},
Assume [5]: b \neq 0,
Assume k \in [1, \ldots, n-1],
(c, [6]) := EnE \operatorname{supp}(k) : \sum c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^k(c) \neq c,
d:= \text{if } c \setminus f^k(c) \neq 0 \text{ then } c \setminus f^k(c) \text{ else } c \setminus f^{n-k}(c) : \langle c \rangle_{\mathcal{T}},
```

```
\begin{split} & \operatorname{Ergodic} \, :: \, \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} ? \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \\ & f : \operatorname{Ergodic} \, \iff \forall a,b \in A \setminus \{0\} \, . \, \exists n \in \mathbb{N} : f^n(a)b \neq 0 \\ & \operatorname{\mathsf{AperidocConditionForErgodic}} \, :: \, \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \, . \, \forall f \in \operatorname{\mathsf{Ergodic}}(A) \, . \, \operatorname{\mathsf{Aperiodic}}(A,f) \, \iff \operatorname{\mathsf{Atomless}}(A) \\ & \operatorname{\mathsf{Proof}} \, = \\ & \dots \\ & \Box \end{split}
```

1.7.6 Interaction with Stone Spaces

```
{\tt StoneAutomorphismAgreement} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall a,b \in A \, . \, \forall \, \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \xrightarrow{f} \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : {\tt BOOL} \, .
       . \forall \varphi \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \varphi_{|\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}} = f \iff \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)_{|\mathsf{Z}\ \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}} = \mathsf{Z}(f)
Proof =
Assume [1]: \varphi_{|\langle a \rangle_{\tau}} = f,
Assume u \in \mathsf{Z} \langle b \rangle_{\tau},
[u.*] := \mathsf{EZ}(f)[0]\mathsf{IZ}(\varphi) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(b) = u \circ f = u \circ \varphi = \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)(b);
 \rightsquigarrow [1.*] := I(=, \rightarrow) : \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)_{|\mathsf{Z}|\langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}} = \mathsf{Z}(f);
 \leadsto [2] := \mathtt{I} \Rightarrow : \varphi_{|\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}} = f \Rightarrow \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)_{|\mathtt{Z}\; \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{T}}} = \mathsf{Z}(f),
Assume [2]: \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)_{|\mathsf{Z}|\langle b\rangle_{\tau}} = \mathsf{Z}(f),
[2.*] := \mathcal{TK}[2] : f = \varphi_{|\langle a \rangle_{\tau}};
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := I \iff [1] : \varphi_{|\langle a \rangle_{\tau}} = f \iff \mathsf{Z}(\varphi)_{|\mathsf{Z}|\langle b \rangle_{\tau}} = \mathsf{Z}(f);
StoneSupports :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A . a \in \mathsf{Supp}\, f \iff
         \iff S_A(a) \subset \left\{ v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) \neq v \right\}
Proof =
Assume [1]: a \in \operatorname{Supp}(f),
[2] := \mathbb{E}\operatorname{Supp}(f, a) : \forall b \in \langle a^{\complement} \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . f(b) = b,
[3] := \mathrm{I}S_A(a)\mathrm{I}\mathsf{Z}(f)[2] : \forall v \in S_A^{\complement}(a) . \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) = v,
[4] := [3]^{\complement} : \left\{ v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) \neq v \right\} \subset S_A(a),
[1.*] := \mathrm{Icl}_{\mathsf{Z}(A)}[4] : \overline{\left\{v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) \neq v\right\}} \subset S_A(a);
 \sim [*] :=: a \in \text{Supp } g \iff S_A(a) \subset \overline{\left\{v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) \neq v\right\}};
 StoneSupports :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A . a = \mathrm{supp}\, f \iff
         \iff S_A(a) = \overline{\left\{v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(f)(v) \neq v\right\}}
Proof =
 . . .
```

```
FullSubgroupDenseProperty :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f, g \in Aut_{BOOL}(A) .
     g \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathrm{F}} \iff \mathtt{Dense}\left(\mathsf{Z}(A), \bigcup_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathrm{int}\left\{v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(g)(v) = \mathsf{Z}(f^n)(v)\right\}\right)
Proof =
ig(p,[1]ig):=	exttt{CountablyFullSubgroupGeneratedByGrouopElement}(A,f,g):
     : \sum p: \mathbb{Z} \to A \; . \; \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity}(A, \operatorname{Im} p) \; \& \; \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} \; . \; \forall b \in \langle p_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \; . \; g(b) = f^n(b),
[2] := \mathsf{Z}[1.2] : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} . S_A(a) = \Big\{ v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : (\mathsf{Z} g)(v) = (\mathsf{Z} f^n)(v) \Big\},\,
[3] := SupremumStoneExpression(A)EPartitionOfUnity(A, Im p)[2] :
     : \mathsf{Z}(A) = \operatorname{cl} \bigcup_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{int} S_A(p_n) = \bigcup_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \operatorname{int} \Big\{ v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(g)(v) = \mathsf{Z}(f^n)(v) \Big\},
[*] := \mathtt{IDense}[3] : \mathtt{Dense}\left(\mathsf{Z}(A), \bigcup_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \mathrm{int}\left\{v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) : \mathsf{Z}(g)(v) = \mathsf{Z}(f^n)(v)\right\}\right);
 \texttt{FullSugroupComeager} :: \forall A : \tau\text{-Algebra} . \ \forall f,g \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ .
     . \ g \in \left\langle f \right\rangle_{\mathrm{F}} \iff \mathtt{Comeager}\bigg( \mathtt{Z}(A), \Big\{ v \in \mathtt{Z}(A) : \mathtt{Z}(g)(v) \in \{ \mathtt{Z}(f^n)(v) | n \in \mathbb{N} \} \Big\} \bigg)
Proof =
F := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} \cdot \left\{ v \in \mathsf{Z}(A) \cdot \mathsf{Z}(g)(v) = \mathsf{Z}(f^n)(v) \right\} : \mathbb{Z} \to ?\mathsf{Z}(A),
[2] := {\tt NowhereDenseConstruction}({\sf Z}\ A, F) : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}\ .\ {\tt NowhereDense}\Big({\sf Z}\ A, F_n \setminus \operatorname{int} F_n\Big),
[3] := \mathtt{EComeager}[2][1]\mathtt{IComeager} : \mathtt{Comeager}\left(\mathsf{Z}\ A,\ \bigcup^{\infty}\ \mathrm{int}\ F_n
ight),
[4] := \mathtt{BairTHM}[3] : \mathtt{Dense} \left( \mathsf{Z} \ A, \ \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \ \mathrm{int} \ F_n \right),
Assume a \in A,
\Big(n,[6]\Big):=\mathtt{EDense}[4](a):\sum a\in A . S_A\Big(g(a)\Big)\cap\mathrm{int}\,F_n
eq\emptyset,
\Big(b,[7]\Big):= \mathtt{StoneTHM}[6]: \sum b \in A \ . \ S_A(b) \subset S_A\Big(g(a)\Big) \cap \mathrm{int}\, F_n,
[8] := EZ(g)[7] : g^{-1}(b) \le a,
[a.*] := \mathbb{E}F_n[8] : \forall c \in \langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} : g(c) = f^n(c);
\sim [*] := FullSubgroupGeneratedByGroupElement : g \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathrm{F}};
```

```
RecurrentStoneCriterion :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f \in \mathsf{End}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A . RecurrentOn(A, f, a) \iff
       \iff S_A(a) \subset \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathsf{Z}(f^n) \Big( S_A(a) \Big)
Proof =
Assume [1]: RecurrentOn(A, f, a),
[2] := \text{ERecurrentOn}(A, f, a) : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\tau} \setminus \{0\} . \exists k \in \mathbb{N} : af^k(b) \neq 0,
[3] := \mathbb{I}S_A \mathbb{I}\mathsf{Z}[2] : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \setminus \{0\} . \exists k \in \mathbb{N} : S_A(a) \cap \left(\mathsf{Z}(f^k)\right)^{-1} S_A(b) \neq \emptyset,
[4] := \mathtt{Iimage}[3] : \forall b \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} \setminus \{0\} . \exists k \in \mathbb{N} : \Big(\mathsf{Z}(f^k)\Big) \Big(S_A(a)\Big) \cap S_A(b) \neq \emptyset,
[5] := \mathtt{IDense}[4] : \mathtt{Dense}\left(S_A(a), S_A(a) \cap \bigcup_{k=1}^\infty \mathsf{Z}(f^k) \Big(S_A(a)\Big)\right),
[*] := \operatorname{Icl}[5] : S_A(a) \subset \bigcup_{k=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{Z}(f^k) \left(S_A(a)\right);
 {\tt InducedHomeomorphismSetting} \ :: \ \forall A: \sigma\text{-}{\tt Algebra} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall f: {\tt RecurrentOn}(A,a) \ .
     \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} G_n = S_A(a) \cap \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathsf{Z}(f^{-n}) \Big( S_A(a) \Big)
    G = \Lambda k \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \left\{ v \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^k(v) \in S_A(a) \& \forall i \in \{1, \dots, k-1\} f^i(v) \notin S_A(a) \right\}
Proof =
 . . .
  \textbf{InducedHomeomorphismSetting} \ :: \ \forall A : \sigma \textbf{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \forall f : \texttt{RecurrentOn}(A,a) \ . 
     \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} G_n = S_A(a) \cap \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathsf{Z}(f^{-n}) \Big( S_A(a) \Big)
    G = \Lambda k \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \left\{ v \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^k(v) \in S_A(a) \& \forall i \in \{1, \dots, k-1\} f^i(v) \notin S_A(a) \right\}
Proof =
 . . .
 InducedHomeomorphismProperty :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall a \in A : \forall f : \text{RecurrentOn}(A, a) .
      . \forall k \in \mathbb{N} . \forall v \in G_k . \mathsf{Z}(f_a)(v) = \mathsf{Z}^k(f)(v) where
    G = \Lambda k \in \mathbb{N} \cdot \left\{ v \in \langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}} : f^k(v) \in S_A(a) \& \forall i \in \{1, \dots, k-1\} f^i(v) \notin S_A(a) \right\}
Proof =
 . . .
```

1.7.7 Exchanging Automorphisms

```
AutomorphismChain :: BOOL \rightarrow ?MorphismChain(BOOL^*)
(n, B_{\bullet}, a_{\bullet}, f_{\bullet}): AutomorphismChain \iff a_1 \xrightarrow{f_1} a_2 \xrightarrow{f_2} \dots \xrightarrow{f_n} a_{n+1}: AutomorphismChain(A) \iff
    : \Lambda A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . n < \infty \& \forall i \in \sigma(n) . A_i = B \& \forall i \in n . f_i \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)
(n,a_{ullet},f_{ullet}): {\tt ExchangeChain} \iff a_1 \overset{f_1}{\longrightarrow} a_2 \overset{f_2}{\longrightarrow} \dots \overset{f_n}{\longrightarrow} a_{n+1}: {\tt ExchangeChain}(A) \iff
     \iff PairwiseDisjointElements(A, \operatorname{Im} a)
\underline{\mathsf{exchangingAutomorphism}}\,(n,a_{\bullet},f_{\bullet}) = \overleftarrow{a_{1f_{1}}a_{2f_{2}}\dots_{f_{n}}a_{n+1}} := \Lambda b \in A \; . \; \text{if} \; \exists i \in n : b \leq a_{i} \; \text{then} \; f_{i}(b) \; \text{else}
   if b \subset a_{n+1} then \prod_{i=1}^{n} f_{n+1-i}^{-1}(b) else b
. ord \overleftarrow{a_{1f_1}a_{2f_2...f_n}a_{n+1}} = n+1
Proof =
. . .
. \ \forall \gamma : \mathtt{Cycle}(n) \ . \ \overleftarrow{a_{1f_1}a_{2f_2\ldots f_n}} \ a_{n+1} = \overleftarrow{a_{\gamma(1)f_{\gamma(1)}}a_{\gamma(2)f_{\gamma(2)}\ldots f_{\gamma(n)}}} \ a_{\gamma(n)+1}
Proof =
. . .
. \forall \phi \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \phi^{-1} \overleftarrow{a_{1f_1} a_{2f_2 \dots f_n} a_{n+1}} \phi = \overleftarrow{\phi(a_1)_{\phi^{-1} f_1 \phi} \phi(a_2)_{\phi^{-1} f_2 \phi} \dots_{\phi^{-1} f_n \phi} \phi(a_{n+1})}
Proof =
. . .
Exchanging Automorphisms Composition :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL}.
    \forall a_1 \xrightarrow{f_1} a_2 \xrightarrow{f_2} \dots \xrightarrow{f_n} a_{n+1}, \forall b_1 \xrightarrow{g_1} b_2 \xrightarrow{b_2} \dots \xrightarrow{g_n} b_{n+1} : \text{ExchangeChain}(A).
    . PairwiseDisjointElements \Big(A,\operatorname{Im} a\cup\operatorname{Im} b\Big)\Rightarrow
    \Rightarrow \overleftarrow{a_{1f_1}a_{2f_2...f_n}a_{n+1}} \overleftarrow{b_{1g_1}b_{2f_2...g_n}b_{n+1}} = \overleftarrow{(a_1+b_2)_{f_1g_1}(a_2+b_2)_{f_2g_2...f_ng_n}(a_{n+1}+b_{n+1})}
Proof =
. . .
```

1.8 Factorization Theorems in an Automorphisms Group[!!]

1.8.1 Separators and Transversals

```
Separator :: \prod \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to ?A
a: \mathtt{Separator} \iff \Lambda f \in \mathtt{Aut}_{\mathtt{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ a \in \mathtt{Sep}(f) \ . \iff
       \iff \Lambda f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \cdot af(a) = 0 \& \forall b \in A \cdot \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \cdot bf^n(a) = 0 \Rightarrow f(b) = b
Transversal :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to ?A
a: \mathtt{Transversal} \iff \Lambda f \in \mathtt{Aut}_{\mathtt{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ a \in \mathtt{Tr}(f) \iff
       \iff \sup f^n(a) = e \& \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} . \forall b \in \langle af^n(a) \rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . f^n(b) = b
{\tt TransversalConstructionLemma} \, :: \, \forall A \in {\tt BOOL} \, . \, \forall f \in {\tt Aut}_{{\tt BOOL}}(A) \, . \, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \, . \, \forall a : \prod {\tt Sep}(f^k) \, .
     f^{n+1} = \mathrm{id} \Rightarrow \exists \, \mathrm{Tr}(f)
Proof =
X := \left\{ f^i(a_j) \middle| i, j \in [1, \dots, n] \right\} : \mathtt{Finite}(A),
B := \langle X \rangle_{\mathsf{RING}} : \mathsf{Subring}(A),
[1] := \text{EFinite}(A, X) \times B : |B| < \infty,
[2] := [1]IPurelyAtomic: PurelyAtomic(B),
G := \langle f \rangle_{\mathsf{GRP}} \in \mathsf{GRP},
\alpha := \Lambda g \in G \cdot \Lambda b \in B \cdot g(b) : G \curvearrowright \operatorname{Atom}(B),
\mathcal{O} := \left\{ O_{\alpha}(b) | b \in \operatorname{Atom}(B) \right\} : \operatorname{Partition}\left(\operatorname{Atom}(B)\right),
Assume C \in \mathcal{O}.
m := |C| \in \mathbb{N},
[3] := [0] \mathbf{E} m : m \le n + 1,
Assume c \in C,
Assume d \in \langle c \rangle_{\mathcal{I},A},
[4] := EmEorbit : \forall k \in \mathbb{Z} . f^{m+k}(c) = c,
[5] := \mathbb{E}\operatorname{Sep}(f^m, a_m)[4] : \forall k \in \mathbb{Z} : a_m f^k(c) = 0,
 [6] := \mathbf{E}d[5] : \forall k \in \mathbb{Z} . a_m f^k(d) = 0,
[C.*] := \mathbb{E}\operatorname{Sep}(f^m, a_m)[6] : f^m(d) = d;
 \sim [3] := I\forall : \forallC \in \mathcal{O} . \forallc \in C . \foralld \leq<sub>A</sub> c . f<sup>|C|</sup>(d) = d,
b:={\tt FiniteChoice}(\mathcal{O})\in \ \prod \ C,
t:=\bigvee_{C\in\mathcal{O}}b_C\in A,
: \bigvee_{k=1}^{n} f^{k}(t) = \bigvee_{k=1}^{n} \bigvee_{C \in \mathcal{O}} f^{k}(b_{C}) = \bigvee_{C \in \mathcal{O}} \bigvee_{C} C = \bigvee_{C} B = e_{A},
```

```
Assume m \in \mathbb{Z},
Assume c: \langle tf^m(t) \rangle_{\tau},
k := m \mod n + 1 : [0, \ldots, n],
[5] := \mathbf{E}c[0] : c < tf^k(t),
\left(\mathcal{O}',d,[6]\right):=\mathsf{E} c\mathsf{E} t\mathsf{E} \operatorname{Atom}(B,b):\sum \mathcal{O}'\subset \mathcal{O}\;.\;\sum d:\prod_{C\in\mathcal{C}'}\langle b_C\rangle_{\mathcal{I} A}c=\bigvee_{C\in\mathcal{C}'}d_C,
[7] := \Lambda C \in \mathcal{O}' \text{ . } Ed_C Eb_C E \operatorname{Atom}(B, b_C) \operatorname{EPartition}(\mathcal{O}, \operatorname{Atom} b) \\ [5] : \forall C \in \mathcal{O}' \text{ . } f^k(d_C) \leq f^k(b_C) = b_C,
[8] := \text{Eorbit}[7] : \forall C \in \mathcal{O}' . k : |C|,
[9] := [3][8] : \forall C \in \mathcal{O} : f^k(d_C) = d_C,
[m.*] := Em[0][9]EAut_{BOOL}(A, f)[6] : f^m(c) = f^k(c) = c;
 \rightsquigarrow [*] := [4] I Tr(f) : t \in \text{Tr}(f);
 ExchangingInvolutionBySeparator :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall f : \mathsf{Involution}(A) .
     . ExchangingInvolution(A, f) \iff \exists \operatorname{Sep}(f)
Proof =
Assume [1]: ExchangingInvolution(A, f),
\Big(a,b,g,[2]\Big):=\mathtt{E}[1]:\sum a\overset{g}{
ightarrow}b:\mathtt{ExchangeChain} . f=\overleftarrow{a_gb},
[3] := \mathtt{EExchangeChain}(a, b, g) : ab = 0,
[4] := E[2](f(a)) : f(a) = b,
[5] := [4][3] : af(a) = 0,
[6] := [2] \texttt{EexchangingAutomorphism} : \forall c \in A \; . \; \Big( \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} \; . \; cf^n(a) = 0 \Big) \Rightarrow f(c) = c,
[1.*] := I \operatorname{Sep}(f) : a \in \operatorname{Sep}(f);
 \sim [1] := I \Rightarrow: ExchangingInvolution(A, f) \Rightarrow \exists \operatorname{Sep}(f),
Assume a \in \text{Sep}(f),
[2] := \mathbb{E}_1 \operatorname{Sep}(f, a) : af(a) = 0,
[3] := EInvolution(A, f)(a) : f^2(a) = a,
[5] := \Lambda c \in \left\langle (a + f(a))^{\complement} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . \ \mathsf{DeMorganaLaw}(A)[2] \\ \mathsf{E} \mathbb{C} : \forall c \in \left\langle (a + f(a))^{\complement} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} . \ ac \ \& \ f(a)c = 0,
[6] := [5][3] : \forall c \in \left\langle (a + f(a))^{\complement} \right\rangle_{\mathcal{T}} : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} : f^n(a)c = 0,
[7] := \mathbb{E}_2 \operatorname{Sep}(f, a)[6] : \forall c \in \left\langle (a + f(a))^{\complement} \right\rangle_{\tau} \cdot f(c) = c,
[a.*] := \text{EexchangingAutomorphism}[2][3][7] : f = \overleftarrow{a_f f(a)};
[*] := I \iff [1] : \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . \forall f : \mathsf{Involution}(A) . \mathsf{ExchangingInvolution}(A, f) \iff \exists \mathsf{Sep}(f);
```

```
ExchangingInvolutionByTransversal :: \forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL} \ . \ \forall f : \mathsf{Involution}(A) .
    . ExchangingInvolution(A, f) \iff \exists \operatorname{Tr}(f)
Proof =
Assume [1]: ExchangingInvolution(A, f),
a := \operatorname{ExchangingInvolutionBySeparator}(A, f)[1] \in \operatorname{Sep}(f),
[2] := EInvolution(A, f) : f^2 = id,
t := \text{TransversalConstructionLemma}(A, f, a)[1] : \text{Tr}(f);
\sim [1] := I\existsI \Rightarrow: ExchangingInvolution(A, f) \Rightarrow \exists Tr(f),
Assume t \in \text{Tr}(f),
[2] := EInvolution(A, f)(t) : f^2(t) = t,
[3] := \mathbf{E} \operatorname{Tr}(f, t)[2] : f(t) \lor t = e,
a := t^{\complement} \in A,
[4] := \mathsf{E} a \mathsf{E} \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f)[3] \mathsf{E} \mathsf{C} : f(a) a = f(t^{\mathsf{C}}) t^{\mathsf{C}} = \left( f(t) t \right)^{\mathsf{C}} = e^{\mathsf{C}} = 0,
[6] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Tr}(f,t)[5] : \forall b \le (a+f(a))^{\complement} . f(b) = b,
[7] := EInvolution(A, f)(a) : f^2(a) = a,
[a.*] := \text{EexchangingAutomorphism}[4][6][7] : f = \overleftarrow{a_f f(a)};
\sim [*] := I \iff [1] : ExchangingInvolution(A, f) \iff \exists \operatorname{Tr}(f);
```

1.8.2 Frolik's Theorem

```
FroliksLemma1 :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \forall s \in \operatorname{Sep}(f) .
                     . \exists y \in A : y \lor f(y) \lor f^{2}(y) \in \text{Supp}(f) \& yf(y) = 0
  Proof =
a := \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^n(s) \in A,
b := \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^{-n}(s) \in A,
  [1] := \mathbf{E}_1 \operatorname{Sep}(f, s) : f(s)s = 0,
  [2] := \mathbb{E}_2 \operatorname{Sep}(f, s) \operatorname{I} \operatorname{Supp} : s \cup a \cup b \in \operatorname{Supp} f,
x := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ . f^n(s) \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^{n-1} f^k(s) : \mathbb{N} \to A,
 [3] := \mathbf{E} x \mathbf{E} a : a \vee s = \bigvee^{\infty} x_n,
 [4] := \operatorname{Ex}\operatorname{IPairwiseDisjointElements}:\operatorname{PairwiseDisjointElements}\left(A,\operatorname{Im}x\right),
y_1 := \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} x_{2n} \setminus f^{-1}(s) \in A,
  [5] := f^{-1}[1] : f^{-1}(s)s = 0.
  [6] := Ey_1[5] : s \le y_1 \le s \lor a,
 [7]:=\Lambda n\in\mathbb{N} . \mathtt{E}x\mathtt{E}\mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A,f)\mathtt{I}x:
                    : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f(x_{2n} \setminus f^{-1}(s)) = f(f^{2n}(s) \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^{2n-1} f^k(s)) = f^{2n+1}(s) \setminus \bigvee_{k=0}^{2n} f^k(s) = x_{2n+1},
  [8] := Ey_1[7]EPairwiseDisjointElements(A, Im x)[4] : f(y_1)y_1 = 0,
  [9] := \mathbf{E} y_1 \mathbf{E} a : f(y_1) < a,
  [10] := \mathbb{E}y_1\mathbb{E}a : a \setminus f^{-1}(s) \le y_1 \vee f(y_1),
  c := s \setminus a \in A,
 [11] := \Lambda i, j \in \mathbb{Z} . \Lambda T : i < j . \mathtt{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f) \mathtt{E} c \mathtt{DifferenceProductBound}(A) \mathtt{E} a \mathtt{ZeroImage}(A, A, f) : A \mathtt{E} a \mathtt{DifferenceProductBound}(A) \mathtt{D} a \mathtt{DifferenceProductBound}(A) \mathtt{D} a \mathtt{
                     : \forall i, j \in \mathbb{Z} : i < j \Rightarrow f^i(c)f^j(c) = f^j\Big(cf^{i-j}(c)\Big) = f^i\Big(\big(s \setminus a\big)\big(f^{j-i}(s) \setminus f^{j-i}(a)\big)\Big) \le f^i\Big(s \setminus f^{j-i}(a)\Big) = 0,
 [12] := \mathbf{E} c \mathbf{CommonDiferenceUnion}(A) \mathbf{TelescopingUnion}(A) \setminus \mathbf{I} b :
                   : \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^{-n}(c) = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( f^{-n}(s) \setminus \bigvee_{k=-n+1}^{\infty} f^{k}(s) \right) = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( f^{-n}(c) \setminus \bigvee_{k=-n+1}^{-1} f^{k}(c) \right) \setminus (s \vee a) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( f^{-n}(c) \setminus \bigvee_{k=-n+1}^{-1} f^{k}(c) \right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(
                   = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f^{-n}(a) \setminus (s \vee a) = b \setminus (s \vee a),
  \lceil 13 \rceil := \Lambda k \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \Lambda i \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \ . \ \mathtt{EAut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A,f) \ . \ \mathtt{E} c \mathsf{ZeroImage}(A,A,f) :
                     : \forall k \in \mathbb{N} : \forall i \in \mathbb{Z}_+ : f^{-k}(c)f^i(s) = f^{-k}(cf^{i+k}(s)) = f^{-k}(0) = 0,
 [14] := [13] \mathbf{I} y_1 : \forall k \in \mathbb{N} . f^{-k}(cy_1) = 0,
y := y_1 \vee \bigvee^{\infty} f^{-2n}(c) \in A,
  [15] := EyEAssociativeLattice(A)[14][11] : yf(y) = 0,
```

$$\begin{split} &[16] := \operatorname{E}\!y[12] : y \vee f(y) \vee f^{-1}(y) \geq y_1 \vee f(y_1) \vee f^{-1}(s) \vee \bigvee_{n=11}^{\infty} f^{-1}(c) \geq s \vee a \vee \left(b \setminus (s \vee a)\right) = s \vee a \vee b, \\ &[17] := \operatorname{SupportContainsGreater}[2][16] : y \vee f(y) \vee f^{-1}(y) \in \operatorname{Supp}(f), \\ &[*] := \operatorname{I}\!f^{-1}[17] : f^{-1}(y) \vee f\left(f^{-1}(y)\right) \vee f^2\left(f^{-1}(y)\right) \in \operatorname{Supp}(f); \\ &\square \end{split}$$

TripleSupportImpliesSequenceSupport ::

$$:: \forall A: \sigma\text{-Algebra} . \ \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \forall y \in A \ . \ y \lor f(y) \lor f^2(y) \in \operatorname{Supp}(f) \ \& \ yf(y) = 0 \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow \exists a: \mathbb{N} \to A: \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in \operatorname{Supp}(f)$$

$$a := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} \cdot f^{n-2}(y) : \mathbb{N} \to A,$$

$$[1] := \mathbf{E}a[0.2] \mathbf{LatticeJoinIsGreater} : \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n = \bigvee_{n=0}^{\infty} f^n(y) \geq y \vee f(y) \vee f^2(y),$$

$$[*] := \mathbf{SupportContainsGreater}[1][0.1] : \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in \mathrm{Supp}(f);$$

$$[*] := { t SupportContainsGreater}[1][0.1] : \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in { t Supp}(f)[0.1] : \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n$$

FroliksLemma2 :: $\forall A : \sigma\text{-Algebra}$. $\forall f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)$. $\forall a : \mathbb{N} \to A$. $\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(a_n) \setminus a_n \in \operatorname{Supp}(f) \Rightarrow \exists \operatorname{Sep}(f)$

Proof =

$$b := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} : \bigvee_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} f^k \Big(f(a_n) \setminus a_n \Big) \in \mathbb{N} \to A,$$

$$[1] := Eb : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f(b_n) = b_n,$$

$$c := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{N} . b_n \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^n b_k : \mathbb{N} \to A,$$

$$[2] := \mathbf{E}c[1] : \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . f(c_n) = c_n,$$

$$[3] := EcE \setminus : PairwiseDisjointElements(A, Im c),$$

$$s := \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Big(a_n \setminus f^{-1}(a_n) \Big) \in A,$$

 $[4] := EsE\sigma$ -Continuous(A, A, f)[2]MultiplicationIsOrderContinuous(A)

$$\begin{aligned} & \texttt{EPairwiseDisjointElements}(A, \operatorname{Im} c)[3] \mathsf{E} \backslash : sf(s) = \left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Big(a_n \setminus f^{-1}(a_n) \Big) \right) \left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} f(c_n) \Big(f(a_n) \setminus a_n \Big) \right) = \\ & = \left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Big(a_n \setminus f^{-1}(a_n) \Big) \right) \left(\bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Big(f(a_n) \setminus a_n \Big) \right) = \bigvee_{n,m=1}^{\infty} c_n c_m \Big(a_n \setminus f^{-1}(a_n) \Big) \Big(f(a_m) \setminus a_m \Big) = \\ & = \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \Big(a_n \setminus f^{-1}(a_n) \Big) \Big(f(a_n) \setminus a_n \Big) = 0, \end{aligned}$$

Assume $x \in A$,

Assume $[5]: \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} . f^n(s)x = 0,$

 $[6] := {\tt OrderContinuousMult}[5] \\ {\tt E} s \\ {\tt E} \sigma \\ {\tt -Continuous}(A,A,f) \\ {\tt I} b \\ {\tt EBooleanOrder}(A,b,c) \\ {\tt E} c \\ {\tt E} b \\ {\tt :}$

$$: 0 = \left(\bigvee_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f^{n}(s)\right) x = \left(\bigvee_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} f^{n}(c_{m}) \left(f^{n}(a_{m}) \setminus f^{n-1}(a_{m})\right)\right) x =$$

$$= \left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} c_{m} \bigvee_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(f^{n}(a_{m}) \setminus f^{n-1}(a_{m})\right)\right) x = \left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} c_{m} b_{m}\right) x = \left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} c_{m}\right) x = \left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} b_{m}\right) x \geq$$

$$\geq \left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} f(a_{m}) \setminus a_{m}\right) x,$$

 $[x.*] := E \operatorname{Supp}[1] : f(x) = x;$

$$\sim$$
 [*] := I Sep(f)[3] : $s \in$ Sep(f);

```
SixfoldLemma :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) . \exists s : \operatorname{Sep}(f) \iff
      \iff \exists a, a', b, b', c, d \in A : f(a) = b \& f(a') = b' \& f(b') = c \& f(b \lor c) = a \lor a' \& \forall u \le d . f(u) = u
Proof =
Assume s \in \text{Sep}(f),
\Big(u,[1]\Big) := \texttt{FroliksLemma1}(A,f,s) : \sum u \in A \ . \ uf(u) = 0 \ \& \ u \lor f(u) \lor f^2(u) \in \operatorname{Supp}(f),
c := f^2(u) \setminus (f(u) \vee u) \in A,
b' := f^{-1}(c) \in A,
a' := f^{-1}(b') \in A,
b := f(u) \setminus b' \in A
a := u \setminus a' \in A,
d := \left(u \vee f(u) \vee f^2(u)\right)^{\complement} \in A,
[4] := \mathtt{E} d \mathtt{E} c : \mathtt{PartitionOfUnity} \Big( A, \{c, a, a', b, b', d\} \Big),
[s.*] := \dots : f(b \lor c) = f\Big((u \lor b' \lor d)^{\complement}\Big) = \Big(f(u) \lor f(b') \lor f(d)\Big)^{\complement} = \Big(f(u) \lor c \lor d\Big)^{\complement} = u = a \lor a';
SupportBySeparator :: \forall A \in \sigma-Algebra . \forall f \in Aut_{BOOL}(f) . \forall s \in Sep(f) . \exists s' \in A : s' = supp f
Proof =
\Big(u,[1]\Big) := \texttt{FroliksLemma1}(A,f,s) : \sum u \in A \ . \ uf(u) = 0 \ \& \ u \lor f(u) \lor f^2(u) \in \operatorname{Supp}(f),
s' := u \vee f(u) \vee f^2(u) \in \text{Supp}(f),
Assume a \in \text{Supp}(f),
Assume [2]: a < s',
[3] := f[1.1] : f(u)f^{2}(u) = 0,
[4] := f[2] : f^2(u)f^3(u) = 0,
[5] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{Supp}(f, a)\mathbb{E}s'[1.1][3][4] : s' \setminus a = 0,
[a.*] := TrichtomyPrinciple(A)ReminderRule(A)[5] : \bot;
\sim [*] := E\( \text{E} < \text{SupportIsClosedUnderIntersections}(A, f) \text{I supp} : s' = \text{min Supp} f = \text{supp} f;
```

```
FroliksTHM :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A) . \exists Sep(f)
Proof =
P := \{ a \in A : f(a)a = 0 \} : ?A,
[1] := EPZeroImage(A, f) : 0 \in P,
[2] := I \exists [1] : \exists P,
Assume C: Chain(P),
c := \bigvee C \in A,
Assume a, b \in C.
\Big(d,[3]\Big):=\mathtt{EChain}(C,a,b):\sum d\in C . a\leq d\ \&\ b\leq d,
 \left\lceil (a,b).* \right\rceil := \texttt{BooleanMorphismIsMonotonic}(A,A,f)[3] \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{MonotonicMeet}(A)[3] \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) \leq df(d) = 0; \\ \texttt{E}P(d) : af(b) = 0; \\ \texttt{E}P
  \rightsquigarrow [3] := I\forall : \forall a, b \in C . af(b) = 0,
[4] := \mathsf{E} C \mathsf{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f) \\ [3] \mathsf{E} \lor : f(c) \\ c = f\left(\bigvee C\right) \bigvee C = \bigvee_{a \in C} \bigvee_{b \in C} a \\ f(b) = \bigvee_{a \in C} \bigvee_{b \in C} 0 \\ = 0,
[C.*] := \mathbf{E}P[4] : c \in P;
 \rightsquigarrow (s, [3]) := \mathtt{ZornsLemma}[2] : \sum s \in P . s = \max P,
Assume a \in A,
Assume [4]: \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} . f^n(s)a = 0,
Assume [5]: a \neq f(a),
[6] := \mathbb{I} \setminus [5] : a \setminus f(a) \neq 0 \middle| f(a) \setminus a \neq 0,
Assume [7]: a \setminus f(a) \neq 0,
b := a \setminus f(a) \in A,
c := s \lor b \in A,
[8] := \mathbf{E}c[4] : c > s,
[9] := EcEAut_{BOOL}(A, f)EAssociativeLattice(A)EEP(s)Eb[4] :
          : f(c)c = f(s \lor b)s \lor b = f(s)s \lor f(b)s \lor f(s)b \lor f(b)b = 0,
[10] := \mathbf{E}P[9] : c \in P,
[7.*] := [10][8][3] : \bot;
 \sim [7] := I \Rightarrow: a \setminus f(a) \neq 0 \Rightarrow \bot,
Assume [8]: f(a) \setminus a \neq 0,
b := f(a) \setminus a \in A,
c := s \lor b \in A,
[9] := \mathbf{E}c[4] : c > s,
[10] := EcEAut_{BOOL}(A, f)EAssociativeLattice(A)EEP(s)Eb[4] :
          : f(c)c = f(s \lor b)s \lor b = f(s)s \lor f(b)s \lor f(s)b \lor f(b)b = 0,
[11] := \mathbf{E}P[10] : c \in P,
[8.*] := [11][9][3] : \bot;
 \sim [8] := I \Rightarrow: f(a) \setminus a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \bot,
[a.*] := E[6][7][8] : \bot;
  \rightsquigarrow [*] := E\(\perp \text{IVI Sep E}P(s): s \in \text{Sep}(f);
```

1.8.3 Towards Factorization by Exchanging Involutions

```
ExchangingInvolutionsInTheCompleteAlgebra ::
    :: \forall A: \tau	ext{-Algebra} . \ \forall f: 	ext{Involution}\Big(	ext{Aut}_{	ext{BOOL}}(A)\Big) \ . \ 	ext{ExchangingInvolution}(A,f)
Proof =
[1] := FrolicsTHM(A, f) : \exists Sep(f),
[*] := ExchangingInvolutionBySeparator(A, f)[1] : ExchangingInvolution(A, f);
ExchangingAutomorphisimInTheCompleteAlgebra ::
    :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall f : \mathsf{Periodic}(A) . \pi(f) \geq 2 \Rightarrow \exists a \in A :
    : \mathbf{PartitionOfUnity}\bigg(A, \Big\{f^k(a) \Big| k \in \left[0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1\right] \Big\} \bigg) \ \& \ f = \overleftarrow{a_{1f}f(a)_f \dots_f f^{\pi(f) - 1}(a)}
Proof =
[1] := \Lambda k \in [0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1] FrolicsTHM(A, f^k) : \forall k \in [0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1] . \exists \operatorname{Sep}(f^k),
a := \operatorname{TransversalConstructionLemma}(A, f)[1]\operatorname{EPeriodic}(A, f) \in \operatorname{Tr}(f),
[2] := \Lambda k \in [0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1] EPeriodic(A, f, k) : \forall k \in [0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1]. supp f^k = e,
[3] := \mathbb{E} \operatorname{supp}[2] \mathbb{E}_2 \operatorname{Tr}(f, a) : \forall k, l \in [0, \dots, \pi(f) - 1] : k \neq l \Rightarrow f^k(a) f^l(a) = 0,
[*.1] := \mathtt{E}_1 \operatorname{Tr}(f,a)[3] \operatorname{IPartitionOfUnity} : \operatorname{PartitionOfUnity} \left(A, \left\{f^k(a) \middle| k \in \left[0,\ldots,\pi(f)-1\right]\right\}\right),
[*] := IexchangingInvolution[*.1] : f = \overline{a_{1f}f(a)_f \dots_f f^{\pi(f)-1}(a)};
```

TransversalAggregation :: $\forall A : \sigma$ -Algebra . $\forall f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a : \mathbb{N} \to A$. $. \left(\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ f(a_n) = a_n \ \& \ \exists \operatorname{Tr}(f_{|\langle a_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}) \right) \Rightarrow \exists \operatorname{Tr}(f_{|\langle b \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}) \quad \text{where} \quad b = \bigvee a_n$ Proof = $t := \mathbf{E} \exists [0] : \prod \operatorname{Tr}(\langle a_n \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}),$ $[1] := \mathsf{E}b\mathsf{E}\sigma\text{-}\mathsf{Continuous}(A,A,f)[0.1]\mathsf{I}b : f(b) = f\left(\bigvee^{\infty}a_n\right) = \bigvee^{\infty}f(a_n) = \bigvee^{\infty}a_n = b,$ $u := \bigvee_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(t_n \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^{n-1} a_k \right) \in A,$ $[2] := EuMonotonicSup(A)Iu : u \leq b,$ $[3]:=\mathtt{E}u\Lambda n\in\mathbb{Z}\ .\ \mathtt{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f^n)[0.1]\Lambda m\in\mathbb{N}\ .\ \mathtt{E}_1\operatorname{Tr}(f_{|\langle a_m\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}},t_m)\mathtt{I}b:$ $: \bigvee_{n=0}^{\infty} f^n(u) = \bigvee_{n=0}^{\infty} f^n\left(\bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} \left(t_n \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^{m-1} a_k\right)\right) = \bigvee_{n=0}^{\infty} \bigvee_{m=0}^{\infty} \left(f^n(t_m) \setminus \bigvee_{k=1}^{m-1} a_k\right) = \bigvee_{m=0}^{\infty} a_m = b,$ $[4] := \Lambda n \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ . } \Lambda c \leq u f^n(u) \text{ . EBooleanOrder}\Big(A, c, f^n(u)u\Big) \\ \text{E} u \\ \text{EOrderContinuous}(A, A, f^n) \\ \text{E} u \\ \text{E} u \\ \text{EORDerContinuous}(A, A, f^n) \\ \text{E} u \\ \text{E$ ${\tt OrderContinuousMult}(A){\tt E}\setminus {\tt EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f^n){\tt ETr}(f)[0.2]{\tt E}\setminus {\tt ContinuousMult}(A)$ $\texttt{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f^n) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) \texttt{I} u \texttt{EBooleanOrder} \Big(A,c,f^n(u)u\Big) : \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) = \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) \texttt{OrderContinuousMult}(A) = \texttt{OrderContinuousMu$ $: \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} : \forall c \leq u f^n(u) : f^n(c) = f^n \left(c f^n(u) u \right) = f^n \left(c f^n \left(\bigvee^{\infty} \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \right) \bigvee^{\infty} \left(t_k \setminus \bigvee^{k-1} a_h \right) \right) = 0$ $= f^n \bigvee^{\infty} \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_k \setminus \bigvee^{k-1} a_h \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{\infty} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \setminus \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) = f^n \bigvee^{m-1} cf^n \left(t_m \bigvee^{m-1} a_l \right) \left(t_m \bigvee^{$ $=\bigvee^{\infty} f^n\left(cf^n\left(t_m\setminus\bigvee^{m-1}a_l\right)\left(t_m\setminus\bigvee^{m-1}a_l\right)\right)=\bigvee^{\infty} cf^n\left(t_m\setminus\bigvee^{m-1}a_l\right)\left(t_m\setminus\bigvee^{m-1}a_l\right)=$ $=\bigvee^{\infty}\bigvee^{\infty}_{l}cf^{n}\left(t_{m}\bigvee\bigvee^{m-1}_{l}a_{l}\right)\left(t_{k}\bigvee\bigvee^{k-1}_{l}a_{h}\right)=cf^{n}\left(\bigvee^{\infty}_{l}\left(t_{m}\bigvee\bigvee^{m-1}_{l}a_{l}\right)\right)\bigvee^{\infty}_{l=1}\left(t_{k}\bigvee\bigvee^{k-1}_{l=1}a_{h}\right)=cf^{n}(u)u=c,$ $[*] := I \operatorname{Tr}(f)[3][4] : u \in \operatorname{Tr}(f_{(b)_{\tau}});$ InverseTransversality :: $\forall A \in \mathsf{BOOL}$. $\forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)$. $\forall t \in \mathsf{Tr}(f)$. $t \in \mathsf{Tr}(f^{-1})$ Proof = . . . ${\tt downstreamElement} :: \prod A : \sigma{\tt -Algebra} . \left(A \times {\tt Aut}_{\tt BOOL}(A)\right) \to A$ $\operatorname{downstreamElement}\left(a,f\right) = a_f^* := \bigvee^{\infty} \left(f^n(a) \setminus \bigvee^{\infty} f^k(a) \right)$ $\texttt{upstreamElement} \; :: \; \prod A : \sigma\text{-Algebra} \; . \; \Big(A \times \mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \Big) \to A$

 $\operatorname{upstreamElement}\left(a,f\right) = a_{*}^{f} := \bigvee^{\infty} \left(f^{n}(a) \setminus \bigvee^{n-1} f^{k}(a) \right)$

```
DownstreamElementIsFixed :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) . \forall a \in A . a_f^* \in \operatorname{Fix}(f)
 Proof =
  [*] := \mathsf{E} a_f^* \mathsf{EOrderContinuous}(A,A,f) \mathsf{I} a_f^* :
                    : f(a_f^*) = f \bigvee_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} \left( f^n(a) \setminus \bigvee_{k = n+1}^{\infty} f^k(a) \right) = \bigvee_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} \left( f^n(a) \setminus \bigvee_{k = n+1}^{\infty} f^k(a) \right) = a_f^*;
      \texttt{DownstreamElementAdmitsTransversals} \ :: \ \forall A : \sigma\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall f \in \operatorname{Aut_{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \exists \ \operatorname{Tr}(f_{|\langle a_f^* \rangle_{\tau}}) = f(f_{|\langle a_f^* \rangle_{\tau}}) = f(
 Proof =
t := a \setminus \bigvee_{n \in A} f^n(a) \in A,
 [1] := \mathsf{E} t \mathsf{E} a_f^* \mathsf{E} \lor : t \le a_f^*,
  [2] := \mathbb{E}a_f^* \mathbb{E}OrderContinuous(A, A, f) \mathbb{E}Aut_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A, f) \mathbb{I}t :
                   : a_f^* = \bigvee_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} \left( f^n(a) \setminus \bigvee_{k = n+1}^{\infty} f^k(a) \right) = \bigvee_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} f^n\left(a \setminus \bigvee_{n = 1}^{\infty} f^n(a)\right) = \bigvee_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} f^n(t),
  [3] := EtE \setminus : \forall n \in \mathbb{Z} : n \neq 0 \Rightarrow tf^n(t) = 0
 [*] := \operatorname{I}\operatorname{Tr}(f_{|\left\langle a_f^*\right\rangle_{\tau}})[2][3] : t \in f_{|\left\langle a_f^*\right\rangle_{\tau}};
Proof =
    . . .
      \texttt{UpstreamElementAdmitsTransversals} \ :: \ \forall A : \sigma\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall f \in \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \exists \ \mathsf{Tr}(f_{|\langle a_*^f \rangle_\sigma}) = \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \ . \ \forall a \in A \ . \ \exists \ \mathsf{Tr}(f_{|\langle a_*^f \rangle_\sigma}) = \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) = \mathsf{A
 Proof =
    . . .
      TransversalFactorizationTHM :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall f \in Aut_{BOOL}(A) . \forall t \in Tr(A) .
                      . \exists \alpha, \beta : \mathtt{ExchangingInvolution}(A) . f = \alpha \beta \& \alpha, \beta \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}}
 Proof =
    . . .
     SubgroupWithSeparators :: \prod A \in \mathsf{BOOL} . ??\mathsf{GRP}\mathrm{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)
 G: \mathtt{SubgroupWithSeparators} \iff \forall g \in G \ . \ \exists \ \mathrm{Sep}(g)
 SwSHasSupports :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall G : SubgroupWithSeparators(A) . \forall g \in G . \exists a \in A : a = supp g
 Proof =
    . . .
```

```
{\tt ExistanceOfTransversalInSwSCondition} ::
     :: \forall A: \sigma\text{-Algebra} \ . \ \forall G: \texttt{SubgroupWithSeparators} \ . \ \forall g \in G \ . \ \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \ . \ \Big(g^n = \mathrm{id} \Rightarrow \exists \, \mathrm{Tr}(g)\Big)
Proof =
[1] := \Lambda k \in [1, \dots, n-1] . ESubgroupWithSeparators(G, g^k) : \forall k \in [1, \dots, n-1] . \exists \operatorname{Sep}(g^k),
[*] := TransversalConstructionLemma[0][1] : \exists Tr(g);
SWSLocalization :: \forall A: \sigma-Algebra . \forall G: \mathtt{SubgroupWithSeparators} . \forall g \in G . \exists \operatorname{Tr} \left(g_{|\langle a \rangle_{\mathcal{I}}}\right)
       where a = \left( \bigwedge_{n=1}^{\infty} \operatorname{supp} g^n \right)^{\mathsf{U}}
Proof =
 . . .
 П
CountablyFullSwSLemma ::
     :: \forall : \sigma-Algebra . \forall G : SubgroupWithSeparators & CountablyFullSubgroup(A) .
     . \forall a \in \mathrm{Fix}(G) . SubgroupWithSeparators & CountablyFullSubgroup \left( \left\langle a \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}, G_{\left|\left\langle a \right\rangle_{\mathcal{I}}} \right)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.8.4 The Great Exchange

```
TriplingSequence :: \prod_{A \in \mathsf{BOOL}} \mathsf{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A) \to ?(\mathbb{Z}_+ \downarrow A)
a: {\tt TriplingSequence} \iff a_0 = e \ \& \ \bigg( orall n \in \mathbb{Z} \ . \ {\tt DoublyRecurrentOn}(A,a_n,g) \ \& \ .
    \& \bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} g^{m}(a_{n}) = \bigvee_{m=1}^{\infty} g^{-m}(a_{n}) = e \& \texttt{PairwiseDisjointElements}\Big(A, \big\{a_{n+1}, g_{a_{n}}(a_{n+1}), g_{a_{n}}^{2}(a_{n+1})\big\}\Big)\Big)
TriplingSequenceConstruction ::
    : \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall G : \text{SubgroupWithSeparators & CountablyFullSubgroup}(A) . \forall g \in G .
     . Aperiodic(A, g) \Rightarrow \exists TriplingSequence(A, g)
Proof =
. . .
 The Great Exchange Lemma :: \forall A : \sigma-Algebra . \forall f : Aperiodic(A) . \forall a : Tripling Sequence(A, f) .
    . \exists \phi \in \langle f \rangle_{\mathrm{CF}} : \mathtt{ExchangingInvolution}(A, \phi) \ \& \ \bigwedge_{n=1}^{\infty} \mathrm{supp}(\phi f)^n = 0
Proof =
. . .
 TransversalCompletionLemma ::
   \forall A: \sigma-Algebra . \forall G: \mathtt{SubgroupWithSeparators} \ \& \ \mathtt{CountablyFullSubgroup}(A) \ . \ \forall g \in G .
    \exists \phi \in G : \texttt{ExchangingInvolution}(A, \phi) \& \exists \operatorname{Tr}(\phi g)
Proof =
 MainFactorizationTHM ::
   \forall A: \sigma-Algebra . \forall G: \mathtt{SubgroupWithSeparators} \ \& \ \mathtt{CountablyFullSubgroup}(A) \ . \ \forall g \in G .
    . \exists \alpha, \beta, \gamma \in G : \texttt{ExchangingInvolution}(A, \alpha \& \beta \& \gamma) \& g = \alpha \beta \gamma
Proof =
. . .
 CompleteFactorizationTHM ::
   \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall G : \text{FullSubgroup}(A) . \forall q \in G .
     . \exists \alpha, \beta, \gamma \in G : \text{ExchangingInvolution}(A, \alpha \& \beta \& \gamma) \& g = \alpha \beta \gamma \& \text{supp } g \in \text{Supp } \alpha \cap \text{Supp } \beta \cap \text{Supp } \gamma
Proof =
```

1.8.5 Subgroups with many involutions and simplicity of it all

```
G: {\tt SubgroupWithManyInvolutions} \iff \forall a \in A \;.\; a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists g \in G: {\tt Involution}\Big({\tt Aut}_{\tt BOOL}(A), g\Big) \;\& \; {\tt Aut}_{\tt BOOL}(A) \;.
    & a \in \text{Supp}(g)
AtomlessHomogeneousHasManyInvolutions ::
    :: \forall A : \texttt{Atomless} \ \& \ \texttt{Homogeneous} \ . \ \texttt{SubgroupWithManyInvolutions} \Big(A, \mathtt{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)\Big)
Proof =
. . .
SubgroupWithManyExchangingInvolutions ::::
   \forall A: \tau-Algebra . \forall G: \texttt{FullSubgroup \& SubgroupWithManyInvolutions}(A) .
    . \forall a \in A : a \neq 0 \Rightarrow \exists g \in G : \texttt{ExchangingInvolution}(A, g) \&
    & a \in \text{Supp}(g)
Proof =
. . .
NormalSubgroupsAreInvariantIdeals ::
    :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra . \forall G : \text{FullSubgroup \& SubgroupWithManyInvolutions}(A) . \forall H \subset G .
   H \triangleleft G \iff \exists I : \mathtt{Ideal}(A) \& \mathtt{Invariant}(G,A) : H = \{g \in G : \mathrm{supp} \ g \in I\}
Proof =
. . .
SimplicityTHM :: \forall A : \tau-Algebra & Homogeneous . Simple \left(\operatorname{Aut}_{\mathsf{BOOL}}(A)\right)
Proof =
. . .
```

1.9 Simple Functions[!]

This chapter represents knowledge from Fremlin's measure theory 361,362; prereq: OTVS

2 Applications towards Analysis[!]

Possible sources for this chapter is the book by Vladimirov; prereq: Spectral Analysis

3 Applications towards Logic and Set Theory [!]

Possible sources for this chapter is handbook of Boolean Algebras by Monk et al. and lecture notes by Podzorov; prereq: Forcing and M-Logic

S

| Sources: | |
|--|--|
| 1. MEASURE THEORY by D.H.Fremlin, chapters 31 and 38 | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |