# **Abstract Algebra**

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## 1 General Concepts

## 1.1 Equation Algebra

```
X, Y, Z : \mathbf{Set}(T)
\texttt{EquationRightMultiplication} :: \ \forall \odot : X \times Y \to Z \ . \ \forall a,b \in X \ . \ \forall c \in Y \ . \ a = b \Rightarrow a \odot c = b \odot c
Proof =
(1) := I(=, \times)(a, b, c) : (a, c) = (b, c),
(2) := I(=)(\cdot) : \cdot = \cdot,
(*) := E(=, \rightarrow)(\cdot, \cdot)(2)((a, c), (b, x))(1) : a \cdot c = b \cdot c;
\texttt{rightEquationMult} :: \prod \odot : X \times Y \to Z \;. \; \prod a,b \in X \;. \; \prod c \in Y \;. \; a = b \to a \odot c = b \odot c
rightEquationMult ((1)) = (1) \odot c := EquationRightMultiplication
\texttt{EquationLeftMultiplication} :: \ \forall \odot : X \times Y \to Z \ . \ \forall a,b \in Y \ . \ \forall c \in X \ . \ a = b \Rightarrow c \odot a = c \odot b
Proof =
(1) := I(=, \times)(a, b, c) : (c, a) = (c, b),
(2) := I(=)(\cdot) : \cdot = \cdot,
(*) := E(=, \to)(\cdot, \cdot)(2)((c, a), (c, b)(1) : c \cdot a = c \cdot b;
\texttt{leftEquationMult} \, :: \, \prod \odot : X \times Y \to Z \, . \, \prod a,b \in Y \, . \, \prod c \in X \, . \, a = b \to a \odot c = b \odot c
leftEquationMult((1)) = (1) \odot c := EquationRightMultiplication
```

#### 1.2 Binary Operations

#### 1.3 Identity And Inverse

```
Identity :: ((X \times X) \to X) \to ?X
e: \mathtt{Identity} \iff \Lambda \odot : (X \times X) \to X \ . \ \forall x \in X \ . \ x \odot e = x = e \odot x
IdentityIsUnique :: \forall \odot : (X \times X) \to X . \forall e, f : Identity(X)(\odot) . e = f
Proof =
(1) := \eth Identity(X)(\odot)(e) : e \odot f = f,
(2) := \eth Identity(X)(\odot)(f) : e \odot f = e,
(*) := (1)(2) : f = e;
 Inverse :: ((X \times X) \to X) \to X \to ?X
a: \mathtt{Inverse} \iff \Lambda\odot: \Big((X\times X)\to X\Big) \;.\; \Lambda x\in X \;.\; x\odot a: \mathtt{Identity}(X) \;\&\; a\odot x: \mathtt{Identity}(X)
{\tt IverseIsUnique} :: \forall \odot : (X \times X) \to X \ . \ \forall x \in X \ . \ \forall a,b : {\tt Inverse}(X)(\odot)(x) \ . \ a = b
Proof =
`(1) := \eth Inverse(X)(\odot)(x)(a) UniqueIdentity \eth Inverse(X)(\odot)(x)(b) : a \odot x = b \odot x,
(2) := \eth_1 \operatorname{Inverse}(X)(\odot)(x)(a) : xa : \operatorname{Identity},
(*) := (1) \odot a \eth Identity(X)(\odot)(xa) : a = b,
```

### 1.4 Magmas, Semigroups and Monoids

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{Magma} &= \sum X : \operatorname{Set}(T) \cdot X \times X \to X \\ \operatorname{synecdoche} &:: \operatorname{Magma} \to \operatorname{Set}(T) \\ \operatorname{synecdoche}(M, \cdot) &:= M \\ \operatorname{operation} &:: \prod (X, \odot) : \operatorname{Magma} \cdot (X \times X) \to X \\ \operatorname{operation}() &= \cdot_{(X, \odot)} := \odot \\ \operatorname{Semigroup} &:: \operatorname{?Magma}(T) \\ X : \operatorname{Semigroup} &\iff \cdot_X : \operatorname{Associative}(X) \\ \operatorname{Monoid} &:: \operatorname{?Semigroup}(T) \\ X : \operatorname{Monoid} &\iff \exists \operatorname{Unity}(X)(\cdot_X) \\ \operatorname{unity} &:: \prod X : \operatorname{Monoid} \cdot \operatorname{Unity}(X)(\cdot_X) \\ \operatorname{unity}() &= e_X := \eth \operatorname{Monoid} \\ \operatorname{iteratedProduct} &:: \prod X : \operatorname{Monoid} \cdot \prod n \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \cdot (n \to X) \to X \\ \operatorname{iteratedProduct}(\emptyset) &= \prod_{i=1}^0 := e_X \\ \operatorname{iteratedProduct}(x) &= \prod_{i=1}^n x_i := x_n \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} x_{|n-1,i} \end{split}$$