

Metrics.Know

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predicate Metric ::  $\prod X : \text{Set}(T) . ? (X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+)$   
     $d : \text{Metric} \iff \prod x, y, z \in X . (\text{iff } d(x, y) = 0 . x = y) \times$   
     $\times d(x, y) \leq d(x, z) + d(z, y)$   
  
data MetricSpace :=  $\sum X : \text{Set}(T) . \text{Metric}(X)$   
  
function metric ::  $\prod A : \text{MetricSpace}(T) . \text{Metric}(X)$   
    metric  $(X, f) := d_{(X, f)} := f$   
  
function implicit ::  $\prod A : \text{MetricSpace}(T) . \text{Set}(T)$   
    implicit  $(X, d) := X$   
  
function ball ::  $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace}(T) . X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{++} \rightarrow ?X$   
    ball  $x r := \mathbb{B}(x)(r) := \{b \in X : d_X(b, x) < r\}$   
  
predicate Bounded ::  $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace}(T) . ??X$   
     $A : \text{Bounded} \iff \sum B \in \mathbb{R}_+ . \prod x, y \in A . d_X(x, y) \leq B$ 
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function diam :: $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace}(T) . ?X \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{R}}_+$
 diam(A) = sup $\{d_X(x, y) | x, y \in A\}$

function bound :: $\prod X : \text{Set}(T) . \text{Metric}(X) \rightarrow \text{Metric}(X)$
 bound $d := \bar{d} := \Lambda x, y \in X . \text{if } d(x, y) \leq 1 \text{ then } d(x, y) \text{ else } 1$

predicate Valuation :: $\prod R : \text{Ring}(T) . R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$
 $v : \text{Valuation} \iff \prod x, y \in R . (\text{iff } v(x) = 0 . x = 0) \times$
 $\times (v(x + y) \leq v(x) + v(y)) \times (v(xy) = v(x)v(y))$

predicate Norm :: $\prod M : R\text{-Module} . \prod v : \text{Valuation}(R) . M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$
 $N : \text{Norm} \iff \prod r \in R . \prod a, b \in M . N(ra) = v(r)N(a) \times$
 $\times (N(a + b) \leq N(a) + v(b)) \times (a \neq 0 \rightarrow N(a) \neq 0)$

function toDistance :: $\prod M : R\text{-Module} . \text{Norm}(M) \rightarrow \text{Metric}(M)$
 toDistance(N) = $\Lambda a, b \in M . N(a - b)$

predicate Cauchy :: $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace} . ?(\mathbb{N} \rightarrow X)$
 $x : \text{Cauchy} \iff \prod \epsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{++} . \sum c \in x : \sum N \in \mathbb{N} : \prod n > N . x_n \in \mathbb{B} c \epsilon$

predicate Limit :: $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace} . \mathbb{N} \rightarrow X \rightarrow ?X$
 $L : \text{Limit}(x) \iff \prod \epsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{++} . \sum N \in \mathbb{N} : \prod n > N . d(x_n, L) \leq \epsilon$

predicate Convergent :: $\prod X : \text{MetricSpace} . ?(\mathbb{N} \rightarrow X)$
 $x : \text{Convergent} \iff \sum L \in X . L : \text{Limit}(x)$

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predicate Complete :: ?MetricSpace
  X : Complete  $\iff \prod x : \text{Cauchy}(X) . x : \text{Convergent}(X)$ 

function ( $\bowtie$ ) :: ( $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow X$ )  $\times$  ( $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow X$ )  $\rightarrow \mathbb{N} \rightarrow X$ 
  x  $\bowtie$  y =  $\lambda n \in \mathbb{N} . \text{if } 2|n \text{ then } y_{n/2} \text{ else } x_{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor}$ 

function complete :: MetricSpace(T)  $\rightarrow$  Complete(T)
  complete(X) :=  $\overline{X} := (\text{Cauchy } X) / \{(x, y) : (\text{Cauchy } X)^2 : x \bowtie y : \text{Cauchy}\}$ 

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