

# **Curves And Surfaces**

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# 1 Smooth Curves

## 1.1 Natural Parametrization

**RegularCurve** ::  $\prod [a, b] : \text{ClosedInterval}(\mathbb{R}) . \prod n \in \mathbb{N} . ?C^\infty([a, b], \mathbb{R}^n)$

$r : \text{RegularCurve} \iff r \in \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) \iff \forall t \in (a, b) . \|Dr|_t\| > 0$

**lengthFunc** ::  $\prod [a, b] : \text{ClosedInterval}(\mathbb{R}) . \prod n \in \mathbb{N} . C^1([a, b], \mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$

**lengthFunc**  $(r, t) = L_r(t) := \int_a^t \|Dr|_s\| \, ds$

**RegularArclengthIsMonotontonic** ::  $\forall [a, b] : \text{ClosedInterval}(\mathbb{R}) . \forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \forall r \in \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) .$   
 $. L_r : \text{Increasing}([a, b], \mathbb{R}_+)$

**Proof** =

**Assume**  $t, t' : [a, b]$ ,

**Assume**  $[t.1] : t < t'$ ,

$[t.*] := \partial L_r \text{AdditiveInteegral}(a, t, t', \|Dr\|)(t.1) \text{PositiveIntegral}(\partial \mathcal{R})(t.1) :$

$: L_r(t') - L_r(t) = \int_a^{t'} \|Dr|_s\| \, ds - \int_a^t \|Dr|_s\| \, ds = \int_t^{t'} \|Dr|_s\| \, ds > 0;$

$\rightsquigarrow [*] := \partial^{-1} \text{Increasing} : (L_r : \text{Increasing}([a, b], \mathbb{R}_+))$ ,

□

**NaturallyParametrized** ::  $? \mathcal{R}(a, b, n)$

$r : \text{NaturallyParametrized} \iff \|Dr\| = 1$

**NaturalParametrizationExists** ::  $\forall r \in \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) . \exists s : C^\infty([0, L_r], [a, b]) .$   
 $. r \circ s : \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L_r(b), n)$

**Proof** =

$s := L_r^{-1} : \text{Increasing}([0, L_r(b)], [a, b])$ ,

$[1] := \text{InverseDifferentiation}(s) : Ds = \frac{1}{\|Dr_s\|}$ ,

**Assume**  $t : [0, L_r(b)]$ ,

$[t.1] := \text{DerivativeComposition}(r, s) : Dr \circ s = \frac{Dr|_s}{\|Dr|_s\|}$ ,

$[t.*] := \text{NormHomogen}(\mathbb{R}^n)(t.1) \partial \text{Inverse} : \|Dr \circ s\| = \frac{\|Dr|_s\|}{\|Dr|_s\|} = 1;$

$\rightsquigarrow (*) := \partial^{-1} \text{NaturallyParametrized} : (r \circ s : \text{NaturallyParametrized}(a, b, n));$

□

$\text{ReparametrizationClassOfACurve} :: \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) \rightarrow ? \sum [c, d] : \text{ClosedInterval}(\mathbb{R}) . \mathcal{R}(c, d, n)$

$\left([c, d], \gamma\right) : \text{ReparametrizationClassOfACurve} \iff \Lambda r \in \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) . \left([c, d], \gamma\right) \in [r] \iff$   
 $\iff \exists \tau : (\mathbb{R}, [a, b]) \xrightarrow{\text{DIFF}(\infty)} (\mathbb{R}, [c, d]) \ \& \ \text{increasing} : \gamma = r \circ \tau$

$\text{arclength} :: C^1([a, b], \mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$

$\text{arclength}(r) = L(r) := L_r(b)$

$\text{ReparametrizationClass} :: ? \sum [a, b] : \text{ClosedInterval}(R) . \mathcal{R}(a, b, n)$

$X : \text{ReparametrizationClass} \iff X \in [\mathcal{R}(n)] \iff \exists [a, b] : \text{ClosedInterval}(R) : \exists r \in \mathcal{R}(a, b, n) : X = [r]$

$\text{ReparametrizationPreservesArclength} :: \forall [r] \in [\mathcal{R}(n)] . \forall ([a, b], \alpha), ([c, d], \beta) \in [r] . L(\alpha) = L(\beta)$

**Proof** =

$(\tau, [1]) := \partial[\mathcal{R}(n)]([r])(\alpha, \beta) : \sum \tau : C^\infty \ \& \ \text{increasing}([c, d], [a, b]) . \beta = \alpha \circ \tau,$

$[2] := \text{DerivativeOfIncreasing}(\tau) : D\tau > 0,$

$[*] := \partial L(\beta)[1] \text{ChainRule}(\alpha, \tau)[2] \text{ChangeOfVariable}(\tau) \partial^{-1}(L(\alpha)) :$

$: L(\beta) = \int_c^d \|D\beta|_s\| \, ds = \int_c^d D\tau|_s \|D\alpha|_{\tau(s)}\| \, ds = \int_a^b \|D\alpha|_s\| \, ds = L(\alpha);$

□

$\text{classLength} :: [\mathcal{R}(n)] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$

$\text{classLength}([r]) = L([r]) := L(r)$

$\text{NaturalParametrizationIsUnique} :: \forall X \in [\mathcal{R}(n)] . \exists ! ([0, L(X)], r) \in X :$

$: (r : \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L(X), n))$

**Proof** =

**Assume**  $([0, L(X)], \alpha), ([0, l(X)], \beta : X,$

**Assume**  $[1] : (r : \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L(X), n)),$

$(\tau, [1.1]) := \partial[\mathcal{R}(n)](X)(\alpha, \beta) : \sum \tau : C^\infty \ \& \ \text{increasing}([0, L(X)], [0, L(X)]) . \beta = \alpha \circ \tau,$

$[1.2] := \text{DerivativeOfIncreasing}(\tau) : D\tau > 0,$

$[1.3] := \partial \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L(X), n)(\beta)(s)[1.1] \text{ChainRule}(\alpha, \tau)[1.2]$

$\partial \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L(X), n) : 1 = \|D\beta\| = D\tau \|D\alpha|_\tau\| = D\tau,$

$[1.4] := \text{AntiderivativeOfUnity}[3] : \tau = \text{id},$

$[1.*] := [1.4][1.1] : \alpha = \beta;$

□

$\text{naturalParametrization} :: \prod X \in [\mathcal{R}(n)] . \text{NaturallyParametrized}(0, L(X), n)$

$\text{naturalParametrization}(X) = X := \text{NaturalParametrizationIsUnique}(X)$

## 1.2 Frenet Theory

$\text{FrenetCurve} :: ?[\mathcal{R}(n)]$

$r : \text{FrenetCurve} \iff (D^i r)_{i=1}^n : [0, L] \rightarrow \text{LinearlyIndependent}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$\text{FrenetPropertyInClass} :: \forall r : \text{FrenetCurve}(n) . \forall ([a, b], \gamma) \in r .$

$. (D^i \gamma)_{i=1}^n : [a, b] \rightarrow \text{LinearlyIndependent}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$\text{Proof} =$

$(\tau, [1]) := \partial \mathcal{R}[n](r) ([a, b], \gamma) : \sum \tau \in C^\infty \ \& \ \text{Increasing}([a, b], [0, L]) . \gamma = r \circ \tau,$

$[2] := \text{DerivativeOfIncreasing}(\tau) \partial \text{SticlyGreater} : \forall t \in (a, b) . D\tau|_t \neq 0,$

$(D, [3]) := \partial^{-1} \text{LowerTriangularmatrixArange HigherOrderChainRule}([1]) :$

$: \exists D : [a, b] \rightarrow \text{LowerTriangular}(\mathbb{R}, n) . D(D^i r|_\tau)_{i=1}^n = (D\gamma)_{i=1}^n \ \& \ \forall i \in n . D_{i,i} = D\tau,$

$[4] := \text{NonDegenerateByDeterminantDeterminantOfTheTriangular}[2][3] : D \in \text{GL}(n, \mathbb{R}),$

$[*] := \text{LindMap}(D) ([4], [3]) : \forall t \in (a, b) . (D^i \gamma|_t)_{i=1}^n : \text{LinearlyIndependent}(\mathbb{R}^n);$

□

$\text{curvature} :: \text{FrenetCurve}(n) \rightarrow C^\infty([0, L], \mathbb{R}_+)$

$\text{curvature}(r, s) = k_r(s) := \left\| D^2 r|_s \right\|$

$\text{velocity} :: \text{FrenetCurve}(n) \rightarrow C^\infty([0, L], \mathbb{S}^{n-1}(0, 1))$

$\text{velocity}(r, s) = v_r(s) := Dr$

$\text{normal} :: \text{FrenetCurve}(n) \rightarrow (n-1) \rightarrow C^\infty([0, L], \mathbb{S}^{n-1}(0, 1))$

$\text{normal}(i, r, s) = n_{r,i}(s) := \text{GrammSmidt}(D^j r|_s)_{i=1}^n(i+1)$

$\text{torsion} :: \text{FrenetCurve}(n) \rightarrow (n-2) \rightarrow C^\infty([0, L], \mathbb{R})$

$\text{torsion}(i, r, s) = \tau_{r,i}(s) := \langle Dn_{r,i+1}|_s, n_{r,i}(s) \rangle$

$\text{frenetFrame} :: \text{FrenetCurve}(n) \rightarrow n \rightarrow C^\infty([0, L], \text{Orhtonormal}(\mathbb{R}^n))$

$\text{frenetFrame}(r) = f_r := v_r \oplus n_r$