

## Python Lab Assignment – 1

1. Write a prime generator program using only primes and using python loops.
2. Write a discount coupon code using dictionary in Python with different rate coupons for each day of the week.
3. Print first 10 odd and even numbers using iterators and compress. You can use duck typing.
4. Write a regular expression to validate a phone number.
5. Write first seven Fibonacci numbers using generator next function/ yield in python. Trace and memorize the function. Also check whether a user given number is Fibonacci or not.
6. Write a simple program which loops over a list of user data (tuples containing a username, email and age) and adds each user to a directory if the user is at least 16 years old. You do not need to store the age. Write a simple exception hierarchy which defines a different exception for each of these error conditions:
  - the username is not unique
  - the age is not a positive integer
  - the user is under 16
  - the email address is not valid (a simple check for a username, the @ symbol and a domain name is sufficient)

Raise these exceptions in your program where appropriate. Whenever an exception occurs, your program should move onto the next set of data in the list. Print a different error message for each different kind of exception.

7. Write a function *findfiles* that recursively descends the directory tree for the specified directory and generates paths of all the files in the tree.
8. Create a list of all the numbers up to N=50 which are multiples of five using anonymous function.
9. Enumerate the sequence of all lowercase ASCII letters, starting from 1, using enumerate.
10. Write a code which yields all terms of the geometric progression  $a, aq, aq^2, aq^3, \dots$

When the progression produces a term that is greater than 100,000, the generator stops (with a return statement). Compute total time and time within the loop.

11. Search for palindrome and unique words in a text using class method and string method.
12. Create a BankAccount class. Your class should support these methods: deposit, withdraw, get\_balance, change\_pin. Create one SavingsAccount class that

behaves just like a BankAccount class, but also has an interest rate and a method that increases the balance by the appropriate amount of interest. Create another FeeSavingsAccount class that behaves just like a SavingsAccount, but also charges a fee every time you withdraw money. The fee should be set in the constructor and deducted before each withdrawal.

13. Write an operator overloading for len which shows string length for any given string and return only length of repetitive words with the text if the text has some repetitive parts. Determine the most frequently occurring words using most\_common. Count string length in 4 different ways.
14. Implement a priority queue that sorts items by a given priority and always returns the item with the highest priority on each pop operation.
15. Make a list of the largest or smallest N items in a collection.
16. Create a dictionary that maps stock names to prices, which will keep insertion order. Find minimum price, maximum price and sort items according to their prices in first dictionary using itemgetter or lambda function. Create another second stock dictionary. Find items that are only in first dictionary and find items whose prices do not match. Remove duplicate items from first dictionary. Sort both dictionaries for incrementing prices. Group items in first dictionary by price in multiple of 500. Find an item with price=800 from both dictionaries.
17. Write a function that flattens a nested dictionary structure like one obtain from Twitter and Facebook APIs or from some JSON file.

```
nested = {  
    'fullname': 'Alessandra',  
    'age': 41,  
    'phone-numbers': ['+447421234567', '+447423456789'],  
    'residence': {  
        'address': {  
            'first-line': 'Alexandra Rd',  
            'second-line': "  
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",  
            'zip': 'N8 0PP',  
            'city': 'London',  
            'country': 'UK',
```

```

    },
}

```

18. Use parameterized or nose\_parameterized to compute power of following values:
  - (2, 2, 4),
  - (2, 3, 8),
  - (1, 9, 1),
  - (0, 9, 0). Use pytest to check errors.
19. Use profile/cprofile to check pythagorian triples code in python. Think about time complexity of the code.
20. Write a python program to
  - i. read lines from a file, break into tokens and convert the tokens to unique numerical values using python dictionary.
  - ii. Convert lines of different lengths into lines of same length (maximum length). Use padding if and when required.
21. Write a python program to identify and extract numerical chunks from a text file and convert them into words; e.g.; 1992 → “nineteen hundred and ninety two”.
22. There is a complex matrix script. The matrix script is a X grid of strings. It consists of alphanumeric characters, spaces and symbols (!,@,#,\$,%,&).

Matrix Script

T	s	i
h	%	x
i		#
s	M	
\$	a	
#	t	%
i	r	!

Matrix Decoded

**This\$#is% Matrix# %!**

If there are symbols or spaces between two alphanumeric characters of the decoded script, then replace them with a single space " " for better readability. There is no need to use 'if' conditions for

decoding. Alphanumeric characters consist of: [A-Z, a-z, and 0-9].  $0 < N, M < 100$ . Print the decoded matrix script.

23. You are given a string, and you have to validate whether it's a valid Roman numeral. If it is valid, print True. Otherwise, print False. Try to create a regular expression for a valid Roman numeral. The number will be between 1 and 3999 (both included).

24. You are given a string . Your task is to find the first occurrence of an alphanumeric character in (read from left to right) that has consecutive repetitions using Group(), Groups() and Groupdict().

25. CSS colors are defined using a hexadecimal (HEX) notation for the combination of Red, Green, and Blue color values (RGB). It must start with a '#' symbol. It can have 3 or 6 digits. Each digit is in the range of 0 to F. You are given  $N < 10$  lines of CSS code. Your task is to print all valid Hex Color Codes, in order of their occurrence from top to bottom. Sample Input -

```
#BED
{
    color: #FfFdF8; background-color:#aef;
    font-size: 123px;
    background: -webkit-linear-gradient(top, #f9f9f9, #fff);
}
#Cab
{
    background-color: #ABC;
    border: 2px dashed #fff;
}
```

**Sample Output**

```
#FfFdF8
#aef
#f9f9f9
#fff
#ABC
```

`#fff`

26. Determine the number of black cells in an 6×6 chessboard.

27. Convert Snake case to Pascal case, camel case and kebab case.

28. Given an array of strings containing lowercase letters, the task is to find the size of the largest subset of words that are anagrams of each other. Two strings are said to be anagrams if they contain the same characters, only in a different order.

29. Quicksort is one of the most efficient sorting algorithms and is commonly implemented using recursion. However, recursion can cause stack overflow errors when dealing with very large datasets. To overcome this, we can use an iterative version of Quicksort that replaces recursive calls with an explicit stack to manage subarrays. Implement it.

30. Given two numbers N and K, the task is to print a number series where each term is obtained by repeatedly subtracting K from N until the number becomes zero or negative and once it becomes zero or negative, we start adding K back until the number reaches the original value N again. You must do this without using any loop.

For Example:

Input: N = 15, K = 5

Output: 15 10 5 0 -5 0 5 10 15

Input: N = 20, K = 6

Output: 20 14 8 2 -4 2 8 14 20