

# Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

## REMINDERS

### Product Information in this Catalog

Product information in this catalog is as of January 2021. All of the contents specified herein and production status of the products listed in this catalog are subject to change without notice due to technical improvement of our products, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

### Approval of Product Specifications

Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available. When using our products, please be sure to approve our product specifications or make a written agreement on the product specification with TAIYO YUDEN in advance.

### Pre-Evaluation in the Actual Equipment and Conditions

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual conditions of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

### Limited Application

#### 1. Equipment Intended for Use

The products listed in this catalog are intended for general-purpose and standard use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and other equipment specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets.

TAIYO YUDEN has the line-up of the products intended for use in automotive electronic equipment, telecommunications infrastructure and industrial equipment, or medical devices classified as GHTF Classes A to C (Japan Classes I to III). Therefore, when using our products for these equipment, please check available applications specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets and use the corresponding products.

#### 2. Equipment Requiring Inquiry

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products listed in this catalog for the following equipment (excluding intended equipment as specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets) which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage and/or serious public impact due to a failure or defect of the products and/or malfunction attributed thereto.

- (1) Transportation equipment (automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, etc.)
- (2) Traffic signal equipment
- (3) Disaster prevention equipment, crime prevention equipment
- (4) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
- (5) Highly public information network equipment, data-processing equipment (telephone exchange, and base station, etc.)
- (6) Any other equipment requiring high levels of quality and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

#### 3. Equipment Prohibited for Use

Please do not incorporate our products into the following equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability.

- (1) Aerospace equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
- (2) Aviation equipment <sup>\*1</sup>
- (3) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV), implantable medical devices <sup>\*2</sup>

- (4) Power generation control equipment (nuclear power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
- (5) Undersea equipment (submarine repeating equipment, underwater work equipment, etc.)
- (6) Military equipment
- (7) Any other equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

\*Notes:

1. There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.
2. Implantable medical devices contain not only internal unit which is implanted in a body, but also external unit which is connected to the internal unit.

### 4. Limitation of Liability

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment that is not intended for use by TAIYO YUDEN, or any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

### Safety Design

When using our products for high safety and/or reliability-required equipment or circuits, please fully perform safety and/or reliability evaluation. In addition, please install (i) systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device and/or (ii) systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault for a failsafe design to ensure safety.

### Intellectual Property Rights

Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

### Limited Warranty

Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a failure or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement.

### TAIYO YUDEN's Official Sales Channel

The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.

### Caution for Export

Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

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# Automotive Application Guide

We classify automotive electronic equipment into the following four application categories and set usable application categories for each of our products. When using our products for automotive electronic equipment, please be sure to check such application categories and use our products accordingly. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact us.

Category	Automotive Electronic Equipment (Typical Example)
POWERTRAIN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine ECU (Electronically Controlled Fuel Injector)</li> <li>• Cruise Control Unit</li> <li>• 4WS (4 Wheel Steering)</li> <li>• Transmission</li> <li>• Power Steering</li> <li>• HEV/PHV/EV Core Control (Battery, Inverter, DC-DC)</li> <li>• Automotive Locator (Car location information providing device), etc.</li> </ul>
SAFETY	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ABS (Anti-Lock Brake System)</li> <li>• ESC (Electronic Stability Control)</li> <li>• Airbag</li> <li>• ADAS (Equipment that directly controls running, turning and stopping), etc.</li> </ul>
BODY & CHASSIS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiper</li> <li>• Automatic Door</li> <li>• Power Window</li> <li>• Keyless Entry System</li> <li>• Electric Door Mirror</li> <li>• Automobile Digital Mirror</li> <li>• Interior Lighting</li> <li>• Automobile Air Conditioning System</li> <li>• LED Headlight</li> <li>• TPMS (Tire Pressure Monitoring System)</li> <li>• Anti-Theft Device (Immobilizer), etc.</li> </ul>
INFOTAINMENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Car Infotainment System</li> <li>• ITS/Telematics System</li> <li>• Instrument Cluster</li> <li>• ADAS (Sensor, Equipment that is not interlocked with safety equipment or powertrain)</li> <li>• Dashcam (genuine products for automotive manufacturer), etc.</li> </ul>

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## MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS

REFLOW

AEC-Q200

## ■ PART NUMBER

J	M	K	3	1	6	△	B	J	1	0	6	M	L	H	T	△
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧	⑨	⑩	⑪	⑫					

△=Blank space

## ① Rated voltage

Code	Rated voltage [VDC]
A	4
J	6.3
L	10
E	16
T	25
G	35
U	50
H	100
Q	250
S	630

## ② Series name

Code	Series name
M	Multilayer ceramic capacitor
V	Multilayer ceramic capacitor for high frequency
W	LW reverse type multilayer capacitor

## ③ End termination

Code	End termination
K	Plated
J	Soft Termination
S	Cu Internal Electrodes (For High Frequency)
F	High Reliability Application
R	High Reliability Application (Cu External Electrodes)

## ④ Dimension (L × W)

Type	Dimensions (L × W) [mm]	EIA (inch)
063	0.6 × 0.3	0201
105	1.0 × 0.5	0402
107	0.52 × 1.0 ※	0204
107	1.6 × 0.8	0603
107	0.8 × 1.6 ※	0306
212	2.0 × 1.25	0805
212	1.25 × 2.0 ※	0508
316	3.2 × 1.6	1206
325	3.2 × 2.5	1210
432	4.5 × 3.2	1812

Note : ※LW reverse type (□WK) only

## ⑤ Dimension tolerance

Code	Type	L [mm]	W [mm]	T [mm]
△	ALL	Standard	Standard	Standard
A	063	0.6±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	105	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10
	107	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05
	212	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	0.85±0.10 1.25+0.15/-0.05
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30
B	105	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05
	107	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0
	212	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25+0.20/-0	0.85±0.10 1.25+0.20/-0
	316	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30
C	105	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0
	107	1.6+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0
	212	2.0+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0
K	212	2.0±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.85±0.15
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.15±0.20 1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.50	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30

Note: cf. STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

△= Blank space

## ⑥ Temperature characteristics code

## ■ High dielectric type

Code	Applicable standard		Temperature range [°C]	Ref. Temp. [°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code
BJ	EIA	X5R	−55~+ 85	25	±15%	±10%	K
						±20%	M
C6	EIA	X6S	−55~+105	25	±22%	±10%	K
						±20%	M
B7	EIA	X7R	−55~+125	25	±15%	±10%	K
						±20%	M
C7	EIA	X7S	−55~+125	25	±22%	±10%	K
						±20%	M
D7	EIA	X7T	−55~+125	25	+22%/-33%	±10%	K
						±20%	M

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■ Temperature compensating type

Code	Applicable standard		Temperature range [°C]	Ref. Temp. [°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code	
CG	JIS	CG	-55~+125	20	0±30ppm/°C	±0.1pF	B	
	EIA	C0G				±0.25pF	C	
				25		±0.5pF	D	
						±1pF	F	
						±2%	G	
						±5%	J	

⑦ Nominal capacitance

Code (example)	Nominal capacitance
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	0.01 μF
104	0.1 μF
105	1.0 μF
106	10 μF
107	100 μF

Note : R=Decimal point

⑧ Capacitance tolerance

Code	Capacitance tolerance
A	±0.05pF
B	±0.1pF
C	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
G	±2%
J	±5%
K	±10%
M	±20%

⑨ Thickness

Code	Thickness [mm]
P	0.3
T	0.5
V	0.7(107type or more)
C	0.8
A	0.85(212type or more)
D	1.15
F	1.25
G	1.6
L	1.9
N	2.5
M	

⑩ Special code

Code	Special code
-	Standard
H	MLCC for Automotive
8	MLCC for Telecommunications infrastructure and Industrial equipment / Medical devices

⑪ Packaging

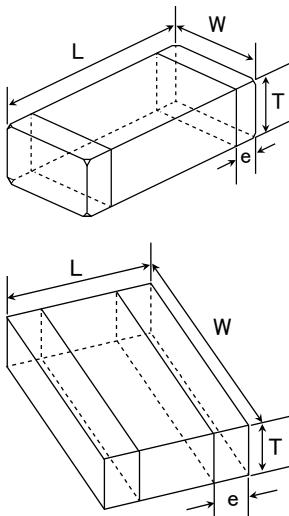
Code	Packaging
F	φ 178mm Taping (2mm pitch)
R	φ 178mm Embossed Taping (4mm pitch)
T	φ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)
P	φ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel) 325 type(Thickness code M)

⑫ Internal code

Code	Internal code
△	Standard

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## ■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



Type( EIA )	Dimension [mm] (inch)				
	L	W	T	*1	e
□MK063(0201)	0.6±0.03 (0.024±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	T	0.15±0.05 (0.006±0.002)
□MK105(0402) □MF105(0402)	1.0±0.05 (0.039±0.002)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	V	0.25±0.10 (0.010±0.004)
□WK105(0204)※	0.52±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	1.0±0.05 (0.039±0.002)	0.3±0.05 (0.012±0.002)	P	0.18±0.08 (0.007±0.003)
□MK107(0603) □MF107(0603)	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	A	0.35±0.25 (0.014±0.010)
□MJ107(0603)	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	A	0.35+0.3/-0.25 (0.014+0.012/-0.010)
□VS107(0603)	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	0.7±0.10 (0.028±0.004)	C	0.35±0.25 (0.014±0.010)
□WK107(0306)※	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	V	0.25±0.15 (0.010±0.006)
□MK212(0805) □MF212(0805)	2.0±0.10 (0.079±0.004)	1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	D	0.5±0.25 (0.020±0.010)
			1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	G	
□MJ212(0805)	2.0±0.10 (0.079±0.004)	1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	D	0.5+0.35/-0.25 (0.020+0.014/-0.010)
			1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	G	
□VS212(0805)	2.0±0.10 (0.079±0.004)	1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	D	0.5±0.25 (0.020±0.010)
□WK212(0508)※	1.25±0.15 (0.049±0.006)	2.0±0.15 (0.079±0.006)	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	D	0.3±0.2 (0.012±0.008)
□MK316(1206) □MF316(1206)	3.2±0.15 (0.126±0.006)	1.6±0.15 (0.063±0.006)	1.15±0.10 (0.045±0.004)	F	0.5+0.35/-0.25 (0.020+0.014/-0.010)
			1.6±0.20 (0.063±0.008)	L	
□MJ316(1206)	3.2±0.15 (0.126±0.006)	1.6±0.15 (0.063±0.006)	1.15±0.10 (0.045±0.004)	F	0.6+0.4/-0.3 (0.024+0.016/-0.012)
			1.6±0.20 (0.063±0.008)	L	
□MK325(1210) □MF325(1210)	3.2±0.30 (0.126±0.012)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	1.15±0.10 (0.045±0.004)	F	0.6±0.3 (0.024±0.012)
			1.9±0.20 (0.075±0.008)	N	
□MJ325(1210)	3.2±0.30 (0.126±0.012)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	1.9±0.20 (0.075±0.008)	N	0.6+0.4/-0.3 (0.024+0.016/-0.012)
			2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	M	
□MK432(1812)	4.5±0.40 (0.177±0.016)	3.2±0.30 (0.126±0.012)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	M	0.9±0.6 (0.035±0.024)

Note : ※. LW reverse type, \*1.Thickness code

## ■ STANDARD QUANTITY

Type	EIA (inch)	Dimension		Standard quantity [pcs]	
		[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
063	0201	0.3	T	15000	—
105	0402	0.5	V	10000	—
	0204 ※	0.30	P		—
107	0603	0.7	C	4000	—
		0.8	A		—
		0.8	A	3000 (Soft Termination)	—
		0.8	A	—	3000 (Soft Termination)
		0.50	V	—	4000
212	0805	0.85	D	4000	—
		1.25	G	—	3000
		1.25	G	—	2000 (Soft Termination)
		0.85	D	4000	—
316	1206	1.15	F	—	3000
		1.6	L	—	2000
325	1210	1.15	F	—	2000
		1.9	N		—
		2.5	M	—	500(T), 1000(P)
432	1812	2.5	M	—	500

Note : ※.LW Reverse type(□WK)

■ PART NUMBER

**Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors**

● 105TYPE (Dimension:1.0×0.5mm JIS:1005 EIA:0402)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C), C7 : X7S(-55~+125°C)】 0.5mm thickness(V)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness <sup>*1</sup> [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %		
HMK105 B7221□VHFE		100	X7R	220 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7331□VHFE			X7R	330 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7471□VHFE			X7R	470 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7681□VHFE			X7R	680 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7102□VHFE			X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7152□VHFE			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7222□VHFE			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7332□VHFE			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7472□VHFE			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7682□VHFE			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7103□VHFE			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.5±0.05	
HMK105 B7221□VHFE			X7R						
HMK105 B7331□VHFE			X7R						
HMK105 B7471□VHFE			X7R						
HMK105 B7681□VHFE			X7R						

● 107TYPE (Dimension:1.6×0.8mm JIS:1608 EIA:0603)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C), C7 : X7S(-55~+125°C)】 0.8mm thickness(A)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness <sup>*1</sup> [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %		
HMK107 B7102□AHT		100	X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7152□AHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7222□AHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7332□AHT			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7472□AHT			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7682□AHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7103□AHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7153□AHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7223□AHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7333□AHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107 B7473□AHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107AB7683□AHTE			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.15/-0.05	
HMK107 B7104□AHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	
HMK107AC7154□AHTE			X7S	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	0.8±0.15/-0.05	
HMK107 C7224□AHTE			X7S	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	0.8±0.10	

● 212TYPE (Dimension:2.0×1.25mm JIS:2012 EIA:0805)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C), C7 : X7S(-55~+125°C)】 1.25mm thickness(G)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness <sup>*1</sup> [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %		
HMK212 B7472□GHT		100	X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7682□GHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7103□GHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7153□GHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7223□GHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7333□GHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7473□GHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7683□GHT			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212 B7104□GHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212BB7154□GHT			X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.20/-0	
HMK212 B7224□GHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	
HMK212BC7334□GHT			X7S	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25±0.20/-0	
HMK212 C7474□GHT			X7S	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25±0.10	
HMK212BC7684□GHT			X7S	0.68 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25±0.25/-0	
HMK212BC7105□GHT			X7S	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.25±0.20/-0	
QMK212 B7472□GHT		250	X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7682□GHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7103□GHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7153□GHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	
QMK212 B7223□GHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C)】 0.85mm thickness(D)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT	Thickness <sup>*1</sup> [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %		
HMK212 B7102□DHT		100	X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85±0.10	
HMK212 B7152□DHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85±0.10	
HMK212 B7222□DHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85±0.10	
HMK212 B7332□DHT			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	200	0.85±0.10	
QMK212 B7102□DHT			X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.10	
QMK212 B7152□DHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.10	
QMK212 B7222□DHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.10	
QMK212 B7332□DHT			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	0.85±0.10	
HMK212 B7103□DHT		250	X7R						
HMK212 B7153□DHT			X7R						
HMK212 B7222□DHT			X7R						
HMK212 B7332□DHT			X7R						
QMK212 B7102□DHT			X7R						

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## PART NUMBER

● 316TYPE (Dimension:3.2×1.6mm JIS:3216 EIA:1206)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C), C7 : X7S(-55~+125°C)】 1.6mm thickness(L)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT		Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %	HTLT		
HMK316 B7473□LHT		100	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7683□LHT			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7104□LHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7154□LHT			X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7224□LHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7334□LHT			X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7474□LHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316 B7105□LHT			X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20		
HMK316BC7155□LHTE			X7S	1.5 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.6±0.30		
HMK316AC7225□LHTE			X7S	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	1.6±0.20		
QMK316 B7223□LHT		250	X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20		
QMK316 B7333□LHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20		
QMK316 B7473□LHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20		
QMK316 B7683□LHT			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20		
QMK316 B7104□LHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20		
SMK316 B7153□LHT		630	X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20		
SMK316 B7223□LHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20		
SMK316AB7333□LHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20		
SMK316AB7473□LHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20		

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C)】 1.15mm thickness(F)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT		Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %	HTLT		
SMK316 B7102□FHT		630	X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7152□FHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7222□FHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7332□FHT			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7472□FHT			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7682□FHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		
SMK316 B7103□FHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10		

● 325TYPE (Dimension:3.2×2.5mm JIS:3225 EIA:1210)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C), C7 : X7S(-55~+125°C)】 2.5mm thickness(M)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT		Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %	HTLT		
HMK325 B7225□MHPE		100	X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20		
HMK325 C7475□MHPE			X7S	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	150	2.5±0.20		

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C)】 1.9mm thickness(N)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT		Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %	HTLT		
HMK325 B7224□NHT		100	X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20		
HMK325 B7474□NHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20		
HMK325 B7684□NHT			X7R	0.68 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20		
HMK325 B7105□NHT			X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20		
QMK325 B7473□NHT		250	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20		
QMK325 B7104□NHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20		
QMK325 B7154□NHT			X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20		
QMK325 B7224□NHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20		
SMK325 B7223□NHT		630	X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20		
SMK325 B7333□NHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20		
SMK325 B7473□NHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20		

● 432TYPE (Dimension:4.5×3.2mm JIS:4532 EIA:1812)

【Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R(-55~+125°C)】 2.5mm thickness(M)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT		Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
							Rated voltage x %	HTLT		
HMK432 B7474□MHT		100	X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20		
HMK432 B7105□MHT			X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20		
HMK432 B7155□MHT			X7R	1.5 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20		
HMK432 B7225□MHT			X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20		
QMK432 B7104□MHT		250	X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20		
QMK432 B7224□MHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20		
QMK432 B7334□MHT			X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20		
QMK432 B7474□MHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20		
SMK432 B7473□MHT		630	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20		
SMK432 B7683□MHT			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20		
SMK432 B7104□MHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20		

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# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

## PACKAGING

### ① Minimum Quantity

#### Taped package

Type(EIA)	Thickness		Standard quantity [pcs]	
	mm	code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
□MK021(008004)	0.125	K	—	50000
□VS021(008004)				
□MK042(01005)	0.2	C, D	—	40000
□VS042(01005)	0.2	C	—	
□MK063(0201)	0.3	P,T	15000	—
□WK105(0204) *	0.3	P	10000	—
	0.13	H	—	20000
□MK105(0402)	0.18	E	—	15000
□MF105(0402)	0.2	C	20000	—
	0.3	P	15000	—
	0.5	V	10000	—
□VK105(0402)	0.5	W	10000	—
□MK107(0603)	0.45	K	4000	—
□WK107(0306) *	0.5	V	—	4000
□MF107(0603)	0.8	A	4000	—
□VS107(0603)	0.7	C	4000	—
□MJ107(0603)	0.8	A	3000	3000
□MK212(0805)	0.45	K	4000	—
□WK212(0508) *	0.85	D	—	
□MF212(0805)	1.25	G	—	3000
□VS212(0805)	0.85	D	4000	—
□MJ212(0805)	0.85	D	4000	—
	1.25	G	—	2000
□MK316(1206)	0.85	D	4000	—
□MF316(1206)	1.15	F	—	3000
	1.6	L	—	2000
□MJ316(1206)	1.15	F	—	3000
	1.6	L	—	2000
□MK325(1210)	0.85	D	—	
□MF325(1210)	1.15	F	—	2000
	1.9	N	—	
	2.0max.	Y	—	
	2.5	M	—	1000
□MJ325(1210)	1.9	N	—	2000
□MK432(1812)	2.5	M	—	500(T), 1000(P)
	2.5	M	—	500

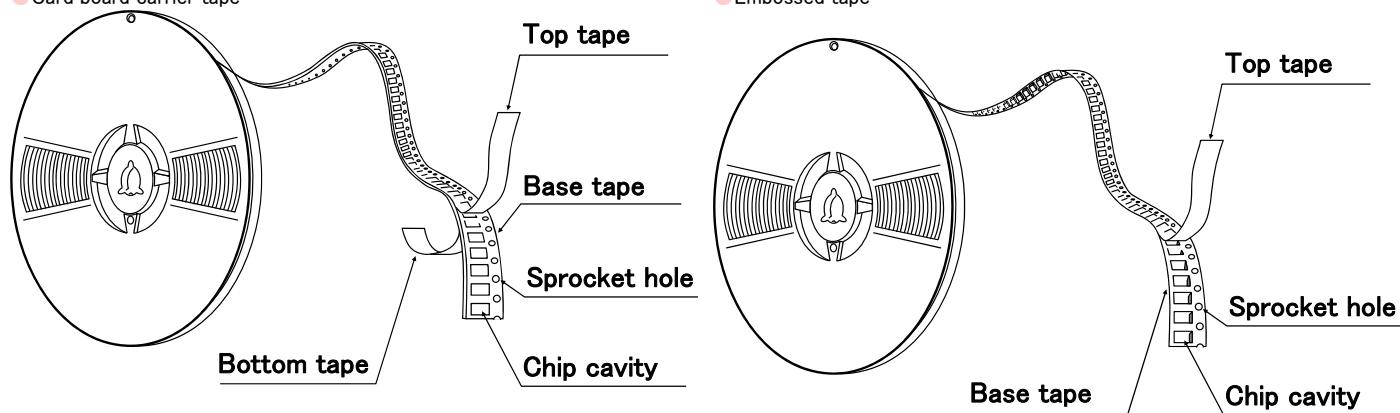
Note : \* LW Reverse type.

### ② Taping material

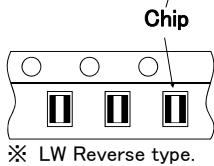
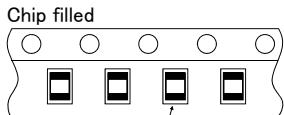
\*No bottom tape for pressed carrier tape

Card board carrier tape

Embossed tape



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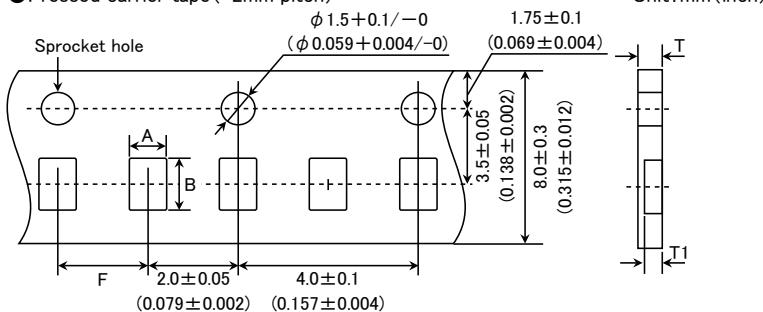


\* LW Reverse type.

### ③ Representative taping dimensions

● Paper Tape (8mm wide)

● Pressed carrier tape (2mm pitch)

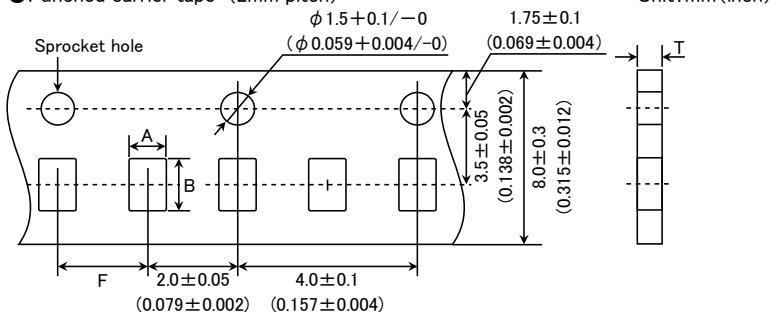


Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
	A	B		T	T1	
□ MK063(0201)	0.37	0.67	2.0 ± 0.05	0.45max.	0.42max.	
□ WK105(0204) *	0.65	1.15		0.4max.	0.3max.	
□ MK105(0402) (*1 C)				0.45max.	0.42max.	
□ MK105(0402) (*1 P)						

Note \*1 Thickness, C:0.2mm ,P:0.3mm. \* LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

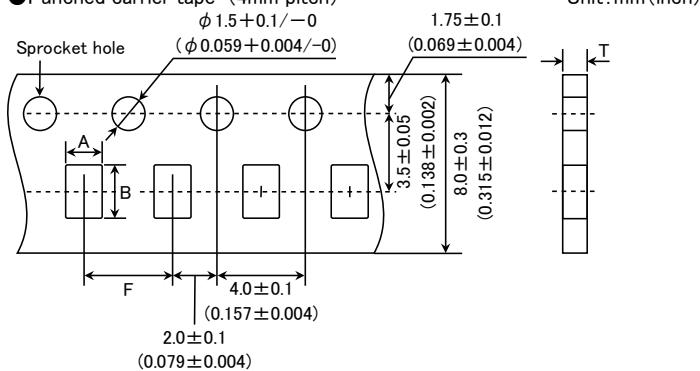
● Punched carrier tape (2mm pitch)



Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
	A	B		
□ MK105 (0402)	0.65	1.15	2.0 ± 0.05	0.8max.
□ MF105 (0402)				
□ VK105 (0402)				

Unit:mm

● Punched carrier tape (4mm pitch)



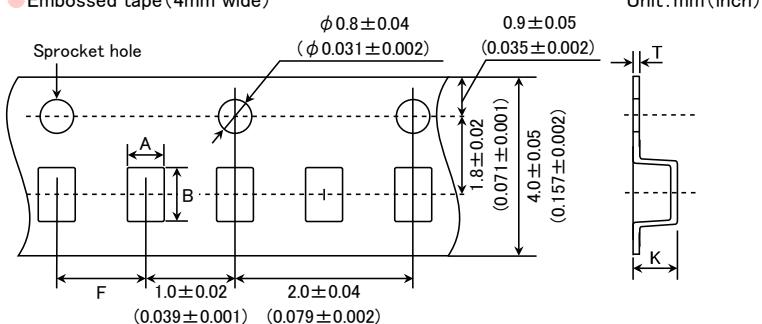
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Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness T
	A	B		
□MK107(0603)			$4.0 \pm 0.1$	1.1max.
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		
□MF107(0603)			$4.0 \pm 0.1$	1.1max.
□MK212(0805)				
□WK212(0508) ※	1.65	2.4		
□MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6		

Note : Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. ※ LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

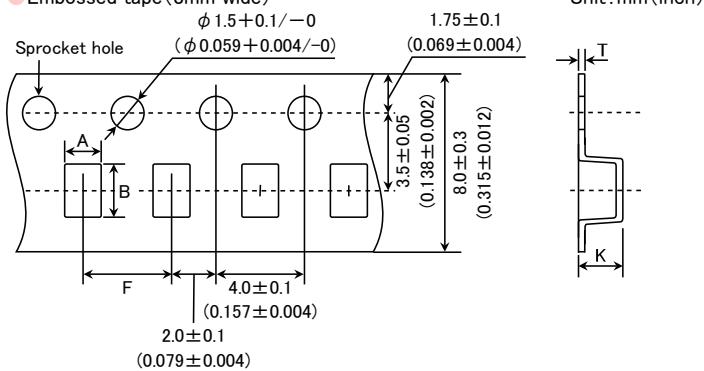
● Embossed tape (4mm wide)



Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
	A	B		K	T
□MK021(008004)	0.135	0.27	$1.0 \pm 0.02$	0.5max.	0.25max.
□VS021(008004)					
□MK042(01005)	0.23	0.43			
□VS042(01005)					

Unit:mm

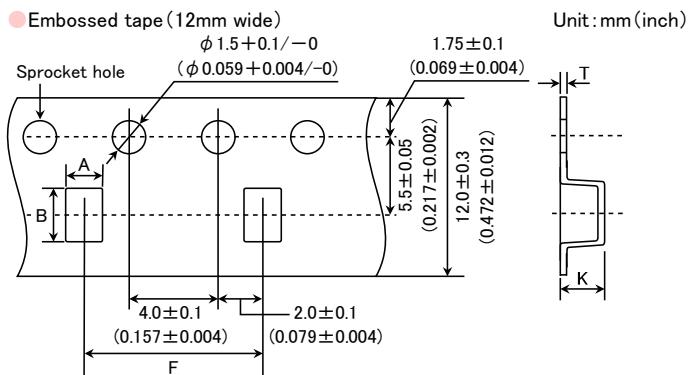
● Embossed tape (8mm wide)



Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
	A	B		K	T
□MK105(0402)	0.6	1.1	$2.0 \pm 0.1$	0.6max	$0.2 \pm 0.1$
□WK107(0306) ※					
□MK212(0805)	1.65	2.4	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	1.3max.	$0.25 \pm 0.1$
□MF212(0805)					
□MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6		3.4max.	0.6max.
□MF316(1206)					
□MK325(1210)	2.8	3.6			
□MF325(1210)					

Note: ※ LW Reverse type.

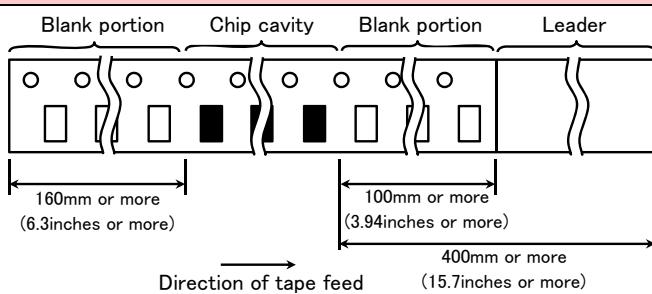
Unit:mm



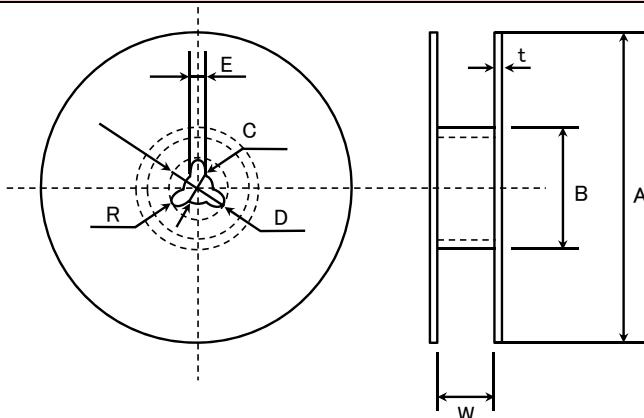
Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
	A	B		K	T
□ MK325(1210)	3.1	4.0	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.
□ MK432(1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.

Unit:mm

#### ④ Trailer and Leader



#### ⑤ Reel size



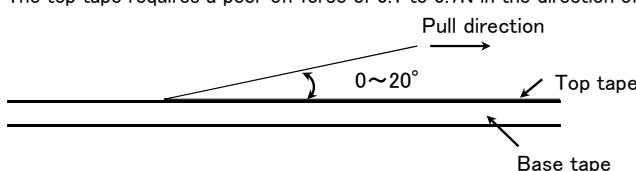
A	B	C	D	E	R
φ178±2.0	φ50min.	φ13.0±0.2	φ21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	T	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

#### ⑥ Top Tape Strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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# Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor

## ■ RELIABILITY DATA

### 1. Operating Temperature Range

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) CG(COG) : -55 to +125°C
	High permittivity X7R, X7S : -55 to +125°C X5 : -55 to +85°C B : -25 to +85°C

### 2. Storage Temperature Range

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) CG(COG) : -55 to +125°C
	High permittivity X7R, X7S : -55 to +125°C X5R : -55 to +85°C B : -25 to +85°C

### 3. Rated Voltage

Specified Value	100VDC(HMK,HMJ), 250VDC(QMK,QMJ,QVS), 630VDC(SMK,SMJ)
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### 4. Withstanding Voltage (Between terminals)

Specified Value	No breakdown or damage
Test Methods and Remarks	Applied voltage : Rated voltage × 2.5(HMK,HMJ), Rated voltage × 2(QMK,QMJ,QVS), Rated voltage × 1.2(SMK,SMJ) Duration : 1 to 5sec. Charge/discharge current : 50mA max.

### 5. Insulation Resistance

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) 10000MΩ min
	High permittivity 100MΩ μF or 10GΩ, whichever is smaller.
Test Methods and Remarks	Applied voltage : Rated voltage (HMK,HMJ, QMK,QMJ,QVS), 500V(SMK,SMJ) Duration : 60±5sec. Charge/discharge current : 50mA max.

### 6. Capacitance (Tolerance)

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) ±0.1pF (C<5pF) ±0.25pF (C<10pF) ±0.5pF (5pF≤C<10pF) ±2%(C=10pF) ±5%(C≥10pF)
	High permittivity ±10%, ±20%
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Measuring frequency : 1MHz±10% Measuring voltage : 0.5 to 5Vrms Bias application : None  High permittivity Measuring frequency : 1kHz±10% Measuring voltage : 1±0.2Vrms Bias application : None

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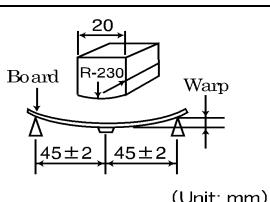
## 7. Q or Dissipation Factor

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) C<30pF : Q≥800+20C C≥30pF : Q≥1400 C:Normal Capacitance( /pF)
	High permittivity 3.5%max (HMK,HMJ) 2.5%max (QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Measuring frequency : 1MHz±10% Measuring voltage : 0.5 to 5Vrms Bias application : None
	High permittivity Measuring frequency : 1kHz±10% Measuring voltage : 1±0.2Vrms Bias application : None

## 8. Temperature Characteristic of Capacitance

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) C0G : ±30ppm(25 to +125°C)											
	High permittivity B : ±10%(-25 to +85°C) X5R : ±15%(-55 to +85°C) X7R : ±15%(-55 to +125°C) X7S : ±22%(-55 to +125°C)											
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Capacitance at 25°C and 85°C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation. $\frac{(C_{85} - C_{25})}{C_{25} \times \Delta T} \times 10^6 \times [\text{ppm}/^\circ\text{C}]$											
	High permittivity Capacitance value at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation. <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>B</th> <th>X5R, X7R, X7S</th> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Minimum operating temperature</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>20°C</td> <td>25°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Maximum operating temperature</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> $\frac{(C - C_2)}{C_2} \times 100 (\%)$ <p>C : Capacitance value in Step 1 or Step 3 C2 : Capacitance value in Step 2</p>	Step	B	X5R, X7R, X7S	1	Minimum operating temperature		2	20°C	25°C	3	Maximum operating temperature
Step	B	X5R, X7R, X7S										
1	Minimum operating temperature											
2	20°C	25°C										
3	Maximum operating temperature											

## 9. Deflection

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : ±5% or ±0.5pF, whichever is larger.
	High permittivity Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within±10%
Test Methods and Remarks	Warp : 1mm (Soft Termination type:3mm) Duration : 10sec. Test board : Glass epoxy-resin substrate Thickness : 1.6mm
	 Capacitance measurement shall be conducted with the board bent.

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10. Adhesive Strength of Terminal Electrodes																
Specified Value	No terminal separation or its indication.															
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)            Applied force : 2N            Duration : <math>10 \pm 1</math> sec.</p> <p>High permittivity            Applied force : 5N            Duration : <math>30 \pm 5</math> sec.</p>															
11. Solderability																
Specified Value	At least 95% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder															
Test Methods and Remarks	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>Eutectic solder</th><th>Lead-free solder</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Solder type</td><td>H60A or H63A</td><td>Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu</td></tr> <tr> <td>Solder temperature</td><td><math>230 \pm 5</math> °C</td><td><math>245 \pm 3</math> °C</td></tr> <tr> <td>Duration</td><td colspan="2"><math>4 \pm 1</math> sec.</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Eutectic solder	Lead-free solder	Solder type	H60A or H63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu	Solder temperature	$230 \pm 5$ °C	$245 \pm 3$ °C	Duration	$4 \pm 1$ sec.				
	Eutectic solder	Lead-free solder														
Solder type	H60A or H63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu														
Solder temperature	$230 \pm 5$ °C	$245 \pm 3$ °C														
Duration	$4 \pm 1$ sec.															
12. Resistance to Soldering																
Specified Value	<p>Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)</p> <p>Appearance : No abnormality            Capacitance change : <math>C \leq 10pF : \pm 0.25pF</math>   <math>C &gt; 10pF : \pm 2.5\%</math>   <math>\times</math> Normal capacitance            Insulation resistance : Initial value            Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality</p> <p>High permittivity</p> <p>Appearance : No abnormality            Capacitance change : Within <math>\pm 15\%</math> (HMK,HMJ), <math>\pm 10\%</math> (QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)            Dissipation factor : Initial value            Insulation resistance : Initial value            Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality</p>															
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>Preconditioning : Thermal treatment(at <math>150^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)</p> <p>Solder temperature : <math>270 \pm 5</math> °C</p> <p>Duration : <math>3 \pm 0.5</math> sec.</p> <p>Preheating conditions : 80 to <math>100^{\circ}\text{C}</math>, 2 to 5 min.      150 to <math>200^{\circ}\text{C}</math>, 2 to 5min.</p> <p>Recovery : <math>24 \pm 2</math> hrs under the standard condition Note3</p>															
13. Temperature Cycle (Thermal Shock)																
Specified Value	<p>Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)</p> <p>Appearance : No abnormality            Capacitance change : <math>C \leq 10pF : \pm 0.25\%</math>   <math>C &gt; 10pF : \pm 2.5\%</math>            Insulation resistance : Initial value            Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality</p> <p>High permittivity</p> <p>Appearance : No abnormality            Capacitance change : Within <math>\pm 15\%</math> (HMK,HMJ), <math>\pm 7.5\%</math> (QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)            Dissipation factor : Initial value            Insulation resistance : Initial value            Withstanding voltage (between terminals) : No abnormality</p>															
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>Preconditioning : Thermal treatment (at <math>150^{\circ}\text{C}</math> for 1hr) Note1</p> <p>Conditions for 1 cycle</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th><th>temperature (°C)</th><th>Time (min.)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Minimum operating temperature</td><td><math>30 \pm 3</math> min.</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Normal temperature</td><td>2 to 3 min.</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Maximum operating temperature</td><td><math>30 \pm 3</math> min.</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Normal temperature</td><td>2 to 3 min.</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Number of cycles : 5 times</p> <p>Recovery : <math>24 \pm 2</math> hrs under the standard condition Note3</p>	Step	temperature (°C)	Time (min.)	1	Minimum operating temperature	$30 \pm 3$ min.	2	Normal temperature	2 to 3 min.	3	Maximum operating temperature	$30 \pm 3$ min.	4	Normal temperature	2 to 3 min.
Step	temperature (°C)	Time (min.)														
1	Minimum operating temperature	$30 \pm 3$ min.														
2	Normal temperature	2 to 3 min.														
3	Maximum operating temperature	$30 \pm 3$ min.														
4	Normal temperature	2 to 3 min.														

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#### 14. Humidity (Steady state)

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: $C \leq 10\text{pF} : \pm 0.5\%$ $C > 10\text{pF} : \pm 5\%$ ※Normal capacitance
	Insulation resistance	: $1000M\Omega$ min
	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within $\pm 15\%$
	Dissipation factor	: $7\% \text{max}(\text{HMK,HMJ})$ , $5\% \text{max}(\text{QMK,QMJ}, \text{SMK,SMJ})$ .
Test Methods and Remarks	Insulation resistance	: $25M\Omega$ $\mu\text{F}$ or $1000M\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment(at $150^\circ\text{C}$ for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH
	Duration	: 500 +24/-0 hrs
	Recovery	: $24 \pm 2$ hrs under the standard condition Note3

#### 15. Humidity Loading

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: $C \leq 2.0\text{pF} : \pm 0.4\%$ $2.0\text{pF} < C \leq 10\text{pF} : \pm 0.75\%$ $C > 10\text{pF} : \pm 7.5\%$ ※Normal capacitance
	Insulation resistance	: $500M\Omega$ min
	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within $\pm 15\%$
	Dissipation factor	: $7\% \text{max}(\text{HMK,HMJ})$ , $5\% \text{max}(\text{QMK,QMJ}, \text{SMK,SMJ})$ .
Test Methods and Remarks	Insulation resistance	: $10M\Omega$ $\mu\text{F}$ or $500M\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	According to JIS 5102 clause 9.9.	
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH
	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.
	Duration	: 500 +24/-0 hrs
	Recovery	: $24 \pm 2$ hrs under the standard condition Note3

#### 16. High Temperature Loading

Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: $C \leq 10\text{pF} : \pm 0.3\%$ $C > 10\text{pF} : \pm 3\%$
	Insulation resistance	: $1000M\Omega$ min
	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within $\pm 15\%$
	Dissipation factor	: $7\% \text{max}(\text{HMK,HMJ})$ , $5\% \text{max}(\text{QMK,QMJ}, \text{SMK,SMJ})$ .
Test Methods and Remarks	Insulation resistance	: $50M\Omega$ $\mu\text{F}$ or $1000M\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	According to JIS 5102 clause 9.10.	
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: Maximum operating temperature
	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage $\times 2$ (HMK,HMJ,QVS) Rated voltage $\times 1.5$ (QMK,QMJ) Rated voltage $\times 1.2$ (SMK,SMJ)
	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.
	Duration	: 1000 +24/-0 hrs
	Recovery	: $24 \pm 2$ hrs under the standard condition Note3

Note1 Thermal treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at  $150+0/-10^\circ\text{C}$  for an hour and kept at room temperature for  $24 \pm 2$ hours.

Note2 Voltage treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for  $24 \pm 2$ hours.

Note3 Standard condition : Temperature: 5 to  $35^\circ\text{C}$ , Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa  
When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under the following condition.  
Temperature:  $20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ , Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa  
Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

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# Precautions on the use of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

## ■ PRECAUTIONS

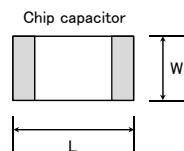
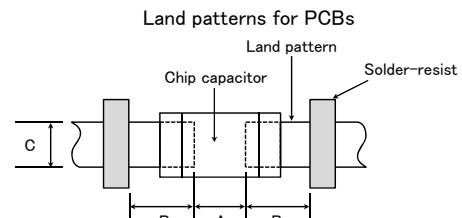
### 1. Circuit Design

Precautions	<p>◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance</p> <p>1. A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.</p> <p>Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.</p>
	<p>◆ Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)</p> <p>1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.</p> <p>If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.</p> <p>For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.</p> <p>2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.</p>

### 2. PCB Design

Precautions	<p>◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)</p> <p>1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:</p> <p>(1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.</p> <p>(2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.</p>
	<p>◆ Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)</p> <p>After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.</p>

Technical considerations	<p>◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)</p> <p>The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.</p> <p>(1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors</p> <p>● Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)</p> <p>Wave-soldering</p>																													
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>107</th><th>212</th><th>316</th><th>325</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Size L</td><td>1.6</td><td>2.0</td><td>3.2</td><td>3.2</td></tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>0.8</td><td>1.25</td><td>1.6</td><td>2.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>A</td><td>0.8 to 1.0</td><td>1.0 to 1.4</td><td>1.8 to 2.5</td><td>1.8 to 2.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>B</td><td>0.5 to 0.8</td><td>0.8 to 1.5</td><td>0.8 to 1.7</td><td>0.8 to 1.7</td></tr> <tr> <td>C</td><td>0.6 to 0.8</td><td>0.9 to 1.2</td><td>1.2 to 1.6</td><td>1.8 to 2.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	107	212	316	325	Size L	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	W	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	A	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	B	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7	C	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6
Type	107	212	316	325																										
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A	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5																										
B	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7																										
C	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5																										



Technical considerations	<p>Reflow-soldering</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>042</th><th>063</th><th>105</th><th>107</th><th>212</th><th>316</th><th>325</th><th>432</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Size L</td><td>0.4</td><td>0.6</td><td>1.0</td><td>1.6</td><td>2.0</td><td>3.2</td><td>3.2</td><td>4.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.3</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.8</td><td>1.25</td><td>1.6</td><td>2.5</td><td>3.2</td></tr> <tr> <td>A</td><td>0.15 to 0.25</td><td>0.20 to 0.30</td><td>0.45 to 0.55</td><td>0.8 to 1.0</td><td>0.8 to 1.2</td><td>1.8 to 2.5</td><td>1.8 to 2.5</td><td>2.5 to 3.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>B</td><td>0.15 to 0.20</td><td>0.20 to 0.30</td><td>0.40 to 0.50</td><td>0.6 to 0.8</td><td>0.8 to 1.2</td><td>1.0 to 1.5</td><td>1.0 to 1.5</td><td>1.5 to 1.8</td></tr> <tr> <td>C</td><td>0.15 to 0.30</td><td>0.25 to 0.40</td><td>0.45 to 0.55</td><td>0.6 to 0.8</td><td>0.9 to 1.6</td><td>1.2 to 2.0</td><td>1.8 to 3.2</td><td>2.3 to 3.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	042	063	105	107	212	316	325	432	Size L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2	A	0.15 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.30	0.45 to 0.55	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.2	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	2.5 to 3.5	B	0.15 to 0.20	0.20 to 0.30	0.40 to 0.50	0.6 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.2	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 1.8	C	0.15 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40	0.45 to 0.55	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.6	1.2 to 2.0	1.8 to 3.2	2.3 to 3.5
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Note: Recommended land size might be different according to the allowance of the size of the product.																																																							

Technical considerations	<p>● LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (unit: mm)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>105</th><th>107</th><th>212</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Size L</td><td>0.52</td><td>0.8</td><td>1.25</td></tr> <tr> <td>W</td><td>1.0</td><td>1.6</td><td>2.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>A</td><td>0.18 to 0.22</td><td>0.25 to 0.3</td><td>0.5 to 0.7</td></tr> <tr> <td>B</td><td>0.2 to 0.25</td><td>0.3 to 0.4</td><td>0.4 to 0.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>C</td><td>0.9 to 1.1</td><td>1.5 to 1.7</td><td>1.9 to 2.1</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type	105	107	212	Size L	0.52	0.8	1.25	W	1.0	1.6	2.0	A	0.18 to 0.22	0.25 to 0.3	0.5 to 0.7	B	0.2 to 0.25	0.3 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.5	C	0.9 to 1.1	1.5 to 1.7	1.9 to 2.1
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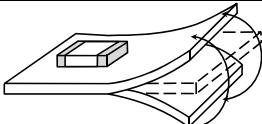
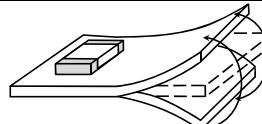
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(2) Examples of good and bad solder application

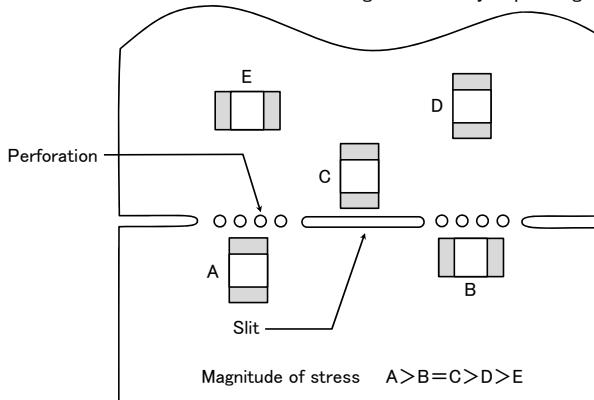
Items	Not recommended	Recommended
Mixed mounting of SMD and leaded components	Lead wire of component	Solder-resist
Component placement close to the chassis	Chassis Solder (for grounding) Electrode pattern	Solder-resist
Hand-soldering of leaded Components near mounted components	Lead wire of component Soldering iron	Solder-resist
Horizontal component placement		Solder-resist

◆ Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts ; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Items	Not recommended	Recommended
Deflection of board		 Place the product at a right angle to the direction of the anticipated mechanical stress.

1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

### 3. Mounting

◆ Adjustment of mounting machine

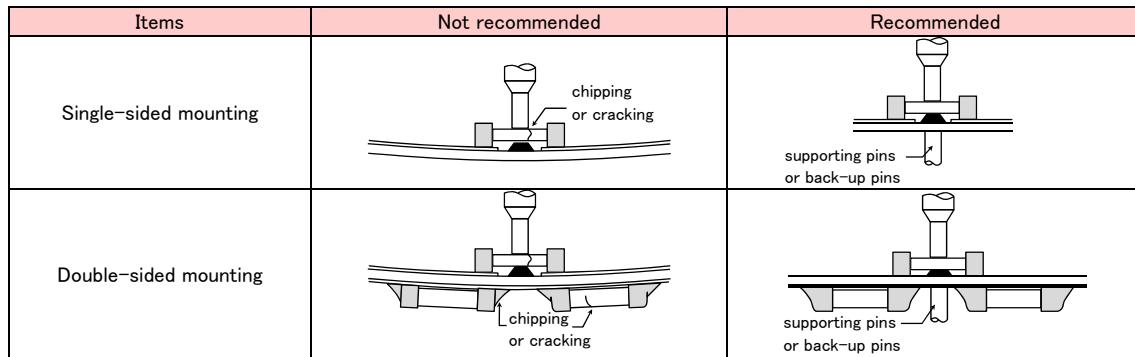
- When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them.
- Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically.

◆ Selection of Adhesives

- When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked : size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

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- ◆ Adjustment of mounting machine
- When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.
    - The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
    - The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
    - To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:



Technical considerations

- As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.  
To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

◆ Selection of Adhesives

Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

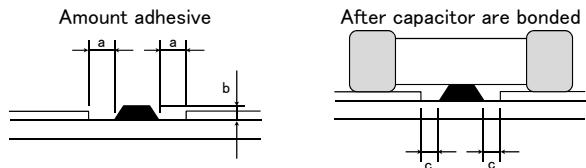
(1) Required adhesive characteristics

- The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
- The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
- The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
- The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
- The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
- The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
- The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
- The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.

(2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows;

[Recommended condition]

Figure	212/316 case sizes as examples
a	0.3mm min
b	100 to 120 $\mu\text{m}$
c	Adhesives shall not contact land



4. Soldering

◆ Selection of Flux

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (in Cl equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied.

- When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

◆ Soldering

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions.

Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

◆ Selection of Flux

- When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.
- Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

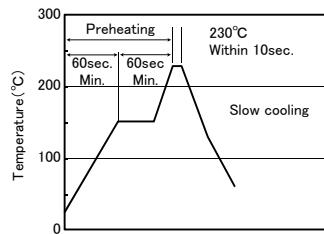
► This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification.  
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### ◆ Soldering

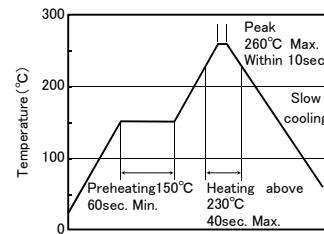
- Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.
- Preheating : Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 100 to 130°C.
- Cooling : The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.

#### [Reflow soldering]

##### 【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】

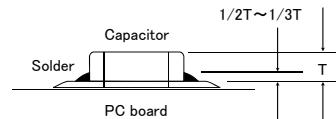


##### 【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】



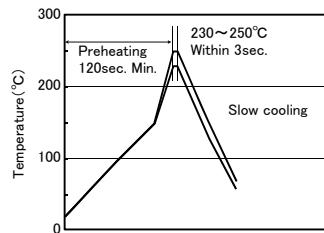
#### Caution

- The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible.
- Allowable number of reflow soldering : 2 times max.

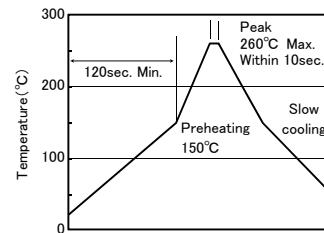


#### [Wave soldering]

##### 【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】



##### 【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】

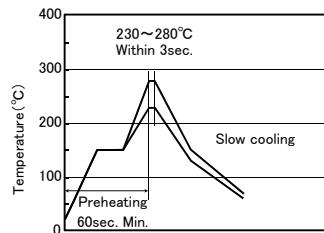


#### Caution

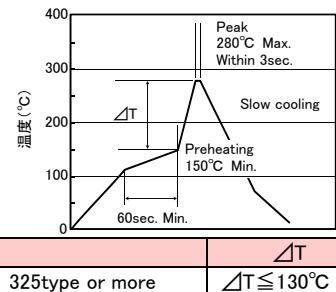
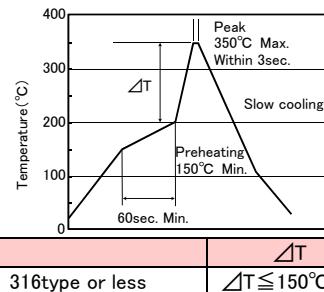
- Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only.
- Allowable number of wave soldering : 1 times max.

#### [Hand soldering]

##### 【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】



##### 【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】



#### Caution

- Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors.
- Allowable number of hand soldering : 1 times max.

## 5. Cleaning

Precautions	<p>◆ Cleaning conditions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.)</li><li>Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics.</li></ol>
Technical considerations	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).</li><li>Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully checked: Ultrasonic output : 20 W/Ø or less Ultrasonic frequency : 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period : 5 min. or less</li></ol>

## 6. Resin coating and mold

Precautions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance.</li><li>When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors. The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.</li></ol>
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## 7. Handling

Precautions	<p>◆ Splitting of PCB</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.</li><li>Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.</li></ol> <p>◆ Mechanical considerations</p> <p>Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks.</p> <p>(1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used.</p> <p>(2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.</p>
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## 8. Storage conditions

Precautions	<p>◆ Storage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.</li></ol> <p>▪ Recommended conditions</p> <p>Ambient temperature : Below 30°C</p> <p>Humidity : Below 70% RH</p> <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.</p> <p>▪ Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.</li></ol>
Technical considerations	If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.

※RCR-2335B (Safety Application Guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment) is published by JEITA.

Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.

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