

# Artificial Intelligence for Robotics – Lab

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## Assignment 2

Due Date: Tuesday, 23.10.2018, 08:00

1. (1 Points) Why is a special notation needed to classify algorithms? Doesn't it suffice to merely measure the runtime in seconds? Explain.
2. (2 Points) Let  $g : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$  be an arbitrary function. The set of functions  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$ , which do not grow faster than the function  $g$  after a specific point  $n_0$ , is denoted as  $O(g(n))$ . More specifically:  $O(g(n)) := \{f(n) \mid \exists c \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } \exists n_0 \in \mathbb{N} : 0 \leq f(n) \leq c \cdot g(n) \forall n \geq n_0\}$  Formally proof:

- $f(n) = 100n^2 \in O(n^2)$
- $f(n) = n^6 + 100n^5 \in O(n^6)$

3. (1 Points) What is the running time of the following python-code in  $O$ -Notation? Assume, that ANY\_CONST is an arbitrary constant in your program, which receives a 2d array `arr` as parameter.

```
sum = 0
for i in range(0, J):
    for j in range(0, K):
        if arr[i][j] <= ANY_CONST:
            sum = sum + arr[i][j]
print(sum)
```

4. (3 Points) For each function  $f(n)$  and time  $t$  in the following table, determine the largest size  $n$  of a problem that can be solved in time  $t$ , assuming that the algorithm to solve the problem takes  $f(n)$  microseconds.

	1 second	1 minute	1 hour	1 day	1 month	1 year	1 century
$\lg n$							
$\sqrt{n}$							
$n$							
$n \lg n$							
$n^2$							
$n^3$							
$2^n$							
$n!$							