

Iteration 2

Group E

Iteration Roadmap

- 0.1: Initial calorie tracking functionality
- 0.2: Database connection, UI refinements, backend code improvements, barcode scanning
- 0.3: Sleep tracking, feature refinements
- 0.4: Weight tracking, home screen with graphs and data overview

Goals for Iteration 2

- Able to query database
- Input user information

Iteration 2: Database



Initially, we started out using Xampp. We realized MySQL and PHP is for one server we would have to manage, where as SQLite is a database on the users phone.

Iteration 2: Database Helper Functions

```
1 import 'dart:io';
2 import 'package:path/path.dart';
3 import 'package:sqflite/sqflite.dart';
4 import 'package:path_provider/path_provider.dart';
5 import '../food_log_item.dart';
6
7 class FoodDatabase {
8   // DB info
9   static final _databaseName = "dbfood.db";
10  static final _databaseVersion = 1;
11  static final tableName = 'food';
12
13  // DB columns
14  static final columnId = '_id';
15  static final columnName = 'name';
16  static final columnCalories = 'calorie';
17  static final columnTime = 'time';
18
19  // Singleton ~ only one instance
20  FoodDatabase._privateConstructor();
21  static final FoodDatabase instance = FoodDatabase._privateConstructor();
22
23  // Database reference
24  static Database _database;
25  Future<Database> get database async {
26    if (_database != null) return _database;
27    // initialize database if it is not created yet
28    _database = await _initDatabase();
29    return _database;
30  }
31}
```

```
2 // Opens/Creates database
3 _initDatabase() async {
4   Directory documentsDirectory = await getApplicationDocumentsDirectory();
5   String path = join(documentsDirectory.path, _databaseName);
6   return await openDatabase(path,
7     | version: _databaseVersion, onCreate: _onCreate);
8 }
9
10 // SQL code to create the database table_name
11 Future _onCreate(Database db, int version) async {
12   await db.execute('''
13     CREATE TABLE $tableName (
14       | $columnId INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
15       | $columnName TEXT NOT NULL,
16       | $columnCalories INTEGER NOT NULL,
17       | $columnTime INTEGER NOT NULL
18     )
19     ''');
20 }
21
22 // Helper methods
23
24 // Inserts a row in the database where each key in the Map is a column name
25 // and the value is the column value. The return value is the id of the
26 // inserted row.
27 Future<int> insert(FoodLogItem food) async {
28   Database db = await instance.database;
29   Map<String, dynamic> row = {
30     | columnName: '${food.name}',
31     | columnCalories: '${food.calories}',
32     | columnTime: '${food.time.millisecondsSinceEpoch}'
33   }
```

```

// All of the rows are returned as a list of maps, where each map is
// a key-value list of columns.
Future<void> printAllRows() async {
  Database db = await instance.database;
  var table = await db.query(tableName);
  table.forEach((row) {
    print(
      'id: ${row["$columnId"]}, name: ${row["$columnName"]}, calories: ${row["$columnCalorie"]}
    );
  });
}

Future<void> printRow(var row) async {
  print(
    'id: ${row["$columnId"]}, name: ${row["$columnName"]}, calories: ${row["$columnCalories"]}
  );
}

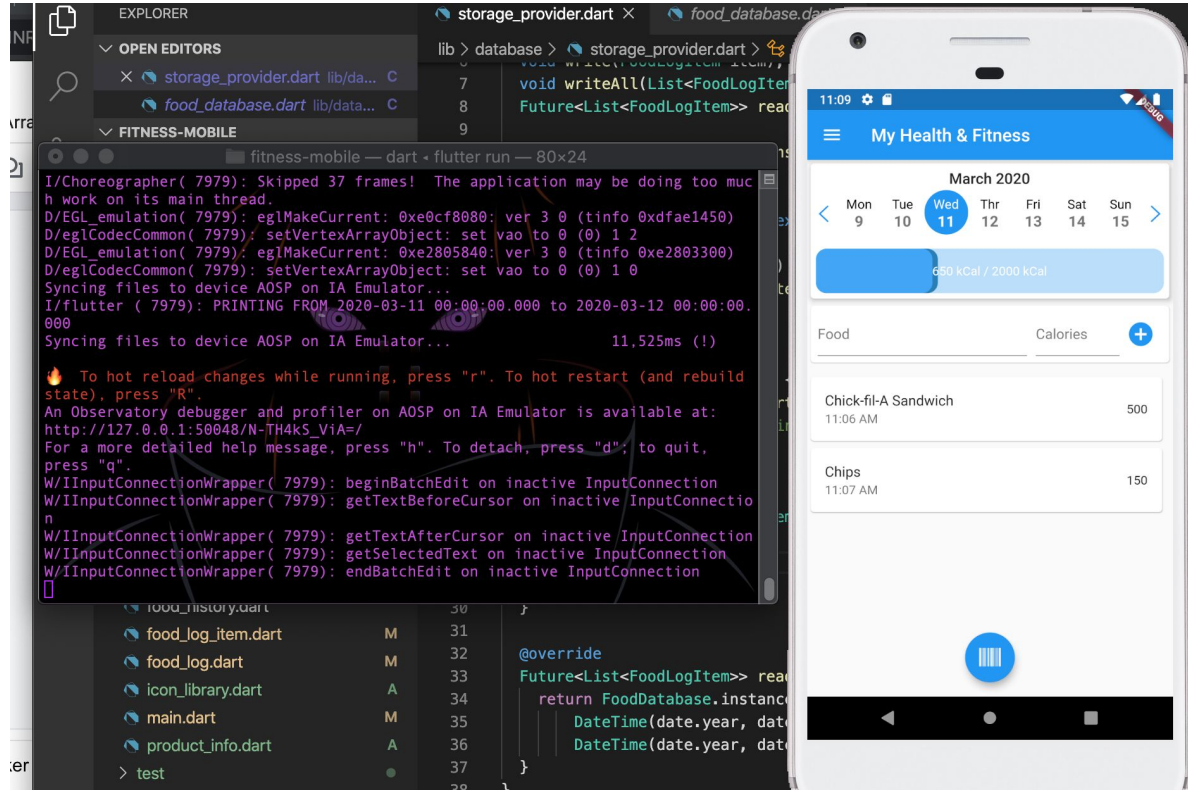
Future<List<FoodLogItem>> queryBetweenDates(
  DateTime leftDate, DateTime rightDate) async {
  Database db = await instance.database;
  var leftEpoch = leftDate.millisecondsSinceEpoch;
  var rightEpoch = rightDate.millisecondsSinceEpoch;
  var rows = await db.rawQuery(
    'SELECT * FROM $tableName WHERE $columnTime BETWEEN $leftEpoch AND $rightEpoch');
  List<FoodLogItem> items = new List<FoodLogItem>();
  print('PRINTING FROM $leftDate to $rightDate');
  rows.forEach((row) {
    items.add(FoodLogItem(row[columnName], row[columnCalories],
      DateTime.fromMillisecondsSinceEpoch(row[columnTime]))); // FoodLogItem
    print(
      'id: ${row["$columnId"]}, name: ${row["$columnName"]}, calories: ${row["$columnCalorie"]}
    );
  });
  return items;
}

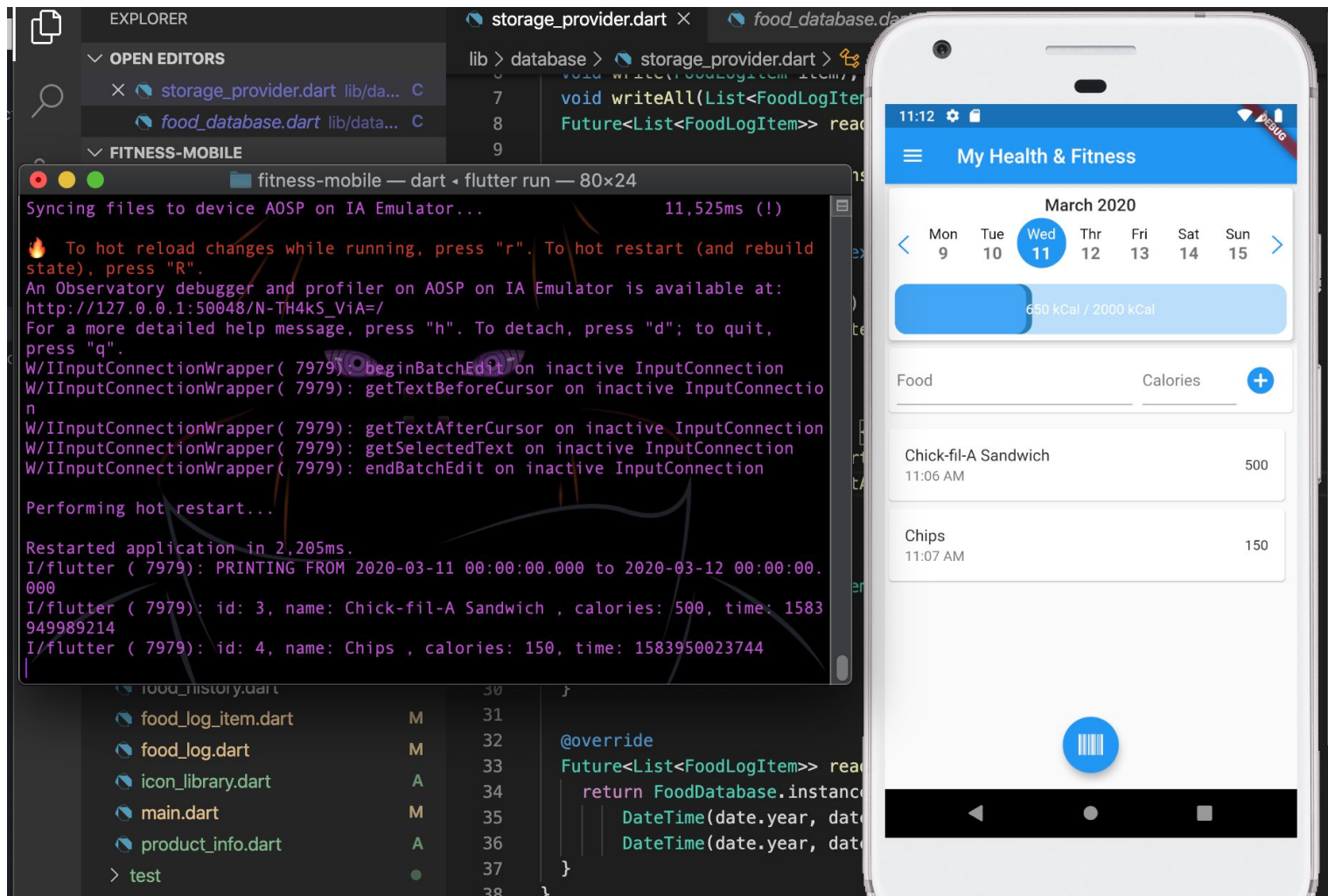
```

```

1 import 'package:csuf_fitness/food_log_item.dart';
2 import 'food_database.dart';
3
4 abstract class StorageProvider {
5   void delete(FoodLogItem item);
6   void write(FoodLogItem item);
7   void writeAll(List<FoodLogItem> items);
8   Future<List<FoodLogItem>> read(DateTime date);
9
10  static StorageProvider get instance => DatabaseStorageProvider();
11 }
12
13 class DatabaseStorageProvider extends StorageProvider {
14   @override
15   void delete(FoodLogItem item) async {
16     FoodDatabase.instance.deleteByTimestamp(item.time);
17   }
18
19   @override
20   void write(FoodLogItem item) {
21     FoodDatabase.instance.insert(item);
22     FoodDatabase.instance.printAllRows();
23   }
24
25   @override
26   void writeAll(List<FoodLogItem> items) {
27     items.forEach((item) {
28       write(item);
29     });
30   }
31
32   @override
33   Future<List<FoodLogItem>> read(DateTime date) async {
34     return FoodDatabase.instance.queryBetweenDates(
35       DateTime(date.year, date.month, date.day),

```

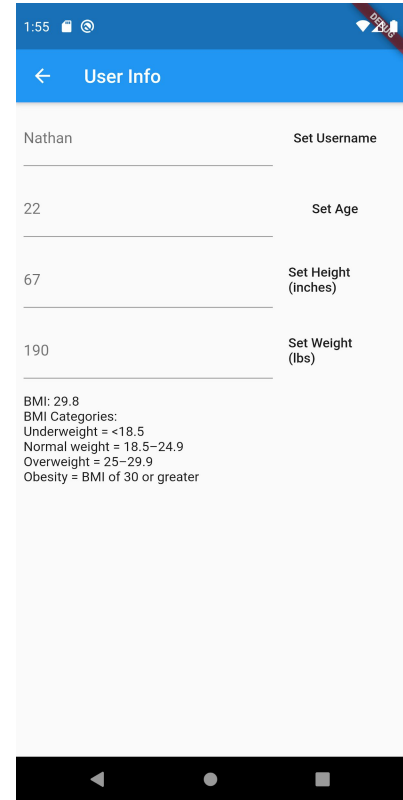
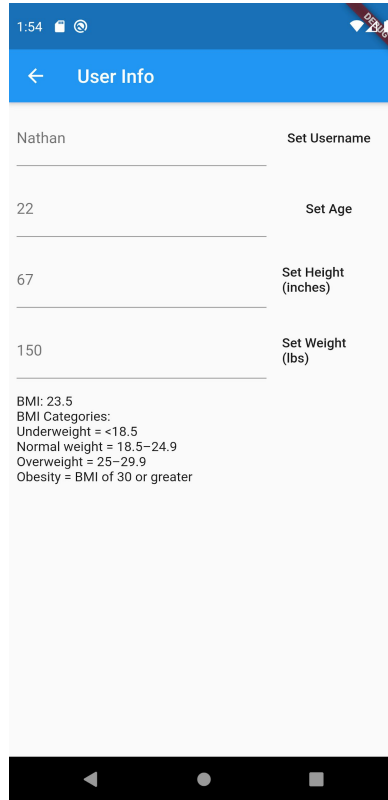
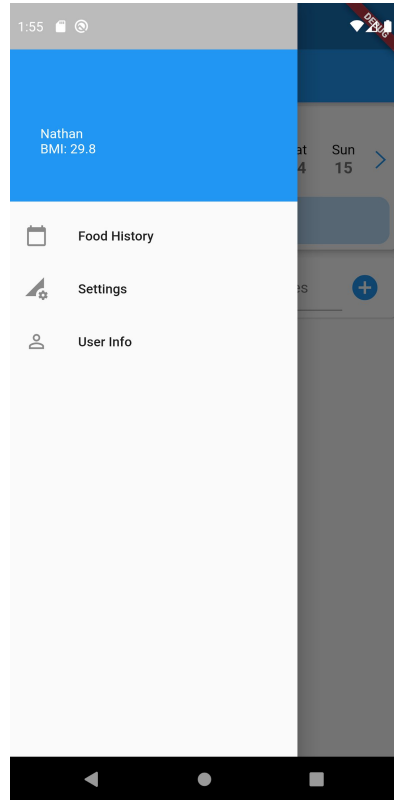




Demo: User Info

- Input user information: Name, Age, Height, Weight
- Calculates user's Body Mass Index (BMI)
- Displays BMI Categories

Demo: User Info (Android Emulator)



Goals For Next Iteration: User Info

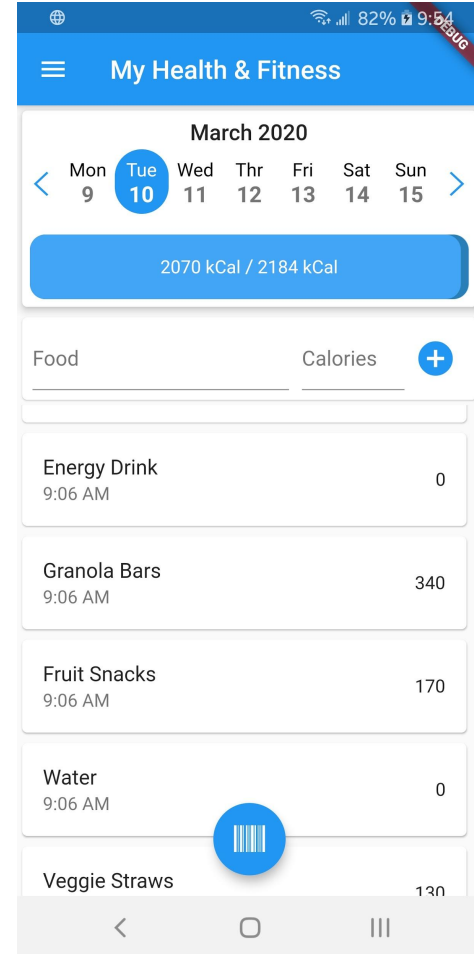
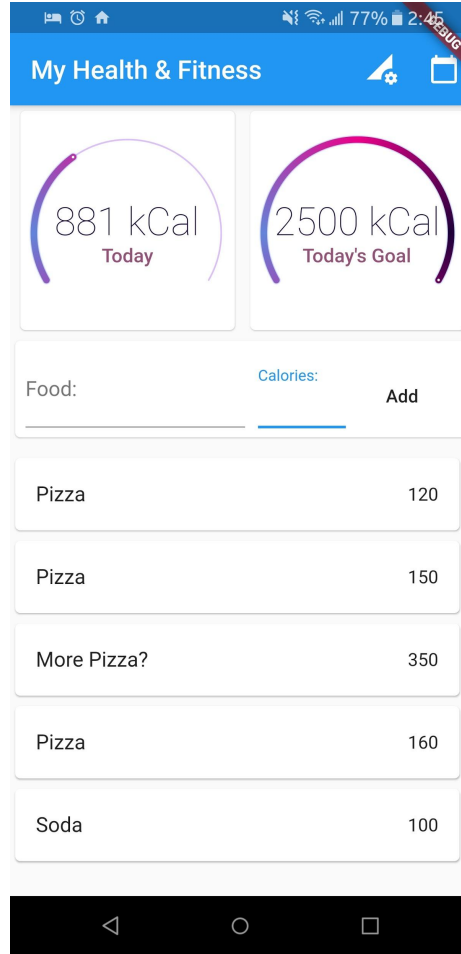
- Database for user login with email
- Track weight/BMI history, similar to the food history
- Weight Goal
- Integrate Metric scale
- Sleep Tracker
- Add a Distance Traveled widget
 - Floors scaled
 - Calories burned
 - Time spent traveling

Iteration 2 Improvements

1. Backend code
 - a. Full connectivity of database and user interface
 - b. Near total refactor of all state handling code to improve maintainability and extensibility
2. Frontend code
 - a. Major main UI refresh to improve look and feel of app
3. New features
 - a. Barcode scanning
 - b. Dark mode
 - c. New settings page

UI Refresh

- Added a week view header that allows viewing other days
- Card and drop shadows around the header
- Floating action button for barcode scanning
- Animated bar display of current calorie values



New Features

1. Barcode Scanning
 - a. Automatically adds items to the list, including the name and calorie count if available
 - b. Pulls data from USDA Food Data Central API
 - c. More data sources (Open Food Facts API) coming soon
2. Dark mode
3. Settings Page

