

Lecture 11

Monday, 13 February 2023 10:04 AM

SISO

single input, single output

MISO

multiple input, single output

use superposition

SIMO

single input, multiple output

use circuit analysis

MIMO

multiple input, multiple output

all of the above

1 Laplace

linear algebra

Matrix Form of

$$\cancel{\underline{Y} = \underline{G} \underline{U}}$$

$\underline{Y} = \underline{G} \underline{U}$ matrix vector

MIMO

$$\underline{Y} = \underline{G} \quad \text{SI SO}$$

I_D Independent states $x_1 x_2$
linear combination

'2 ...

f the others.

no states are " "

Combine them $\bar{x} = [x_1, x_2]^T$

State eqns $\dot{\bar{x}} = [\dot{x}_1, \dot{x}_2, \dots]^T = \bar{A}$
(matrix form)

O/P eqns $\bar{y} = [y_1, y_2, \dots]^T = \bar{C}\bar{x}$

$$S\bar{x} = \bar{A}\bar{x} + \bar{B}\bar{u}$$

$$S\bar{I}\bar{x} = \bar{A}\bar{x} + \bar{B}\bar{u}$$

$$(I - \bar{A})\bar{x} = \bar{B}\bar{u}$$

$$\bar{A}\bar{x} + \bar{B}\bar{u}$$

$$\dot{x} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$+ \bar{D}\bar{u}$$

$$(S \perp \cap) \wedge \sim$$

$$\bar{x} = ((S\bar{I} - \bar{A})\bar{B})\bar{u}$$

$$\bar{x} = \bar{\phi} \bar{B} \bar{u}$$

$$\bar{y} = \bar{\bar{C}} \bar{\bar{\phi}} \bar{\bar{B}} \bar{u} + \bar{\bar{D}} \bar{u}$$

$$\bar{y} = (\bar{\bar{C}} \bar{\bar{\phi}} \bar{\bar{B}} + \bar{\bar{D}}) \bar{u}$$

$$\bar{\bar{G}}$$

$$= \bar{\bar{R}} \quad \equiv \quad \bar{\bar{n}}$$

, write that.

Solve for $A'' \leftarrow v$

States

- stored Energy

- AKA Initial condition

$$C \frac{I^i}{T} + V$$

X
✓

i;

lions

$$\dot{x} = C \frac{dv}{dt}$$

$$i = C \dot{v}$$