C-Day4-Test	
Test 1/10 (Duration 10 minutes)	
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* Indicates required question	
Which of the following is a characteristic of a static variable in C?	
It has global scope and global lifetime	
It has local scope but global lifetime	
None of the above	
It has local scope and local lifetime	
	Clear selection

What will be the result of the following code using a null pointer? int *ptr = NULL; printf("%d", *ptr);	
O 0	
Undefined behavior	
Compilation error	
Segmentation fault	
	Clear selection
What is a "dangling pointer"?	
A pointer pointing to a valid memory address	
A pointer holding the nullptr value	
A pointer not pointing to any variable	
A pointer holding an invalid address after the variable is deleted	
	Clear selection
What will be the output of this program? int a = 5, *p1 = &a, **p2 = &p1 printf("%d", **p2);	
O Undefined behavior	
O Address of p1	
O Address of a	
5	
	Clear selection

What is a "wild pointer"?
A pointer that points to valid memory
A pointer that has been initialized but not assigned
 A pointer that has not been initialized and points to a random location
A pointer that points to a struct
Clear selection
Clear selection
Clear selection Name *

```
What is the output for following code?
#include <stdio.h>
void func() {
  static int i = 0;
  printf("%d ", i);
  i++;
int main() {
  for (int j = 0; j < 3; j++) {
    func();
  }
  return 0;
}
011
    012
    000
    123
                                                                      Clear selection
```

USN *
Your answer

In which scenario is recursion typically not recommended?	
When memory usage is critical	
O For deeply nested calculations	
Where the number of recursive calls are unpredictable	
All of the above	
	Clear selection
Which of the following statements about pointers is correct?	
A pointer of type X* can hold address of a variable of type X	
A pointer of type X* can hold address of a variable of type X*	
A pointer of type X can hold address of a variable of type X	
A pointer can hold only an integer value	
	Clear selection
Branch *	
AIML ▼	

```
What will be the output of this recursive function call foo(4)?

int foo(int n) {

if (n <= 1) return 1;

return n * foo(n - 1);
}

24

6

16

4

Clear selection
```

```
What will this code output, which uses a constant pointer to an integer?

int x = 10, y = 20;

int *const ptr = &x;

*ptr = 15;

ptr = &y;

printf("%d", *ptr);

15

10

Compilation error

20

Clear selection
```

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