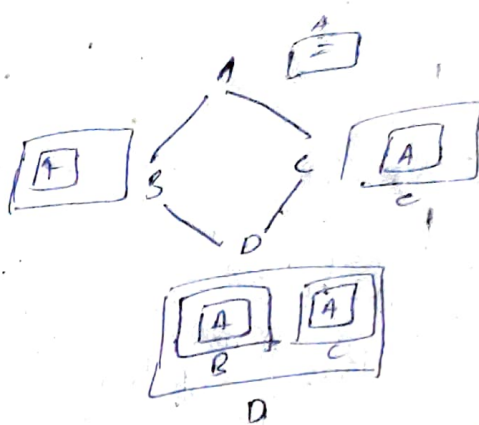
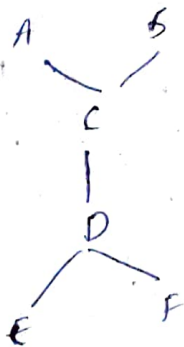


c) Hybrid Inheritance

5th type of Inheritance : Hybrid Inheritance

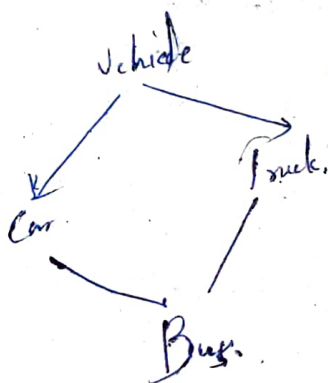
p 70

Ex.



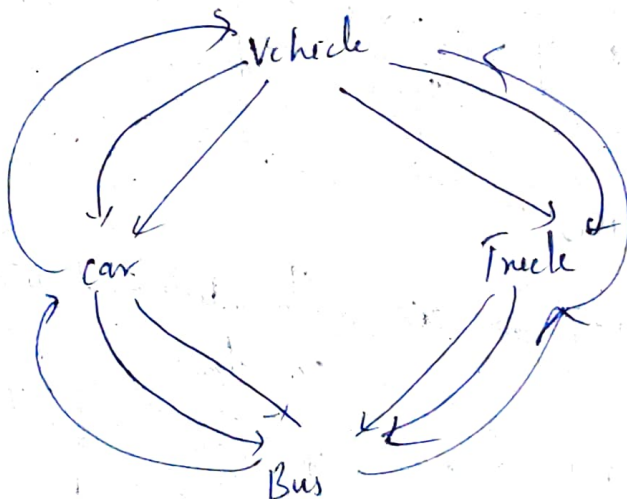
→ we got two class of A in D, which creates ambiguity

Ex.



Diamond Problem
well known problem
in Inheritance

Constructor calling sequence

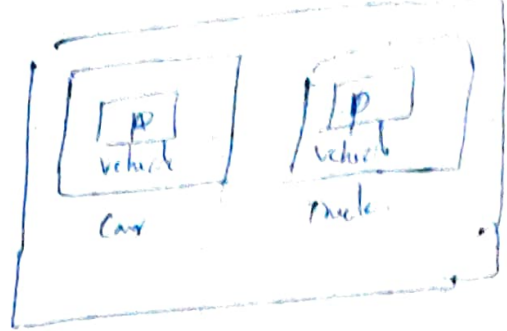


1. Vehicle()
2. Car()
3. Vehicle()
4. Truck()
5. Bus()

Bus b;

b.print();

↓
first b checks print() in
Bus class, If not found
It checks in Parent class



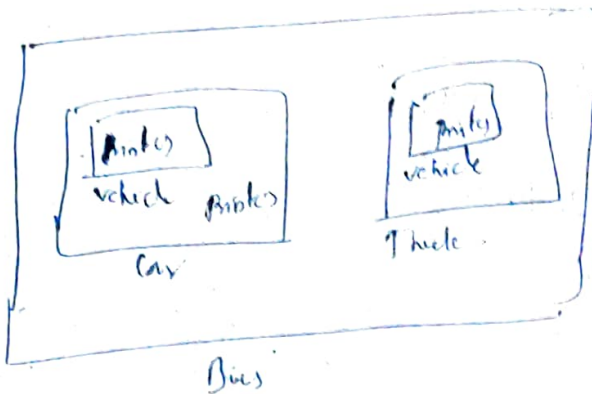
Bus

↓
But in this case we have
ambiguity.

↓
To solve this we can add class name

⇒ b.Car::print() → ✓
↓
It works.

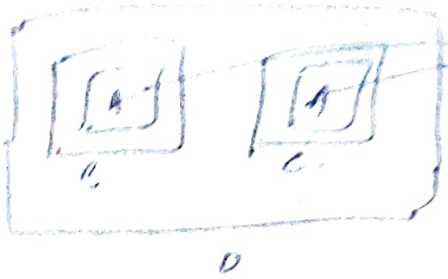
Another case



Truck

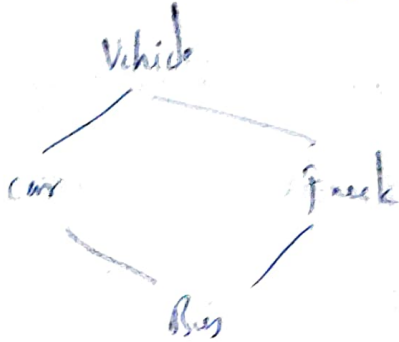
- * b.Car::print() → calls print() which is defined in Car class
- * b.Truck::print() → calls print() which is defined in vehicle in Truck class





There are two classes of A which creates ambiguity

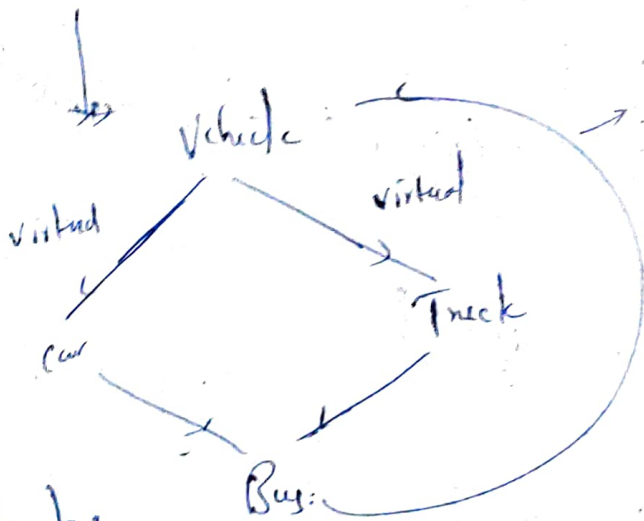
To remove ambiguity (two copies) → But we need to use copy to avoid ambiguity → By adding keyword called Virtual



Class car : virtual public Vehicle {

};
class truck : virtual public Vehicle {

{



This is also known as Virtual Inheritance

Bus {

Vehicle() →
car()
truck()
Bus()

Now avoid calling of vehicle constructor too many times because we are using virtual class of car & truck.