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## 1 Introduction

This vignette belongs to the *GenomicAlignments* package. It illustrates how to use the package for working with the nucleotide content of aligned reads.

After the reads generated by a high-throughput sequencing experiment have been aligned to a reference genome, the questions that are being asked about these alignments typically fall in two broad categories: **positional only** and **nucleotide-related**.

Positional only questions are about the position of the alignments with respect to the reference genome. Note that the position of an alignment is actually better described in terms of genomic ranges (1 range for an alignment with no gaps, 2 or more ranges for an alignment with gaps). Knowing the ranges of the alignments is sufficient to perform common tasks like read counting or for computing the coverage. Read counting is the process of counting the number of aligned reads per gene or exon and is typically performed in the context of a differential analysis. This task can be accomplished with the <a href="mailto:summarizeOverlaps">summarizeOverlaps</a> function provided in the GenomicAlignments package and is explained in details in the "Counting reads with summarizeOverlaps" vignette (also located in this package). Computing the coverage

is often the preliminary step to peak detection (ChIP-seq analysis) or to a copy number analysis. It can be accomplished with the <a href="coverage">coverage</a>-methods for more information.

**Nucleotide-related** questions are about the nucleotide content of the alignments. In particular how this content compares to the corresponding nucleotides in the reference genome. These questions typically arise in the context of small genetic variation detection between one or more samples and a reference genome.

The *GenomicAlignments* package provides a suite of low- to mid-level tools for dealing with **nucleotide-related** questions about the alignments. In this vignette we illustrate their use on the single-end and paired-end reads of an RNA-seq experiment.

Note that these tools do NOT constitute a complete variant toolbox. If this is what you're looking for, other *Bioconductor* packages might be more appropriate. See the GeneticVariability and SNP views at this URL <a href="http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#">http://bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#</a> <a href="https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#">https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/BiocViews.html#</a> <a href="https://www.asayDomains">AssayDomains</a> for a complete list of packages that deal with small genetic variations. Most of them provide tools of higher level than the tools described in this vignette. See for example the *VariantTools* and *VariantAnnotation* packages for a complete variant toolbox (including variant calling capabilities).

# 2 Load the aligned reads and their sequences from a BAM file

In this section, we illustrate how aligned reads and their sequences can be loaded from a BAM file. The reads we're going to use for this are paired-end reads from a published study by Zarnack et al., 2012. A subset of these reads are stored in the BAM files located in the RNAseqData.HNRNPC.bam.chr14 data package. The package contains 8 BAM files, 1 per sequencing run:

```
> library(RNAseqData.HNRNPC.bam.chr14)
> bamfiles <- RNAseqData.HNRNPC.bam.chr14_BAMFILES
> names(bamfiles) # the names of the runs
[1] "ERR127306" "ERR127307" "ERR127308" "ERR127309" "ERR127302" "ERR127303"
[7] "ERR127304" "ERR127305"
```

Each BAM file was obtained by (1) aligning the reads (paired-end) to the full hg19 genome with TopHat2, and then (2) subsetting to keep only alignments on chr14. See ?RNAseq Data.HNRNPC.bam.chr14 for more information about this data set.

As a preliminary step, we check whether the BAM files contain single- or paired-end alignments. This can be done with the <a href="quickBamFlagSummary">quickBamFlagSummary</a> utility from the <a href="Rsamtools">Rsamtools</a> package:

```
> library(Rsamtools)
> quickBamFlagSummary(bamfiles[1], main.groups.only=TRUE)
                                         nb of |
                                                   nb of | mean / max
                                 of | records |
                                                   unique | records per
                            records | in group |
                                                   QNAMEs |
                                                           unique QNAME
                                        800484 |
                                                   393300 | 2.04 / 10
All records..... A |
  o template has single segment.... S |
                                             0 |
                                                       0 |
                                                             NA / NA
```

```
o template has multiple segments. M | 800484 | 393300 | 2.04 / 10
- first segment............ F | 400242 | 393300 | 1.02 / 5
- last segment............. L | 400242 | 393300 | 1.02 / 5
- other segment............ O | 0 | NA / NA

Note that (S, M) is a partitioning of A, and (F, L, O) is a partitioning of M.
Indentation reflects this.
```

This confirms that all the alignments in the 1st BAM file (run ERR127306) are paired-end. This means that we should preferably load them with the <code>readGAlignmentPairs</code> function from the <code>GenomicAlignments</code> package. However for the purpose of keeping things simple, we will ignore the pairing for now and load only the alignments corresponding to the first segment of the pairs. We will use the <code>readGAlignments</code> function from the <code>GenomicAlignments</code> package for this, together with a <code>ScanBamParam</code> object for the filtering. See <code>?ScanBamParam</code> in the <code>Rsamtools</code> package for the details.

Furthermore, while preparing the ScanBamParam object to perform the filtering, we'll also get rid of the PCR or optical duplicates (flag bit 0x400 in the SAM format, see the SAM Spec  $^1$  for the details), as well as reads not passing quality controls (flag bit 0x200 in the SAM format).

<sup>1</sup>http://samtools. sourceforge.net/

Finally we also request the read sequences (a.k.a. the *segment sequences* in the SAM Spec, stored in the SEQ field) via the *ScanBamParam* object:

```
> flag1 <- scanBamFlag(isFirstMateRead=TRUE, isSecondMateRead=FALSE,
+ isDuplicate=FALSE, isNotPassingQualityControls=FALSE)
> param1 <- ScanBamParam(flag=flag1, what="seq")</pre>
```

We're now ready to load the alignments and their sequences. Note that we use use.names=TRUE in order to also load the *query names* (a.k.a. the *query template names* in the SAM Spec, stored in the QNAME field) from the BAM file. readGAlignments will use them to set the names of the returned object:

```
> library(GenomicAlignments)
> gal1 <- readGAlignments(bamfiles[1], use.names=TRUE, param=param1)</pre>
```

This returns a *GAlignments* object. The read sequences are stored in the seq metadata column of the object:

```
> mcols(gal1)$seq
  A DNAStringSet instance of length 400242
         width seq
            72 TGAGAATGATGATTTCCAATTTCATCCATGT...GACATGAACTCATCATTTTTTATGGCTGCAT
     [1]
     [2]
            72 CCCCAGGTATACACTGGACTCCAGGTGGACA...GTTGGATACACACACTCAAGGTGGACACCAG
     [3]
            72 CATAGATGCAAGAATCCTCAATCAAATACTA...TTCAACAGCACATTAAAAAGATAACTTACCA
            72 TGCTGGTGCAGGATTTATTCTACTAAGCAAT...ATCAAATCCACTTTCTTATCTCAGGAATCAG
     [4]
            72 CAGGAGGTAGGCTGTGCGTTCAGCAGTTGGT...GGTACTGGTTGATCACCTTGACTGTCTGGTC
     [5]
           . . . . . .
[400238]
           72 GGGAGGCCCTTTATATAACCATCAGGTCTTG...CTCACTAATAGGATAAAAGCATGGAGAGAAC
           72 CCTGAGAGCCCCTTGCTGTCCTGAGCACCTC...GAGCGCCCTCTGGTGTTCTGATCACTCTCTG
[400239]
            72 CAACTTTATTTCTTAAACACAAGACATTCC...CTGTTCTCAGGTGAGCTGTCGAGCAGGGAGG
[400240]
[400241]
            72 CAAAGCTGGATGTCTAGTGTTTTTATCAG...CCGTAATAAGAGCATGTGTGGTTTTGCTGCC
```

```
[400242] 72 CATGACTTGATGGCTGGAACAAATACATTTA...CTCCAATACTAGCCTTTGCCATACAGTATTT
```

## 3 Compute the *original query sequences*

Because the BAM format imposes that the read sequence is "reverse complemented" when a read aligns to the minus strand, we need to "reverse complement" it again to restore the *original query sequences* (i.e. the sequences before alignment, that is, as they can be seen in the FASTQ file assuming that the aligner didn't perform any hard-clipping on them):

```
> oqseq1 <- mcols(gal1)$seq
> is_on_minus <- as.logical(strand(gal1) == "-")
> oqseq1[is_on_minus] <- reverseComplement(oqseq1[is_on_minus])</pre>
```

Because the aligner used to align the reads can report more than 1 alignment per read (i.e. per sequence stored in the FASTQ file), we shouldn't expect the names of gal1 to be unique:

```
> is_dup <- duplicated(names(gal1))
> table(is_dup)
is_dup
FALSE TRUE
393300 6942
```

However, sequences with the same *query name* should correspond to the same *original query* and therefore should be the same. Let's do a quick sanity check:

```
> dup2unq <- match(names(gal1), names(gal1))
> stopifnot(all(oqseq1 == oqseq1[dup2unq]))
```

Finally, let's reduce oqseq1 to one *original query sequence* per unique *query name* (like in the FASTQ file containing the 1st end of the unaligned reads):

```
> oqseq1 <- oqseq1[!is_dup]</pre>
```

## 4 Mismatches, indels, and gaps

Because the aligner possibly tolerated a small number of mismatches, indels, and/or gaps during the alignment process, the sequences in mcols(gal1)\$seq gnerally don't match exactly the reference genome.

The information of where indels and/or gaps occur in the alignments is represented in the CIGAR strings. Let's have a look at these string. First the most frequent cigars:

```
> head(sort(table(cigar(gal1)), decreasing=TRUE))
72M 35M123N37M 64M316N8M 38M670N34M 18M123N54M 2M131N70M
301920 134 134 133 119 96
```

Then a summary of the total number of insertions (I), deletions (D), and gaps (N):

```
> colSums(cigarOpTable(cigar(gal1)))

M I D N S H P = 28815928 1496 818 330945002 0 0 0 0 0 0 X
0
```

This tells us that the aligner that was used supports indels (I/D) and junction reads (N).

Finally we count and summarize the number of gaps per alignment:

```
> table(njunc(gal1))
0 1 2 3
303622 94557 2052 11
```

Some reads contain up to 3 gaps (i.e. span 3 splice junctions).

# 5 Put the read sequences and reference sequences "side by side"

TODO (with sequenceLayer)

## 6 OLD STUFF (needs to be recycled/updated)

## 6.1 Load paired-end reads from a BAM file

BAM file untreated3\_chr4.bam (located in the *pasillaBamSubset* data package) contains paired-end reads from the "Pasilla" experiment and aligned against the dm3 genome (see ?untreated3\_chr4 in the *pasillaBamSubset* package for more information about those reads). We use the readGAlignmentPairs function to load them into a *GAlignmentPairs* object:

```
> library(pasillaBamSubset)
> flag0 <- scanBamFlag(isDuplicate=FALSE, isNotPassingQualityControls=FALSE)</pre>
> param0 <- ScanBamParam(flag=flag0)</pre>
> U3.galp <- readGAlignmentPairs(untreated3_chr4(), use.names=TRUE, param=param0)
> head(U3.galp)
GAlignmentPairs object with 6 pairs, strandMode=1, and 0 metadata columns:
                    seqnames strand :
                                            ranges --
                                                             ranges
                        <Rle> <Rle> :
                                         <IRanges> --
                                                         <IRanges>
  SRR031715.1138209
                                              205] -- [ 326, 362]
                        chr4
                                   +: [169,
   SRR031714.756385
                        chr4
                                   + : [943,
                                              979] -- [1086, 1122]
                                              980] -- [1119, 1155]
  SRR031714.2355189
                                   + : [944,
                        chr4
  SRR031714.5054563
                        chr4
                                   + : [946, 982] -- [ 986, 1022]
  SRR031715.1722593
                                   + : [966, 1002] -- [1108, 1144]
                        chr4
  SRR031715.2202469
                        chr4
                                   + : [966, 1002] -- [1114, 1150]
```

```
seqinfo: 8 sequences from an unspecified genome
```

The show method for *GAlignmentPairs* objects displays two ranges columns, one for the *first* alignment in the pair (the left column), and one for the *last* alignment in the pair (the right column). The strand column corresponds to the strand of the *first* alignment.

column). The strain co	olumn corre	esponds to th	e stranc	d of the <i>firs</i>	t alignment				
> head(first(U3.galp))									
GAlignments object wi	th 6 alig	nments and (	9 metad	ata columr	ıs:				
	eqnames s		cigar	qwidth	start	end			
	<rle></rle>	<rle> <chara< td=""><td>acter&gt;</td><td><integer></integer></td><td><integer></integer></td><td><integer></integer></td></chara<></rle>	acter>	<integer></integer>	<integer></integer>	<integer></integer>			
SRR031715.1138209	chr4	+	37M	37	169	205			
SRR031714.756385	chr4	+	37M	37	943	979			
SRR031714.2355189	chr4	+	37M	37	944	980			
SRR031714.5054563	chr4	+	37M	37	946	982			
SRR031715.1722593	chr4	+	37M	37	966	1002			
SRR031715.2202469	chr4	+	37M	37	966	1002			
	width	njunc							
	•	<integer></integer>							
SRR031715.1138209	37	0							
SRR031714.756385	37	0							
SRR031714.2355189	37 37	0 0							
SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593	37 37	0							
SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	37 37	0							
3NN031713.2202409	37	0							
	s from an	unspecifie	d genom	e					
seqinfo: 8 sequences from an unspecified genome									
<pre>&gt; head(last(U3.galp))</pre>									
<pre>&gt; head(last(U3.galp)) GAlignments object wi</pre>		nments and (	netad	ata column	15:				
GAlignments object wi	th 6 alig					end			
GAlignments object wi	th 6 alig	trand	cigar	qwidth	start	end <integer></integer>			
GAlignments object wi	th 6 alig		cigar	qwidth	start				
GAlignments object wi	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle></rle>	trand <rle> <chara< td=""><td>cigar acter&gt;</td><td>qwidth <integer></integer></td><td>start <integer></integer></td><td><integer></integer></td></chara<></rle>	cigar acter>	qwidth <integer></integer>	start <integer></integer>	<integer></integer>			
GAlignments object wi s SRR031715.1138209	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M	qwidth <integer> 37</integer>	start <integer> 326</integer>	<integer> 362</integer>			
GAlignments object wi s SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086</integer>	<integer> 362 1122</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara - - -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara - - -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara - - -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara - - - - -</chara </rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4</rle>	trand <rle> <chara njunc<="" td=""><td>cigar acter&gt; 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M</td><td>qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer></td><td>start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer></td><td><integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer></td></chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width</rle>	trand <rle> <chara <integer="" njunc=""></chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width</rle>	trand <rle> <chara <integer="" njunc=""> 0</chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wis SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width integer&gt; 37</rle>	trand <rle> <chara <integer="" njunc=""> 0 0</chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wi SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469 SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width finteger&gt; 37 37</rle>	trand <rle> <chara <integer="" njunc=""> 0 0</chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wis SRR031715.1138209 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469 SRR031714.756385 SRR031714.2355189 SRR031714.5054563 SRR031715.1722593 SRR031715.2202469	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width sinteger&gt; 37 37</rle>	trand <rle> <chara -="" <integer="" njunc="">     0     0     0</chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			
GAlignments object wiss  SRR031715.1138209  SRR031714.756385  SRR031714.2355189  SRR031715.1722593  SRR031715.2202469  SRR031715.1138209  SRR031714.756385  SRR031714.2355189  SRR031714.5054563  SRR031714.5054563  SRR031715.1722593	th 6 alig eqnames s <rle> chr4 chr4 chr4 chr4 width sinteger&gt; 37 37 37 37</rle>	trand <rle> <chara <integer="" njunc=""> 0 0 0 0 0</chara></rle>	cigar acter> 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M 37M	qwidth <integer> 37 37 37 37 37 37</integer>	start <integer> 326 1086 1119 986 1108</integer>	<integer> 362 1122 1155 1022 1144</integer>			

According to the SAM format specifications, the aligner is expected to mark each alignment pair as *proper* or not (flag bit 0x2 in the SAM format). The SAM Spec only says that a pair is *proper* if the *first* and *last* alignments in the pair are "properly aligned according to the aligner". So the exact criteria used for setting this flag is left to the aligner.

We use isProperPair to extract this flag from the GAlignmentPairs object:

```
> table(isProperPair(U3.galp))

FALSE TRUE
29581 45828
```

Even though we could do *overlap encodings* with the full object, we keep only the *proper* pairs for our downstream analysis:

```
> U3.GALP <- U3.galp[isProperPair(U3.galp)]</pre>
```

Because the aligner used to align those reads can report more than 1 alignment per *original* query template (i.e. per pair of sequences stored in the input files, typically 1 FASTQ file for the *first* ends and 1 FASTQ file for the *last* ends), we shouldn't expect the names of U3.GALP to be unique:

```
> U3.GALP_names_is_dup <- duplicated(names(U3.GALP))
> table(U3.GALP_names_is_dup)

U3.GALP_names_is_dup
FALSE TRUE
43659 2169
```

Storing the *query template names* in a factor will be useful:

```
> U3.uqnames <- unique(names(U3.GALP))
> U3.GALP_qnames <- factor(names(U3.GALP), levels=U3.uqnames)</pre>
```

as well as having the mapping between each *query template name* and its first occurence in U3.GALP\_qnames:

```
> U3.GALP_dup2unq <- match(U3.GALP_qnames, U3.GALP_qnames)</pre>
```

Our reads can have up to 1 gap per end:

```
> head(unique(cigar(first(U3.GALP))))
[1] "37M"
                "6M58N31M" "25M56N12M" "19M62N18M" "29M222N8M" "9M222N28M"
> head(unique(cigar(last(U3.GALP))))
[1] "37M"
                  "19M58N18M"
                                 "12M58N25M"
                                               "27M2339N10M" "29M2339N8M"
[6] "9M222N28M"
> table(njunc(first(U3.GALP)), njunc(last(U3.GALP)))
        0
              1
  0 44510
            596
      637
             85
```

Like for our single-end reads, the following tables indicate that indels were not allowed/supported during the alignment process:

```
> colSums(cigarOpTable(cigar(first(U3.GALP))))
                                       S
                                                        Ρ
                                                                        Χ
1695636
                      0 673919
                                                        0
                                                                        0
              0
                                       0
                                               0
                                                                0
> colSums(cigarOpTable(cigar(last(U3.GALP))))
                      D
                                       S
                                                                        Χ
      М
              Ι
                               N
                                               Н
1695636
                                       0
                                               0
                                                        0
                                                                        0
              0
                      0 630395
                                                                0
```

## 7 sessionInfo()

```
> sessionInfo()
R version 3.4.2 (2017-09-28)
Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin15.6.0 (64-bit)
Running under: OS X El Capitan 10.11.6
Matrix products: default
BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.4/Resources/lib/libRblas.0.dylib
LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.4/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
locale:
[1] C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
attached base packages:
[1] stats4
              parallel stats
                                  graphics grDevices utils
                                                                 datasets
[8] methods
              base
other attached packages:
 [1] RNAseqData.HNRNPC.bam.chr14_0.16.0
 [2] BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3_1.4.0
 [3] BSgenome_1.46.0
 [4] rtracklayer_1.38.0
 [5] TxDb.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3.ensGene_3.2.2
 [6] GenomicFeatures_1.30.0
 [7] AnnotationDbi_1.40.0
 [8] pasillaBamSubset_0.16.0
 [9] GenomicAlignments_1.14.1
[10] Rsamtools_1.30.0
[11] Biostrings_2.46.0
[12] XVector_0.18.0
[13] SummarizedExperiment_1.8.0
[14] DelayedArray_0.4.1
[15] matrixStats_0.52.2
[16] Biobase_2.38.0
[17] GenomicRanges_1.30.0
[18] GenomeInfoDb_1.14.0
[19] IRanges_2.12.0
[20] S4Vectors_0.16.0
```

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[21] BiocGenerics_0.24.0
loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
[1] progress_1.1.2
                             lattice_0.20-35
                                                      htmltools_0.3.6
[4] yaml_2.1.14
                             blob_1.1.0
                                                      XML_3.98-1.9
[7] rlang_0.1.4
                             DBI_0.7
                                                      BiocParallel_1.12.0
[10] bit64_0.9-7
                             GenomeInfoDbData_0.99.1 stringr_1.2.0
[13] zlibbioc_1.24.0
                             evaluate_0.10.1
                                                      memoise_1.1.0
[16] knitr_1.17
                             biomaRt_2.34.0
                                                      Rcpp_0.12.13
[19] backports_1.1.1
                             bit_{-}1.1-12
                                                      BiocStyle_2.6.0
[22] RMySQL_0.10.13
                             digest_0.6.12
                                                      stringi_1.1.6
[25] grid_3.4.2
                             rprojroot_1.2
                                                      tools_3.4.2
[28] bitops_1.0-6
                             magrittr_1.5
                                                      RCurl_1.95-4.8
[31] RSQLite_2.0
                             tibble_1.3.4
                                                      pkgconfig_2.0.1
[34] Matrix_1.2-12
                                                      assertthat_{-0.2.0}
                             prettyunits_1.0.2
[37] rmarkdown_1.8
                             R6_2.2.2
                                                      compiler_3.4.2
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