2023Fall Probability & Statistics for EECS

2023/12/04

Homework 8

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Due: 2023/12/10 10:59pm



1. Let X and Y be two continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} cx^2y & \text{if } 0 \le y \le x \le 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the value of constant c.
- (b) Find the conditional probability $P(Y \leq \frac{X}{4} | Y \leq \frac{X}{2})$.
- 2. Let X and Y be two integer random variables with joint PMF

$$P_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6 \cdot 2^{\min(x,y)}} & \text{if } x, y \ge 0, |x-y| \le 1, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the marginal distributions of X and Y.
- (b) Are X and Y independent? $\frac{1}{6} \ge \frac{1}{6}$ (c) Find P(X = Y).

- 3. Let X, Y, Z be r.v.s such that $X \sim \mathcal{N}(0,1)$ and conditional on X = x, Y and Z are i.i.d. $\mathcal{N}(x,1)$.
 - (a) Find the joint PDF of X, Y, Z.
 - (b) By definition, Y and Z are conditionally independent given X. Discuss intuitively whether or not Y and Z are also unconditionally independent.
 - (c) Find the joint PDF of Y and Z. You can leave your answer as an integral, though the integral can be done with some algebra (such as completing the square) and facts about the Normal distribution.
- 4. Let X and Y be i.i.d. $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$, and let S be a random sign (1 or -1, with equal probabilities) independent of (X, Y).
 - (a) Determine whether or not (X, Y, X + Y) is Multivariate Normal.
 - (b) Determine whether or not (X, Y, SX + SY) is Multivariate Normal.
 - (c) Determine whether or not (SX, SY) is Multivariate Normal.

$$E[XY]$$
 $\sigma_{x}\sigma_{y}Gov(Z_{1}, \rho Z_{1} + \int Z_{2})$

5. Let Z_1, Z_2 be two *i.i.d.* random variables satisfying standard normal distributions, *i.e.*, $Z_1, Z_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$. Define

$$X = \sigma_X Z_1 + \mu_X;$$

$$Y = \sigma_Y \left(\rho \underline{Z_1 + \sqrt{1 - \rho^2} Z_2} \right) + \mu_Y,$$

where $\sigma_X > 0$, $\sigma_Y > 0$, $-1 < \rho < 1$.

(a) Show that X and Y are bivariate normal, $\partial X \partial Y = \partial X$

(b) Find the correlation coefficient between X and Y, *i.e.*, Corr(X, Y).

(c) Find the joint PDF of X and Y.

6. (Optional Challenging Problem) Given a random vector $\mathbf{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_n)^T$, which satisfies a multivariate normal (Gaussian) distribution, i.e., $\mathbf{X} \sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$, where $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ is the mean vector and Σ is the covariance matrix. When Σ is positive definite, the probability density function is given by

$$f_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{\det(\mathbf{\Sigma})}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^T \mathbf{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu})\right).$$

Now we divide $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{x})$ into two parts:

$$oldsymbol{X} = egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{X}_A \ oldsymbol{X} = oldsymbol{X}_A \ oldsymbol{X}_B \end{bmatrix}, \quad oldsymbol{x} = oldsymbol{X}_A \ oldsymbol{X} = oldsymbol{X}_A \ oldsymbol{X}_B \end{bmatrix}$$

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and split μ and Σ accordingly:

$$oldsymbol{\mu} = egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{\mu}_A \\ oldsymbol{\mu}_B \end{bmatrix}, \quad oldsymbol{\Sigma} = egin{bmatrix} oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AA} & oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AB} \\ oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BA} & oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BB} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Show the following results:

- (a) Marginal distribution of X_A and X_B are still normal, i.e., $\mathbf{X}_A \sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_A, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AA})$, $\mathbf{X}_B \sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_B, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BB}).$
- (b) $\Sigma_{AB} = 0$ if and only if X_A and X_B are independent.
- (c) Given X_B , the conditional distribution of X_A is still normal, i.e.

$$\mathbf{X}_A | \mathbf{X}_B \sim \mathcal{N}(oldsymbol{\mu}_{A|B}, oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{A|B}), \qquad \overline{igotimes} \left(egin{array}{c} igotimes -\mathcal{M} \ \hline \end{array}
ight)$$

where

$$oldsymbol{\mu}_{A|B} = oldsymbol{\mu}_A + oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AB} oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BB}^{-1} (\mathbf{X}_B - oldsymbol{\mu}_B) \ oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{A|B} = oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AA} - oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{AB} oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BB}^{-1} oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{BA}$$

(d) If $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Sigma)$ and $X' \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu', \Sigma')$ are independent, then