

JEE-2007
Paper 2

1. In the experiment to determine the speed of sound using a resonance column,
- (A) prongs of the tuning fork are kept in a vertical plane
 - (B) prongs of the tuning fork are kept in a horizontal plane
 - (C) in one of the two resonances observed, the length of the resonating air column is close to the wavelength of sound in air
 - (D) in one of the two resonances observed, the length of the resonating air column is close to half of the wavelength of sound in air

Answer ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

2. A student performs an experiment to determine the Young's modulus of a wire, exactly 2 m long, by Searle's method. In a particular reading, the student measures the extension in the length of the wire to be 0.8 mm with an uncertainty of ± 0.05 mm at a load of exactly 1.0 kg. The student also measures the diameter of the wire to be 0.4 mm with an uncertainty of ± 0.01 mm. Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ (exact). The Young's modulus obtained from the reading is
- (A) $(2.0 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$
 - (B) $(2.0 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$
 - (C) $(2.0 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$
 - (D) $(2.0 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$

Answer ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

OR

☐ ☒ ☐ ☐

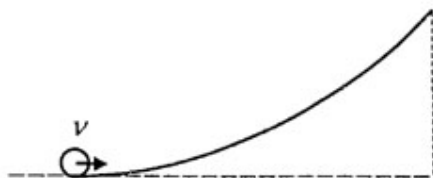
(A) (B) (C) (D)

3. A particle moves in the X-Y plane under the influence of a force such that its linear momentum is $\vec{p}(t) = A [\hat{i} \cos(kt) - \hat{j} \sin(kt)]$, where A and k are constants. The angle between the force and the momentum is
- (A) 0°
 - (B) 30°
 - (C) 45°
 - (D) 90°

Answer ☐ ☐ ☐ ☒

(A) (B) (C) (D)

4. A small object of uniform density rolls up a curved surface with an initial velocity v . It reaches up to a maximum height of $\frac{3v^2}{4g}$ with respect to the initial position. The object is

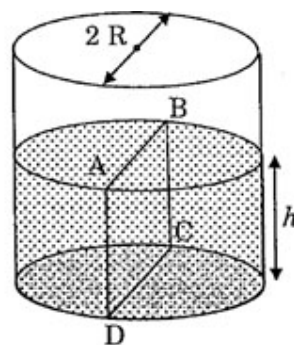


- (A) ring (B) solid sphere (C) hollow sphere (D) disc

Answer

- ☐ (A)
 ☐ (B)
 ☐ (C)
 ☒ (D)

5. Water is filled up to a height h in a beaker of radius R as shown in the figure. The density of water is ρ , the surface tension of water is T and the atmospheric pressure is P_0 . Consider a vertical section ABCD of the water column through a diameter of the beaker. The force on water on one side of this section by water on the other side of this section has magnitude

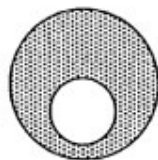


- (A) $|2P_0 R h + \pi R^2 \rho g h - 2RT|$ (B) $|2P_0 R h + R \rho g h^2 - 2RT|$
 (C) $|P_0 \pi R^2 + R \rho g h^2 - 2RT|$ (D) $|P_0 \pi R^2 + R \rho g h^2 + 2RT|$

Answer

- ☐ (A)
 ☒ (B)
 ☐ (C)
 ☐ (D)

6. A spherical portion has been removed from a solid sphere having a charge distributed uniformly in its volume as shown in the figure. The electric field inside the emptied space is



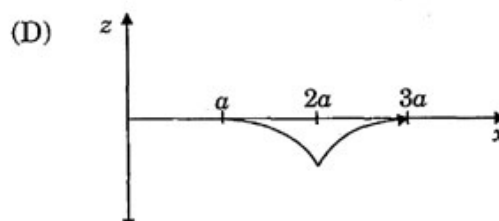
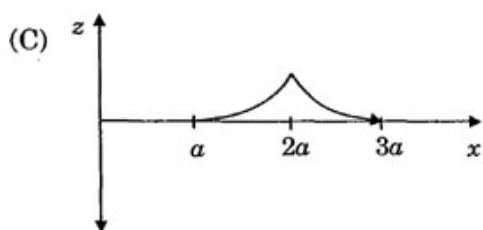
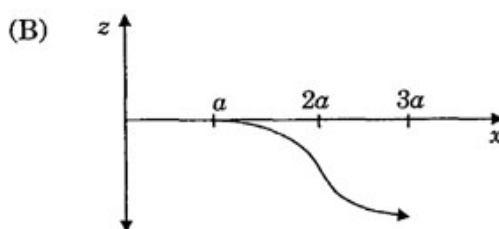
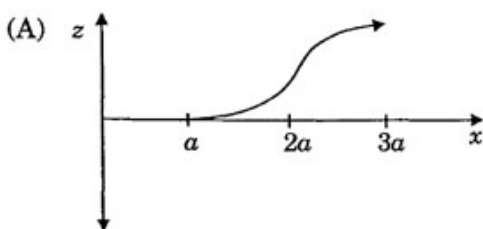
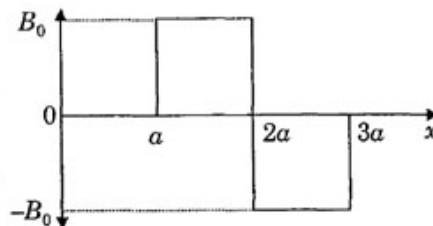
- (A) zero everywhere (B) non-zero and uniform
(C) non-uniform (D) zero only at its center

Answer ☐ ☒ ☐ ☐
(A) (B) (C) (D)

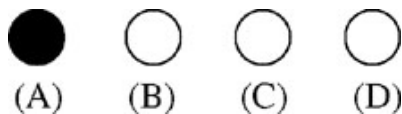
7. Positive and negative point charges of equal magnitude are kept at $\left(0, 0, \frac{a}{2}\right)$ and $\left(0, 0, -\frac{a}{2}\right)$, respectively. The work done by the electric field when another positive point charge is moved from $(-a, 0, 0)$ to $(0, a, 0)$ is
- (A) positive
(B) negative
(C) zero
(D) depends on the path connecting the initial and final positions

Answer ☐ ☐ ☒ ☐
(A) (B) (C) (D)

8. A magnetic field $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{j}$ exists in the region $a < x < 2a$ and $\vec{B} = -B_0 \hat{j}$, in the region $2a < x < 3a$, where B_0 is a positive constant. A positive point charge moving with a velocity $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{i}$, where v_0 is a positive constant, enters the magnetic field at $x = a$. The trajectory of the charge in this region can be like,



Answer



9. Electrons with de-Broglie wavelength λ fall on the target in an X-ray tube. The cut-off wavelength of the emitted X-rays is

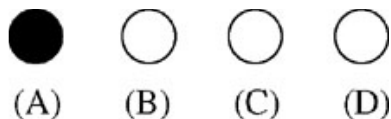
(A) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2mc\lambda^2}{h}$

(B) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2h}{mc}$

(C) $\lambda_0 = \frac{2m^2 c^2 \lambda^3}{h^2}$

(D) $\lambda_0 = \lambda$

Answer



10. STATEMENT-1

If there is no external torque on a body about its center of mass, then the velocity of the center of mass remains constant.

because

STATEMENT-2

The linear momentum of an isolated system remains constant.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is **NOT** a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer

- ☐ (A) ☐ (B) ☐ (C) ☒ (D)

11. STATEMENT-1

A cloth covers a table. Some dishes are kept on it. The cloth can be pulled out without dislodging the dishes from the table.

because

STATEMENT-2

For every action there is an equal and opposite reaction.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is **NOT** a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer

- ☐ (A) ☒ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D)

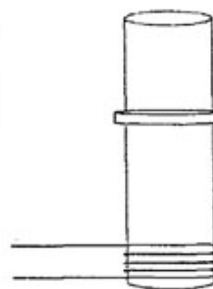
12. STATEMENT-1

A vertical iron rod has a coil of wire wound over it at the bottom end. An alternating current flows in the coil. The rod goes through a conducting ring as shown in the figure. The ring can float at a certain height above the coil.

because

STATEMENT-2

In the above situation, a current is induced in the ring which interacts with the horizontal component of the magnetic field to produce an average force in the upward direction.



- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is **NOT** a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer

- ☒ (A)
 ☐ (B)
 ☐ (C)
 ☐ (D)

13. STATEMENT-1

The total translational kinetic energy of all the molecules of a given mass of an ideal gas is 1.5 times the product of its pressure and its volume.

because

STATEMENT-2

The molecules of a gas collide with each other and the velocities of the molecules change due to the collision.

- (A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is **NOT** a correct explanation for Statement-1
- (C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False
- (D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True

Answer

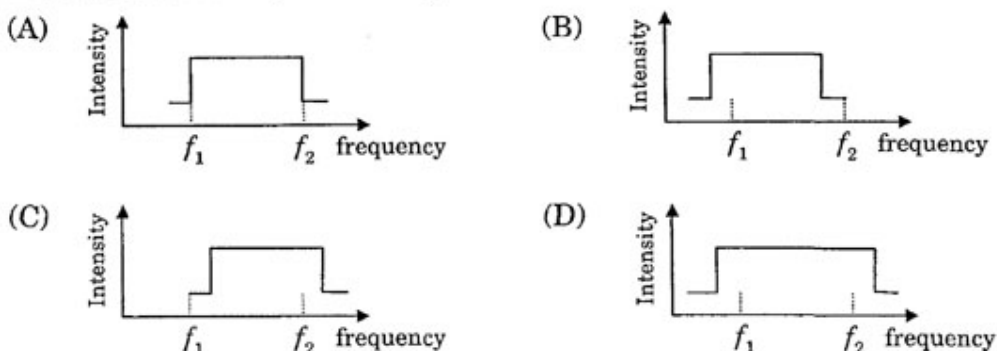
- ☐ (A)
 ☒ (B)
 ☐ (C)
 ☐ (D)

14. The speed of sound of the whistle is
- (A) 340 m/s for passengers in A and 310 m/s for passengers in B
 - (B) 360 m/s for passengers in A and 310 m/s for passengers in B
 - (C) 310 m/s for passengers in A and 360 m/s for passengers in B
 - (D) 340 m/s for passengers in both the trains

Answer ☐ ☒ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

15. The distribution of the sound intensity of the whistle as observed by the passengers in train A is best represented by



Answer ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

16. The spread of frequency as observed by the passengers in train B is
- (A) 310 Hz
 - (B) 330 Hz
 - (C) 350 Hz
 - (D) 290 Hz

Answer ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

17. Light travels as a
- (A) parallel beam in each medium
 - (B) convergent beam in each medium
 - (C) divergent beam in each medium
 - (D) divergent beam in one medium and convergent beam in the other medium

Answer ☒ ☐ ☐ ☐

(A) (B) (C) (D)

18. The phases of the light wave at c, d, e and f are ϕ_c, ϕ_d, ϕ_e and ϕ_f respectively.

It is given that $\phi_c \neq \phi_f$.

(A) ϕ_c cannot be equal to ϕ_d

(B) ϕ_d can be equal to ϕ_e

(C) $(\phi_d - \phi_f)$ is equal to $(\phi_c - \phi_e)$

(D) $(\phi_d - \phi_c)$ is not equal to $(\phi_f - \phi_e)$

Answer



(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)

19. Speed of light is

(A) the same in medium-1 and medium-2

(B) larger in medium-1 than in medium-2

(C) larger in medium-2 than in medium-1

(D) different at b and d

Answer



(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)

20. **Column I** describes some situations in which a small object moves. **Column II** describes some characteristics of these motions. Match the situations in **Column I** with the characteristics in **Column II** and indicate your answer by darkening appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

Column II

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(A) The object moves on the x-axis under a conservative force in such a way that its "speed" and "position" satisfy $v = c_1 \sqrt{c_2 - x^2}$, where c_1 and c_2 are positive constants.</p> <p>(B) The object moves on the x-axis in such a way that its velocity and its displacement from the origin satisfy $v = -kx$, where k is a positive constant.</p> <p>(C) The object is attached to one end of a mass-less spring of a given spring constant. The other end of the spring is attached to the ceiling of an elevator. Initially everything is at rest. The elevator starts going upwards with a constant acceleration a. The motion of the object is observed from the elevator during the period it maintains this acceleration.</p> <p>(D) The object is projected from the earth's surface vertically upwards with a speed $2\sqrt{GM_e/R_e}$, where, M_e is the mass of the earth and R_e is the radius of the earth. Neglect forces from objects other than the earth.</p> | <p>(p) The object executes a simple harmonic motion.</p> <p>(q) The object does not change its direction.</p> <p>(r) The kinetic energy of the object keeps on decreasing.</p> <p>(s) The object can change its direction only once.</p> |
|---|--|

Answer

	p	q	r	s
A	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
B	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
C	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
D	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

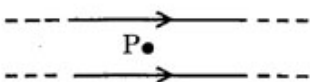
OR

	p	q	r	s
A	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
B	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
C	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
D	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

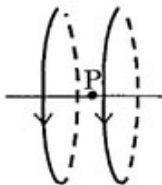
21. Two wires each carrying a steady current I are shown in four configurations in **Column I**. Some of the resulting effects are described in **Column II**. Match the statements in **Column I** with the statements in **Column II** and indicate your answer by darkening appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

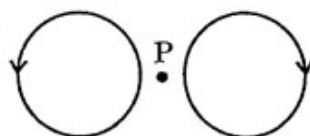
- (A) Point P is situated midway between the wires.



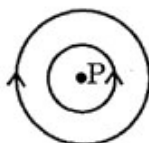
- (B) Point P is situated at the mid-point of the line joining the centers of the circular wires, which have same radii.



- (C) Point P is situated at the mid-point of the line joining the centers of the circular wires, which have same radii.



- (D) Point P is situated at the common center of the wires.



Column II

- (p) The magnetic fields (B) at P due to the currents in the wires are in the same direction.

- (q) The magnetic fields (B) at P due to the currents in the wires are in opposite directions.

- (r) There is no magnetic field at P.

- (s) The wires repel each other.

Answer

	p	q	r	s
A	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
B	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
C	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
D	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

OR

	p	q	r	s
A	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
B	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
C	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
D	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

22. **Column I** gives some devices and **Column II** gives some processes on which the functioning of these devices depend. Match the devices in **Column I** with the processes in **Column II** and indicate your answer by darkening appropriate bubbles in the 4×4 matrix given in the ORS.

Column I

- (A) Bimetallic strip
(B) Steam engine
(C) Incandescent lamp
(D) Electric fuse

Column II

- (p) Radiation from a hot body
(q) Energy conversion
(r) Melting
(s) Thermal expansion of solids

Answer A – ‘s, q’ OR ‘s’ alone

B – ‘q’

C – ‘p, q’ OR ‘p’ alone

D – ‘q, r’ OR ‘r’ alone

23. Consider a titration of potassium dichromate solution with acidified Mohr's salt solution using diphenylamine as indicator. The number of moles of Mohr's salt required per mole of dichromate is

- (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6

Answer



- (A) (B) (C) (D)

24. Among the following metal carbonyls, the C–O bond order is lowest in

- (A) $[\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_6]^+$ (B) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5]$ (C) $[\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6]$ (D) $[\text{V}(\text{CO})_6]^-$

Answer



- (A) (B) (C) (D)

25. A solution of a metal ion when treated with KI gives a red precipitate which dissolves in excess KI to give a colourless solution. Moreover, the solution of metal ion on treatment with a solution of cobalt(II) thiocyanate gives rise to a deep blue crystalline precipitate. The metal ion is

- (A) Pb^{2+} (B) Hg^{2+} (C) Cu^{2+} (D) Co^{2+}

Answer



- (A) (B) (C) (D)