

Python Basic Programming Assignment - 14

1. Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n.

```
In [1]: class Generator:
        def __init__(self, n):
            self.n = n
        def divisible_by_7(self):
            for i in range(self.n+1):
                if i % 7 == 0:
                    yield i
# example usage
g = Generator(70)
for num in g.divisible_by_7():
    print(num)
```

```
0
7
14
21
28
35
42
49
56
63
70
```

2. Write a program to compute the frequency of the words from the input. The output should output after sorting the key alphanumerically.

```
In [2]: from collections import defaultdict
        def compute_frequency(string):
            # split the string into a list of words
            words = string.split()
            # create a defaultdict to store the frequencies
            frequency = defaultdict(int)
            # iterate through the list of words and increment the count for each word
            for word in words:
                frequency[word] += 1
            # sort the dictionary by key and return the result
            return sorted(frequency.items())
# example usage
print(compute_frequency("this is a test string with some repeating words"))
```

```
[('a', 1), ('is', 1), ('repeating', 1), ('some', 1), ('string', 1), ('test', 1), ('th
is', 1), ('with', 1), ('words', 1)]
```

3. Define a class Person and its two child classes: Male and Female. All classes have a method "getGender" which can print

"Male" for Male class and "Female" for Female class.

```
In [3]: class Person:
        def getGender(self):
            raise NotImplementedError
        class Male(Person):
            def getGender(self):
                return "Male"
        class Female(Person):
            def getGender(self):
                return "Female"
        # example usage
        person1 = Male()
        person2 = Female()
        print(person1.getGender())
        print(person2.getGender())
```

Male
Female

4. Please write a program to generate all sentences where subject is in ["I", "You"] and verb is in ['Play', "Love"] and the object is in ["Hockey","Football"].

```
In [4]: subjects = ["I", "You"]
        verbs = ['Play', "Love"]
        objects = ["Hockey","Football"]
        for subject in subjects:
            for verb in verbs:
                for obj in objects:
                    print(subject + " " + verb + " " + obj)
```

I Play Hockey
I Play Football
I Love Hockey
I Love Football
You Play Hockey
You Play Football
You Love Hockey
You Love Football

5. Please write a program to compress and decompress the string "hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!"

```
In [5]: def compress(string):
        result = ""
        count = 1
        prev = string[0]
        for i in range(1, len(string)):
            if string[i] == prev:
                count += 1
            else:
                result += prev + str(count)
                prev = string[i]
                count = 1
        result += prev + str(count)
        return result
```

```
def decompress(string):
    result = ""
    count = 0
    prev = ""
    for c in string:
        if c.isdigit():
            count = count * 10 + int(c)
        else:
            result += c * count
            count = 0
    return result
compressed = compress("hello world!hello world!hello world!hello world!")
print(compressed)
decompressed = decompress(compressed)
print(decompressed)
```

```
h1e1l2o1 1w1o1r1l1d1!1h1e1l2o1 1w1o1r1l1d1!1h1e1l2o1 1w1o1r1l1d1!1h1e1l2o1 1w1o1r1l1d1!1
111
eloo world!heloo world!heloo world!heloo world!
```

6. Please write a binary search function which searches an item in a sorted list. The function should return the index of element to be searched in the list.

```
In [6]: def binary_search(arr, elem):
        low = 0
        high = len(arr) - 1
        while low <= high:
            mid = (low + high) // 2
            if arr[mid] == elem:
                return mid
            elif arr[mid] < elem:
                low = mid + 1
            else:
                high = mid - 1
        return -1
        # Test the function
        arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
        elem = 5
        result = binary_search(arr, elem)
        if result != -1:
            print(f"Element {elem} found at index {result}")
        else:
            print(f"Element {elem} not found in the list")
```

```
Element 5 found at index 4
```

```
In [ ]:
```