## Example

## When a key is pressed...

- I. the keyboard controller tells PIC to cause an interrupt on IRQ # I
- 2. the PIC decides if CPU should be notified
- 3. If so, IRQ I is translated into a vector number to index into CPU's Interrupt Descriptor Table
- 4. The CPU stops the current running program
- 5. The CPU invokes the current handler
- 6. The handler talks to the keyboard controller via IN and OUT instructions to ask what key was pressed
- 7. The handler does something with the result (e.g write to a file in Linux)
- 8. The handler restores the running program

## 2. Context Switching