



DISC Self - Mini

A DISCstyles™ Online Report

Report For: **Sample Report**

Style: **IS/Isc**

Focus: **Work**

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Introduction to the DISCstyles™ Online Report

Congratulations on your decision to take the DISC Online Assessment.

Many of us grew up believing the wisdom of treating others the way you would like to be treated — the Golden Rule. We soon realized that another practical rule to live by seemed to be what Dr. Tony Alessandra calls The Platinum Rule® — Treat others the way THEY want to be treated.

With this personalized and comprehensive DISC report, you have the tools to help you become a better you and help you behave more maturely and productively. Then you can develop and use more of your natural strengths, while recognizing, improving upon and modifying your limitations. This report does not deal with values or judgments. Instead, it concentrates on your natural tendencies that influence your behavior.

Our DISC Online System focuses on patterns of external, observable behaviors using scales of directness and openness that each style exhibits. Because we can see and hear these external behaviors, it becomes much easier to "read" people. This model is simple, practical, easy to remember and use. See The Four Basic DISCstyles Overview Chart section of this report for a summary of each of the styles.

BEHAVIORAL STYLES

Historical, as well as contemporary, research reveals more than a dozen various models of our behavioral differences, but many share one common thread: the grouping of behavior into four basic categories. The DISCstyles System focuses on patterns of external, observable behaviors using scales of directness and openness that each style exhibits. See the table below. Because we can see and hear these external behaviors, it becomes much easier to "read" people. This model is simple, practical, and easy to remember and use.

STYLE	TENDENCIES
Dominance	Tends to be direct and guarded
Influence	Tends to be direct and open
Steadiness	Tends to be indirect and open
Conscientious	Tends to be indirect and guarded

Part I Understanding Yourself

General Characteristics

The narration below serves as a general overview of your behavioral tendencies. It sets the stage for the report which follows, and provides a framework for understanding and reflecting on your results. We've occasionally provided some coaching ideas so that you can leverage your strengths whenever possible to maximize your personal success.

Your responses indicate that you tend not to force your own ideas on others with edicts, but rather by offering carefully considered suggestions. This can be a key point of success in a variety of areas. It helps build both rapport and credibility with others and is a strength that you can affirm in a genuine way. The combination of your listening skills, people skills, and innate sincerity allow you to influence others and thus affect the results.

You tend to have a long fuse and seldom become visibly angry or agitated. You may harbor internal anger, but you tend not to vocalize it to those involved, instead perhaps "venting" to others not involved in the project. Overall, you tend not to seek direct confrontation about what is making you upset, which is a good thing as long as you don't let such conflicts boil to the surface.

You show a rare ability to get along with a wide variety of people. This comes from both your sincere interest in people and from your inherent patience in working with others. You may be able to bring various individuals together who might not otherwise cooperate.

You show the ability to meet new people easily and confidently. Some individuals are reticent about meeting others, but you have a warmth and comfort to your style that makes new acquaintanceships easy for you. Your inherent optimism also helps exude a personal confidence without coming off as arrogant. It's a rare gift to show confidence while keeping your ego in check, and others are likely to welcome this style.

Part I Understanding Yourself

General Characteristics (continued)

You score like those who are socially poised without being overly controlling. You have the ability to project confidence and poise that is perceived as sincere and genuine. Others are likely to notice this, allowing you to develop trust and credibility with them easily.

Others may tend to seek you out for assistance or advice. This is because they perceive you as being sensitive to their needs, and because you provide a stable and consistent point of view for them. You may be seen as a coach or counselor that they can count on to listen to ideas and input. That's good, as long as it doesn't hamper your ability to complete your own tasks.

Sample, your score pattern suggests a high degree of persistence and patience in working on projects. This can be especially important when the assignments are long, detailed, and involve a multitude of personal or complex tasks. Where others may lose patience and perhaps allow overall quality to lapse, you bring a unique pulse and tempo that can serve as a model for others.

You score like those who prefer to establish long-term relationships, rather than brief, superficial ones. This perhaps comes from your preference toward stability in your lifespace, and longer-term relationships may bring that stability. Friendships and acquaintanceships you have made in the past are important to you, even now.

Your Strengths

What You Bring to the Organization

You are likely to display your strength characteristics rather consistently. For the most part, these qualities tend to enhance your effectiveness within your organization. Work Style Preferences provide useful insights as you work in a job or as you work together on a team or family project. They are the talents and tendencies you bring to your job.

Your Strengths:

- You are able to negotiate conflicts into win-win situations.
- Your excellent listening style stands as a model for others to observe and follow.
- Your strong optimism helps motivate the team toward their goals.
- You are a good listener.
- You are able to reach goals by working with and supporting the efforts of others on the team.
- You are very people-oriented and, as a result, are able to talk with new people very easily in small groups or in large audiences.
- You possess a positive sense of humor and never make jokes at the expense of others.

Your Work Style Tendencies That You Bring to the Job:

- On the job, you have a strong need to be patient, polite, and create an environment of good-will for internal and external stakeholders.
- You meet new people easily and prefer networking with others rather than working in solitary conditions.
- Your empathetic nature and sensitivity toward people may lead others to seek you out as a coach or counselor, or ask to assist them with a personal or team problem.
- You tend not to force your own ideas on others with edicts, but rather by offering considered suggestions.
- You are optimistic and motivated to be an excellent team player, able to defer your ego when working with others who may prefer having more control of the situation.
- At work, you tend to have a "long fuse," and are not easily angered, although you may take some of the anger home to vent.
- On the job, you tend to say "yes" more often than "no," when asked to help out with a colleague's project or problem.

Your Motivations (Wants) and Needs

What motivates you? People are motivated by what they want. What do you really want? Our behaviors are also driven by our needs. Each style has different needs. If one person is stressed out, they may need quiet time alone; another may need social time around a lot of people. Each is different and simply meeting their needs. The more fully our needs are met, the easier it is to perform at an optimal level.

You Tend to Be Motivated By:

- Acceptance as a positive and supportive member of the organization and team.
- Flexibility to circulate and talk with a variety of people.
- A supervisor, manager, or board who practices a democratic leadership process.
- Projects and assignments that provide interpersonal contact, and an opportunity to help both internal and external stakeholders.
- A work culture that is supportive of family activities and commitments.
- Evidence that a new process has been successful in similar applications.
- Identification with the organization, team, and others with whom a spirit of work responsibility has been established.

People With Patterns Like You Tend to Need:

- Detailed delegation of responsibilities, to reduce ambiguity and confusion.
- To get better control of files and record keeping.
- Encouragement to keep the positive spirit and optimism when the pressure is on.
- To learn to say "no" more often in order to avoid spreading yourself too thin.
- More direction toward work tasks, and less focus on chatting and socializing.
- A sense of belonging to the team or organization as a whole.
- To be kept in the information loop regarding projects and initiatives within the organization.

Communication Tips and Plans for Others

The following suggestions can help others who interact with you understand and be aware of your communication preferences. To use this information effectively, share it with others and also discuss their preferences.

Check the two most important ideas when others communicate with you (do's & don'ts) and transfer them to the Summary of Your Style page.

When Communicating with Sample, DO:

- Break the ice with a brief personal comment.
- Plan to talk about things that support his dreams and goals.
- Plan some extra time in your schedule for talking, relating, and socializing.
- Be candid, open, and patient.
- Provide assurances about his input and decisions.
- Present your ideas and opinions in a non-threatening way.
- Be certain to conclude the communication with some modes of action and specific next steps for all involved.

When Communicating with Sample, DON'T:

- Talk down to him.
- Leave decisions hanging in the air. Be certain all decision points have reached closure and result in plans for action.
- Be rude or abrupt in your delivery.
- Be impersonal or judgmental.
- Leave the idea or plan without backup support.
- Offer assurances and guarantees you can't fulfill.
- Let the discussion with him get caught in dreams too much, otherwise you'll lose time.

Potential Areas for Improvement

Everyone has some possible struggles, limitations or weaknesses. Oftentimes, it's simply an overextension of your strengths which may become a weakness. For example, a High D's directness may be a strength in certain environments, but when overextended they may tend to become bossy.

Check the two most important areas you are committed to improve upon and transfer them to the Summary of Your Style page.

Potential Areas for Improvement:

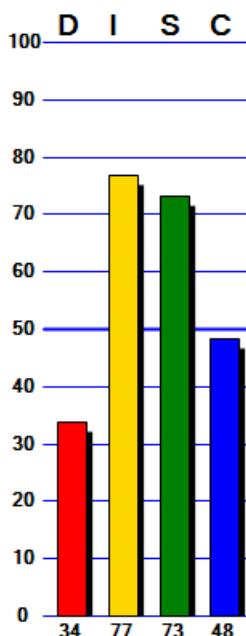
- You may be rather indirect in providing instructions, because you don't want to impose your will on others.
- You may show less emphasis on productivity and more emphasis on the "people side" of a project.
- You may need some coaching in time management; for instance, in setting more ambitious deadlines.
- You may have difficulty with quick decision making because of your need to consider the "people side" of all issues.
- You may hesitate to correct or discipline those who report to you, for fear of offending someone.
- You may be a bit of a grudge-holder toward those who offer criticism.
- You may tend to take constructive criticism personally, possibly losing focus as to how it relates to the task.

DISCstyles eGraphs for Sample Report

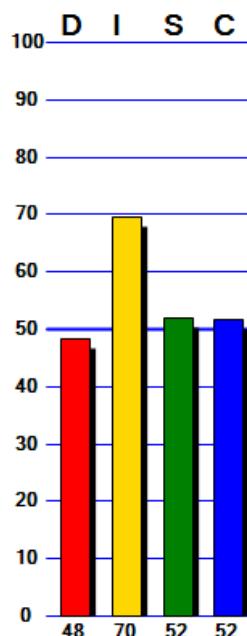
Your Adapted Style indicates you tend to use the behavioral traits of the IS style(s) in your selected Work focus. Your Natural Style indicates that you naturally tend to use the behavioral traits of the Isc style(s).

Your Adapted Style is your graph displayed on the left. It is your perception of the behavioral tendencies you think you should use in your selected focus (work, social or family). This graph may change when you change roles or situations. The graph on the right is your Natural Style and indicates the intensity of your instinctive behaviors and motivators. It is often a better indicator of the “real you” and your “knee jerk”, instinctive behaviors. This is how you act when you feel comfortable in your home environment and are not attempting to impress. It is also what shows up in stressful situations. This graph tends to be fairly consistent, even in different environments.

Adapted Style - Graph I

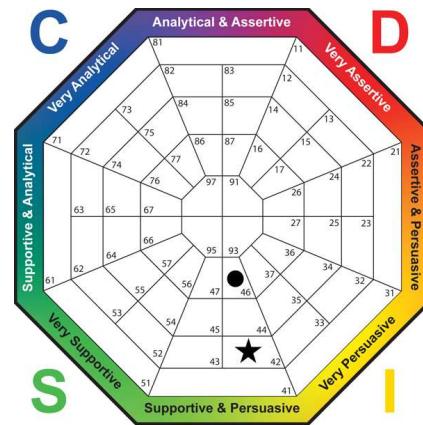


Natural Style - Graph II



Pattern: IS (2553)

Focus: Work



● = Natural Behavioral Style

★ = Adapted Behavioral Style

If the two bars are similar, it means that you tend to use your same natural behaviors in that environment. If your Adapted Style is different from your Natural Style, this may cause stress if done over a long period of time. You are then using behaviors that are not as comfortable or natural for you.

The four-digit numbers (under the graphs) represent your segment numbers in DISC order and dictate the adjectives highlighted on the Word Sketch pages.

The higher or lower each D, I, S, C point is on your graphs, the greater or lesser your needs-motivated behavior impacts your results at work and others around you. Once aware, you can adapt your style. Can you change? Of course! You do it every day depending on your situations. However, permanent behavioral change comes only with awareness and practice. Study and practice using the Behavioral Adaptability Charts in this report to gain behavioral flexibility. For further questions or personal coaching, contact your consultant.

Behavioral Pattern View

The BPV has eight behavioral zones. Each zone identifies a different combination of behavioral traits. The peripheral descriptors describe how others typically see individuals with your style. Plots on the outer edges of the diamond identify that one factor (DISC) of your style will dominate the other three. As you move towards the center of the diamond two and eventually three traits combine to moderate the intensity of your style descriptors within a specific behavioral zone.

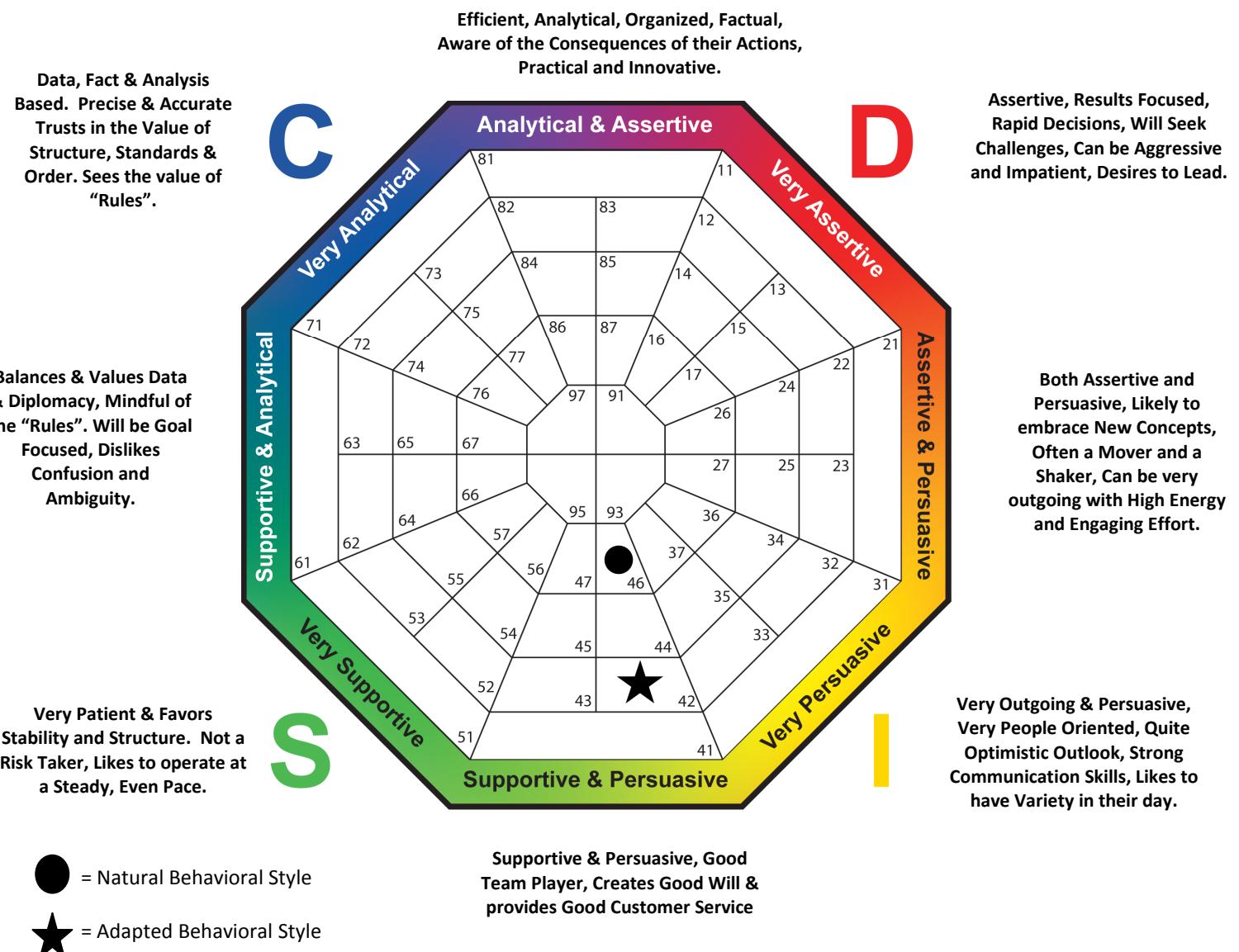
THE SCORING LEGEND

D = Dominance: How you deal with Problems

I = Influence/Extroversion: How you deal with Other People

S = Steadiness/Patience: How you deal with your Activity Level

C = Conscientious/Compliance/Structure: How you deal with the "Organization's Rules" as well as the focus on details, accuracy and precision



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