A PYTHON PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT K-MEANS MODEL

Ex.No:9B

Date of Experiment: 25/10/2024

AIM:-

To implement a python program using a K-Means Algorithm in a model.

ALGORITHM:-

Step1: Import all the other necessary libraries(numpy as np, matplotlib.pyplot as plt and sklearn.tree,pandas as pd and seaborn as sns).

Step2: Select the number K to decide the number of clusters.

Step3: Select random K points or centroids. (It can be different from the input dataset). Step4:

Assign each data point to their closest centroid, which will form the predefined K clusters. Step5:

Calculate the variance and place a new centroid of each cluster.

Step6: Repeat the fourth steps, which means assign each datapoint to the new closest centroid of each cluster.

Step7: If any reassignment occurs, then go to step-5 else go to FINISH.

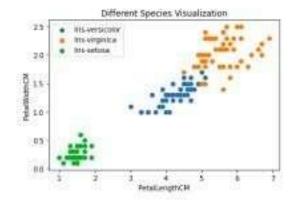
Step8: Train the model and plot the graph using scatterplot() function.

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IMPLEMENTATION:-

data = pd.read csv('../input/k-means-clustering/KNN (3).csv') data.head(5)

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Different Species Visualization')



req data = data.iloc[:,1:] req data.head(5)

	SepalLengthCm	SepaWidthOm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
ō	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Mis-setosi
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0,2	tris-setosi
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-settose
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0,2	his-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	tria-seriosa

shuffle_index = np.random.permutation(req_data.shape[0]) #shuffling the row index of our dataset req_data = req_data.iloc[shuffle_index] req_data.head(5)

	Sepail.engthCm	SepaWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
45	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
50	7.0	3.2	4.7	134	Irls-versicolo
135	7.7	3.0	6.1	2.3	Iris-virginica
49	5.0	3.3	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
89	5.5	2.5	4.0	1.3	Irls-versicolo

 $train_size = int(req_data.shape[0]*0.7)$

```
train df = req data.iloc[:train size,:]
test df = req data.iloc[train size:,:]
train = train df.values test =
test_df.values y_true = test[:,-1]
print('Train Shape: ',train df.shape)
print('Test Shape: ',test df.shape)
  Train_Shape: (105, 5)
  Test_Shape: (45, 5)
from math import sqrt def
euclidean distance(x test, x train):
distance = 0 for i in range(len(x test)-
1):
     distance += (x \text{ test[i]-x train[i]})**2
  return sqrt(distance)
def get neighbors(x test, x train, num neighbors):
   distances = [] data = []
  for i in x train:
  distances.append(euclidean distance(x test,i)) data.append(i) distances =
  np.array(distances) data = np.array(data) sort indexes = distances.argsort()
  #argsort() function returns indices by sorting distances data in ascending order data =
data[sort indexes] #modifying our data based on sorted indices, so that we can get the
nearest neighbors return data[:num_neighbors]
def prediction(x test, x train, num neighbors):
```

```
classes = []
  neighbors = get_neighbors(x_test, x_train, num_neighbors)
  for i in neighbors: classes.append(i[-1]) predicted = max(classes,
  key=classes.count) #taking the most repeated class return predicted
def predict classifier(x test):
  classes = []
  neighbors = get neighbors(x test, req data.values, 5)
  for i in neighbors: classes.append(i[-1])
  predicted = max(classes,
  key=classes.count) print(predicted)
  return predicted
def accuracy(y true, y pred):
  num correct = 0 for i in
  range(len(y true)):
     if y true[i]==y pred[i]:
  num correct+=1 accuracy =
  num correct/len(y true) return
  accuracy
y_pred = [] for i in test:
y pred.append(prediction(i, train, 5))
y_pred
```

```
['Iris-virginica',
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-virginica',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-virginica'.
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-setosm'.
  "Iris-versicolor",
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-virginica'.
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-virginica'.
  "Iris-virginica",
  "Iris-setusa".
  'Iris-virginica'.
   'Iris-vergicolor',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-setosa'.
   "Iris-versicolor",
  "Iris-setosa",
  "Iris-setous".
  'Iris-versicolor',
  "Iris-virginica",
  'Iris-versicolor',
  Tris-virginica .
  "Iris-versicolor",
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-virginica'.
  Tris-virginica .
  "Iris-versicolor",
  'Iris-virginica'.
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-setosa',
  'Iris-virginica'.
  "Iris-virginica",
  'Iris-setosa'.
  'Iris-versicolor',
  'Iris-virginica',
  'Iris-versicolor')
                        accuracy =
accuracy(y_true, y_pred) accuracy
```

0.95555555555556

test_df.sample(5)

	SepalLengthCm	SepalWidthCm	PetalLengthCm	PetalWidthCm	Species
113	5.7	2,5	5.0	2.0	Irls-virginica
125	7.2	3.2	6.0	1.8	Iris-virginica
149	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	Iris-virginica
94	5.6	2.7	4.2	1.3	Iris-versicolor
99	5.7	2.8	4.1	1.3	Iris-versicolor

RESULT:-

Thus the python program to implement the K-Means model has been successfully implemented and the results have been verified and analyzed.