

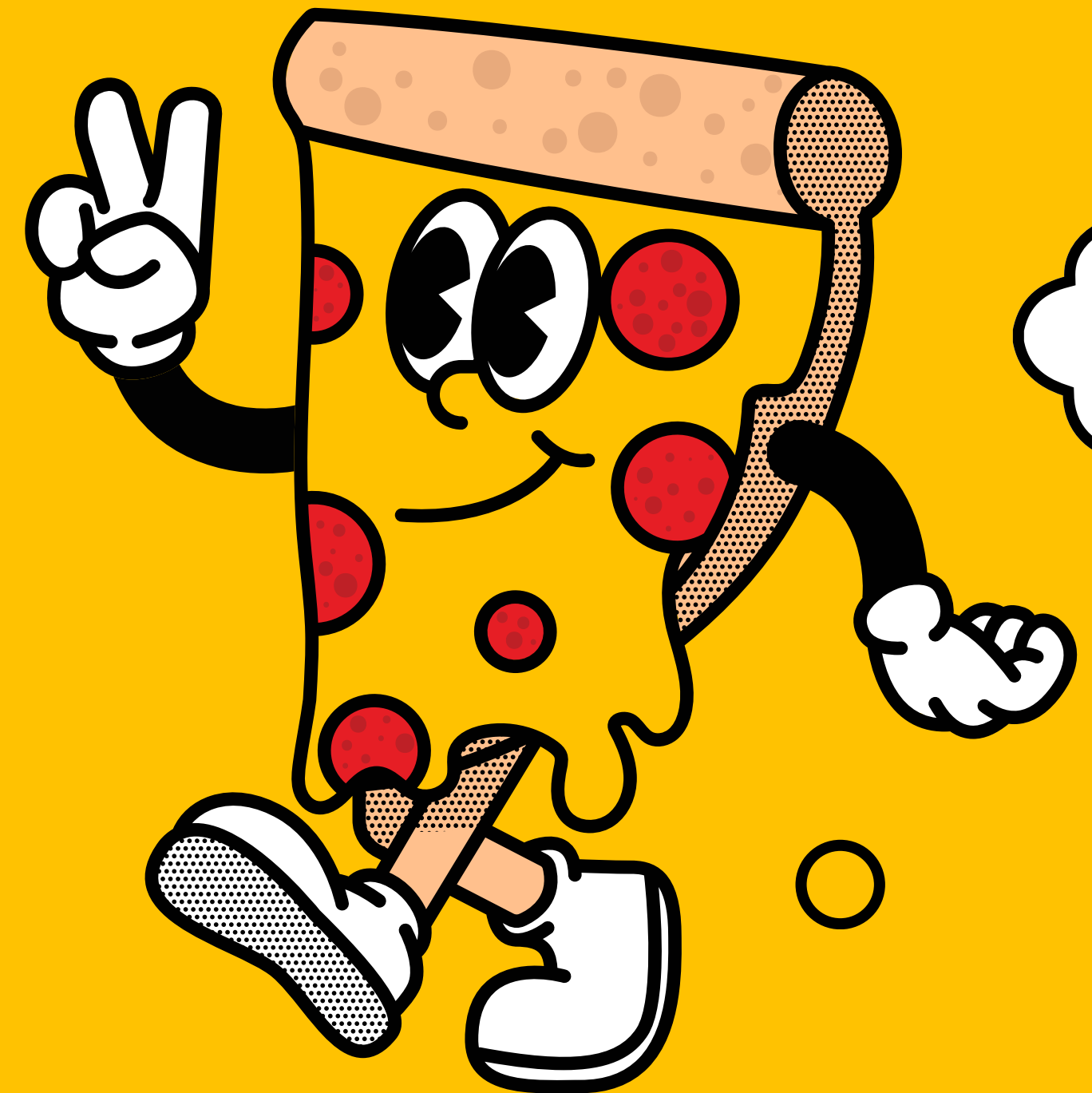


Pizza Sales Analysis

A SLICE OF HAPPINESS

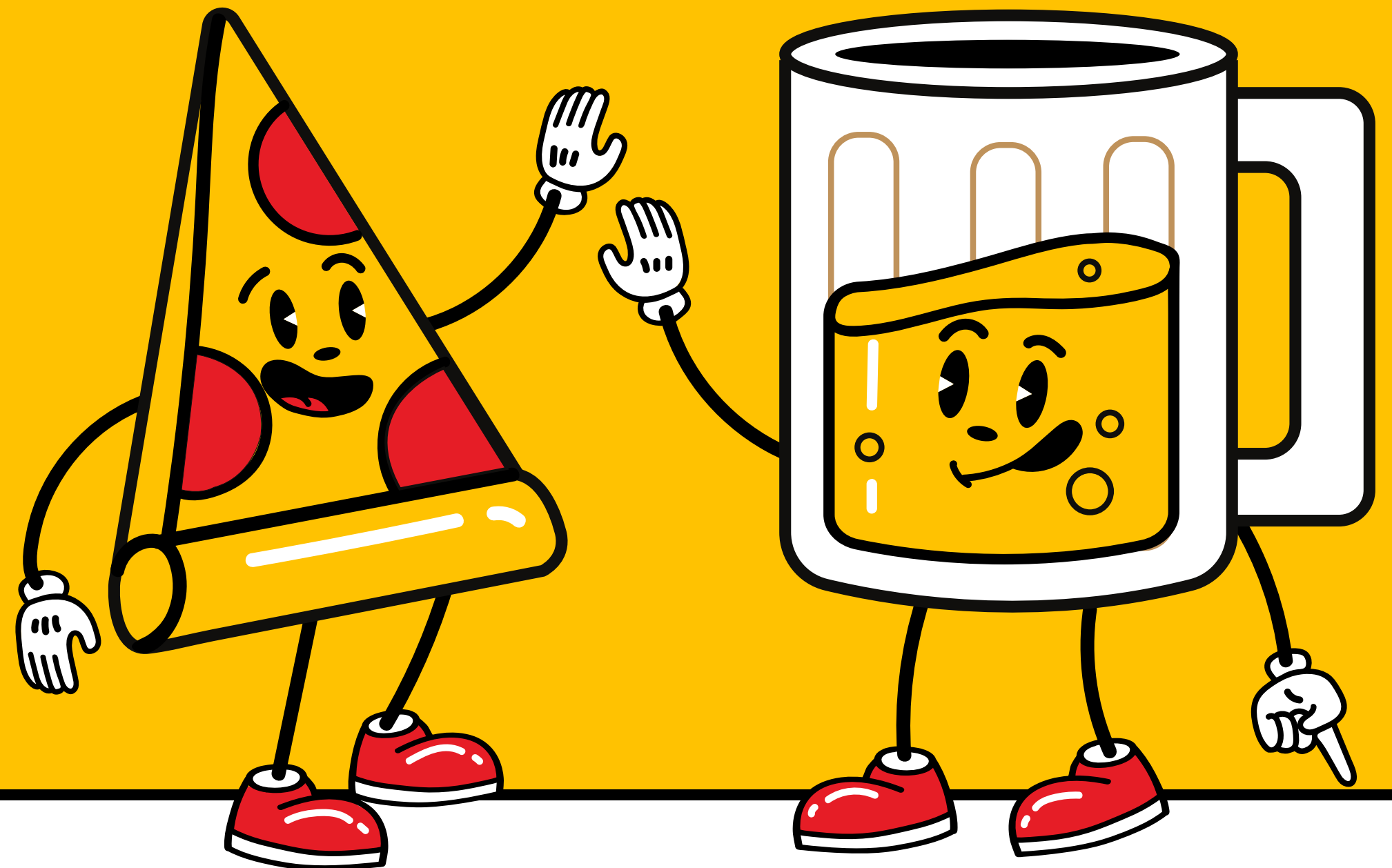
SQL
PROJECT

BY: Puja Ghosh



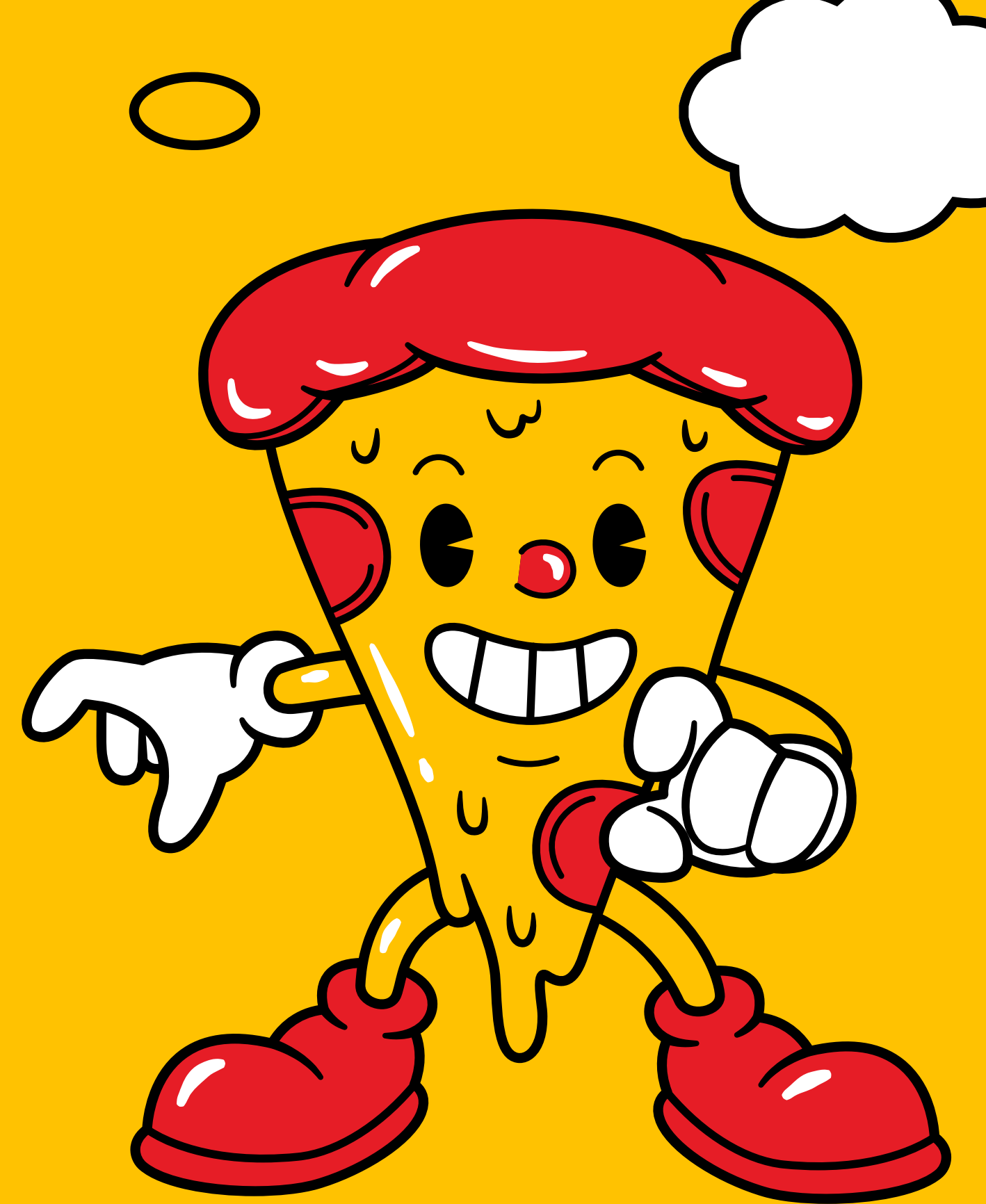
Hello....my name is Puja Ghosh....
in this project i have utilized SQL
query to solve questions related
to pizza sales.

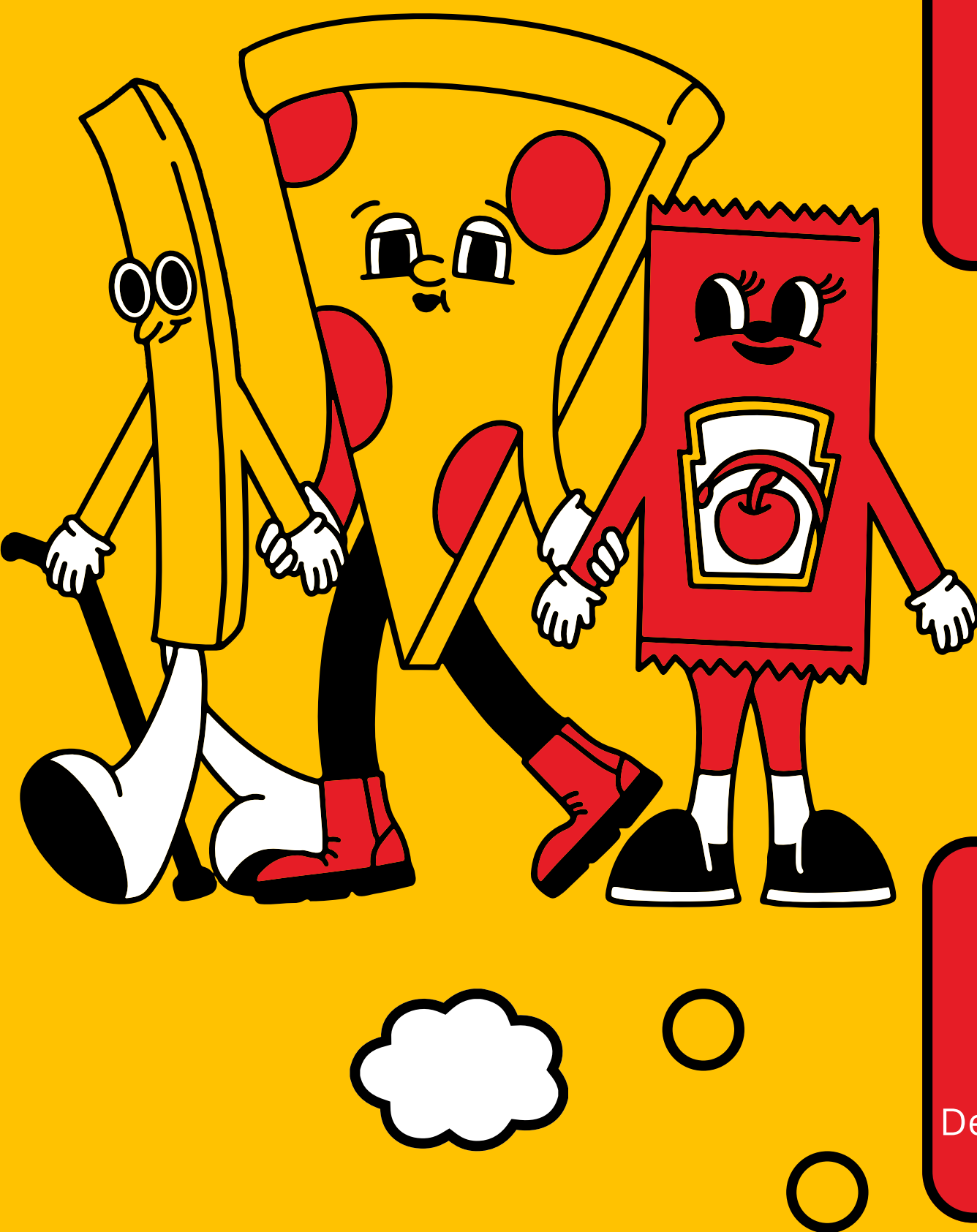
WELCOME TO
PIZZA DAY!



Aim of Project

The aim of the project is to analyze pizza sales data to identify trends and provide actionable insights that can help to increase sales and uncover key metrics and patterns within the sales data by leveraging SQL queries in MYSQL.





Basic:

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
Identify the highest-priced pizza.
Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

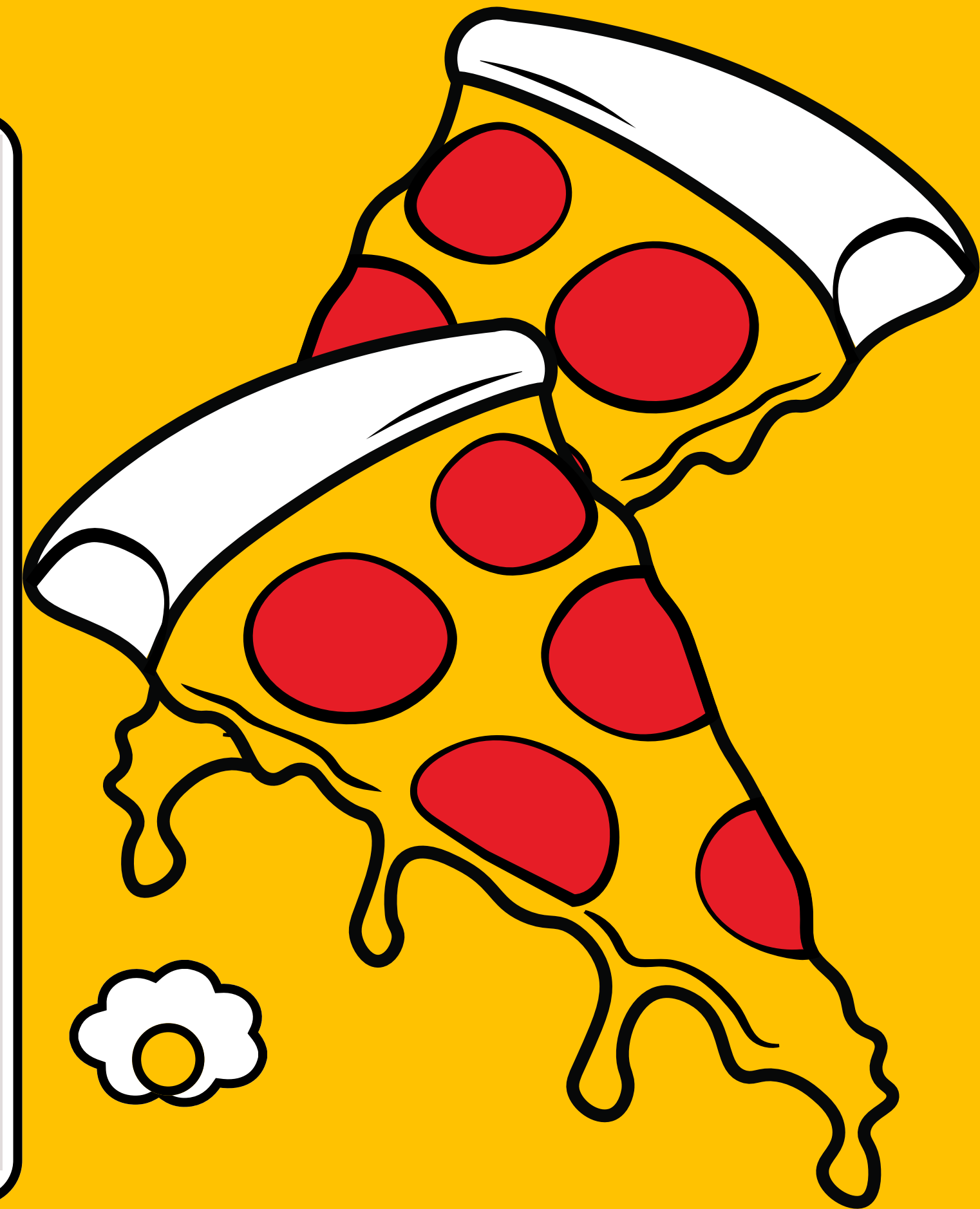
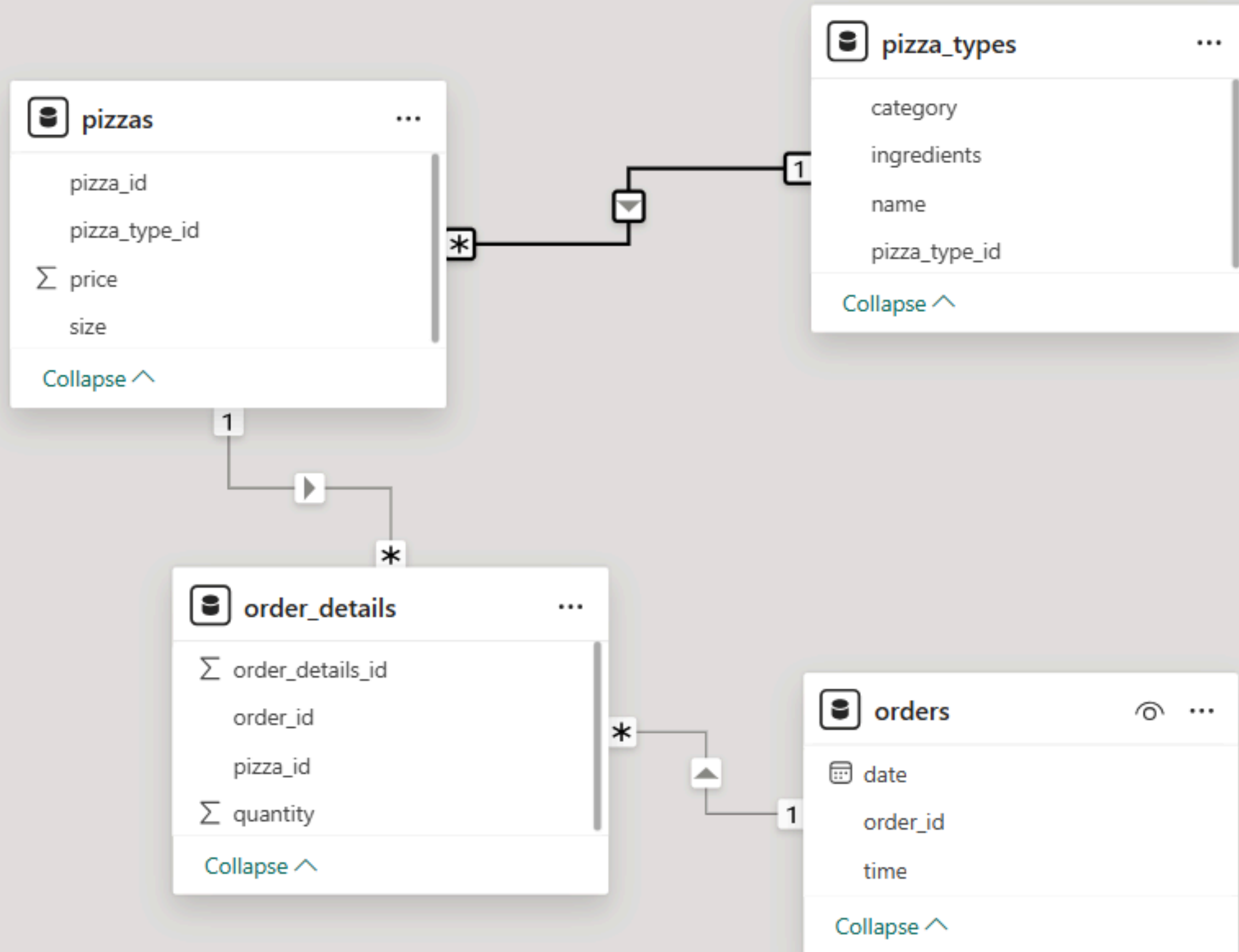
Intermediate:

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

Advanced:

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

SCHEMA MODEL



Basic Questions:

1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS Total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	Total_orders
▶	21350

2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT

```
ROUND(SUM((order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)),  
2) AS Total_Sales
```

FROM

order_details

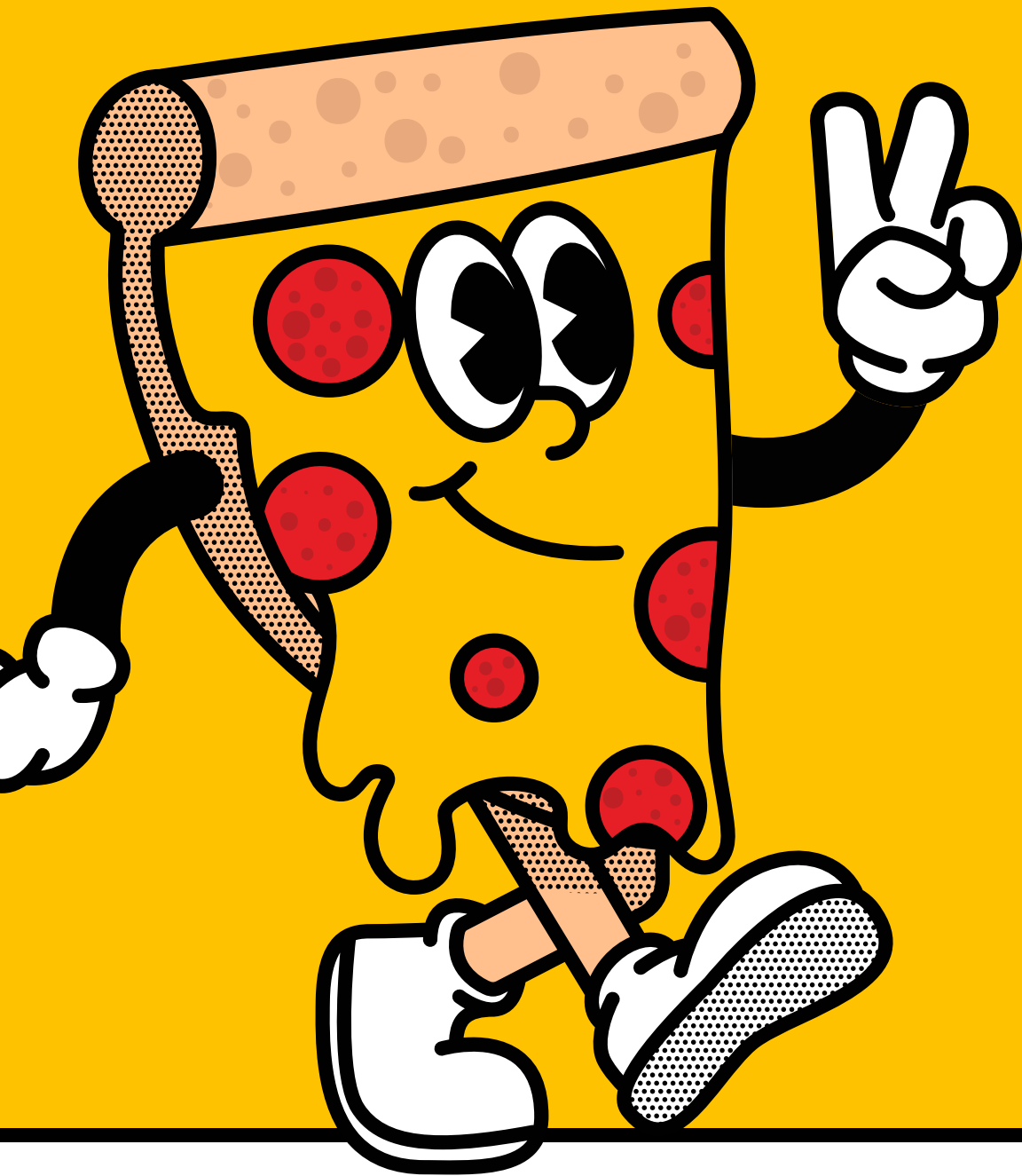
JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;

Result Grid

Total_Sales

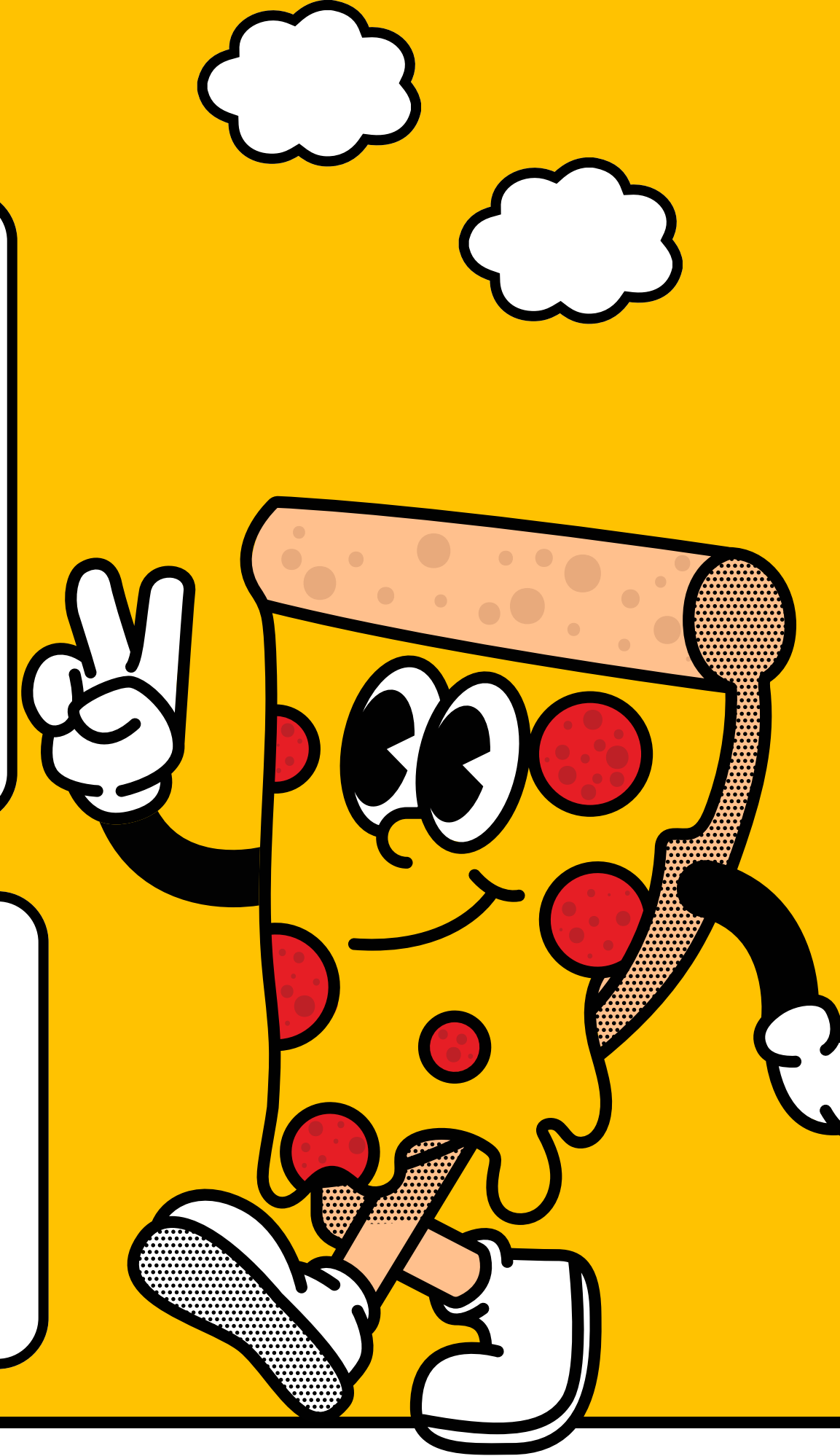
817860.05



3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

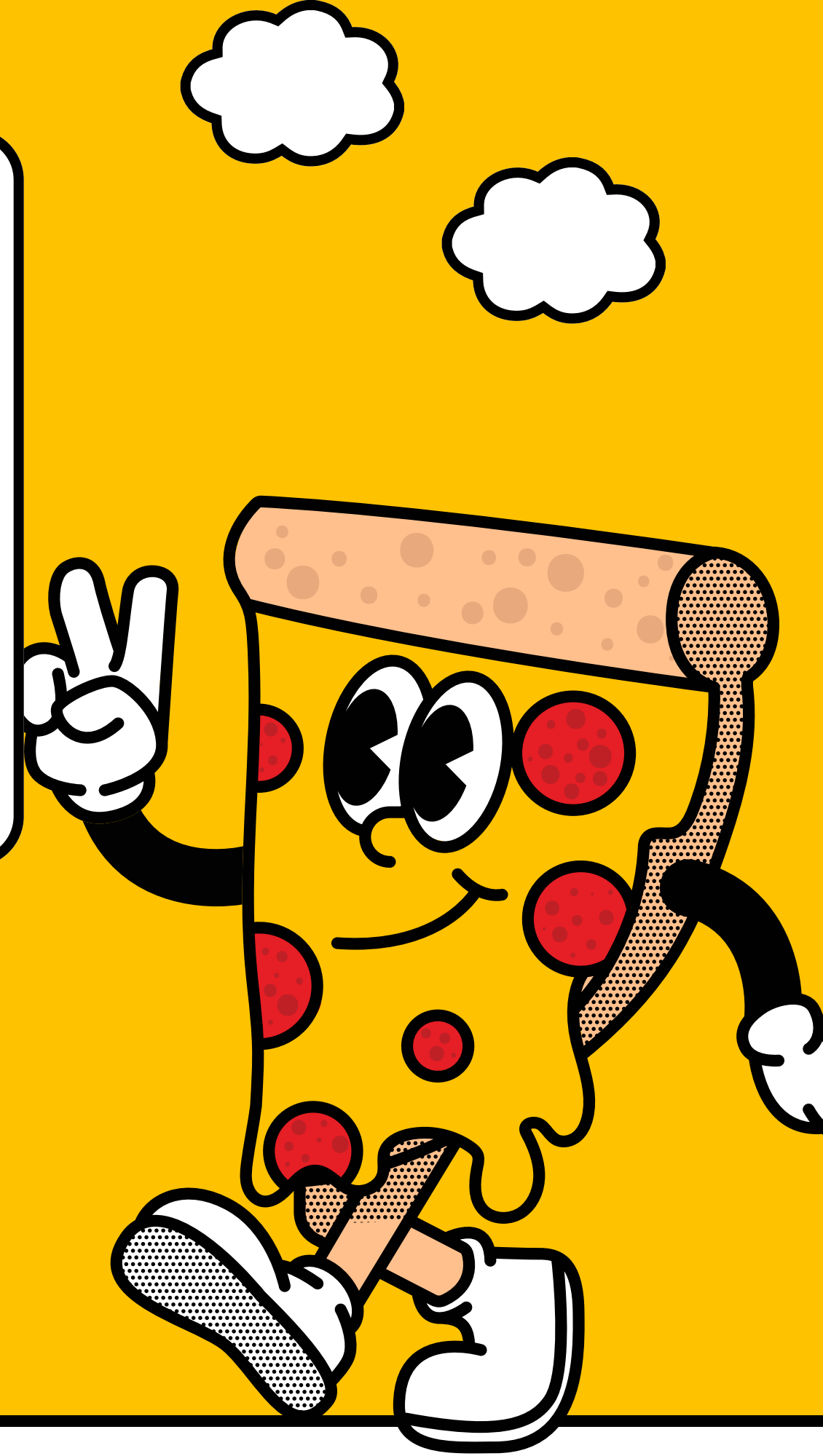
Result Grid			Filter Rows:	
	name	price		
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95		



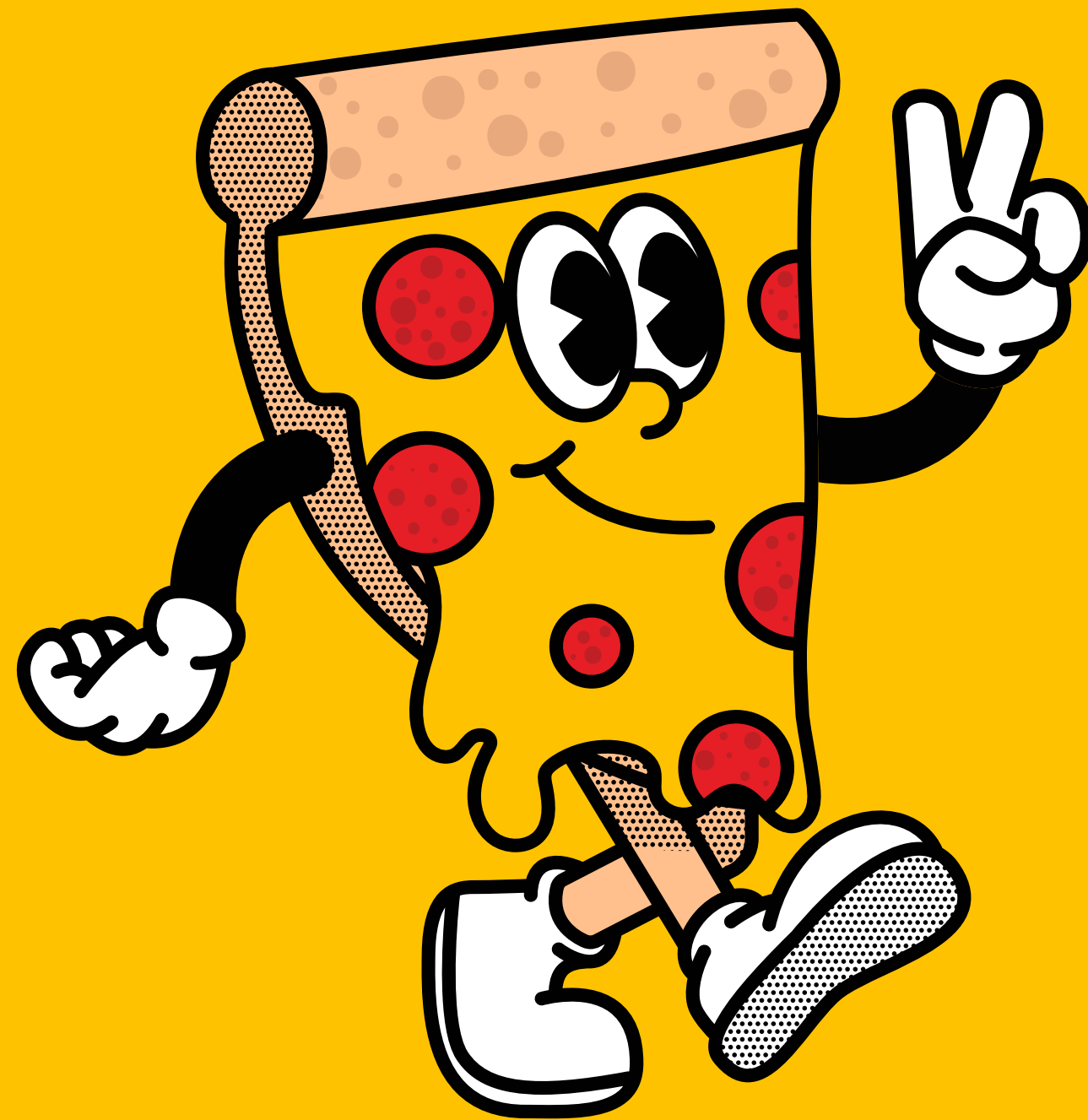
4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
  pizzas.size,
  COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
  pizzas
  JOIN
  order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```



Result Grid		
	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



5. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



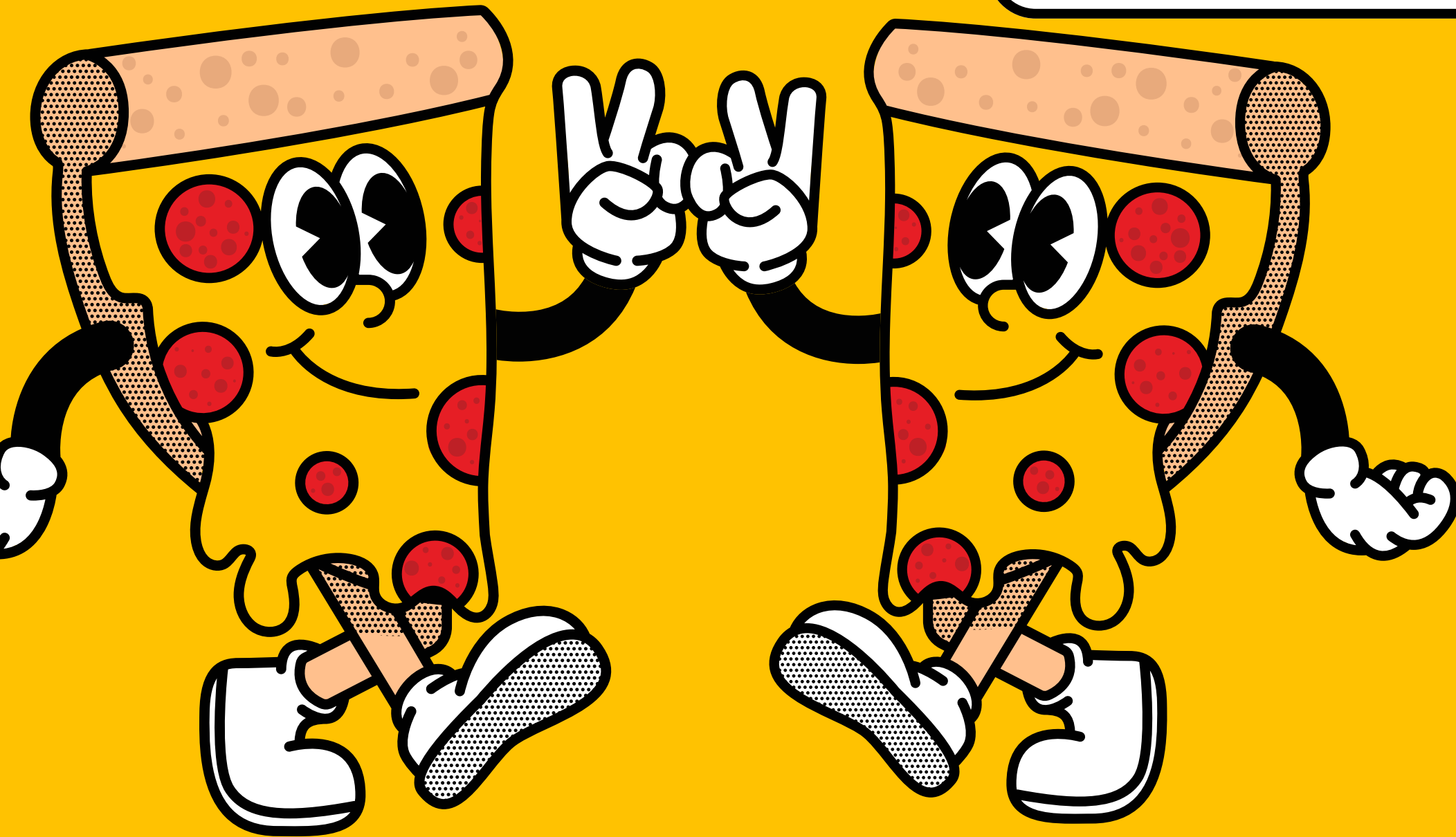
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	name	quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

6. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.



```
SELECT
    HOUR(time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY hour;
```

Result Grid		
	hour	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

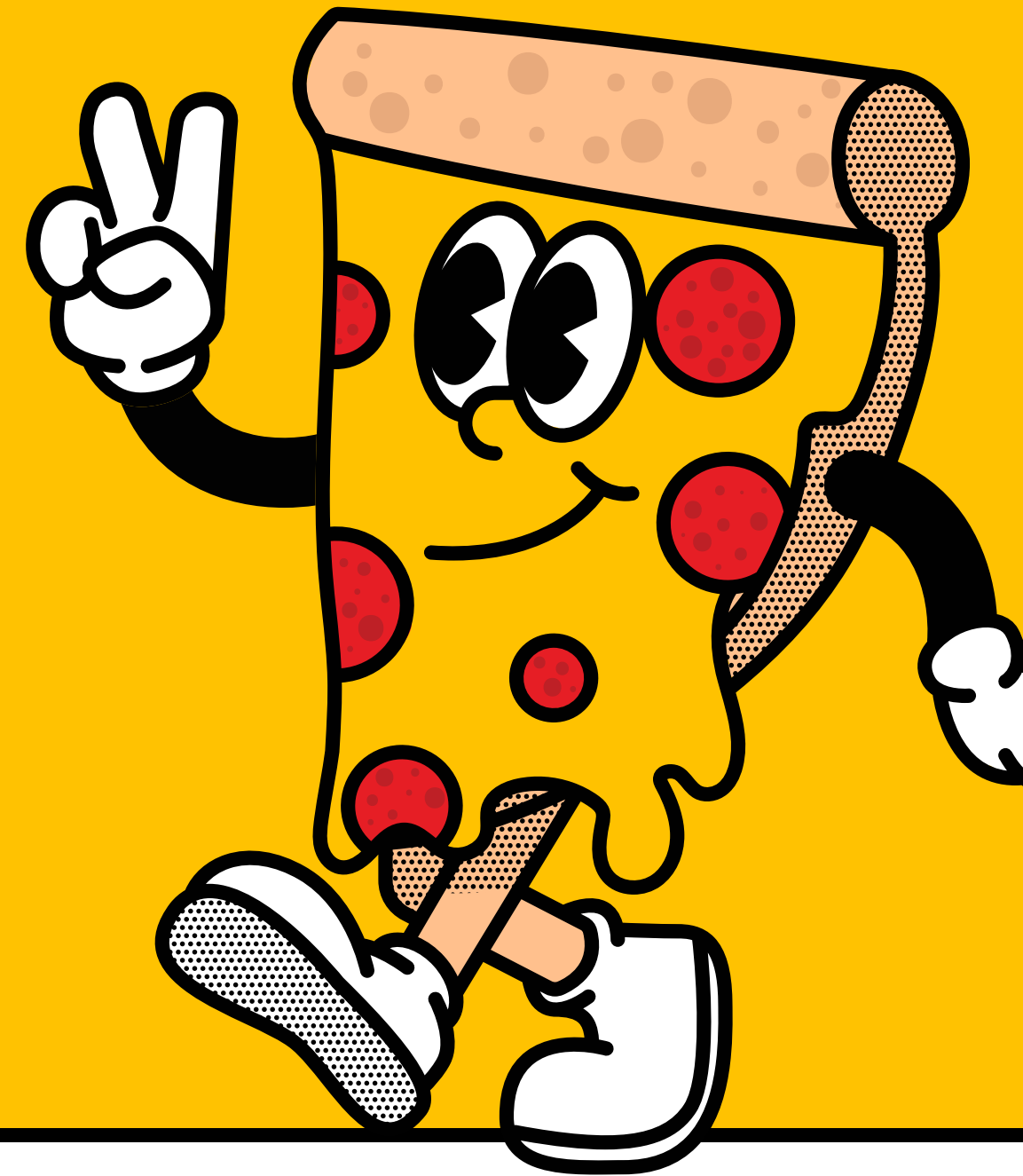
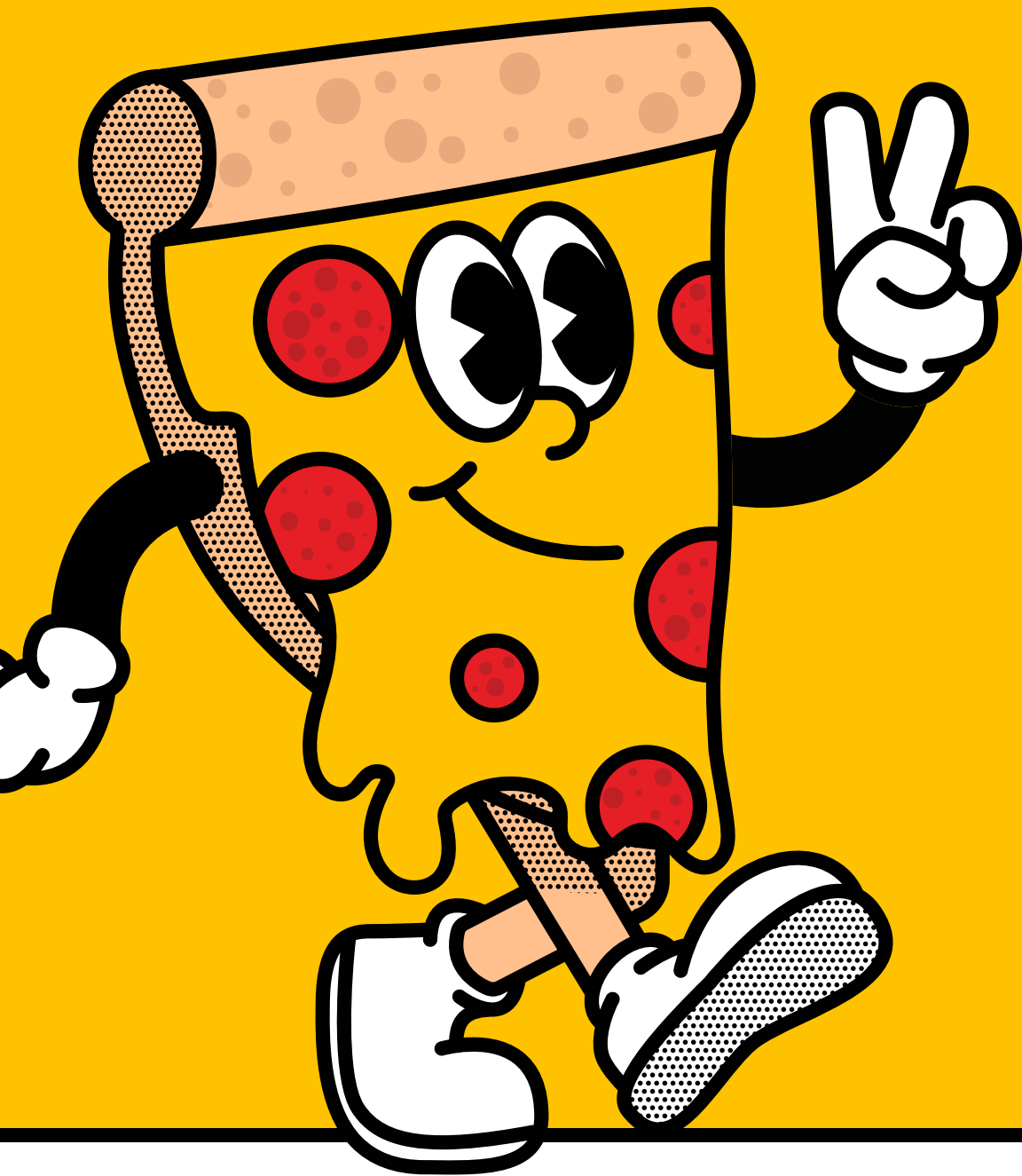


7. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

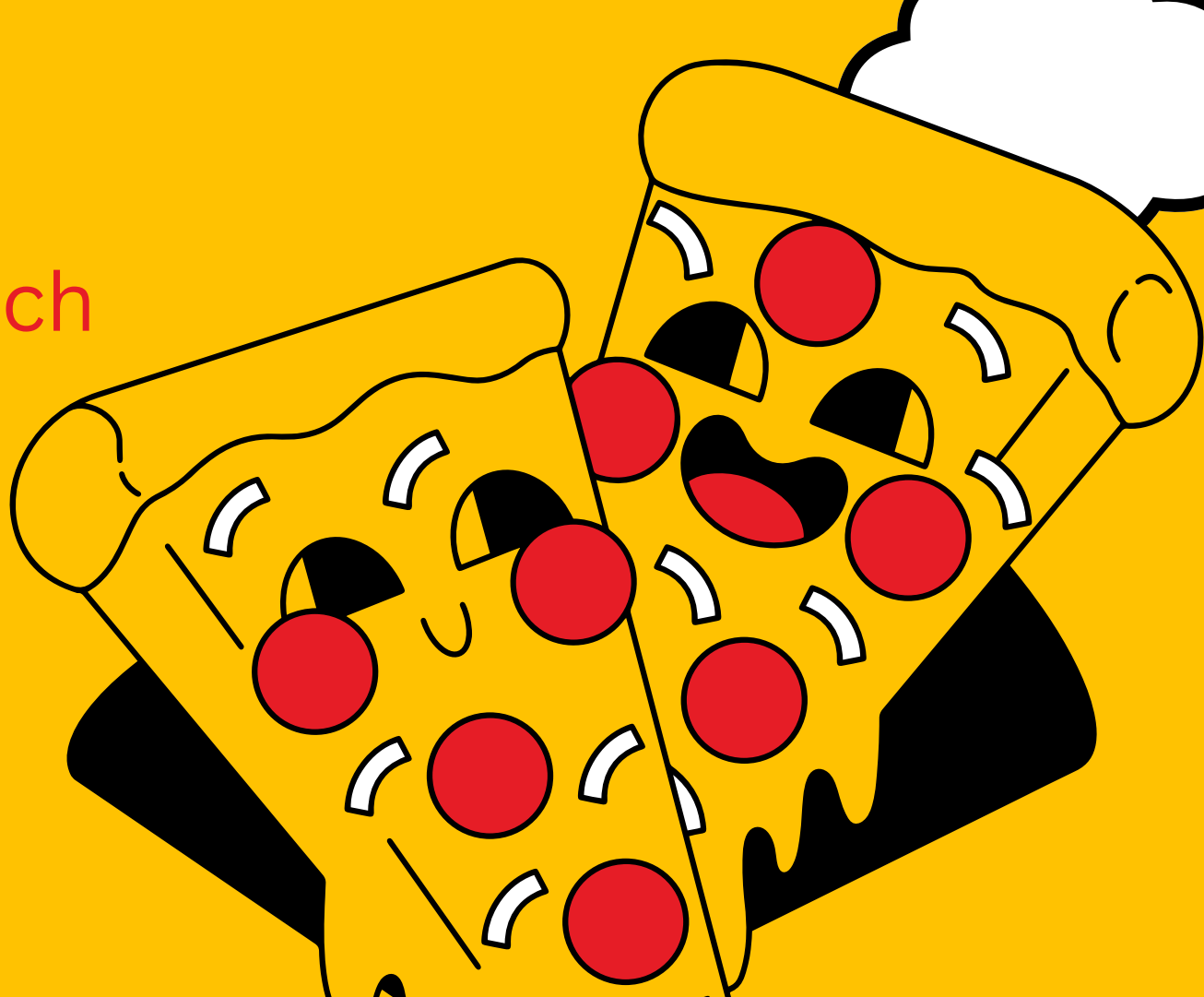
	category	COUNT(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



Intermediate Questions:

1. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

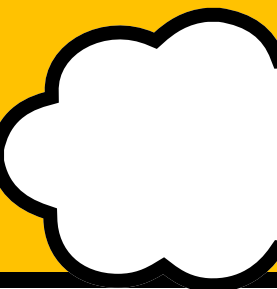
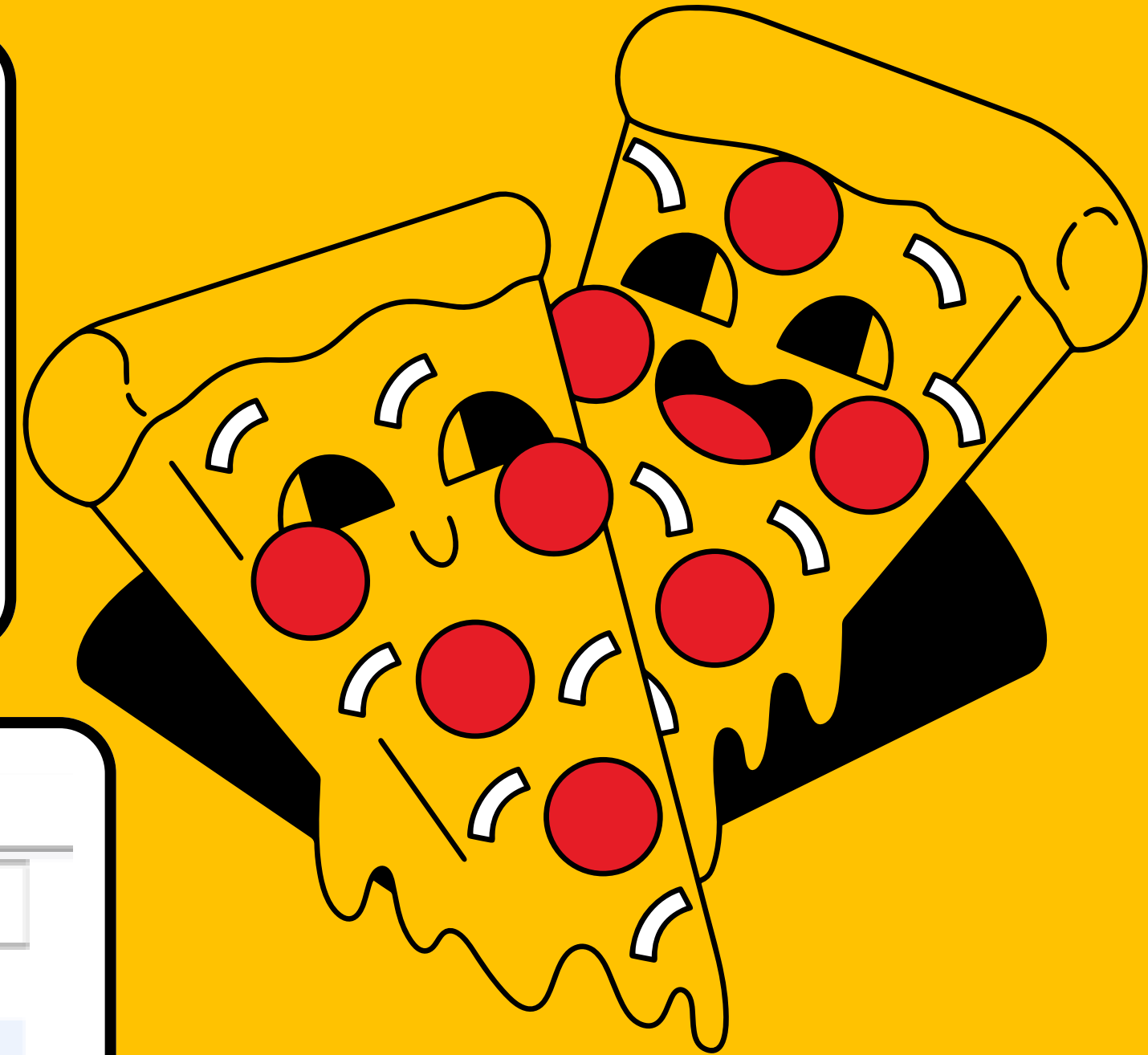


	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

2. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.



```
SELECT
  pizza_types.name, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)as revenue
FROM
  pizza_types
  JOIN
  pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
  JOIN
  order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

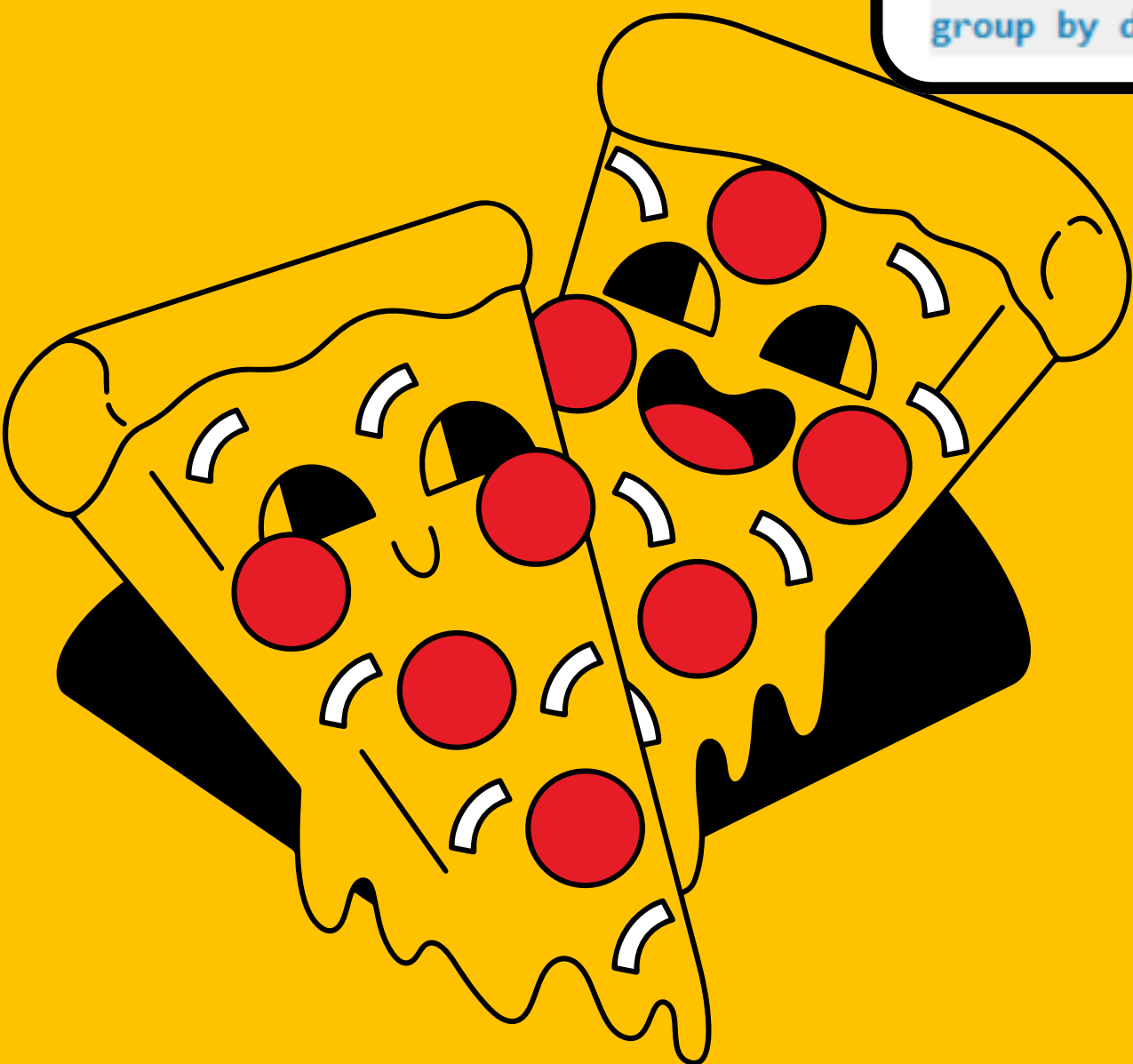


3. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select date, sum(revenue) over(order by date) as cum_revenue
from(SELECT
  orders.date, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)as revenue
FROM
  order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by date ) as sales ;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:


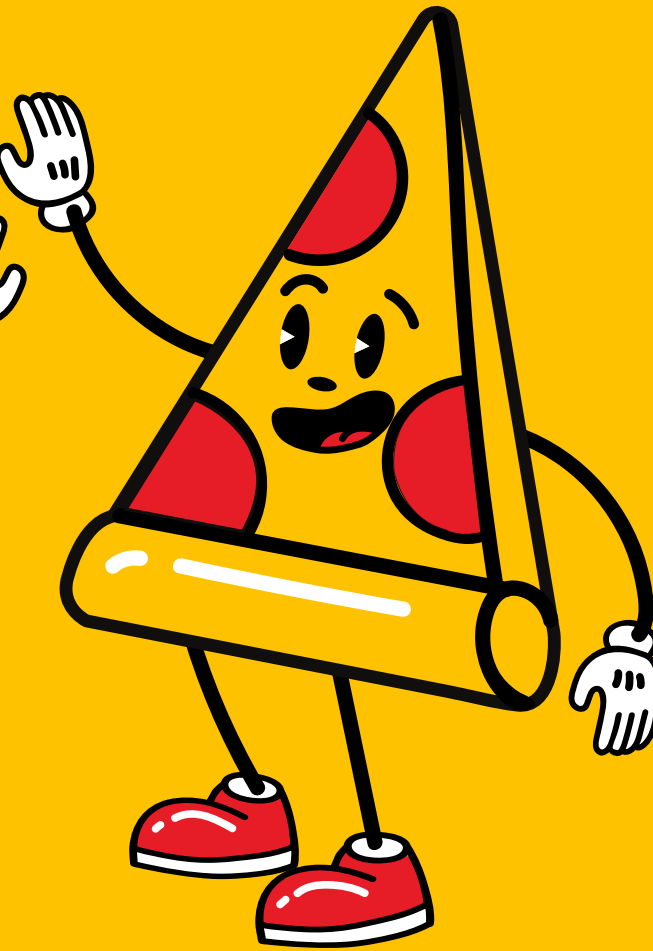
	date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001



Advanced Questions:

1. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

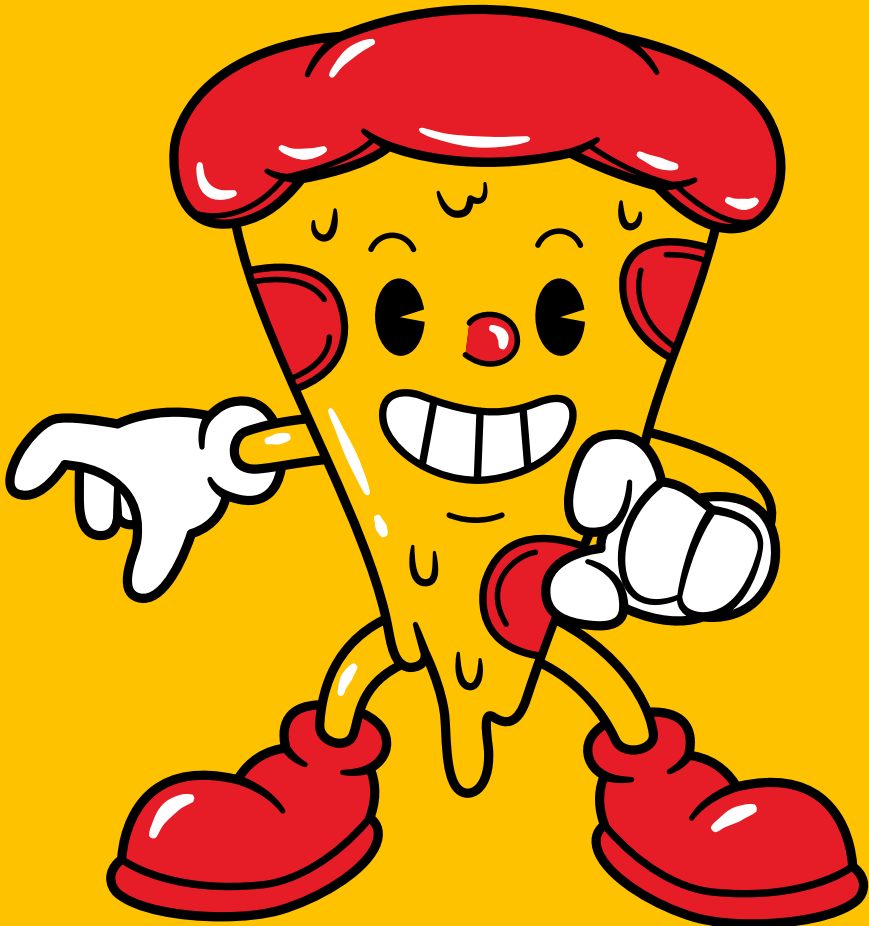
```
SELECT
  pizza_types.category,
  ROUND((SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
    ROUND(SUM((order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)),
    2) AS Total_Sales
  FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)) * 100,
  2) AS revenue
FROM
  pizza_types
  JOIN
  pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
  JOIN
  order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```



	category	revenue
	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

2.Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name ,revenue
from
(select name,category,revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from(SELECT
pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)as revenue
FROM
pizza_types
JOIN
pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN
order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name, pizza_types.category) as a) as b
where rn <=3;
```



Result Grid Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>		
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.7000000006
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5

**THANK YOU
AND ENJOY
A SLICE OF
PIZZA!**

[PROJECT LINK](#)

