



# Microsoft Cloud for Healthcare in a Day

## Lab 04: Azure Health Bot

Step-by-Step Lab

90 minutes

March 2022

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# Overview

## Learning Objectives

In this lab, you will learn to do the following:

- Set up Azure Health Bot
- Configure Dynamics 365 Customer Service Omnichannel Live Chat
- Embed Azure Health Bot in a Power Apps Portal
- Extend Azure Health Bot with custom scenarios

## Prerequisites

- None

## Azure Health Bot

The Azure Health Bot Service is a cloud platform that empowers developers in healthcare organizations to build and deploy their compliant, AI-powered virtual health assistants and health bots, that help them improve processes and reduce costs. It allows you to offer your users *intelligent* and *personalized access* to health-related information and interactions through a natural conversation experience.

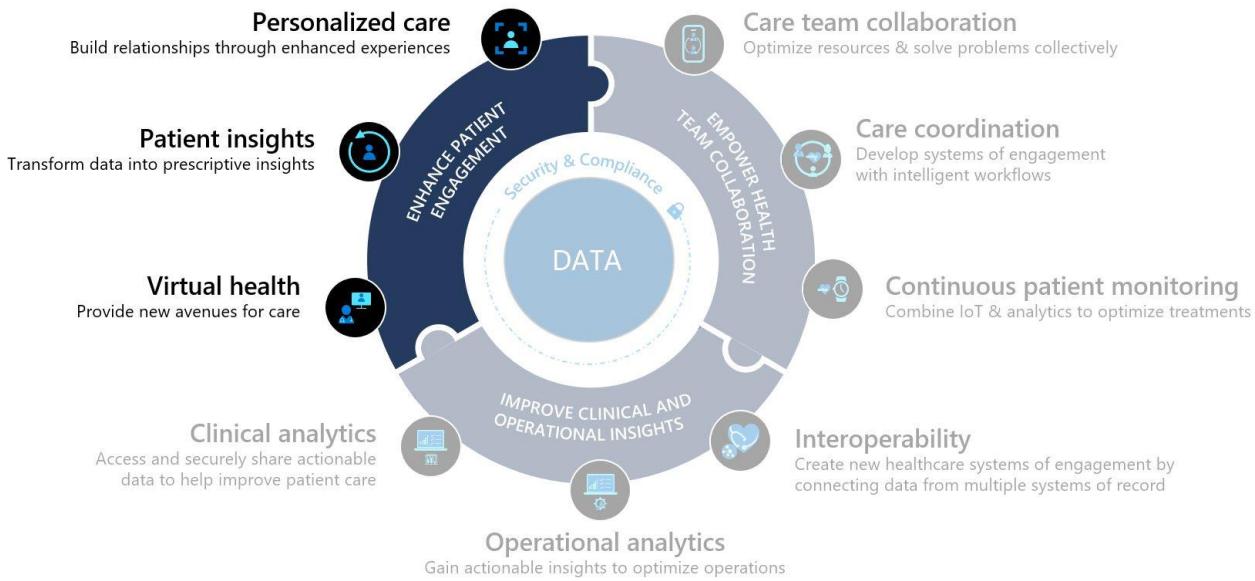
Using the service, healthcare organizations can build a "health bot instance" and integrate it with their systems that patients, nurses, doctors, and other representatives interact with. Building an instance allows you to:

- Improve processes
- Improve services
- Improve outcomes
- Reduces cost

The Health Bot Service contains a **built-in medical database**, including **triage protocols**. You can also extend a health bot instance to include your own scenarios and integrate with other IT systems and data sources. To learn more about Azure Health Bot, you can reference this Microsoft Docs article: [Azure Health Bot Overview](#).

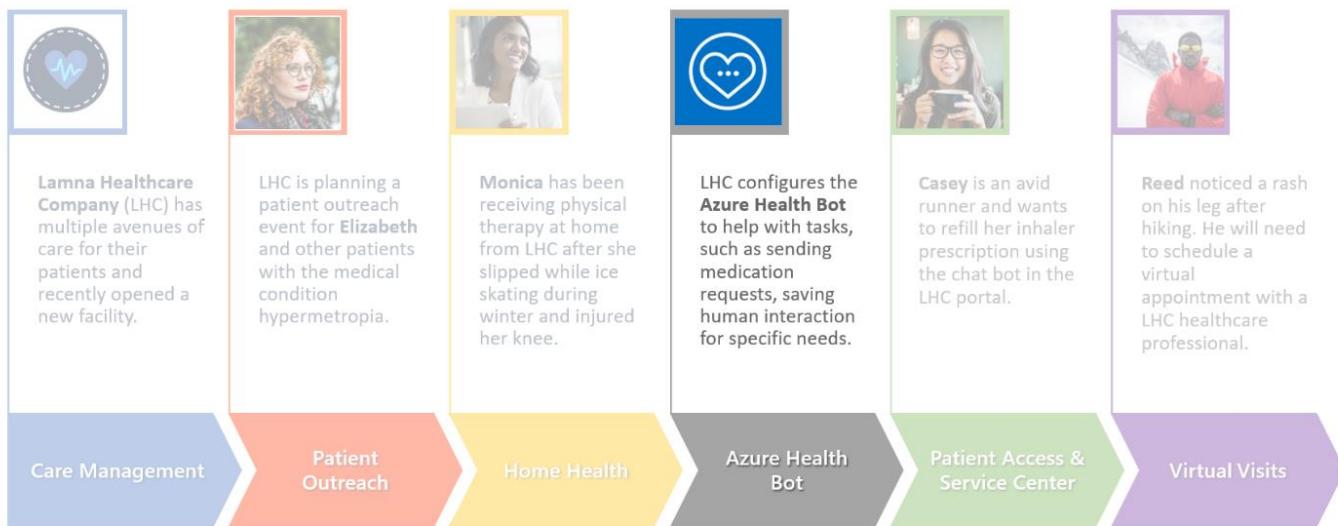
## Industry Prioritized Scenarios

The Azure Health Bot focuses on the **Enhance patient engagement** priority scenario by creating a virtual bot health option to allow for new avenues of care with embedded insights.



## Healthcare Story

This lab will focus on Lamna Healthcare Company.



As part of their digital transformation efforts, Lamna Healthcare Company is seeking to streamline their patient engagement capabilities by implementing Azure Health Bot to help improve processes and services, including receiving medication requests. By allowing patients to interact with this service, Lamna Healthcare Company will move one step closer to their goal of improving patient outcomes while reducing overall costs.

In this lab, you will play the role of a Lamna Healthcare IT developer and configure Azure Health Bot for a medication refill scenario.

# Exercise 1: Set Up Azure Health Bot

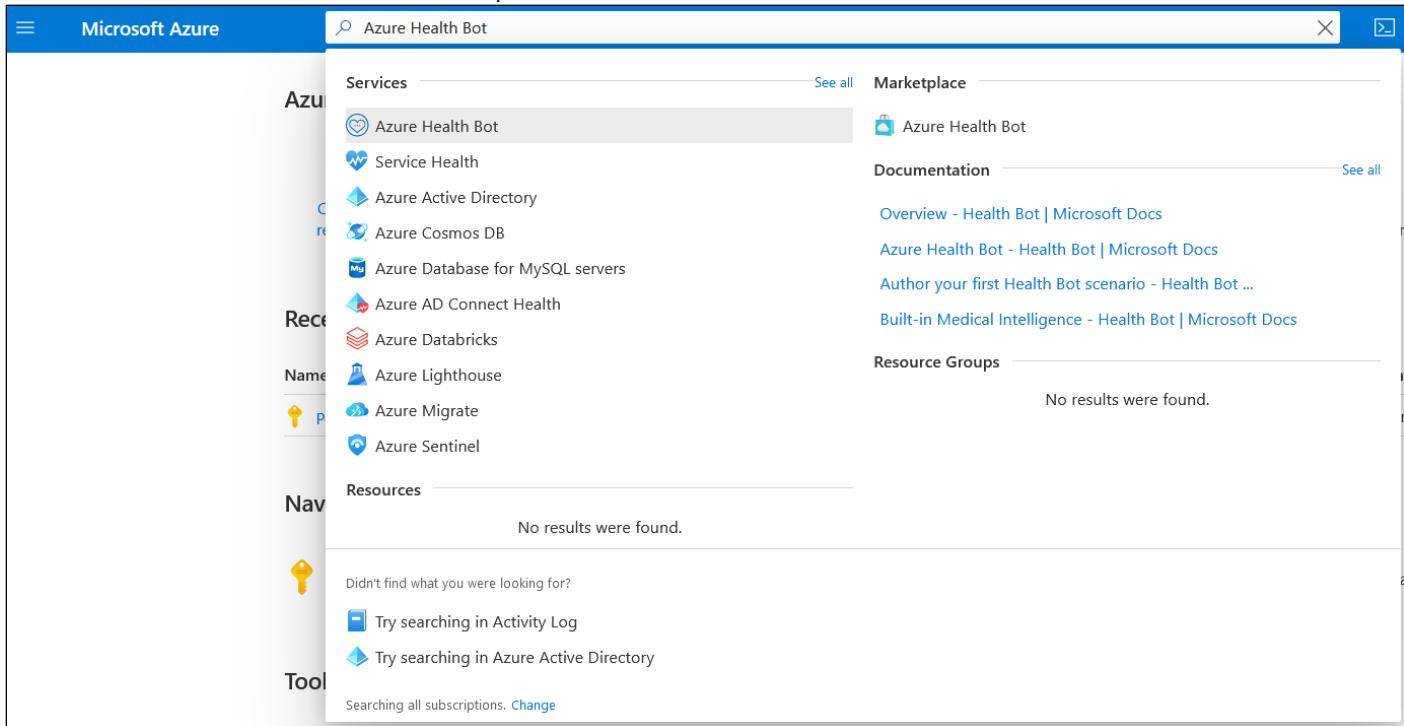
In this exercise, you will do the following:

- Set up Health Bot from Azure Portal
- Configure and enable the integration between Dynamics 365 Omnichannel and Health Bot
- Configure and enable Bot channel to obtain a Bot Id

**Azure Health Bot** empowers developers in healthcare organizations to build and deploy AI-powered, compliant, conversational healthcare experiences at scale. It combines built-in medical database with natural language capabilities to understand clinical terminology and can be easily customized to support your organization's clinical use cases. The service ensures alignment with industry compliance requirements and is privacy protected to HIPAA standards. To learn more about Azure Health Bot, please reference this [Azure Health Bot documentation](#).

## Task 1: Install Azure Health Bot in Azure Subscription

1. While logged in to your Microsoft 365 tenant, open a new tab in your internet browser incognito or in-private mode and navigate to Azure Portal at <https://portal.azure.com/>
2. Search for **Azure Health Bot** in the top search bar and **select** it from the search results.



3. Click **Create** button to create a new Azure Health Bot instance.

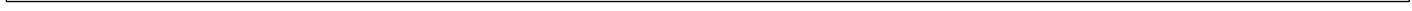
Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+ /)

Home > Azure Health Bot

Microsoft (PowerPlatformOpenHacks.onmicrosoft.com)

[+ Create](#) [Manage view](#) [Refresh](#) [Export to CSV](#) [Open query](#) | [Assign tags](#) | [Feedback](#)

Filter for any field... Subscription == all Resource group == all Location == all Add filter



4. You will be redirected to the Azure Health Bot page. Enter the following information:
- Subscription:** PowerPlatformOpenHacks Subscription
  - Resource Group:** IndustryLabs
  - Name:** iaduser[x]-healthbot (e.g., iaduser01-healthbot, using your assigned user)
  - Region:** East US
  - Plan:** Free (F0)

## Azure Health Bot

Basics Tags Review + create

Basics

**Project details**

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription \* ⓘ PowerPlatformOpenHacks Subscription

Resource group \* ⓘ IndustryLabs  
[Create new](#)

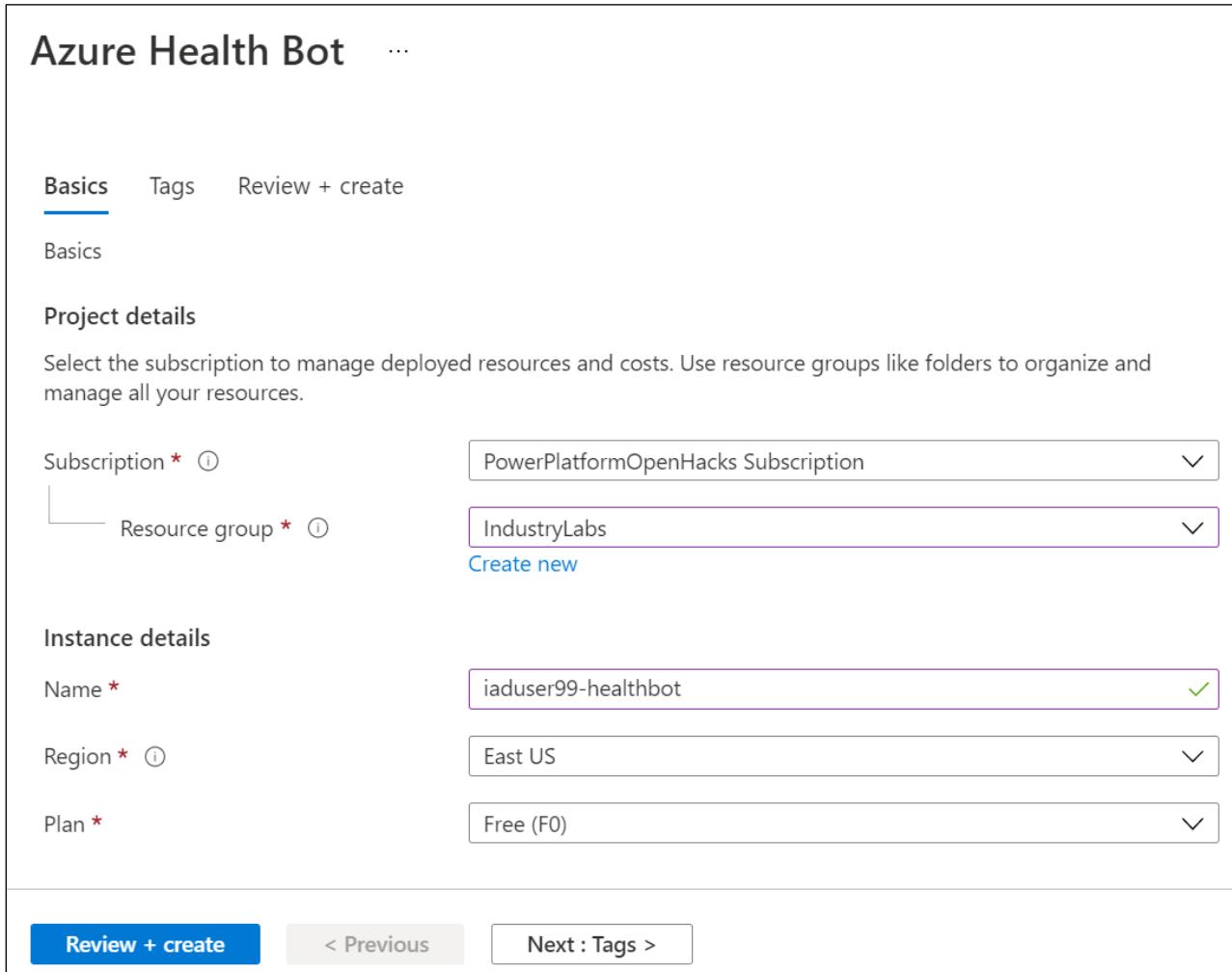
**Instance details**

Name \* iaduser99-healthbot

Region \* ⓘ East US

Plan \* Free (F0)

[Review + create](#) [< Previous](#) [Next : Tags >](#)



5. Select **Review + Create**.

6. On the Review and create page, verify your details are correct as Azure validates your Health Bot. After validation passes, the create button will become enabled. Click **Create**.

*Note: It will take few seconds to run the backend process before the Create button is enabled.*

The screenshot shows the 'Review + create' step of the Azure Health Bot creation wizard. At the top, a green bar indicates 'Validation Passed'. Below it, tabs for 'Basics', 'Tags', and 'Review + create' are visible, with 'Review + create' being the active tab. The 'TERMS' section contains a detailed legal agreement. The 'Basics' section displays the following configuration:

Subscription	PowerPlatformOpenHacks Subscription
Resource group	IndustryLabs
Name	iaduser99-healthbot
Region	East US
Plan	Free (f0)

At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Create' (in blue), '< Previous', 'Next', and 'Download a template for automation'.

7. You will be redirected to the **Deployment** page for your new Azure Health Bot.

The screenshot shows the 'Overview' page for the deployment of the Microsoft HealthBot. The deployment name is 'Microsoft.HealthBot-20210915192409'. The status is shown as 'Deployment is in progress'. Key details include:

- Deployment name: Microsoft.HealthBot-20210915192409
- Subscription: PowerPlatformOpenHacks Subscription
- Resource group: IndustryLabs
- Start time: 9/15/2021, 7:31:03 PM
- Correlation ID: c5cf3406-622d-4aff-8668-134158fe55f9

A link to 'Deployment details (Download)' is available. A table at the bottom lists the resources created:

Resource	Type	Status	Operation details
iaduser99-healthbot	Microsoft.HealthBot/healthBots	Created	<a href="#">Operation details</a>

8. When deployment is complete, the **Go to resource** button will enable. Please wait until deployment is complete for the Azure Health Bot, then select **Go to resource** when enabled.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft HealthBot Overview page for a deployment named "Microsoft.HealthBot-20210915192409". The status is "Your deployment is complete". Deployment details include a deployment name, subscription, and resource group. A "Go to resource" button is visible at the bottom.

9. You will be redirected to the **Resource** page for your new Azure Health Bot. Click the **Management portal** link in the Essential section to open your Azure Health Bot instance configuration page.

*Note: Please copy this Management portal link and store it to access the Health Bot later.*

The screenshot shows the Azure Resource page for the "lammahealthcare-bot-gcy" resource group. In the "Essentials" section, the "Management portal" link is highlighted with a red box, containing the URL: <https://eastus.healthbot.microsoft.com/account/lammahealthcare-bot-gcy...>.

10. You will be navigated to your new Azure Health Bot instance homepage.

The screenshot shows the "Welcome to your Health Bot Instance" page. It features three main sections: "Select a template scenario", "Create a new scenario", and "Configure built-in capabilities". Each section includes a brief description and a "Manage from configuration section" link.

**Congratulations!** You have successfully created a new Health Bot instance in your Azure tenant.

## Task 2: Update Azure Health Bot Settings to Enable Dynamics 365 Integration

1. On the Azure Health Bot homepage, **expand** the side navigation bar to see the sitemap labels.

The screenshot shows the Azure Health Bot homepage. A red box highlights the three-line menu icon in the top-left corner of the sidebar. The sidebar also includes icons for Scenarios, Language, Configuration, Integration, Analytics, Users, and Resources. The main content area features a large blue heart icon and the text "Welcome to your Health Bot Instance". Below this, it says "To get started select one of the following:" and lists three options: "Select a template scenario", "Create a new scenario", and "Configure built-in capabilities". Each option has a brief description and a corresponding icon.

After expanding, you will see the sitemap labels next to the icons.

This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but the side navigation bar is now fully expanded, showing the sitemap labels next to each icon. The labels are: "Scenarios", "Manage", "Template catalog", "Search", "Language", "Configuration", "Integration", "Analytics", "Users", and "Resources". The rest of the interface, including the welcome message and scenario creation options, remains the same.

2. Select **Configuration > Conversation** on the navigation bar.

The screenshot shows the Azure Health Bot navigation bar. The "Conversation" item in the list is highlighted with a red box. The other items in the list are: Scenarios, Language, Configuration, Medical, Compliance, Integration, Analytics, Users, and Resources. The rest of the interface is standard, with the main content area showing the welcome message and scenario creation options.

3. You will be landed in the **Interactions** tab.

The screenshot shows the Azure Health Bot interface. The top navigation bar includes the 'Azure Health Bot' logo, user name 'iaduser99-healthbot', and a 'Refresh' button. The left sidebar has a dark theme with white text and icons. It lists 'Scenarios', 'Language', 'Configuration' (which is expanded to show 'Medical', 'Compliance', and 'Conversation'), 'Integration', 'Analytics', 'Users', and 'Resources'. The 'Interactions' tab is selected and highlighted in blue. The main content area is titled 'Interactions' and contains the sub-instruction 'Configure built-in scenarios that interact with your end user.' Below this is a section titled 'Global defaults' which lists several default messages:

- Default reply for utterances that are not understood: Sorry, it seems I can't answer this.
- Default message when returning from interrupting scenarios: Now back to the previous topic...
- Default Error Message: Oops. Something went wrong and we need to start over.
- Default retry message (number prompts): I didn't recognize that as a number. Please enter a number.

4. Select **Human Handoff** tab in the Conversation settings.

The screenshot shows the 'Human Handoff' tab selected in the top navigation bar. The left sidebar remains the same as the previous screenshot. The main content area is titled 'Human Handoff' and contains the sub-instruction 'Configure scenarios that allow handoff to human agents.' A 'Learn more' link is present. Below this is a section titled 'Human Handoff' with a toggle switch labeled 'Disabled' and an eye icon. It includes three configuration fields:

- End user timeout: Set to 10 minutes.
- Agent timeout: Set to 15 minutes.
- Waiting message: Displays the placeholder text 'We are connecting you to an agent. Please wait...'.

5. Scroll to the bottom of the **Human Handoff** page. Under **Dynamics 365 Omnichannel**, toggle **Enabled** for **Bridge Messages**. This is required to allow communication and bridge messages between the Azure health Bot and Dynamics 365 Omnichannel for Customer Service.

Interactions   Navigation   Spelling   **Human Handoff**   Refresh

Agent connection message (2 of 2) ⓘ  
You can start chatting with the agent.

End of conversation message ⓘ  
Agent (agentName) has left the conversation.

All agents unavailable message ⓘ  
Sorry, no agents are currently available.

Connection error message ⓘ  
An error occurred while connecting you to an agent. Please try again later.

**Agent Authentication (Microsoft Teams)** ⓘ

Active Directory Tenant ID ⓘ  
Enter your active directory tenant ID

Azure Active Directory Group Object ID ⓘ  
Enter your authorised agent group ID

Application (client) ID ⓘ  
Enter your application (client) ID

Application (client) Secret ⓘ  
Enter your application (client) secret

**Online Meetings (Microsoft Teams)**

Default Meeting Organizer Object ID (optional) ⓘ  
Enter an object ID for default meeting organizer (optional)

**Dynamics 365 OmniChannel** ⓘ

Bridge Messages

6. Click **Save** in the top right.

Interactions   Navigation   Spelling   **Human Handoff**   Refresh Save Cancel changes

### Human Handoff

Configure scenarios that allow handoff to human agents. [Learn more](#)

7. Now let's enable the Health Bot for **Microsoft Teams** Channel.

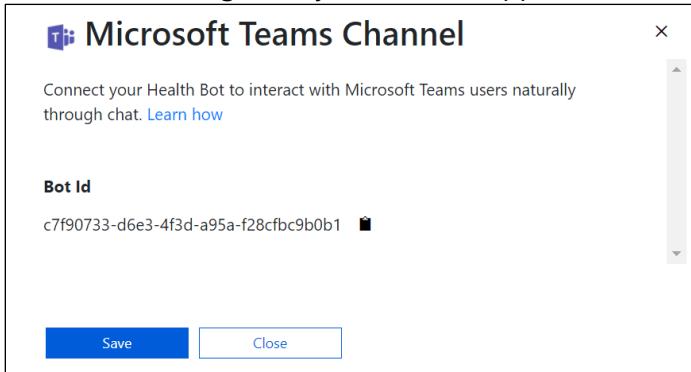
8. Navigate to **Integration > Channels**.

- Scenarios >
- Language >
- Configuration >
- Integration**
  - Data connections
  - Authentication
  - Skills
  - Secrets
  - Channels**
- Analytics** >
- Users >
- Resources >

9. In the Channels list, select the toggle to **enable Microsoft Teams**.

Channels	
Active	Channel
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Web Chat
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DirectLine
<input type="checkbox"/>	Microsoft Teams
<input type="checkbox"/>	Twilio
<input type="checkbox"/>	Facebook
<input type="checkbox"/>	Telegram
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alexa (preview)
<input type="checkbox"/>	WhatsApp (via Twilio - preview)

10. This will bring out a side window with your **Bot Id** information. **Copy and store** the BotId for later to use when creating the Dynamics 365 Application User.



11. Select **Save**. This should enable Teams channel and your Microsoft Teams toggle should reflect accordingly.

Channels		Actions
Active	Channel	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Web Chat	<input type="button" value="View"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DirectLine	<input type="button" value="View"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Microsoft Teams	<input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Test"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Twilio	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Facebook	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Telegram	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alexa (preview)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	WhatsApp (via Twilio - preview)	

**Congratulations!** You completed the Azure Health Bot settings for integration with Microsoft Teams and Dynamics 365 Omnichannel for Customer Service.

## Task 3: Obtain Azure Application ID

In this task, you will be using an Azure Application ID already created in our Azure tenant called "**MCH Application Id**". Registering this Id establishes a trusted relationship between your Dynamics 365 app and the Microsoft identity platform. Using this Id, you will later create a Dynamics 365 Application User to bridge the authentication between Azure Health Bot and Power Apps.

1. Navigate back to the Azure Portal and search for **App Registrations** in the Search box.

The screenshot shows the Azure Portal search interface. The search bar at the top contains the text "App Registrations". Below the search bar, there are two main sections: "Services" and "Marketplace". The "Services" section is expanded, showing a list of services with icons: App registrations, Event Grid Partner Registrations, App Configuration, App proxy, App Services, Function App, Application gateways, Application groups, Application Insights, and Application Services. To the right of this list, it says "No results were found." Below this list, there is a "Documentation" section with links to "Quickstart: Register an app in the Microsoft identity ...", "Best practices for Azure AD application registration ...", "Remove limits on creating app registrations - Azure AD ...", and "Protected web API app registration - Microsoft identity ...". Further down, there is a "Resource Groups" section with a link to "No results were found.". At the bottom of the search results, there is a "Resources" section with a link to "No results were found.". Below the search results, there is a message "Didn't find what you were looking for?" followed by two suggestions: "Try searching in Activity Log" and "Try searching in Azure Active Directory". At the very bottom, there is a note "Searching all subscriptions. [Change](#)".

2. You will be landed in the App registration homepage on the Owned applications tab.

The screenshot shows the "App registrations" page in the Microsoft Azure portal. At the top, there is a navigation bar with "Home > App registrations". Below the navigation bar, there is a toolbar with buttons for "New registration", "Endpoints", "Troubleshooting", "Refresh", "Download", "Preview features", and "Got feedback?". There are three tabs at the top: "All applications", "Owned applications" (which is underlined to indicate it is selected), and "Deleted applications (Preview)". Below the tabs, there is a search bar with the placeholder "Start typing a name or Application ID to filter these results". At the bottom of the page, there is a message "This account isn't listed as an owner of any applications in this directory." followed by a blue button "View all applications in the directory".

3. Select the **All applications** tab.

The screenshot shows the 'App registrations' page in the Azure portal. The top navigation bar includes 'Home >', 'App registrations', and three more items. Below the navigation is a toolbar with 'New registration', 'Endpoints', 'Troubleshooting', 'Refresh', and 'Download'. A search bar says 'Start typing a name or Application ID to filter these results'. Under the tabs 'All applications' (which is underlined), 'Owned applications', and 'Deleted applications (Preview)', there is a list of four entries, each with a small 'MC' icon and the text 'Microsoft CRM Portals'.

4. To **search** for our Application Id, type “**MCH Application Id**” in the Search box.

The screenshot shows the 'App registrations' page with the search bar containing 'MCH Application Id'. The results list shows one entry with a 'MA' icon and the text 'MCH Application Id'.

5. Select the **MCH Application Id** app registration resource. **Copy and store** the **Application (client) ID** for later to use when creating the Dynamics 365 Application User.

*Note: ID values have been removed in the screenshot for privacy purposes.*

The screenshot shows the 'MCH Application Id' app registration details page. On the left is a sidebar with 'Overview', 'Quickstart', 'Integration assistant', 'Manage', 'Branding', and 'Authentication'. The main area has a search bar, a toolbar with 'Delete', 'Endpoints', and 'Preview features', and a 'Essentials' section. The 'Application (client) ID' field is highlighted with a red box. Other fields shown include 'Display name : MCH Application Id', 'Object ID :', 'Directory (tenant) ID :', and 'Supported account types : My organization only'.

**Congratulations!** You have successfully obtained the MCH Application ID from Application Registrations in the Azure Portal.

## Exercise 2: Configure Omnichannel Live Chat

In this exercise, you will be configuring live chat for **Dynamics 365 Omnichannel for Customer Service**. Omnichannel for Customer Service offers a suite of capabilities that extend the power of Dynamics 365 Customer Service Enterprise to enable organizations to instantly connect and engage with their customers across digital messaging channels.

In the following tasks, you will complete the following:

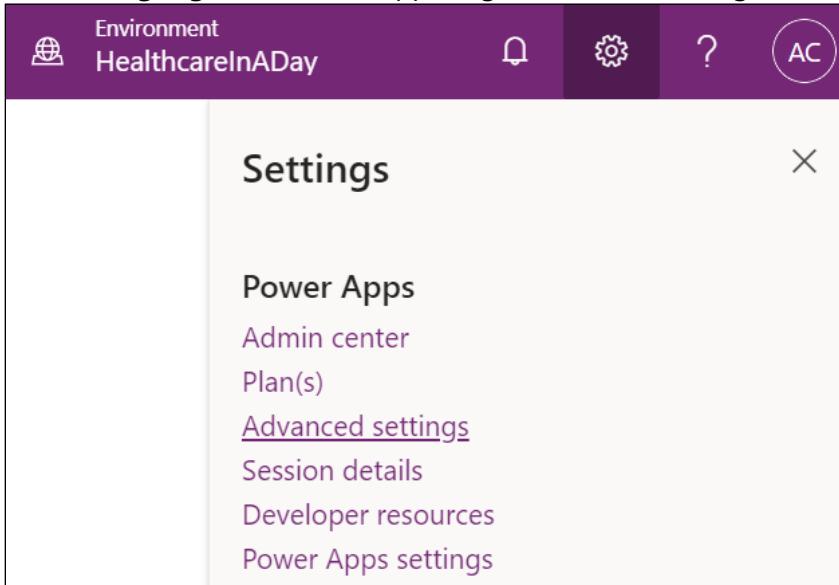
1. Assign Omnichannel agent security role
2. Create an Application User using the **MCH Application Id** and your **Bot ID**
3. Configure Queues for Bot and Agent Users
4. Configure a Context Variable and Routing rule to route the message either to a Bot or Agent.

### Task 1: Assign Omnichannel Agent Security Role

1. While in the In-Private or Incognito window, navigate to [Power Apps](#).
2. Ensure the correct environment from the upper right **Environment** drop down is selected.



3. Select the **gauge icon** in the upper right corner and navigate to **Advanced Settings**.



4. A new window should open and navigate to Dynamics 365. It may take a while to load. If it's been longer than a minute, stop and reload the page. It should then load faster. It will land you in the Business Management section of Dynamics 365.

Dynamics 365 Settings Business Management SANDBOX

**Business Management**

Which feature would you like to work with?

 <b>Fiscal Year Settings</b> Set the start date, template, and display options for the fiscal year and fiscal period used for tracking sales goals.	 <b>Goal Metrics</b> Define and manage the kinds of goals that your organization tracks.
 <b>Business Closures</b> Create a list of holidays and other times when the business is closed.	 <b>Facilities/Equipment</b> Add facilities and equipment for service scheduling. Change information about resources or delete existing resources.
 <b>Queues</b> Create and manage service queues, and manage the membership of private queues. Establish criteria for automatic record creation and updates.	 <b>Resource Groups</b> Add new groups and new members to existing groups for service scheduling. Update group information and delete groups or group members.
 <b>Sales Territories</b> Create new sales territories and assign territory managers. Add and remove members, modify territory information, and delete territories.	 <b>Services</b> Add new services for service scheduling. Change service information and deactivate existing services.
 <b>Sites</b> Create new sites or office locations where service operations take place. Add and remove resources, change site information, or delete sites.	 <b>Subjects</b> Manage the subject hierarchy for your organization's products, literature, and articles.
 <b>Currencies</b> Add new currencies or change the exchange rates for existing currencies.	 <b>Connection Roles</b> Create, edit, and delete the standard labels used to define connections between records.
 <b>Automatic Record Creation and Update Rules</b> Create and manage rules for automatic record creation and updates. You can set up rules for either out-of-the-box entities or custom entities.	 <b>Rollup Queries</b> Go to your list of Rollup Queries that you can use to gather data about a group of related records.
 <b>LinkedIn Sales Navigator</b> Manage settings relating to LinkedIn Sales Navigator Integration	

5. On the top command bar next to Dynamics 365, select **Settings** to open the drop-down, then select **Security** in the third column under System.

Dynamics 365 Settings Business Management

**Settings**

<b>Business</b>	<b>Customization</b>	<b>System</b>
 Business Manageme...	 Customizations	 Administration
 Templates	 Solutions	 Security
 Product Catalog	 Microsoft AppSource	 Data Management
 Service Management	 Plug-In Trace Log	 System Jobs
 Sync Error	 Solutions History	 Document Manage...
		 Auditing

6. Under Security, select **Users**.

**Security**

Which feature would you like to work with?

 <b>Users</b> Add new users. Edit information about users and deactivate user records. Manage the teams, roles, and licenses assigned to users.
---

7. Switch the view drop down from Omnichannel Users to **Enabled Users** for the grid view so that your user will show in the list.

The screenshot shows a dropdown menu titled "Omnichannel Users". Under the heading "System Views", there is a list of user categories. The "Enabled Users" option is highlighted with a light blue background, indicating it is selected. Other options include "@Me", "Access Mode Interactive Users", "Administrative Access Users", "Administrators", "Agents", "All", "Application Users", "Associated Record Team Members", "Bot agents", "Bot Users", "By Me", "Disabled Users", "Disabled users consuming licenses", "Enabled Users" (which is selected), and "Full Access Users".

8. While in the Enabled User list, scroll to **find your user** or use the **Search bar**.

*Note: If you are in an official training, search for you assigned user – IAD User [x]*

The screenshot shows a search results grid in Dynamics 365. The search term "iad" is entered in the search bar at the top right. The results table has columns for Full Name, Position, Main Phone, Business Unit, Site, Title, and Primary Email. One result is shown: "IAD User 01" with the email "unq0ed694338a62465...".

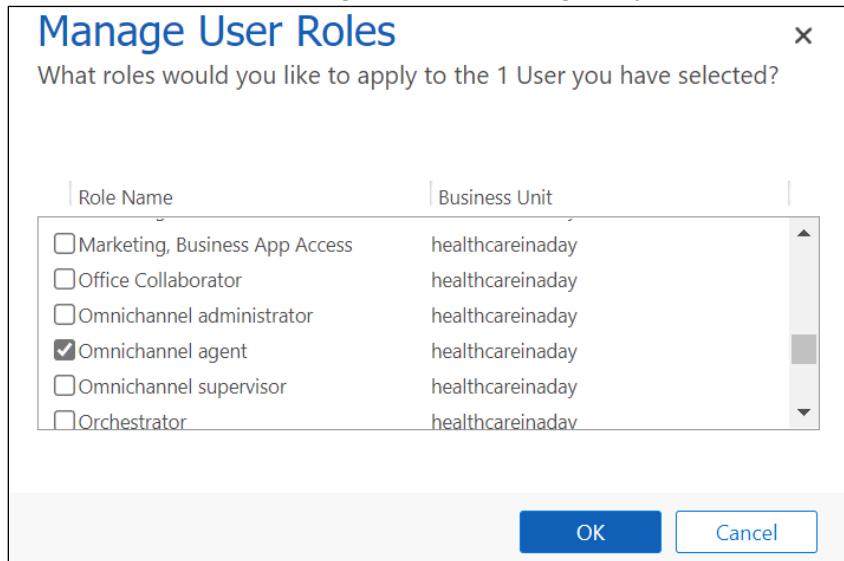
9. Select your user for the training and select **Manage Roles** on the top command bar.

The screenshot shows the Dynamics 365 top command bar. The "MANAGE ROLES" button is highlighted with a light blue background, indicating it is selected. Other buttons visible include "NEW", "EDIT", "APPROVE EMAIL", "REJECT EMAIL", "PROMOTE TO ADMIN", "CHANGE BUSINESS UNIT", and the "Dynamics 365" logo. The word "SANDBOX" is displayed on the right side of the bar.

The screenshot shows a search results grid in Dynamics 365. The user "IAD User 01" is selected, indicated by a checked checkbox in the first column. The results table has columns for Full Name, Position, Main Phone, Business Unit, and Site. The full name "IAD User 01" and the email "unq0ed694338a62465..." are visible.

10. Select the Omnichannel Agent roles to assign to your user and select **OK**.



**Congratulations!** You assigned the proper omnichannel agent role to your user to allow you to be a live agent in omnichannel.

## Task 2: Create Health Bot User in Dynamics 365 Customer Service

We need two users to configure in Omnichannel for Dynamics 365 Customer Service:

- **Health Bot User** – This is the Azure Health Bot user we created in the previous exercise.
- **Omnichannel Agent User** – This is your current user whom you are logged into Dynamics 365. This will allow you to be a live agent in Customer Service who receives messages from portal users through Azure Bot escalations. *Note: For official trainings, this is your assigned user, iaduser[x]*

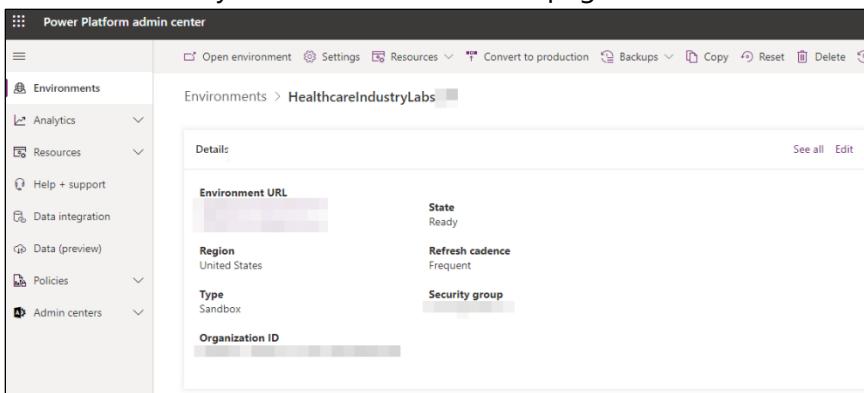
In this task, you will create a **Bot User** which helps connect **Azure Health Bot** with **Omnichannel live Chat**.

1. Go to <https://admin.powerplatform.microsoft.com/>.
2. Select your Microsoft Cloud for Healthcare environment from the list

### Environments

Environment	Type
HealthcareIndustryLabs 	Sandbox

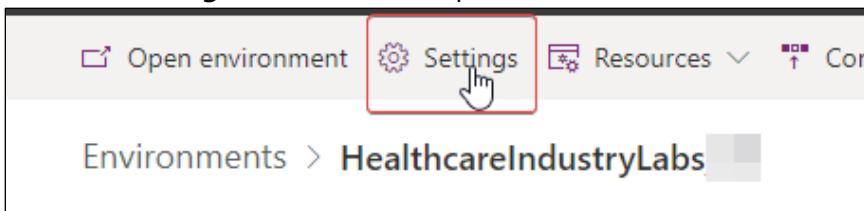
3. You will land on your environments detail page.



The screenshot shows the 'Power Platform admin center' interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options like 'Analytics', 'Resources', 'Help + support', 'Data integration', 'Data (preview)', 'Policies', and 'Admin centers'. The main area is titled 'Environments > HealthcareIndustryLabs'. It shows a table with the following details:

Details	See all	Edit
Environment URL	Ready	
Region	United States	Refresh cadence
Type	Sandbox	Frequent
Organization ID		Security group

4. Click the **Settings** button on the top command bar.



The screenshot shows the top command bar of the 'Power Platform admin center'. The buttons from left to right are: 'Open environment', 'Settings' (which is highlighted with a red box and a hand cursor icon), 'Resources', and 'Convert to production'. Below the command bar, the breadcrumb navigation shows 'Environments > HealthcareIndustryLabs'.

5. Expand **Users + permissions** and click **Application users**.

The screenshot shows the Power Platform Admin Center navigation menu. The 'Application users' option under the 'Users + permissions' section is highlighted with a red box and a cursor icon pointing to it. Other menu items include Product, Business, Application users, Business units, Hierarchy security, License To Role mapping, Mobile configuration, Positions, Security roles, Teams, and Users.

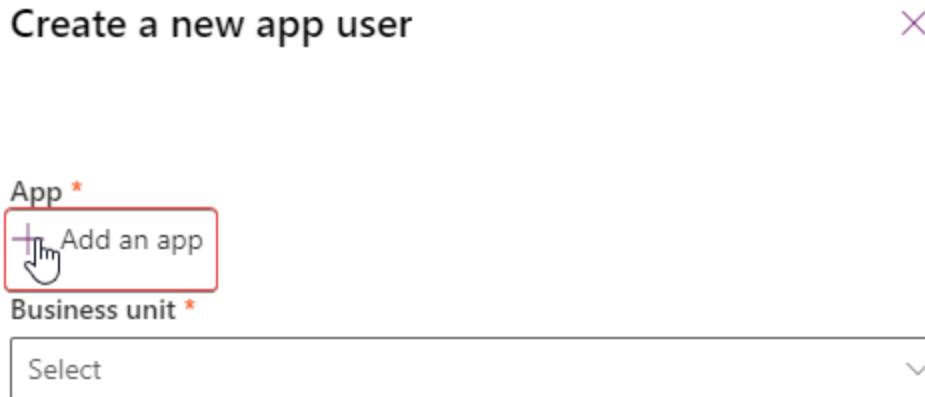
- Search for a setting
- Product
- Business
- Users + permissions
  - Application users
  - Business units
  - Hierarchy security
  - License To Role mapping
  - Mobile configuration
  - Positions
  - Security roles
  - Teams
  - Users
- Email
- Integration
- Data management
- Encryption
- Resources

6. Select (+) **New app user** button to create a new Application User.

The screenshot shows the 'Application users' page in the Power Platform Admin Center. The 'New app user' button is highlighted with a red box and a cursor icon pointing to it. The page displays a table of existing application users with columns for Name, App ID, and State. The table includes three entries: Dynamics Marketing Customer Experience Platform PR..., FRC Omnichannel Omnichannel PVA Application, and Omnichannel Omnichannel for Customer Service, all in Active state.

Name	App ID	State
Dynamics Marketing Customer Experience Platform PR...	2220bbc4-4518-...	Active
FRC Omnichannel Omnichannel PVA Application	cd5f0174-51e9-4...	Active
Omnichannel Omnichannel for Customer Service	18cc9627-776c-4...	Active

7. Select (+) **Add an app** on the create screen that slides out on the right side.



8. Paste the **Application ID** (the Application (client) ID you obtained in the Azure portal for the supplied MCH Application ID) into the search box and select the app from the list. Click **Add** at the bottom right.

### ← Add an app from Azure Active Directory X

A search bar with a magnifying glass icon and the text 'dfda9044-cb98...'. To the right is a red 'X' button.

There could be multiple reasons why your app may not show up in the list.

[Learn more](#)

Name ↑	App ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MCH Application Id	dfda9044-cb98...

A horizontal bar with two buttons: a red-bordered 'Add' button and a white 'Cancel' button.

9. Select a **Business unit** from the drop-down list (the options in the list will be unique for each Dynamics 365 environment). Click **Create** at the bottom right.

Create a new app user X

App *	<input type="text" value="MCH Application Id"/>	<span style="color: purple;">edit</span>
Business unit *	<input style="width: 200px; height: 25px; border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;" type="text" value="unqd8e1"/> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #f9f9f9;">         unqd8e1          unqd8e1       </div>	
Security roles(0)	<div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; background-color: #f9f9f9; height: 100px; margin-top: 10px;"></div>	
<span style="background-color: purple; color: white; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; border: none; cursor: pointer; font-weight: bold;">Create</span> <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin-left: 10px;">Cancel</span>		

10. Return to the Dynamics 365 User page, switch the view to **Enabled Users**.

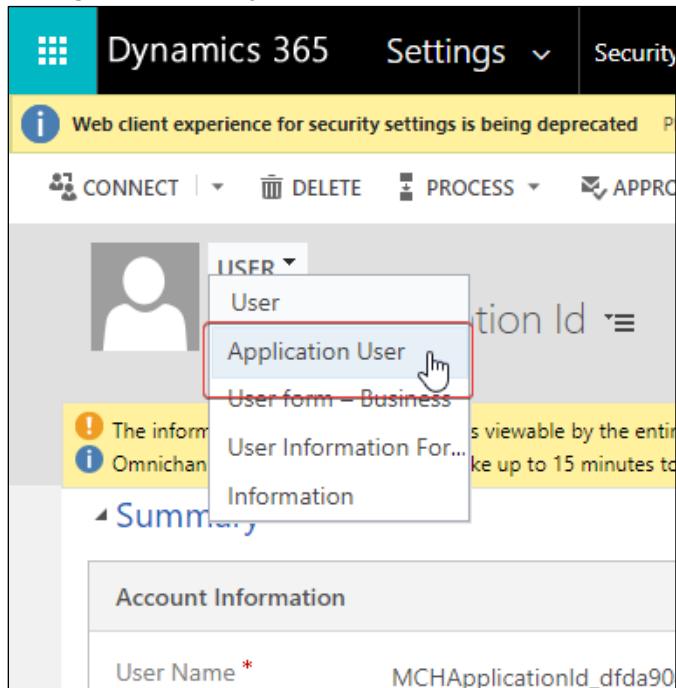
Omnichannel Users
System Views
@Me
Access Mode Interactive Users
Administrative Access Users
Administrators
Agents
All
Application Users
Associated Record Team Members
Bot agents
Bot Users
By Me
Disabled Users
Disabled users consuming licenses
Enabled Users
Full Access Users

11. While in the Enabled User list, scroll to **find your App user** or use the **Search** bar. Double click on the user or select the row and click Edit.

*Note: If you are in an official training, search for the Application User – MCH Application ID*

Search Results		MCH						
	Full Name ↑	Position	Main Phone	Business Unit	Site	Title	Primary Email	
#	MCH Application Id			unqd8e60411e999ec118			MCHApplicationId_dfd9044-c...	

12. Change the **form type** from User to **Application User** above the User Name.



13. You will see a new form appear that aligns to an Application User.

This screenshot shows the 'USER : APPLICATION USER' form. At the top, it displays the user's name '# MCH Application Id'. A yellow warning message states: 'The information provided in this form is viewable by the entire organization.' The form is divided into sections: 'Summary' and 'User Information'. In the 'Summary' section, fields include 'User Name' (locked), 'Application ID\*' (locked), 'Application ID URI' (locked), and 'Azure AD Object ID' (locked). In the 'User Information' section, fields include 'Full Name\*' (locked) with value '# MCH Application Id', 'Primary Email' (locked) with value 'MCHApplicationId\_dfda...', and 'User type' set to 'Application user'.

14. In the **User Information** section, enter or select the following information and click the **Save** icon in the bottom right corner:
- User type:** Select **Bot application user**. This will *display a new field* to store the Bot application Id.
  - Bot application ID:** This is the Azure Health BotId you copied when enabling the Teams channel. This field is displayed once the User Type is selected to be Bot application user.

The screenshot shows the 'User Information' form. It includes fields for 'Full Name', 'Primary Email', 'User type' (with a dropdown menu open showing 'Application user' and 'Bot application user'), and 'Bot application ID'. The 'Bot application user' option is highlighted with a red border and a cursor is hovering over it.

15. Select **Manage Roles** on the command bar.

The screenshot shows the Dynamics 365 interface with the 'MANAGE ROLES' button highlighted in the top navigation bar. Below the bar, a user profile is shown with the title 'USER : APPLICATION USER'. A yellow banner at the top states: 'The information provided in this form is viewable by the entire organization.' The 'Summary' section displays account information, including the user name 'MCHApplicationId\_dfd9044-cb98-4b0f-8086-cd651dbe4af4@b7eccfa4-h990-4c1e-9486-5d5ec922bf4.com'.

16. Assign the **Omnichannel Agent role** to the Bot User as you did for your own user in the previous task. This will allow the bot to act as an omnichannel agent like your user.

The screenshot shows the 'Manage User Roles' dialog box. It asks, 'What roles would you like to apply to the 1 User you have selected?'. A table lists available roles under 'Role Name' and their corresponding 'Business Unit'. The 'Omnichannel agent' role is checked and highlighted with a blue border. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Role Name	Business Unit
<input type="checkbox"/> Marketing, Business App Access	healthcareinaday
<input type="checkbox"/> Office Collaborator	healthcareinaday
<input type="checkbox"/> Omnichannel administrator	healthcareinaday
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Omnichannel agent	healthcareinaday
<input type="checkbox"/> Omnichannel supervisor	healthcareinaday
<input type="checkbox"/> Orchestrator	healthcareinaday

**Congratulations!** You successfully created a Bot User and assigned to it the Omnichannel Agent role.

## Task 3: Create and Configure Omnichannel Queues

In this task, you will create and configure the omnichannel queues necessary to communicate with the correct bot or agent depending on the situation.

1. In <http://make.powerapps.com>, open the **Omnichannel Administration** app.

Apps

Apps Component libraries (preview)

⚠️ 10 environment variables need to be updated. See [environment variables](#)

Icon	Name
Heart	Omnichannel admin center
Checkmark	Omnichannel Administration

2. Select **Queues** on the left navigation bar.

- Home
- Recent
- Pinned
- Channels
- Entity Records
- Chat
- Queues & Users
  - Queues
  - Users
  - Bots
  - Skills

3. Open **Default Messaging Queue**.

Omnichannel queues ▾		
✓ Name ↑ ▾	Queue type ▾	Created On ▾
Default entity queue	Entity	8/19/2021 6:26 PM
✓ Default messaging queue	Messaging	8/19/2021 6:26 PM

4. We will now associate the Default messaging queue with the Bot User so it will respond to incoming messages from customers without agent (human) intervention.

Select **Add Existing User** on the **User (Agents)** subgrid to add the Bot user you previously created.

The screenshot shows the 'Default messaging queue' details page. On the left, there's a 'SUMMARY' section with fields like Name (Default messaging queue), Priority (2,147,483,647), Queue type (Messaging), and Owner. Below this is a note about preview terms. On the right, there's a 'Users (Agents)' subgrid with columns for Full Name, Capacity, and Business Unit. A button labeled 'Add Existing User' is visible at the top of the subgrid. The message 'No data available.' is displayed below the subgrid header.

5. In the Lookup Records pane, search for your **Bot User** (MCHApplicationId) created in the earlier task.

The screenshot shows the 'Lookup Records' pane with a search bar containing 'MCH'. The results list shows a single record: '# MCH Application Id' followed by its value. There are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

6. Select the record from the list and click **Add**.

The screenshot shows the 'Lookup Records' pane with the same search results as the previous screenshot. The '# MCH Application Id' record is highlighted. There are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

7. You should now see the Bot User (MCH Application Id) in the Users (Agents) list. **Save & Close.**  
*Note: If the user does not populate after adding, make sure you assigned the omnichannel agent security role to the bot user in the previous task (it may take up to 15 minutes for changes to take effect).*

SUMMARY	
Name	* Default messaging queue
Priority	* 2,147,483,647
Queue type	* Messaging
Owner	* Bot User
<small>By using this feature, you acknowledge that this feature is in preview and you agree to the <a href="#">Preview Terms</a>. <a href="#">Learn more</a></small>	
Operating Hours	---

Users (Agents)

# MCH Application Id	Business Unit
unqb7eccfa4b9904c1e94865d5ec922b..	

8. Go back to the **Omnichannel queues** grid. Click **+ New** to create a new Queue.

<span style="font-size: 1.2em;">←</span> Show Chart <span style="background-color: #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin: 0 10px;">+ New</span> <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin: 0 10px;">Delete</span> <span style="margin: 0 10px;">↻ Refresh</span> <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin: 0 10px;">Email a Link</span> <span style="margin: 0 10px;">⋮</span> <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px; margin: 0 10px;">Flow</span> <span style="font-size: 1.2em;">▼</span>	
<b>Omnichannel queues</b> ▾	
<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px;">✓</span> Name <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">↑</span> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">▼</span>	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px 10px; border-radius: 5px;">Queue type</span> <span style="font-size: 0.8em;">▼</span>
<a href="#">Default entity queue</a>	Entity
<a href="#">Default messaging queue</a>	Messaging

9. Give the new Queue the following details:

- Name:** "Escalate To Human"
- Priority:** 1 (lower than default queue)
- Click Save.**

SUMMARY	
Name	* Escalate To Human
Priority	* 1
Queue type	* Messaging
Owner	* IAD User 99
<small>By using this feature, you acknowledge that this feature is in preview and you agree to the <a href="#">Preview Terms</a>. <a href="#">Learn more</a></small>	
Operating Hours	---

10. A Users (Agents) **subgrid should appear** on the right and your **user should be automatically added** to the list. If your user account is not on the list, add it through the Add Existing User button now.

The queue **Escalate To Human** is created to manage and redirect the incoming messages from a user to a Customer Service (human) Agent when Bot sends the user through to a live agent.

The screenshot shows the 'Escalate To Human' Queue configuration page. On the left, there's a 'SUMMARY' section with fields: Name (\* Escalate To Human), Priority (\* 1), Queue type (\* Messaging), and Owner (\* IAD User 99). Below this is a note about preview features. On the right, there's a 'Users (Agents)' subgrid with columns: Full Name (sorted by ascending), Capacity (sorted by descending), and Business Unit (sorted by descending). One user, 'IAD User 99', is listed. At the top right of the subgrid, there are buttons for 'Add Existing User' and more options.

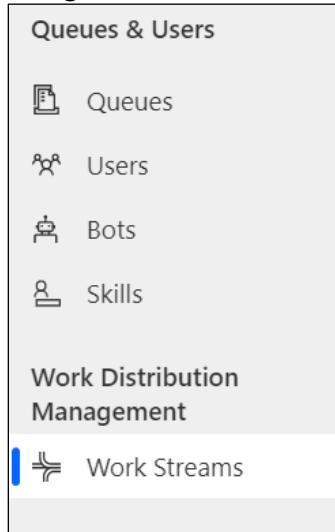
**Congratulations!** You have created the necessary queue to escalate to human agent and added the appropriate users to each messaging queue.

## Task 4: Update Live Work Stream with Context Variables and Routing Rules

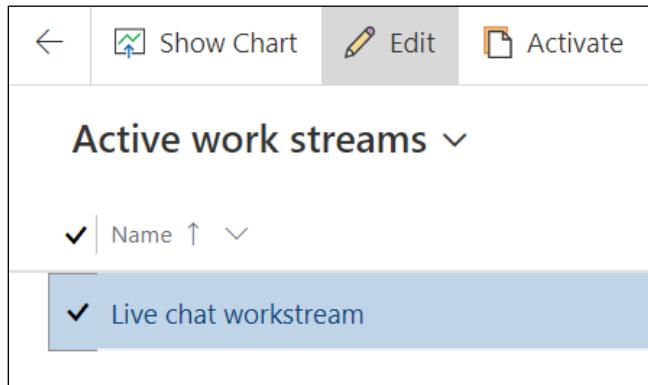
In this task, we will set up basic chat routing. This will allow for users to chat with a bot user in certain cases and a live human agent in other scenarios. The routing rules will allow chat to behave as follows:

- **Route to Bot:** Initial customer conversation is through Health Bot in the default messaging queue. When the chat bot is first opened, route to Default queue which only contains the bot user (agent).
- **Human Routing Rule:** When context variable **EscalateToAgent** is present and set to 1, we route to the queue that has only human users (agents) who can take over conversation.

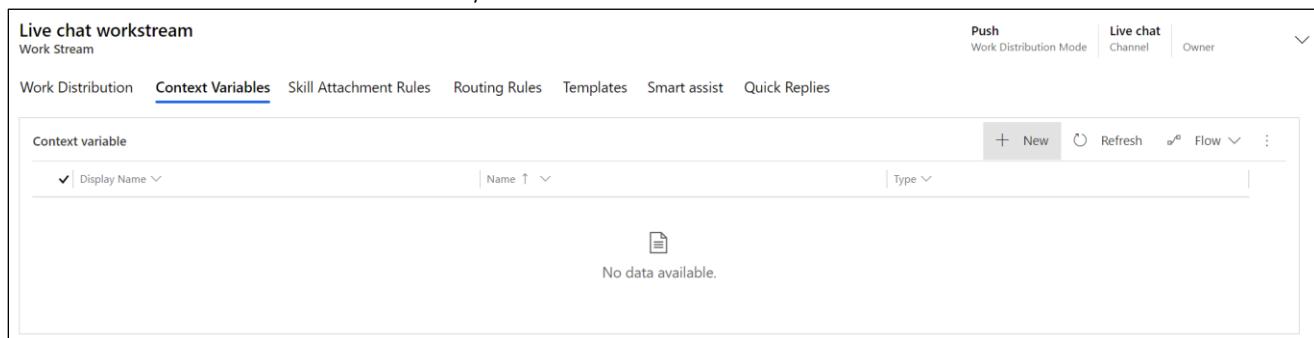
1. Navigate to **Work Streams**.



2. Select and edit the **Live chat workstream**.



3. In the **Live chat workstream** record, select the **Context Variables** tab. Select **+ New**.



4. Create the new Context Variable with the following details:

- a. **DisplayName:** EscalateToAgent
- b. **Name:** EscalateToAgent
- c. **Type:** Number

Quick Create: Context variable

Display Name	EscalateToAgent
Name	* EscalateToAgent
Owner	* IAD User 99
Type	* Number

**Save and Close** | **Cancel**

5. Click **Save and Close**.

6. You should now see the new Context Variable in the Live chat workstream.

Live chat workstream  
Work Stream

Push  
Work Distribution Mode | Live chat  
Channel | Owner

Context Variables

Display Name	Name	Type
EscalateToAgent	EscalateToAgent	Number

7. Select the **Routing Rules** tab. Click **+ Add** to create a new routing rule.

Live chat workstream  
Work Stream

Push  
Work Distribution Mode | Live chat  
Channel | Owner

Routing Rules

+ Add

No data available.

8. Create the new Health Bot routing rule with the following details:

- Name:** ToHealthcareBot
- Queue:** Default messaging queue
- No Conditions.

New Rule Item

General

General Information

- Name: \* ToHealthcareBot
- Owner: \* IAD User 99
- Work stream: \* Live chat workstream
- Queue: \* Default messaging queue
- Description: ---

Condition

AND OR Ungroup Delete Reset

+ Condition

9. Select **Save & Close**. On the Live chat workstream, click **+ Add** to add another new Routing Rule.

Live chat workstream

Work Stream

Push Work Distribution Mode | Live chat Channel | Owner

Work Distribution Context Variables Skill Attachment Rules **Routing Rules** Templates Smart assist Quick Replies

Rule items

+ Add Flow Run Report :

Name	Description	Modified On
ToHealthcareBot	---	9/16/2021 12:39 AM

10. Create the new Omnichannel Agent routing rule with the following details:

- Name:** ToAgent
- Queue:** EscalateToHuman
- Add Condition:** Context Variable "EscalateToAgent = 1"

New Rule Item

General

General Information

- Name: \* ToAgent
- Owner: \* IAD User 99
- Work stream: \* Live chat workstream
- Queue: \* Escalate To Human
- Description: ---

Condition

AND OR Ungroup Delete Reset

Context variable Equals 1

+ Condition

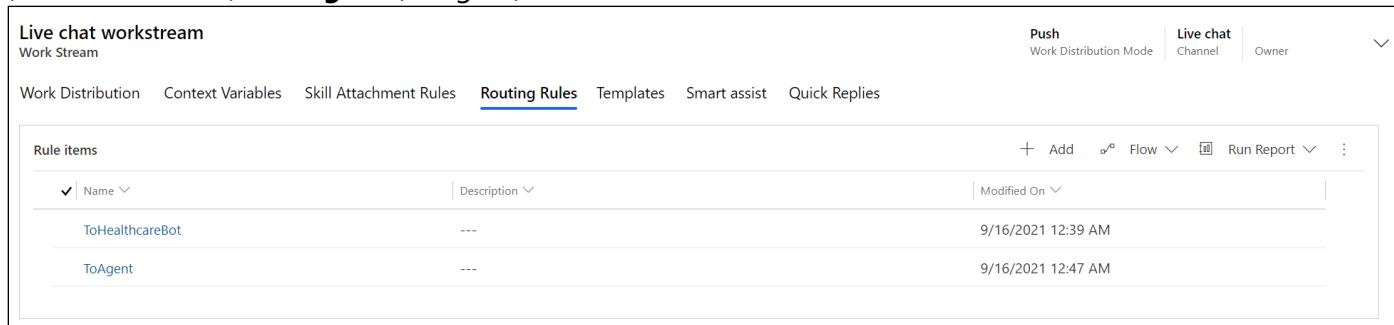
Condition

AND OR Ungroup Delete Reset

Context variable Equals 1

11. Select **Save & Close**.

12. On the Live chat workstream, you should now see the two **Routing Rules** we created for **Bot** (ToHealthcareBot) and **Agent** (ToAgent).



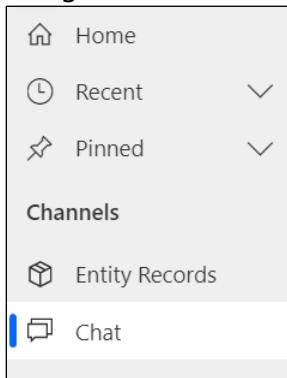
The screenshot shows the 'Live chat workstream' interface with the 'Work Stream' tab selected. At the top, there are tabs for 'Work Distribution', 'Context Variables', 'Skill Attachment Rules', 'Routing Rules' (which is underlined, indicating it's active), 'Templates', 'Smart assist', and 'Quick Replies'. On the right side, there are buttons for 'Push' (Work Distribution Mode), 'Live chat Channel', 'Owner', and a dropdown menu. Below the tabs, there's a section titled 'Rule items' with a table. The table has columns for 'Name' (with a dropdown arrow), 'Description' (with a dropdown arrow), and 'Modified On'. Two rows are listed: 'ToHealthcareBot' (modified on 9/16/2021 12:39 AM) and 'ToAgent' (modified on 9/16/2021 12:47 AM). To the right of the table are buttons for '+ Add', 'Flow', 'Run Report', and a more options menu.

Name	Description	Modified On
ToHealthcareBot	---	9/16/2021 12:39 AM
ToAgent	---	9/16/2021 12:47 AM

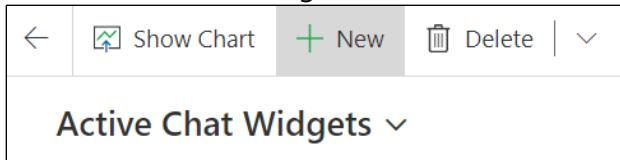
**Congratulations!** You have created the proper context variable and routing rules that will allow customers to begin conversation with a health bot and escalate to a human agent.

## Task 5: Create Chat Widget for Health Bot

1. Navigate to Chat.



2. Select +New Chat Widget.



3. Give the Chat Widget a Name (eg., Patient Portal Chat Widget).

New Chat Widget

General settings Surveys Conversation options Design Location

Name \* Patient Portal Chat Widget

Language \* English - United States

Agent display name Full name

Authentication settings ---

File attachments

Enable file attachments for customers No

Enable file attachments for agents No

Customer waiting

Show position in queue No

Show average wait time No

Conversation Mode

Select mode Live Chat

Live chat conversations happen in real time. When the chat ends, the session ends and the chat history is not maintained.

Work distribution

Work stream \* Live chat workstream

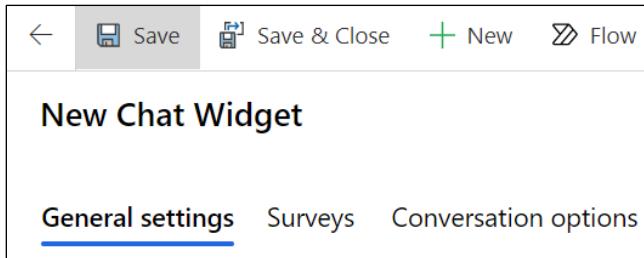
Chat Transcripts

By enabling this feature, you acknowledge that your data may flow outside your organization's compliance and geo boundaries. This includes Government Cloud environments. Learn more [here](#) and in the [Microsoft Privacy Statement](#).

Allow download of transcript \* No

Allow email of transcript \* No

4. Click Save.



- After the record is saved, a **Widget Code Snippet** will be generated. **Copy** the code snippet and store it for later use.

Patient Portal Chat Widget  
Chat Widget

General settings Automated messages Surveys Conversation options Design Location

**General information**

Name	* Patient Portal Chat Widget
Language	* English - United States
Agent display name	Full name
Authentication settings	---

**Conversation Mode**

Select mode	Live Chat
-------------	-----------

Live chat conversations happen in real time. When the chat ends, the session ends and the chat history is not maintained.

**Work distribution**

Work stream	* Live chat workstream
-------------	------------------------

**File attachments**

Enable file attachments for customers	No
Enable file attachments for agents	No

**Customer waiting**

Show position in queue	No
Show average wait time	No

**Chat Transcripts**

By enabling this feature, you acknowledge that your data may flow outside your organization's compliance and geo boundaries. This includes Government Cloud environments. Learn more [here](#) and in the [Microsoft Privacy Statement](#).

Allow download of transcript	* No
Allow email of transcript	* No

**Code snippet**

```
<script id="Microsoft_Omnichannel_LCWid" src="https://oc-cdn-ocprod.azureedge.net/livechatwidget/t/scripts/LiveChatBootstrapper.js" data-app-id="cfaa18bc-49f2-4223-a353-f4010b932ec7" data-lcw-version="prod" data-org-id="b7eccfa4-b990-4c1e-9486-5d5ec922bbf4" data-org-url="https://unqnb7eccfa4b9904c1e94865d5ec922bbf4.crm.omnichannelengagementhub.com"></script>
```

**Congratulations!** In this exercise, you have successfully configured Customer Service Omnichannel Live chat by creating the necessary Users, Queues, Work Streams, Context Variables, Routing Rules, and Chat Widget. These all work together and allow patients to chat with a virtual health bot with the option to escalate up to a human agent if needed.

# Exercise 3: Embed Health Bot in Power Apps Portal

In this exercise, you will be embedding the **Omnichannel Chat Widget** into the Power Apps Customer self-service portal using Portal Management configuration. In your environment, we created a Lamna Healthcare Company Portal using the **Customer self-service portal** template before deploying Microsoft Cloud for Healthcare. Now we will configure the chat widget to show on the customer website.

**Customer self-service portal:** A customer self-service portal enables customers to access self-service knowledge, support resources, view the progress of their cases, and provide feedback.

**Portal Management:** Application to help you get started with the advanced portal configuration. In this walk-through, you will learn how to configure Chat widget in **Portal Management** app.

1. In <http://make.powerapps.com>, open the **Portal Management** app.

The screenshot shows the 'Apps' section of the Portal Management app. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Apps' (which is selected) and 'Component libraries (preview)'. Below the tabs, a message says '⚠️ 10 environment variables need to be updated. See environment variables'. There is a table with two rows. The first row has a checkbox icon and a 'Name' column containing 'Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal'. The second row has a checked checkbox icon and a 'Name' column containing 'Portal Management'.

	Name
☐	Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal
✓	Portal Management

2. Select **Content Snippets** in the left navigation pane

The screenshot shows the left navigation pane of the Portal Management app. The 'Content' section is expanded, showing 'Content Snippets' (which is selected) and 'Basic Forms'.

- Home
- Recent
- Pinned
- Website
- Websites
- Page Templates
- Redirects
- Site Markers
- Site Settings
- Website Bindings
- Settings
- Content
- Content Snippets
- Basic Forms

1. In **Active Content Snippets**, type “**Chat**” in the **Search** box and press enter.

The screenshot shows a search results page for "Active Content Snippets". A search bar at the top contains the word "chat". Below the search bar, there are several filter dropdowns: "Name ↑", "Website", "Content Snippet Language", "Type", and "Value". The main list displays two entries under the "Name" column: "Chat Widget Code" and "Chat Widget Code". The "Website" column shows "Customer Self-Service" and "Healthcare Patient Portal". The "Type" column shows "HTML" and "HTML". The "Value" column shows the HTML script code for the Microsoft Omnichannel LCWidget.

Name	Website	Content Snippet Language	Type	Value
Chat Widget Code	Customer Self-Service	---	HTML	<script id="Microsoft_Omnichannel_LCWidget" src...
Chat Widget Code	Healthcare Patient Portal	---	HTML	<script id="Microsoft_Omnichannel_LCWidget" src...

2. You will see two **Chat Widget Code** records retrieved in the list.

Click to open the Chat Widget Code record related to **Customer Self-service**.

The screenshot shows the "Active Content Snippets" list with a single record selected. The selected record is "Chat Widget Code" associated with "Customer Self-Service". The other record, "Chat Widget Code", is associated with "Healthcare Patient Portal". Both records have their names and websites listed.

Name	Website
Chat Widget Code	Customer Self-Service
Chat Widget Code	Healthcare Patient Portal

3. In the **Chat Widget Code** record associated with Customer self-service, select **Value (HTML) > Html** Tab and then paste the **Chat Widget Code snippet** that you copied and stored in the previous task.

The screenshot shows the "Chat Widget Code" record edit screen. The "General" tab is selected. The "Name" field is set to "Chat Widget Code". The "Website" field is set to "Customer Self-Service". The "Display Name" field is also "Chat Widget Code". The "Type" field is "HTML". The "Content Snippet Language" field is "---". At the bottom, the "Value (HTML)" tab is selected, and the "HTML" tab is chosen under "Designer". The code editor contains the copied HTML snippet:

```
1 rsion="prod" data-org-id="b7eccfa4-b990-4c1e-9486-5d5ec922bbf4" data-org-url="https://unqb7eccfa4b9904c1e94865d5ec922b-crm.omnichannelengagementhub.com"></script>
```

4. Click **Save & Close**.

The screenshot shows a confirmation dialog box with four buttons: a left arrow, a document icon, a "Save" button, and a "Save & Close" button. The "Save & Close" button is highlighted. Below the dialog is a title card for "Chat Widget Code Content Snippet".

5. Now open the other **Chat Widget Code** associated with the **Healthcare Patient Portal** website.

Active Content Snippets ▾

Name	Website
Chat Widget Code	Customer Self-Service
✓ Chat Widget Code	Healthcare Patient Portal

6. In the **Chat Widget Code** record associated with the Healthcare Patient Portal, paste in **Value (HTML)** the same **Chat Widget Code snippet** that you copied and stored previously and added to the customer self-service chat widget code. Replace any value that may have already populated the field.

Chat Widget Code  
Content Snippet

General Administration Related

Name	* Chat Widget Code
Website	* <a href="#">Healthcare Patient Portal</a>
Display Name	Chat Widget Code
Type	HTML
Content Snippet Language	---

Value (HTML)  
Designer | **HTML**

```
1 rsion="prod" data-org-id="b7eccfa4-b990-4c1e-9486-5d5ec922bbf4" data-org-url="https://unqb7eccfa4b9904c1e94865d5ec922b-crm.omnichannelengagementhub.com"></script>
```

7. Select **Save and Close**.

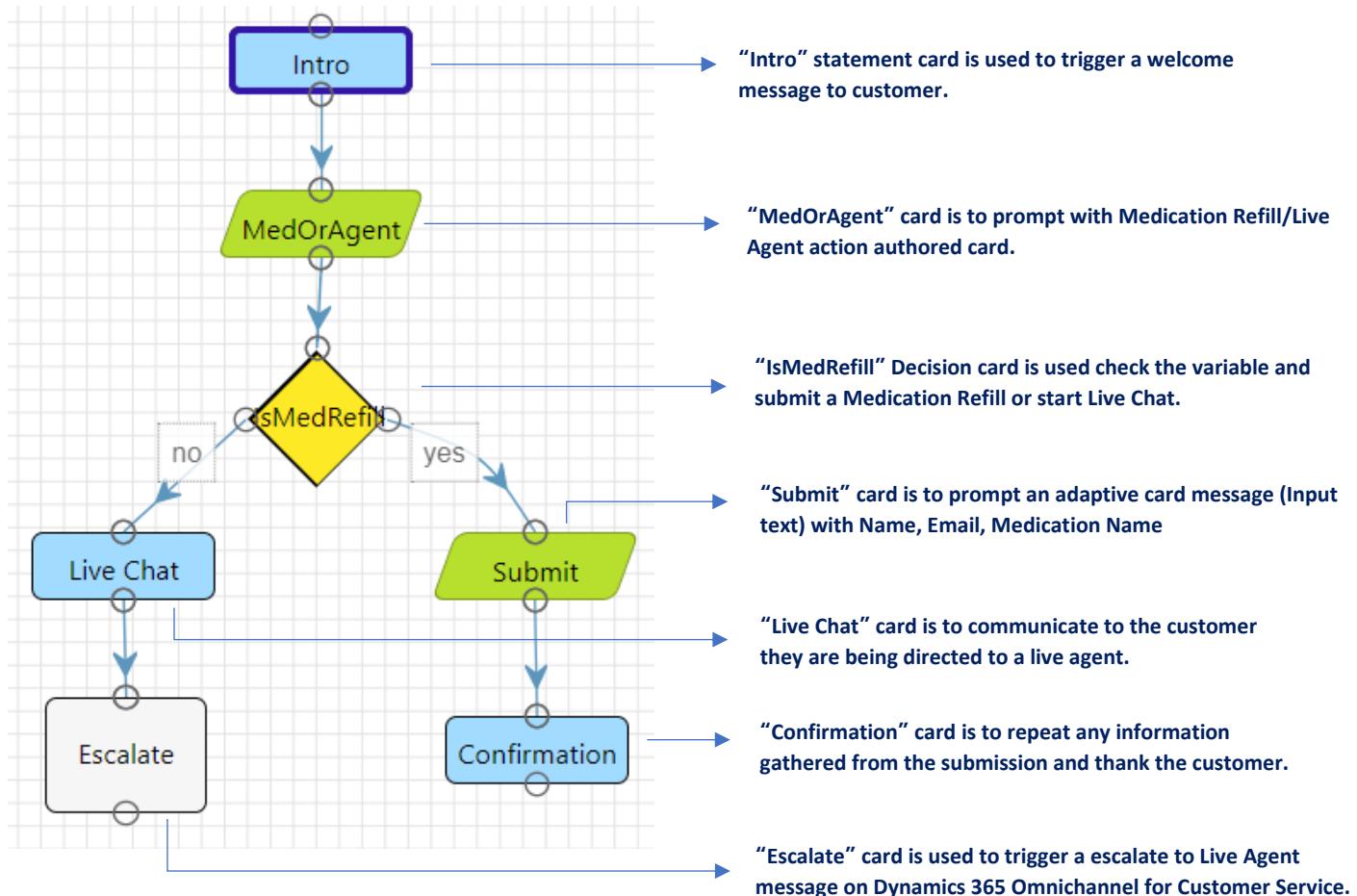
**Congratulations!** In this exercise you have successfully updated the chat widget in the Power App Portal Content Snippets. With this configuration, the Health Bot will be visible on the Power Apps portal for both the customer self-service template and the healthcare patient portal template.

# Exercise 4: Extend Azure Health Bot with Custom Scenarios

**Dynamics 365 Omnichannel** integration allows the patient to interact with **Azure Health Bot** using the Dynamics 365 chat widget to access the medical knowledge and your custom scenarios. It also, allows the escalation of a bot conversation to a live agent to continue the interaction. When escalating a conversation, Dynamics passes along the conversation history and the context to the agent.

In this exercise, you will be doing the following:

1. Designing the below Health Bot Scenario called **MCH\_PatientService**

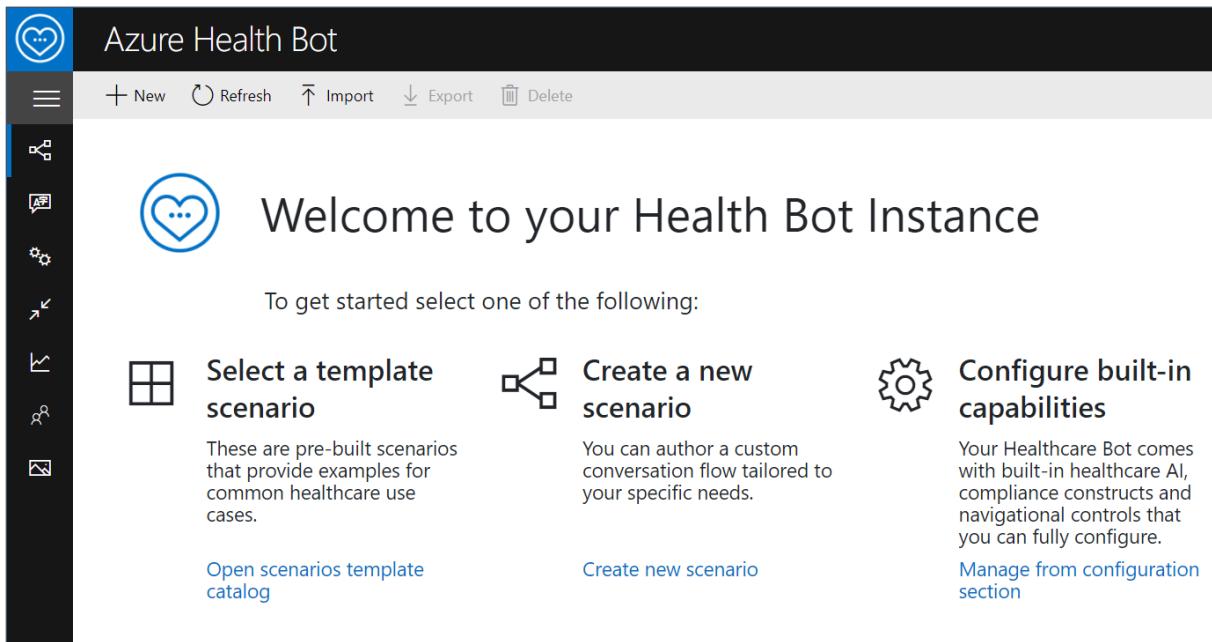


2. Design another Health Bot Scenario called **MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome**. This scenario holds the starting statement which will allow the user to invoke the **MCH\_PatientService** scenario.
3. Set the **Automatic Welcome Scenario** to be the **MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome** custom scenario you create. This will begin the scenario when a user first interacts with the Health Bot.

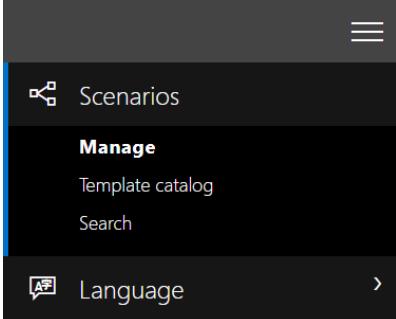
## Task 1: Create MCH\_PatientService Scenario

In this task, you will create the **MCH\_PatientService** bot scenario using the designer canvas.

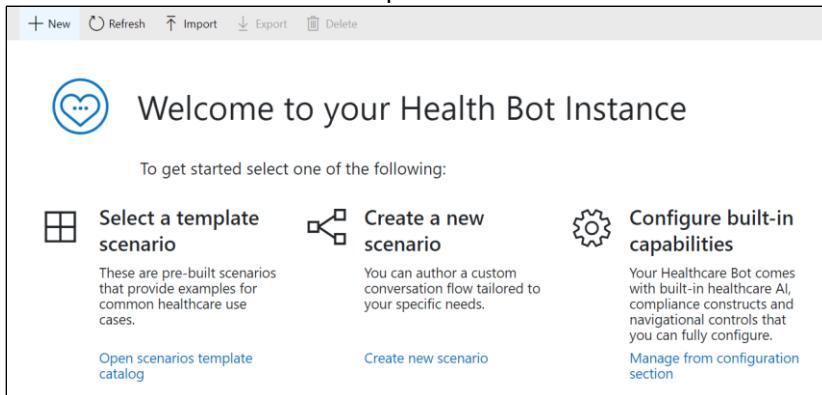
Navigate back to the Azure Health Bot instance homepage where you set the bot settings. This is the portal management link you copied from the Azure portal.



1. Click to Expand the Side navigation bar. Navigate to **Scenario > Manage**.



2. Click **+ New** button on the top ribbon.



3. Provide the following details for the new health bot scenario:

- Name:** MCH\_PatientService
- Scenario ID:** MCH\_PatientService

New Scenario

**Name\*** ⓘ  
MCH\_PatientService

**Description** ⓘ

**Scenario ID\*** ⓘ  
MCH\_PatientService

**Returning Message** ⓘ

**Interrupting scenario** ⓘ

**Breaking scenario** ⓘ

**Create** **Cancel**

4. Now let's design the scenario conversation. It should navigate you directly to the designer. If not, select the **MCH\_PatientService** scenario in **Scenarios > Manage** to edit.

Azure Health Bot - iaduser73-healthbot

Scenarios Language Configuration Integration Analytics Users Resources

MCH\_PatientService Active

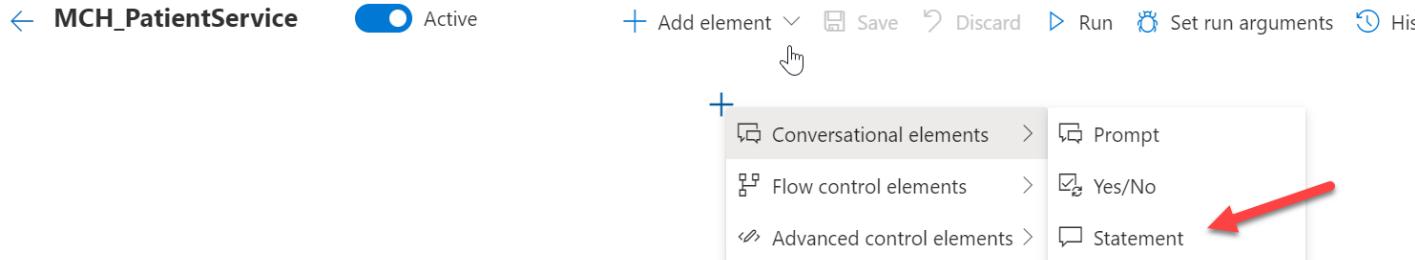
+ Add element Save Discard Run Set run arguments History

Start authoring this scenario  
Add your first step now. Read more about [Authoring custom scenarios](#)

Web Chat English (United States)

### Step 1: Add Bot Introduction Statement

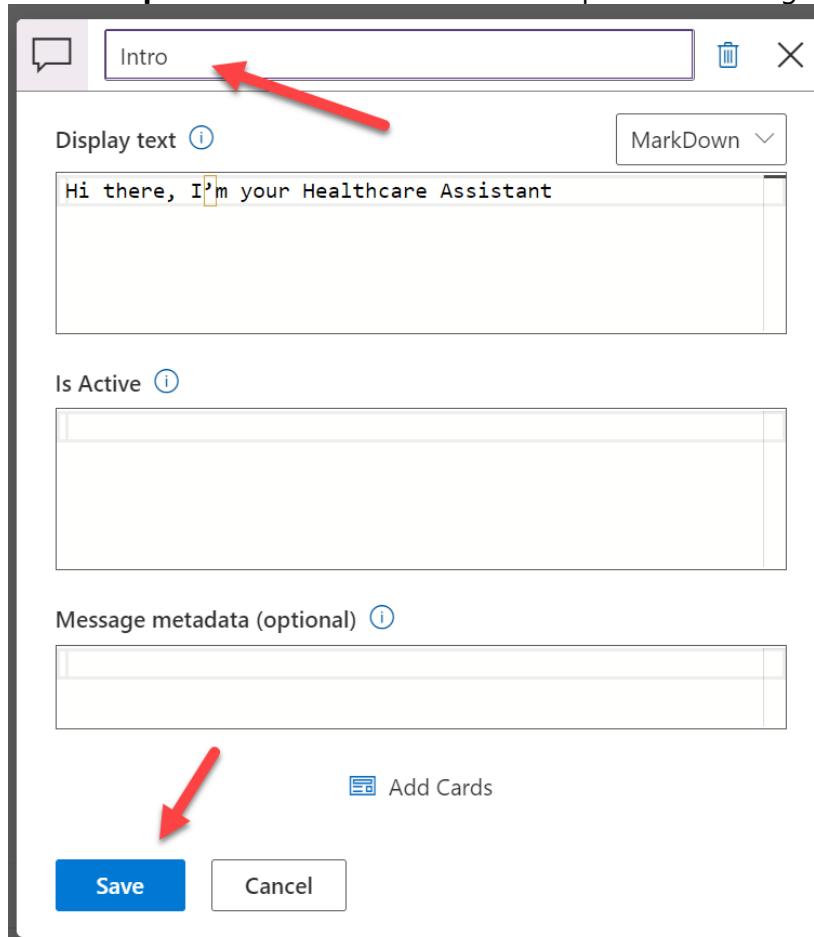
- Add a beginning **Statement** to the scenario by **selecting** the icon **and dragging** Statement icon onto the editor.



2. Enter the **Display Text**:

Hi there, I'm your Healthcare Assistant.

3. Select the **pencil** next to Statement in the top bar and Change Title to "**Intro**".



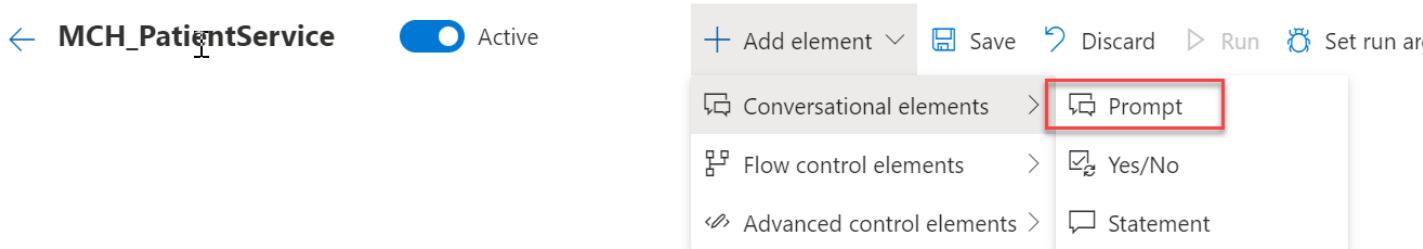
4. Click **Save**. You will see the intro statement added to the designer canvas. Double click anytime to edit.



## Step 2: Add Statement for Medication Request or Live Agent

This section prompts two buttons Medication Refill and Live Agent. When user click any one of the buttons it will set the appropriate text to the variable MedicationOrAgent.

1. Select to add an element and choose **Prompt**



2. Enter the following details:

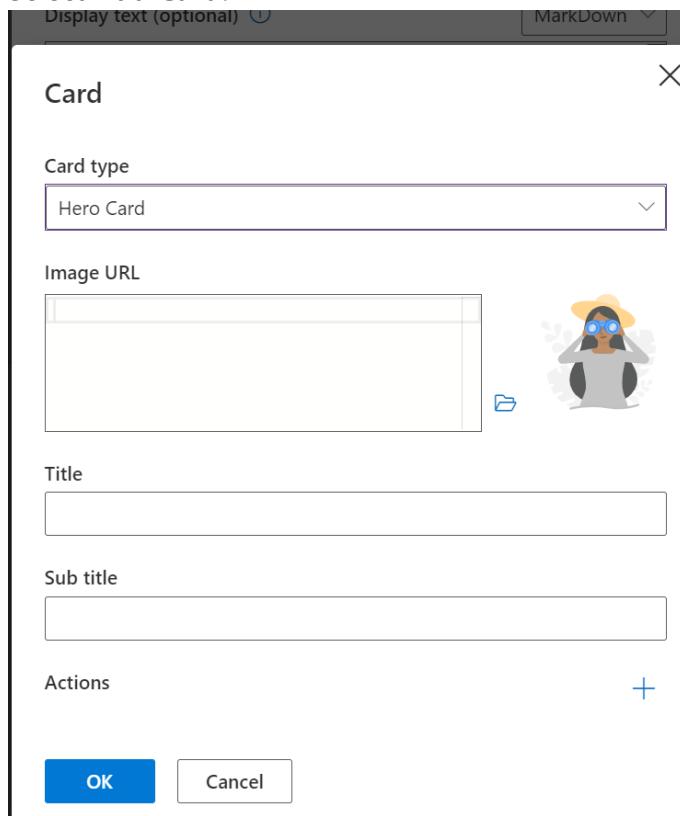
- Display Text:** Would you like to request a medication refill or chat with a live agent?
- Variable name:** MedicationOrAgent
- Input type:** string
- Rename title to **MedOrAgent**.
- Click **Add Cards** button.

The screenshot shows the configuration dialog for the 'MedOrAgent' prompt. The title bar says 'MedOrAgent'. The form fields are as follows:

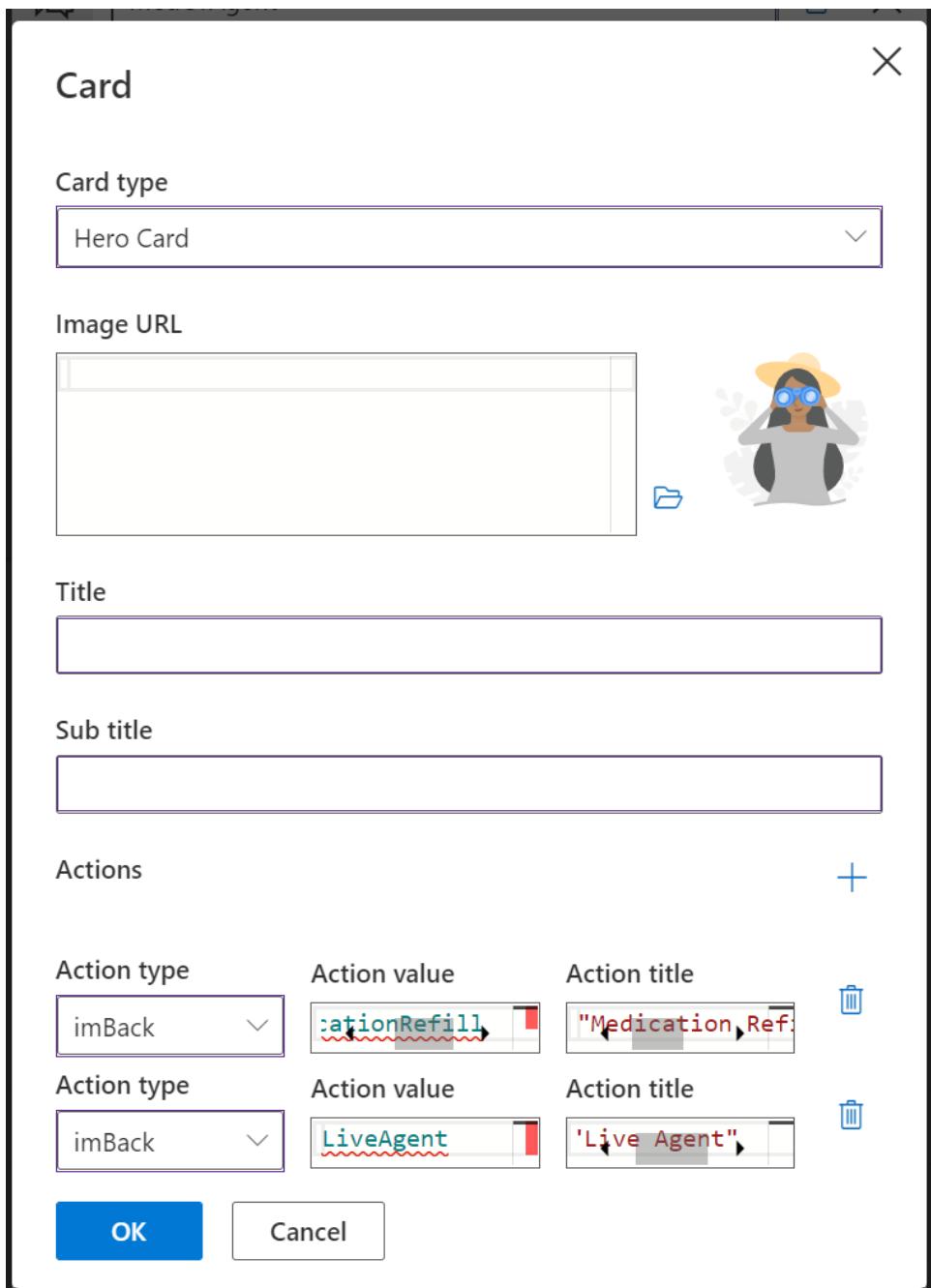
- Display text (optional)**: A rich text editor containing the text "request a medication refill or chat with a live agent?" with a 'MarkDown' dropdown menu.
- Input variable \***: A text input field containing "MedicationOrAgent".
- Input type**: A dropdown menu showing "String".
- Suggestions (javascript string array expression)**: An empty text input field.
- Is active**: An empty text input field.
- Message metadata (optional)**: An empty text input field.

At the bottom, there are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons, and a 'Add Cards' button.

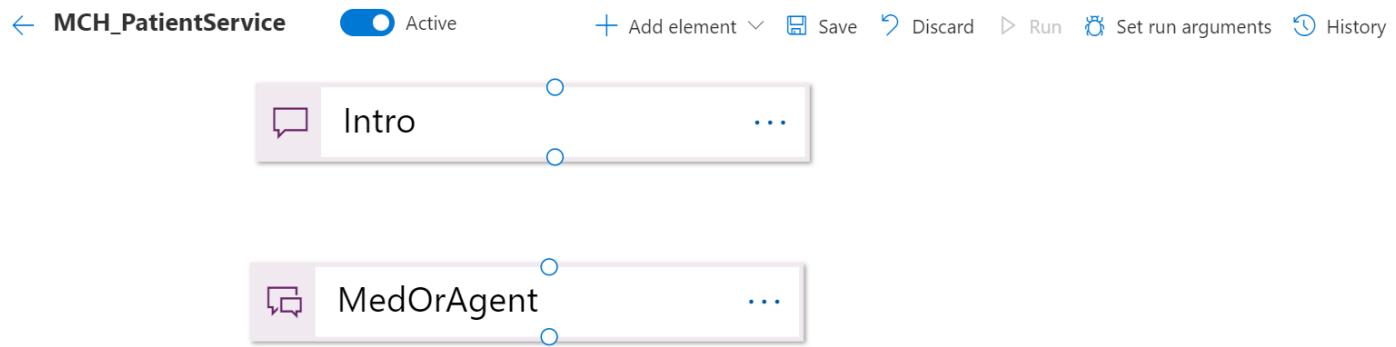
3. Select **Add Card**.



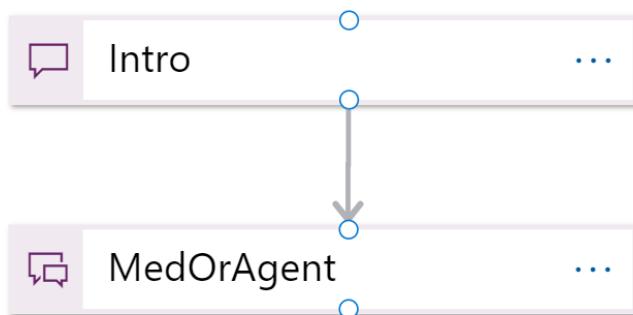
4. Select Card Type as **HeroCard**. Leave title blank as we already prompted with display text.  
5. Click **Add Action** + button twice to add two actions:
- For the first action, select the following:
    - Action type: imBack
    - Action value: MedicationRefill
    - Action title: "Medication Refill"
  - For the second action, fill in the following:
    - Action type: imBack
    - Action value: LiveAgent
    - Action title: "Live Agent"



6. Click Ok, then click Save to get back to designer (Rearrange boxes if necessary)



7. Connect Intro and Appointment boxes. Select the bottom circle on intro and drag it to the top circle on the new prompt. An arrow will automatically appear when you try to connect Intro and MedOrAgent boxes using ellipse pointer.



8. Select **Save**.



9. Select **Run** to see the output in the WebChat on the right.



Bot

Hi there, I'm your Healthcare Assistant

Would you like to request a medication refill or chat with a live agent?

**Medication Refill**

**Live Agent**

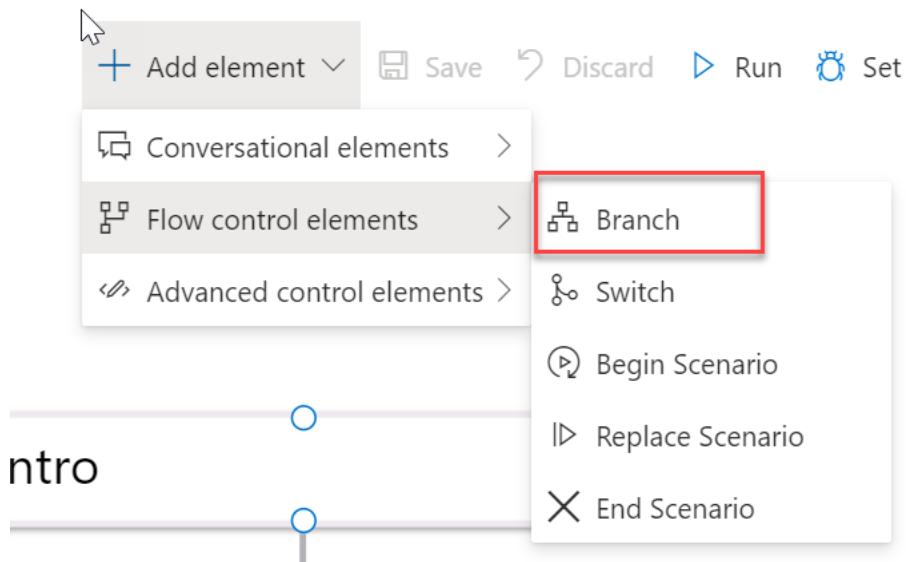
Just now

Type your message

### Step 3: Add MedicationOrAgent Decision Branch

This section checks whether the user has clicked Medication Refill or Live Agent with the help of the variable MedicationOrAgent. It will redirect the message accordingly.

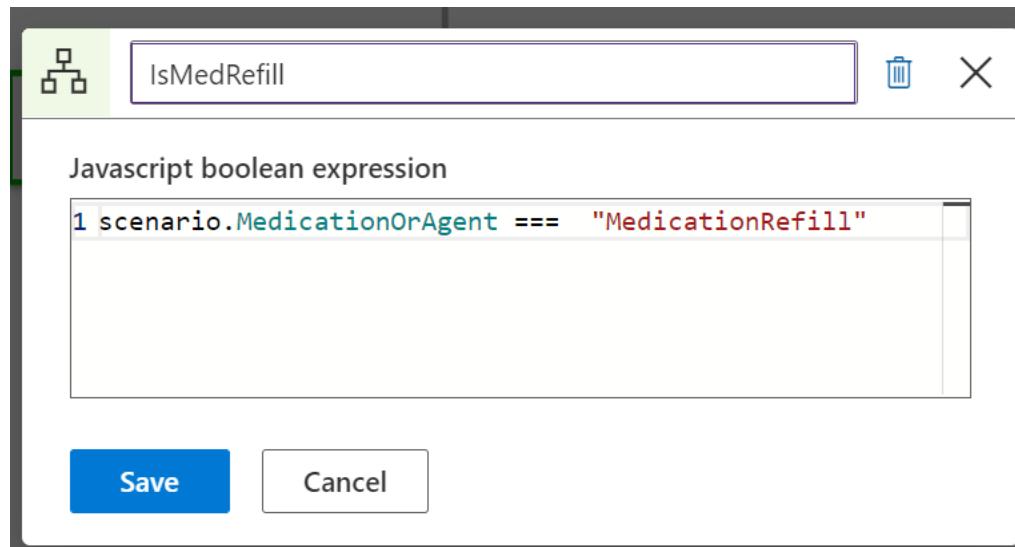
1. Add a **Branch** to the designer canvas.



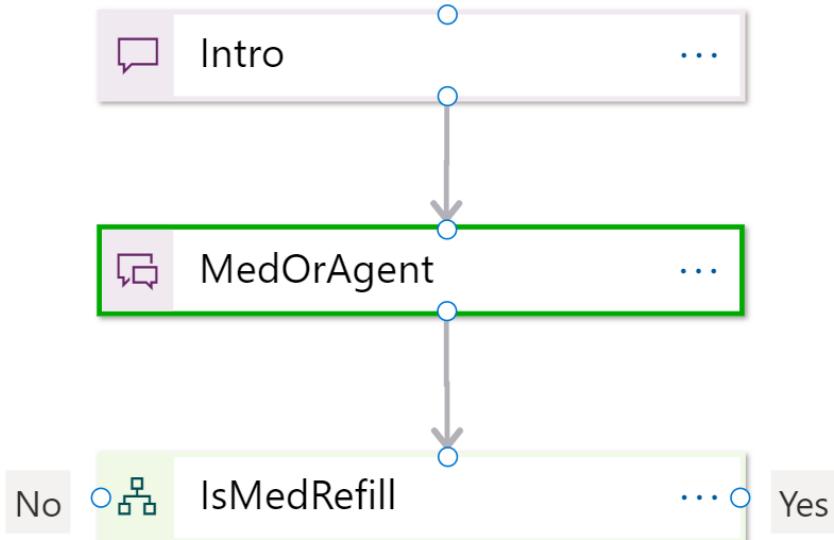
2. Enter the following in the **javascript Boolean expression**:

```
scenario.MedicationOrAgent === "MedicationRefill"
```

3. Rename to **IsMedRefill**. Select **Save**.

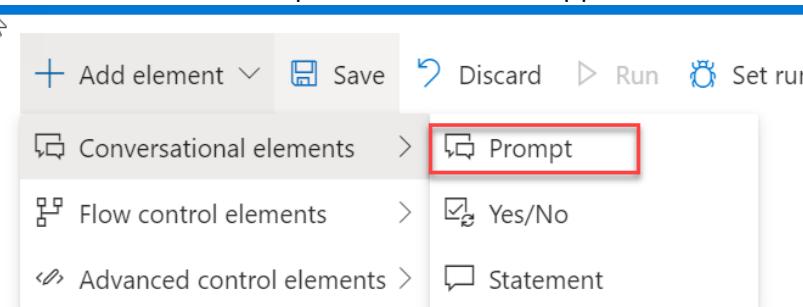


4. Select and drag the bottom circle of the **MedOrAgent** prompt to the top circle of the **IsMedRefill** branch decision to connect them.



#### Step 4: Prompt User to Enter Data for Medication Refill Option

1. Add a **Prompt** element. This will be used to display the Form data (using Adaptive Card) to capture Patient name, email, and phone to create an appointment.



2. Add the following details:
  - a. **Input Variable:** formData
  - b. **Input Type:** Object
  - c. Change Title to **Submit**
  - d. Do not add any display text since the adaptive card will display instead

The screenshot shows a dialog box for configuring a card. At the top right are icons for 'Submit' (blue speech bubble), 'Delete' (trash can), and 'Close' (X). Below these are sections for 'Display text (optional)' (with a 'MarkDown' dropdown menu) and 'Input variable \*' (set to 'formData'). A 'Input type' dropdown is set to 'Object'. Under 'Is active' (with a help icon), there are two input fields: one for 'Is active' (checkbox) and another for 'Maximum number of retries'. A section for 'Message metadata (optional)' contains a large text area. At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Display text (optional) [i](#)

MarkDown [v](#)

Input variable \*

formData

Input type

Object [v](#)

Is active [i](#)

Maximum number of retries

Message metadata (optional) [i](#)

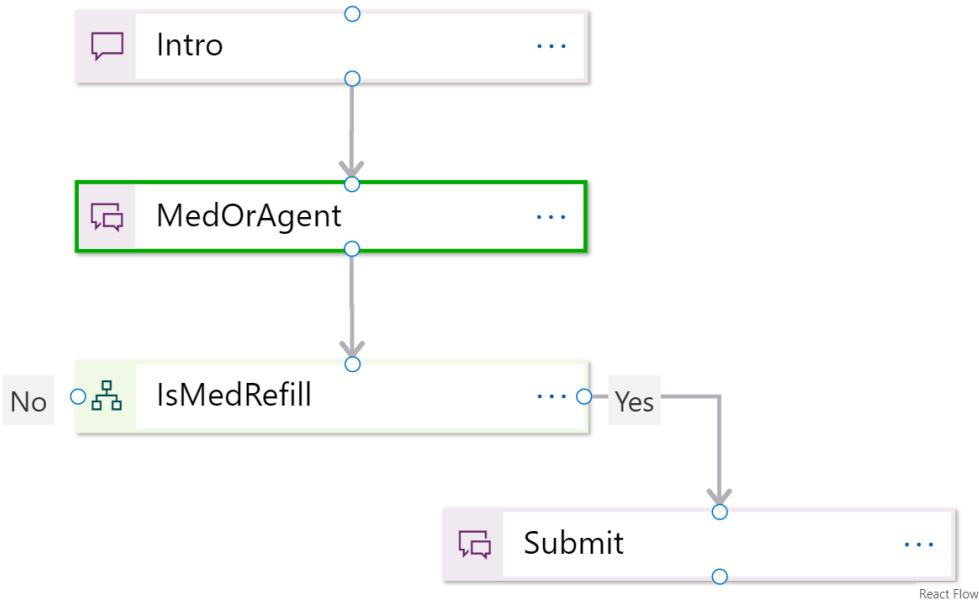
Add Cards

Save Cancel

3. Click **Add Cards** button → Set card type to: **Adaptive Card**
4. Refer to the lab resources file **AdaptiveCardForMedicationRefill.txt** and copy the json content and paste it in the json section of your card.



5. Select **OK** and **Save** to get back to the designer.
6. **Connect** the **Yes** condition of the **IsMedRefill** branch to the **Submit** prompt.



7. **Save** and **run** your current scenario. If you don't save the scenario first, it won't run with updates since the last save. If you haven't saved at all, it won't recognize any conversation.

 MCH\_PatientService  Active  Add element  Save  Discard  Run  Set run arguments

 **MCH\_PatientService**  Active  Add element   Save  Discard  Run  Set run 

8. You should see the below output when running the conversation and selecting "**Medication Refill**" card when prompted to show the AdaptiveCard.

Hi there, I'm your Healthcare Assistant

Would you like to request a medication refill or chat with a live agent?

**Medication Refill**

**Live Agent**

A minute ago

**MedicationRefill**

Just now

Bot

**Tell us about your...**



We just need a few more details to get your Medication refill.

Don't worry, we'll never share or sell your information.

Your name

Last, First

Your email

youremail@example.co

Medication Requested

Medication Name

**Submit**

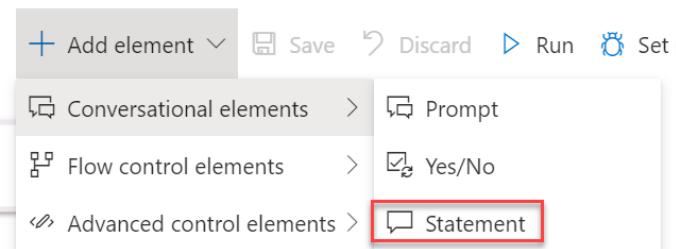
Flow

...



## Step 5: Add Confirmation Statement

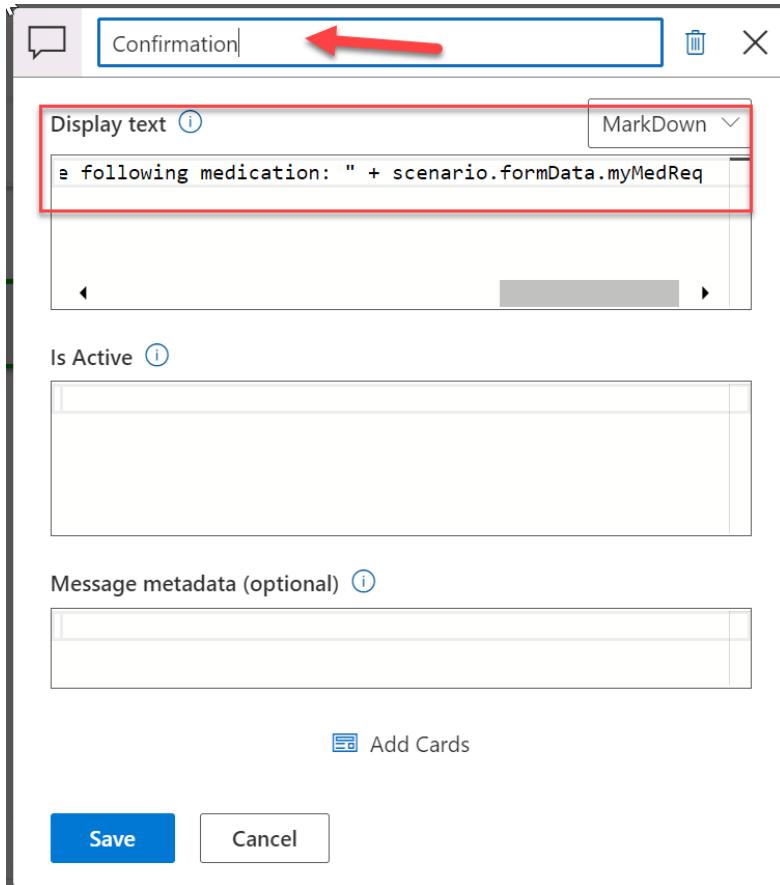
1. Add a **Statement** element.



2. Add **Display text** as the following:

scenario.formData.myName + " - Thanks for providing the information, we have created a Medication Request for you regarding the following medication: " + scenario.formData.myMedReq

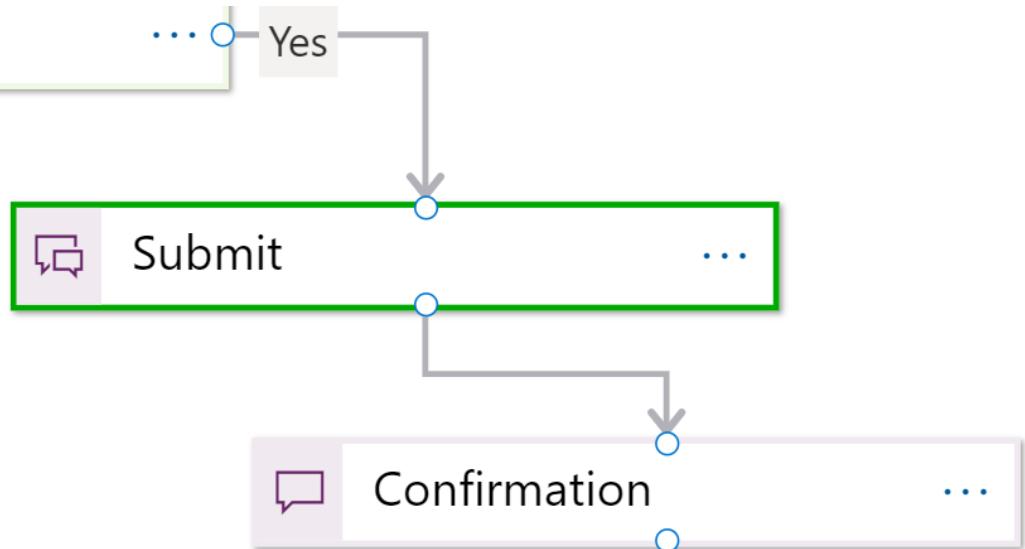
3. Rename the statement to **Confirmation** and click **Save**



4. Connect the Submit step to the Confirmation step in the designer canvas.

5. Select **Save** and **Run** to see your scenario in the webchat.

# MedRefill



6. Fill in information for the request and click **Submit** to see the confirmation text.

A screenshot of a messaging interface showing a conversation with a bot. The bot has sent a message asking for details, and the user has filled out a form with their name, email, and medication request, ending with a "Submit" button. The message was sent 7 minutes ago.

7 minutes ago

**Bot**

Tell us about your...

We just need a few more details to get your Medication refill.

Don't worry, we'll never share or sell your information.

Your name  
Jensen, Casey

Your email  
caseyjensen@contoso.c

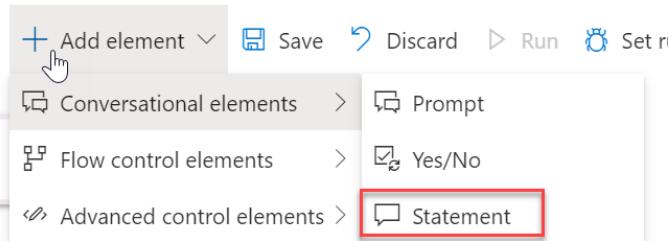
Medication Requested  
Albuterol inhaler

**Submit**

7 minutes ago

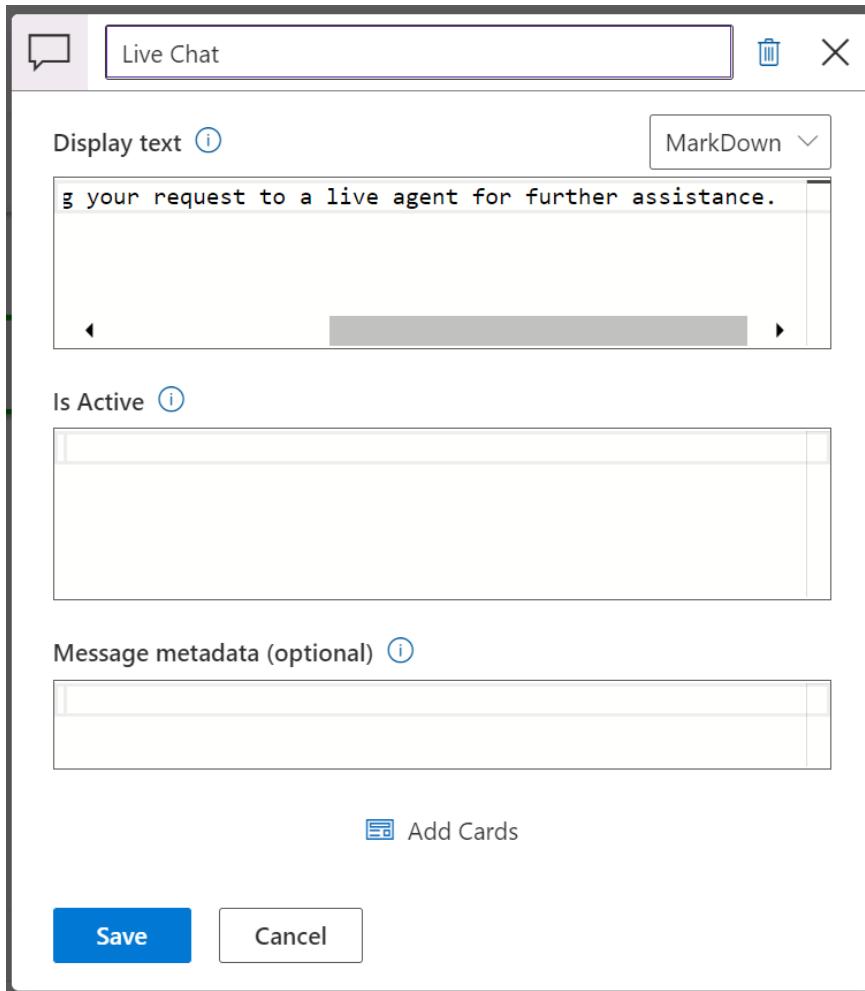
## Step 6: Invoke Live Agent Action

1. Add a **Statement** element to the canvas.



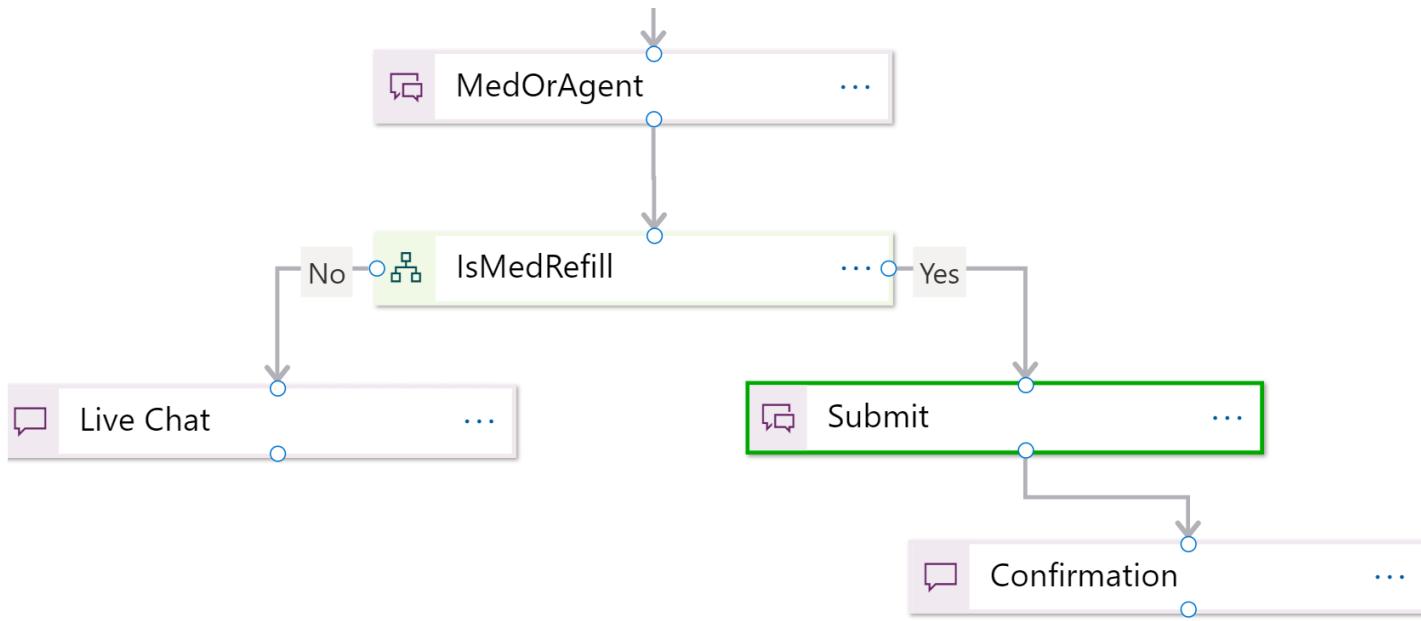
2. Enter **Display Text**: Please wait, I am transferring your request to a live agent for further assistance.

3. Rename the statement to **Live Chat**.



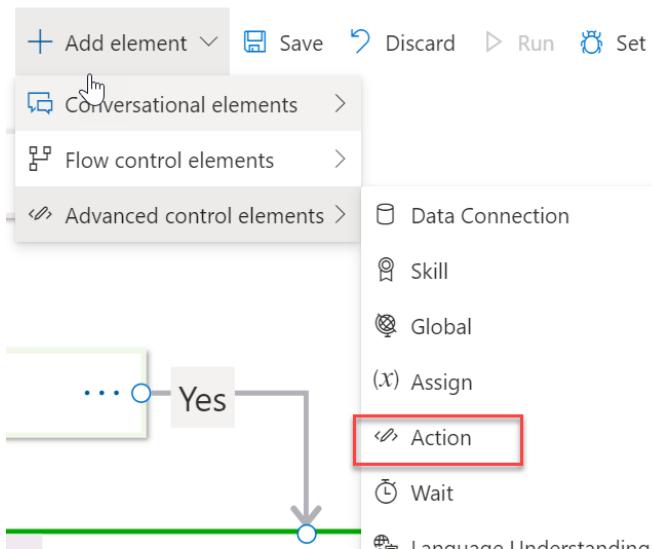
4. Click **Save** to return to the designer page.

5. **Connect** the **No** decision of the **IsMedRefill** branch to the **Live Chat** statement.



### Step 7: Add Action to Invoke Escalation

- Add an **Action** element to the canvas, used to trigger an escalation to Omnichannel Live Agent



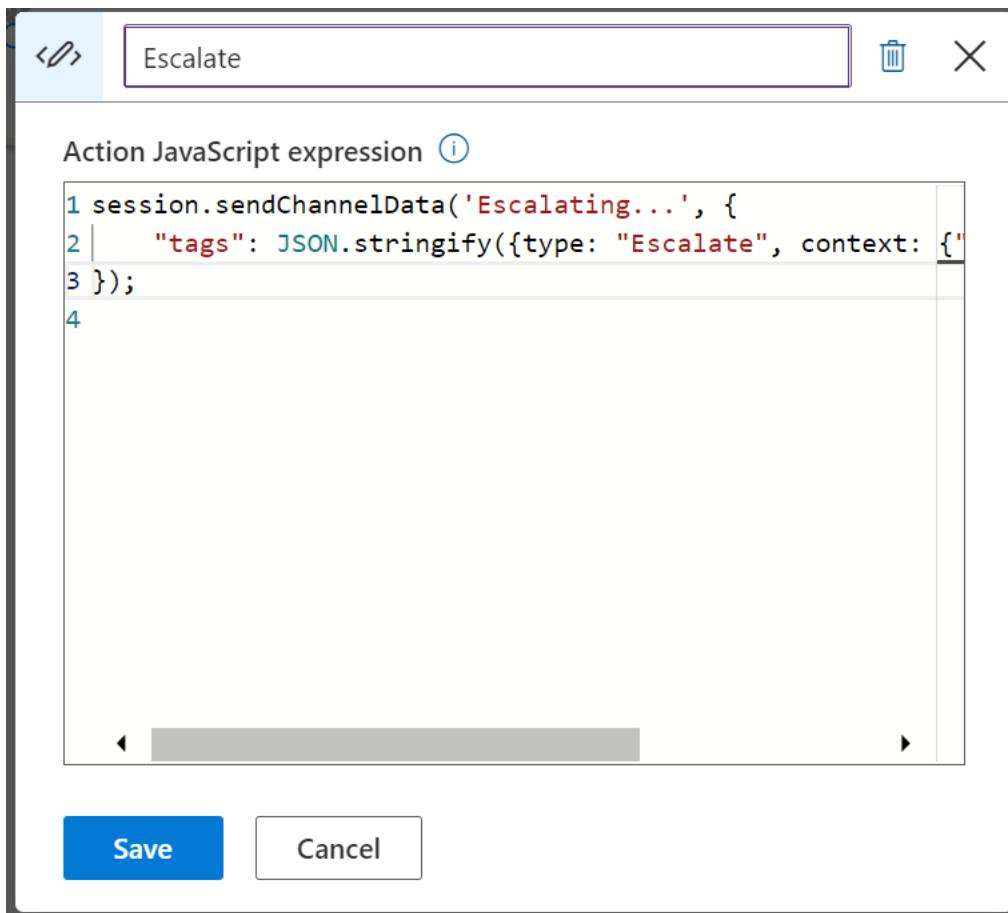
- Add the following code in the action, which will trigger the Live agent chat:

```

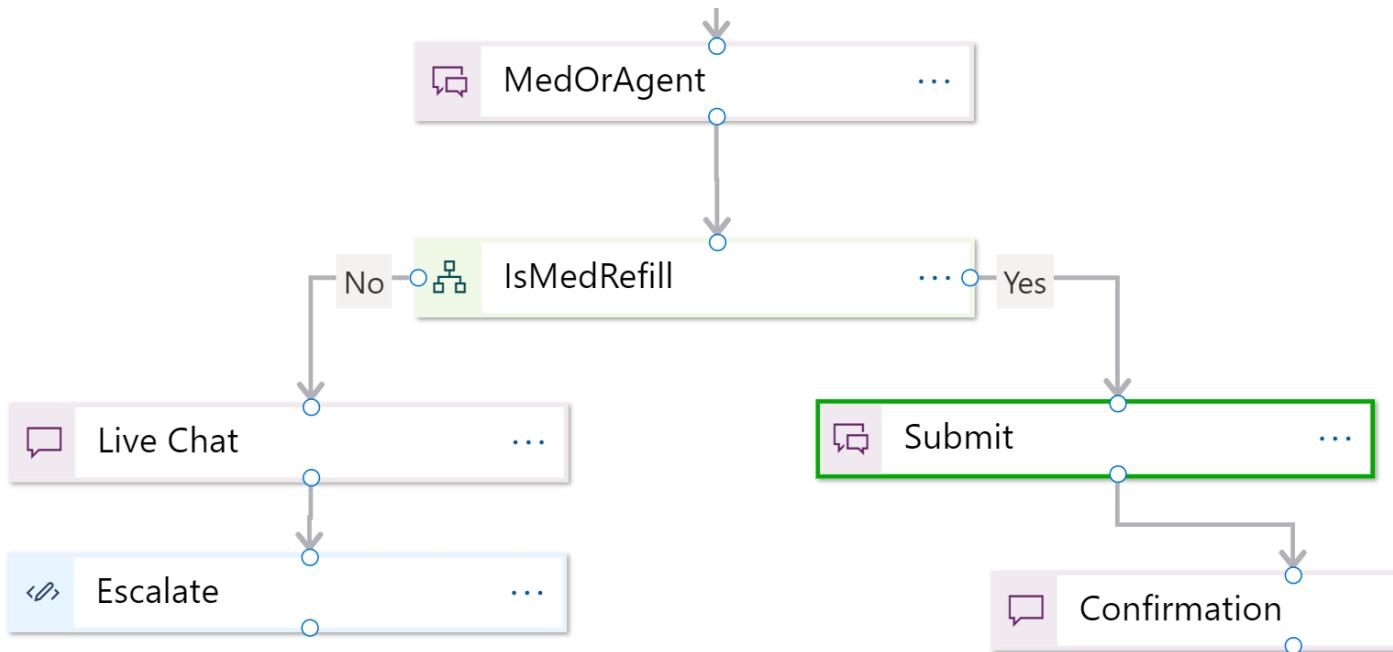
session.sendChannelData('Escalating...', {
    "tags": JSON.stringify({type: "Escalate", context: {"EscalateToAgent": 1}})
});

```

- Name the action **Escalate**. Click **Save** to return to the designer page.

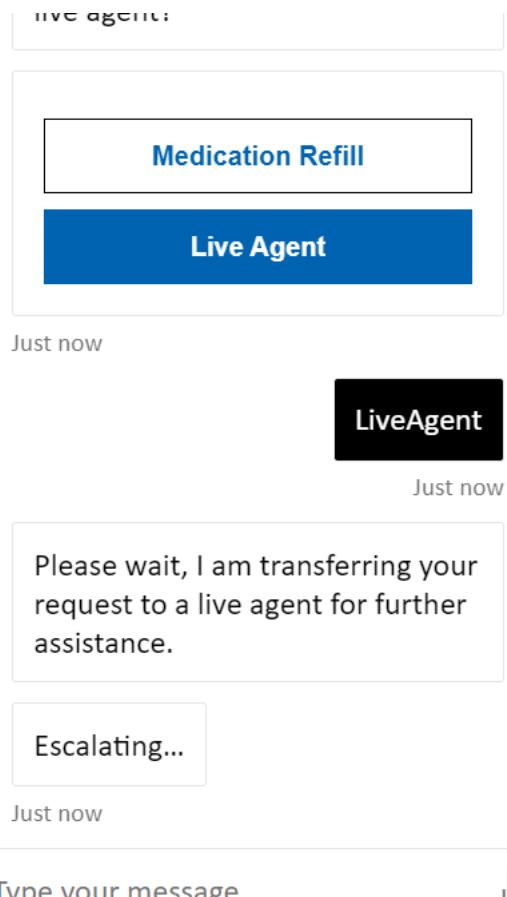


9. **Connect** the **Live Chat** to the new **EscalateToAgent** action. You completed the final connection!

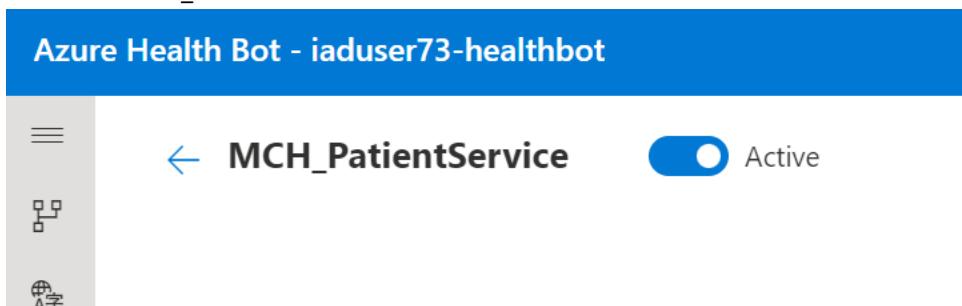


10. **Save** and **run** your scenario to see the full scenario output.

11. Test all logical paths. Selecting Live Agent in the authored card should show the escalation action.



12. **Exit** the MCH\_PatientService scenario editor.



## Task 2: Create MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome Scenario

In this task, you will create another bot scenario called **MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome** to invoke the **MCH\_PatientService** scenario.

1. On the Azure Health Bot scenarios page, select **+New** to create another new scenario

The screenshot shows the 'Scenario Management' page with the following interface elements:

- Top navigation bar with buttons: + New, Refresh, Import, Export, Delete.
- Title: Scenario Management.
- Sub-instruction: Create and manage custom scenarios for your bot instance. [Learn more](#).
- Table header: Active, Name, Scenario ID, Description.
- Table data:
  - One row is visible with 'Active' checked, 'Name' set to 'MCH\_PatientSer...', 'Scenario ID' set to 'MCH\_PatientServ...', and 'Description' partially visible.

2. Provide the following details for the new scenario:

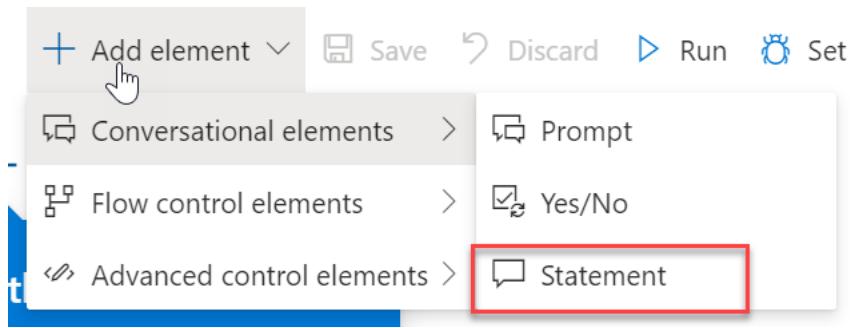
- a. **Name:** MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome
- b. **Scenario ID:** MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome
- c. Select **Create**.

The 'New Scenario' dialog box contains the following fields:

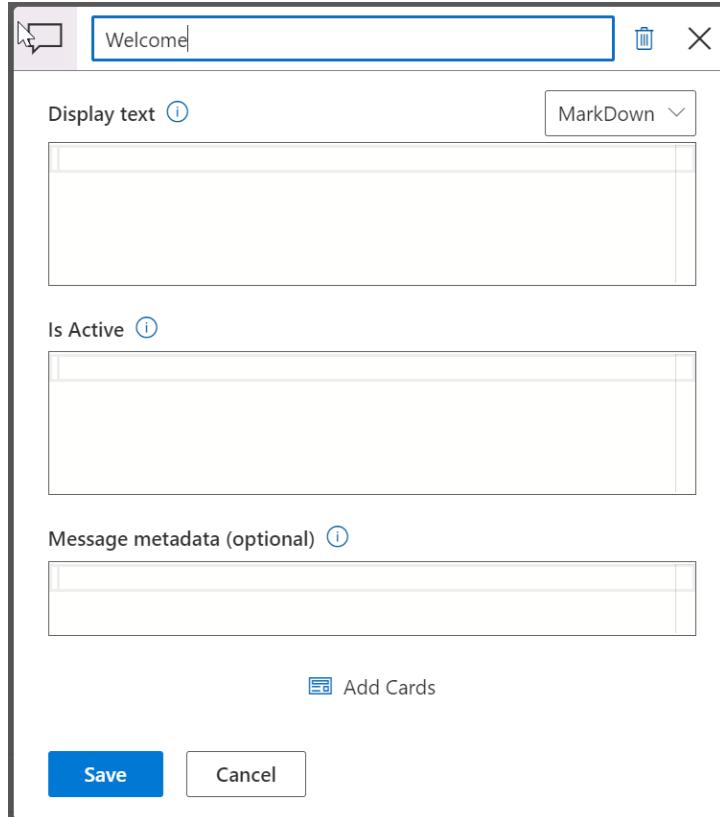
- Name\***: MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome
- Description**: (empty text area)
- Scenario ID\***: MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome
- Returning Message**: (empty text area)
- Interrupting scenario**: (radio button selected)
- Breaking scenario**: (radio button unselected)

At the bottom are two buttons: **Create** (highlighted in blue) and **Cancel**.

3. On the scenario editor designer, add a **Statement** element.



4. Rename the statement **Welcome**. Do not add any Display text as we will show it in the card instead.



5. Select **Add Cards**.
6. Choose **HeroCard**. Add **Title**: Welcome to Lamna Healthcare Patient Service Portal

## Card

X

### Card type

Hero Card

### Image URL



### Title

Welcome to Lamna Healthcare Patient Service Portal

### Sub title

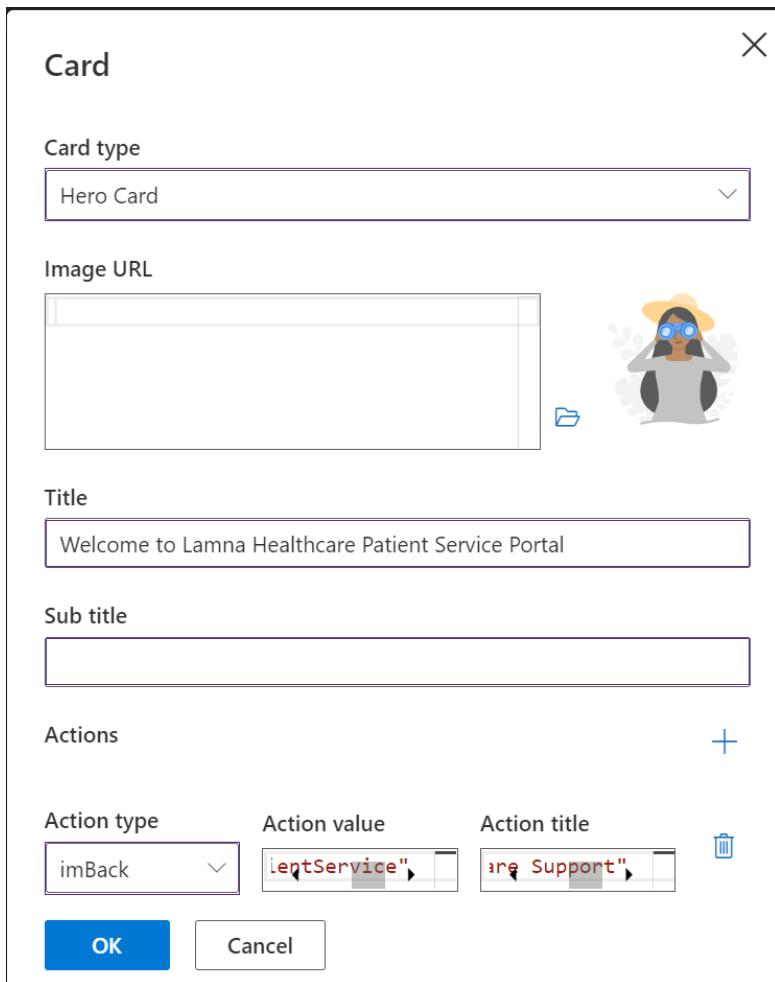
### Actions

+

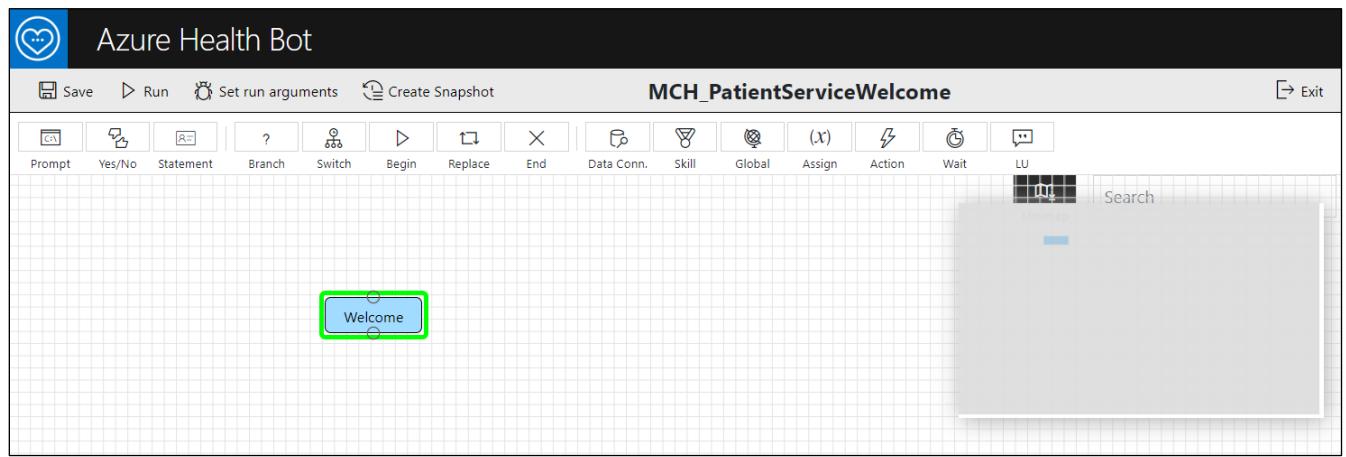
OK

Cancel

7. Select **Add Action** and provide the following details:
  - a. **Action type:** imBack
  - b. **Action value:** "begin MCH\_PatientService"
  - c. **Action title:** "Lamna Healthcare Support"



- Click **OK** and click **Save** and view your completed scenario. This will be used to kick off the conversation and allow the other MCH\_PatientService scenario to be invoked through the authored card.



- Save** and **run** to test your bot scenario **MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome** scenario in the Web Chat.

Bot

Welcome to Lamna Healthcare...

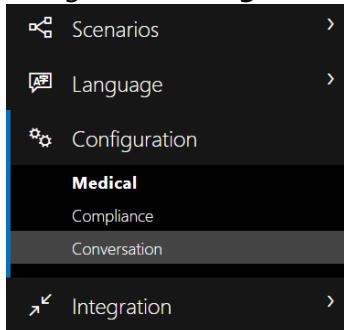
Lamna Healthcare Support

6. **Exit** the scenario designer.

## Task 3: Configure Welcome Scenario as Automatic

In this task, we will set the MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome to be the "Automatic Welcome Scenario" in settings. This will always trigger the welcome scenario when a user starts a conversation with the **Azure Health Bot**.

1. Navigate to **Configuration > Conversation**



2. In the **Interactions** tab, scroll down to the **Automatic Welcome** section.

The screenshot shows the Azure Health Bot interface with the following details:

- Interactions** tab is selected.
- Automatic welcome** section is visible:
  - Sub-section: **Automatic welcome message** (with a text input field).
  - Sub-section: **Automatic welcome scenario** (dropdown menu showing "\*\* scenario not selected \*\*").
- Important:** Works only with scenarios that display a single statement step.

3. In the **Automatic welcome scenario** dropdown, select the **MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome** scenario and click **Save**

The screenshot shows the "Automatic welcome" configuration dialog with the following fields:

- Automatic welcome message**: A large text input field.
- Automatic welcome scenario**: A dropdown menu showing "MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome".

## Task 4: Test Health Bot Escalation from Power Apps Portal to Dynamics 365 Omnichannel

1. Navigate to Power Apps and click to open **Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal**.

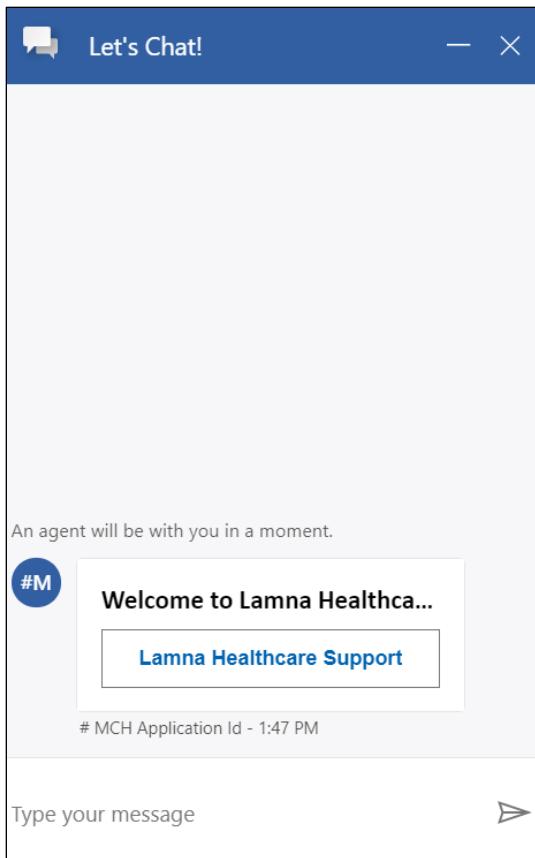
The screenshot shows the Microsoft Power Apps portal interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options like Home, Learn, Apps, Create, Data, Flows, Chatbots, AI Builder, and Solutions. The 'Apps' section is selected. The main area displays a list of apps under the heading 'Apps Component libraries (preview)'. A yellow banner at the top right states: 'Your trial portal app will expire in 10 days. To keep it, convert it to production.' Below this, the 'Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal' app is highlighted with an orange border. The table below lists the apps with columns for Name, Modified, and Owner.

Name	Modified	Owner
Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal	2 wk ago	SYSTEM
Patient Service Center	23 h ago	K Venkat
Customer Service Hub	1 wk ago	SYSTEM
Healthcare Administration	2 wk ago	K Venkat
Portal Management	2 wk ago	K Venkat

2. You should see the Health Bot "Let's Chat" button in the lower right-hand corner of the screen. This means the chat widget was successfully embedded into the Customer Self-service portal.

The screenshot shows the Contoso Customer Self-Service portal. At the top, there is a header with 'Contoso, Ltd.' and navigation links for Knowledge Base, Forums, My Support, and a user profile for 'Autumn Atkins'. Below the header is a banner with the text 'CONTOSO CUSTOMER SELF - SERVICE'. The main content area features a 'Most Popular' section with three categories: 'Most Popular Articles', 'Most Recent Articles', and 'Top Rated Articles'. At the bottom right of the page, there is a blue rectangular button with a white speech bubble icon and the text 'Let's Chat! We're Online'.

3. When you click the chat widget, bot will trigger a welcome scenario message we created and set as the default welcome message (**MCH\_PatientServiceWelcome**).

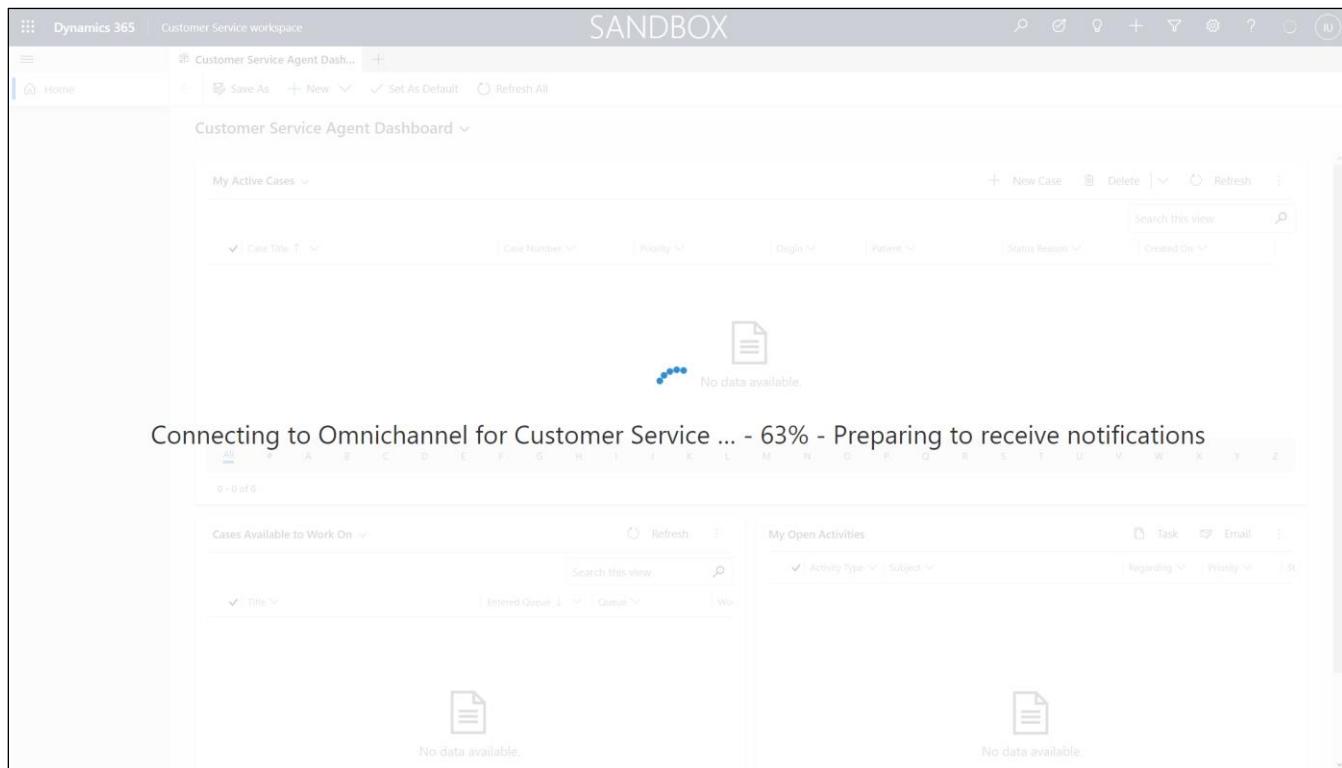


4. Navigate back to Power Apps and open **Customer Service Workspace**.

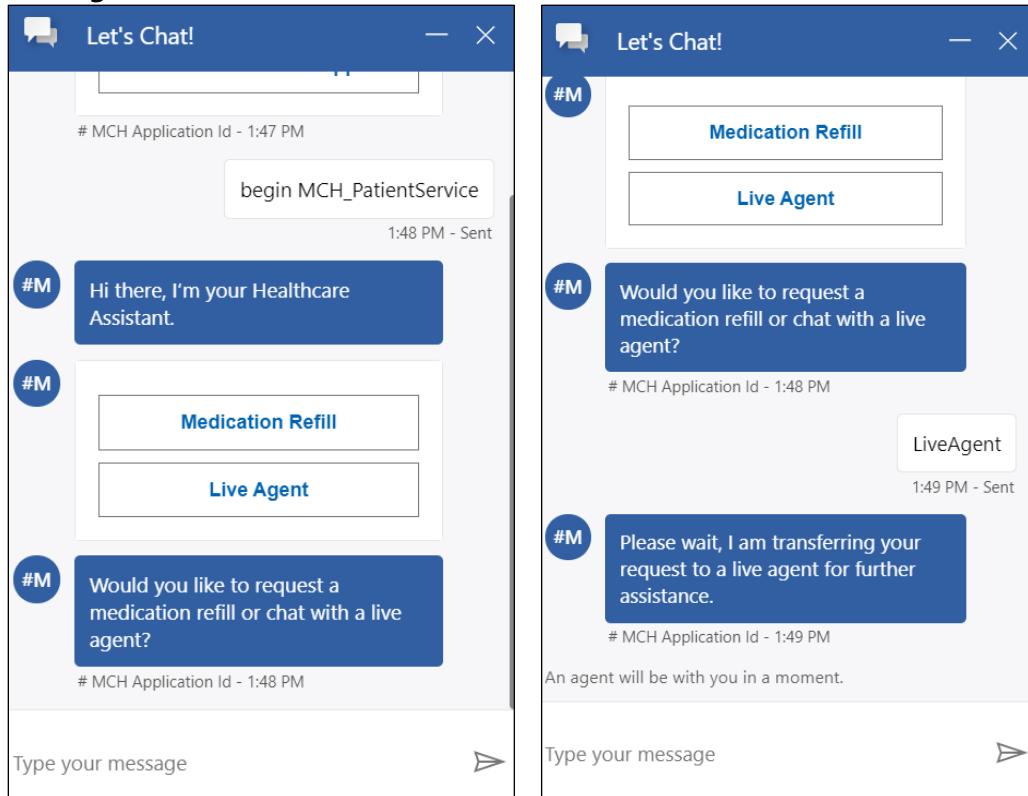
**Note:** Omnichannel for Customer Chat Widget will work only when you see the presence status is enabled.

There should be a splash loading screen that goes through multiple steps and then displays the status indicator as available once loaded. (Status is enabled when green with checkmark in circle)

Splash screen:

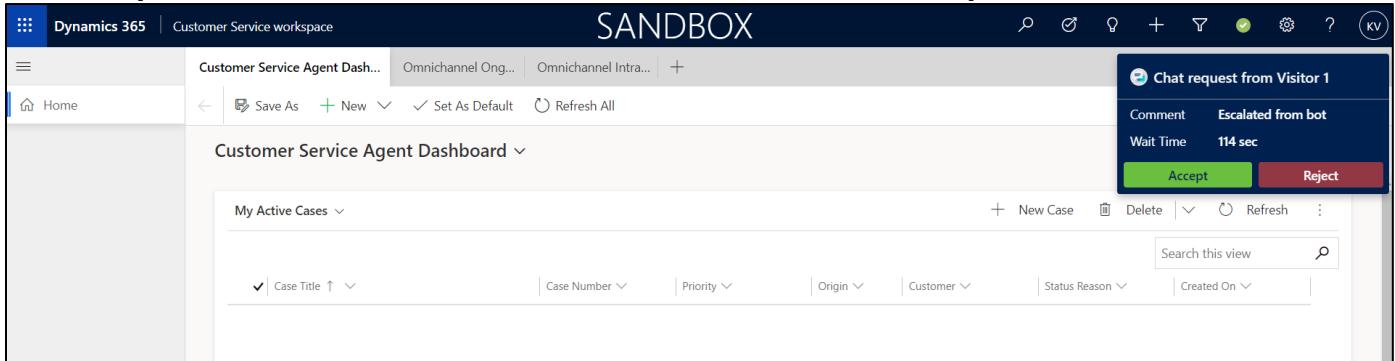


5. In the Health Bot in Lamna Healthcare Patient Portal, click **Lamna Healthcare Support** button, then the **Live Agent** button to witness the escalation into Omnichannel to chat with a live agent (your user!)

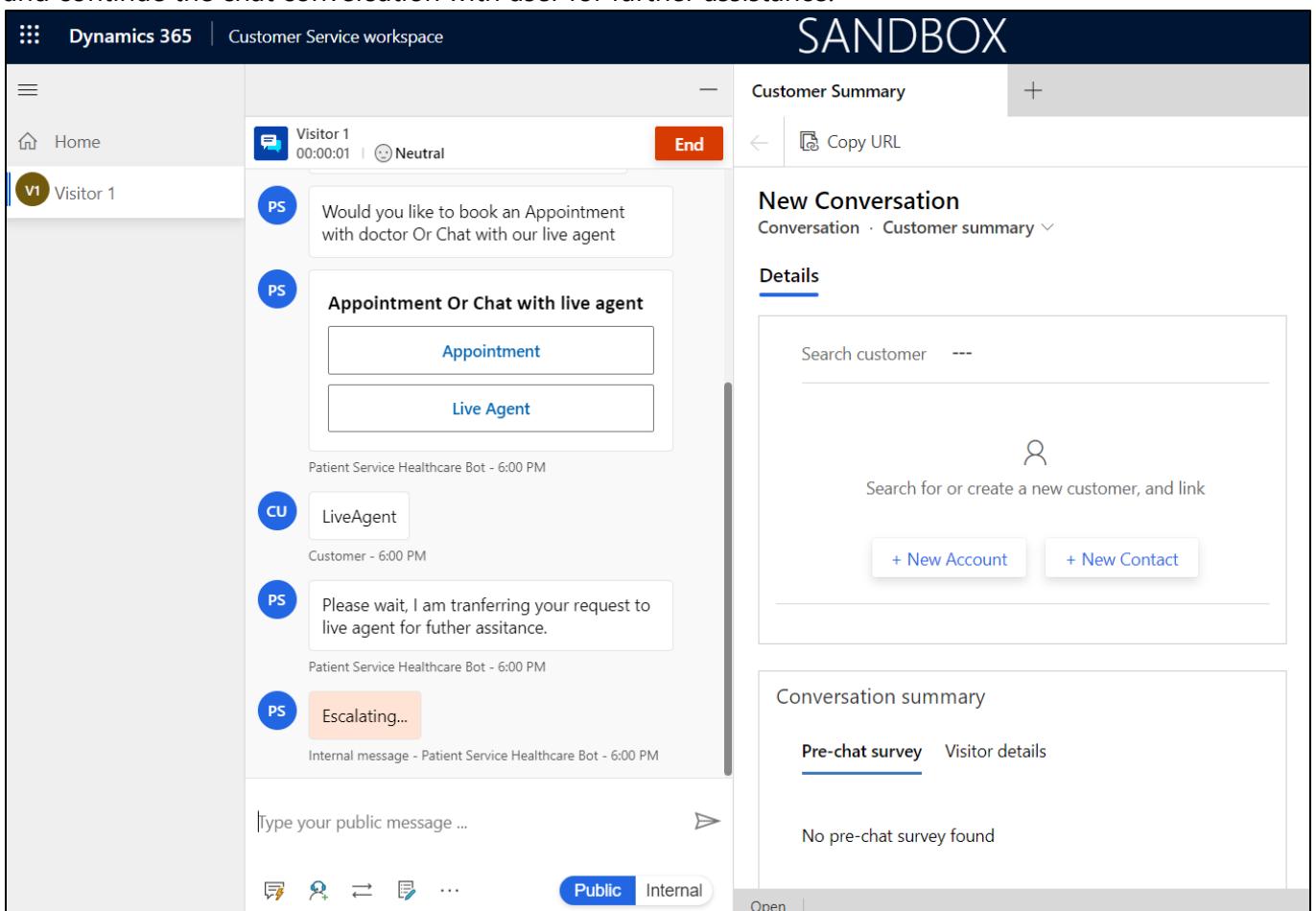


6. Navigating back to Omnichannel for Customer Service, your user as the **Live Agent** should receive an incoming notification with **Accept/Reject** options for that chat.

7. Click **Accept** to connect and chat with customer (In this case chat with the **patient**).



8. As soon as Live Chat Agent accepts the incoming chat notification, Omnichannel for Customer Service has opened a **Live Chat Widget** and Agent would be able to see the entire bot conversation with user and continue the chat conversation with user for further assistance.



**Congratulations!** You have successfully extended the Azure Health Bot with custom scenarios and tested the end-to-end escalation scenario from a patient using the Azure Health Bot in Power Apps Portals to chatting with a Live Agent in Omnichannel for Customer Service.

# Summary

**Nice work!** You have completed **Lab 04 – Azure Health Bot**.

In this lab, you learned how to do the following:

- Set up Azure Health Bot
- Configure Dynamics 365 Customer Service Omnichannel Live Chat
- Embed Azure Health Bot in a Power Apps Portal
- Extend Azure Health Bot with custom scenarios