

Optimization assignment – Linear algebra 2

Siddharth Bhat(20161105)

February 1, 2019

Prove that $(a + b)^T(a - b)^T = \|a\|^2 + \|b\|^2$. This question is wrong. Let us assume the dimension of a, b is $1 \times n$. Hence, $a + b, a - b$ have dimensions $n \times 1$, and can consequently not be matrix multiplied, let alone produce a scalar as output.

The question should probably be: prove that $(a + b)(a - b)^T = \|a\|^2 - \|b\|^2$.

$$\begin{aligned}(a + b)(a - b)^T &= \begin{bmatrix} a_1 + b_1 & a_2 + b_2 & \dots & a_n + b_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_1 - b_1 \\ a_2 - b_2 \\ \dots \\ a_n - b_n \end{bmatrix} \\&= (a_1 + b_1)(a_1 - b_1) + (a_2 + b_2)(a_2 - b_2) + \dots + (a_n + b_n)(a_n - b_n) \\&= \sum_i a_i^2 - b_i^2 = \sum_i a_i^2 - \sum_i b_i^2 = \|a\|^2 - \|b\|^2\end{aligned}$$