Entalpía

H = E + PV; $\Delta H = \Delta E + P\Delta V$

 $\Delta H = Q \ para \ \Delta P = 0 \ (presión \ constante)$

Trabajo

$$W = \int P dV$$

Gas ideal, reversible isotérmico

$$W = nRT ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

Gas ideal isobárico

 $W = P\Delta V$

Temperatura variable:

$$\Delta H = \int C_{\mathcal{V}} dT$$

 $Para\ C_p\ constante$

$$\Delta H = C_p \Delta T$$