

Seaborn Cheat Sheet: Beginner to Advanced

1. Getting Started

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

Load Example Dataset

```
df = sns.load_dataset('iris') # Or 'tips', 'penguins', etc.
```

2. Basic Plotting Functions

Plot Type	Function	Example	Purpose
Scatter	<code>scatterplot()</code>	<code>sns.scatterplot(x="sepal_length", y="sepal_width", data=df)</code>	Numeric vs numeric
Line	<code>lineplot()</code>	<code>sns.lineplot(x="sepal_length", y="petal_length", data=df)</code>	Trends/time series
Histogram	<code>histplot()</code>	<code>sns.histplot(df['sepal_length'])</code>	Distribution of values
KDE/Dist	<code>kdeplot()</code> , <code>displot()</code>	<code>sns.kdeplot(df['sepal_length'])</code>	Smooth distribution, density plot
Bar/CatBar	<code>barplot()</code> , <code>countplot()</code>	<code>sns.barplot(x='species', y='sepal_length', data=df)</code>	Aggregate stats per category
Box/Violin	<code>boxplot()</code> , <code>violinplot()</code>	<code>sns.violinplot(x='species', y='sepal_length', data=df)</code>	Distribution w/ outliers by group
Heatmap	<code>heatmap()</code>	<code>sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True)</code>	Matrix/correlation visualization
Pairwise	<code>pairplot()</code>	<code>sns.pairplot(df, hue='species')</code>	All combinations of scatter plots
Joint Plot	<code>jointplot()</code>	<code>sns.jointplot(x='sepal_length', y='sepal_width', data=df)</code>	Bivariate with marginal distributions

3. Advanced Features

Multiple Plots: FacetGrid & catplot

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, col="species")
g.map(sns.histplot, "sepal_length")
```

Or use higher-level:

```
sns.catplot(x="species", y="sepal_length", data=df, kind="box")
```

Styling & Themes

```
sns.set_theme(style="whitegrid", palette="muted") # Try 'darkgrid', 'ticks', etc.
sns.set_context('notebook') # Or 'talk', 'poster', 'paper'
```

Color Palettes

```
sns.color_palette('pastel') # Other options: 'deep', 'muted', 'bright', 'dark',
                             'colorblind'
sns.palplot(sns.color_palette('coolwarm', 7)) # Display colors
```

Customizing Plots

- **Axis labels & title:**

```
plt.xlabel('X Axis'); plt.ylabel('Y Axis'); plt.title('Plot Title')
```

- **Legend:**

```
plt.legend(title="Legend Title")
```

- **Add annotation:**

```
plt.text(x, y, "label")
```

- **Save plot:**

```
plt.savefig("figure.png", dpi=300)
```

4. Statistical & Distribution Plots

Function	Description	Example
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<code>lmpplot()</code>	Regression, fits line	<code>sns.lmpplot(x='X', y='Y', data=df)</code>
<code>residplot()</code>	Residuals plot	<code>sns.residplot(x='sepal_length', y='petal_width', data=df)</code>
<code>boxenplot()</code>	Enhanced box (large datasets)	<code>sns.boxenplot(x=x, y=y, data=df)</code>
<code>swarmplot()</code>	Dots, no overlap (cats)	<code>sns.swarmplot(x='species', y='sepal_length', data=df)</code>
<code>stripplot()</code>	Dots with jitter (cats)	<code>sns.stripplot(x='species', y='sepal_length', data=df, jitter=True)</code>
<code>violinplot()</code>	Distribution+box	See above

5. Matrix, Heatmaps & Clustering

Function	Description	Example
<code>heatmap()</code>	Value/correlation matrix	<code>sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True)</code>
<code>clustermap()</code>	Hierarchical clustering heatmap	<code>sns.clustermap(df.corr(), cmap='mako')</code>

6. Advanced Customization

- **FacetGrid with hue, row, col:**

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(df, row="species", hue="species")
g.map(sns.kdeplot, "sepal_width")
```

- **Plot overlays:**

```
sns.violinplot(...)
sns.swarmplot(..., color='k', alpha=0.7)
```

- **Custom ticks and formats:**

```
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.yticks(np.arange(0, 8, 1))
```

7. Common Integration

- Works directly on pandas DataFrames:

```
sns.scatterplot(x='A', y='B', data=df)
```

- Always call `plt.show()` at the end (unless in Jupyter)
- Combine with `matplotlib` for deeper annotation/layout

8. Best Practices & Pro Tips

- Use **pairplot** and **heatmap** for quick EDA
- Use semantic mappings: `size=`, `style=`, `hue=`
- Use `sns.set_theme()` to change global defaults for all plots
- For publication-quality, set `dpi=300` when saving figures

References:

- Official seaborn tutorial and API^{[1][2][3]}
 - DataCamp seaborn cheat sheet^[4]
 - Codecademy and advanced example galleries^[5]
 - Community tips and professional guides^{[6][7]}
1. <https://seaborn.pydata.org/examples/index.html>
 2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-seaborn-tutorial/>
 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/seaborn/seaborn_cheatsheet.htm
 4. <https://www.datacamp.com/cheat-sheet/python-seaborn-cheat-sheet>
 5. <https://www.codecademy.com/learn/advanced-graphing-in-python/modules/seaborn-dvp/cheatsheet>
 6. <https://www.linkedin.com/posts/tajamulkhann-seaborn-cheat-sheet-activity-7293078459289845760-ZCHq>
 7. <https://www.kaggle.com/discussions/getting-started/583241>