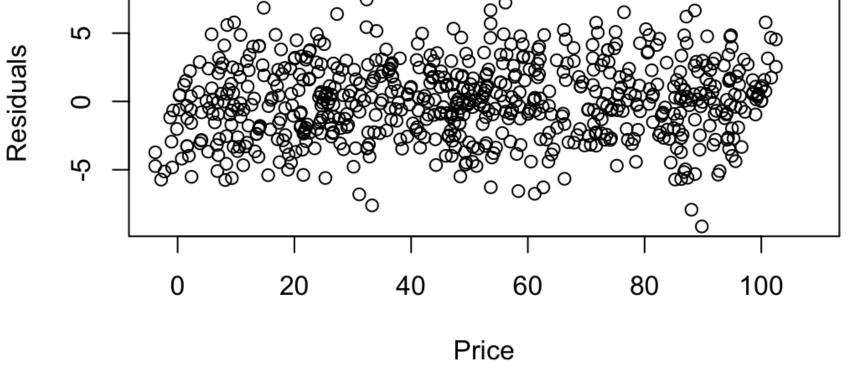
Loading ggplot Hide library(ggplot2) Print the head of the dataset Hide path <- "/Users/pulkitbatra/Downloads/archive-2/train.csv"</pre> trainingSet = read.csv(path) Check for NA and missing values is.na return a vector with value TT for missing values. Hide numberOfNA = length(which(is.na(trainingSet)==T)) if(numberOfNA > 0) { cat('Number of missing values found: ', numberOfNA) cat('\nRemoving missing values...') trainingSet = trainingSet[complete.cases(trainingSet),] Number of missing values found: 1 Removing missing values... Check for outliers Divide the graph area in 2 columns Hide par(mfrow = c(1, 2))# Boxplot for X boxplot(trainingSet\$x, main='X', sub=paste('Outliers: ', boxplot.stats(trainingSet\$x)\$out)) # Boxplot for Y boxplot(trainingSet\$y, main='Y', sub=paste('Outliers: ', boxplot.stats(trainingSet\$y)\$out)) X 100 80 9 20 0 0 **Outliers: Outliers:** Hide cor(trainingSet\$x, trainingSet\$y) [1] 0.9953399 0.99 shows a very strong relation. Hide regressor = $lm(formula = y \sim .,$ data = trainingSet) Hide summary(regressor) Call: $lm(formula = y \sim ., data = trainingSet)$ Residuals: 1Q Median 3Q Max -9.1523 -2.0179 0.0325 1.8573 8.9132 Coefficients: Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)(Intercept) -0.107265 0.212170 -0.506 0.613 1.000656 0.003672 272.510 <2e-16 *** Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 Residual standard error: 2.809 on 697 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.9907, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9907 F-statistic: 7.426e+04 on 1 and 697 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16plot Hide ggplot() + geom_point(aes(x = trainingSet\$x, y = trainingSet\$y), colour = 'red') + $geom_line(aes(x = trainingSet$x, y = predict(regressor, newdata = trainingSet)),$ colour = 'blue') + ggtitle('X vs Y (Training set)') + xlab('X') +ylab('Y') X vs Y (Training set) 90 -60 **-**30 -25 75 50 100 Χ ## Test Hide testPath <- "/Users/pulkitbatra/Downloads/archive-2/test.csv"</pre> testSet = read.csv(testPath) y_pred = predict(regressor, newdata = testSet) Visualsing the result Hide ggplot() + $geom_point(aes(x = testSet$x, y = testSet$y),$ colour = 'red') + $geom_line(aes(x = trainingSet\$x, y = predict(regressor, newdata = trainingSet)),$ colour = 'blue') + ggtitle('X vs Y (Test set)') + xlab('X') +ylab('Y') X vs Y (Test set) 100 -75 **-≻** 50 -25 **-**50 25 75 100 Χ # Plot shows model was a good fit. Hide compare <- cbind (actual=testSet\$x, y_pred) # combine actual and predicted</pre> mean (apply(compare, 1, min)/apply(compare, 1, max)) [1] -Inf Hide mean(0.9, 0.9, 0.9, 0.9)[1] 0.9 ### Check for residual mean and distribution Hide plot(trainingSet\$y, resid(regressor), ylab="Residuals", xlab="Price", main="Residual plot") Residual plot

LinearReggresion

Code **▼**



```
Hide
mean(regressor$residuals)

[1] -1.353233e-16
```