INHERITANCE EXAMPLE

INTRODUCTION

There aren't many good examples on inheritance available on the web. They are either extremely simple and artificial or they are way to complicated. We want to close the gap by providing an example which is on the one hand more realistic - but still not realistic - and on the other hand simple enough to see and understand the basic aspects of inheritance. In our previous chapter, we introduced inheritance formally.

To this purpose we define two base classes: One is an implementation of a clock and the other one of a calendar. Based on these two classes, we define a class Calendar Clock,



which inherits both from the class Calendar and from the class Clock.

THE CLOCK CLASS

```
class Clock(object):
    def init (self,hours=0, minutes=0, seconds=0):
        self. hours = hours
        self.__minutes = minutes
        self. seconds = seconds
    def set(self,hours, minutes, seconds=0):
        self. hours = hours
        self.__minutes = minutes
        self. seconds = seconds
    def tick(self):
        """ Time will be advanced by one second """
       if self.__seconds == 59:
            self. seconds = 0
            if (self. minutes == 59):
               self. minutes = 0
                self. hours = 0 if self. hours==23 else
self. hours+1
                self. minutes += 1;
```

```
else:
             self. seconds += 1;
     def display(self):
         print("%d:%d:%d" % (self. hours, self. minutes,
 self. seconds))
     def str (self):
         return "%2d:%2d:%2d" % (self. hours, self. minutes,
 self. seconds)
 x = Clock()
 print(x)
 for i in xrange(10000):
     x.tick()
 print(x)
THE CALENDAR CLASS
 class Calendar(object):
     months = (31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31)
     def init (self, day=1, month=1, year=1900):
         self.__day = day
         self. month = month
         self. year = year
     def leapyear(self, y):
         if y % 4:
            # not a leap year
            return 0;
         else:
            if y % 100:
             return 1;
            else:
              if y % 400:
                return 0
              else:
                 return 1;
     def set(self, day, month, year):
         self. day = day
         self.__month = month
         self. year = year
```

```
def get():
         return (self, self. day, self. month, self. year)
     def advance(self):
        months = Calendar.months
        max days = months[self. month-1]
        if self. month == 2:
                max days += self.leapyear(self. year)
        if self. day == max days:
                self. day = 1
                if (self. month == 12):
                       self. month = 1
                        self. year += 1
                else:
                        self. month += 1
         else:
                self. day += 1
     def str (self):
       return str(self. day)+"/"+ str(self. month)+ "/"+
 str(self. year)
 if name == " main ":
    x = Calendar()
    print(x)
    x.advance()
    print(x)
THE CALENDAR-CLOCK CLASS
```

```
from clock import Clock
from calendar import Calendar
class CalendarClock(Clock, Calendar):
   def init (self, day,month,year,hours=0, minutes=0,seconds=0):
       Calendar. init (self, day, month, year)
       Clock. init (self, hours, minutes, seconds)
   def str (self):
      return Calendar. str (self) + ", " + Clock. str (self)
if name == " main ":
  x = CalendarClock(24, 12, 57)
  print(x)
```

```
for i in range(1000):
    x.tick()
for i in range(1000):
    x.advance()
print(x)
```

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