

LAB Activity 2

① a $y = \sqrt{x}$ $y = 2-x$ $y = 0$ $\text{rotate} = x\text{-axis}$

$$\sqrt{x}^2 = (2-x)^2$$

$$x = 4 - 2x - 2x + x^2$$

$$= 4 - 4x + x^2$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\boxed{x=1} \checkmark$$

b I $V = \pi \int_0^1 (\sqrt{x})^2 dx + \pi \int_1^2 (2-x)^2 dx$

II $V = \pi \int_0^1 (\sqrt{x})^2 dx + \pi \int_1^2 (2-x)^2 dx$

Part b+c+d

$$= \pi \int_0^1 x dx + \pi \int_1^2 (4-4x+x^2) dx$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^1 + \pi \left(4x - 2x^2 + \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_1^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \pi + \left(\pi \left(8 - 8 + \frac{8}{3} \right) - \pi \left(4 - 2 + \frac{1}{3} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \pi + \left(\frac{8}{3} \pi - \frac{7}{3} \pi \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \pi + \frac{1}{3} \pi$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{5}{6} \pi} \checkmark$$

6

② $y = \sqrt{x}$ $y = 2 - x$ $x = 0$ x -Axis $[0, 1]$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 (2-x)^2 - (\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \pi \int_0^1 4 - 4x + x^2 - x dx = \pi \int_0^1 4 - 3x + x^2 dx$$

$$= \pi \left(4x - \frac{3x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \pi \left(4 - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) = \boxed{\frac{17\pi}{6}} \checkmark$$

③ $y = x^2$ $y = \frac{x}{2}$ Rotate = y -Axis $[0, \frac{1}{2}]$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\frac{x}{2} - x^2 \right) dx = 2\pi \left(\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{24} \right) = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{24}} \checkmark$$

④ a $y = x\sqrt{2-x}$ $y = 0$ Rotate = x -Axis $[0, 2]$

$$V = \pi \int_0^2 (x\sqrt{2-x})^2 dx = \pi \int_0^2 x^2(2-x) dx = \pi \int_0^2 2x^2 - x^3 dx$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^2 = \pi \left(\frac{16}{3} - 4 \right) = \boxed{\frac{4\pi}{3}} \checkmark$$

b $y = x\sqrt{2-x}$ $y = 0$ Rotate = y -Axis $[0, 2]$

$$V = 2\pi \int_0^2 (x\sqrt{2-x}) dx$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^2 x\sqrt{u} dx$$

$$u = 2 - x \quad du = -1 dx$$

$$= 2\pi \int (u^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2\sqrt{u}) du$$

$$= \int u^{\frac{3}{2}} du - 2 \int \sqrt{u} du$$

$$= \frac{2(2-x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - 2 \left(\frac{2(2-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right) \Big|_2^0$$

$$= \frac{4\pi(2-x)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{8\pi(2-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

Lab Activity 2

$$= \frac{4\pi(-3x-4)(2-x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15} \Big|_0^2 = \boxed{\frac{2^{\frac{11}{2}}}{15}\pi}$$