SDM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Dhavalagiri, Dharwad-580002, Karnataka State, India.

Email: cse.sdmcet@gmail.com

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

A Report on

ASSIGNMENT 1

COURSE CODE:22UCSC501 COURSE TITLE: Database Management Systems
SEMESTER:V DIVISION: A
COURSE TEACHER: Prof.Dr.U.P.Kulkarni



[Academic Year- 2024-25]

Date of Submission: 24-10-2024

Submitted By

NAME:PUNARVASU USN: 2SD23CS407

Q1.write a C program to demonstrate all file operations related to system calls supported by unix operating system and c libraries openReadoperation:

```
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define BUF_SIZE 1024
int main(int argc,char *argv[]){
int fd=open(argv[1],O_RDONLY);
printf("%d\n",fd);
char buf[BUF_SIZE];
if(fd!=-1)
ssize_t numread=read(fd,buf,BUF_SIZE-1);
while(numread>0){
  buf[numread]='\0';
  printf("%s\n",buf);
  numread=read(fd,buf,BUF_SIZE-1);
}
else{
  printf("error in openning file\n");
  return -1;
return 0;
Output:
gcc openRead.c -o openRead
./openRead passwordmysql.txt
3
alter user 'root'@'localhost' identified by '23cs407'
```

createWrite:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[]){
  int fd=open("E:/c prog/new.txt",O_CREAT | O_WRONLY,S_IRUSR |
S_IWUSR | S_IXUSR);
  if(fd>-1){
    write(fd, "test data\n", 11);
  }else{
    printf("failed to create file ");
  }
  return 0;
Output:
gcc createWrite.c -o createWrite
./createWrite
Ls
                                   Length Name
Mode
               LastWriteTime
      24-10-2024
                      08:40
                                     12 new.txt
-a----
```

LseekClose:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define BUF_SIZE 11
int main(int argc,char *argv[]){
  int fd=open(argv[1],O_RDONLY);
  char buf[BUF_SIZE];
  if(fd != -1){
    int seek=lseek(fd,(BUF_SIZE-1)*2,SEEK_SET);
    if(seek != -1){
    ssize_t numread=read(fd,buf,BUF_SIZE-1);
     printf("%s",buf);
     }
    else{
    printf("error in seeking file!\n");
    return -1;
  }
  close(fd);
  }else{
    printf("error in opening file!\n");
    return -1;
  }}
```

Output:

```
cat fileopiseek.txt
003,121,123
121,323,334
232,232,343
232,433,343
./IseekClose fileopiseek.txt
232,232,343
FILEHNADLING
Write
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
int main(void)
  FILE *fh_output ;
  fh_output=fopen("io.txt","w");
  fputs("abc",fh_output);
  fputs("123\n",fh\_output);
  fputs("A string\n",fh_output);
  int data=5;
  fprintf(fh_output,"data:%d\n",data);
   fclose(fh_output);
  return 0;}
```

Output:

```
gcc FILEHANDLING2.c -o FILEHANDLING2
./FILEHANDLING2
abc123
A string
data:5
Append:
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
  FILE *fh_out;
  fh_out=fopen("o.txt","a");
  int data=5;
  fprintf(fh_out,"data:%d\n",data);
  fputs("abc",fh_out);
  fputs("123\n",fh_out);
  fputs("A string\n",fh_out);
  fclose(fh_out);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Output:
gcc filehandlingappend.c -o filehandlingappend
./filehandlingappend
cat o.txt
abc123
A string
abc123
A string
data:5
abc123
A string
Readwritecreat
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
int main(void){
  FILE *fh_output;
  fh_output=fopen("io.txt","w");
  int input=0;
  while(true)
     printf("enter no (-1 quits):");
     scanf("%d",&input);
```

```
if(input==-1)break;
    else fprintf(fh_output,"%d\n",input);
  }
  fclose(fh_output);
  //#READONLY
  FILE *fh_input;
  fh_input=fopen("io.txt","r");
  int finput=0;
  int lines=0;
  int numbers[100];
  while( fscanf(fh_input,"%d",&finput)!=EOF){
    numbers[lines]=finput;
    printf("number: %d\n",finput);
    lines++;
  fclose(fh_input);
  return 0;
OUTPUT:
gcc TEST1.C -o TEST1
./TEST1
enter no (-1 quits):2
enter no (-1 quits):3
```

```
enter no (-1 quits):2
enter no (-1 quits):-1
number: 2
number: 3
number: 2
Q2.write a c program to demonstrate indexing I and associated operations
#include <stdio.h>
#define SIZE 5 // Define the size of the array
// Function to display the contents of the array
void displayArray(int arr[], int size) {
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
     printf("arr[%d] = %d\n", i, arr[i]);
  }
int main() {
  int array[SIZE] = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\}; // Initialize the array
  printf("Initial array contents:\n");
  displayArray(array, SIZE);
  // Accessing array elements using indexing
  printf("\nAccessing elements using indexing:\n");
  printf("Element at index 0: %d\n", array[0]);
  printf("Element at index 2: %d\n", array[2]);
  printf("Element at index 4: %d\n", array[4]);
```

```
// Modifying elements at specific indices
  array[1] = 100; // Change the element at index 1
  array[3] = 200; // Change the element at index 3
  printf("\nArray contents after modification:\n");
  displayArray(array, SIZE);
  return 0;
}
Output:
Initial array contents:
arr[0] = 10
arr[1] = 20
arr[2] = 30
arr[3] = 40
arr[4] = 50
Accessing elements using indexing:
Element at index 0: 10
Element at index 2: 30
Element at index 4: 50
Array contents after modification:
arr[0] = 10
arr[1] = 100
arr[2] = 30
arr[3] = 200
```

```
arr[4] = 50
Q3. write a java program to access the given excel file with known file format.
import org.apache.poi.ss.usermodel.*;
import org.apache.poi.xssf.usermodel.XSSFWorkbook;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
public class ExcelReader {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    // Path to your Excel file
     String excelFilePath = "E:\new1.1\Book1.xlsx";
    try {
       // Load the Excel file
       FileInputStream fileInputStream = new FileInputStream(new
      File(E:\langle new1.1 \rangle Book1.xlsx));
       // Create a workbook instance that refers to the .xlsx file
       Workbook workbook = new XSSFWorkbook(fileInputStream);
       // Get the first sheet from the workbook
       Sheet sheet = workbook.getSheetAt(0);
```

```
// Iterate through each row in the sheet
for (Row row : sheet) {
  // Iterate through each cell in the row
  for (Cell cell : row) {
     // Process based on the cell type
     switch (cell.getCellType()) {
       case STRING:
          System.out.print(cell.getStringCellValue() + "\t");
          break;
       case NUMERIC:
          System.out.print(cell.getNumericCellValue() + "\t");
          break;
      case BOOLEAN:
          System.out.print(cell.getBooleanCellValue() + "\t");
          break;
       case FORMULA:
          System.out.print(cell.getCellFormula() + "\t");
          break;
       default:
          System.out.print("Unknown Value\t");
     }
  System.out.println();
// Close the workbook and file stream
```

```
workbook.close();
fileInputStream.close();
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
```

Output:

NAME PASSWORD user_name1 password345 user_name2 password678 user_name3 passeord654