

# Лабораторная работа #2

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Дисциплина: "Функциональное программирование"

Дата: 2021/10

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Название: "Реализация структуры данных. Property-based testing"

**Цель работы:** освоиться с построением пользовательских типов данных, полиморфизмом, рекурсивными алгоритмами и средствами тестирования (unit testing, property-based testing).

Вариант:

ЯП	Clojure
Структура	Open addressing Hash-Map

Требования:

- Функции:
  - добавление и удаление элементов;
  - фильтрация;
  - отображение (map);
  - свертки (левая и правая);
  - структура должна быть моноидом.
- Структуры данных должны быть неизменяемыми. Если язык допускает изменение данных – необходимо это протестировать.
- Реализованные функции должны быть встроены/совместимы со стандартными интерфейсами/библиотекой.
- Библиотека должна быть протестирована в рамках unit testing.
- Библиотека должна быть протестирована в рамках property-based тестирования (как минимум 3 свойства).
- Структура должна быть полиморфной.
- Требуется использовать идиоматичный для технологии стиль программирования.

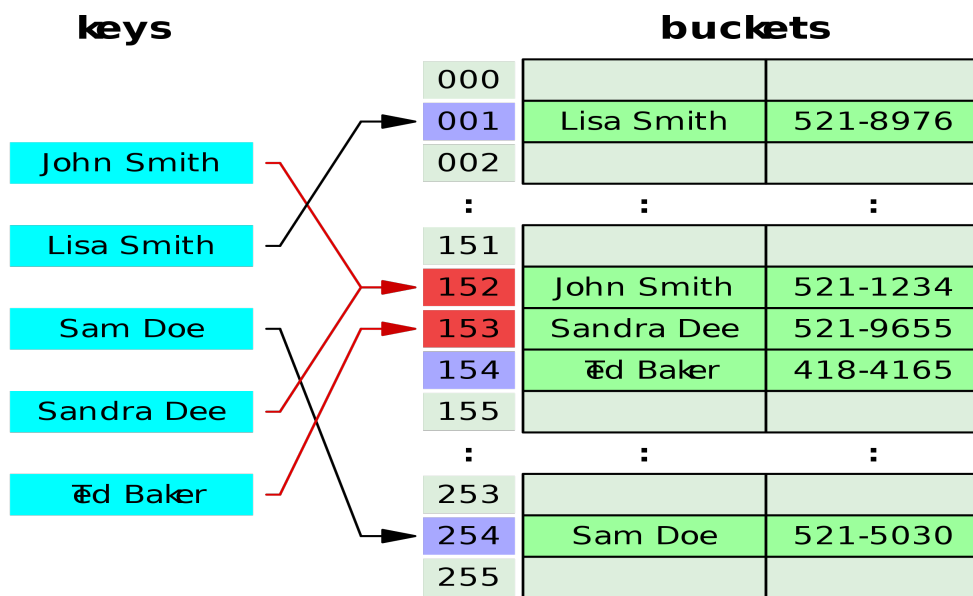
## Выполнение

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[Ссылка на репозиторий](#)

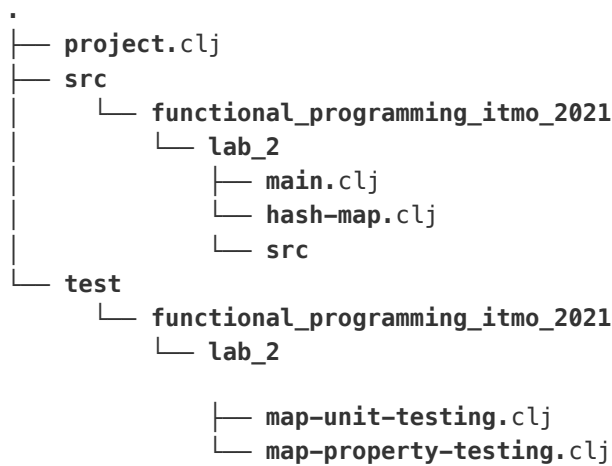
### Структура данных

Hash-Map с открытой адресацией. Отличие от "стандартной" реализации, заключается в механизме разрешения коллизий. Вместо выстраивания цепочек после перехода по хешу, мы продолжаем делать *хоты* помощью "смежных" хэш функций, пока не найдем свободное место.



## Программная реализация

Структура проекта:



Настройка Clojure-окружения с помощью Leiningen:

project.clj

```

(defproject functional-programming-itmo-2021 "0.0.1"
  :description "FIXME: write description"
  :url "http://example.com/FIXME"
  :dependencies [[org.clojure/clojure "1.10.1"]
                 [repl/lein-repl "0.3.2"]]
  :profiles {
    :lab_1 {
      :repl-options {
        :init-ns functional-programming-i
        :package functional-programming-i
      }
      :main functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-1.mai
    }
    :lab_2 {
      :repl-options {
        :init-ns functional-programming-i

```

```

        :init-ns functional-programming-1
        :package functional-programming-i
    }
    :main functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.mai
  }
)

```

## Имплементация Hash-Map:

hash-map.clj

```

(ns functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.hash-map
  (:import (clojure.lang IPersistentMap Associative Util ILookup IMapEntry Seq
    (java.util Map)))

(defrecord OpenMapEntry [key tombstone val]
  IMapEntry
  (getKey [_] key)
  (getValue [_] val))

(defn exact-entry? [key candidate]
  (and (not (:tombstone candidate)) (.equals key (:key candidate))))

(defn find-entry [arr key]
  (loop [computed (-> key hash int Math/abs)
        times-left (count arr)]
    (let [pos (rem computed (count arr))]
      (if-let [entry (nth arr pos)]
        (if (exact-entry? key entry)
          [entry pos]
          (if (> times-left 0)
            (recur (inc computed) (dec times-left)) [nil nil]))
        [nil pos]))
    ))

(defn insert-entries
  [amount arr new-entries]
  (if (or (empty? new-entries) (<= amount 0))
    [arr new-entries]
    (if-let [pos (last (find-entry arr (:key (first new-entries))))]
      (recur (dec amount) (assoc arr pos (first new-entries)) (rest new-entries))
      (println "Reached nil: " amount arr new-entries)
      ))
  )

(defn inc-load-by [load arr amount] (+ load (/ (double amount) (count arr))))

(defn non-empty-cells [arr] (filter #(not (or (nil? %) (:tombstone %))) arr))

(defn rebalance
  ([arr] (rebalance arr 2))
  ([arr coef]
   (let [current-size (count arr)
         filtered (non-empty-cells arr)]
     (->> filtered
       (insert-entries (count filtered) (vec (repeat (* coef (max current-
         first
         \

```

```

    )))

(defn insert [load arr new]
  (let [next-load (inc-load-by load arr 1)]
    (if (>= next-load 0.8)
      (let [rebalanced (rebalance arr)
            balanced-load (/ (-> rebalanced non-empty-cells count double) (count rebalanced))
            (insert balanced-load rebalanced new)]
        [(first (insert-entries 1 arr [new])) next-load]
      )))

(defn delete [arr key]
  (if-let [pos (last (find-entry arr key))]
    (assoc arr pos (->OpenMapEntry key true nil))
    arr
  ))

(def compute-meta
  (memoize (fn [contents] {:size (count (non-empty-cells contents))})))

(declare ->OpenAddressesMap)
(deftype OpenAddressesMap [contents load]
  IMeta
  (meta [_] (compute-meta contents))

  ILookup
  (valAt [_ k not-found]
    (if-let [[attempt _] (find-entry contents k)]
      (:val attempt)
      not-found))

  (valAt [m k] (.valAt m k nil))

  Iterable
  (iterator [m] (.iterator (seq m)))

  Seqable
  (seq [_] (non-empty-cells contents))

  IPersistentMap
  (assoc [_ k v] (apply ->OpenAddressesMap (insert load contents (->OpenMapEnt
    (assocEx [m k v] (if (.containsKey m k)
      (.runtimeException Util "Key already present")
      (.assoc m k v))))))
  (without [_ k] (->OpenAddressesMap (delete contents k) load))

  MapEquivalence

  IPersistentCollection
  (count [m] (:size (.meta m)))
  (cons [m new] (cond
    (and (instance? IPersistentVector new) (>= (count new) 2))
    (instance? IMapEntry new) (assoc m (key new) (val new))
    (instance? Seqable new) (reduce #(assoc %1 (key %2) (val %2))
      [] new))
    ))
  (empty [_] (->OpenAddressesMap [] 1.0))
  (equiv [m o]
    (if (or
      (not (or (instance? Map o) (instance? IPersistentMap o)))

```

```

    (and
      (instance? IPersistentMap o)
      (->> o (instance? MapEquivalence) not))
    (not= (count o) (count m)))
  false
  (loop [elems (seq m)]
    (let [cur-elem (first elems)]
      (if-not (empty? elems)
        (if (or
              (not (contains? o (.getKey cur-elem)))
              (not (= (.getValue cur-elem) (get o (.getKey cur-elem))
                      false
                      (recur (rest elems))))
            true))))))
)

```

Associative

```

(containsKey [_ k] (let [[attempt _] (find-entry contents k)]
                     (if-not (or (nil? attempt) (:tombstone attempt))
                       true
                       false
                     )))

```

```

(entryAt [_ k] (first (find-entry contents k)))

```

```

)

```

(defn open-address-map

```

  ([] (->OpenAddressesMap [nil nil nil nil] 0.0))
  ([src-map] (open-address-map src-map 2))
  ([src-map coef] (->OpenAddressesMap (->>
                                         src-map
                                         (map #(->OpenMapEntry (first %) false
                                                                (#(rebalance % coef))
                                                                ) (/ 1.0 coef)))))

```

```

(def example (open-address-map {1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8}))

```

Демонстрация работы коллекции

main.clj

```

(ns functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.main
  (:require [functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.hash-map :refer :all])
)

```

(defn -main []

```

  (let [hashmap (open-address-map {9 9 10 10})
        merged-with-example (merge hashmap example)
        dissocd (dissoc merged-with-example 1 2 9)
        updated (assoc dissocd 10 "OTHER VALUE")
        retrieved-value (get updated 10)]
    (do
      (println "Example of working with Open-Addressing Hash Map")
      (println "Example hash map: " example)
      (println "Other hash map: " hashmap)
      (println "Merged hash map: " merged-with-example)
      (println "Dissoced hash map: " dissocd)
      (println "Updated hash map: " updated)
      (println "Retrieved value by key 10: " retrieved-value)
    )
  )

```

```
)))
```

stdout

Example of working with Open-Addressing Hash Map

Example hash map: {1 2, 3 4, 7 8, 5 6}

Other hash map: {10 10, 9 9}

Merged hash map: {7 8, 5 6, 10 10, 1 2, 3 4, 9 9}

Dissoced hash map: {7 8, 5 6, 10 10, 3 4}

Updated hash map: {10 OTHER VALUE, 5 6, 7 8, 3 4}

Retrieved value by key 10: OTHER VALUE

## Тестирование коллекции:

### 1. Unit-тестирование с базовыми проверками

map-unit-testing.clj

```
(ns functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.map-unit-testing
  (:require [clojure.test :refer :all]
             [functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.hash-map :refer :all]))

(def full-map (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} (range 9))))
(def mixed-map (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} (range 5))))
(def empty-map (open-address-map {}))

(deftest full-get-test
  (is (= (range 9) (map #(get full-map %) (range 9)))))

(deftest mixed-get-test
  (is (= (concat (range 5) (repeat 4 nil)) (map #(get mixed-map %) (range 9)))))

(deftest empty-get-test
  (is (= (repeat 9 nil) (map #(get empty-map %) (range 9)))))

(deftest full-insert-test
  (is (= (concat (range 13) [nil]) (map #(get (merge full-map {9 9 10 10}) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest mixed-insert-test
  (is (= (concat (range 5) (repeat 4 nil) (range 9 13) [nil]) (map #(get (merge mixed-map {9 9 10 10}) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest empty-insert-test
  (is (= (concat (repeat 9 nil) (range 9 13) [nil]) (map #(get (merge empty-map {9 9 10 10}) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest full-delete-test
  (is (= (concat (repeat 4 nil) (range 4 9) (repeat 5 nil)) (map #(get (dissoc full-map 0 1 2 3) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest mixed-delete-test
  (is (= (concat (repeat 4 nil) [4] (repeat 9 nil)) (map #(get (dissoc mixed-map 0 1 2 3) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest full-delete-test
  (is (= (repeat 14 nil) (map #(get (dissoc empty-map 0 1 2 3) %) (range 14)))))

(deftest full-count-test
  (is (= 9 (count full-map))))

(deftest mixed-count-test
  (is (= 5 (count mixed-map))))
```

```

(is (= 5 (count mixed-map))))

(deftest empty-count-test
  (is (= 0 (count empty-map))))

(deftest full-map-equiv-test
  (is (.equiv full-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} (range 9)))))

(deftest mixed-map-equiv-test
  (is (.equiv mixed-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} (range 5)))))

(deftest empty-map-equiv-test
  (is (.equiv empty-map {})))

```

## 2. Property-based тестирование с тремя правилами

map-property-testing.clj

```

(ns functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.map-property-testing
  (:require [clojure.test :refer :all]
             [functional-programming-itmo-2021.lab-2.hash-map :refer :all]))

(defn run-test [test-fn times] (reduce #(and %1 %2) (repeatedly times test-fn)))

; Three properties
; 1. If Map was build using keyA, it contains keyA
; 2. If Map was disassociated by keyA, it no longer contains it
; 3. If Map was merged with another one, it contains all subset of keys

(defn generate-vec [size] (repeatedly size #(rand-int 10E+6)))

; First property (map <- ... keyA ...) contains keyA

(defn contains-key-prop []
  (let [limit 1000
        data (generate-vec limit)
        generated (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} data))
        rnd-idx (rand-int limit)]
    (contains? generated (nth data rnd-idx))
  ))

(deftest first-property
  (is (run-test contains-key-prop 100)))

; Second property (dissoc map keyA) not contains keyA

(defn dissoc-key-prop []
  (let [limit 1000
        data (generate-vec limit)
        generated (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} data))
        rnd-key (nth data (rand-int limit))
        stripped (dissoc generated rnd-key)]
    (not (contains? stripped rnd-key))))

(deftest second-property
  (is (run-test dissoc-key-prop 100)))

; Third property (merge map1 map2) contains all keys

(defn merge-key-prop []

```

```
(defn merge-key-prop [n]
  (let [limit 1000
        data-1 (generate-vec limit)
        data-2 (generate-vec limit)
        generated-1 (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} data-1))
        generated-2 (open-address-map (reduce #(assoc %1 %2 %2) {} data-2))
        all-keys (reduce #(conj %1 %2) #{} (concat data-1 data-2))
        all-merged (merge generated-1 generated-2)]
    (reduce #(and %1 %2) (map #(contains? all-merged %) all-keys))
  ))

(deftest third-property

  (is (run-test merge-key-prop 100)))
```