

1. What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

Answer: c) 15

2. `numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)`
`sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)`
`even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0`
`even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)`
`print(type(even_numbers))`
a) Int
b) Filter
c) List
d) Tuple

Answer: List

3. As what datatype are the `*args` stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

Answer: a) Tuple

4. `set1 = {14, 3, 55}`
`set2 = {82, 49, 62}`
`set3={99,22,17}`
`print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))`
a) 105
b) 270
c) 0
d) Error

Answer: d) Error

5. What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

Answer: a) raise

6. Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?
- a) timedata
 - b) date
 - c) datetime
 - d) time

answer: c) datetime

7. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
- ```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```
- a) 248 b) 169 c) 208 d) 233

Answer: c) 208

8. Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
- a).strptime b) strftime c) both a) and b) d) None

Answer: a).strptime

9. The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

- a) mutable b)immutable c)unchangeable d) none

Answer: b) immutable

10. The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.
- A. range() B. set() C. dictionary{} D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: A. range()

11. Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?
- A. Del function B. Show function C. Lambda function D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: C. Lambda Function

12. The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure B. De-serializing Python object structure C. Both A and B D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: C. Both A and B

13. Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method B. dump() method C. load() method D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: B. dump() method

14. Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load() B. set() method C. dump() method D. None of the mentioned above

Answer: load()

15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets B. Numbers C. Special symbols D. All of the mentioned above

Answer: D. all of the mentioned

16. Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output?

(Select all that apply.)

```
captains = {
 "Enterprise": "Picard",
 "Voyager": "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
Enterprise Picard,
Voyager Janeway
Defiant Sisko
```

- a) for ship, captain in captains.items():  
 print(ship, captain)  
b) for ship in captains:  
 print(ship, captains[ship])  
c) for ship in captains:  
 print(ship, captains)  
d) both a and b

Answer: d) both a and b

17. Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

- a) captains = {dict}
- b) type(captains)
- c) captains.dict()
- d) captains = {}

Answer: d) captains = {}

18. Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

- a) 

```
captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}
captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
```
- b) 

```
captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
```
- c) 

```
captains = {
 "Enterprise": "Picard",
 "Voyager": "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
}
```
- d) None of the above

Answer: b) 

```
captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"
captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
```

19. You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:

```
captains = {
 "Enterprise": "Picard",
 "Voyager": "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
 "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) for item in captains.items(): print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")
- b) for ship, captain in captains.items():  
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
- c) for captain, ship in captains.items():  
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
- d) All are correct

Answer: for ship, captain in captains.items():  
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")

20. You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {
 "Enterprise": "Picard",
 "Voyager": "Janeway",
 "Defiant": "Sisko",
 "Discovery": "unknown",
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) del captains
- b) captains.remove()
- c) del captains["Discovery"]
- d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

Answer: c) del captains["Discovery"]