1. What are the primitive data types in C Language?

Ans → int, char, float, double, void, etc.

2. What kind of statements can be written outside the function body?

Ans → Declaration statements

3. What is the size of the float type variable?

Ans → 4bytes

4. What is the value of an uninitialized variable?

Ans → Undefined value.

5. What is the difference between float and double?

Ans→ Float – single precision(accuracy) {Variable size 4bytes}

Double – double precision(accuracy) {Variable size 8bytes}.

6. What is the full form of ASCII?

Ans → American Standard Code for Information Intercharge.

7. What is the difference between a keyword and a function?

Ans → **Keyword** – keywords are words that have special meaning to the compiler(also called predefined words and reserved words)

Function – function is a block of statements, which has some name for identification.

8. Explore the use of type modifiers in C language.

Ans → **Type Modifiers** - are special keywords defined in the programming language which are used to modify the default properties of the Built-in Data types.

Type Modifiers - are special keywords that are used to modify the range of the data types and also the memory space allocated to the variable.

9. Can you assign a character constant in an int variable?

Ans \rightarrow Yes.

10. State the following statement as true or false -"Every block of code is a function". Ans → true .