
When you get your lab done, save this answer sheet using file name including your student ID as “**Lab1-6188xxx.docx**” or “**Lab1-6188xxx.pdf**”, for example. Submit this file to a lab folder in **MyCourses** website (or other channel as instructed) according to your section.

Lab 1 : Introduction to Cryptography

Follow Lab 1 direction ([Lab1_Explanatory_slides.pdf](#)) and answer the following questions.

Part 1-1: Classical Symmetric Cryptography **Encryption using Caesar Cipher**

Question 1: See the default settings of Caesar Cipher.

What are the values of these settings ?

- 1) Action : Encrypt
- 2) Key : 3
- 3) Character mapping : A -> D
- 4) Unknown symbols handling : Ignored (leave unmodified)
- 5) Case sensitive : (Y/N)

Question 2: Examine the ciphertext and answer the following questions.

- 1) What is the first sentence of plaintext ?

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- 2) What is the first sentence of ciphertext ?

HVWDEOLVKHG LQ 2009, WKH IDFXOWB RI LQIRUPDWLRQ DQG FRPPXQLFDWLRO WHFKQRORJB (LFW) LV RQH RI WKH QHZHVW IDFXOWLHV DW PDKLGRO XQLYHUVLWB.

- 3) Compare the above two answers. Are the characters mapped correctly ? (Y/N) Y

- 4) Copy ciphertext from the text output window then paste it to the text input window. Change Action to “**Decrypt**” then click “**Play**”. Do you get the plaintext back ? (Y/N) Y

(If not, try until you get the correct plaintext back.)

Question 3: Clear all input text, then type “**ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ**”, change Action to “**Encrypt**”, change Key to **13** and click “**Play**”.

- 1) What is the output ciphertext ? NOPQRSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLM
- 2) If key = 19, what will “**K**” map to ? D
- 3) If key = 25, what will “**A**” map to ? Z

Part 1-2: Classical Symmetric Cryptography (cont.)

Attack the Caesar Cipher using frequency analysis

Question 4 : Open “Frequency Analysis.cwm”, “Play”, then “Stop”. Observe the output graph.

Answer the following questions.

- 1) What letter has the highest frequency of occurrences ? E
- 2) What letter has the second highest frequency of occurrences ? T
- 3) What letter has the lowest frequency of occurrences ? Z
- 4) Letter “N” appears 7.22 %
- 5) Letter “Q” appears 0.81 %

Question 5 : Answer the following questions.

- 1) What letter has the highest frequency of occurrences ? E
- 2) What letter has the second highest frequency of occurrences ? N
- 3) What letter has the lowest frequency of occurrences ? X,Z
- 4) Letter “N” appears 8.93 %
- 5) Letter “P” appears 2.11 %
- 6) Letter “Q” appears 0.2 %
- 7) Letter “Z” appears 0.1 %

Question 6 : Apply Caesar encryption with **Key = 11** to this message. Then use the result ciphertext as an input to plot the letter frequency graph again. Observe the shifting in each bar.

- 1) Letter “E” appears 8.63 % and this should be the ciphertext of letter T .
- 2) Letter “P” appears 11.03 % and this should be the ciphertext of letter E .

Question 7 : Answer the following questions.

- 1) Is the attack successful ? (Y/N) Y
- 2) What is a key used to encrypt the message ? 6
- 3) What are the first line of input and output of the “Caesar Analysis” block ?

The 1st line of input block (ciphertext) : Uax Vn.J. ot Iusvazkx Yioktik otzkxtgzoutgr vxumxgs oy jkyomtkj zu hk g vxumxgs lux yzajktzy cnu cuarj roqk zu iutjaiz iusvazkx yioktik xkykgxin gtj zu hkiusk g iusvazkx yioktzoyz ux iusvazkx yioktik xkykgxinkxy.

The 1st line of output block (plaintext) : OUR PH.D. IN COMPUTER SCIENCE INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO BE A PROGRAM FOR STUDENTS WHO WOULD LIKE TO CONDUCT COMPUTER SCIENCE RESEARCH AND TO BECOME A COMPUTER SCIENTIST OR COMPUTER SCIENCE RESEARCHERS.

Question 8: Answer the following questions.

- 1) What key is found ? 8
- 2) Is the attack successful ? (Y/N) N
- 3) Why successful/Why not successful ? Because the key is not matching to the key in question 7.

Question 9 : Try to break (attack) the following Caesar cipher using “Caesar_Analysis.cwm”.

1) ciphertext = “**hwt HtAA HtpHwtAA DC Iwt HtpHwDGt**”

- 1.1) Is the attack successful ? (Y/N) Y
- 1.2) What is the corresponding plaintext ? SHE SELL SEASHELL ON THE SEASHORE
- 1.3) What is the key ? 15

2) ciphertext = “**mKw QGMJ EwFLsDALQ. osCw MH LG JwsDALQ.**”

- 2.1) Is the attack successful ? (Y/N) N
- 2.2) What is the plaintext ? FDP JZFC XPYELWTEJ. HLPV FA EZ CPLWTEJ.
- 2.3) What is the key ? 7

3) If above cipher is failed to attack by Caesar Analysis, try attacking using brute force attack (try all possible keys).

- 3.1) What is the plaintext ? USE YOUR MENTALITY. WAKE UP TO REALITY.
- 3.2) What is the key ? 8

Part II: Modern Symmetric Cryptography

Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

Question 10 : Observe the default settings. What are the default values for this encryption ?

- 1) Cryptographic Algorithm ? Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
- 2) Action ? Encrypt
- 3) Key size ? 128 bit
- 4) Mode of operations ? Electronic Code Book (ECB)
- 5) Padding method ? Zeros

Question 11 :

- 1) Is the encrypted file successfully opened ? (Y/N) N
 - 2) What do you think happening ? Because the file is encrypted, the picture is changed to the cipher text.
 - 3) What is a key of encryption ? 0E AB ED 20 09 EF AC FF AA DC CA EC CE FE EE FA CE AA DE AE FE DE AE FC EC EC ED EE FA CF CE CE AD EC CE EA DE DE EC E1 98 8E DE EE FA DA EF AC EA DF AE EA EA CD CE EA CC AA DE EC EF CA CE FF AA DC CA EC DE EE AA DA DE EA BE DE CF AC
- (While playing, move mouse pointer over the arrow head of input to AES window.)

Question 12: Display *picture_1.jpg* and *picture_1_decrypted.jpg* together, and compare both images.

- 1) Can "*picture_1_decrypted.jpg*" be opened and displayed successfully ? (Y/N) Y
- 2) Are both images different ? (Y/N) N
- 3) If yes, specify what is the noticeable difference ? _____
- 4) What do we need to change in the workspace in order to perform **AES** encryption with **OFB** mode of operations ? Changing Modes