- ◆ The final exam format will be similar to the midterm.
- Multiple choice, short questions, and scenario questions.
- → Final is 30%.

- ◆ The final exam format will be similar to the midterm.
- Multiple choice, short questions, and scenario questions.
- ◆ The final will cover everything that we studied so far, including the materials covered in the midterm.
- * There will be questions about the project (the assignments)

- Functional Requirements: I will ask you to write a BUC from a scenario.
- ◆ Functional Requirements: I will ask you to use activity diagram to describe a BUC.
- ◆ I will ask you to write atomic functional requirement using snow cards.

- ◆ Requirements for COTS: Begin your business analysis by building a context diagram of the work area that will be affected by the COTS product.
- What is the difference between Exceptions and Alternatives?

- ◆ Non-Functional Requirements: I will ask you short and scenario questions about Non-Functional Requirements.
 - Look and Feel: the spirit of the product's appearance
 - **Usability and Humanity:** the product's ease of use, and any special considerations needed for a better user experience
 - Performance: how fast, how safe, how many, how available, and how accurate the functionality must be
 - Operational: the operating environment of the product, and any considerations that must be taken into account for this environment
 - Maintainability and Support: expected changes, and the time needed to make them; also specification of the support to be given to the product
 - Security: access, confidentiality, recoverability, and audibility of the product
 - Cultural and Political: special requirements that come about because of the culture and customs of people who can come in contact with the product
 - Legal: the laws and standards that apply to the product

- ◆ Non-Functional Requirements: I will ask you short and long scenario questions about Non-Functional Requirements.
- ◆ Three aspects of security: Access, Privacy, Integrity.
- ◆ I will ask you to write non-functional requirements using snow card from a scenario.

•AS A [ROLE] I WANT [FUNCTIONALITY] SO THAT [REASON FOR OR USE OF THE FUNCTIONALITY].

- ◆ Fit Criterion: I will ask you to write fit criterion examples for some functional and non-functional requirements.
- ◆ Even vague, ambiguous requirements can be measured.
- ◆ Example:

Description: The product shall record the weather station readings.

Rationale: The readings are necessary for preparing the de-icing schedule, and must be kept for audit purposes.

Fit Criterion: ??

- ◆ Rationale: good rationale is important to write good fit criterion.
- ◆ Rationale helps to prioritize the requirements.

Quality Gateway (accept/reject requirements):

Within scope? Relevant? Complete? Unambiguous?
Within Constrains, Solution bound? Requirement
Creep? Gold Plating?

SAMSUNG TO AUCTION GOLD UHDTV FOR CHARITY

By AFPRelaxnews | November 15, 2014



- ◆ Quality Gateway: Quality Gateway with two people perhaps the lead requirements analyst and a tester.
- ◆ Requirements creep refers to the process in which new requirements enter the specification after the requirements are considered complete.
- ◆ Why requirement creep happen?

- ◆ Quality Gateway: The customer satisfaction/ dissatisfaction ratings indicate the value that the customer places on a requirement.
- Gold Plating: A low dissatisfaction rating indicates a requirement that is probably gold plating.

- ◆ Quality Gateway: Requirement or Solution?
- ◆ The product shall have a clock on the menu bar. solution.
- ◆ The product shall make the user aware of the current time. —requirement.

- ◆ Requirement Reuse: what is a pattern?
- ◆ A pattern is a guide; it gives you a form to follow when you are trying to replicate, or make a close approximation of, some piece of work.
- ◆ Patterns and Abstraction

◆ Requirement Reuse: What is domain analysis? Domain analysis is the activity of investigating, capturing, and specifying generic knowledge about a subject matter area.

- ◆ Requirement Completeness: Fagan Inspections?
- ◆ Prioritization Factors.
- ◆ Conflict Indicators.

- In the final, I will ask you to draw a data model using class diagram.
- ◆ Cost Analysis: I will ask you how many classes and attributes are referenced in a business use case.