# Graphs

Sections 22.1-22.3 and Appendix B.4

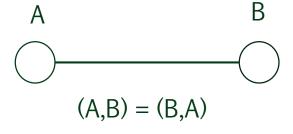


#### Definition

- > A graph G is composed of two sets:
  - A set of vertices V
  - A set of edges E whose endpoints are drawn from V

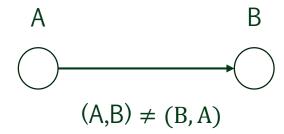
#### Types of Graphs

- > Undirected
  - Each edge connects two vertices but has no orientation



#### > Directed

 Each edge connects two vertices and is oriented from one vertex to the other



#### Types of Graphs

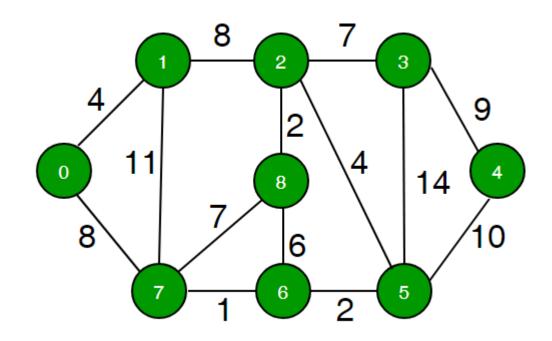
- > Unweighted
  - Each edge has no additional attributes
- > Weighted
  - Each edge has one or more additional attributes





#### Undirected, weighted graph

$$V = \{ 0, 1, 2, ..., 8 \}$$
  
 $E = \{ (0,1), (0,7), (1,2), (1,7), (2,3), (2,5), (2,8), ... \}$ 



#### Four primary methods

- > void AddVertex (T name)
- > void RemoveVertex (T name)
- > void AddEdge (T name1, T name2, int cost)
- > void RemoveEdge (T name1, T name2)

> Which is likely to be the most difficult to implement?

#### Two important additional methods

- > void DepthFirstSearch( )
- > void BreadthFirstSearch()

> Used to traverse the graph (compare with the preorder, inorder, and postorder traversals of a binary tree)

# Adjacency Matrix

for a directed, weighted graph

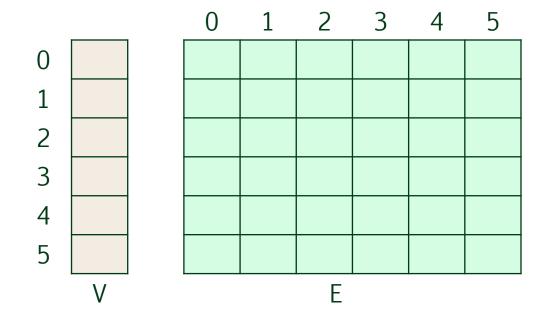


#### Data structure

```
    > public T[] V { set; get; } // Vertex list
    > public int[,] E { set; get; } // Adjacency matrix
    > public int NumVertices { set; get; }
    > public int MaxNumVertices { set; get; }
```

#### Initially

- > NumVertices 0
- > MaxNumVertices 6



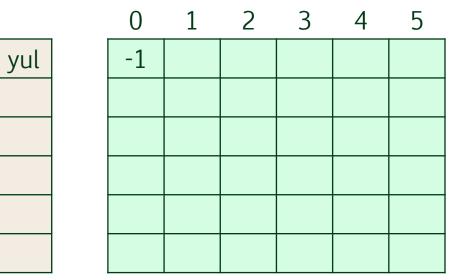
### AddVertex("yul")

> NumVertices 1

4

5

> MaxNumVertices 6





## AddVertex("yyz")

- > NumVertices 2
- > MaxNumVertices 6

yul	)

		U			3	4	Э
0	yul	-1	-1				
1	yyz	-1	-1				
2							
3							
4							
5							
	V			Е			



#### AddVertex("lax")

- > NumVertices 3
- > MaxNumVertices 6

yul )

			U			 4	<u> </u>
0	yul		-1	-1	-1		
1	yyz		-1	-1	-1		
2	lax		-1	-1	-1		
3							
4							
5							
	V	•			Е		





#### AddVertex("lhr")

> NumVertices 4

lax

lhr

4

5

> MaxNumVertices 6

	-1	-1	-1	-1		
	-1	-1	-1	-1		
	-1	-1	-1	-1		
	-1		-1	-1		
	0	1	2	3	4	5







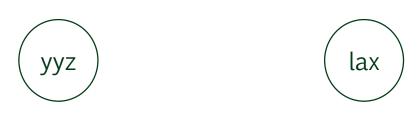
lhr

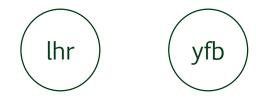
## AddVertex("yfb")

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

			0	1	2	3	4	5
0	yul		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
1	yyz		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
2	lax		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
3	lhr		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
4	yfb		-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
5								
	V	•			F			





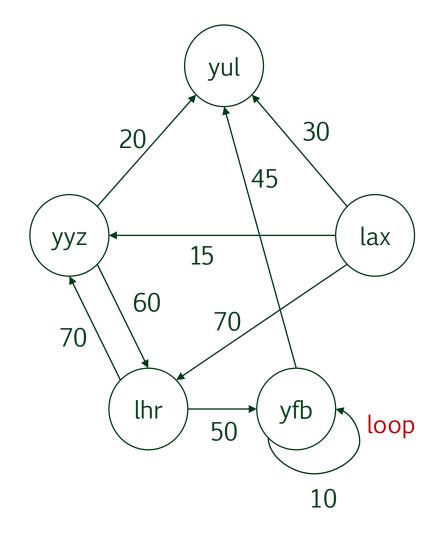


### AddEdges

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

0	yul
1	ууг
2	lax
3	lhr
4	yfb
5	
	V

0	1	2	3	4	5			
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
E								

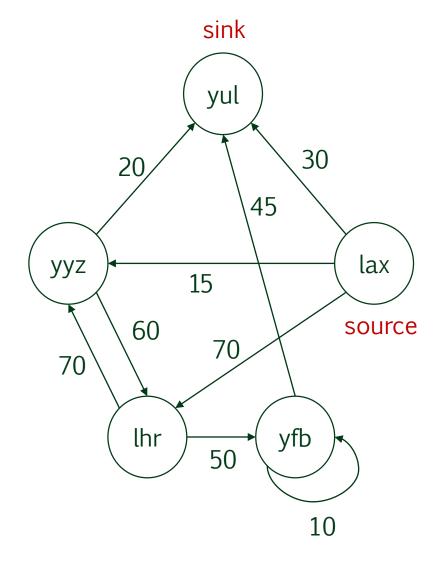


## AddEdges

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

0	yul
1	ууг
2	lax
3	lhr
4	yfb
5	
	V

0	1	2	3	4	5			
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
20	-1	-1	60	-1				
30	15	-1	70	-1				
-1	70	-1	-1	50				
45	-1	-1	-1	10				
E								

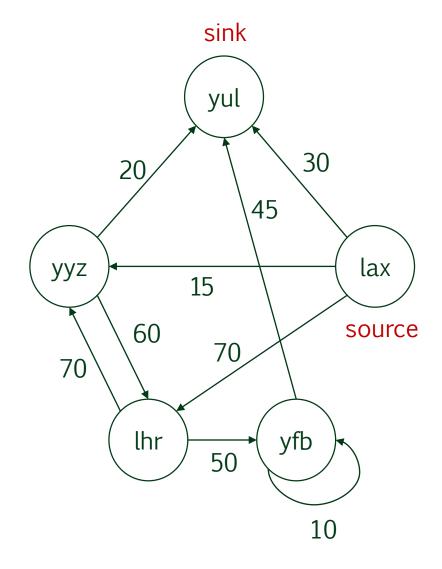


## RemoveEdge("lax", "yyz")

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

0	yul
1	yyz
2	lax
3	lhr
4	yfb
5	
	V

0	1	2	3	4	5			
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1				
20	-1	-1	60	-1				
30	15	-1	70	-1				
-1	70	-1	-1	50				
45	-1	-1	-1	10				
F								

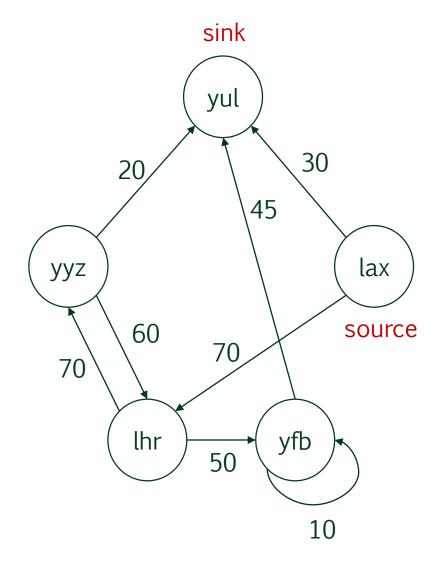


## RemoveEdge("lax", "yyz")

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

0	yul
1	ууг
2	lax
3	lhr
4	yfb
5	
	V

	0	1	2	3	4	5	
	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
	20	-1	-1	60	-1		
	30	-1	-1	70	-1		
	-1	70	-1	-1	50		
	45	-1	-1	-1	10		
Ī	E						

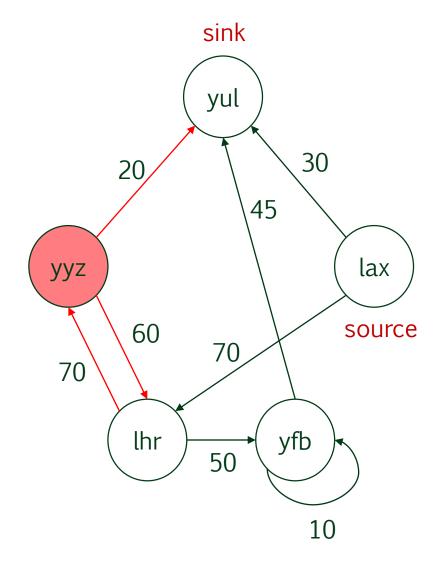


### RemoveVertex("yyz")

- > NumVertices 5
- > MaxNumVertices 6

0	yul
1	yyz
2	lax
3	lhr
4	yfb
5	
	V

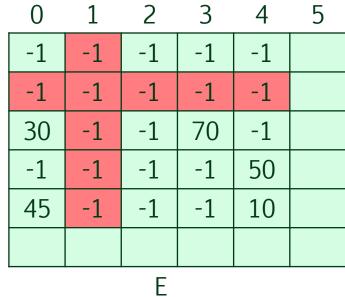
0	1	2	3	4	5
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
20	-1	-1	60	-1	
30	-1	-1	70	-1	
-1	70	-1	-1	50	
45	-1	-1	-1	10	
		F			

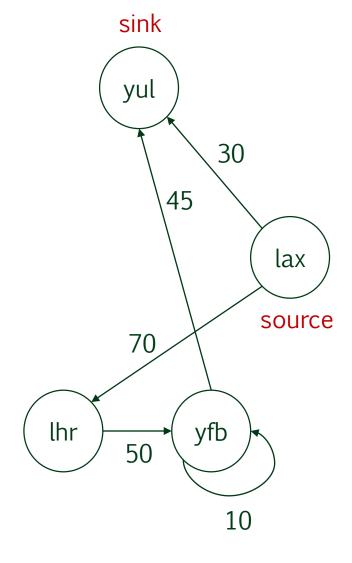


#### First attempt

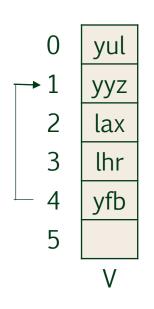
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

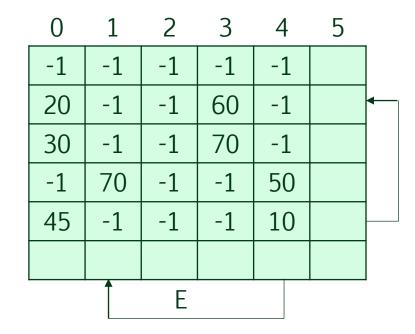
			U	
0	yul		-1	
1			-1	
2	lax		30	
3	lhr		-1	
4	yfb		45	
5				
V				

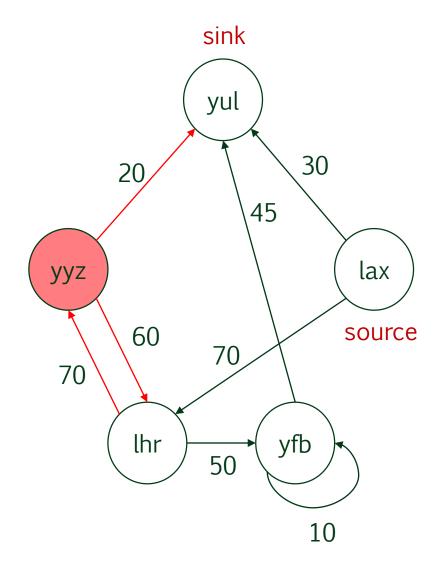




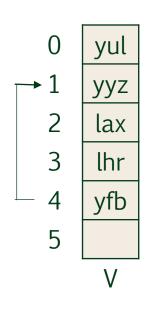
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

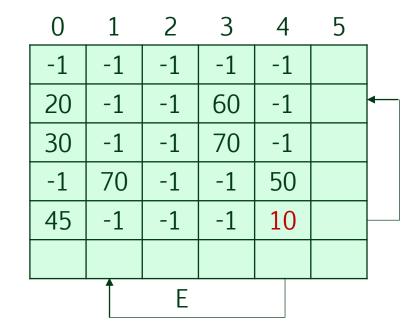


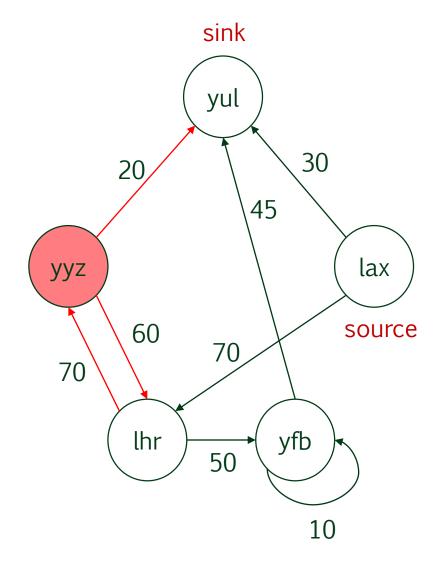




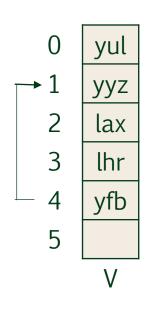
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

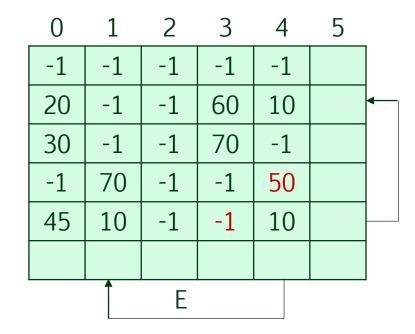


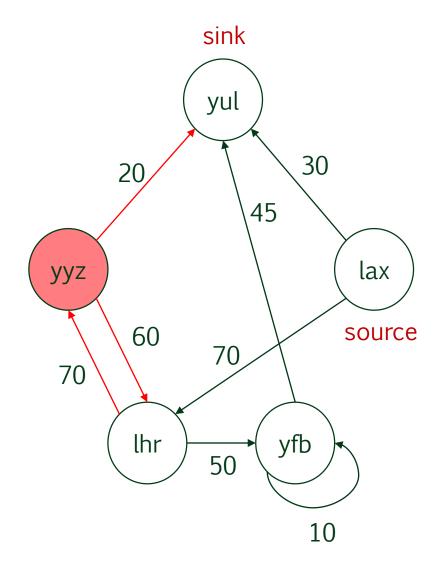




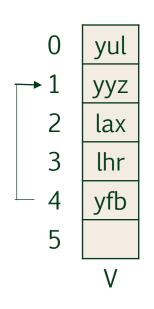
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- > MaxNumVertices 6

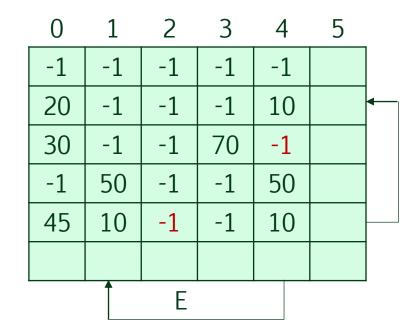


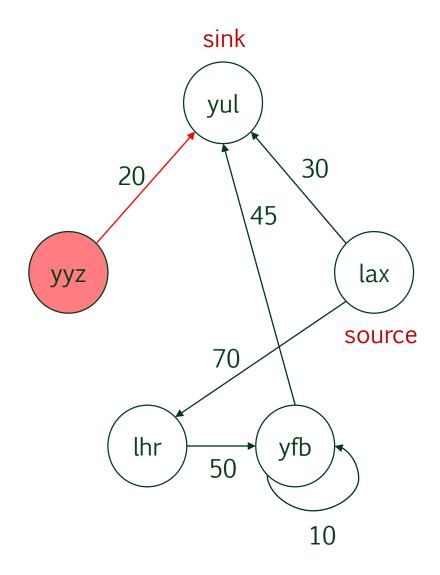




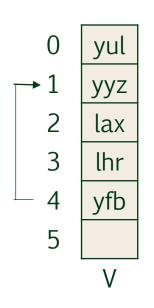
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

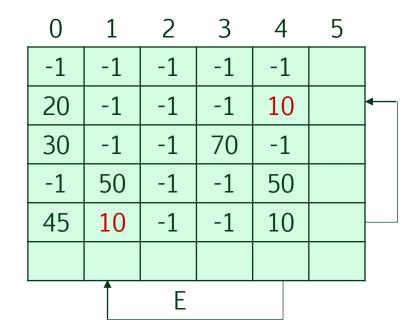


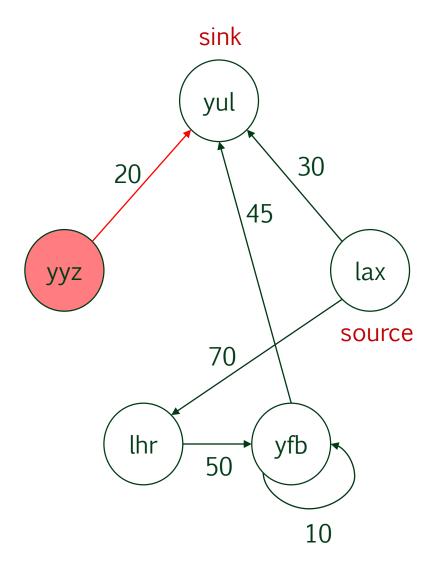




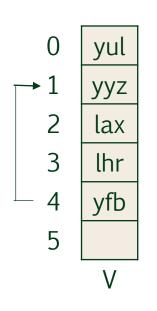
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6



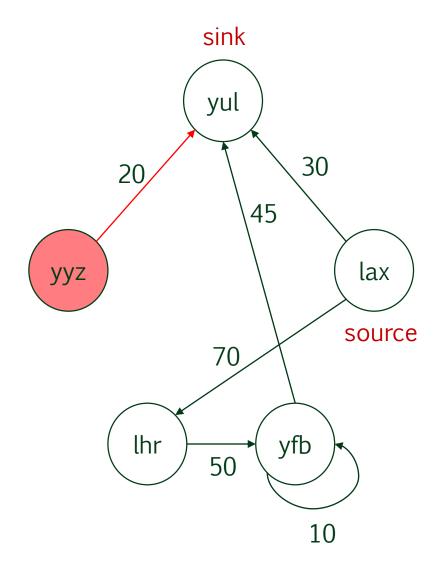




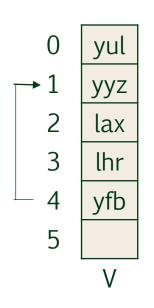
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

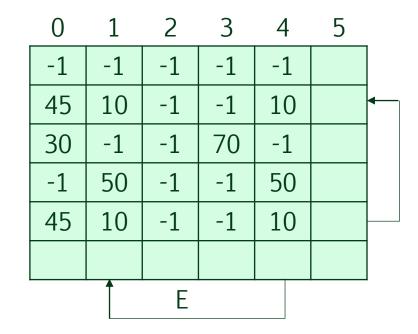


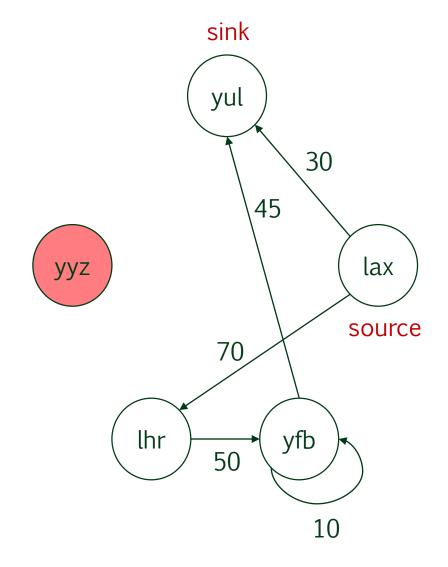
	0	1	2	3	4	5	
	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1		
	20	10	-1	-1	10		-
	30	-1	-1	70	-1		
	-1	50	-1	-1	50		
	45	10	-1	-1	10		
•			Е				-



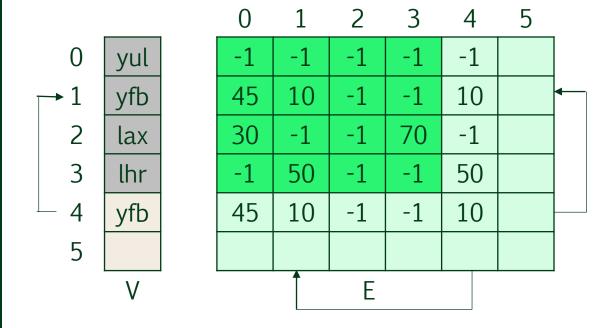
- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6

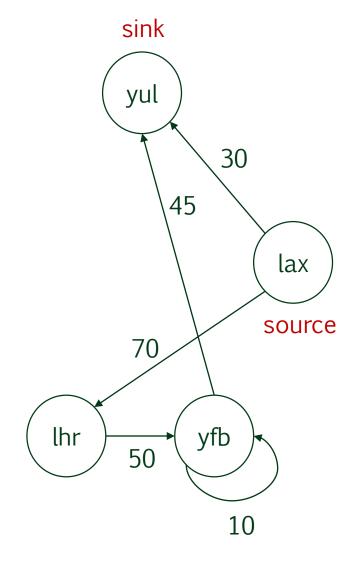






- > NumVertices 4
- > MaxNumVertices 6





#### A few additional points

- A supporting method called FindVertex(T name) is needed to map the vertex name to its index. The value -1 is returned if the vertex is not found. The running time of FindVertex is O(n) in the worst case.
- Adjacency matrices can be used to represent undirected and unweighted graphs as well. What changes need to be made?

#### Exercises

- > Let G be weighted, directed graph.
- > Write a method that:
  - Returns the number of edges in G
  - Returns true if a given vertex is a sink (or source); false otherwise
  - Returns the in/outdegree of a vertex
  - Reverses the orientation of all edges
  - Returns true if there are no loops; false otherwise
- > Show why the loop in RemoveVertex cannot be reversed to:

```
for (j=0; j<=NumVertices; j++) { ... }</pre>
```