

$$\begin{cases} \min L(w, b, \lambda) \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial b} \triangleq 0 \Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N \lambda_i y_i = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} \triangleq 0 \Rightarrow w = \sum_{i=0}^N \lambda_i y_i x_i \end{cases}$$

KKT条件.

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = 0 & \frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = 0 & \frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \\ \lambda_i (1 - y_i (w^T x_i + b)) = 0 & \lambda_i \geq 0 & 1 - y_i (w^T x_i + b) \leq 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{slackness complementary}$$

$$w^*, b^*$$

$$w^* = \sum_{i=0}^N \lambda_i y_i x_i$$

$$\exists (x_k, y_k), \text{ s.t. } 1 - y_k (w^T x_k + b) = 0$$

$$y_k (w^T x_k + b) = 1$$

$$y_k = \pm 1 \quad y_k^2 (w^T x_k + b) = y_k$$

$$b^* = y_k - w^T x_k = y_k - \sum_{i=0}^N \lambda_i y_i x_i^T x_k$$

$$f(x) = \text{sign}(w^{*T} x + b^*)$$

Support Vector Problem

原, 对偶问题是具有强对偶性 \Leftrightarrow 满足KKT条件.

w^* : 是数据 data 线性组合.

